



City of Chandler, Arizona
Public Works & Utilities Department
Capital Projects Division

CONSTRUCTION BID

RUNWAY 4R22L PAVEMENT REHABILITATION

CITY PROJECT NO.: AI2202.401

FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023

MAYOR

Kevin Hartke

VICE MAYOR

Christine Ellis

COUNCIL

OD Harris Matt Orlando

Angel Encinas Jane Poston Jennifer Hawkins



Daniel Haskins, P.E.
CIP City Engineer

CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA

CONSTRUCTION BID

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INVITATION TO BID

**RUNWAY 4R22L PAVEMENT REHABILITATION
CITY PROJECT No.:AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sealed bids will be received and date/time stamped by the City of Chandler Capital Projects Office, 215 East Buffalo Street, Chandler, Arizona 85225 until the bid submission date specified below.

All firms must be registered on the Arizona Procurement Portal (<https://app.az.gov/>) vendor registration system prior to submitting a Bid. Non-registered firms will not receive addenda notifications. Download the Bid Documents and any Addenda at www.chandleraz.gov/business/vendor-services/capital-projects/construction-bids. It is the contractor's sole responsibility to obtain all addenda from the City website prior to submitting their bid proposal, and to acknowledge receipt and acceptance of the addenda in their bid proposal submittal. No separate notification of addenda will be issued. The City recommends Contractors regularly check the website for updated information.

PRE-BID CONFERENCE:

	THERE WILL BE NO PRE-BID CONFERENCE
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SOLICITATION QUESTIONS DUE DATE:

April 23, 2025 5:00 p.m. Arizona time	All solicitation questions must be emailed to Bid.Questions@chandleraz.gov with the subject line: "CITY PROJECT No.:AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023 Runway 4R22L Pavement Rehabilitation BID QUESTION" . Questions received after the due date and time will NOT be considered.
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BID SUBMISSION:

May 7, 2025 3:00 p.m. Arizona time	Sealed bids must be delivered to: City of Chandler Capital Projects Office located at 215 East Buffalo Street, Chandler, Arizona, 85225. Bids must be received on or before date and time specified. At that time, bids will be publicly opened and read aloud in the: Saguaro Conference Room Bids received after the due date and time will be returned unopened without consideration. All bids must be submitted in a sealed envelope plainly marked as follows: BID OF _____, CONTRACTOR FOR: "Runway 4R22L Pavement Rehabilitation" "CITY PROJECT No.:AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023"
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Work under this Agreement includes:

The Runway '4R-22L' Rehabilitation project includes a 2-inch mill and overlay with crack sealing of existing asphalt along the entirety of Runway '4R-22L', excluding the 90-foot blast pads at both threshold ends, and portions of Taxiways 'H', 'L', 'N', 'P', & 'Q' to the hold bars. The project also includes crack sealing and seal coat application to the shoulder pavement and blast pads. The runway and taxiway pavement markings will be replaced within project limits to meet FAA design standards. Work must be completed within **120** consecutive calendar days from the Notice to Proceed.

This is a Federal Funded Project and DBE Goal is 3.30%

Bids must be submitted on the Proposal Form provided and be accompanied by the Bid Bond for not less than ten percent (10%) of the total bid, payable to the City of Chandler, Arizona, or a certified or cashier's check. PERSONAL OR INDIVIDUAL SURETY BONDS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE.

The successful bidder will be required to execute the standard form of agreement for construction prior to Council award

The successful bidder must furnish a Payment Bond and Performance Bond in the amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the Agreement Price.

The right is hereby reserved to accept or reject any or all bids or parts thereto, to waive any informalities in any proposal and reject the bids of any persons who have been delinquent or unfaithful to any agreement with the City of Chandler.

All Bids will remain open for 90 days after the Bid opening day, but the City may, in its sole discretion, release any Bid and return the bid security prior to that date. No Bidder may withdraw his Bid during this period without written permission from the City.

Find PRELIMINARY BID RESULTS at: <https://www.chandleraz.gov/business/vendor-services/capital-projects>

Protest Policy - A protest of a proposed award must be filed WITH THE PURCHASING OFFICE within 5 calendar days of the first posting of the award recommendation. Award recommendations are posted on the Capital Projects web site or the City Clerk web site. If the due date occurs on a weekend or holiday the protest must be filed the next business day.

A Protest must include:

- The name, address and telephone number of the protester;
- The signature of the protester or its representative;
- Identification of the project and the solicitation or agreement number;
- A detailed statement of the legal and factual grounds of the protest including copies of relevant documents; and
- The form of relief requested.

City will review the protest and issue a written response.

PUBLISHED DATE:	<u>April 10, 2025</u> <u>April 17, 2025</u> Arizona Republic AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION
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BID SUBMITTAL LIST

This list may not include all required bid submission items. It is the Contractor's responsibility to read the entire bid and determine all items required by the submission date and time.

PROJECT NAME: **RUNWAY 4R22L PAVEMENT REHABILITATION**

CITY PROJECT No.: **AI2202.401**; FAA AIP No.: **3-04-008-032-2023**

*****THIS IS A FEDERAL FUNDED PROJECT*****

PLEASE INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN YOUR SUBMITTAL ACCORDING TO THE DATE AND TIME LISTED IN THE INVITATION TO BID ADVERTISEMENT:

- A. Bid Bond (Original – with Seal)
- B. Signed Proposal Acknowledgement, and licenses
- C. Bid Schedule
- D. Subcontractor’s List Form
- E. Federal Non-Collusion Bidding Certificate
- F. Certificate of Insurability and Bonding
- G. Arizona Department of Revenue Privilege Tax License
- H. FAA FEDERAL DOCUMENTS: Buy American Certification of Compliance (FAA Federal Provisions Section)
- I. FAA FEDERAL DOCUMENTS: Verification Statement
- J. FEDERAL DOCUMENTS: Bidders List (Email Confirmation)

Please refer to the federal documents section for additional federal documents submittals requirement. * There are time sensitive deadlines. *****

BID BOND

ARIZONA STATUTORY BID BOND PURSUANT TO
TITLES 28, 34 AND 41,
OF THE ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES
(Penalty of this bond must not be less than 10% of the bid amount)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That, Sunland Asphalt & Construction, LLC, (hereinafter "Principal"), as Principal, and United States Fire Insurance Company, (hereinafter "Surety"), a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with its principal offices in Morristown, NJ, holding a certificate of authority to transact surety business in Arizona issued by the Director of the Department of Insurance pursuant to Title 20, Chapter 2, Article 1, as Surety, held and firmly bound unto City of Chandler, Arizona, (hereinafter "Obligee"), as Obligee, in the amount of Ten Percent (10%) of the amount of the bid of Principal, submitted by Principal to the Obligee for the work described below, for the payment of which sum, the Principal and Surety bind themselves, and their heirs, administrators, executors, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

WHEREAS, the Principal has submitted a bid for construction of:

RUNWAY 4R22L PAVEMENT REHABILITATION CITY PROJECT No.: AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Obligee shall accept the proposal of the Principal and the Principal shall enter into an agreement with the Obligee in accordance with the terms of the proposal and give the bonds and certificates of insurance as specified in the agreement document with good and sufficient surety for the faithful performance of the agreement and for the prompt payment of labor and materials furnished in the prosecution of the agreement, or in the event of the failure of the Principal to enter into the agreement and give the bonds and certificates of insurance, if the Principal pays to the Obligee the difference not to exceed the penalty of the bond between the amount specified in the proposal and such larger amount for which the Obligee may in good faith contract with another party to perform the work covered by the proposal then this obligation is void. Otherwise, it remains in full force and effect provided, however, that this bond is executed pursuant to the provisions of Section 34-201, Arizona Revised Statutes, and all liabilities on this bond shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of that section to the extent as if it were copied at length herein.

Witness my hand and seal this _____ 1st day of _____ May, 20 25	
<u>Sunland Asphalt & Construction, LLC</u>	<u>United States Fire Insurance Company</u>
Principal	SURETY
By: <u>Immanuel Martinez</u>	By: <u>Paula M Eby</u>
	Attorney-in-Fact Paula M. Eby
Its: <u>Division Manager - Public Works</u>	<u>Willis Towers Watson Midwest, Inc.</u>
	AGENCY OF RECORD
	<u>233 S. Wacker Drive, Suite 1800, Chicago, IL 60606</u>
	AGENCY ADDRESS

**POWER OF ATTORNEY
UNITED STATES FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
PRINCIPAL OFFICE - MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY**

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That United States Fire Insurance Company, a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the state of Delaware, has made, constituted and appointed, and does hereby make, constitute and appoint: **Paula M. Eby**

each, its true and lawful Attorney(s)-In-Fact, with full power and authority hereby conferred in its name, place and stead, to execute, acknowledge and deliver: Any and all bonds and undertakings of surety and other documents that the ordinary course of surety business may require, and to bind United States Fire Insurance Company thereby as fully and to the same extent as if such bonds or undertakings had been duly executed and acknowledged by the regularly elected officers of United States Fire Insurance Company at its principal office.

This Power of Attorney limits the act of those named therein to the bonds and undertakings specifically named therein, and they have no authority to bind United States Fire Insurance Company except in the manner and to the extent therein stated.

Surety Bond No.: Bid Bond

Principal: Sunland Asphalt & Construction, LLC

Obligee: City of Chandler, Arizona

This Power of Attorney is granted pursuant to Article IV of the By-Laws of United States Fire Insurance Company as now in full force and effect, and consistent with Article III thereof, which Articles provide, in pertinent part:

Article IV, Execution of Instruments - Except as the Board of Directors may authorize by resolution, the Chairman of the Board, President, any Vice-President, any Assistant Vice President, the Secretary, or any Assistant Secretary shall have power on behalf of the Corporation:

(a) to execute, affix the corporate seal manually or by facsimile to, acknowledge, verify and deliver any contracts, obligations, instruments and documents whatsoever in connection with its business including, without limiting the foregoing, any bonds, guarantees, undertakings, recognizances, powers of attorney or revocations of any powers of attorney, stipulations, policies of insurance, deeds, leases, mortgages, releases, satisfactions and agency agreements;

(b) to appoint, in writing, one or more persons for any or all of the purposes mentioned in the preceding paragraph (a), including affixing the seal of the Corporation.

Article III, Officers, Section 3.11, Facsimile Signatures. The signature of any officer authorized by the Corporation to sign any bonds, guarantees, undertakings, recognizances, stipulations, powers of attorney or revocations of any powers of attorney and policies of insurance issued by the Corporation may be printed, facsimile, lithographed or otherwise produced. In addition, if and as authorized by the Board of Directors, dividend warrants or checks, or other numerous instruments similar to one another in form, may be signed by the facsimile signature or signatures, lithographed or otherwise produced, of such officer or officers of the Corporation as from time to time may be authorized to sign such instruments on behalf of the Corporation. The Corporation may continue to use for the purposes herein stated the facsimile signature of any person or persons who shall have been such officer or officers of the Corporation, notwithstanding the fact that he may have ceased to be such at the time when such instruments shall be issued.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, United States Fire Insurance Company has caused these presents to be signed and attested by its appropriate officer and its corporate seal hereunto affixed this 28th day of September, 2021.

UNITED STATES FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY



State of New Jersey }
County of Morris }

Matthew E. Lubin, President

On this 28th day of September, 2021, before me, a Notary public of the State of New Jersey, came the above named officer of United States Fire Insurance Company, to me personally known to be the individual and officer described herein, and acknowledged that he executed the foregoing instrument and affixed the seal of United States Fire Insurance Company thereto by the authority of his office.



Melissa H. D'Alessio (Notary Public)

I, the undersigned officer of United States Fire Insurance Company, a Delaware corporation, do hereby certify that the original Power of Attorney of which the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy is still in force and effect and has not been revoked.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the corporate seal of United States Fire Insurance Company on the 1st day of May 2025

UNITED STATES FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY



Michael C. Fay, Senior Vice President

CITY OF CHANDLER
CHANDLER, ARIZONA

RUNWAY 4R22L PAVEMENT REHABILITATION
CITY PROJECT No.: AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023

PROPOSAL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

PROPOSAL to the City Engineer of the City of Chandler,
In compliance with the Advertisement for Bids, the undersigned bidder:

Having examined the agreement documents, site of work, and being familiar with the conditions to be met, hereby submits the following Proposal for furnishing the material, equipment, labor and everything necessary for the completion of the work listed and agrees to execute the agreement documents and furnish the required bonds and certificates of insurance for the completion of said work, at the locations and for the prices set forth on the inside pages of this form.

Understands that construction of this project shall be in accordance with all applicable Uniform Standard Specifications and Standard Details except as otherwise required by the Project Plans and Project Specific Provisions.

Understands that the Proposal shall be submitted with a Proposal guarantee of cash, certified check, cashier's check, or surety bond for an amount of not less than ten percent (10%) of the amount bid.

Agrees that upon receipt of Notice of Award from the City of Chandler, the undersigned bidder will execute the agreement documents.

Work shall be completed within **120** consecutive calendar days, beginning with the day following the starting date specified in the Notice to Proceed. Said Notice will be issued in accordance with the Project Specific Provisions "NOTICE TO PROCEED," or, when, in the opinion of the Engineer, sufficient materials are, or will be available for the continuous prosecution of the work.

Acknowledges that bid prices submitted include all applicable sales and/or use taxes, and no further compensation will be approved for these items.

The Bidder hereby acknowledges receipt of and agrees that the submitter's Proposal is based on the following Addenda:

Addendum	Date Received	Addendum No.	Date Received
<u>NO. 1</u>	<u>4/29/2025</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

PROPOSAL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

THIS BID IS SUBMITTED BY: Sunland Asphalt & Construction, LLC,
Limited liability company
a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware; a
partnership consisting of _____;
or individual trading as _____
and is the holder of an Arizona State Contractor's License: AZ ROC 111922/095189

ATTACH PHOTOCOPY

Classification	<u>Class A Commercial</u>	No. <u>111922</u>
	<u>Class R13 Residential</u>	No. <u>095189</u>

Failure to fill in the information above, regarding the bidder being a holder of Arizona State Contractor's License is grounds for rejection of the bid.

Joint venture bid proposals will not be accepted for projects bidding in the amount (for base bid) of less than \$5 million dollars.

Contractors are reminded it is a violation of State law to submit a bid if not properly licensed. Bids submitted without designating the Contractor's license classification and number, in the spaces provided above, shall be rejected. Bids submitted by Contractors without the required license shall be rejected.

Contractor acknowledges by signing below that bid prices submitted include all applicable sales and/or use taxes, and no further compensation shall be approved for these items. If there is a conflict between the unit bid price and the unit price extension for a particular pay item, the unit prices shall govern, per MAG 102.5. Also, per MAG 102.7, a proposal shall be considered irregular and may be rejected if there are unauthorized additions, statements, conditional or alternate bids, or irregularities of any kind.

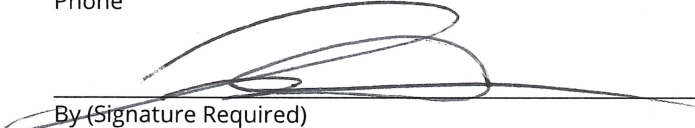
Respectfully submitted,

Sunland Asphalt & Construction, LLC
Firm

86-0455988
Federal Tax ID Number

<u>1625 E. Northern Ave</u>	<u>Phoenix, AZ 85020</u>
Address	City, State and Zip Code

602-323-2800
Phone


By (Signature Required)

Immanuel Martinez, Division Manager - Public Works
Name and Title (Print)

imartinez@sunlandasphalt.com
Email Address

NAME OF BIDDER: Sunland Asphalt & Construction, LLC

CITY OF CHANDLER
RUNWAY 4R22L PAVEMENT REHABILITATION
CITY PROJECT No.: AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023

BID SCHEDULE

No.	Spec. No.	Description	Est. Qty.	Unit	Unit Price	Extended Price
1	C-100.14.1	Contractor's Quality Control	1	LS	\$33,500.00	\$33,500.00
2	C-102-5.1	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan	1	LS	\$18,200.00	\$18,200.00
3	C-105-6.1	Mobilization	1	LS	\$76,000.00	\$76,000.00
4	SP-50.01.1	Location of Underground Utilities	1	LS	\$4,200.00	\$4,200.00
5	SP-60.05.1	Airfield Safety and Security	1	LS	\$40,000.00	\$40,000.00
6	P-101-5.1	Mill Asphaltic Concrete Pavement (2-inch Depth)	49,774	SY	\$1.90	\$94,570.60
7	P-152-4.1	Over-Excavation and Replacement of Unsuitable Materials	2,500	CY	\$5.00	\$12,500.00
8	P-401-8.1	Bituminous Surface Course (FAA 3/4", 2-Inch Thickness)	49,774	SY	\$15.70	\$781,451.80
9	P-603-5.1	Bituminous Tack Coat	4,977	GAL	\$5.20	\$25,880.40
10	P-605-5.1	Crack Seal (1/8 to 1 inch)	57,759	LF	\$0.10	\$5,775.90
11	P-605-5.2	Crack Seal (>1 to 2 inch)	34,655	LF	\$0.30	\$10,396.50
12	P-605-5.3	Crack Seal (>2 to 4 inch)	23,104	LF	\$0.40	\$9,241.60
13	P-605-5.4	Crack Seal (Seal Coat Area)	32,428	LF	\$0.65	\$21,078.20
14	P-608-8.1	Emulsified Asphalt Seal Coat	14,589	SY	\$1.90	\$27,719.10
15	P-620-5.1	Temporary Pavements Markings (Yellow)	8,486	SF	\$0.45	\$3,818.70
16	P-620-5.2	Temporary Pavements Markings (White)	60,683	SF	\$0.45	\$27,307.35
17	P-620-5.3	Permanent Pavements Markings (Yellow)	8,486	SF	\$1.86	\$15,783.96
18	P-620-5.4	Permanent Pavements Markings (White)	60,683	SF	\$1.86	\$112,870.38

BASE BID (Items 1- 18 inclusive)		\$ 1,320,294.49
		(In Numbers)
One Million Three Hundred Twenty Thousand Two Hundred Ninety Four		
(In Words)		Dollars
Fourty Nine		
(In Words)		Cents

Note 1: Bidders must fill in all blank spaces with an entry. Bids submitted with blank spaces will be considered "Non-Responsive".

Note 2: Bids will be opened and read aloud at an open public meeting at the time and place designed in the invitation for bids. Bids will not be modified after the bid opening. A bidder withdrawing a bid after the bid opening will be deemed non-responsible and the City may make a claim against the bidder's bid bond.

Note 3: The City reserves the right to determine the low bidder based on the Base Bid with or without any Bid Alternate(s).

SUBCONTRACTOR'S LIST FORM

RUNWAY 4R22L PAVEMENT REHABILITATION CITY PROJECT No.: AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023

If Bidder intends to subcontract any portion of this Agreement, the bidder must submit the name, address, and contractor's license number (if applicable) of each subcontractor, including the work component of such subcontracting. Include this form with the bid submittal documents. Prime Contractor must self-perform according to MAG Specification 108.2. Bidder may make multiple copies of this form as needed.

Company Name:	MGM Sweeping LLC	Company Name:	CMT Technical Services
Contact Name:	Matiez Mendoza	Contact Name:	D. J. Peters
Contact Email:	matiez@mgmsweeping.com	Contact Email:	daniel.peters@cmttechnicalservices.com
Contact Phone:	602-515-8700	Contact Phone:	602-241-1097
Work Component:	Sweeping	Work Component:	Quality Control
Percentage of Total Work Performed:	1.55%	Percentage of Total Work Performed:	1.45%

Company Name:	Falcon Contracting Inc.	Company Name:	Tri State Transportation
Contact Name:	Morgan Schultz	Contact Name:	Sean Davis
Contact Email:	morgan@falcon-contracting.com	Contact Email:	tristatesean@outlook.com
Contact Phone:	602-692-0899	Contact Phone:	602-321-9479
Work Component:	Striping	Work Component:	Emulsion Transport
Percentage of Total Work Performed:	11.5% DBE	Percentage of Total Work Performed:	.07%

Company Name:	S3 Arizona, LLC	Company Name:	Central Arizona Trucking
Contact Name:	Todd Highland	Contact Name:	Wendy Nolan
Contact Email:	Todd@S3-Az.com	Contact Email:	wendy.nolan@cat1contracting.com
Contact Phone:	480-522-6661	Contact Phone:	480-765-7835
Work Component:	Survey	Work Component:	Ashpalt Transport
Percentage of Total Work Performed:	.55%	Percentage of Total Work Performed:	2.56%
Subcontractor Total Work Performed:	\$ 222,075.45	Overall Bid Total:	\$ 1,320,294.49
Overall Prime Contractor Self-performance %:		83.18%	

NON-COLLUSION BIDDING CERTIFICATION

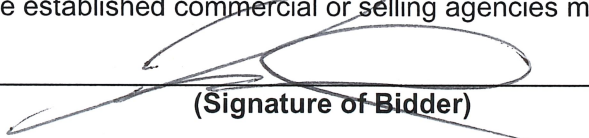
(STATE OF)
ss.
(COUNTY OF)

I, Immanuel Martinez of the City of Phoenix,
in the County of Maricopa and the State of Arizona, of full age,
being duly sworn according to the law of my oath depose and say that:

I am Immanuel Martinez a, Division Manager - Public Works
(Name) (Title, Position, etc.)

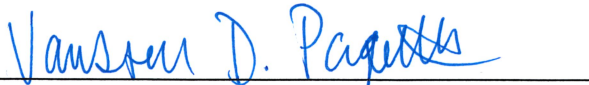
of the firm of Sunland Asphalt & Construction, LLC, the Bidder making
the Bid for City of Chandler, **RUNWAY 4R22L PAVEMENT REHABILITATION CITY PROJECT No.:
AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023** and that I executed the said Bid with full authority so to do; that
said Bidder has not, directly or indirectly entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or
otherwise taken any action in restraint of free, competitive bidding in connection with the above named Project;
and that all statements contained in said Bid and in this affidavit are true and correct, and made with full
knowledge that the City of Chandler relies upon the truth of the statements contained in said Bid and in the
statements contained in this affidavit in awarding the Contract for the said Project.

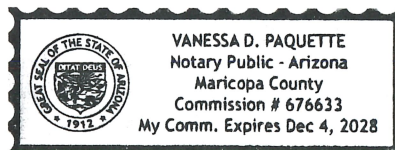
I further warrant that no person or selling agency has been employed or retained to solicit or secure such
Contract upon an agreement of understanding, for a commission, percentage, brokerage or contingent fee,
except bonafide employees or bonafide established commercial or selling agencies maintained by:


(Signature of Bidder)
Immanuel Martinez
(Printed or Typed Name of Bidder)

Sworn to before me this 7 day of May, 20 25, in the County
of

Maricopa, State of Arizona.

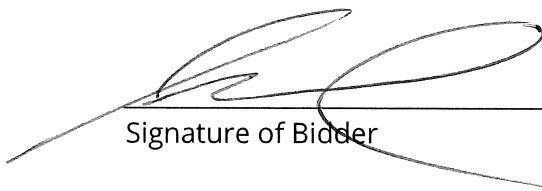

(Notary Public)



CERTIFICATE OF INSURABILITY AND BONDING

I hereby certify that as Bidder to City of Chandler **RUNWAY 4R22L PAVEMENT REHABILITATION, CITY PROJECT No.: AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023**, I am fully aware of the City of Chandler's Insurance and Bonding Requirements for Contractors and that by the submission of this Bid Proposal, assure the City of Chandler that I am able to produce the insurance and bonding coverage required should I be selected to be the successful bidder.

Should I be selected to be the successful bidder by the City of Chandler, and then become unable to produce the insurance and bonding coverage specified within ten working days I am fully aware and understand that my Bid Proposal will be rejected by the City of Chandler, and that I will forfeit my posted Bid Bond.



Signature of Bidder

Division Manager - Public Works
Title

May 7, 2025
Date

**ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
PRIVILEGE TAX LICENSE**

PROJECT NAME: RUNWAY 4R22L PAVEMENT REHABILITATION

CITY PROJECT No.: AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023

ATTACH, TO THIS FORM, CURRENT PRIVILEGE TAX LICENSE CERTIFICATE.

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
ATTN: Customer Care and Outreach
PO BOX 29032
Phoenix, AZ 85038-9032



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE TAX LICENSE NOT TRANSFERABLE

The licensee listed below is licensed to conduct business upon the condition that taxes are paid to Arizona Department of Revenue as required under provisions of A.R.S. Title 42, Chapter 5, Article 1.

2025

ISSUED TO: SUNLAND ASPHALT AND CONSTRUCTION
LLC
1625 E NORTHERN AVE
PHOENIX AZ 85020-3960

ALL communications and
reports MUST REFER to
this LICENSE NO.

LICENSE: 07274948
START DATE: 02/01/1983
ISSUED: 12/06/2024
EXPIRES: 12/31/2025

LOCATION: CODE 005
SUNLAND ASPHALT & CONSTRUCTION
INC
1625 E NORTHERN AVE
PHOENIX, AZ 85020
2400069094995

BUSINESS CODE

015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME
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015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME
026 - USE TAX-UTILITIES
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME
029 - USE TAX
215 - PRE-6/2010 CONTRACTING
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME
026 - USE TAX-UTILITIES
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME
029 - USE TAX
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME

REGION

GLP - SAN CARLOS APACHE
(GILA)
NAJ - HOPI (NAVAJO)
APA - APACHE
COC - COCONINO
COH - COCHISE
GLA - GILA
GRA - GRAHAM
GRN - GREENLEE
LAP - LA PAZ
LAP - LA PAZ
MAR - MARICOPA
MAR - MARICOPA
MAR - MARICOPA
MOH - MOHAVE
NAV - NAVAJO
PMA - PIMA
PMA - PIMA
PNL - PINAL
PNL - PINAL
STC - SANTA CRUZ
YAV - YAVAPAI

JURISDICTION

RESERVATION
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00137020420000P7069050200137

LICENSE: 07274948

BUSINESS CODE**REGION****JURISDICTION**

BUSINESS CODE	REGION	JURISDICTION
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	YMA - YUMA	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	AJ - APACHE JUNCTION	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	AV - AVONDALE	CITY
029 - USE TAX	AV - AVONDALE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	BB - BISBEE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	BE - BUCKEYE	CITY
029 - USE TAX	BE - BUCKEYE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	BH - BULLHEAD CITY	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	BS - BENSON	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	CA - CAREFREE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	CE - CAMP VERDE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	CF - CLIFTON	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	CG - CASA GRANDE	CITY
315 - MRRA AMOUNT	CG - CASA GRANDE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	CH - CHANDLER	CITY
029 - USE TAX	CH - CHANDLER	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	CK - CAVE CREEK	CITY
029 - USE TAX	CK - CAVE CREEK	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	CL - COOLIDGE	CITY
029 - USE TAX	CL - COOLIDGE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	CV - CHINO VALLEY	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	CW - COTTONWOOD	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	DL - DOUGLAS	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	EG - EAGAR	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	EL - ELOY	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	EM - EL MIRAGE	CITY
029 - USE TAX	EM - EL MIRAGE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	FH - FOUNTAIN HILLS	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	FL - FLORENCE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	FS - FLAGSTAFF	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	GB - GILBERT	CITY
011 - RESTAURANTS AND BARS	GE - GLENDALE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	GE - GLENDALE	CITY
016 - CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTING	GE - GLENDALE	CITY
- SPECULATIVE BUILDERS	GE - GLENDALE	CITY
029 - USE TAX	GI - GILA BEND	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	GI - GILA BEND	CITY
029 - USE TAX	GL - GLOBE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	GU - GUADALUPE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	GY - GOODYEAR	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	GY - GOODYEAR	CITY
029 - USE TAX	HB - HOLBROOK	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	KM - KINGMAN	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	KN - KEARNY	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	LH - LAKE HAVASU CITY	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	LP - LITCHFIELD PARK	CITY

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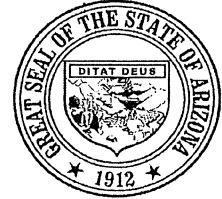
LICENSE: 07274948

BUSINESS CODE	REGION	JURISDICTION
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	MA - MARANA	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	ME - MESA	CITY
029 - USE TAX	ME - MESA	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	MP - MARICOPA	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	NO - NOGALES	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	OR - ORO VALLEY	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	PE - PEORIA	CITY
029 - USE TAX	PE - PEORIA	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	PK - PARKER	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	PL - PRESCOTT VALLEY	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	PM - PIMA	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	PP - PINETOP-LAKESIDE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	PR - PRESCOTT	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	PS - PAYSON	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	PV - PARADISE VALLEY	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	PX - PHOENIX	CITY
029 - USE TAX	PX - PHOENIX	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	QC - QUEEN CREEK	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	QZ - QUARTZSITE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	SA - SAHUARITA	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	SC - SCOTTSDALE	CITY
029 - USE TAX	SC - SCOTTSDALE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	SE - SEDONA	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	SF - SAFFORD	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	SI - SUPERIOR	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	SJ - ST JOHNS	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	SL - SHOW LOW	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	SN - SNOWFLAKE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	SP - SURPRISE	CITY
029 - USE TAX	SP - SURPRISE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	SR - SIERRA VISTA	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	ST - SOUTH TUCSON	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	SV - SPRINGERVILLE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	TC - THATCHER	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	TE - TEMPE	CITY
017 - RETAIL	TE - TEMPE	CITY
029 - USE TAX	TE - TEMPE	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	TN - TOLLESON	CITY
029 - USE TAX	TN - TOLLESON	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	TU - TUCSON	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	TY - TUSAYAN	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	WB - WICKENBURG	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	WC - WILLCOX	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	WS - WINSLOW	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	WT - WELLTON	CITY
015 - CONTRACTING - PRIME	YM - YUMA	CITY



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ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
ATTN: Customer Care and Outreach
PO BOX 29032
Phoenix, AZ 85038-9032



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE TAX LICENSE
NOT TRANSFERABLE

The licensee listed below is licensed to conduct business upon the condition that taxes are paid to Arizona Department of Revenue as required under provisions of A.R.S. Title 42, Chapter 5, Article 1.

