

**Burnet County Emergency
Services District No. 7
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended
September 30, 2022**

Taber & Burnett, P.C.
A Professional Corporation
Certified Public Accountants

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7

Table of Contents

September 30, 2022

	Page
Management's Discussion and Analysis.	2
Independent Auditors' Report.	7
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds.	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	14
Notes to the Financial Statements.	15
Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule	24

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7

Management's Discussion and Analysis

September 30, 2022

As management of the Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7 (the District), we are pleased to offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider it in conjunction with the additional information presented in the accompanying basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Statements

- The net position of the District decreased by \$117,600 as a result of the current year's operations. Net position at year end consisted of unrestricted net position of \$246,922.
- Total revenues from all sources were \$764,538. This represents an increase of \$176,613 due primarily to an increase in property tax values.
- Total costs of all programs were \$882,138. This represents an increase of \$366,431 due primarily to the increased funding of the Fire Departments in the current year.
- As of September 30, 2022, the District's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$246,922, a decrease of \$117,600.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report presents the following three components of the financial statements:

1. Government-wide financial statements provide information for the District as a whole.
2. Fund financial statements provide detailed information for the District's significant funds.
3. Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to understanding the government-wide and fund financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The other information includes this management's discussion and analysis as well as a budgetary comparison schedule.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the District. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7*Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**September 30, 2022*

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. This statement is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which means that all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information for the following:

- Governmental activities—This includes all of the District's fire protection services which are primarily supported by property taxes.

The government-wide financial statements begin on page 10. The following is a summary of net position as of September 30, 2022:

Table 1
Net Position

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Current assets	\$ 246,922	\$ 364,522
Capital assets, net	-	-
Total assets	<u>246,922</u>	<u>364,522</u>
Current liabilities	-	-
Total liabilities	-	-
Net position:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	-	-
Unrestricted	<u>246,922</u>	<u>364,522</u>
Total net position	\$ <u>246,922</u>	\$ <u>364,522</u>

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7*Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**September 30, 2022*

The following table is a summary of changes in net position:

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -
Operating grants and contributions	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	-	-
General revenues:		
Property taxes	763,527	587,067
Interest	<u>1,011</u>	<u>858</u>
Total revenues	<u>764,538</u>	<u>587,925</u>
Expenses:		
General government	39,220	35,707
Public safety	<u>842,918</u>	<u>480,000</u>
Total expenses	<u>882,138</u>	<u>515,707</u>
Increase in net position	(117,600)	72,218
Net position - October 1	<u>364,522</u>	<u>292,304</u>
Net position - September 30	\$ <u>246,922</u>	\$ <u>364,522</u>

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's significant funds - not the District as a whole. The District's funds fall into one category - governmental funds.

The focus of the District's *governmental fund* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

September 30, 2022

The *governmental funds statements* provide a detailed short-term view of the government operations and the basic services it provides, and are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting which focuses on available spendable resources. This allows the reader to evaluate the District's short-term financing requirements. Both the governmental fund *Balance Sheet* and the governmental fund *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance* provide a reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

The District adopts an annual budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance. The governmental fund financial statements begin on page 12, and the budgetary comparison schedule is on page 24.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 22 of this report.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District Commissioners did not amend the budget during the year ended September 30, 2022.

Actual expenses on a budgetary basis were approximately 17% more than budgeted expenditures due primarily to payments to the Burnet Volunteer Fire Department for vehicles. The District's overall actual revenues were two percent more than budgeted due mainly to unexpected property tax collections.

Capital Assets

The District investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$0 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes fully depreciated computers, machinery and equipment.

Capital Assets Governmental Activities (net of depreciation)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Equipment	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ -	\$ -

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

September 30, 2022

There were no major additions or dispositions during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 22 of this report.

Debt Administration

The District has no debt as of September 30, 2022.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District's tax revenues are expected to continue to grow with the steady population growth and property valuation changes. These additional funds will be used for funding of the Contract Fire Departments as needed.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives from the citizens of the Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7. If you have any questions about this report or need further information, contact the Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7, P.O. Box 402, Burnet, TX 78611.