2025

ISSUED TO: SUNLAND LEASING INC
1625 E NORTHERN AVE
PHOENIX AZ 85020-3960

ALL communications and
reports MUST REFER to
this LICENSE NO.

LICENSE: 21002059
START DATE: 07/01/2013
ISSUED: 12/06/2024
EXPIRES: 12/31/2025

LOCATION: CODE 002
SUNLAND LEASING INC
3002 S PRIEST DR
TEMPE, AZ 85282
2400069093646



BUSINESS CODE

014 - PERSONAL PROPERTY RENTAL
214 - RENTAL, LEASING AND
LICENSING FOR USE OF TPP

REGION

MAR - MARICOPA
TE - TEMPE

JURISDICTION

COUNTY
CITY

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YOU MUST:

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- 2.) REPORT A CHANGE OF ADDRESS **IN WRITING** WITHIN 30 DAYS. [SEE A.R.S. § 32-1122(B)(1)]
- 3.) REPORT ANY TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP OF 50% OR MORE IMMEDIATELY [SEE A.R.S. § 32-1151.01]
- 4.) REPORT ANY CHANGE IN LEGAL ENTITY, SUCH AS ANY CHANGE OF THE OWNERSHIP IN A SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP OR CHANGE OF A PARTNER IN A PARTNERSHIP OR THE CREATION OF A NEW CORPORATE ENTITY [SEE A.R.S. § 32-1124 (B)(F) § RULE R-4-9-110]

Sunland Asphalt & Construction LLC

1625 E Northern Avenue
Phoenix, AZ 85020

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Sunland Asphalt & Construction LLC

1625 E Northern Avenue
Phoenix, AZ 85020

THIS IS YOUR IDENTIFICATION CARD
DO NOT DESTROY



LICENSE EFFECTIVE THROUGH:
STATE OF ARIZONA February 28, 2026
Registrar of Contractors CERTIFIES THAT



Sunland Asphalt & Construction LLC

CONTRACTORS LICENSE NO. ROC 111922 CLASS A

General Commercial
General Engineering

THIS CARD MUST BE
PRESENTED UPON DEMAND

Tom Cole, Director

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Sunland Asphalt & Construction LLC

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Phoenix, AZ 85020

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LICENSE EFFECTIVE THROUGH: September 30, 2025
STATE OF ARIZONA
Registrar of Contractors CERTIFIES THAT



Sunland Asphalt & Construction LLC

CONTRACTORS LICENSE NO. ROC 095189 CLASS R-13

Specialty Residential
Asphalt Paving

THIS CARD MUST BE
PRESENTED UPON DEMAND

Cynthia D. Casaus
Cynthia D. Casaus, Interim Director

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LICENSE EFFECTIVE THROUGH: September 30, 2025
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Cynthia D. Casaus, Interim Director



**CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA
PUBLIC WORKS & UTILITIES DEPARTMENT
CAPITAL PROJECTS DIVISION**

CONSTRUCTION AGREEMENT

RUNWAY 4R22L PAVEMENT REHABILITATION

CITY PROJECT No.: AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023

MAYOR

Kevin Hartke

VICE MAYOR

Christine Ellis

COUNCIL

OD Harris Matt Orlando

Angel Encinas Jane Poston Jennifer Hawkins

Daniel Haskins

**Daniel Haskins, P.E.
CIP City Engineer**

CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA

RUNWAY 4R22L PAVEMENT REHABILITATION
CITY PROJECT No.: AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023

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CONSTRUCTION SERVICES AGREEMENT
CITY PROJECT No.: AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023

This Agreement ("Agreement") is made and entered into on the ____ day of _____, 2025, by and between City of Chandler, an Arizona municipal corporation, hereinafter called "City" and SUNLAND ASPHALT & CONSTRUCTION, LLC the "Contractor" designated below (City and Contractor may individually be referred to as "Party" and collectively referred to as "Parties").

City and Contractor agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1 - PARTICIPANTS AND PROJECT

CITY:	CIP City Engineer: Daniel Haskins, P.E. Public Works & Utilities Department P.O. Box 4008, Mail Stop 407 Chandler, AZ 85244-4008 Phone: 480-782-3335 Email: Daniel.haskins@chandleraz.gov
CITY:	Construction Project Manager: Raymond Potts Public Works & Utilities Department P.O. Box 4008, Mail Stop 407 Chandler, AZ 85244-4008 Phone: 480-782-3326 Email: <u>Raymond.Potts@chandleraz.gov</u>
Contractor:	Legal Company Name: <u>Sunland Asphalt & Construction, LLC</u>
	Mailing Address: <u>1625 East Northern Avenue</u> <u>Phoenix, AZ 85020</u>
	Physical Address: <u>1625 East Northern Avenue</u> <u>Phoenix, AZ 85020</u>
	Arizona Roc No.: <u>111922 - Class A/ 195189 - Class R13</u>
	Federal Tax Id No.: <u>86-0455988</u>
	State Where Organized: <u>Delaware</u>
	Business Organization: <u>Limited Liability Company</u>
	Statutory Agent Name: <u>Corporation Service Company – Paula Eby</u>
	Statutory Agent Mailing Address: <u>775 Yard Street, Suite 200,</u> <u>Columbus, OH 43212</u>
	Statutory Agent Physical Address: <u>775 Yard Street, Suite 200,</u> <u>Columbus, OH 43212</u>
	Contractor’s Authorized Project Representative:
	Name: <u>Greg Hughes</u>
	Title: <u>Project Manager</u>
	Phone: <u>480-375-1134</u>
	Email: <u>ghughes@sunlandasphalt.com</u>

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The Runway '4R-22L' Rehabilitation project includes a 2-inch mill and overlay with crack sealing of existing asphalt along the entirety of Runway '4R-22L', excluding the 90-foot blast pads at both threshold ends, and portions of Taxiways 'H', 'L', 'N', 'P', & 'Q' to the hold bars. The project also includes crack sealing and seal coat application to the shoulder pavement and blast pads. The runway and taxiway pavement markings will be replaced within project limits to meet FAA design standards.

PROJECT LOCATION:

Chandler Municipal Airport

ARTICLE 2 - AGREEMENT DOCUMENTS

2.1 AGREEMENT DOCUMENTS

The Agreement between City and Contractor will consist of the following Agreement Documents:

1. This Construction Services Agreement and all of its Exhibits, including Project Plans and Technical Specifications.
2. General Conditions and General Conditions Appendices, incorporated by reference.
3. Project Specific Special Provisions as set forth in Exhibit A, incorporated by reference.
4. Project Bid Proposal.

2.2 In the event of any inconsistency, conflict, or ambiguity between or among the Agreement Documents, the Agreement Documents will take precedence as described in Section 14.1.4 of the General Conditions.

2.3 DEFINITIONS

The definitions in Section 2 of the General Conditions apply to all the Agreement Documents, including this Agreement.

ARTICLE 3 - CONSTRUCTION SERVICES

3.1 GENERAL

- 3.1.1 Scope of Work. All terms and conditions are set forth in the Agreement. Any terms and conditions and exceptions noted in the Contractor's proposal or other documents do not apply unless agreed to in this Agreement or an approved addendum.
- 3.1.2 Contractor agrees this is a Unit Price Agreement. Contractor agrees at its own cost and expense, to do all Work necessary required to fully, timely and properly complete the construction of the Project in strict accordance with the Agreement Documents in a good and workmanlike manner, free and clear of all claims, liens, and charges whatsoever, in the manner and under the conditions specified, within the Agreement time.
- 3.1.3 Contractor must provide all of the labor and materials, and perform the Work in accordance with Section 4 of the General Conditions. Some, but not all, of the major components of the Construction Services and the corresponding subsections of Section 4 of the General Conditions are set forth below.

- 3.1.4 At all times relevant to this Agreement and performance of the Work, the Contactor must fully comply with all Laws, Regulations, or Legal Requirements applicable to City, the Project and the Agreement, including, without limitation, those set forth on attached Exhibit A.
- 3.1.5 Contractor must perform the Work under this Agreement using only those firms, team members and individuals designated by Contractor consistent with Contractor's accepted Bid, or otherwise, approved by City pursuant to the General Conditions. No other entities or individuals may be used without the prior written approval of the Project Manager.
- 3.1.6 Contractor must comply with all terms and conditions of the General Conditions.
- 3.1.7 In the event of a conflict between this Agreement and the General Conditions or an exhibit hereto or appendix thereto, the terms of this Agreement will control.
- 3.1.8 Ownership of Work Product. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, all Work Product prepared or otherwise created in connection with the performance of this Agreement, including the Work, are to be and remain the property of City. For purposes of this provision, "Work Product" will include all designs, drawings, plans, specifications, ideas, renderings and other information or matter, in whatever form created (e.g., electronic or printed) and in all media now known or hereinafter created. All Work Product will be considered Work Made for Hire as defined in the United States Copyright Act 17 U.S.C. § 101 (Copyright Act). If for any reason, any such Work is found not to be a Work Made for Hire, Contractor hereby transfers and assigns ownership of the copyright in such Work to City. The rights in this Section are exclusive to City in perpetuity.

3.2 **CONTRACTOR'S PRE-AGREEMENT AND PRE-WORK DELIVERABLES**

- 3.2.1 The Contractor must provide the Deliverables in accordance with Section 4.2 of the General Conditions.

3.3 **PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE**

Contractor must attend the Pre-Construction Conference in accordance with Section 4.3 of the General Conditions.

3.4 **PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK (INCLUDING FIELD MEASUREMENTS, SUBCONTRACTORS, AND SUPPLIERS)**

Contractor must perform the Work in accordance with Section 4.4 of the General Conditions.

3.5 CONTROL OF THE PROJECT SITE

Contractor must control and maintain the Project Site in accordance with Section 4.5 of the General Conditions.

3.6 PROJECT SAFETY

Contractor must implement and enforce Project safety in accordance with Section 4.6 of the General Conditions.

3.7 MATERIALS QUALITY, SUBSTITUTIONS AND SHOP DRAWINGS

Contractor must provide materials testing and submit substitute materials and Shop Drawings in accordance with Section 4.7 of the General Conditions.

3.8 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

Contractor must maintain and make available the Project Record Documents in accordance with Section 4.8 of the General Conditions.

3.9 WARRANTY AND CORRECTION OF DEFECTIVE WORK

Contractor must provide warranties and correct defective Work in accordance with Section 4.9 of the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 4 - CITY RESPONSIBILITIES

4.1 City will have the responsibilities, and provide the information specified in, and subject to the conditions set forth in, Section 5 of the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 5 - AGREEMENT TIME

5.1 GENERAL

5.1.1 The total Agreement Duration is 90 Calendar Days (including Substantial Completion by 60 Calendars Days and Final Acceptance by 90 Calendar Days).

5.1.2 The Agreement Time will start with the Notice to Proceed (NTP) and end with Final Acceptance, as set forth in Article 5.4 below.

5.1.3 The Agreement Time will be as set forth in the Project Schedule. Contractor agrees that it will commence performance of the Work and complete the Project through Final Acceptance within the Agreement Time.

5.1.4 Time is of the essence of this Agreement for the Project, and for each phase and designated Milestone thereof.

5.1.5 Failure on the part of Contractor to adhere to the approved Project Schedule will be deemed a material breach and sufficient grounds for termination of this Agreement by City.

5.2 **PROJECT SCHEDULE**

5.2.1 The Project Schedule will be updated and maintained throughout Contractor’s performance under this Agreement in accordance with Section 6.2 of the General Conditions.

5.2.2 Work must be completed to meet the following milestones after the Notice to Proceed:

	Milestone		Time	Liquidated damages for delay	
1.		within	days	\$	per calendar day

5.3 **SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION**

Substantial Completion must be achieved no later than the Substantial Completion Date set forth in the Project Schedule. Substantial Completion will be determined in accordance with Section 6.3 of the General Conditions.

5.4 **FINAL ACCEPTANCE**

5.4.1 Final Acceptance will be obtained within the time period set forth in the Project Schedule.

5.4.2 Final Acceptance will be issued pursuant to Section 6.5 of the General Conditions.

5.5 **LIQUIDATED DAMAGES**

5.5.1 Substantial Completion Liquidated Damages. Contractor acknowledges and agrees that if Contractor fails to obtain Substantial Completion of the Work within the Agreement Time, City will sustain extensive damages and serious loss as a result of such failure. The exact amount of such damages will be extremely difficult to ascertain. Therefore, City and Contractor agree that if Contractor fails to achieve Substantial Completion of the Work within the Agreement Time, City will be entitled to retain or recover from Contractor, as liquidated damages and not as a penalty, the sum per calendar day as indicated in MAG § 108.9.

5.5.2 Final Acceptance Liquidated Damages. For the same reasons set forth in Article 5.5.1 above, City and Contractor further agree that if Contractor fails to achieve Final Acceptance of the Work within the Agreement Time, City will be entitled to retain or recover from Contractor, as liquidated damages and not as a penalty, the sum per

calendar day as indicated in MAG § 108.9 commencing from the actual date of Substantial Completion or Final Acceptance as required under the Agreement.

5.5.3 MAG Liquidated Damages. Liquidated damages provisions in MAG § 108.9 will apply.

5.5.4 City may deduct liquidated damages described in this Article 5.5 from any unpaid amounts then or thereafter due Contractor under this Agreement. Any liquidated damages not so deducted from any unpaid amounts due Contractor will be payable to City at the demand of City, together with interest from the date of the demand at the highest lawful rate of interest payable by Contractor.

5.6 **MUTUAL WAIVER OF CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ONLY**

5.6.1 Contractor and City waive claims against each other for consequential damages arising out of or relating to this Agreement. This mutual waiver includes.

1. Damages incurred by City for rental expenses, for losses of use, income, profit, financing, business and reputation, and for loss of management or employee productivity or of the services of such persons; and
2. Damages incurred by Contractor for principal office expenses including the compensation of personnel stationed there, for losses of financing, business and reputation, and for loss of profit except anticipated profit arising directly from the Work.

5.6.2 This mutual waiver is applicable, without limitation, to all consequential damages due to either party's termination of this Agreement. Nothing contained in this Article 5.6 will be deemed to preclude an award of liquidated damages, when applicable, in accordance with Article 5.5 above.

5.6.3 Nothing herein will be deemed to constitute a waiver of any other remedy available to City in the event of Contractor's default under this Agreement prior to full performance of the Work including, as applicable, specific performance or completion of the Work on behalf of Contractor, the cost and expense of which will be offset against any monies then or thereafter due to Contractor (if any) and otherwise immediately reimbursed to City by Contractor.

ARTICLE 6 - AGREEMENT PRICE

6.1 **AGREEMENT PRICE**

6.1.1 In exchange for Contractor's full, timely, and acceptable performances and construction of the Work under this Agreement, and subject to all of the terms of

this Agreement, City will pay Contractor the "Agreement Price," which is \$1,320,294.49.

- 6.1.2 The Agreement Price is all-inclusive and specifically includes all fees, cost, insurance and bond premiums, and taxes of any type necessary to fully, properly and timely perform and construct Work.

6.2 CHANGES TO AGREEMENT PRICE

Shall be determined under Section 9 of the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 7 - PAYMENT

Payments will be made to Contractor in accordance with Section 8 of the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 8 - CHANGES TO THE AGREEMENT

Changes to the Agreement may be made in strict accordance with Section 9 of the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 9 - SUSPENSION AND TERMINATION

This Agreement may be suspended or terminated in accordance with Section 10 of the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 10 - INSURANCE AND BONDS

- 10.1 Contractor must provide insurance in accordance with Sections 11.1 through 11.3 of the General Conditions. Contractor must provide proof of such insurance and all required endorsements in forms acceptable to City prior to commencing any Work under this Agreement.
- 10.2 Contractor must provide performance and payment bonds to City in Accordance with Section 11.4 of the General Conditions and A.R.S. § 34-222.
- 10.3 Failure to provide proof of insurance and the required endorsements, or the required bonds, in forms acceptable to City, will be a material breach and grounds for termination for cause of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 11 - INDEMNIFICATION

Contractor must have and assume the indemnity obligations set forth in Section 12 of the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 12 - DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Any claims or disputes relating to this Agreement will be resolved according to the dispute resolution process set forth in Section 13 of, and Appendix 6 to, the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 13 - FORCED LABOR OF ETHNIC UYGHURS PROHIBITED By entering into this Agreement, Contractor certifies and agrees Contractor does not currently use and will not use for the term of this Agreement: (i) the forced labor of ethnic Uyghurs in the People's Republic of China; or (ii) any goods or services produced by the forced labor of ethnic Uyghurs in the People's Republic of China; or (iii) any contractors, subcontractors or suppliers that use the forced labor or any goods or services produced by the forced labor of ethnic Uyghurs in the People's Republic of China.

SIGNATURE PAGE TO FOLLOW

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have executed this Agreement through their duly authorized representatives and bind their respective entitles as of the effective date.

“CITY” CITY OF CHANDLER

**“CONTRACTOR”
SUNLAND ASPHALT & CONSTRUCTION, LLC**

MAYOR

Immanuel Martinez May 29, 2025
Signature Date

RECOMMENDED BY:

Immanuel Martinez
Print Name

Daniel Haskins May 29, 2025
Daniel Haskins, P.E.
CIP City Engineer

Division Manager
Title

imartinez@sunlandasphalt.com
Signer Email Address

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

City Attorney 

ATTEST:

City Clerk Seal

EXHIBIT A
PROJECT SPECIFIC
SPECIAL PROVISIONS

4.2.7 Aerial Construction Photography

General Conditions Section 4 Subsections 4.2.7.1 & 4.2.7.2 are not applicable to this project.

4.2.8 Government Approvals and Permits

General Conditions Section 4 Subsection 4.2.8.1, City permit fees will be paid internally by the City and all other fees will be the responsibility of the Contractor.

Subletting of Agreement

Contractor must perform, with his own organization, work amounting to not less than 50 percent of the total Agreement cost.

Failure to submit Subcontractor's List Form, demonstrating self-performance not less than 50 percent of the total Agreement cost, will cause the bid to be deemed non-responsive.

Bidders should contact the Arizona Registrar of Contractors for information on license requirements.

CONSTRUCTION SAFETY & PHASING PLAN

Chandler Municipal Airport Runway '4R-22L' Rehabilitation

City Project No: AI2202.401
FAA AIP No: 3-04-008-032-2023
Dibble Project No.: 1021015.09

Prepared For: City of Chandler

August 28, 2024



CONSTRUCTION SAFETY & PHASING PLAN

Chandler Municipal Airport

Runway '4R-22L' Rehabilitation

CHD Project No: AI2202.401
FAA AIP No: 3-04-008-032-2023
Dibble Project No.: 1021015.09

Prepared For:
Chandler Municipal Airport
2380 S Stinson Way
Chandler AZ 85286

Duane H. Dana, PE
Senior Project Manager

Dibble





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1. COORDINATION

1.1 General Project Information

This *Construction Safety and Phasing Plan* (CSPP) provides specific information to the Contractor and/or Subcontractors selected to carry out the construction contract for this project at Chandler Municipal Airport (Airport or CHD). This plan includes the requirements and procedures for accident prevention, safety requirements, and security considerations at the Airport. The Airport's safety objective is to achieve accident-free construction projects. Furthermore, the Contractor must be in full compliance with FAA Advisory Circular (AC) 150/5370-2G: *Operational Safety on Airports During Construction*. The CSPP and project safety and phasing requirements will be discussed in detail at the Pre-Bid and Pre-Construction Conferences.

The Contractor and Subcontractors shall conduct their operations in a manner that will provide safe working conditions for all employees and protection of the public and all others who may be affected by construction activities. Nothing contained in this plan is intended to relieve the Contractor, Subcontractors or suppliers of the obligations assumed by them under contract with the Airport or as required by law. The Contractor shall be required to submit a *Safety Plan Compliance Document* (SPCD) to the airport describing how they will comply with the requirements set forth in the CSPP.

Safety must be an integral part of the job. Full participation, cooperation, and support are necessary to ensure the safety and health of all persons and property involved in the project. The purpose of phasing, marking, barricading, and lighting of airside construction areas is to delineate hazardous areas and prevent unauthorized incursions into the areas by personnel, vehicles, equipment, and aircraft during construction; and to positively separate construction activity from aircraft operations.

A Pre-Bid Conference will be scheduled during the bidding process to allow prospective bidders an opportunity to understand the safety aspects of this project. A key topic of this meeting will include a detailed review of this CSPP, with emphasis on Contractor responsibilities for safety, as well as access and work areas in each phase.

A Pre-Construction Meeting will be scheduled prior to the issuance of the Notice to Proceed. Invitees and attendees will include the Airport Design, Construction, and Operations personnel; the Engineer; the Contractor's Project Superintendent; pertinent Subcontractors; and representatives from ADOT and the FAA. Relevant safety-related issues will be discussed in detail at this meeting.

Topics of discussion will include the requirements as set forth in AC 150/5370-2G: *Operational Safety on Airports During Construction*; project scope; the RPR's responsibility and authority; identifying the Contractor's Superintendent; NOTAM responsibility; phasing and scheduling of work; Notice to Proceed date; safety during construction; the Contractor's *Safety Plan Compliance Document*; security, badging and escorting requirements; quality control and testing; test reports; maintenance of record drawings; and other contract and Federal requirements. The Contractor is required to submit an overall project schedule at the Pre-Construction Conference which will allow the Engineer, Contractor, Airport Manager, Operations Manager, City CIP Engineer, and other Stakeholders to identify affected areas during construction.

1.2 Contractor Progress Meetings

Weekly construction progress meetings will be held, for which the invitees and attendees will include at minimum the Airport personnel, the Resident Project Representative (RPR), the Contractor's Project Superintendent, and the lead personnel of each Subcontractor. In addition to the discussions on the progress of the project, operational safety procedures identified within this Safety Plan will be reviewed and discussed.

1.3 Scope or Schedule Changes

The Contractor will be required to immediately notify the Airport and RPR of any changes to the original project scope or schedule. The Airport will coordinate (as needed) any changes with the impacted stakeholders (i.e. ATCT, tenants, FAA, etc.).

1.4 FAA/Air Traffic Organization Coordination

The Airport staff will be responsible for continually coordinating as required with the FAA/Air Traffic Organization (ATO) during construction.

2. PHASING

The project includes two (2) designated phases of work as shown in **Appendix A – Project Site, Barricade & Aircraft Detour Plan**. The construction phasing was developed based on a number of factors including: contractor and aircraft safety, impact to aircraft traffic and airport operations, closure duration, constructability, construction cost, and a stakeholder phasing meeting. The following section includes detailed descriptions of each phase.

Phase 1 (30 Calendar Days) – will consist of daytime work for milling, crack-sealing, overlay and temporary markings along the entire limits of Runway 4R-22L as displayed in **Appendix A**. Two rows of low-profile barricades will be placed on the north and south side of the project limits at each connector taxiway to emphasize the project work zone for the contractor and restrict aircraft access. This phase will require the closure of Runway 4R-22L with lighted X's placed on runway designation marking at each end. Construction hours shall be coordinated with the Airport prior to the notice to proceed with construction. A punchlist walk will be conducted at the completion of the phase.

Substantial Completion (30 Calendar Days) – will mark the completion of Runway and Taxiway improvements specified under Phase 1 work. A pre-final walkthrough will be completed by the Resident Engineer, Airport Staff, and the Contractor. The Contractor shall be provided with a Substantial Completion letter including a punch list of any remaining items to complete before Final Completion.

Stop Time (30 Calendar Days) – will consist of a pavement cure period before permanent markings in Phase 2 below.

Phase 2 (3 Calendar Days) – will consist of daytime application of permanent pavement markings after pavement curing along the entire limits of Runway 4R-22L as displayed in **Appendix A**. Two rows of low-profile barricades will be placed on the north and south side of the project limits at each connector taxiway to emphasize the project work zone for the contractor and restrict aircraft access. This phase will require the closure of Runway 4R-22L with lighted X's placed on runway designation marking at each end. Construction hours shall be coordinated with the Airport prior to the notice to proceed with construction. A punchlist walk will be conducted at the completion of the phase.

Final Completion (7 Calendar Days) – will consist of completing punchlist items, final clean-up operations, and demobilization.

Total Project Duration (40 Calendar Days) – will include the completion of all punchlist items noted on the Substantial Completion letter.

The timeline and schedule below have been provided to assist the Contractor. Ultimately the Contractor will be responsible to submit his own *Construction Safety and Phasing Compliance Document* and detailed Barricade Plans at the Pre-Construction Conference for review and approval by the RPR and Airport. The Contractor will have a total of 30 calendar days to reach substantial completion:



- Phase 1 – (30 Calendar Days) (Substantial Completion)
- Stop Work – (30 Calendar Days)
- Phase 2 – (3 Calendar Days, to be Completed 30 Calendar Days after Temporary Markings)
- Final Completion – (7 Calendar Days)
- Total Project Duration – (40 Calendar Days)

The Contractor is required to provide his own detailed Barricade Plans in accordance with his anticipated operations for the review and approval of the Airport.

3. AREAS AND OPERATIONS AFFECTED BY THE CONSTRUCTION

3.1 Affected Areas on the Airfield

3.1.1 Closed or Partially Closed Facilities

No facilities (buildings or businesses) are anticipated to be closed or partially closed for the duration of the project. Runway '4R-22L' and Taxiway connectors 'H', 'L', 'N', 'P', 'Q', and 'B' will be closed for the duration of the project.

3.1.2 Aircraft Rescue and Firefighting (ARFF) Access Routes

Chandler Municipal Airport is not equipped with an ARFF facility, however, this project will have minimal impact on existing emergency access routes. Alternate emergency routes will be coordinated by the airport during the temporary closure of any portion of airfield during the respective construction phases. The Contractor will be directed to maintain the alternate access routes and all other existing routes that may be used by emergency vehicles within the Airfield Operations Area (AOA) at all times.

3.1.3 Airport Support Vehicle Access Routes

Chandler Municipal Airport is not an air carrier airport and does not have airport support vehicles.

3.1.4 Utilities for Firefighting

No underground utilities used for City or firefighting operations within the AOA are anticipated to be impacted by the construction of this project.

While every effort has been made to include the locations and depths of known utilities within the project areas, the Contractor will be required to pothole for utilities to avoid damage to them.

3.1.5 Affected Approach and Departure Surfaces

The Contractor will be required to abide by the Part 77 airspace requirements for each runway at all times, including all equipment, material and batch plants that may be required for this project. Construction equipment will be limited to stay below the approach surfaces at all times. Equipment along the haul route having a height of over 15-ft will be submitted to the FAA's Obstruction Evaluation/Airport Airspace Analysis (OE/AAA) system to be evaluated for airspace impact.

3.2 Mitigation of Effects

3.2.1 Construction Staging Area and Haul Routes

The Contractor's staging and storage area, haul routes, and construction access areas are shown in **Appendix A – Project Site, Barricade & Aircraft Detour Plan**. The Contractor's staging area is located outside of all Object Free Areas. Construction access areas and haul routes have been established to minimize impact to airfield operations. The Contractor will be required to supply gate guards at the construction entrance to the airfield when in use. Gate guards will not be required if the gate is closed and locked.

Transient haul truck drivers are required to check in with the Contractor's gate guard. The driver shall have a flashing amber beacon mounted on the highest point of the vehicle. The driver shall be advised to remain on the marked haul route and follow the appropriate signs to the intended work area. At no time shall any driver be allowed to deviate from the marked haul route.

3.2.2 Temporary Taxi Operations

If the Contractor's operations impact any Taxiway Object Free Area (TOFA), the respective taxiway will be closed, limited or offset as required in FAA AC 150/5370-2G: *Operational Safety on Airports During Construction*.

3.2.3 Detours for ARFF and Other Airport Vehicles

Chandler Municipal Airport is not equipped with an ARFF facility; however, in the event of an emergency, ARFF and other airport vehicles are not anticipated to be hindered by construction activities related to this project. However, because each construction situation is different, the Contractor must coordinate construction vehicle traffic with the Airport Operations for each phase of construction. Contractor vehicle movements to and from the site must conform to approved Access and Haul Roads or as directed by the Airport at the weekly construction meetings. The Airport will coordinate with all stakeholders any detours from existing Airfield Service Roads as needed, throughout the duration of the project.

3.2.4 Maintenance of Essential Utilities

While not anticipated, essential utilities for structures/buildings may be impacted during construction. The Contractor will be required to provide temporary means of service for any impacted utilities until the impacted utilities are restored.

3.2.5 Temporary Air Traffic Control (ATC) Procedures

The Air Traffic Control Tower (ATCT) will be kept informed of all construction activities throughout the duration of the project. The Contractor will provide construction schedules at least three weeks ahead of the proposed construction activities to be given to the ATCT by the Airport Operations Superintendent. The ATCT will be expected to provide feedback about any concerns that the ATCT has for construction areas and Contractor movements. Project phasing plans will be provided to the ATCT so that they are aware of the impacts to aircraft operations on the ground and in the air.

While the Airport will ultimately be responsible for issuing NOTAMs related to construction activities and restrictions, the ATCT will be responsible for redirecting pilots from proceeding into construction areas.

4. PROTECTION OF NAVIGATION AIDS (NAVAIDS)

4.1 NAVAID Critical Areas

It is not anticipated that any NAVAID Critical Area will be impacted by this project.

4.2 Effects of Construction on NAVAID Performance

It is anticipated that the existing PAPI system for each individual runway end will be closed during select construction operations of this project. The Airport will be responsible to issue NOTAMs for all air traffic. The Contractor will be required to coordinate any closures a minimum of 48 hours in advance.

4.3 Protections of NAVAID Facilities

All NAVAIDs for active airfield areas will be maintained and remain operational.

4.4 Required Distance from NAVAIDs to Construction Areas

All NAVAIDs are at a safe distance away from any construction activities as shown on the overall phasing sheet.

4.5 Coordination Procedures with FAA/ATO

The Airport staff will be responsible for continually coordinating as required with the FAA/ATO during construction.