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Certified Public Accountants*

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Commissioners
Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7 (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedule on pages 2 through 6 and 24 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. This supplementary information is the responsibility of management. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Burnet, Texas
December 6, 2022

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7*Statement of Net Position**As of September 30, 2022*

	<u>Primary Government</u>	
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 246,572	\$ 246,572
Prepaid expenses	<u>350</u>	<u>350</u>
Total assets	<u>246,922</u>	<u>246,922</u>
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Position		
Invested in capital assets, net	-	-
Unrestricted	<u>246,922</u>	<u>246,922</u>
Total Net Position	\$ <u>246,922</u>	\$ <u>246,922</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7*Statement of Activities**For the Year Ended September 30, 2022*

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Total
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 39,220	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (39,220)	\$ (39,220)
Public safety	<u>842,918</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(842,918)</u>	<u>(842,918)</u>
Total net (expense) revenue for governmental activities and the primary government	\$ <u>882,138</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>(882,138)</u>	<u>(882,138)</u>
General revenues:						
Taxes:						
					763,527	763,527
					<u>1,011</u>	<u>1,011</u>
					<u>764,538</u>	<u>764,538</u>
					<u>764,538</u>	<u>764,538</u>
					(117,600)	(117,600)
					<u>364,522</u>	<u>364,522</u>
					<u>\$ 246,922</u>	<u>\$ 246,922</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7*Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds**As of September 30, 2022*

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Assets		
Cash	\$ 246,572	\$ 246,572
Taxes receivable	28,768	28,768
Prepaid expenses	<u>350</u>	<u>350</u>
Total Assets	<u>275,690</u>	<u>275,690</u>
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable property taxes	<u>28,768</u>	<u>28,768</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>28,768</u>	<u>28,768</u>
Fund Balance		
Unassigned	<u>246,922</u>	<u>246,922</u>
Total Fund Balance	<u>246,922</u>	246,922
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ <u>275,690</u>	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. (See Note 4)		<u>-</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ <u>246,922</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds**For the Year Ended September 30, 2022*

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues		
Property taxes	\$ 763,527	\$ 763,527
Interest income	<u>1,011</u>	<u>1,011</u>
Total Revenues	<u>764,538</u>	<u>764,538</u>
Expenditures		
Contract fire disbursements	842,918	842,918
Insurance	1,338	1,338
Legal and professional	28,666	28,666
Office and administration	1,528	1,528
Rent	2,400	2,400
Travel and training	<u>5,288</u>	<u>5,288</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>882,138</u>	<u>882,138</u>
Excess (Deficiencies) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(117,600)	(117,600)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	<u>364,522</u>	<u>364,522</u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ <u>246,922</u>	\$ <u>246,922</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7

*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds to the Statement
of Activities*

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance-Governmental Funds	\$ (117,600)
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Amounts reported for governmental activities
in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.
However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is
allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.
This is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of capital
outlays and related items. (See Note 4)

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Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ <u>(117,600)</u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES***Reporting Entity***

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7 (the District) was created by election held on May 9, 2009. The District operates under Article III, Section 48-e of the Texas Constitution and Chapter 775 of the Texas Health and Safety Code and is run by a Board of Commissioners appointed by the Burnet County Commissioners Court. The District's major activities include providing fire protection services to the residents of the district.

As required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the District (the primary government) and its component units. In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth in U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant indication of this ability is financial interdependency. Other indications of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. The other criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. The District had no component units for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Current standards require that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of a management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the District's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable) but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads, and general obligation debt). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and cost of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)*Statement of Net Position*

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental activities) and its discretely presented component units, if any. Governments will report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted.

Statement of Activities

The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the District's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for the governmental funds.

General Fund

The General Fund is the principal fund of the District which accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds. The District had no other funds for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Fund Balance Classification

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

- Nonspendable - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted - includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- Committed - includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to ordinances passed by the Board, the District's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through ordinances approved by the District's Board.
- Assigned - includes amounts that the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance.
- Unassigned - includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund. The District reports all amounts that meet the unrestricted General Fund Balance Policy as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

The District has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund. The policy requires the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end to be approximately three month's operating funds.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the current reporting model, governments are required to provide the District's original budget with the comparison of final budget and actual results.