5. CONTRACTOR ACCESS

5.1 General Items

5.1.1 Contractor Access Areas

Any time access is required within restricted areas within the airport, the Contractor shall be responsible for assuring that no breaches of airport security occur. Restricted areas are fenced and must remain fenced at all times. The gates will remain closed and locked, or a guard (badged by the airport) will be provided at the Contractor's expense. The Contractor will furnish the guard with a roster of his personnel and will ensure that each individual has adequate identification. The duplicate keys for each lock will be turned over to Airport authorities. The following additional measures must also be taken:

- No person shall enter the Contractor's worksite without authorization. Any person found within the worksite without proper identification as described herein shall be considered unauthorized and shall be removed from the worksite.
- Contractor Superintendents and Supervisors will be required to wear identifiable equipment or clothing to be easily recognized and located on site.
- Reference Section **3.2.1 – Construction Staging Area and Haul Routes** for additional requirements imposed on the Contractor regarding the Staging Area and Haul Routes.

5.1.2 49 CFR Part 1542, Airport Security

The airport is operated in strict compliance with Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR), which prohibit unauthorized persons or vehicles in the Air Operations Area (AOA). Equipment and workmen will be restricted to the work area defined on the plans. Any violation by Contractor's personnel or Subcontractors will subject the Contractor to penalties imposed by the FAA or the Airport.



The Contractor will assume all fines assessed to them by the Airport and all fines against the Airport assessed to them by the FAA for the Contractor's security violations. Reference *Special Provisions* for the Schedule of Fines imposed on the Contractor regarding Airport Safety and Security.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the protection of the construction site, and all work, materials, equipment, and existing facilities thereon, against vandals and other unauthorized persons. Security measures shall include additional security fencing, barricades, lighting, and other measures as the Contractor may deem necessary to protect the site.

The Contractor's responsibilities for work areas are as follows:

- The Contractor shall be held responsible for controlling his employees, Subcontractors, and their employees with regard to traffic movement.
- The Contractor shall rebuild, repair, restore, and make good at his own expense all injuries or damages to any portion of the work occasioned by his use of these facilities before completion and acceptance of his work.
- The Contractor shall submit to the RPR in writing a detailed work plan for each construction phase. This plan shall be submitted 14 calendar days prior to the start of each construction phase. No work within the construction phase may commence until the phase work plan is approved.
- The Contractor shall submit to the RPR in writing a plan, by construction phase, for controlling construction equipment and vehicular movements in the Air Operations Area (AOA). This plan shall be submitted at the Pre-Construction Meeting. No work may commence until this plan is approved by the Airport. The plan must include material haul roads.
- The Contractor shall provide a responsible Traffic Manager whose duty shall be to direct all construction traffic on or near active runways, taxiways, haul roads and highways. Paved surfaces shall be kept clear at all times and specifically must be kept free from all debris which might damage aircraft.

The project does not require the distribution of security badges to Contractor, Subcontractor, or material supplier employees.

No weapons will be allowed on the airport by any Contractor personnel at any time.

5.2 Location of Stored Construction Equipment

All Contractor materials, equipment and supplies shall be within the Contractor's designated Staging and Storage Area. All Staging and Storage Areas shall be marked, debris boxes covered, and area kept neat and clean of debris, see **Appendix B – Airport Site Plan**.

For equipment that must remain in the work area, the following conditions must be met:

- Be located outside of the runway/taxiway safety and obstruction free areas.
- Be marked with lighted barricades around the equipment perimeter with a spacing of no more than 10 feet.
- Be coordinated at least 48 hours in advance with the RPR.
- The highest point of the equipment must be marked and lit with a red flashing/steady burning omni-directional obstruction light.

Stockpiled materials are allowed only within the Contractor's designated staging and storage area, except for the dedicated millings stockpile area shown on the plans:



- Remove daily all stockpiled material from within aircraft movement areas, unless otherwise directed by the RPR.
- No excavated or stored materials may remain within active runway or taxiway safety areas and object free zones.
- Stockpiled material may be located within the Air Operations Area only upon prior coordination and approval of the RPR.

Furthermore, Construction activity shall be prohibited when equipment penetrates the imaginary surfaces described in Title 14 CFR Part 77 and any restricted area as defined in the most current edition of FAA AC 150/5300-13A, *Airport Design (Change 1)*, unless a favorable airspace finding has been made by the FAA and the Airport and approved by the Airport Operations Superintendent or authorized Operations Specialist on Duty. Equipment that penetrates the Part 77 imaginary surface(s) must display an orange and white checkered flag during daytime operations and a red obstruction light during nighttime use.

5.2.1 Stockpiles Within Runway Object Free Areas (ROFAs)

No stockpiles within the Runway Object Free Area are anticipated for this project.

5.2.2 Proper Stockpiling of Materials

Stockpiled materials must be stabilized with water in order to avoid dust during windy conditions. Daily inspections by the Contractor will be required of the stockpiles and other areas within the construction limits that may be affected by windy conditions. Construction Administration personnel will also be performing daily inspections on these areas to ensure compliance with this aspect.

5.3 Vehicle & Pedestrian Operations

5.3.1 Construction Site Parking

Construction parking will be allowed in the Contractor's Staging and Storage Area, which is outside of any Object Free Areas. No personal vehicles will be allowed onto the airfield except for inside the Contractor's Staging and Storage Area. See Section **5.1.1 – Contractor Access Areas** for further information.

5.3.2 Construction Equipment Parking

Construction equipment parking will be in the Contractor's Staging and Storage Area for any equipment that is not in use.

5.3.3 Access and Haul Roads

Access and haul roads on Airport property will be delineated with the use of low-profile barricades, flagging, temporary construction fencing, escorts, or a combination thereof. Contractor access and haul roads will be verified by the Airport at the time of construction. Only under special circumstances, may the Contractor request special approval from the Airport and RPR to leave equipment outside the staging and storage area. See section **5.1.1 – Contractor Access Areas** for further information.

5.3.4 Marking and Lighting of Construction Vehicles

All Contractor and Subcontractor vehicles must be properly marked with the company name at least four (4) inches in height on both sides of the vehicle. All vehicles must have a 3'x3' orange and white checkered flag at the tallest point on the vehicle for daytime construction activities, and a flashing amber or yellow beacon, mounted at the highest point for nighttime construction.



All vehicle marking and lighting must comply with the most recent version of *AC 150/5210-5D: Painting, Marking, and Lighting of Vehicles Used on an Airport*.

5.3.5 Proper Vehicle Operations

For the purposes of this project, the AOA is defined as any area within the secured (fenced) area of CHD except the Contractor's Staging and Storage Area. No vehicle shall operate within the Air Operations Area (AOA):

- In a careless or negligent manner.
- With disregard of the rights and safety of others.
- At a speed or in a way which endangers persons or property.
- While the driver is under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- If such vehicle is loaded or maintained as to endanger persons or property.

5.3.6 Vehicle Driver Training Requirements

All construction personnel that will be driving a vehicle on Airport property will be required to adhere to the requirements as noted above.

5.3.7 Two-Way Radio Communications Procedures

If needed, the Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining and maintaining ICOM IC-A24/A6 VHF Air Band Transceiver radios, or approved equal, for his crews for use during construction and will not be permitted to borrow radios from the airport for use during construction. At a minimum, the Contractor shall provide radios for the Project Superintendent, all personnel required to control construction traffic across active runways, taxiways, and parking aprons, and operators on controlled surfaces, (i.e. sweeper operators, escort vehicles, or others who have need to operate/transit outside of the restricted construction areas). All costs associated with acquiring and maintaining the approved radios shall be considered incidental to SP-60.05.1 bid item and no separate payments will be made.

5.3.8 Maintenance of Airport Secured Area

The Contractor will be required to maintain situational awareness for the duration of this project, and will be required to report suspicious situations, persons, and/or materials to the nearest Airport employee.

6. WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT

Construction Contractors must operate in accordance with the airport operator's wildlife hazard management plan, controlling and removing waste or loose materials that might attract wildlife, see *AC 150/5200-33B: Hazardous Wildlife Attractants On or Near Airports*.

6.1 Trash

The Contractor shall perform daily inspections of the work areas (including the Contractor's staging and storage area) to remove any trash, debris, and food scraps and place these items in an appropriate trash receptacle. Trash receptacles, regardless of type and size, must always be covered and secured to eliminate the possibility of contents from escaping.

6.2 Standing Water

The Contractor shall conduct their operations to minimize the potential for standing water. When water begins to stand on site, the Contractor shall begin pumping water to drain the area within 24 hours to prevent the attraction of wildlife.

6.3 Tall Grass & Weeds

The Contractor shall mow areas under their responsibility including, but not limited to, project site staging and storage areas and exclusive use haul roads to prevent the growth of vegetation over 6 inches.

6.4 Poorly Maintained Fencing and Gates

The Contractor shall close and lock any airfield access gates that are not actively in use. Any fencing installed by the Contractor shall be properly maintained to prevent the intrusion of wildlife and unauthorized people.

6.5 Disruption of Existing Wildlife Habitat

The Contractor shall report any significant wildlife sightings within the AOA to the nearest Airport employee.

6.6 Airport Wildlife Management Procedures

The Contractor will be required to follow any Airport Wildlife Management Procedures that are in place at the airport; however, at a minimum the Contractor will be required to perform the following:

- Close and lock any airfield access gates that are not in use.
- Report any significant wildlife sightings within the AOA to the Operations Manager.

7. FOREIGN OBJECT DEBRIS (FOD) MANAGEMENT

This project will include the movement of construction vehicles adjacent to active airfield pavements, therefore the Contractor will be required to maintain a fully operational sweeper vehicle on-site during the project (non-metallic brush broom sweeper preferred – no metal brushes allowed on the airfield). Furthermore, once any portion of any construction phase is ready to be opened to aircraft traffic, the Contractor, RPR, and Airport personnel shall drive and/or walk the area to determine that all Foreign Object Debris (FOD) that may have been generated is no longer present.

The Contractor will be required to keep water on construction areas to minimize the possibility of FOD generated by wind. The Contractor will be required to conduct FOD checks continuously during each working shift and at the end of each working shift/day to remove any FOD that has made its way onto the airfield pavements from the Contractor's construction activities. Airport Operations and Construction Administration personnel will be present for these FOD checks to ensure compliance.

8. HAZARDOUS MATERIAL MANAGEMENT

Any hazardous or regulated waste material produced by the Contractor's operations shall be properly disposed of at the Contractor's expense pursuant to all local, state, and federal regulations. The Contractor may be required to provide test results to confirm that a contaminated area has been properly remediated.

Any hazardous materials situation that poses a threat to safety or property shall be immediately reported to emergency personnel by dialing '911' and to the nearest Airport employee.



9. NOTIFICATIONS OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

9.1 Maintenance of a List of Responsible Representative/Points of Contact

A full list of Points of Contact and Contact Procedures will be developed prior to the Pre-Construction Meeting for this project. Under normal circumstances, all communications concerning the construction project between airport stakeholders and the Contractor shall be channeled through the RPR who shall be the primary point of contact for all communications concerning the construction project. Matters relating to Airport Operations and Airport Traffic Control will be handled through the Airport and the ATCT, with assistance from the RPR and/or Contractor as needed.

Information, Compliance, and Assistance Airport Operations		
Office	480-782-3540	(Mon-Fri, 8:00 am to 5:00 pm)
Scott Rinkenberger Airport Operations Administrator	480-782-3546	(24 Hours/Day, 7 Days/Week)

9.2 Local ATO/Technical Operations Personnel

The Airport will be responsible for all communications with the local ATO/Technical Operations.

9.3 ATCT Managers on Duty

The Airport will acquire a list of the ATCT Managers on duty for the project prior to construction commencing. This list will be available for use by Airport staff by the date of the Pre-Construction Meeting. This will also be a regular item discussed at the weekly construction meetings.

9.4 Authorized Representatives to the FAA’s Operational Control Center (OCC)

The Airport will develop a list of authorized representatives to the OCC prior to construction commencing. This list will be provided to the OCC by the date of the Pre-Construction Meeting.

9.5 Notice to Air Missions (NOTAM)

Construction NOTAM’s will be filed by the Airport Manager approximately three (3) days prior to construction beginning in the area which the NOTAM references, or prior to any change in airfield conditions which may affect operations or safety. The Contractor will be required to submit pertinent information to the airport for any construction items that would require the issuance of a NOTAM a minimum of 2-weeks prior to the work being performed.

9.6 OCC Notification about Closed and/or Hazardous Conditions on the Airfield

The Airport staff will be responsible for notifying the OCC about closed facilities and/or hazardous conditions at the Airport. The OCC will be notified about closed facilities as soon as practicable following reliable scheduling meetings. Unanticipated hazardous conditions will be immediately relayed to the OCC by Airport staff.



9.7 Emergency Notification Procedures

For any medical and law enforcement emergencies call '911'. Following a call to '911', the Contractor shall then call Chandler Municipal Airport Operations at 480-540-9991.

The Contractor shall submit to the RPR and Airport a list of personnel who can be contacted 24 hours a day, seven (7) days a week and can respond in a reasonable time frame regarding any possible emergency on the work site. The list must include names, job title and phone numbers.

9.8 Notification to the FAA and Airport Users

This project is phased in order to maintain an operating airfield; therefore each phase will likely require additional information to be passed on to the Airport Users as the project progresses. NOTAMs and project advisories will be distributed approximately three (3) days prior to a new construction phase which may affect normal operating conditions at the Airport. Anticipated night work by the Contractor will need the Airport approval prior to proceeding with the night work.

9.9 Coordination with ARFF for Non-Emergency Issues

This section is not applicable to this project or Chandler Municipal Airport.

9.10 FAA Notification Under CFR Parts 77 and 157

All proposed construction activities that affect operations at the Airport will be immediately relayed to all Airport Users and the FAA by way of meetings, advisories, NOTAMs and the filing of Form 7460 as appropriate (minimum of 60 days prior to the proposed construction), all issued by one of the Airport's designated staff or RPR.

9.11 FAA Reimbursable Agreements

This project is funded by a federal design grant with a state and local match. This project does not have any FAA reimbursable agreements.

9.12 Affected Instrument Approach Procedures

This project is not anticipated to affect any instrument approach procedures.

10. INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

10.1 Daily Inspections

Daily inspections of Contractor access areas will be performed to help ensure safety of the airfield. Daily inspections will be conducted by an Airport Operations employee, a Contractor representative, and a Construction Administration field representative.

Should any inspection reveal any FOD concerns, the Contractor shall have a crew ready to remove any FOD prior to reopening the pavements. Should any inspection reveal work that does not meet Contract requirements or that is deficient in any way, the Contractor shall mobilize a crew as soon as possible to remedy the deficient areas to avoid prolonging the continued closure of the area(s).

10.2 Final Inspections

Inspections will be required at the Substantial Completion and Final Completion phase of the project. These inspections will be attended by the Contractor, Airport Manager, Operations Manager, ADOT Aeronautics, the RPR, and Construction Administration representatives. A punch list will be developed at the Substantial Completion inspection, and any items placed on the punch list will be required to be completed within 30 days. Final inspection will be scheduled 30 days after the substantial completion walkthrough.

Should the inspections reveal any FOD concerns, the Contractor shall have a crew ready to remove any FOD prior to reopening the pavements. Should any inspection reveal work that does not meet Contract requirements or that is deficient in any way, the Contractor shall mobilize a crew as soon as possible to remedy the deficient areas to avoid prolonging the continued closure of the area(s).

11. UNDERGROUND UTILITIES

Prior to beginning construction on the airfield, the Contractor will be required to Blue Stake and pothole (if necessary) existing utilities in the project areas. Protection of utilities may include, but is not limited to, flagging utilities, marking lines on pavement, placement of barricades along utility lines and at manholes. The *Special Provisions* provide the Contractor with detailed direction for the location of underground utilities.

12. PENALTIES

The Contractor will be required to enforce his company's safety policies with the employees working on this project. In addition, the Airport may enforce policies that are in place to protect the safety of the Airport property, its users, and the local Airspace. These policies include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Informal conversations with the subject person or party
- Formal meetings/conversations with the subject person or party and their supervisors/managers
- Formal written notices of non-compliance from the Airport
- Immediate removal from Airport property
- Notification of law enforcement personnel for persons that cause situations posing dangerous threats to property or personal safety.

Reference *Special Provisions* for additional requirements imposed on the Contractor regarding Airport Safety and Security.

13. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

Special unforeseen conditions or circumstances may require the activation of special procedures by the Airport. In cases involving aircraft emergencies or distressed aircraft, the Contractor may be required to temporarily halt construction activities and immediately vacate the area in which work is taking place. The Contractor will be required to promote safe and orderly removal of all Contractor personnel and equipment to an area that is no longer in conflict with the emergency at hand. The Contractor will be expected to immediately comply with all RPR directions and may only return to the subject work area when it is safe to do so.

In the event of low-visibility conditions, or other conditions which may signal the need for additional unimpeded space next to runways or taxiways, the Contractor may be required to move to another work area of the project or temporarily stop work. The Contractor will be made aware of the possibility of these situations during the Pre-Construction Conference.

14. RUNWAY & TAXIWAY VISUAL AIDS

Temporary visual aids may be used from time to time as the project progresses to increase safety. Any temporary visual aid will be secured either in-pavement or with heavy items preventing blow-away (against jet-blast, prop wash or an approximate 90 mph wind), while at the same time not obscuring the objects themselves.

All temporary visual aids must have frangible connections. Connections shall be submitted for approval by the RPR.

Any temporary markings that may be required for this project will meet the requirements of FAA Advisory Circular 150/5340-1M, Standards for Airport Markings.

Lighting for all barricades used within the AOA shall be red and shall be a steady-burn or blinking light. All barricading and lighting shall conform to the details in the plans and specifications. Low-profile barricades shall be spaced 10 feet on center and not more than 4 feet apart, and shall be placed to prevent ground vehicle traffic from moving onto active airfield pavements (barring a deliberate act), and alert aircraft traffic of closed facilities. Refer to **Appendix A – Project Site, Barricade & Aircraft Detour Plan** for the placement of all barricades and their locations.

Lighting for any closed facilities will be disconnected or covered and secured with a material that prevents light leakage. Disconnected lighting shall be completed so as to not affect the remaining portion of facilities that may be open to aircraft traffic.

Lighting shall conform to AC 150/5340-30J: *Design and Installation Details for Airport Visual Aids*, AC 150/5345-50B: *Specification for Portable Runway and Taxiway Lights*, AC 150/5345-53D: *Airport Lighting Certification Program*, AC 150/5345-44K: *Specification for Runway and Taxiway Signs* and AC 150/5340-18G: *Standards for Airport Sign Systems*.

Airfield signage illuminated to indicate an open facility that is actually closed due to construction shall be covered and secured with a material that prevents light leakage. Signs may be partially covered, as a number of signs have multiple panels. In this case, only the affected panels shall be covered.

15. MARKING & SIGNS FOR ACCESS ROUTES

Temporary signing used for Contractor access/haul routes, open trenching or other hazards shall be clear, concise, reflective, and large enough to minimize safety-related issues. All temporary signing shall meet the requirements of the most current version of AC 150/5340-18 and, to the extent practicable, with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices* (MUTCD) and/or State highway specifications. All temporary signs shall also be properly weighted and/or secured to withstand site and elemental conditions.

16. HAZARD MARKING & LIGHTING

16.1 General

16.1.1 Hazard Marking and Lighting

Hazards, such as open trenches, manholes, and steep embankments shall be barricaded and lighted with pennant flagging or orange fabric construction fencing to prohibit accidental falls. The Contractor's site-specific and company safety plan/guidelines shall address the protection of these areas and the protection of the employees against these hazards. The Contractor shall also assign a Project Safety Officer for the project to monitor and enforce the Contractor's safety guidelines and the provisions of this CSPP.



When areas on the Airport are closed or present hazards due to construction activities, they should be marked and lighted according to *AC 150/5340-1M: Standards for Airport Markings*. Marking and lighting must be approved by Airport Operations and/or the RPR.

16.1.2 Less Obvious Construction Related Hazards

Some less obvious construction related hazards include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Loose debris, trash, etc. in the work areas
- Loose debris, trash, etc. on or in the bed of vehicles
- Jet blast/Prop blast
- Aircraft engine run-up noise

The Contractor shall be vigilant in keeping the work areas in a safe and trash-free condition as much as possible so as to prevent debris from making its way onto active airfield pavements. The Contractor shall also exercise due care when working in the vicinity of active aircraft. This can include the use of hearing protection and the securing of clothing and hardhats while working.

16.2 Equipment

Construction areas will be barricaded with low-profile barricades on aircraft movement areas. All barricades must have flashing red or steady burn lights.

Barricades, temporary markers approved by the Airport, and any other warning equipment placed or left in areas adjacent to any open aircraft movement area, (i.e. runway, taxiway, taxilane, etc.), shall be as low to the ground as possible, and not more than 18 inches in height, (unless otherwise noted on the phasing plans). All barricades and temporary markers shall also be properly secured to withstand the site and elemental conditions. All barricading requirements regarding type, spacing, etc. were provided in the plans and are further identified in the Contract Documents, specifically the Special Provisions Section 60. Low-profile barricades shall be used and shall be reflective, have an omni-directional steady-burning or flashing red LED light, and shall be properly secured (screwed-in). Clamps or straps will not be allowed.

Temporarily closed taxiways will be denoted with barricades as outlined in this report and identified on the project plans. If determined necessary by the Airport, partially closed taxiways shall have the appropriate markings obliterated (with either sand-blasting or water-blasting) that would indicate a fully-operational facility.

Red lights on low-profile barricades shall be of the omni-directional, flashing or steady-burn type. The rate of flash and illumination, as well as barricade reflectivity, shall meet the requirements of the latest edition of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD). Additional lighting shall be provided if determined necessary by Airport Operations.

Signage shall be installed when determined necessary by Airport Operations, i.e. “No Entry”.

The Contractor shall designate an employee (or Subcontractor) to be responsible for the regular maintenance of barricades and lighting. In addition, the Contractor shall provide an emergency contact number for the responsible individual to perform any emergency maintenance on any barricades or lighting and ensure functional operation of all hazard lighting and barricades 24 hours per day, 7 days per week. The designated person or Subcontractor shall be able to respond to the Airport within one (1) hour of notification of a non-functioning barricade.



Barricading and lighting equipment shall be secured to prevent blow-down. This may include the use of water-filled items, sandbags, and/or flat heavy footings. Temporary lighting may be secured to the pavement with nails or screws.

17. PROTECTION OF RSA'S, TSA'S, OFA'S, OFZ'S, AND APPROACH/ DEPARTURE SURFACES

17.1 Construction within Runway Safety Areas

Any construction within the safety area of a runway will require the closure of said runway. Closure of any runway requires two (2) lighted X's which shall be provided by and maintained by the Contractor during such closures. In the event that more than two (2) lighted X's are required, the Contractor will need to provide and maintain all necessary sets of lighted X's during such closures. There are measures that include strict coordination with the Airport, ATCT and the RPR. Contractor requests to perform work within a Runway Safety Area will require at least a 48-hour notice to the Airport. The Airport will be responsible for the issuance of all NOTAMs.

17.2 Jet Blast Protection

Contractor's company safety plan/guidelines shall include a provision for jet blast protection. At a minimum, it should address requirements for the securing of clothing and hardhats, as well as any requirements for hearing protection.

17.3 Erosion Control

The Contractor will be required to maintain graded infields while work is being performed. No work is anticipated within the infields. The Contractor will be required to leave the area in accordance with the specification standards, or as identified in the plans.

17.4 Runway Object Free Area

There are measures that include strict coordination with the Airport, ATCT and the RPR. Contractor requests to perform work within an OFA will require at least a 48-hour notice to the Airport.

17.5 Runway Approach and Departure Surfaces

Any construction of this project that impacts a Runway Approach or Departure Surface or Clearway will require the closure of said runway. The Airport will be responsible to issue any NOTAMs.

18. OTHER LIMITATIONS ON CONSTRUCTION

Specific limitations on construction are included but not limited to the following:

18.1 Prohibitions

18.1.1 Use of Flare Pots

The use of flare pots is not permitted within the AOA at any time.

18.1.2 Use of Electrical Blasting Caps

The use of electrical blasting caps is not permitted on the Airport property.



18.2 Restrictions

18.2.1 Open Flame Welding and Torches

Open flame welding and the use of torches shall be approved by the Airport prior to the project commencing. Open flame welding and the use of torches may require a “Hot-Work Permit” by a governing agency (the City of Chandler). If this type of work is required on this project, the Contractor shall notify the Airport Operations Superintendent.

18.2.2 Airfield Lighting Vault Lock-Out/Tag-Out Policy

The purpose of this procedure is to standardize the lock-out/tag-out procedures between Electrical Contractors, Airport Electricians, Operations, and the Air Traffic Control Tower:

- The Airport electricians responding to a lock-out/tag-out request will coordinate with the ATCT through Operations.
- After Operations notifies electricians of closures, the Airport electricians will turn off the closed runways/taxiways using the airfield computer system.
- The Contractor will supply an approved breaker-locking device and lock, then lock off the individual breakers for the circuits to be locked out. These items will remain in the vault in a lock box provided by Airport.
- The load break elbows and/or S-1 switches will be pulled, locked on the corresponding regulator by the Electrical Contractor, and the S-1 cabinet will be locked by the Contractor.
- The Electrical Contractor and the Airport electricians must fill out lock-out/tag-out forms before leaving the Vault.
- Upon completion of the lock-out, the Contractor will remove all locks and install the load breaks and/or S-1 switches. All circuits must be verified operational in the manual mode on the regulator. Operations will perform a complete check of the lights in the field to verify actual operation.
- When that has been completed, the Airport electricians will notify the Airport Operations when lock-in is complete and regulators are in active control; Operations will notify the ATCT that they have control of the airfield lighting.
- Complete lock-out/lock-in forms.

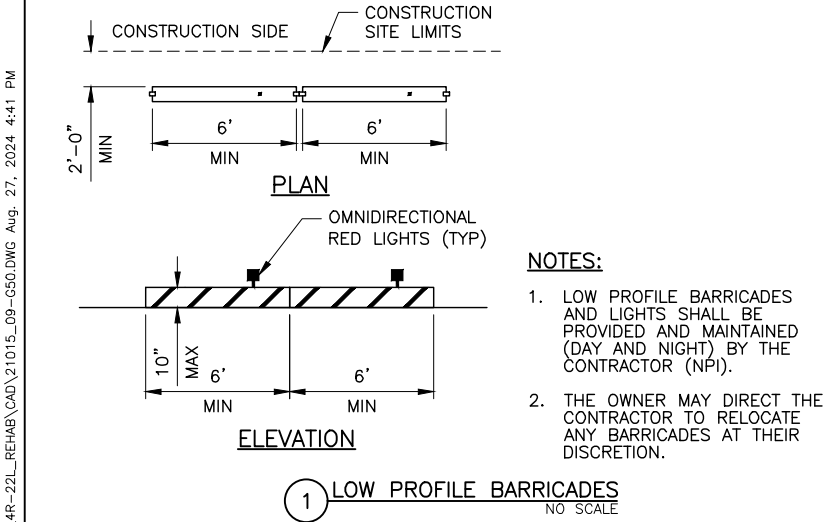
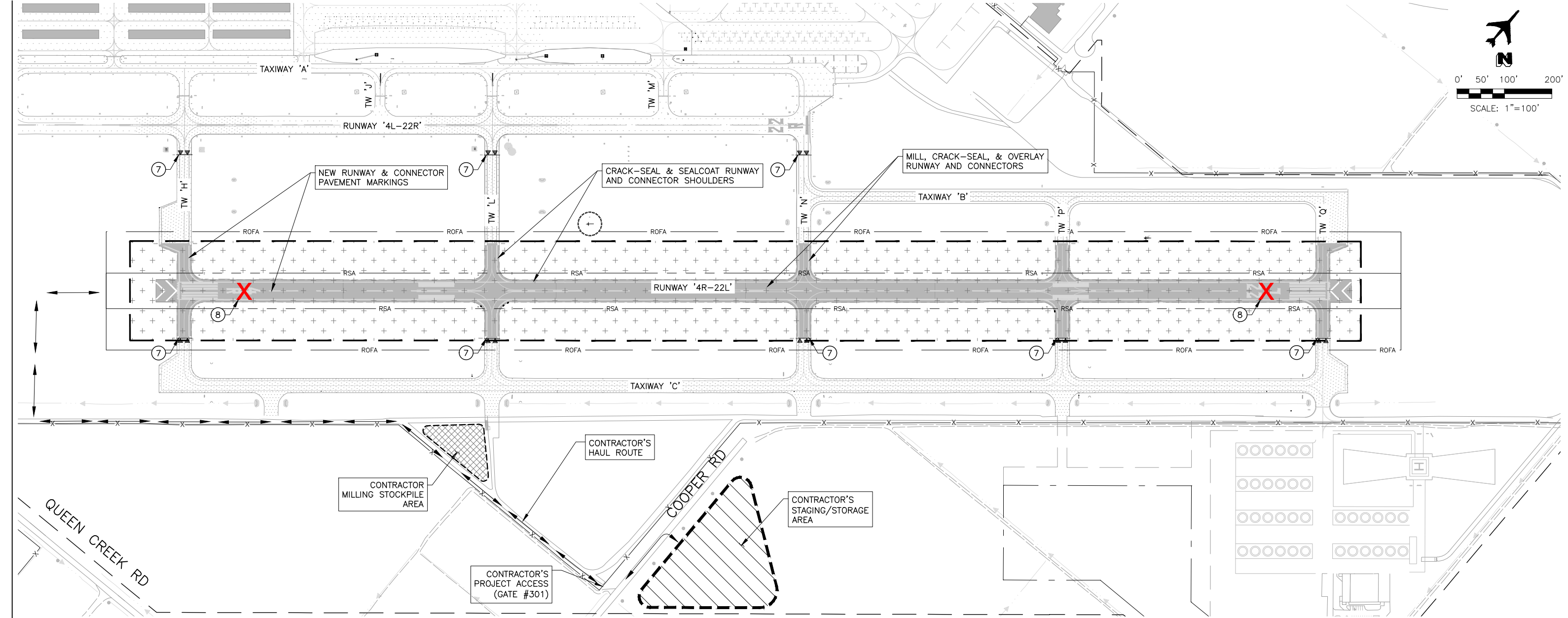
This procedural checklist must be followed to the letter.