The budget is adopted by the Commissioners prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Amendments are made during the year on approval by the Commissioners. The District adopted the current year's budget on a line item basis.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)***Basis of Presentation***

The accounting and reporting policies of the District relating to the accompanying financial statements conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for governmental units include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), and appropriate pronouncements of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

Government-Wide and Fund Accounting

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the District as a whole) and fund financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. As of September 30, 2022, the District had no business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is to be presented on a consolidated basis by column, and is reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety), which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety). The District does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, and revenues and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to reconcile funds based on fund financial statements with the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

The focus of the reporting model is on the District as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories (if any), as well as the fiduciary funds, and the component units (if any). Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the method by which revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these activities are either included on the balance sheet or on the statement of net position.

All revenue and expenditure recognition for governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. The District's revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as current assets. Available means collectible within the current period or as soon

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Penalties and interest, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deposits and Investments

The District's investment guidelines are defined by a written investment policy that is approved by the District's Board. In accordance with this policy, the investment funds are invested, and the investments of those funds managed, as a prudent investor would do, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution.

Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the General Fund and as assets in the government-wide financial statements of the District. Depreciation is recorded on general fixed assets on a government-wide basis. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation is computed using the straight line method.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Estimated useful lives for depreciable assets are as follows:

Equipment	5-7 years
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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized in an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 2 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the previous January 1 for all real business and personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due in January following the October 1 statement date. The lien date is January 1 of that year, and they become delinquent on February 1. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and are considered a receivable within the current year when they are expected to be collected 60 days after the close of the year.

The tax levy for October, 2021 was \$757,508. The tax assessment of October 1, 2021 sets the tax levy at \$0.0829 per \$100 of assessed valuation at 100 percent of market value.

Delinquent property taxes estimated to be collectible within the next fiscal year are recognized as revenues. Other delinquent property taxes receivable at year end that are deemed to be ultimately collectible over one year are recorded as deferred inflows.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS, SECURITIES AND INVESTMENTS

As of September 30, 2022, cash deposits were with a depository bank in interest bearing accounts. As of September 30, 2022, all of the District's deposits were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. These assets are valued at cost which approximates market value.

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7*Notes to the Financial Statements**September 30, 2022***NOTE 4 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS**

Changes in general fixed assets during the year ended September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Balance October 1, <u>2021</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance September 30, <u>2022</u>
Capital Assets				
Equipment	\$ 4,798	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,798
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(4,798)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,798)</u>
Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS

Effective October 1, 2009, the District entered into agreements with the Burnet Volunteer Fire Department, the City of Burnet, and the Lampasas Volunteer Fire Department. These entities agreed to provide fire protection services to all persons and property within the Emergency Services District, including response to life-threatening emergencies and rescue calls by making available adequate volunteers, personnel, and administrative assistance.

Amounts to be paid to the entities shall be disbursed at the discretion of the Commissioners and may include expenses for operations and other expenditures approved by the District for maintaining fire protection services within the District. If at any time the Burnet Volunteer Fire Department is dissolved or the agreement is terminated by either party, any assets purchased wholly or in part with funds from the ESD shall be immediately transferred to another Department contracted by the ESD or to the ESD at its sole discretion.

NOTE 6 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District did not have any subsequent events through December 6, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued for events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Burnet County Emergency Services District No. 7*Budgetary Comparison Schedule**For the Year Ended September 30, 2022*

	General Fund			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Budget		Actual Amounts	
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 752,668	\$ 752,668	\$ 763,527	\$ 10,859
Interest income	-	-	1,011	1,011
Total Revenues	<u>752,668</u>	<u>752,668</u>	<u>764,538</u>	<u>11,870</u>
Expenditures				
Contract fire disbursements	713,218	713,218	842,918	(129,700)
Insurance	1,338	1,338	1,338	-
Legal and professional	28,896	28,896	28,666	230
Office and administration	1,528	1,528	1,528	-
Rent	2,400	2,400	2,400	-
Travel and training	<u>5,288</u>	<u>5,288</u>	<u>5,288</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>752,668</u>	<u>752,668</u>	<u>882,138</u>	<u>(129,470)</u>
Excess (Deficiencies) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	(117,600)	\$ <u>(117,600)</u>
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			<u>364,522</u>	
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ <u>246,922</u>	