18.2.3 Contractor Employee Safety

The Contractor and its employees shall employ safe practices per the Contractor’s safety procedures and industry safety standards. The Contractor’s safety procedures will ultimately dictate the use of protective clothing and equipment for its employees, but at a minimum, the Contractor’s employees must be equipped with a Type 2 safety vest and hard hat, and every employee that enters the site must be wearing said vest and hard hat. The vest and hard hat must be worn the entire time that the employee is within the AOA.



Appendix A Project Site, Barricade & Aircraft Detour Plan



- NOTES:**
1. LOW PROFILE BARRICADES AND LIGHTS SHALL BE PROVIDED AND MAINTAINED (DAY AND NIGHT) BY THE CONTRACTOR (NPI).
 2. THE OWNER MAY DIRECT THE CONTRACTOR TO RELOCATE ANY BARRICADES AT THEIR DISCRETION.

PHASING SUMMARY	
PHASE 1 RW '4R-22L' REHABILITATION. ASPHALT MILLING, CRACK REPAIR, ASPHALT SURFACE COURSE PAVING, TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKINGS.	PHASE DURATION 30 CALENDAR DAYS
SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION	30 CALENDAR DAYS
ASPHALT CURE PERIOD (STOP WORK FOR 30 DAYS)	30 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER TEMPORARY MARKINGS
PHASE 2 PERMANENT PAVEMENT MARKINGS	3 CALENDAR DAYS
FINAL COMPLETION - PROJECT TOTAL	7 CALENDAR DAYS
TOTAL PROJECT COMPLETION	40 CALENDAR DAYS

- PHASING NOTES**
1. ALL DURATIONS ARE CALENDAR DAYS.
 2. THIS PROJECT SHALL BE DAYTIME WORK ONLY. RUNWAY '4R-22L' AND ADJACENT CONNECTORS SHALL BE CLOSED FOR THE DURATION OF PHASE 1 AND 2. TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION HOURS ARE BETWEEN 6:00 AM TO 5:00 PM.
 3. BARRICADE PLACEMENT MAY BE ADJUSTED AT THE DISCRETION OF THE CITY AND/OR AIRPORT STAFF TO ACCOMMODATE SPECIFIC AIRCRAFT MOVEMENT NEEDS.
 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL HOLD SAFETY BRIEFINGS WITH AIRPORT STAFF PRIOR TO THE START OF PHASE 1.
 5. TAXIWAY 'C' TO REMAIN OPEN FOR HELICOPTERS.
 6. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH AIRPORT FOR RUNWAY LIGHTING & SIGNAGE CIRCUIT LOCKOUT/TAGOUT PROCEDURE.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES	
⑦ LOW PROFILE BARRICADES W/ OMNI-DIRECTIONAL LIGHTS DET.1, THIS SHEET	NPI
⑧ LIGHTED X. FURNISHED & MAINTAINED BY CONTRACTOR	NPI
LEGEND	
	PHASE 1 & 2 LIMITS
	CONTRACTOR'S STAGING/STORAGE AREA
	CONTRACTOR MILLING STOCKPILE AREA
	LOW-PROFILE BARRICADES
	CONTRACTOR'S HAUL ROUTE
	LIGHTED 'X'

REV. NO.	DATE	DRWN	CHKD	REMARKS

DESIGNED BY: _____ VS
DRAWN BY: _____ DSO
SHEET CHK'D BY: _____ DHD
CROSS CHK'D BY: _____ VS
APPROVED BY: _____ DHD
DATE: 08/26/2024



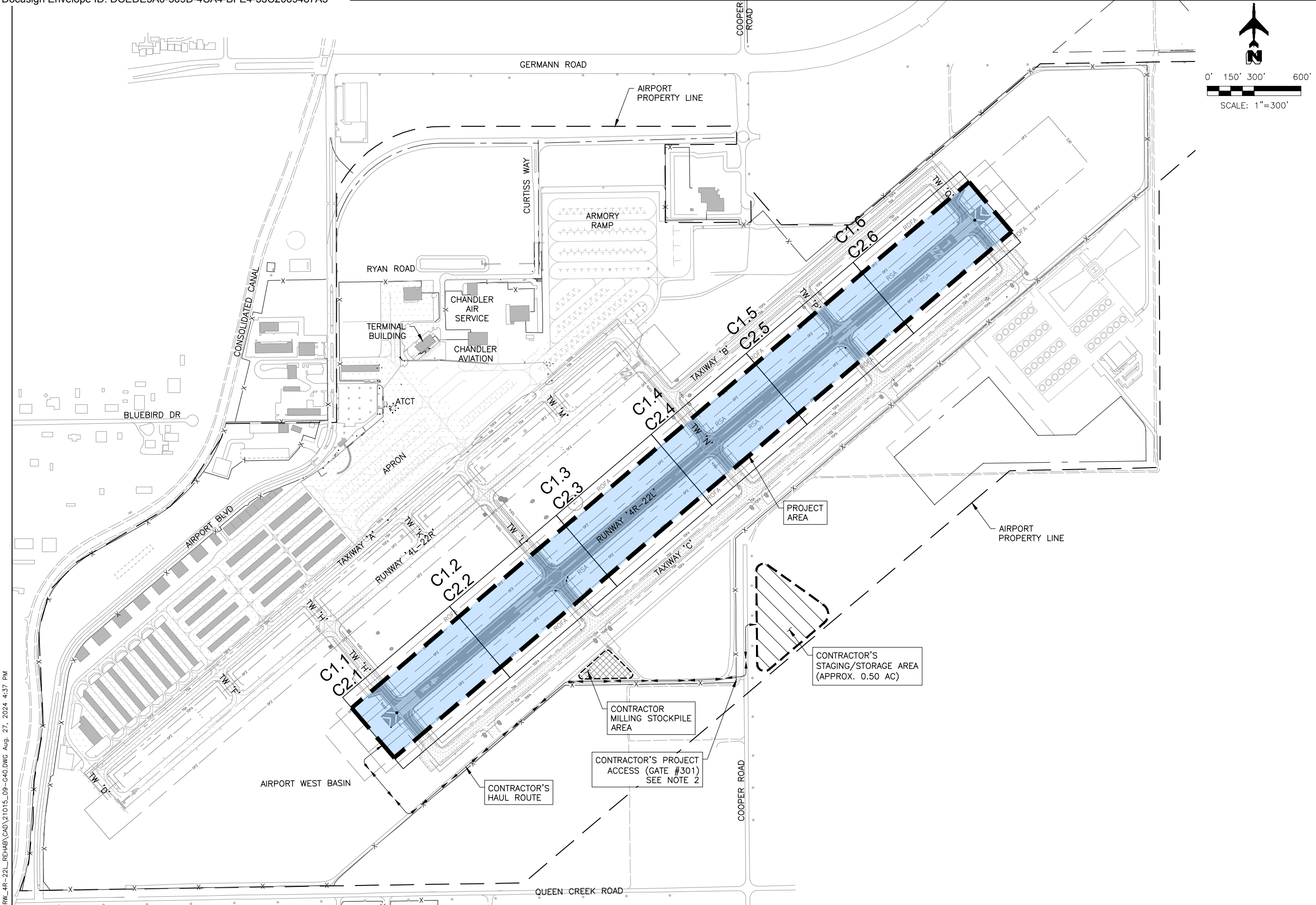
CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA
CHANDLER MUNICIPAL AIRPORT
RUNWAY '4R-22L' REHABILITATION

PROJECT SITE,
BARRICADE & AIRCRAFT
DETOUR PLAN

PROJECT NO. 1021015.09
FILE NAME: 21015_09-G50.DWG
APPENDIX A



Appendix B Airport Site Plan



CONTRACTOR ACCESS & STAGING NOTES

1. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROTECTION OF THEIR OWN EQUIPMENT. CONTRACTOR MAY INSTALL TEMPORARY FENCING AROUND THEIR STAGING AREA AT THEIR OWN EXPENSE, (NPI).

2. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL HAUL ROAD ACCESS POINTS TO THE AIRFIELD FROM UNAUTHORIZED ENTRY. CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP ACCESS GATES CLOSED AND LOCKED OR POST GATE GUARD(S) AT GATES DURING CONTRACTOR'S WORKING HOURS, (NPI).

3. CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR ANY HAUL ROADS USED AND ANY OTHER AREAS DISTURBED BY THE CONTRACTOR THAT ARE OUTSIDE OF THE PROJECT LIMITS TO PRE-CONTRACT CONDITIONS. REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE OWNER/AIRPORT AND/OR ENGINEER, AND SHALL BE AT THE CONTRACTOR'S SOLE EXPENSE, (NPI). THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM A PRE-CONSTRUCTION VISUAL SURVEY OF THE HAUL ROUTE IN CONCERT WITH THE ENGINEER, AIRPORT STAFF AND CITY STAFF.

4. CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING AND HAULING WATER TO THE WORK AREA, (NPI).

5. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT STRAY FROM HAUL ROUTE ON EXISTING MILLINGS ROAD IN THE VICINITY OF SECURE GATE AND THE CONTRACTOR MILLING STOCKPILE AREA.

LEGEND

CONTRACTOR'S STAGING/STORAGE AREA

APPROXIMATE WORK LIMITS

CONTRACTOR MILLING STOCKPILE AREA

CONTRACTOR HAUL ROUTE

FOUND MONUMENT AS NOTED ON SURVEY CONTROL PLAN - G3.0

ARIZONA811

					DESIGNED BY: VS		DIBBLE	CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA CHANDLER MUNICIPAL AIRPORT	AIRPORT SITE PLAN	PROJECT NO. 1021015.09
					DRAWN BY: DSO					FILE NAME: 21015_09-G40.DWG
					SHEET CHK'D BY: DHD					APPENDIX B
					CROSS CHK'D BY: VG					
					APPROVED BY: DHD					
					DATE: 08/26/2024					
REV. NO.	DATE	DRWN	CHKD	REMARKS						



Appendix C Inspection Checklist



Item	Action Required (Describe)	No Action Required (Check)
Excavation adjacent to runways, taxiways, and aprons improperly backfilled.		
Mounds of earth, construction materials, temporary structures, and other obstacles near any open runway, taxiway, or taxi lane; in the related Object Free area and aircraft approach or departure areas/zones; or obstructing any sign or marking.		
Heavy equipment (stationary or mobile) operating or idle near AOA, in runway approaches and departures areas, or in OFZ.		
Equipment or material near NAVAIDs that may degrade or impair radiated signals and/or the monitoring of navigation and visual aids. Unauthorized or improper vehicle operations in localizer or glide slope critical areas, resulting in electronic interference and/or facility shutdown.		
Tall and especially relatively low visibility units (that is, equipment with slim profiles) — cranes, drills, and similar objects — located in critical areas, such as OFZ and approach zones.		
Improperly positioned or malfunctioning lights or unlighted airport hazards, such as holes or excavations, on any apron, open taxiway, or open taxi lane or in a related safety, approach, or departure area.		
Obstacles, loose pavement, trash, and other debris on or near AOA. Construction debris (gravel, sand, mud, paving materials) on airport pavements may result in aircraft propeller, turbine engine, or tire damage. Also, loose materials may blow about, potentially causing personal injury or equipment damage.		
Inappropriate or poorly maintained fencing during construction intended to deter human and animal intrusions into the AOA. Fencing and other markings that are inadequate to separate construction areas from open AOA create aviation hazards.		



Item	Action Required (Describe)	No Action Required (Check)
Improper or inadequate marking or lighting of runways (especially thresholds that have been displaced or runways that have been closed) and taxiways that could cause pilot confusion and provide a potential for a runway incursion. Inadequate or improper methods of marking, barricading, and lighting of temporarily closed portions of AOA create aviation hazards.		
Wildlife attractants — such as trash (food scraps not collected from construction personnel activity), grass seeds, tall grass, or standing water — on or near airports.		
Misleading or malfunctioning obstruction lights. Unlighted or unmarked obstructions in the approach to any open runway pose aviation hazards.		
Failure to issue, update, or cancel NOTAMs about airport or runway closures or other construction related airport conditions.		
Failure to mark and identify utilities or power cables. Damage to utilities and power cables during construction activity can result in the loss of runway / taxiway lighting; loss of navigation, visual, or approach aids; disruption of weather reporting services; and/or loss of communications.		
Lack of radio communications with construction vehicles in airport movement areas.		
Objects, regardless of whether they are marked or flagged, or activities anywhere on or near an airport that could be distracting, confusing, or alarming to pilots during aircraft operations.		
Water, snow, dirt, debris, or other contaminants that temporarily obscure or derogate the visibility of runway/taxiway marking, lighting, and pavement edges. Any condition or factor that obscures or diminishes the visibility of areas under construction.		
Spillage from vehicles (gasoline, diesel fuel, oil) on active pavement areas, such as runways, taxiways, aprons, and airport roadways.		
Failure to maintain drainage system integrity during construction (for example, no temporary drainage provided when working on a drainage system).		



Item	Action Required (Describe)	No Action Required (Check)
Failure to provide for proper electrical lockout and tagout procedures. At larger airports with multiple maintenance shifts/workers, construction contractors should make provisions for coordinating work on circuits.		
Failure to control dust. Consider limiting the amount of area from which the contractor is allowed to strip turf.		
Exposed wiring that creates an electrocution or fire ignition hazard. Identify and secure wiring and place it in conduit or bury it.		
Site burning, which can cause possible obscuration.		
Construction work taking place outside of designated work areas and out of phase		

EXHIBIT B

GENERAL CONDITIONS



GENERAL CONDITIONS

Approved date: July 20, 2022

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Appendix 1 – Policy Statement for Calculating Delays and Damages

Appendix 2 – Cost Reduction Incentive Proposals for Design Bid Build Agreements

Appendix 3 – Contractor's Affidavit Regarding Settlement of Claims

Appendix 4 – Forms of Performance Bond

Appendix 5 – Forms of Payment Bond

Appendix 6 – Dispute Resolution

Appendix 7 – Certificate of Completion

Appendix 8 – Construction Sign Detail

Appendix 9 – Cost of the Work (Applicable solely to Construction Manager at Risk and Job Order Contracting)

Appendix 10 Landscape Establishment Period

SECTION 1 - SCOPE OF THESE GENERAL CONDITIONS

These General Conditions encompass provisions that apply, and are incorporated into all construction Agreements entered into by the City of Chandler, unless otherwise specifically excluded in the executed Agreement.

SECTION 2 - GENERAL DEFINITIONS

Allowance: A specific amount for a specific item of Work, if any, that City agrees has not been sufficiently designed, detailed, or selected (including design changes from 90% to 100% as authorized by and at the discretion of the City) at the time the Agreement Price is agreed to for Contractor to provide a definitive price.

Alternate Systems Evaluations or Alternative Analysis: Alternatives for design, means and methods or other scope considerations that are evaluated using value analysis principles and have the potential to reduce construction costs while still delivering a quality and functional Project that meets City requirements.

Change Order: A written instrument issued after execution of the Agreement Documents signed by City and Contractor, stating their agreement upon all of the following: the addition, deletion or revision in the scope of services or deliverables; the amount of the adjustment to the Agreement Price, the extent of the adjustment to the Agreement Time, or modifications of other agreement terms. The Agreement Price and the Agreement Time may be changed only by Change Order.

Consultant: Person or firm that provides professional services.

City (Owner or OWNER): City of Chandler, a municipal corporation, with whom Contractor has entered into the Agreement and for whom the Work or Services are to be provided pursuant to the Agreement(s).

Contingent Bid Items: This is a minor bid item which is likely, but not certain, to occur during the course of work. If the Engineer determines that this work is required, the Contractor will accomplish the work and payment will be made based on the contingent unit bid price included in the proposal. Since the quantity listed in the proposal is primarily for bid comparison, the amount of work required by the Engineer may vary materially from this.

Agreement: The written agreement executed between City and Contractor, including all of the Agreement Documents.

Agreement Documents: The documents which together form the Agreement between City and Contractor, as identified in Article 2 of the Agreement, or are otherwise incorporated into the Agreement, including the Agreement, the exhibits thereto, these General Conditions, any Notice to Proceed, and any Job Order (if applicable), the Plans and Specifications, Project Schedule, written and properly executed Change Orders, MAG Specifications and City's amendments thereto, and any other documents so designated in the Agreement.

Agreement Price: The agreed-upon price to be paid to Contractor for full, timely, and acceptable completion of the Work or Services under the terms of the Agreement.

Agreement Time(s): The number of calendar days or the dates related to the applicable phase, Substantial Completion, or Final Acceptance as stated in Agreement Documents. Agreement Time starts

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with the Notice to Proceed (NTP) and ends with Final Acceptance. The Agreement Time is set forth in the Agreement and is based upon the Project Schedule agreed to by City in writing.

Contractor: The person or business association with whom City has entered into an agreement for construction related Work or Services in relation to the Project at issue.

Contractor Payment Request: The form that is accepted by City and used by Contractor in requesting progress payments or final payment and which must include such supporting documentation as is required by the Agreement Documents or City.

Construction Budget: The City's budget for construction of the Project.

Construction Documents: The Plans, Specifications, and Drawings prepared and issued by the Design Professional and approved by City for construction, meaning the documents are sealed by the Design Professional (as required), acceptable for permitting and incorporated into the Agreement by this reference. All amendments and modifications to the Construction Documents must be approved in writing by City prior to incorporation into the Agreement.

Cost of the Work: The term Cost of the Work will mean costs necessarily incurred by Contractor in the proper performance of the Work. Such costs will be at rates not higher than the standard paid at the place of the Project except with prior consent of City.

Critical Path Method (CPM): A scheduling technique which identifies the logical sequence of the activities occurring in a Construction Project, the anticipated time required to complete each activity in the Project, and the activities that must be completed on schedule to finish the Project within the anticipated time. Typically, activities are arranged in a network that shows both activities and their dependencies. CPM is also used as a management technique which enables contracting parties to predict when activities may occur so that resources can be effectively used and limitations can be identified.

Critical Path: Critical Path is the sequence of project network activities which add up to the longest overall duration. Once established in the Project Schedule, the Critical Path for the Project must not be changed without prior written approval of City.

Day: Calendar day(s) unless otherwise specifically stated in the Agreement Documents.

Design Professional: The qualified, licensed person, firm or corporation who furnishes design and construction administration services required under the Agreement Documents. These services may include, but are not limited to: development of Construction Drawings and Documents, review of Contractor Submittal(s), review of and response to Requests for Information, approval and certification of progress payment applications, construction administration, and construction agreement close out.

Differing Site Conditions: Concealed or latent physical conditions or subsurface conditions at the Site that, (i) materially differ from the conditions indicated in the Agreement Documents, or (ii) are of an unusual nature, differing materially from the conditions ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in the Work at the general area of the Site. Caliche, rock, hard-digging or sandy/silty soil encountered on a project is not considered a "Differing Site Condition."

Drawings (Plans): Documents, which visually represent the scope, extent and character of the Work to be furnished and performed by Contractor during the construction phase and which have been prepared

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or approved by the Design Professional and City. These documents include Drawings that have reached a sufficient state of completion and released by Design Professional solely for the purposes of review and use in performing constructability or bid-ability reviews by Contractor and in preparing cost estimates (e.g. Master Planning and Programming, Schematic Design, Design Development, and Construction Drawings), but *“not for construction.”* Shop Drawings are not Drawings as so defined.

Final Acceptance: The City's acceptance of the facility or project from the Contractor after all Work is completed, tested, and inspected in accordance with the Agreement requirements. Final Acceptance results in a Letter of Acceptance (LOA).

Fixed Price: A fixed price or amount for an Agreement Price, Scope of Work, materials, or other item under an Agreement, Change Order, or other agreement, which City agrees, in writing, to pay instead of the actual cost.

Float: The number of Days by which an activity can be delayed without lengthening the Critical Path and extending the Agreement Time. Unless otherwise expressly agreed in writing, all Float belongs to City.

Laws, Regulations, or Legal Requirements: Any and all applicable laws, rules, regulations, ordinances, codes and orders applicable to the Project of any and all governmental bodies, agencies, authorities and courts having jurisdiction and any applicable provisions of the Development Agreement for the Project (if any), including, without limitation, those provisions relating to the design and construction of the Project.

Line Item: The individual elements of Work identified on a bid or other schedule and associated with a price or a unit price and quantity particular to that individual element of the Work. Also refers to individual items of work within the Schedule of Values.

Liquidated Damages: Designated damages for the City to collect as compensation upon a specific breach (example: late delivery).

Long-Lead Item: Long-lead item refers to the equipment, product, or system that is identified at the earliest stage of a project to have a delivery time long enough to affect directly the Critical Path/the overall lead time of the project.

MAG: The Maricopa Association of Governments.

MAG Specifications: The most current version of the Uniform Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction published by MAG.

MAG Standard Details: The most current version of the Uniform Standard Details as published by MAG.

Minor change: A change in the Work having no impact on cost or time or the City-approved design intent, as determined by City.

Notice to Proceed (NTP): A written notice given by City to Contractor fixing the date on which Contractor will start to perform Contractor's obligations under the Agreement.

Project: The Project specified in the Agreement (including a Job Order).

Project Manager: The Project Manager designated in Article 1 of the Agreement, or any successor thereto

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designated by City. The Project Manager has the authority to act on behalf of City, as delineated and limited by the Agreement Documents and applicable law. And City will communicate with Contractor through the Project Manager. However, the Project Manager has no authority to bind City or City Council in contravention of any City code, State or Federal statute or regulation, or these General Conditions.

Project Schedule: The schedule for the completion of the Project agreed to and required by City.

Project Specific Conditions: Additional conditions which apply to the specific Project and Scope of Work which are set forth in Exhibit D of the Agreement.

Project Team: The Project Team consisting of the Design Professional, Contractor, Project Manager, and such others as City may designate.

Punch List: The list initially prepared by Contractor pursuant to the Agreement Documents, reviewed and supplemented by the Project Manager (and at the sole option of the Project Manager, the Design Professional) and approved by City containing items of incomplete work not impacting Substantial Completion, if allowed for under the Agreement, and to be completed or corrected by Contractor after Substantial Completion and before Final Acceptance in accordance with the Agreement Documents.

Quality Assurance (QA) Testing: Testing performed to verify the accuracy and applicability of the QC testing results and to ascertain that the materials installed meet the specified levels of quality in accordance with the Agreement Documents.

Quality Control (QC) Testing: Testing performed to assure that the materials installed comply with the requirements in the Agreement Documents.

Requests for Information (RFIs): Formal written request from Contractor to City or Design Professional for the Project seeking clarification or additional information needed for Contractor to properly complete the Work or Services under the Agreement. City may require RFI's to be submitted on a specific form or in a specified format.

Schedule of Values (SOV): The specified document prepared by Contractor, and approved and accepted by City, which divides the Agreement Price into pay items, such that the sum of all pay items equals the Agreement Price for the construction phase Work, or for any portion of the Work having a separate specified Agreement Price.

Scope of Work: The scope of work agreed to or required by City and incorporated into the Agreement as Exhibit A.

Shop Drawings: All drawings, diagrams, schedules and other data specifically prepared for the Work by Contractor or a Subcontractor, Sub-subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier or distributor to illustrate some portion of the Work.

Site: The land or premises on which the Project is located.

Specifications: The part(s) of the Agreement Documents for the construction phase consisting of written technical descriptions of materials, equipment, construction systems, standards and workmanship as applied to the Work and certain administrative details applicable thereto. Where specified, the Project must be constructed using the current Uniform Standard Specifications and Details for Public Works

Construction as furnished by the Maricopa Association of Governments, as amended by City.

Subconsultant: A person, firm or corporation having an Agreement with Consultant/Contractor to furnish services required as its independent professional associate or consultant with respect to the Project.

Subcontractor: An individual or firm having a direct Agreement with Contractor or any other individual or firm having an Agreement with the aforesaid contractors at any tier, who undertakes to perform a part of pre-construction services or construction phase Work at the Site for which Contractor is responsible. Subcontractors must be selected through the Subcontractor selection process described in the Agreement Documents, if any.

Substantial Completion: The date when the City determines that the Work (or separable units of Phases as provided in the Agreement Documents) is essentially and satisfactorily complete in accordance with the Agreement Documents such that the Project is ready for use by the City for its intended purpose, opening to the general public, full occupancy or use by City (including, without limitation, all separate units, or rooms, facilities, access, income-generating areas, and all areas serving the general public, as applicable, must be ready for full operation without material inconvenience or discomfort), including, to the extent applicable to the Work, the following: all materials, equipment, systems, controls, features, facilities, accessories, and similar elements are installed in the proper manner and in operating condition, inspected, and approved; surfaces have been painted; masonry and concrete cleaned with any sealer or other finish applied; utilities and systems connected and functioning; site work complete; permanent heating, ventilation, air conditioning, vertical transportation, and other systems properly operating with proper controls; lighting and electrical systems installed, operable and controlled; paving completed, signage installed, and other work as applicable, has been performed to a similar state of essential and satisfactory completion.

Supplier: A manufacturer, fabricator, distributor, or vendor having a direct Agreement with Contractor or with any Subcontractor to furnish materials or equipment to be incorporated in the construction phase Work by Contractor or any Subcontractor.

Total Float: Number of Days by which pre-construction services or construction phase Work or any part of the same may be delayed without necessarily extending a pertinent Agreement Time or schedule milestone in the Project Schedule.

Work: The entire completion of construction or the various separately identifiable parts thereof, required to be furnished during the construction phase. Work includes and is the result of performing or furnishing labor and furnishing and incorporating materials, resources and equipment into the construction, and performing or furnishing services and documents as required by the Agreement Documents for the construction phase.

Writing: Typing, printing, photography and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form, including email, and expressions.

SECTION 3 - STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS

- 3.1 City operates under the latest revision of the MAG Specifications and MAG Standard Details as amended by City. City's current amendment to the MAG Specifications, part of the City's Unified Development Manual, may be found and downloaded from City's website at <http://www.chandleraz.gov>.

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- 3.2 Copies of the MAG Specifications and MAG Standard Details are available at the Maricopa Association of Governments office, 302 N. 1st Avenue, Suite 300, Phoenix, Arizona. They may also be downloaded from their website at: <http://www.azmag.gov/Newsroom/Publications>
- 3.3 The MAG Specifications and Standard Details and City's amendments thereto are incorporated into the Agreement by this reference.

SECTION 4 - CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR CONSTRUCTION SERVICES**4.1 GENERAL**

- 4.1.1 Contractor must construct the Work in accordance with the Agreement Documents and as outlined in Exhibit A of the Agreement to the satisfaction of City, exercising the degree of professional care, skill, diligence, quality and judgment that a professional construction manager engaged, experienced and specializing in the construction management of construction and facilities of similar scope, function, size, quality, complexity and detail in urban areas throughout the United States comparable to Chandler, Arizona would exercise at such time, under similar conditions. Contractor must, at all times, perform the Work in conformance with sound and generally accepted engineering principles and construction management and construction contracting practices.
- 4.1.2 If Contractor observes errors, discrepancies or omissions in the Agreement Documents, Contractor must promptly notify the Design Professional and City and request clarification. If Contractor, with the exercise of reasonable care, should have recognized such error, inconsistency, omission, or difference and fails to report it to City, and if Contractor proceeds with the Work affected by such observed errors, discrepancies or omissions, without receiving such clarifications, Contractor does so at its own risk and will be liable to City for damages resulting from proceeding without clarification.
- 4.1.3 Project Team and agents of each of them, testing agencies and governmental agencies with jurisdictional interests will be provided access to the Work at reasonable times for their observation, inspection, and testing. Contractor must provide proper and safe conditions for such access.
- 4.1.4 Contractor must comply with, and require all Subcontractors to comply with, the Arizona Contractors' license laws, including all requirements with respect to being duly registered and licensed.
- 4.1.5 Contractor must ensure that all employees performing any Work for which Contractor is responsible have a legal right to live and work in the United States. In addition, all compensation of any such employee must meet all applicable requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) and Federal Minimum Wage laws.
- 4.1.6 Contractor must comply with the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (IRCA). Contractor understands and acknowledges the applicability of the IRCA activities. Contractor agrees to comply with the IRCA while performing their work and to permit City inspection of Contractor personnel records to verify such compliance.
- 4.1.7 Pursuant to MAG Specifications §§ 107.4, Contractor must report immediately any discovery of archeological ruins or artifacts. Excavation must stop immediately so that City can decide on the pertinent steps to follow such discovery.

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- 4.1.8 All property owners that may be affected by the proposed construction activities must be notified of the scope, duration of the construction activities and possible interference with their day-to-day activities by Contractor prior to start of construction. In addition, individual residential or commercial interferences, such as driveway restrictions, water outages, and all other Work adjacent to residence/business, require 48-hour notification in advance of specific adjoining Work. Notification may be through door hangers or other procedures approved by the City.
- 4.1.9 Access must be maintained to adjacent properties at all times during construction. Where property has more than one point of access, no more than one access will be restricted or closed at any one time. Access to adjacent private driveways will be maintained during all non-working hours.
- 4.1.10 Contractor must furnish and erect construction signs in accordance with Project Specifications. The signs must be professionally prepared and subject to approval by City, must be maintained by Contractor for the duration of the project, and must be removed by Contractor during the final project clean up.
- 4.1.11 The number of signs required, the size, shape, installation requirements and information to be included for construction signs is established on the detail sheet, provided, however, signs must be a minimum of 4 foot by 8 foot and must be installed so that the bottom of the sign is at least 4 foot above grade. No direct payment will be made for furnishing and erecting construction signs. The cost thereof must be included in other items for which direct payment is made. Sign locations will be determined by City.
- 4.1.12 All required construction signs must be installed by Contractor within 7 Days of Notice to Proceed.
- 4.1.13 The Work to be accomplished under these Agreement Documents has been designed for City by a Design Professional retained by City for this purpose. It is understood that normal construction Administration for the purpose of interpretation of the Agreement Documents is provided by City. Should any services of the Design Professional be required to assist in the corrections of errors or omissions by Contractor, or services of the Design Professional be required because of changes in structure or equipment where Contractor has requested approval of substitute methods or material, or any other items detailed herein below, those services will be provided by the Design Professional at the standard hourly rates previously negotiated with City and must be paid for by the Contractor.
- 4.1.14 Contractor must reimburse City for costs incurred by the Design Professional for additional services to the Project through no fault of City or the Design Professional including, but not limited to, the following conditions:
- a. Additional Site visits, investigations, inspections, design work or reports by the Design Professional which are required due to damages to existing facilities or completed Work caused by the Contractor in his performance, Contractor's negligence, or Contractor's Work which is rejected as defective or as failing to conform to the Agreement Documents;
 - b. Design Professional construction phase services rendered on the project during the time the project remains incomplete after the Agreement date of final completion will be charged to Contractor at a rate previously negotiated City; and

- c. All retesting required due to the failure of Contractor's Work to meet the requirements of the Agreement Documents will be at Contractor's expense. All standby and travel time by the City's testing lab, the Design Professional or City due to Contractor's inability to be prepared for testing at the agreed upon time will be at the Contractor's expense.

4.1.15 City may withhold from any payment otherwise due to Contractor any amounts necessary to pay the Design Professional for such additional services as provided herein above.

4.1.16 Contractor will not be required to bear additional costs incurred by City due to errors by the Design Professional.

4.2 **CONTRACTOR'S PRE-AGREEMENT AND PRE-WORK DELIVERABLES**

4.2.1 Prior to award of the Agreement, Contractor must execute Agreement and deliver to City. Failure to do so may delay Agreement award. Contractor must also provide to City its Contractor's License classification and number and its Federal Tax I.D. number.

4.2.2 Before beginning any Work under the Agreement, Agreement must be fully executed by City.

4.2.3 After Agreement award, City will issue to Contractor an award letter. At that time Contractor must deliver to City such bonds and certificates of insurance with endorsements in such amounts (and other evidence of insurance requested by City) required under Section 11 of these General Conditions, and as the Agreement requires.

4.2.4 As evidence of Workmen's Compensation Insurance, Contractor must, upon request, provide a letter of certification from the Industrial Commission of Arizona that Contractor is insured by the State Compensation Fund or is an authorized self-insurer or a certificate of insurance issued by an insurance company authorized by the Insurance Department of Arizona to write Workmen's Compensation and Occupational Disease Insurance in the State of Arizona.

4.2.5 Within 10 Days of the date of the executed Agreement letter issued by City, Contractor must submit to City for review and acceptance the following items:

4.2.5.1 Comprehensive construction Project Schedule including a Critical Path Method (CPM) diagram schedule as described in Section 6.2. Project Schedule must be in Microsoft Project standard file format. Within 10 Days of receipt of City's comments, Contractor must make all required corrections, adjustments, and additions to complete the Project Schedule and resubmit to City for review.

4.2.5.2 Preliminary schedule of submittals and Shop Drawings. Within 10 Days of receipt of City's comments, Contractor must submit the corrected and completed schedule of Shop Drawings submissions for approval. Contractor's schedule of Shop Drawings and sample submittals will be acceptable to City if it provides a workable arrangement for reviewing and processing the required submittals.

4.2.5.3 Schedule of Values in a form specified by City reflecting the subcontracts and other categories that will be used to submit Pay Applications for the Work. The total amount of the Schedule of Values must not be greater than the Agreement Price. The Schedule of Values will be reviewed at the Pre-Construction Conference and revised by Contractor within 10 Days after Pre-Construction Conference in response to comments and questions from

City. Once accepted by City in writing, the Schedule of Values for the Project must not be changed without the prior written approval of City.

4.2.6 Video Recording Requirement. Prior to performing any Work, Contractor must document the existing conditions of the Site, all other areas where Work will occur and all adjacent areas that may be impacted by the Work via digital video format. Contractor must video record and index all areas, features, buildings and other public and private improvements that could potentially be impacted by the Work. Video recording must be coordinated with City. When video recording private property, Contractor must also coordinate the video recording with the private property owner, if possible. Contractor must provide City with a copy of said digital video format prior to performing any Work.

4.2.7 Aerial Drone Construction Photography.

4.2.7.1 If Agreement duration is greater than 90 calendar days, Contractor must engage a professional unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) aerial pilot to photograph the Site prior to construction mobilization, at three-month intervals during construction, and following final inspection. Drone camera specifications must meet the following minimum requirements:

- a. 1-inch CMOS
- b. Pixels: 20M
- c. FOV 84 8.8 mm/24 mm (35 mm format equivalent) f/2.8-f/11 auto focus at 1 m-
- d. For photographing: 16.9 Aspect Ratio: 5472x3078
- e. For video shooting: MP4/MOV/H.264
- f. FHD: 1920x1080 120p @100Mbps
- g. File format: High Definition (HD) JPEG for digital photos and HD MPEG 4 for digital video.
- h. All metadata to be recorded including GPS data and preserved with photographs provided.

Interval	JPEG
3 month intervals	At an altitude (AGL) between 70-90 ft.
3 month intervals	Images to be taken every 50-100 ft. to be determined based on project scope.

4.2.7.2 Drone photos to be taken in sequential geographical order and then organized and provided in the same manner unless otherwise specified.

4.2.7.3 Photos to be provided digitally via an online file share service and/or by a USB drive to contractor.

4.2.7.4 Drone pilots to obey ALL local (city, county, state) UAV regulations as well as FAA UAV guidelines including, but not limited to, conducting all flights during daylight hours, not exceeding maximum altitude ceilings (depending on area), not flying over people, yielding to other aircraft.

4.2.7.5 Drone pilots must fly drone within visual line of sight (VSOL) and have visual spotter when needed. Drone pilots only to operate in favorable weather conditions when minimum visibility is 3 miles or greater.

4.2.7.6 Drone pilots to conduct a preflight checklist and visually inspect the entire flight path prior to flying to ensure a safe flight.

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- 4.2.7.7 **Airspace Authorizations.** Operations in Class G airspace are allowed without air traffic control (ATC) permission. Operations in Class B, C, D and E airspace need ATC authorization. Drone pilots to schedule each flight in advance and based on airspace if required will notify nearby airports/control towers, etc.
- 4.2.8 **Government Approvals and Permits.**
- 4.2.8.1 Contractor must obtain all necessary permits for the Work and pay all applicable fees, unless otherwise noted on the Plans and in the Specifications. City permit fees will be paid internally by City. For bidding purposes, an allowance for all permit fees is included in the bid schedule under the item "allowance for permit fees." The Contractor will be paid for the actual cost of the permit fees upon submitting a receipt showing the fee Contractor has paid. Excluded from the above allowance are items such as all costs incurred by the Contractor in securing the permit except for the actual permit fee established by the agency, cost for all shutdowns or outages, cost for pole bracing, cost of permits for construction water, cost of construction water, cost for any additional insurance requirements, cost for any licenses, and other similar type costs. Contractor is specifically notified of the need to obtain the necessary environmental permits or file the necessary environmental and regulatory permit notices.
- 4.2.8.2 Copies of all permits and the associated notices must be provided to City prior to starting the permitted activity.
- 4.3 **PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE**
- 4.3.1 Prior to the commencement of any Work, City will schedule a Pre-Construction Conference.
- 4.3.2 The purpose of this Conference is to establish a working relationship between Contractor, the utility firms, and various City agencies. The agenda will include critical elements of the Work schedule, submittal schedule, cost breakdown of major lump sum items, Payment Requests and processing, coordination with the involved utility firms, and emergency telephone numbers for all representatives involved in the course of construction.
- 4.3.3 Minimum attendance by Contractor at any mandatory meeting with City must be (1) Contractor's Representative, who is authorized to execute and sign documents on behalf of the firm, (2) Contractor's on-site Superintendent, and (3) Contractor's Safety Office, or other employee responsible for safety.
- 4.4 **PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK (INCLUDING FIELD MEASUREMENTS, SUBCONTRACTORS, AND SUPPLIERS)**
- 4.4.1 Unless otherwise provided in the Agreement Documents to be the responsibility of City or a separate Contractor, Contractor must provide through itself or Subcontractors the necessary supervision, labor, inspection, testing, start-up, material, equipment, machinery, temporary utilities and other temporary facilities to permit Contractor to complete the Work consistent with the Agreement Documents.
- 4.4.2 Contractor must perform all construction activities efficiently and with the requisite expertise, skill and competence to satisfy the requirements of the Agreement Documents. Contractor must at all times exercise complete and exclusive control over the means, methods, safety, sequences and techniques of construction.
- 4.4.3 Contractor's Superintendent must be present at the Site at all times that material Work

under this Agreement is taking place. Contractor's Superintendent or designee must be present at the Site at all times any other Work under this Agreement is taking place. Superintendent must not be replaced without written notice to City. Whenever the Superintendent is not present at a particular part of the Work where the City or Design Professional may desire to inform the Contractor relative to interpretation of the Drawings and Specifications or to disapproval or rejection of materials or Work performed, the City or Design Professional may provide such information in writing to the foreman or other worker in charge of the particular part of the Work in reference to which the information is given. Information so given will be as binding as if given to the Superintendent.

- 4.4.4 All elements of the Work must be under the direct supervision of a foreman or his designated representative on the Site who must have the authority to take actions required to properly carry out that particular element of the Work.
- 4.4.5 Working Hours. Except in connection with the safety or protection of persons or the Work or property at the Site or adjacent thereto, and except as otherwise indicated, all Work at the Site must be performed during regular working hours, and Contractor will not permit overtime work or the performance of Work on Saturday, Sunday or any legal holiday without City's written consent given after prior written notice to City. If it will become absolutely necessary to perform Work at night or on Saturdays, Sundays or legal holidays, the City must be informed at least 24 hours in advance of the beginning of performance of such Work. Only such Work will be done at night as can be done satisfactorily as determined by the City. Good lighting and all other necessary facilities for carrying out and inspecting the Work must be provided and maintained at all points where such Work is being done. Further, unless such non-normal work hours are performed at City's request or required by the Agreement Documents, Contractor must pay to City all additional costs incurred by City by reason of such non-normal working hours. Expenses incurred by City for overtime compensation must be reimbursed by Contractor as follows: (i) City staff at the rate set forth in current City Fee Schedule as published on City website, (ii) Design Professional and staff at the standard hourly rates previously negotiated with City, and (iii) all others at actual cost plus ten percent administrative overhead. Such costs may be deducted by City from any payments due to Contractor. Provided, however, if overtime work or work during other than normal hours is at the request of City and not due to Contractor delay, City will pay the cost of City overtime expenses.
- 4.4.6 Where the Agreement Documents require that a particular product be installed or applied by an applicator approved by the manufacturer, it is Contractor's responsibility to ensure the Subcontractor employed for such work is approved by the manufacturer. All materials and equipment must be stored, applied, installed, connected, erected, used, cleaned and conditioned in accordance with the instructions of the applicable manufacturer, fabricator, supplier or distributor, except as otherwise provided in the Agreement Documents; but no provisions of any such instructions will be effective to impose on City or Design Professional responsibility for the means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures of construction or for safety precautions incident thereto.
- 4.4.7 Before starting the Work, Contractor must carefully study and compare the various Plans, Drawings, other Agreement Documents, and Specifications relative to that portion of the Work, as well as the information furnished by City, must take field measurements of any existing conditions related to that portion of the Work and must observe any conditions at the Site affecting it. The exactness of grades, elevations, dimensions, or locations given on any Drawings, or the Work installed by other contractors, is not guaranteed by City.

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- 4.4.8 Before ordering materials or doing Work, Contractor and each Subcontractor must verify measurements at the Site and will be responsible for the correctness of such measurements. No extra charge or compensation will be allowed because of differences between actual dimensions and the dimensions indicated on the Agreement Documents, including the Drawings.
- 4.4.9 Ground Level Construction Photography.
- 4.4.9.1 The Contractor must furnish progress photographs of the project. The photographer selected by the Contractor must be approved by the City and must be either a commercial photographer or an individual experienced and equipped for such photography.
- 4.4.9.2 The Contractor must deliver to City all photographs taken during that period with each application for payment. If the current photographs do not accompany the application, the application will not be reviewed and will be returned to the Contractor as incomplete.
- 4.4.9.3 Photographs must be identified by use of typewritten labels affixed to the back of the photograph. The label must provide a description of the view, the direction from which the photograph was taken, the name of the project, City's project number, the name of Contractor and the date of the photography. The stationing must also be included for all pipeline installations.
- 4.4.9.4 Photographs must be taken during the construction period and must be of aesthetic composition and depict the progress of the Work from the beginning of construction through and including the finished product. City may vary the specified frequency so that significant progress or changes can be recorded on the photographs.
- 4.4.10 Underground Facilities.
- 4.4.10.1 The existence and number of facilities as shown on the Plans are estimated from information furnished by the particular utility. Contractor is responsible for field verification and location of all utilities prior to the start of construction. No field work will be allowed to start until Contractor has contacted Arizona 811 and all affected utilities have been located. In addition, Contractor must expose and physically locate all potentially conflicting utilities prior to construction. The actual locations of the utilities must be compared to locations shown on the Plans and any required changes in alignment and grade must be made at the time of construction in consultation with Project Manager. It is generally recognized and Contractor should anticipate that information from Arizona 811 or information from utility companies during project design, frequently fails to disclose all underground facilities. The fact that more utility lines or other underground facilities are located in the Project Site than shown on the Project Plans does not constitute an "unforeseen Condition" and such undisclosed underground facilities do not differ materially from the conditions which Contractor should expect. The provisions of Sections 105.4, 105.6, 107.11 and 109.8.1 of the MAG Uniform Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction apply and are incorporated herein by this reference.
- 4.4.10.2 Contractor is responsible for all coordination with utility companies. The provisions of Sections 105.4, 105.6, 107.11 and 109.8.1 of the MAG Uniform Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction strictly apply and no additional compensation will be paid to Contractor for delays due to utility work on the project.
- 4.4.11 Relocation of Existing Water Meters. When a service line has been extended and a line

setter installed in a meter box, City forces will re-install meter. No compression fittings will be utilized.

4.4.12 Water Turn-On or Turn-Off.

4.4.12.1 Contractor must coordinate all water line turn-ons and turn-offs through the City. Application must be made to the Municipal Utility Division and Contractor must pay the established charges. The City will close existing valves, but will not guarantee a bone-dry Shutdown.

4.4.12.2 Contractor must notify all customers affected by the turn-off not less than 48 hours in advance. Notification must be in writing, must give the reason for the turn-off and must give the estimated time and duration that water service will be interrupted. Contractor is also notified that water turn-off will not be permitted on the Day before and after Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day.

4.4.12.3 No direct payment will be made to Contractor for turn-ons or turn-offs. Costs associated therewith will be included in other items for which direct payment is made.

4.4.13 Tests and Inspections.

4.4.13.1 Contractor must give City timely (at a minimum, twenty-four hours) notice of readiness of the Work for all required inspections, tests or approvals. Contractor must give timely notice to City in advance of backfilling or otherwise covering any part of the Work so that city representative may, if desired, observe such part of the Work before it is concealed. Whenever Contractor varies the normal period during which Work or any portion of it is carried on each Day, Contractor must give timely notice to City so that city representative may, if desired, be present to observe the Work in progress. If Contractor fails to give such timely notice, any Work done in the absence of city representative will be subject to rejection. If Contractor gives such notice to City, but then is not ready for such inspections, tests, approvals or observations at the time so noticed, Contractor must reimburse City for all costs incurred by the attendance of city representatives.

4.4.13.2 If any law, ordinance, rule, regulation, code, or orders of any public body having jurisdiction requires any Work (or part thereof) to be inspected, tested or approved, Contractor (unless another party is specified in the Agreement Documents) must assume full responsibility therefor, pay all costs in connection therewith and furnish City the required certificates of inspection, testing, or approval. Contractor must also be responsible for and must pay all costs in connection with any inspection or testing required by the Specifications in connection with City's acceptance of a manufacturer, fabricator, supplier or distributor of materials or equipment proposed to be incorporated in the Work, or of materials or equipment submitted for approval prior to Contractor's purchase thereof for incorporation in the Work. The cost of all other inspections, tests and approvals required by the Agreement Documents will be paid by City (unless otherwise specified).

4.4.13.3 All inspections, tests or approvals other than those required by law, ordinance, rule, regulation, code or order of any public body having jurisdiction must be performed by organizations acceptable to City and by the Design Professional if so specified.

4.4.13.4 Neither observations by City, the Design Professional nor inspections, tests or approvals by others will relieve Contractor from their obligations to perform the Work in accordance with the Agreement Documents.

General Conditions

- 4.4.14 Uncovering Work. If any Work that is to be observed, inspected, tested or approved is covered without written concurrence of City, it must, if requested by City be uncovered for observation. Unless Contractor has given City timely notice of Contractor's intention to cover such Work and City has not acted with reasonable promptness in response to such notice, Contractor must furnish all necessary labor, material and bear all the expenses of such uncovering, exposure, observation, inspection and testing and of satisfactory reconstruction, including compensation for additional professional services, and an appropriate deductive Change Order will be issued.
- 4.4.15 In all cases of interconnection of its Work with existing or other Work, Contractor must verify at the Site all dimensions relating to such existing or other Work. Any errors due to Contractor's failure to so verify all such grades, elevations, locations or dimensions must be promptly rectified by Contractor without any increase in the Agreement Price. Any design errors or omissions noted by Contractor during this review must be reported promptly to City.
- 4.4.16 Contractor must establish and maintain all construction grades, lines, levels, and benchmarks, and will be responsible for accuracy and protection of same. This Work must be performed or supervised by a licensed civil engineer or surveyor in the State of Arizona.
- 4.4.17 Contractor must photograph all buried piping of greater than four (4) inches in diameter prior to backfill.
- 4.4.18 Contractor is responsible for the proper performance of the work of Subcontractors and any acts and omissions in connection with such performance. Nothing in the Agreement Documents is intended or deemed to create any legal or contractual relationship between City and any Subcontractor or Sub-Subcontractor, including but not limited to any third-party beneficiary rights.
- 4.4.19 Contractor must coordinate the activities of all Subcontractors. Contractor must coordinate performance of the Work with City's Public Works & Utilities Department and other departments or agencies within City. The Design Professional and other contractors or parties involved in the Project. If City performs other work on the Project or at the Site with separate contractors under City's control, Contractor agrees to cooperate and coordinate its activities with those of such separate contractors so that the Project can be completed in an orderly and coordinated manner without unreasonable disruption.
- 4.4.20 Contractor will not substitute or change any Subcontractor or Supplier without the prior written approval of City. Any substitute or replacement Subcontractor or Supplier must be required to meet the same qualifications and selection criteria and process as the original Subcontractor or Supplier. If a Subcontract/Supplier selection plan has been approved by City, Contractor will follow that plan unless otherwise approved by City in writing.
- 4.4.21 Contractor must not change or replace any members of its Project team, including Contractor's Representative, Project Manager, or Superintendent, without an explanation for the change being given to City, and receiving prior written approval of the change from City, which approval will not be unreasonably withheld.
- 4.4.22 Subcontractors whose scope of work has a value greater than 15% of the total Agreement Price are required to furnish performance and payment bonds to Contractor, unless

otherwise approved in writing by City.

- 4.4.23 Contractor must comply with MAG Specification § 108.2 (E) unless otherwise specified in Agreement Documents.

4.5 **CONTROL OF THE PROJECT SITE**

- 4.5.1 Throughout all phases of construction, including suspension of Work, Contractor must keep the Site reasonably free from debris, trash and construction wastes to permit Contractor to perform its construction services efficiently, safely and without interfering with the use of adjacent land areas. Prior to Final Acceptance of the Work, or a portion of the Work, Contractor must remove all debris, trash, construction wastes, materials, equipment, machinery and tools arising from the Work or applicable portions thereof to permit City to occupy the Project or a portion of the Project for its intended use.
- 4.5.2 Contractor must take whatever steps, procedures or means necessary to prevent dust nuisance due to construction operations. The dust control measures must be maintained at all times to the satisfaction of City and in accordance with the requirements of the Maricopa County Bureau of Air Pollution Control Rules and Regulations.
- 4.5.3 Contractor must maintain Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and American National Standards Institute (ANSI) accessibility requirements during construction activities, including without limitation compliance with the 2010 regulations governing implementation of the ADA to the extent applicable. ADA and ANSI accessibility requirements must include, but not be limited to, parking, building access, areas of refuge, and emergency exit paths of travel. Contractor is responsible for the coordination of all Work to minimize disruption to residents and the public.
- 4.5.4 Only materials and equipment used directly in the Work will be brought to and stored on the Site by Contractor. When equipment is no longer required for Work, it must be removed promptly from the Site. Protection of construction materials and equipment stored at the Site from weather, theft, damage and all other adversity is solely the responsibility of the Contractor.
- 4.5.5 Contractor agrees all persons working on the Site must act at all times in the best interest of the Project and will comply with all applicable rules and regulations reasonably set forth by City related to the Site. Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything in this Agreement to the contrary, City may remove from the Site any individual who City deems in their reasonable discretion to be creating a disturbance or causing any problem on the Site.
- 4.5.6 Contractor will be responsible to City for the acts and omissions of Contractor's employees, Subcontractors and their agents and employees, and any other person performing any of the Work under an Agreement with Contractor, or claiming by, through or under Contractor, for all damages, losses, costs and expenses resulting from such acts or omissions.
- 4.5.7 City may conduct criminal, drive history, and all other requested background checks of Contractor and Subcontractor personnel performing Work or who have access to City's information, data, or facilities in accordance with City's current background check policies, or the provisions of the Project Specific Conditions. Any officer, employee or agent that fails to background check must be replaced immediately.
- 4.5.8 City will have a final authority, based upon security reasons: (i) to determine when

security clearance of Contractor's and Subcontractor's personnel is required; (ii) to determine the nature of the security clearance, up to and including fingerprinting personnel; and (iii) to determine whether or not any individual or entity may provide Services or perform Work under the Agreement.

- 4.5.9 If City objects to any personnel for any reasonable cause, then Contractor must, upon notice from City, remove such individual from the Project.

4.6 **PROJECT SAFETY**

- 4.6.1 The Project and all Work performed in relation thereto is governed by applicable provisions of the federal laws, including but not limited to, the latest amendments of the following:

- a. Williams-Steiger Occupational Safety & Health Act of 1970, Public Law, 91-596.
- b. Part 1910 and Part 1926 – Occupational Safety and Health Standards, Chapter XVII of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations.
- c. Part 1518 – Safety and Health Regulations for Construction, Chapter XIII of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations.

- 4.6.2 Contractor is responsible for safety of the job Site for employees of Contractor as well as for members of the general public and others who may drive or walk through or be at the Site.

- 4.6.3 Contractor recognizes the importance of performing the Work in a safe manner so as to prevent damage, injury or loss to: (i) all individuals at the Site, whether working or visiting; (ii) the Work, including materials and equipment incorporated into the Work and stored On-Site or Off-Site; and (iii) all other property at the Site or adjacent thereto, including trees, shrubs, lawns, walks, pavements, roadways, structures and utilities not designated for removal, relocation or replacement in the course of construction; and (iv) the owners or tenants of adjacent property and their patrons, employees and invitees.

- 4.6.4 Contractor assumes responsibility for implementing and monitoring all safety precautions and programs related to the performance of the Work.

- 4.6.5 Contractor must provide a "competent person" as required by O.S.H.A regulations. The "competent person" must be identified at the Pre-Construction Conference with City advised in writing of any changes.

- 4.6.6 The "competent person" must make routine daily inspections of the Site and must hold weekly safety meetings with Contractor's personnel, Subcontractors and others as applicable.

- 4.6.7 Contractor and Subcontractors must comply with all legal and regulatory requirements relating to safety, as well as any City specific safety requirements set forth in the Agreement Documents, provided that such City-specific requirements do not violate any applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

- 4.6.8 Contractor will immediately report in writing any safety-related injury, loss, damage or accident arising from the Work to Project Manager and, to the extent mandated by Legal Requirements, to all government or quasi-government authorities having jurisdiction over safety-related matters involving the Project or the Work.

- 4.6.9 Contractor's responsibility for safety under this Section is not intended in any way to relieve Subcontractors and Sub-Subcontractors of their own contractual and legal obligations and responsibility for (i) complying with all Legal Requirements, including those related to health and safety matters, and (ii) taking all necessary measures to implement and monitor all safety precautions and programs to guard against injury, losses, damages or accidents resulting from their performance of the Work.
- 4.6.10 As between City and Contractor, Contractor is responsible to City for any and all the safety issues relating to the Work on the Project. Contractor must administer and manage the safety program. This will include, but not necessarily be limited to review of the safety programs of each Subcontractor. Contractor must monitor the establishment and execution of compliance with all applicable regulatory and advisory agency construction safety standards. Contractor's responsibility for review, monitoring, and coordination of the Subcontractor's safety programs will not extend to direct control over execution of the Subcontractors' safety programs. Notwithstanding Contractor's safety obligations to City, it is agreed and understood that each individual Subcontractor will remain controlling employer responsible for the safety programs and precautions applicable to its own work and the activities of other's work in areas designated to be controlled by such Subcontractor for purposes of workers compensation insurance coverage.
- 4.6.11 Nothing in this agreement will relieve Contractor of his responsibility to maintain traffic, structures, etc., as noted on the Plans, Specifications, and Project Specific Conditions. Contractor is responsible to provide all necessary shoring, bracing and trench support as is necessary to maintain traffic structures, etc., as stipulated in the Plans, Specifications, and Special Provisions. If the stability of adjoining building, walls, roadways, etc., is endangered by Contractor's excavation, shoring, bracing, or under pinning must be provided as necessary to ensure project safety. Cost for shoring, bracing, underpinning, and trench support will be included in the appropriate items listed in the Agreement Price, and no additional payment will be made for this work.
- 4.7 **MATERIALS QUALITY, SUBSTITUTIONS, AND SHOP DRAWINGS**
- 4.7.1 **Quality Control and Quality Assurance Testing.**
- 4.7.1.1 All construction materials to be used or incorporated in the Project are subject to inspection, Quality Control & Quality Assurance Testing, and approval or rejection by City. Any material rejected by City must be removed immediately and replaced in an acceptable manner to City at no additional cost to City. When QC/QA tests indicate noncompliance with the Agreement Documents, retesting must be performed by the same testing laboratory that performed the tests that indicated noncompliance.
- 4.7.1.2 The Contractor must establish, provide, and maintain an effective Quality Control Testing Program (QCTP). The Contractor must develop his own program or procure the services of a consultant. In either case, the party performing the tests must be currently certified by the National Bureau of Standards in the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for construction services or the AASHTO Accreditation Plan (AAP) for Soils, Asphalt and Concrete. The Contractor must provide all support necessary to perform QC and QA testing and sampling (i.e. shoring for testing trench backfill, backhoes, motor graders, loaders, etc. to facilitate testing and sampling). The City will perform the QA testing.
- 4.7.1.3 The Contractor must submit a written QCTP to the City as a required submittal. The Contractor must not begin Work until the Quality Control Program has been reviewed and

- accepted by the City. Resumes of all personnel that will be associated directly or indirectly with the QCTP must be included.
- 4.7.1.4 The QCTP must include, but not be limited to, on-site/field and laboratory testing of all material delivered to the Site and any existing materials or conditions pertinent to the project.
- 4.7.1.5 All testing must be under the direction of a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Arizona, knowledgeable in Materials Testing. All "Test Report" forms must be stamped by said Engineer.
- 4.7.1.6 The written QCTP will set forth the responsibilities of the engineer, project manager, supervisory personnel and each technician assigned to this project. Substitutions or replacement of personnel must require prior written approval by the City. All personnel must be proficient within their assigned duties and possess certification(s) commensurate with their position and responsibilities. The minimum certification(s) for each technician must be NICET Level II, Arizona Technical Testing Institute, American Concrete Institute, or other nationally recognized program applicable to the project and approved by the City of Chandler. The written QCTP must include a description of the required field and construction materials laboratory tests, including required frequencies that meet the minimums established herein.
- 4.7.1.7 The Contractor must establish a system to record and report all material test results. The daily test reports must include, but not be limited to:
- a. Test designation;
 - b. Date of test;
 - c. Name of tester;
 - d. Location of test/sample (station and offset);
 - e. Product suppliers and product codes (as applicable);
 - f. Depth/elevation of test/sample;
 - g. Test result;
 - h. Control requirement(s);
 - i. Cause of rejection (if applicable);
 - j. Results of retests (if applicable); and
 - k. Remedial action (if applicable).
- 4.7.1.8 The Contractor must submit test results to the designated City representative.
- 4.7.1.9 The Contractor must also submit a weekly report to the City summarizing the testing and construction activities completed by emailing the report to the email addresses noted above. All weekly reports must be submitted simultaneously to the Contractor and the City of Chandler. The report must include individual summary sheets for each utility line, structure, and portion of the pavement section. Cores must be numbered sequentially throughout the Project. Re-cores must reference the original core by number and must contain the averaged values for thickness and density. Total pavement thickness must be reported. Vertical location of tests for underground utilities must indicate the depth of the

excavation at the location of the test (i.e., cut to flow line [if applicable], depth to bottom or top of pipe, etc.). Density tests must be numbered sequentially. If the minimum number of tests has not been performed per the written QCTP, this must be stated in the weekly summary report with an explanation of the circumstances.

4.7.1.10 The City will maintain a copy of the Project test results and weekly reports in the Project file. In cases where quality control activities do not comply with the Agreement provisions, the City may:

- a. Order the Contractor to replace ineffective or unqualified quality control personnel.
- b. Order the Contractor to stop operations until appropriate corrective action is taken.

4.7.1.11 Although minimum testing requirements are specified herein, the Contractor bears full responsibility for the quality of the materials and their installation and may elect to perform additional testing beyond the requirements set forth herein to ensure compliance.

4.7.1.12 The Quality Control requirements contained in this Section are in addition to and separate from Quality Assurance Testing, which will be performed by the City of Chandler or its representative. If the Quality Assurance test results are not in agreement with the Quality Control test results, the Contractor will have the option to retain a third party consultant for referee tests. The third party consultant must meet the same requirements as the consultant performing the Quality Control Testing. The results of the third party will be binding. All cost incurred by the referee testing will be the Contractor's expense. If the Contractor elects not to retain a third party for referee testing, the City of Chandler test results will prevail.

4.7.1.13 Except as otherwise noted within this Section, Work or materials required by this Section are non-pay items. Per MAG Section 101, a non-pay item is an item of Work for which no separate payment will be made, the cost of which is to be included as an incidental cost for associated item(s) included on the Bid Schedule or Schedule of Values.

4.7.2 Trade Names and Substitutions.

4.7.2.1 Substitutions prior to bid will only be considered if in compliance with Arizona Revised Statute § 34-104.

4.7.2.2 Contractor, if requested by City, must submit Samples or any additional information that may be necessary to evaluate the acceptability of the substitution.

4.7.2.3 City will make the final decision and will notify Contractor in writing as to whether the substitution has been accepted or rejected.

4.7.2.4 If City does not respond within 15 working days, Contractor must continue to perform the Work in accordance with the Agreement Documents and the substitution will be considered rejected.

4.7.3 Shop Drawings.

4.7.3.1 Contractor must prepare and submit Shop Drawings which show details of all Work to insure proper installation of the Work using those materials and equipment specified under the approved Plans and Specifications.

General Conditions

- 4.7.3.2 Contractor must submit a schedule of Shop Drawing submissions, which avoids bulk submissions to the extent reasonably possible, with the Project Schedule for City approval. The schedule of Shop Drawing submissions must include all of the items for which Shop Drawings are required by the Agreement Documents, including the Specifications. Unless otherwise noted, Shop Drawings will not be required for items specified or detailed in the Uniform Standard Specifications and Details or the Technical Specifications.
- 4.7.3.3 Shop Drawings must be numbered consecutively for each Specification section and must accurately and distinctly present the following:
- a. All working and erection dimensions.
 - b. Arrangements and sectional views.
 - c. Necessary details, including complete information for making connections between work under this Agreement and work under other Agreements.
 - d. Kinds of materials and finishes.
 - e. Parts list and description thereof.
- 4.7.3.4 Each Drawing or page must include:
- a. Project Name, City of Chandler Project Number and descriptions.
 - b. Submittal date and space for revision dates.
 - c. Identification of equipment, product or material.
 - d. Name of Contractor and Subcontractor.
 - e. Name of Supplier and Manufacturer.
 - f. Relation to adjacent structure of material.
 - g. Physical dimensions clearly identified.
 - h. ASTM and Federal Specifications references.
 - i. Identification of and justification for deviations from the Agreement Documents.
 - j. Contractor's stamp, initialed or signed, dated and certifying the review of submittal, certification of field measurements and compliance with Agreement.
 - k. Location at which the equipment or materials are to be installed.
- 4.7.3.5 Location will mean both physical location and location relative to other connected or attached material. City will return unchecked any submittal, which does not contain complete data on the Work and full information on related matters.
- 4.7.3.6 Stock or standard drawings will not be accepted for review unless full identification and supplementary information is shown thereon in ink or typewritten form.
- 4.7.3.7 Contractor must schedule, prepare and submit all Shop Drawings in accordance with a timetable that will allow its suppliers and manufacturers sufficient time to fabricate, manufacture, inspect, test and deliver their respective products to the project Site in a timely manner so as to not delay the complete performance of the Work.

General Conditions

- 4.7.3.8 If the Shop Drawings show departures from the Agreement requirements, Contractor must make specific mention thereof in the Letter of Transmittal; otherwise review of such submittals by City will not constitute review of the departure. Review of the Drawings will constitute review of the specific subject matter for which the Drawings were submitted and not of any other structure, material, equipment, or apparatus shown on the Drawings.
- 4.7.3.9 The review of Shop Drawings will be general and will not relieve Contractor of responsibility for the accuracy of such Drawings, nor for the proper fitting and construction of the Work, nor for the furnishing of materials or Work required by the Agreement. No construction called for by Shop Drawings will be initiated until such Drawings have been reviewed and approved by City.
- 4.7.3.10 The procedure in seeking review of the Shop Drawings will be as follows:
- a. Contractor must submit complete sets of Shop Drawings and other descriptive data as specified in this Section.
 - b. After Contractor's submittal or resubmittal of Shop Drawings, if Contractor has submitted Shop Drawings in accordance with the City-approved submittal schedule, or upon resubmission, City will be provided with three (3) calendar weeks for review. Should City require additional review time above and beyond the three (3) calendar weeks, Contractor may ask for a time extension or monetary compensation, if they can present valid, factual evidence that actual damages were incurred by Contractor. City will determine the amount of the time extension or the monetary compensation to be awarded Contractor, if any, in accordance with City's Policy Statement for Calculating Delays and Damages, Appendix 1.
- 4.7.3.11 Contractor will be responsible for all extra costs incurred by City caused by Contractor's failure to comply with the procedure outline above.
- 4.7.4 Long Lead Time Items. Contractor must submit Shop Drawings, as required by the Engineer, on all long lead items to be furnished and installed as part of the project within 10 Days after the date of the executed Agreement letter issued by City. In addition, Contractor must order all long lead items to be furnished and installed as part of this Project within 3 Days after receiving approved Shop Drawings. For all long lead times for which Shop Drawings are not required, Contractor must order said long lead items within 15 Days after the date of the executed Agreement letter issued by City. Within 2 Days after ordering long lead items, Contractor must supply copies of all purchase orders, along with an accurate delivery schedule from the supplier.
- 4.7.5 Construction Water. If Contractor uses water from City's water system for construction water, Contractor must obtain a fire hydrant meter from City of Chandler Utility Services (480-782-2280) and all construction water must be obtained through the hydrant meter. Contractor must pay all fees related to the hydrant meter and all water bills for construction water. All cost for meters and construction water will be included in the Agreement Price.
- 4.8 **PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS**
- 4.8.1 During the construction period, Contractor must maintain at the jobsite a full-size set of prints of the Construction Document Drawings and Shop Drawings for Project Record Document purposes.

- 4.8.2 Contractor must mark these Drawings to indicate the actual installation where the installation varies from the original Construction Documents. Contractor must give particular attention to information on elements that will be concealed, which would be difficult to identify or measure and record later. Items required to be marked include but are not limited to:
- a. Dimensional changes to the Drawings.
 - b. Revisions to details shown on Drawings.
 - c. Locations and depths of underground utilities.
 - d. Revisions to routing of piping and conduits.
 - e. Actual equipment locations.
 - f. Changes made by Change Order or Addendum.
 - g. Details not on original Agreement Drawings.
- 4.8.3 Contractor must mark completely and accurately Project Record Drawing sets of Construction Documents.
- 4.8.4 Contractor must mark Project Record Drawings sets with red erasable colored pencil.
- 4.8.5 Contractor must note Request for Information (RFI) Numbers and Change Order numbers, etc., as required to identify the source of the change to the Construction Documents.
- 4.8.6 Contractor must submit Project Record Drawing sets and Shop Drawings to City or its representative for review and comment.
- 4.8.7 Upon receipt of the reviewed Project Record Drawings from City, Contractor must correct any deficiencies and omissions to the Drawings and submit the final original of the Project Record Drawings to City prior to Final Payment.
- 4.8.8 Project Manager will review the Project Record Drawings monthly prior to the date established for the Payment Request and will be the sole judge of acceptance of these Drawings.

4.9 **WARRANTY AND CORRECTION OF DEFECTIVE WORK**

- 4.9.1 Contractor warrants to City that the construction, including all materials and equipment furnished as part of the Work, will be new unless otherwise specified in the Agreement Documents, of good quality, and free of defects in materials and workmanship. Contractor's warranty obligation excludes defects caused by abuse, alterations, or unreasonable failure to maintain the construction by persons other than Contractor, subcontractors, or others under Contractor's control. Nothing in this warranty will limit any manufacturer's warranty which provides City with greater warranty rights than set forth herein or in the Agreement. Contractor will provide City with all manufacturers' warranties and operation and maintenance manuals upon substantial completion of the Work. Contractor's warranty must be for one (1) year, in accordance with MAG Specification § 108.8, and will commence for all portions of the Work upon Final Acceptance of the entire Work as determined by City under the Agreement. All statutory or other warranties, express or implied, related to latent defects will remain in force and are not limited by this provision.
- 4.9.2 City May Stop the Work. If the Work is defective, or Contractor fails to supply sufficient skilled workmen or suitable materials or equipment, City may order Contractor to stop the

Work without cost to City, or any portion thereof, until the cause for such order has been eliminated; however, this right of City to stop the Work will not give rise to any duty on the part of City to exercise this right for the benefit of Contractor or any other party.

4.9.3 Correction or Removal of Defective Work.

4.9.3.1 If required by City, Contractor must promptly, without cost to City and as specified by City, either correct any defective Work, whether or not fabricated, installed or completed, or, if the Work has been rejected by City, remove it from the Site and replace it with non-defective Work. Contractor must correct any Work which may be displaced in correcting, removing or replacing defective Work. No compensation will be allowed Contractor for such removal, replacement or remedial Work. Contractor must reimburse City for costs incurred by City due to such correction or removal including but not limited to additional expenses for inspection, testing or observation and for repeated reviews by the City or Design Professional.

4.9.3.2 Upon failure on the part of the Contractor to comply within a reasonably prompt time with any written order of City to correct or remove defective Work, City has authority to cause nonconforming materials or rejected Work to be remedied, removed, or replaced at the Contractor's expense and to deduct the costs from any moneys due or to become due the Contractor.

4.9.4 City May Correct Defective Work. If Contractor fails within a reasonable time after written notice of City to proceed to correct defective Work or to remove and replace rejected Work as required by City or if Contractor fails to perform the Work in accordance with the Agreement Documents (including any requirements of the progress schedule), City may, after 7 Days' written notice to Contractor, correct and remedy any such deficiency. To the extent necessary to complete corrective and remedial action, City may exclude Contractor from all or part of the Work, and suspend Contractor's services related thereto, take possession of Contractor's tools, appliances, construction equipment and machinery at the Site and incorporate in the Work all materials and equipment stored at the Site or for which City has paid Contractor, but which are stored elsewhere. Contractor must allow City, city representatives, agents and employees such access to the Site as may be necessary to enable City to exercise City's rights under this Section. All direct and indirect costs of City in exercising such rights will be charged against Contractor in an amount verified by City representative, and a Change Order will be issued incorporating the necessary revisions in the Agreement Documents and a reduction in the Agreement Price. Such direct and indirect costs will include, in particular but without limitation, compensation for additional professional services required and all costs of repair and replacement of Work or others destroyed or damaged by correction, removal or replacement of Contractor's defective Work. Contractor will not be allowed an extension of the Agreement Time because of any delay in Contractor's performance of the Work attributable to the exercise by City or City's rights hereunder.

4.9.5 Correction or Removal of Unauthorized Work.

4.9.5.1 Any Work done beyond the lines and grades shown on the Drawings or established by the Design Professional or any changes in, additions to, or deductions from the Work done without written authority will be considered as unauthorized and will not be paid for. Work so done may be ordered remedied, removed, or replaced at the Contractor's expense.

4.9.5.2 Upon failure on the part of the Contractor to comply promptly with any order of the City,

City will have authority to cause unauthorized Work to be remedied, removed, or replaced at the Contractor's expense and to deduct the costs from any moneys due or to become due the Contractor.

4.9.6 Correction Period - One Year Guarantee.

4.9.6.1 If, within one year after the date of Final Acceptance, or such longer period of time as may be prescribed by law or by the terms of any applicable special guarantee required by the Agreement Documents, or by any specific provision of the Agreement Documents, any Work is found to be defective, Contractor must promptly, without cost to City and in accordance with City's written instructions, either correct such defective Work, or, if it has been rejected by City, remove it from the Site and replace it with non-defective Work. If Contractor does not promptly comply with the terms of such instructions, or in an emergency where delay would cause serious risk of loss or damage, City may have the defective Work corrected or the rejected Work removed and replaced, and all direct and indirect costs of such removal and replacement, including compensation for additional professional services, must be paid by Contractor. Such action by the City will not relieve the Contractor of the guarantees required by this Section or elsewhere in the Agreement Documents.

4.9.6.2 If, in the opinion of the City, defective Work creates a dangerous condition or requires immediate correction or attention to prevent further loss to the City or to prevent interruption of operation of the City, the City will attempt to give the notice required by this Section. If the Contractor cannot be contacted or does not comply with the City's request for correction within a reasonable time as determined by the City, the City may, notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, proceed to make such correction or provide such attention; and the costs of such correction or attention will be charged against the Contractor. Such action by the City will not relieve the Contractor of the guarantees required by this Section or elsewhere in the Agreement Documents.

4.9.6.3 This Section does not in any way limit the guarantee on any items for which a longer guarantee is specified or on any items for which a manufacturer or supplier gives a guarantee for a longer period. The Contractor agrees to act as co-guarantor with such manufacturer or supplier and must furnish the City all appropriate guarantee or warranty certificates upon completion of the Project. No guarantee period, whether provided for in this Section or elsewhere, will in any way limit the liability of Contractor or their sureties or insurers under the indemnity or insurance provisions of these General Conditions and the Project Specific Special Conditions.

4.9.7 Acceptance of Defective Work.

4.9.7.1 If, instead of requiring correction or removal and replacement of defective Work, City may accept Work when in the best interest of the City to do so with appropriate monetary credit from Contractor. If any such acceptance occurs prior to final payment, a Change Order will be issued incorporating the necessary revisions in the Agreement Documents, including appropriate reduction in the Agreement Price; or, if the acceptance occurs after final payment, an appropriate amount must be paid by Contractor to City.

4.9.7.2 Alternatively, City may require Contractor to furnish at Contractor's expense, a special performance guarantee or other surety prior to acceptance of defective work.

4.9.8 The Warranty period begins on the Final Acceptance date noted in the Certificate of Completion, irrespective of early completion by some Subcontractors of their work.

General Conditions

- 4.9.9 Contractor's warranty obligation must be in accordance with MAG Specifications.
- 4.9.10 Nothing in the warranties contained in the Agreement Documents are intended to limit any manufacturer's warranty which provides City with greater warranty rights than set forth in this Section or the Agreement Documents. Contractor must provide City with all manufacturers' warranties prior to Substantial Completion, if applicable, or Final Acceptance.
- 4.9.11 Contractor agrees that it will be responsible to manage and administer the correction of any Work that is not in conformance with the Agreement Documents during the warranty periods set forth in this Section, or during any longer periods to the extent required by the Agreement Documents. A progress payment, or partial or entire use or occupancy of the Project by City, will not constitute acceptance of Work not in accordance with the Agreement Documents.
- 4.9.12 When notified of a warranty issue, Contractor must respond in writing within 48-hours and must perform warranty Work as soon as material for said repairs are available (as judged solely by City), and in any event Contractor must, take immediate steps to commence and complete correction of nonconforming Work no later than the time period set forth in City's written notification in accordance with the Agreement Documents. This includes the correction, removal or replacement of the nonconforming Work and any damage caused to other parts of the Work affected by the nonconforming Work. If defects develop which are determined by City to be an emergency, City will notify Contractor, via the most expeditious means regarding the nature and condition of the defects. In turn, Contractor must immediately dispatch necessary forces to correct the defect or the emergency condition in accordance with Agreement Documents.
- 4.9.13 The time periods referenced in this Section apply only to Contractor's obligation to correct nonconforming Work and is not intended to constitute a period of limitations for any other rights or remedies that City may have regarding Contractor's other obligations under the Agreement Documents.
- 4.9.14 Without limiting the foregoing or anything in these General Conditions or the Agreement to the contrary, Contractor must obtain and provide to City all warranties for any portion of the Project offered by the manufacturer, installer or provider thereof. City and the user of the facility will have the right to the full value and benefit of all such warranties. Contractor must ensure all such warranties are fully transferrable to facilitate the full value of this Section.
- 4.9.15 Contractor's warranty excludes damages or defects caused by abuse, alterations to the Work not executed by or through Contractor, improper or insufficient maintenance, improper operation, or normal wear and tear and normal usage.
- 4.9.16 In the event of any noncompliance with this entire Section 4, City may require Contractor to stop or suspend the Work in whole or in part.

SECTION 5 - CITY RESPONSIBILITIES**5.1 CITY PROJECT MANAGER AND INSPECTORS**

- 5.1.1 Project Manager is responsible for providing City-supplied information and approvals in a timely manner to assist Contractor to fulfill its obligations under the Agreement Documents.

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- 5.1.2 Project Manager will also provide Contractor with prompt notice when it observes any failure on the part of Contractor to fulfill its contractual obligations, including any default or defect in the Project or non-conformance with the Drawings and Specifications.
- 5.1.3 City may utilize Field Inspectors to assist Project Manager during construction in observing performance of Contractor. City's use of Inspectors is for the purpose of assisting Project Manager.
- 5.1.4 The Inspectors are authorized to inspect all Work and materials furnished. Such inspections may extend to all or part of the Work and to preparation, fabrication or manufacture of the materials to be used. The Inspectors have the authority to issue instructions contrary to the Construction Documents if approved and coordinated with the directions of Project Manager.
- 5.1.5 The Inspectors have the authority to reject work or materials until any questions at issue can be decided by Project Manager.
- 5.1.6 The use of Inspectors by City will not make City responsible for or give City control over construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures or for safety precautions or programs or responsibility for Contractor's failure to perform the Work in accordance with Agreement Documents. The Inspectors are not authorized to direct any of Contractor's activities, employees or Subcontractors.
- 5.2 **DESIGN PROFESSIONAL SERVICES**
City may contract separately with one or more Design Professionals to provide construction administration of the Project. The Design Professional's Agreement, as well as other firms hired by City may be furnished to Contractor. Contractor does not have the right to limit or restrict or reject any Agreement modifications that are mutually acceptable to City and Design Professional.
- 5.3 **CITY'S SEPARATE CONTRACTORS**
City is responsible for all work performed on the Project or at the Site by separate contractors retained by City. City will contractually require its separate contractors to reasonably cooperate with, and reasonably coordinate their activities so as not to interfere with Contractor in order to enable Contractor to timely complete the Work consistent with the Agreement Documents. Contractor must immediately notify the Project manager, and address the matter in the next monthly status report, if any activities of such separate contractors are expected to interfere, or are interfering, with Contractor and such interference will or could result in any delay in Contractor's performance of the Work.
- 5.4 **PERMIT REVIEW AND INSPECTIONS**
- 5.4.1 If requested by Contractor, Project Manager will provide assistance and guidance in obtaining necessary reviews, permits and inspections.
- 5.4.2 The regulating agencies of City, such as Development and Sustainability, Fire and Planning Departments, enforce legal requirements. The enforcement activities of City are independent and separate from this Agreement.
- 5.5 **PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS TO THE CONTRACTOR**
Contractor will be provided up to five copies of the Agreement Documents as are reasonably necessary for the execution of the Work. Additional copies will be furnished,

upon request, at the cost of reproduction.

SECTION 6 - AGREEMENT TIME

6.1 AGREEMENT TIME

- 6.1.1 The Agreement Time will start with the Notice to Proceed ("NTP") and end with Final Acceptance.
- 6.1.2 Beginning on the date of the NTP, Contractor must begin to fulfill Contractor's obligations under the Agreement. Contractor's obligations include providing City and other agencies with any submittals required by the Project Specific Special Provisions, including but not limited to, an approved Project Schedule, Traffic Control Plans, and a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan. Contractor must submit all such required submittals before any physical construction work commences on the Site. NTP does not authorize construction work until all agreement insurance, bonds, and schedules are submitted to and accepted by the City.
- 6.1.3 The Agreement Time will be as set forth in the Project Schedule. Contractor agrees that it will commence performance of the Work and complete the Project through both Substantial Completion and Final Acceptance within the Agreement Time.
- 6.1.4 Time is of the essence of this Agreement, for the Project, for the Work, and for each phase and designated Milestone thereof.
- 6.1.5 Failure of Contractor to perform any covenant or condition contained in the Agreement Documents within the time periods specified herein, will constitute a material breach of this Agreement entitling City to terminate the Agreement unless Contractor applies for and receives an extension of time, in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Agreement Documents.
- 6.1.6 Failure of City to insist upon the performance of any covenant or condition within the time periods specified herein, will not constitute a waiver of Contractor's duty to perform every other covenant or condition within the designated periods, unless a specific waiver is granted in writing for each such covenant or condition.
- 6.1.7 City's agreement to waive a specific time provision or to extend the time for performance will not constitute a waiver of any other time provisions contained in the Agreement Documents. Failure of Contractor to complete performance promptly within the additional time authorized in the waiver or extension of time agreement constitutes a material breach of this Agreement entitling City to all the remedies set forth herein or provided by law.

6.2 PROJECT SCHEDULE

- 6.2.1 The Project Schedule must be in Microsoft Project standard file format, must be updated and maintained throughout the Agreement Time, and must contain the following:
 - 6.2.1.1 Detailed representation of all activities for the project, both on-site construction and major procurement. All significant activities together with the resource loading requirements for each and all items appearing on the schedule of values or bid schedule for progress payments must be shown on the Project Schedule or in attached transmittal letter as described in Section 6.2.8.

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- 6.2.1.2 Dependencies between activities must be indicated so that it may establish as to the effect the progress of any one activity would have on other activities and on the Schedule.
- 6.2.1.3 Activities for submission, review, and approval of all required submittals.
- 6.2.1.4 An amount of time will be established prior to the final completion date for “punch list and cleanup”. No other activities will be scheduled during this period. Punch list and cleanup must be shown on the Project Schedule and must be entirely completed prior to the expiration of the Agreement Time.
- 6.2.2 Within 10 Days of receipt of City’s comments, Contractor must make all required corrections, adjustments, and additions to complete the Project Schedule and resubmit to City for review. City’s review of and response to the Project Schedule is for the purpose of: (1) City planning and staffing for the Project as may be required from time to time; (2) ensuring Contractor’s general conformance with the scheduling requirements of the Agreement Documents and completion of the Project within the Agreement Time; and (3) monitoring and evaluating the construction status for purposes of approving monthly progress payments. Acceptance of a submitted schedule by City should in no way be construed as an affirmation or admission that the schedule is reasonable or workable by Contractor. The responsibility for completing the Work on the Project within the Agreement Time remains the obligation of Contractor. City’s review does not relieve Contractor from compliance with the requirements of the Agreement Documents or be construed as relieving Contractor of its complete and exclusive control over the means, methods, sequences and techniques for executing the work.
- 6.2.3 The Project Schedule must show milestones, including milestones for City-furnished information, and must include activities for City-furnished material and construction by other contractors when those activities are interrelated with Contractor activities.
- 6.2.4 The Project Schedule must be revised as required by conditions and progress of the Work, but such revisions do not relieve Contractor of its obligations to complete the Work within the Agreement Time, as adjusted in accordance with the Agreement Documents. No modification to the Agreement Documents or the Agreement Time will be effective unless approved in advance by City.
- 6.2.5 For all items of materials and equipment that are critical or may require long lead times to acquire, the Project Schedule must show dates for submission, review and approval of submittals, ordering, and delivery.
- 6.2.6 An updated Project Schedule must be submitted monthly to City as part of the Payment Request. The monthly submittal must include one full size plot of the entire schedule and one electronic copy containing the schedule in Microsoft Project standard file format. In addition, Contractor must, upon request by City, provide a copy of all submitted schedule data in electronic format which must be clearly labeled with the Project description, scheduling program name and version number, and schedule print/data date.
- 6.2.7 Contractor must provide City with a monthly status report with each Project Schedule detailing the progress of the Work, including: (i) if the Work is proceeding according to schedule, (ii) any discrepancies, conflicts, or ambiguities found to exist in the Agreement Documents that require resolution, and (iii) other information detailing items that require resolution so as not to jeopardize the ability to complete the Work in the Agreement Time.

- 6.2.8 With each Project Schedule submittal, Contractor must include a transmittal letter including the following:
- a. Description of problem tasks, referenced to field instructions or requests for information (RFI's), as appropriate.
 - b. Current and anticipated delays including:
 - (i) Cause of the delay.
 - (ii) Corrective action and schedule adjustments to correct the delay.
 - (iii) Known or potential impacts and their delay on other activities, milestones, and their impact on the Substantial Completion and Final Acceptance dates.
 - (iv) Changes in construction sequence.
 - c. Pending items and status thereof including but not limited to:
 - (i) Time Extension requests;
 - (ii) Substantial Completion date status;
 - (iii) Final Acceptance date status.
 - d. If ahead of schedule, the number of calendar Days ahead.
 - e. If behind schedule, the number of calendar Days behind.
 - f. Other Project or scheduling concerns.
- 6.2.9 Critical Path Method (CPM).
- 6.2.9.1 Unless otherwise specified in the Agreement, the Project Schedule must include a Critical Path Method (CPM) diagram schedule showing the sequence of activities, the interdependence of each activity and identifies the Critical Path.
- 6.2.9.2 The CPM diagram schedule must be in calendar Days and indicate duration, earliest and latest start and finish dates for all activities, and total Float Times for all activities except critical activities. The CPM diagram must be presented in a time scaled graphical format for the Project as a whole.
- 6.2.9.3 The CPM diagram schedule must indicate all relationships between activities.
- 6.2.9.4 The activities making the Project Schedule must contain sufficient detail to assure that adequate planning has been done for proper execution of the Work and such that it provides an appropriate basis for monitoring and evaluation the progress of the Work. Individual activities must not exceed 30 Days in length, in most cases.
- 6.2.9.5 The CPM diagram schedule must be based upon activities, which coincide with the Schedule of Values.
- 6.2.9.6 The CPM diagram schedule must show all submittals associated with each work activity and the review time for each submittal.
- 6.2.10 Float Time.
- 6.2.10.1 The total Float Time within the overall schedule is for the exclusive use of City, but City may approve Contractor's use of Float as needed to meet Agreement Milestones and

the Project completion date.

- 6.2.10.2 Contractor will not be allowed to sequence, hide, or reallocate Float Time through such strategies, as extending activity duration estimates to consume available Float, using preferential logic, or using extensive crew/resource sequencing, etc. No time extensions will be granted nor delay damages paid until a delay occurs which extends the Work beyond the Agreement Time.
- 6.2.11 City-Caused Delays. City-caused delays on the Project, if any, may be offset by City-caused time savings (i.e., Critical Path submittals returned in less time than allowed by the Agreement, approval of substitution requests and credit changes which result in savings of time to Contractor, etc.) In such an event, Contractor will not be entitled to receive a time extension or delay damages until all City-caused time savings are exceeded and the Agreement Time is also exceeded.
- 6.2.12 Rain-Related Delays. Contractor is required, in preparing the Project Schedule to take into account all relevant weather conditions, including normal rainfall and distribution. No additional compensation will be given for any rain-related delays or impacts on the Work or the Project Schedule. No time extension will be granted in the Project Schedule unless the rainfall during the construction of Work is unusually severe, was not reasonably anticipated, and the total rainfall was significantly in excess of the normal rainfall for the Project Site location. Normal rainfall for the Project will be determined from the 10-year average rainfall for the Site as measured by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or comparable source of reliable information for rainfall in Chandler, Arizona. In addition, the excessive rainfall must have actually impacted Work activities on the Critical Path and caused delay beyond any remaining Float at the time of the rain-caused delay. The burden of documenting normal rainfall, the excessive rainfall and the impact on Critical Path activities is on Contractor. All other provisions in the Agreement Documents relating to claims, including without limitation notice requirements, apply to any claim by Contractor for a rain delay.
- 6.2.13 City's "Policy Statement for Calculating Delays and Damages," Appendix 1 to these General Conditions, will apply to all claims of delay and delay damages.
- 6.2.14 Force Majeure. If Contractor is delayed or prevented from the performance of any Work required under this Agreement by reason of acts of God or other causes beyond the control and without fault of Contractor (financial inability excepted), performance of that Work will be excused, but only for the period of the delay. The time for performance of the Work will be extended for a period equivalent to the period of delay. In addition, the parties agree if Contractor's delayed or suspended performance directly arises out of or directly results from the COVID-19 pandemic, Contractor's delayed or suspended performance may be excused as set forth in this clause. Provided, however; Contractor must give the City written notice within 30 days of the occurrence of the event giving rise to COVID-19 pandemic related delayed or suspended performance. For COVID-19 pandemic related delay or suspended performance, the parties must agree in writing to the length of the excused delay or suspended performance. Further, Contractor must obtain the City's written approval to use any allowance established as part of the project for delays and costs related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

6.3 **SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION**

- 6.3.1 When Contractor considers that the Work, phase or a portion thereof, which City agrees in

writing to accept separately, is substantially complete, City will prepare and submit to Contractor a comprehensive Punch List of items to be completed or corrected prior to Final Acceptance and Final Payment. Failure to include an item on such Punch List does not alter the responsibility of Contractor to complete all Work in accordance with the Agreement Documents.

6.3.2 Upon receipt of Contractor's Punch List, Project Manager will make an inspection to determine whether the Work or designated portion thereof is substantially complete. Project Manager may, at Project Manager's sole option, be assisted in such inspection by the Design Professional for the Project. If the inspection by the Project Manager discloses any item, whether or not included on Contractor's Punch List, which is not sufficiently completed in accordance with the Agreement Documents so that City can occupy or utilize the Work, phase or designated portion thereof for its intended use, Contractor must, before issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion, complete or correct such item upon notification by Project Manager. In such case, Contractor must then submit a request for another inspection by Project Manager to determine Substantial Completion.

6.3.3 Certificate of Substantial Completion.

6.3.3.1 The Project Manager will not issue a Certificate of Substantial Completion unless and until the Work (or separable units or Phases as provided in the Agreement Documents) is essentially and satisfactorily complete in accordance with the Agreement Documents, such that the Project is ready for use by City for its intended purpose, opening to the general public, full occupancy or use by City (including, without limitation, all separate units, or rooms, facilities, access, income-generating areas, and all areas serving the general public, as applicable, must be ready for full-operation without material inconvenience or discomfort), including, to the extent applicable to the Work, the following: all materials, equipment, systems, controls, features, facilities, accessories and similar elements are installed in the proper manner and in operating condition, inspected and approved; surfaces have been painted; masonry and concrete cleaned with any sealer or other finish applied; utilities and systems connected and functioning; site work complete; permanent heating, ventilation, air condition, vertical transportation and other systems properly operating with proper controls; lighting and electrical systems installed, operable and controlled; paving completed, signage installed, and other Work as applicable, has been performed to a similar state of essential and satisfactory completion. A minor amount of Work, as determined by and at the discretion of the Project Manager, such as installation of minor accessories or items, a minor amount of painting, minor replacement of defective work, minor adjustment of controls or sound systems, or completion or correction of minor exterior work that cannot be completed as a result of weather conditions, will not delay determination of Substantial Completion. If prior written approval is obtained from City for purposes of Substantial Completion, specified areas of the entire Work or Project may be individually certified as Substantially Complete. In no event will Substantial Completion be deemed to have occurred unless and until: (i) a temporary certificate of occupancy has been issued by the appropriate Governmental Authorities (as applicable) and (ii) all terms and Work required under this Agreement have been fulfilled by Contractor and same will have also been approved and accepted by City, subject only to the Punch List items.

6.3.3.2 If requested by City, Contractor must complete and turn-over to City the Project on a phased basis. Each phase will have a separate inspection by the Project Manager, a Punch List generated, and then an inspection by City with final approval and acceptance only after the

Project Manager's Punch List.

6.4 **PARTIAL UTILIZATION**

6.4.1 City at City's option may use and occupy any substantially completed parts of the Work which has specifically been identified in the Agreement Documents, or which City, the Design Professional and Contractor agree constitutes a separately functioning and usable part of the Work that can be used by City for its intended purpose, without significant interference with Contractor's performance of the remainder of the Work, provided, however, if the portion of the Work to be used or occupied has not been found to be substantially complete, City must do so in accordance with Section 6.3 prior to such occupancy.

6.4.2 In lieu of the issuance of a Certificate of Substantial Completion as to part of the Work, City may take over operation of a facility constituting part of the Work whether or not it is substantially complete if such facility is functionally and separately usable; provided that prior to any such takeover, City and Contractor agree in writing as to the division of responsibilities between City and Contractor for security, operation, safety, maintenance, correction period, heat, utilities and insurance with respect to such facility.

6.4.3 Substantial Completion of or City's beneficial occupancy of a part of the Project will not alter the fact that the one-year warranty for the whole Project starts at the date of Final Completion of the whole Project.

6.5 **FINAL ACCEPTANCE**

6.5.1 Unless otherwise expressly agreed to in writing by City, Final Acceptance must be obtained by no later than 30 Days (60 Days for federally funded agreements) after the date of Substantial Completion. Failure to timely obtain Final Acceptance will be a material breach of the Agreement.

6.5.2 Upon receipt of written notice that the Work is ready for final inspection and acceptance, City and Contractor will jointly inspect to verify that the remaining items of Work have been completed. There will be no partial acceptance. Final Acceptance will not occur until all items of Work, including Punch List Items, have been completed to City's satisfaction as reflected in the written Final Acceptance.

6.5.3 Final Payment will not be due, owing, or paid by City until Final Acceptance is issued.

6.5.4 Landscape Establishment Period. Unless otherwise expressly agreed to in writing by City, the Landscape Establishment Period will begin on the date of Final Acceptance of the Project and will run 90 Calendar Days thereafter. Landscape Establishment Period requirements are detailed in General Conditions Appendices, attached herein.

6.6 **CONTINUATION OF WORK**

6.6.1 Permitting Contractor to continue and finish the Work or any part of it after the time fixed for its completion (whether milestone, phase, Substantial Completion or Final Acceptance) or after the date to which the time fixed for any completion may have been extended, does not operate as a waiver by City of any rights under the Agreement Documents, law or equity.

6.6.2 Furthermore, the timely completion of the Work being of the utmost importance under this Agreement, notwithstanding the existence of one or more disputes between the parties

concerning the scope of the Work, the Project Schedule, Agreement Time, payments or any other matter, and further notwithstanding a party's invocation of the Dispute Resolution provisions specified in Appendix 6 of these General Conditions, unless City suspends the Agreement or Contractor's performance pursuant to Section 10 of these General Conditions, Contractor will continue to prosecute the Work, including any Change Order work or Extra Work Orders, in a diligent and timely manner and not stop, slow down or impede by action or inaction the progress of the Work, including commencing performance of and thereafter completing any additional work called out in any Change Order or Extra Work Order issued by Project Manager with the approval of City, so long as City makes payment to Contractor in accordance with Section 8 of these General Conditions.

SECTION 7 - AGREEMENT PRICE

7.1 UNIT PRICE AGREEMENTS

- 7.1.1 The Agreement Price for all Unit Price Agreements will be the amount set forth in the Agreement or Change Order multiplied by the verified quantity provided.
- 7.1.2 Measurements of quantities to determine the total Agreement Price must be in accordance with MAG Specification §§ 109.1 and 109.2.
- 7.1.3 The Unit Price may only be changed as set forth in Section 9 below.

7.2 CHANGE ORDERS

- 7.2.1 Unit Price Change Orders. The Change Order Price for all Unit Price Change Orders will be the amount set forth in the Change Order multiplied by the verified quantity provided.
- 7.2.2 Measurements of quantities to determine the total Change Order Price must be in accordance with MAG Specifications §§ 109.1 and 109.2.
- 7.2.3 The Unit Price may only be changed as set forth in Section 9 below.
- 7.2.4 MAG Specification § 109.4.1 is modified as follows: Before § 109.4.1, the following is added: Any deduction or increase in the Agreement Price must be supported by a signed, written Change Order fully executed by City, and supported by such backup as the Project Manager may require.

7.3 SALES TAX

Contractor is required to pay all applicable sales tax in accordance with the law of the state of Arizona and this cost must be included in all Agreement Prices. When equipment, materials or supplies generally taxable to Contractor are eligible for a tax exemption due to the nature of the Project, Contractor must assist City in applying for and obtaining such tax credits and exemptions which will be paid or credited to City.

SECTION 8 - PAYMENT

8.1 PAYMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION SERVICES

- 8.1.1 Payment for the Work will be made in accordance with MAG Standard Specification § 109 as amended below.
- 8.1.2 Contractor must submit to City for review a completed Contractor Payment Request signed

by Contractor, covering the Work completed as of the date of the Request and accompanied by such supporting documentation as is required by the Agreement Documents and also as City may reasonably require. A Contractor Payment Request will not be considered complete unless it is accompanied by an updated Project Schedule and a certification that the on-site, red lined, as built Drawings are up to date. If payment is requested on the basis of materials and equipment not incorporated in the Work but delivered and suitably, securely stored at the Site or at another location (such as a bonded warehouse) agreed to in writing, the Contractor Payment Request must also be accompanied by such data, satisfactory to City, as will establish City's title to the material and equipment and protect City's interest therein, including applicable insurance. Each subsequent Contractor Payment Request must include an affidavit of Contractor stating that all previous progress payments received on account of the Work have been applied to discharge in full all of Contractor's obligations reflected in prior Contractor Payment Requests.

- 8.1.3 Except for Work performed under a JOC Agreement, the Contracting Agency will retain 10 percent of all estimates as a guarantee for complete performance of the Agreement in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes Section 34-221 or 34-607. The Contractor may elect to deposit securities in lieu of retention in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes Section 34-221, Paragraph C.5. or 34-607, Paragraph B.5.
- 8.1.4 The payment process functions as follows: Prior to the payment cycle date, Contractor must send a draft Contractor Payment Request to Project Manager. The Project Team will review the Request and agree upon any necessary adjustments. Contractor must certify the final Request by signing and returning to Project Manager.
- 8.1.5 When construction of the Project is fifty percent (50%) completed, Contractor may request payment of one-half of the retention pursuant to A.R.S. § 34-609(B)(3), subject to all of City's rights to withhold or offset payments, and other rights of City, under the Agreement.
- 8.1.6 City reserves the right under A.R.S. § 34-609(B)(3) to reinstate the ten percent (10%) retention if City determines that satisfactory progress is not being made.
- 8.1.7 Contractor's Warranty of Title.
 - 8.1.7.1 Contractor warrants and guarantees that title to all Work, materials and equipment covered by any Contractor Payment Request, whether incorporated in the Project or not, will pass to City at the time of payment, free and clear of all liens, claims, security interests, and encumbrances, provided that this will not preclude the Contractor from installing metering devices or other equipment of utility companies or municipalities, the title of which is commonly retained by the utility company or municipality.
 - 8.1.7.2 No materials, supplies, or equipment for the Work under this Agreement will be purchased subject to any chattel mortgage or under a conditional sale contract or other agreement by which an interest therein, or any part thereof, is retained by the seller or supplier.
 - 8.1.7.3 Nothing contained in this Section will defeat or impair the right of such persons furnishing materials or labor under any bond given by the Contractor for their protection, or any right under any law permitting such persons to look to funds due the Contractor in the hands of the City. The provisions of this Section must be inserted in all subcontracts and material agreements, and notices of its provision must be given to all persons furnishing materials for the Work when no formal agreement is entered into for such materials.

8.2 PAYMENT UPON SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

8.2.1 No payment will be made upon Substantial Completion, except for a regularly-scheduled monthly progress payment, as allowed by Section 8.2.2.

8.2.2 No further payments will be made to Contractor until Final Acceptance.

8.3 FINAL PAYMENT

8.3.1 Subject to all of City's rights to withhold or offset payment, and other rights under the Agreement, Final Payment including remaining retainage will be paid only after:

- a. Work has been fully completed (including completion of all incorrect or incomplete work items) and the written Final Acceptance has been issued by City;
- b. Necessary operating manuals, any excess materials and supplies necessary for matching materials and supplies incorporated into the Work, acceptable sewer video results (if applicable), and complete "as-built" Drawings (including the Building Information Model, if required by the Agreement Documents) have been delivered to City, as specified in this Section 8.3;
- c. Full and unconditional lien waivers and releases by Contractor and any person performing labor or supplying material, machinery, fixtures, or tools for the Work have been delivered to Contractor;
- d. All conditions and requirements imposed by City or any financing entity for the corresponding disbursement have been met; and
- e. Contractor delivers to City a Contractor Payment Request requesting Final Payment.

8.3.2 Contractor must also submit a signed copy of Contractor's Affidavit Regarding Settlement of Claims, Appendix 3 to these General Conditions, and Certificate of Completion, Appendix 7 to these General Conditions, prior to Final Payment.

8.3.3 In addition, if required under the Project Specific Special Provisions, Contractor must compile a complete equipment list and maintenance manual to be submitted to City as a precondition to Final Payment. The list must include the following items for all equipment supplied under the Plumbing, Electrical, Air Conditioning, Elevator, and other Special Equipment Specifications:

- a. Name, Model and Manufacturer.
- b. Complete parts lists and Drawings.
- c. Local source of supply for replacement parts along with suppliers' telephone numbers.
- d. Local service organizations serving the equipment and their telephone numbers.
- e. All tags, inspection slips, instruction packages, etc., removed from equipment must be properly identified as to pieces of equipment from which they were taken.

8.3.4 Contractor must also deliver to City, prior to Final Payment, one (1) digital (in the format specified by City), and if requested by City, one (1) hard copy, of any applicable Maintenance manuals. Each manual must include all manufacturer's operation and maintenance instructions and "as-built" Drawings with the list herein specified. It must also include all other diagrams and instructions necessary to properly operate and maintain the equipment, the name, address and telephone number of Contractor and all Subcontractors involved.

8.4 **CITY'S RIGHT TO WITHHOLD PAYMENT**

City may withhold payment to such extent as may be necessary in City's opinion to protect City from loss for which Contractor is responsible, including, without limitation, if any of the following conditions exist:

- a. Defective Work not remedied;
- b. Third party claims filed or reasonable evidence indicating probable filing of such claims unless security acceptable to City is provided by Contractor;
- c. Failure of Contractor to make payments properly to Subcontractors or for labor, materials or equipment;
- d. Reasonable evidence that the Work cannot be completed for the unpaid balance of the Agreement Price;
- e. Damage to City or another Contractor;
- f. Reasonable evidence that the Work will not be completed within the Agreement Time, and that the unpaid balance would not be adequate to cover actual or liquidated damages for the anticipated delay;
- g. Failure to carry out the Work in accordance with the Agreement Documents;
or
- h. Contractor is in default of any of its other obligations under the Agreement Documents.

8.5 **JOINT/DIRECT CHECKS**

To promote the timely completion and progress of the Work or when appropriate and necessary, payments to Contractor may be made jointly to Contractor and its employees, agents, Subcontractors and suppliers, or any of them. For federally funded agreements, see federal provisions for additional requirements for the joint check process.

8.6 **PAYMENT NOT A WAIVER**

No payment (nor use or occupancy of the Project by City) will be deemed acceptance or approval of the Work or as a waiver of any claims, rights, or remedies of City.

8.7 **LIENS AND BOND CLAIMS**

Contractor must make all payments, in the time required, of all labor and materials furnished to Contractor in the course of the Work and must promptly furnish evidence of such payments as City may require. Contractor must pay when due all claims arising out of performance of the Work covered by this Agreement for which a lien may be filed either against the real estate or leasehold interest of City, or against payments due from City to Contractor, or for which a claim may be made against any payment or performance bond or both. To the fullest extent permitted by law, Contractor agrees that no liens or other claims in the nature of a lien against the real estate, leasehold, or other interest of City,

against payment due from City to Contractor, or against any payment or performance bond, must be filed or made in connection with the Work by any party who has supplied professional services, labor, materials, machinery, fixtures, tools, or equipment used in or in connection with the performance of this Agreement, and Contractor agrees to remove or to cause to be removed any such liens or claims in the nature of a lien or bond claim within 10 Days upon receiving notice or obtaining actual knowledge of the existence of such liens or claim. In addition, Contractor agrees to defend, indemnify, and hold harmless City from and against any and all such liens and claims. This paragraph does not apply to claims and liens of Contractor due to non-payment for work performed.

8.8 **FINANCIAL RECORDKEEPING AND CITY'S AUDIT RIGHT**

8.8.1 Records for all Agreements between City and Contractor must, upon reasonable notice, be open to inspection and subject to audit, scanning, and reproduction during normal business working hours. Such audits may be performed by any City's representative or any outside representative engaged by City for the purpose of examining such records. City or its designee may conduct such audits or inspections throughout the term of this Agreement and for a period of five years after Final Payment or longer if required by law. City's representatives may (without limitation) conduct verifications such as counting employees at the Site, witnessing the distribution of payroll, verifying information and amounts through interviews and written confirmations with Contractor employees, field and agency labor, Subcontractors, and vendors.

8.8.2 Contractor's "records" must include any and all information, materials and data of every kind and character, including without limitation, records, books, papers, documents, subscriptions, recordings, agreements, purchase orders, leases, contracts, commitments, arrangements, notes, daily diaries, superintendent reports, drawings, receipts, vouchers and memoranda, and any and all other agreements, sources of information and matters that may in City's judgment have any bearing on or pertain to any matters, rights, duties or obligations under or covered by any Agreement Document. Such records must include (hard copy, as well as computer readable data if it can be made available), written policies and procedures; time sheets; payroll registers; payroll records; cancelled payroll checks; subcontract files (including proposals of successful and unsuccessful bidders, bid recaps, negotiation notes, etc.); original bid estimates; estimating work sheets; correspondence; Change Order files (including documentation covering negotiated settlements); back-charge logs and supporting documentation; invoices and related payment documentation; general ledger, information detailing cash and trade discounts earned, insurance rebates and dividends; and any other Contractor records which may have a bearing on matters of interest to City or the Project in connection with Contractor's dealings with City or the Project (all foregoing hereinafter referred to as "records") to the extent necessary to adequately permit evaluation and verification of any or all of the following:

- a. Compliance with Agreement requirements for deliverables;
- b. Compliance with approved Plans and Specifications;
- c. Compliance with § 14.9 below;
- d. Compliance with Agreement provisions regarding the pricing of Change Orders;
- e. Accuracy of Contractor representations regarding the pricing of invoices; or
- f. Accuracy of Contractor representations related to claims submitted by

Contractor or any of their employees.

- 8.8.3 Contractor must require all payees (examples of payees include Subcontractors, Suppliers, Insurance Carriers, etc.) to comply with the provisions of this Section by including the requirements hereof in a written agreement between Contractor and payee. Contractor will ensure that all payees (including those entering into lump sum agreements) have the same right to audit provisions contained in this Agreement included in their agreements with Contractor.
- 8.8.4 City's authorized representative(s) (including, without limitation, Project Manager) must have reasonable access to Contractor's facilities, must be allowed to interview all current or former employees to discuss matters pertinent to the performance of this Agreement and must be provided adequate and appropriate work space, in order to conduct audits in compliance with this Section.
- 8.8.5 If an audit inspection or examination in accordance with this Section, discloses overpricing or overcharges to City (of any nature) by Contractor or Contractor's Subcontractors in excess of \$100,000 in addition to making adjustments for the overcharges, the reasonable actual cost of City's audit must be reimbursed to City by Contractor. Any adjustments or payments which must be made as a result of any such audit or inspection of Contractor's invoices or records must be made within a reasonable amount of time (not to exceed 90 Days) from presentation of City's findings to Contractor.
- 8.8.6 In addition to the normal paperwork documentation Contractor typically furnishes to City, Contractor agrees to furnish, upon written request from City, any of the documentation necessary for City to exercise its audit rights under this Section 8.8 in computer readable file formats (Word, Excel, or .pdf), as City may designate.
- 8.8.7 City, its authorized representative, and the appropriate agency, reserve the right to audit Contractor's records in compliance with local, state or federal policies, statutes or at City's discretion, within three (3) years of Final Acceptance of the Work.

SECTION 9 - CHANGES TO THE AGREEMENT

9.1 FIELD ORDERS

City may authorize minor changes in the Work not involving an adjustment in the Agreement Price or the Agreement Times, which are consistent with the overall intent of the Agreement Documents. These may be accomplished by a written Field Order on the standard form approved and executed by City. Such Field Orders must be binding and Contractor must perform the change promptly. If Contractor believes that a Field Order justifies an increase in the Agreement Price or Agreement Time, Contractor may make a claim therefor as provided in Section 7.2.

9.2 EXTRA WORK/CHANGES IN THE WORK

- 9.2.1 City reserves the right to make such changes in the Plans and Specifications for the Work, as it may deem appropriate and any such change as set forth in a written Change Order must be deemed a part of this Agreement as if originally incorporated herein.
- 9.2.2 In the event City and Contractor cannot agree on the terms of a Change Order, or when circumstances otherwise require, the Project Manager has the authority to direct the Contractor to perform extra work, if the work in question is an item not provided for in the

Agreement as awarded. The Project Manager will have the authority to determine, based upon factual evidence presented by the Contractor, whether the work in question is an item not provided for in the Agreement as awarded. If the Project Manager directs the Contractor to perform extra work, the Project Manager's instructions will include a price that the Contractor cannot exceed in charging the City for the extra work. Upon receipt of the Project Manager's directions to perform extra work, the Contractor must promptly proceed with the extra work and document the actual cost thereof. Contractor's right to payment for extra work will be determined under Subsection 9.2.4 below. The Contractor is responsible to manage the extra work to ensure that the price limits set by the Project Manager are not exceeded. Contractor must perform the extra work and submit documentation for the actual cost of the extra work to the City. A Change Order will be issued to cover this work.

9.2.3 Contractor will not be entitled to payment for extra work unless a written Change Order, in form and content prescribed by City, has been executed by City. On all requests for Change Orders, Contractor must specify the increased or decreased costs and whether it believes any extensions of time will be necessary to complete its Work as modified by the Change Order. If extra work is performed under Subsection 9.2.2 above, a corresponding Change Order will be prepared, approved and processed by City before payment can be made to Contractor.

9.2.4 In general, pricing for Change Orders will include the same mark-up percentages that were in effect when the Agreement was awarded. The cost or credit to the City resulting from a change in the Work is subject to Appendix 1 (Policy Statement for Calculating Delays and Damages) and will be determined, based on the type of pricing for the Agreement involved, as follows:

- a. By mutual acceptance of a lump sum properly itemized in a form acceptable to City;
- b. By unit prices stated in the Agreement Documents;
- c. When the City determines that a Unit Price Book Job Order associated with a Job Order Agreement requires a Change Order, by using the same Total Cost Data and CCI that are in effect when the Change Order is anticipated to be issued; or
- d. By actual cost and a percentage fee covering overhead and profit, as follows:
 - (i) Contractor will perform the extra work and be compensated for actual cost of labor, materials and equipment.
 - (ii) Contractor will have the right to add the fee percentage applicable to the Work under the Agreement, or if no such fee has been agreed to by the parties, not more than five percent (5%) to the Subcontractor's prices for authorized extra work performed solely by Subcontractors. Such percentage will include all of Contractor's charges for overhead, profit, administration and supervision.
 - (iii) Contractor or Subcontractor will have the right to add the fee percentage applicable to Work under the Agreement for self-performed extra work, or if no such fee has been agreed to by the parties, Contractor's or Subcontractor's maximum total allowable additions for overhead, profit, administration and supervision will

not exceed ten percent (10%) of actual verifiable labor, materials and equipment for such self- performed extra work.

- 9.2.5 Any agreement which modifies the terms of the Agreement (including Change Orders) will be approved in writing by the Project Manager. Once properly executed by both parties, these modifications to the Agreement will have the same effect as if they had been included in the original Agreement.

9.3 **ACCURACY OF CHANGE ORDER PRICING INFORMATION**

- 9.3.1 Subject to Sections 9.3.2 through 9.3.4, signature by the contracting parties constitutes full accord and satisfaction between City and Contractor for all costs, damages, and expenses of whatever kind of nature, including delay, impact or acceleration damages, which may be occasioned by a Change Order of other modification of the Agreement agreed to in writing.

- 9.3.2 Accurate Change Order Pricing Information: Contractor agrees that it is responsible for submitting accurate cost and pricing data to City to support its Fixed Price, Unit Price, or Cost Plus Change Order Proposals or other Agreement Price adjustments under the Agreement. Contractor further agrees to submit Change Order proposals with cost and pricing data which is accurate, complete, current, and in accordance with the terms of the Agreement with respect to pricing of change orders. Contractor agrees that any “buy-out savings” on Change Orders will accrue 100% to Owner. “Buy-out savings” are defined as any savings negotiated by the Contractor with a Subcontractor or a Material Supplier after receiving approval of a Change Order amount that was designated to be paid to a specific Subcontractor or Supplier for the Approved Change Order work.

- 9.3.3 Right to Verify Change Order Pricing Information: Contractor agrees that City, through its designated representative, will have the right to examine, copy, and scan the records of the Contractor, Subcontractor or Sub-Subcontractor’s records (during the Agreement period and up to three years after final payment is made on the Agreement) to verify the accuracy and appropriateness of the pricing data used to price all Change Order proposals or claims. Contractor agrees that if City determines the cost and pricing data submitted (whether approved or not) was inaccurate, incomplete, not current, or not in compliance with the terms of the Agreement regarding pricing of Change Orders, an appropriate Agreement Price adjustment will be made. Such post-approval Contact Price adjustments will apply to all levels of contractors and Subcontractors and to all types of Change Order proposals, specifically including Fixed Price, Unit Price, and Cost Plus Change Orders.

- 9.3.4 Requirements for Detailed Change Order Pricing Information: Contractor agrees to provide a detailed breakdown of allowable labor and labor burden cost (i.e., base wage rate of applicable classifications of workers, payroll taxes, and insurance and benefits costs). This information will be used to evaluate the potential cost of labor and labor burden related to Change Order work. It is intended that this information represent an accurate estimate of the Contractor’s actual labor and labor burden cost components. Information is not intended to establish fixed billing or Change Order pricing labor rates. However, at the time Change Orders are priced, the submitted cost data for labor rates may be used to price Change Order work. The accuracy of any such agreed upon labor rate cost components used to price Change Orders will be subject to later audit. Approved Change Order amounts may be adjusted later to correct the impact of inaccurate labor cost components if the agreed upon labor cost components are determined to be inaccurate.

9.4 EMERGENCIES

In any emergency affecting the safety of persons or property, Contractor will act, at its discretion, to prevent threatened damage, injury or loss. Any change in the Agreement Price or Agreement Time resulting from emergency work will be determined as provided in this Section.

9.5 DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS

- 9.5.1 If Differing Site Conditions are encountered at the Project Site, then notice by the observing party must be given to the other party promptly before conditions are disturbed (to the extent practicable) and in no event later than 14 Days after first observance of the conditions. City will promptly investigate such conditions and, if City determines that Differing Site Conditions exist and they materially cause an increase in the cost of, or time required for, performance of any part of the Work, Contractor will be entitled to equitable adjustment in the Agreement Price or Construction Schedule (and other time requirements), or both. If it is determined by City that the conditions at the Project Site are not Differing Site Conditions and no change is justified, then City will so notify Contractor in writing, stating the reasons. Claims in opposition to such determination must be made within 14 Days after City has given notice of its decision. If City and Contractor cannot agree on an adjustment in the Agreement Price or Construction Schedule (and other time requirements), the adjustment may be submitted to dispute resolution as provided these General Conditions.

9.6 CHANGES IN LAWS, REGULATIONS, OR LEGAL REQUIREMENTS OR TAXES

In the event of a material change in applicable Laws, Regulations, or Legal Requirements, or taxes subsequent to the date of the Agreement by the parties, Contractor may be entitled to a Change Order, in City's discretion, to the extent Contractor can document to the satisfaction of City that such change significantly increases Contractor's actual cost of performance of the Work.

SECTION 10 -SUSPENSION AND TERMINATION**10.1 SUSPENSION**

City may suspend the Agreement and Contractor's performance in accordance with MAG Specifications § 105.1 and 108.7.

10.2 TERMINATION BY THE CITY FOR CAUSE

- 10.2.1 MAG Specifications § 108.11 applies to the Agreement.

- 10.2.2 City may also terminate the Agreement if City determines, in its sole discretion that Contractor has:

- a. After prior written notice, refused or failed to supply enough properly skilled workers or proper materials;
- b. After prior written notice, failed to make payment to Subcontractors for materials or labor in accordance with the respective agreements between Contractor and the Subcontractors;
- c. After prior written notice, disregards laws, ordinances, or rules, regulations or orders of a public authority having jurisdiction;
- d. After prior written notice, repeatedly failed to comply with written directives from City;

- e. Is adjudged as bankrupt or insolvent;
- f. Made a general assignment for the benefit of creditors;
- g. Appointed a trustee or receiver for itself or any of its property;
- h. Filed a petition to take advantage of any debtor's act, or to reorganize under the bankruptcy or similar laws; or
- i. Otherwise breached a provision of the Agreement Documents or any other Agreement between City and Contractor.

10.2.3 When any of the above reasons exist, City may terminate the Agreement, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of City, after giving Contractor and Contractors' surety, if any, 7 Days written notice of City's intent to terminate the Agreement and Contractor's failure to cure any such reasons. Upon such termination, City may: (1) take possession of the Site and of all materials thereon owned by Contractor; or (2) finish the Work by whatever reasonable method City may deem expedient. When City terminates the Agreement for one of the reasons state above, Contractor will not be entitled to receive further payment until the Work is finished. If the unpaid balance of the Agreement Price existing at the time of such termination exceeds the costs and expenses of finishing the Work and any other damages incurred by City, such excess will be paid to Contractor. If such costs, expenses and damages exceed such unpaid balance, Contractor must pay the difference to City. This obligation for payment will survive termination of the Agreement.

10.3 **TERMINATION BY CITY FOR CONVENIENCE**

City may also terminate the Agreement at any time for its convenience upon 7 Days written notice to Contractor specifying the termination date. In the event of termination which is not the fault, in whole or in part, of Contractor, City will pay to Contractor only such compensation, including reimbursable expenses, due for Work properly performed on the Project prior to the termination date. Upon any termination of the Agreement, no further payments will be due from City to Contractor.

10.4 **A.R.S. § 38-511**

The Agreement is subject to, and may be terminated by City in accordance with, the provisions of A.R.S. § 38-511.

SECTION 11 -INSURANCE AND BONDS

11.1 **INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS**

11.1.1 After Agreement award, the Contractor must furnish the City a certificate of insurance on a standard insurance industry ACORD form. The ACORD form must be issued by an insurance company authorized to transact business in the State of Arizona possessing a current A.M. Best, Inc. rating of A-7, or better and legally authorized to do business in the State of Arizona with policies and forms satisfactory to City. Provided, however, the A.M. Best rating requirement may not be deemed to apply to required Worker's Compensation coverage.

11.1.2 The Contractor and any of its Subcontractors must procure and maintain, until all of their obligations have been discharged, including any warranty periods under this Agreement are satisfied, the insurances set forth below.

11.1.3 The insurance requirements set forth below are minimum requirements for this Agreement and in no way limit the indemnity covenants contained in this Agreement.

- 11.1.4 The City in no way warrants that the minimum insurance limits contained in this Agreement are sufficient to protect Contractor from liabilities that might arise out of the performance of the Agreement services under this Agreement by Contractor, its agents, representatives, employees, or Subcontractors and the Contractor is free to purchase any additional insurance as may be determined necessary.
- 11.1.5 Failure to demand evidence of full compliance with the insurance requirements in this Agreement or failure to identify any insurance deficiency will not relieve the Contractor from, nor will it be considered a waiver of its obligation to maintain the required insurance at all times during the performance of this Agreement.
- 11.1.6 Use of Subcontractors: If any Work is subcontracted in any way, the Contractor must execute a written agreement with Subcontractor containing the same Indemnification Clause and Insurance Requirements as the City requires of the Contractor in this Agreement. The Contractor is responsible for executing the Agreement with the Subcontractor and obtaining Certificates of Insurance and verifying the insurance requirements.
- 11.2 **MINIMUM SCOPE AND LIMITS OF INSURANCE**
- 11.2.1 The Contractor must provide coverage with limits of liability not less than those stated below.
- 11.2.1.1 Commercial General Liability-Occurrence Form. Contractor must maintain "occurrence" form Commercial General Liability insurance with a limit of not less than \$2,000,000 for each occurrence, \$4,000,000 aggregate. Said insurance must also include coverage for products and completed operations, independent contractors, personal injury and advertising injury. If any Excess insurance is utilized to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph, the Excess insurance must be "follow form" equal or broader in coverage scope than underlying insurance.
- 11.2.1.2 Automobile Liability-Any Automobile or Owned, Hired and Non-Owned Vehicles. Contractor must maintain Business/Automobile Liability insurance with a limit of \$1,000,000 each accident on Contractor owned, hired, and non-owned vehicles assigned to or used in the performance under this Agreement. If any Excess or Umbrella insurance is utilized to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph, the Excess or Umbrella insurance must be "follow form" equal or broader in coverage scope than underlying insurance.
- 11.2.1.3 Workers Compensation and Employers Liability Insurance. Contractor must maintain Workers Compensation insurance to cover obligations imposed by federal and state statutes having jurisdiction of Contractor employees engaged in the performance of Work under this Agreement and must also maintain Employers' Liability insurance of not less than \$1,000,000 for each accident and \$1,000,000 disease for each employee.
- 11.2.1.4 Builders' Risk/Installation Floater Insurance. The Contractor bears all responsibility for loss to all equipment or Work under construction. Unless waived in writing by the City the Contractor will purchase and maintain in force Builders' Risk/Installation Floater insurance on the entire Work until completed and accepted by the City. This insurance will be Special Causes of Loss policy form, (minimally including perils of fire, flood, lightning, explosion, windstorm and hail, smoke, aircraft and vehicles, riot and civil commotion, theft, vandalism, malicious mischief, and collapse), completed value, replacement cost policy form equal to the Agreement Price and all subsequent modifications. The Contractor's Builders'

Risk/Installation Floater insurance must be primary and not contributory.

- a. Builders' Risk/Installation Floater insurance must cover the entire Work including reasonable compensation for architects and engineers' services and expenses and other "soft costs" made necessary by an insured loss. Builders' Risk/Installation Floater insurance must provide coverage from the time any covered property comes under the Contractor's control and or responsibility, and continue without interruption during course of construction, renovation and or installation, including any time during which any Project property or equipment is in transit, off Site, or while on Site for future use or installation. Insured property must include, but not be limited to, scaffolding, false work, and temporary buildings at the Site. This insurance must also cover the cost of removing debris, including demolition as may be legally required by operation of any law, ordinance, regulation or code.
- b. The Contractor must also purchase and maintain Boiler and Machinery insurance with the same requirements as Builders' Risk/Installation Floater insurance cited above if the Work to be performed involves any exposures or insurable property normally covered under a Boiler and Machinery insurance policy or made necessary as required by law or testing requirements in the performance of this Agreement. The Contractor will be responsible for any and all deductibles under these policies and the Contractor waives all rights of recovery and subrogation against the City under the Contractor- Builders' Risk/Installation Floater insurance described herein.
- c. Builders' Risk/Installation Floater Insurance must be maintained until whichever of the following first occurs: (i) final payment has been made; or, (ii) until no person or entity, other than the City, has an insurable interest in the property required to be covered.
- d. The Builders' Risk/Installation Floater insurance must be endorsed so that the insurance will not be canceled or lapse because of any partial use or occupancy by the City.
- e. The Builders Risk/Installation Floater insurance must include as named insureds, the City, the Contractor, and all tiers of Subcontractors and others with an insurable interest in the Work who will be named as additional insureds unless they are able to provide the same level of coverage with the City and Contractor named as additional insureds. Certificates must contain a provision that the insurance will not be canceled or materially altered without at least 30 Days advance notice to the City. The City must also be named as a Loss Payee under the Builders' Risk/Installation Floater coverage.
- f. The Builders Risk/Installation Floater insurance must be written using the Special Causes of Loss policy form, replacement cost basis.
- g. All rights of subrogation under the Builders Risk/Installation Floater insurance are, by this Agreement, waived against the City, its officers, officials, agents and employees.
- h. The Contractor is responsible for payment of all deductibles under the Builders' Risk/Installation Floater insurance policy.

11.2.1.5 Pollution Liability Insurance (Including Errors and Omissions). For Job Orders, Pollution Liability Insurance is only required if applicable and determined on a project specific basis. Contractor must maintain Pollution Liability Insurance with a limit of not less than \$5,000,000 per loss, \$5,000,000 aggregate for losses caused by pollution conditions including coverage for bodily injury, property damage, defense costs, clean-up costs, and completed operations that arise from the operations of Contractor as described in this Agreement.

- a. The policy must provide for complete professional service coverage, including coverage for pollution liability that is a result of a breach of professional duties.
- b. The policy must provide for protection again claims for third-party bodily injury, property damage, or environmental damage caused for pollution conditions resulting from general contracting activities for which Contractor is legally liable.
- c. The policy must provide for cleanup costs when mandated by governmental entities, when required by law, or as a result of third-party claims.
- d. Completed Operations Coverage must be kept in place for up to the statute of repose.
- e. The policy must be endorsed to include the following additional insured language: "City, its elected officials, trustees, employees, agents, and volunteers must be named as additional insureds with respect to liability arising out of the activities performed by, or on behalf of Contractor".
- f. If Work under this Agreement requires the transportation of any hazardous material or regulated substances, Contractor must carry Auto Liability with a CA 9948 endorsement or equivalent.
- g. If Work under this Agreement requires the disposal of any hazardous materials from the job site, Contractor must obtain a certificate of insurance for Pollution Legal Liability from the disposal site operator with a limit of not less than \$5,000,000 per loss, \$5,000,000 aggregate.

11.3 **ADDITIONAL POLICY PROVISIONS REQUIRED**

11.3.1 Self-Insured Retentions or Deductibles. Any self-insured retentions and deductibles must be declared and approved by the City. If not approved, the City may require that the insurer reduce or eliminate any deductible or self-insured retentions with respect to the City, its officers, officials, agents, employees, and volunteers.

11.3.2 The Contractor's insurance must contain broad form contractual liability coverage.

11.3.3 The Contractor's insurance coverage must be primary insurance with respect to the City, its officers, officials, agents, and employees. Any insurance or self-insurance maintained by the City, its officers, officials, agents, and employees will be in excess of the coverage provided by the Contractor and must not contribute to it.

11.3.4 The Contractor's insurance must apply separately to each insured against whom claim is made or suit is brought, except with respect to the limits of the insurer's liability.

11.3.5 Coverage provided by the Contractor must not be limited to the liability assumed under the

indemnification provisions of this Agreement.

- 11.3.6 The policies must contain a severability of interest clause and waiver of subrogation against the City, its officers, officials, agents, and employees, for losses arising from Work performed by the Contractor for the City.
- 11.3.7 The Contractor, its successors and or assigns, are required to maintain Commercial General Liability insurance as specified in this Agreement for a minimum period of 3 years following completion and acceptance of the Work. The Contractor must submit a Certificate of Insurance evidencing Commercial General Liability insurance during this 3 year period containing all the Agreement insurance requirements, including naming the required Additional Insureds set forth herein.
- 11.3.8 If a Certificate of Insurance is submitted as verification of coverage, the City will reasonably rely upon the Certificate of Insurance as evidence of coverage but this acceptance and reliance will not waive or alter in any way the insurance requirements or obligations of this Agreement.
- 11.3.9 Insurance Cancellation During Agreement Term.
- 11.3.9.1 If any of the required policies expire during the life of this Agreement, the Contractor must forward renewal or replacement Certificates to the City within 10 Days after the renewal date containing all the required insurance provisions.
- 11.3.9.2 Each insurance policy required by the insurance provisions of this Agreement must provide the required coverage and must not be suspended, voided or canceled except after 30 Days prior written notice has been given to the City, except when cancellation is for non-payment of premium, then 10 Days prior notice may be given. Such notice must be sent directly to Chandler Law-Risk Management Department, Post Office Box 4008, Mailstop 628, Chandler, Arizona 85225. If any insurance company refuses to provide the require notice, the Contractor or its insurance broker must notify the City of any cancellation, suspension, non-renewal of any insurance within 7 Days of receipt of insurers' notification to that effect.
- 11.3.10 City as Additional Insured. The above-referenced policies are to contain, or be endorsed to contain, the following provisions:
- 11.3.10.1 The Commercial General Liability and Automobile Liability policies are to contain, or be endorsed to contain, the following provisions: The City, its officers, officials, agents, and employees are additional insureds with respect to liability arising out of activities performed by, or on behalf of, the Contractor including the City's general supervision of the Contractor; Products and Completed Operations of the Contractor; and automobiles owned, leased, hired, or borrowed by the Contractor.
- 11.3.10.2 The City, its officers, officials, agents, and employees must be additional insureds to the full limits of liability purchased by the Contractor even if those limits of liability are in excess of those required by this Agreement.
- 11.4 **BONDS AND OTHER PERFORMANCE SECURITY**
- 11.4.1 After Agreement award, Contractor must provide a Performance Bond and a Payment Bond, each in an amount equal to the full amount of the Agreement Price.
- 11.4.2 Each such bond must be executed by a surety company or companies holding a Certificate

of Authority to transact surety business in the State of Arizona, issued by the Director of the Arizona Department of Insurance and must be named in the current list of "Companies Holding Certificates of Authority as Acceptable Sureties on Federal Bonds and as Acceptable Reinsuring Companies" as published in Circular 570 (amended) by the Audit Staff Bureau of Accounts, U.S. Treasury Department. A copy of the Certificate of Authority must accompany the bonds. The Certificate must have been issued or updated within two (2) years prior to the execution of this Agreement. The bonds must be written or countersigned by an authorized representative of the surety who is either a resident of the state of Arizona or whose principal office is maintained in this state, as by law required.

- 11.4.3 The bonds must be made payable and be acceptable to City. The bond forms for the performance and payment bonds must be in the forms required under A.R.S. § 34-221, *et. Seq.*, as in Appendices 4 and 5 of these General Conditions.
- 11.4.4 Upon the request of any person or entity appearing to be a potential beneficiary of bonds covering payment of obligations arising under the Agreement Documents, Contractor must promptly furnish a copy of the bonds or must permit a copy to be made.
- 11.4.5 All bonds submitted for this Project must be provided by a company which has been rated AM Best rating of A- or better for the prior four quarters by the latest edition of the 'Results Best's Key Rating Guide (Property/Casualty)' published by the A.M. Best Company.
- 11.4.6 Personal or individual bonds are not acceptable.
- 11.4.7 If the surety on any Bond furnished by Contractor is declared a bankrupt or becomes insolvent, or Contractor's right to do business is terminated in any state where any part of the Project is located, or it ceases to meet the requirements of this Section 11.4, Contractor must within 5 Days thereafter substitute another Bond and surety, both of which must be acceptable to City.

SECTION 12 - INDEMNIFICATION

- 12.1 To the extent permitted by law, the Contractor and its owners, officers, directors, agents, employees, and subconsultants (collectively "Indemnitor") must indemnify, save, and hold harmless the City and its officers, officials, agents, and employees (collectively "Indemnatee") from any and all claims, actions, liabilities, damages, losses, or expenses (including court costs, attorneys' fees, and costs of claim processing, investigation, and litigation) (collectively "Claims") caused or alleged to be caused, in whole or in part, by the negligent, reckless, wrongful, or willful acts, errors, or omissions of Indemnitor in connection with this Agreement. This indemnity includes any Claim or amount arising out of or recovered under workers' compensation laws or on account of Indemnitor's failure to conform to any federal, state, or local law, statute, ordinance, rule, regulation, or court decree. Indemnitor must indemnify Indemnatee from and against any and all Claims, except those arising solely from Indemnatee's own negligent, reckless, wrongful, or willful acts, errors, or omissions. Indemnitor is responsible for primary loss investigation, defense, and judgment costs where this indemnification applies. In consideration of the award of this Agreement, Indemnitor agrees to waive all rights of subrogation against Indemnatee for losses arising from or related to this Agreement. Indemnitor's obligations under this provision survive the termination or expiration of this Agreement.

SECTION 13 -DISPUTE RESOLUTION

General Conditions

- 13.1 All disputes arising out of or relating to the Agreement, the Work or the Project, other than termination under Section 10, will be resolved pursuant to the Dispute Resolution process set forth in Appendix 6 of these General Conditions, and not pursuant to MAG Specifications § 110.
- 13.2 Contractor agrees that during any dispute between the parties, Contractor will continue to perform its obligations under the Agreement until such dispute is resolved.
- 13.3 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement, City has the right to immediately file in court and pursue an action for a temporary restraining order and injunctive relief against Contractor if City determines that such action is necessary to protect its interests under the Agreement, to obtain specific performance of any provision of the Agreement, to advance the completion of the Project, or to protect health, welfare and safety.

SECTION 14 - MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS**14.1 AGREEMENT DOCUMENTS**

- 14.1.1 The Agreement Documents are intended to permit the parties to complete the Work and all obligations required by the Agreement Documents within the Agreement Times for the Agreement Price. The Agreement Documents are intended to be complementary and interpreted in harmony so as to avoid conflict, with words and phrases interpreted in a manner consistent with construction and design industry standards.
- 14.1.2 It is the intent of the Agreement Documents to describe a functionally complete Project (or part thereof) to be constructed in accordance with the Agreement Documents. Any labor, documentation, services, materials, or equipment that may reasonably be inferred from the Agreement Documents or from prevailing custom or trade usage as being required to produce the intended result must be provided by Contractor whether or not specifically called for at no additional cost to City.
- 14.1.3 The Agreement Documents establish the rights and obligations of the parties and include the Agreement, Addenda (which pertain to the Agreement Documents), Contractor's Bid or Proposal (including documentation accompanying the Bid and any post-Bid documentation submitted prior to Agreement award) when attached as an exhibit to the Agreement, the accepted Project Schedule, the Notice to Proceed, the Performance Bond, the Payment Bond, Project Design, Engineering and Specifications, these General Conditions, the Project Specific Special Provisions, Technical Specifications, Agreement Drawings, as the same may be more specifically identified in the Agreement, Change Orders, Work Change Directives, Field Orders and the written interpretations and clarifications of the Design Professional or City representative and Modifications issued after execution of the Agreement. Approved Shop Drawings and the reports and drawings of subsurface and physical conditions are not Agreement Documents.
- 14.1.4 In the event of any inconsistency, conflict, or ambiguity between or among the Agreement Documents, the Agreement Documents will take precedence as follows from highest to lowest: Change Orders, Addenda, Agreement, Project Specific Special Provisions, General Conditions, Technical Specifications, Drawings/Plans, Chandler Amendments to MAG Standard Specifications and Chandler Standard Details, and MAG Uniform Standard Specifications and Details for Public Works Construction. If applicable to this Agreement, Federal Provisions prevail.

General Conditions

- 14.1.5 On the Drawings, given dimensions will take precedence over scaled measurements and large scale drawings over small-scale drawings.
- 14.1.6 Clarifications and interpretations of the Agreement Documents will be issued by the Design Professional through the City.
- 14.1.7 The headings used in this Agreement or any other Agreement Documents, are for ease of reference only and must not in any way be construed to limit or alter the meaning of any provision.
- 14.1.8 The Agreement Documents form the entire agreement between City and Contractor. No oral representations or other agreements have been made by the parties except as specifically stated in the Agreement Documents.
- 14.1.9 The Agreement Documents may not be changed, altered, or amended in any way except in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of each party in the form of a Change Order.
- 14.1.10 Re-Use of Documents. Neither Contractor nor any Subcontractor, manufacturer, fabricator, supplier or distributor will have or acquire any title to or ownership rights in any of the Drawings, Specifications or other documents (or copies of any thereof) prepared by or bearing the seal of the Design Professional; and they must not re-use any of them on extensions of the Project or any other project without written consent of City and the Design Professional and specific written verification or adaptation by the Design Professional.
- 14.2 **REFERENCE STANDARDS**
- 14.2.1 Reference to standards, specifications, manuals, or codes of any technical society, organization, or association, or to Laws or Regulations, whether such reference be specific or by implication, will mean the standard, specification, manual, code, or Laws or Regulations in effect at the time of opening of Bids (or on the Effective Date of the Agreement if there were no Bids), except as may be otherwise specifically stated in the Agreement Documents.
- 14.2.2 The provisions of any such standard, specification, manual or code, or any instruction of a Supplier will not change the duties or responsibilities of City, Contractor, Design Professional or Project Manager, or any of their Subcontractors, consultants, agents, or employees from those set forth in the Agreement Documents, nor will any such provision or instruction assign to City, Contractor, Design Professional, or any of their agents, or employees any duty or authority to supervise or direct the performance of the Work or any duty or authority to undertake responsibility inconsistent with the provisions of the Agreement Documents.
- 14.3 **COMPLIANCE WITH ARIZONA LAW AND FEDERAL LAW**
- 14.3.1 Compliance with A.R.S. § 41-4401. Pursuant to the provisions of A.R.S. § 41-4401, the Contractor hereby warrants to the City that the Contractor and each of its subcontractors ("Subcontractors") must comply with all Federal Immigration laws and regulations that relate to the immigration status of their employees and the requirement to use E-Verify set forth in A.R.S. §23-214(A).
- 14.3.2 A breach of the Contractor Immigration Warranty constitutes a material breach of this Agreement and subject to penalties up to and including termination of this Agreement.
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General Conditions

14.3.3 The City retains the legal right to inspect the papers of any Contractor or Subcontractor employee who works on this Agreement to ensure that the Contractor or Subcontractor is complying with the Contractor Immigration Warranty. The Contractor agrees to assist the City in the conduct of any such inspections.

14.3.4 The City may, at its sole discretion, conduct random verifications of the employment records of the Contractor and any Subcontractors to ensure compliance with Contractors Immigration Warranty. The Contractor agrees to assist the City in performing any such random verifications.

14.3.5 The provisions of this Article must be included in any agreement the Contractor enters into with any and all of its subcontractors who provide services under this Agreement or any subcontract. "Services" are defined as furnishing labor, time or effort in the State of Arizona by a contractor or subcontractor. Services include construction or maintenance of any structure, building or transportation facility or improvement to real property.

14.4 **HAZARDOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS**

14.4.1 Contractor will not be responsible for any Hazardous Environmental Condition uncovered or revealed at the Site which was not shown or indicated in Drawings or Specifications or identified in the Agreement Document to be within the scope of the Work. Contractor will be responsible for a Hazardous Environmental Condition created with any materials brought to the Site by Contractor, Subcontractors, Suppliers, or anyone else for whom Contractor is responsible.

14.4.2 If Contractor encounters a Hazardous Environmental Condition or if Contractor or anyone for whom Contractor is responsible creates a Hazardous Environmental Condition. Contractor must immediately:

- a. Secure or otherwise isolate such condition;
- b. Stop all Work in connection with such condition and in any area affected thereby; and
- c. Notify City and promptly thereafter confirm such notice in writing.

14.4.3 City will promptly retain a qualified expert to evaluate such condition or take corrective action, if any.

14.4.4 Contractor will be responsible for any and all civil or criminal penalties, fines, damages, or other charges imposed by any regulatory agency or court for sewage discharges that are in violation of applicable statutes and laws and that are a result, direct or indirect, of work performed under this Agreement. Contractor will also be responsible for reimbursement to City for administration, reporting, and tracking expenses required as a result of any spill event. In the event the regulatory agency or court imposes a probationary period, Contractor must post bond for the probationary period to ensure that all such costs are reimbursed to City. This responsibility will apply whether penalties are imposed directly on Contractor or any of its Subcontractors, or the City of Chandler. Contractor must defend and indemnify City against such penalties. Regulatory agencies may include, but are not limited to, the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

14.5 **COOPERATION AND FURTHER DOCUMENTATION**

Contractor agrees to provide City such other duly executed documents as may be reasonably requested by City to implement the intent of the Agreement Documents.

14.6 **ASSIGNMENT**

Neither Contractor nor City will, without the written consent of the other assign, transfer or sublet any portion of this Agreement or part of the Work or the obligations required by the Agreement Documents, any such assignment will be void, will transfer no rights to the purported assignee, and would be a material breach of the Agreement.

14.7 **SUCCESSORS**

Contractor and City intend that the provisions of the Agreement Documents are binding upon the parties, their employees, agents, heirs, successors and assigns.

14.8 **LAWFUL PRESENCE**

Pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 1-501 and 1-502, City is prohibited from awarding an agreement to any natural person who cannot establish that such person is lawfully present in the United States. To establish lawful presence, a person must produce qualifying identification and sign a City-provided affidavit affirming the identification provided is genuine. This requirement will be imposed at the time of agreement award. This requirement does not apply to business organizations such as corporations, partnerships, or limited liability companies.

14.9 **NO BOYCOTT OF ISRAEL CERTIFICATION**

By Contractor's signature on this Agreement, Contractor certifies under A.R.S. § 35-393.01 that Contractor is not currently engaged in and for the duration of this Agreement will not engage in a boycott of Israel.

14.10 **NO THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARY**

Nothing under the Agreement Documents will be construed to give any rights or benefits in the Agreement Documents to anyone other than City and Contractor, and all duties and responsibilities undertaken pursuant to the Agreement Documents will be for the sole and exclusive benefit of City and Contractor and not for the benefit of any other party, unless otherwise expressly set forth in the Agreement Documents.

14.11 **GOVERNING LAW AND VENUE**

The Agreement and all Agreement Documents will be deemed to be made under, and will be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Arizona without regard to the conflicts or choice of law provisions thereof. Any court action to enforce any provision of the Agreement or to obtain any remedy with respect hereto must be brought in the Superior Court, Maricopa County, Arizona, and for this purpose, each party hereby expressly and irrevocably consents to the jurisdiction and venue of such Court.

14.12 **SEVERABILITY**

If any provision of the Agreement Documents or the application thereof to any person or circumstance will be invalid, illegal or unenforceable to any extent, the remainder of the affected provision, the remainder of the Agreement Documents, and the application thereof will not be affected and will be enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.

14.13 **LEGAL REQUIREMENTS**

At all times relevant to its entry into this Agreement and performance of the Services and the Work, Contractor must fully comply with all Laws, Regulations, or Legal Requirements applicable to City, the Project, and the Agreement, including, without limitation, those set

forth on Exhibit C of the Agreement.

14.14 **PARTIAL INVALIDITY**

If any provision of the Agreement is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, void or unenforceable, the remaining provisions will nevertheless continue in full force without being impaired or invalidated in any way.

14.15 **ATTORNEYS' FEES**

Should either party to the Agreement bring an action to enforce any provision of the Agreement, the prevailing party will be entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in connection therewith.

14.16 **CONFLICT OF INTEREST**

14.16.1 Contractor agrees to disclose any financial or economic interest with the Project property, or any property affected by the Project, existing prior to the execution of the Agreement. Further, Contractor agrees to disclose any financial or economic interest with the Project property, or any property affected by the Project, if Contractor gains such interest during the course of this Agreement. If Contractor gains financial or economic interest in the Project during the course of this Agreement, this may be grounds for terminating this Agreement. Any decision to terminate the Agreement must be at the sole discretion of City.

14.16.2 Contractor will not engage the services on this Agreement of any present City employee who was involved as a decision maker in the selection or approval processes, or who negotiated or approved billings or Agreement Modifications for this Agreement.

14.16.3 Contractor agrees that it will not perform services on this Project for a contractor, subcontractor, or any supplier, not covered under this Agreement.

14.17 **INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR**

Contractor is and must be an independent contractor. Any provisions in the Agreement Documents that may appear to give City the right to direct Contractor as to the details of accomplishing the Work or to exercise a measure of control over the Work means that Contractor must follow the wishes of City as the results of the Work only. These results must comply with all applicable laws and ordinances.

14.18 **NOTICE OF INJURY**

Should City or Contractor suffer injury or damage to their person or property because of any error, omission or act of the other party or of any of the other party's employees or agents or others for whose acts the other party is legally liable, claim must be made in writing to the other party within 7 Days of the first observance of such injury or damage.

14.19 **CONFIDENTIALITY**

Contractor, for the benefit of City, hereby agrees it will not release or cause or permit to be released to the public any press notices, publicity (oral or written) or advertising promotion relating to, any statement regarding, or any other public announcement or disclosure or cause or permit to be publicly announced or disclosed, in any manner whatsoever, the specific terms and conditions of this Agreement or any comment relating to the Project or the Site. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Contractor will be entitled to disclose the terms of the Agreement to the extent required by law or in the course of enforcing or defending a claim or action hereunder. Contractor must give City reasonably prompt notice of any disclosure or statement made pursuant to this provision.

14.20 DATA CONFIDENTIALITY

- 14.20.1 As used in the Agreement, "data" means all information, whether written or verbal, including plans, specifications, renderings, photographs, studies, investigations, audits, analyses, samples, reports, calculations, internal memos, meeting minutes, data field notes, work product, proposals, correspondence and any other similar documents or information prepared by, obtained by, or transmitted to the City in the performance of this Agreement.
- 14.20.2 Contractor agrees that all data, regardless of form, including originals, images, and reproductions, prepared by, obtained by, or transmitted to City in connection with the Contractor's performance of this Agreement is confidential and proprietary information belonging to City.
- 14.20.3 Except as specifically provided in this Agreement, Contractor or its Subcontractors must not divulge data to any third party without prior written consent of City. Contractor or its Subcontractors must not use data for any purposes except to perform Work required under this Agreement. These prohibitions will not apply to the following data provided Contractor has first given the required notice to City:
- a. Data which was known to Contractor or its Subcontractors prior to its performance under this Agreement unless such data was acquired in connection with Work performed for City;
 - b. Data which was acquired by Contractor or its Subcontractors in its performance under this Agreement and which was disclosed to Contractor or its Subcontractors by a third party, who to the best of Contractor's or its Subcontractor's knowledge and belief, had the legal right to make such disclosure and Contractor or its Subcontractors are not otherwise required to hold such data in confidence; or
 - c. Data which is required to be disclosed by virtue of law, regulation, or court order, to which the Contractor or its Subcontractors are subject.
- 14.20.4 In the event the Contractor or its Subcontractors are required or requested to disclose data to a third party, or any other information to which the Contractor or its Subcontractors became privy as a result of any other agreement with City, the Contractor must first notify City as set forth in this Section of the request or demand for the data. The Contractor or its Subcontractors must give City sufficient facts so that City can be given an opportunity to first give its consent or take such action that City may deem appropriate to protect such data or other information from disclosure.
- 14.20.5 Unless prohibited by law, within 10 Days after completion of services for a third party on real or personal property owned or leased by City, the Contractor must promptly deliver, as set forth in this Section, a copy of all data to City. All data will continue to be subject to the confidentiality agreements of this Agreement.
- 14.20.6 Contractor or its Subcontractors assume all liability for maintaining the confidentiality of the data in its possession and agree to compensate City if any of the provisions of this Section are violated by Contractor, its employees, agents, or Subcontractors. Solely for the purposes of seeking injunctive relief, it is agreed that a breach of this Section will be deemed to cause irreparable harm that justified injunctive relief in court. Contractor agrees that the requirements of this Section will be incorporated into all subcontracts entered into by Contractor. A violation of this Section may result in immediate termination of this

Agreement without notice.

14.21 **SURVIVAL**

All warranties, representations and indemnifications by Contractor must survive the completion or termination of this Agreement.

14.22 **COVENANTS AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES**

Contractor warrants that no person has been employed or retained to solicit or secure this Agreement upon an agreement or understanding for a commission, percentage, brokerage, or contingent fee, and that no member of City Council, or any employee of City has any interest, financially, or otherwise, in the firm. For breach or violation of this warrant, City will have the right to annul the Agreement without liability or at its discretion to deduct from the Agreement Price or consideration, the full amount of such commission, percentage, brokerage, or contingent fee.

14.23 **NO WAIVER**

The failure of either party to enforce any of the provisions of the Agreement Documents or to require performance of the other party of any of the provisions hereof must not be construed to be a waiver of such provisions, nor will it affect the validity of the Agreement Documents or any part thereof, or the right of either party to thereafter enforce each and every provision.

14.24 **NONEXCLUSIVE REMEDIES**

The remedies set forth in this Agreement are cumulative and not exclusive, and failure to exercise any remedy (including, without limitation, any right to terminate) will not preclude any party from exercising any other right in seeking any other remedy available to it at law or in equity.

14.25 **PROJECT COMMUNICATIONS**

14.25.1 All communications concerning the performance of the Work or the Project will be provided to the designated Project Manager and Contractor's Representative set forth in Article 1 of the Agreement. City may change the designated Project Manager and, subject to Section 4.4.20 of these General Conditions, Contractor may change Contractor Representative, by written notice to the other.

14.25.2 Project communications may be exchanged by e-mail, but email communications cannot change the terms of the Agreement or the Scope of Work, or effectuate any change that requires a written Change Order.

14.25.3 When any provisions of the Agreement Documents requires Contractor or the Design Professional to give written notice to City, it will be deemed to have been validly given if delivered in person or if delivered at or sent by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, to the Parties indicated in Agreement Article 1, incorporated by reference.

14.25.4 When any provisions of the Agreement Documents requires City, Project Manager, or the Design Professional to give written notice to Contractor, it will be deemed to have been validly given if delivered in person to the person designated in the Agreement Documents as Contractor's Resident Superintendent, or if delivered at or sent by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, to Contractor at the last address in the Agreement Documents or such substitute address which Contractor designates in writing, or to the business address known to the giver of notice.

General Conditions

14.26 DRUG FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM

- 14.26.1 City has adopted a policy establishing a drug free workplace for itself and as a requirement for Contractors doing business with City, to ensure the safety and health of employees working on City projects.
- 14.26.2 Contractor must require a drug free workplace for all employees working under the Agreement. Specifically, all employees of Contractor who are working under an agreement with City must be notified, in writing, by Contractor that they are prohibited from the manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession or unlawful use of a controlled substance in the workplace.
- 14.27 Failure to require a drug free workplace in accordance with the City's policy may result in termination of the Agreement and possible debarment from bidding on future City projects.

SECTION 15 - PROVISIONS APPLICABLE SOLELY TO GMP AND COST-BASED AGREEMENTS, CHANGE ORDERS, AND JOB ORDERS**15.1 ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS**

The definitions set forth in Section 2 apply to GMP and Cost-Based Agreements, Change Orders, and Job Orders, together with the additional definitions set forth below.

Baseline Cost Model –

A breakdown and estimate of the scope of the Project developed by CM@Risk pursuant to Section 17.5 of these General Conditions.

CM@Risk or Construction Manager at Risk –

The person or firm selected by City to provide pre-construction and/or construction services as detailed in a Construction Manager at Risk Agreement with City. In these General Conditions, the term "Contractor" includes CM@Risk under both Pre-Construction and Construction Services Agreements.

CM@Risk Fee or Contractor's Fee –

An agreed to percentage in an accepted GMP that represents the Contractor's fee for performance of the Work.

Agreement Documents –

Where compensation under the Agreement is based upon a GMP accepted by City, the term "Agreement Documents" also includes the accepted GMP Proposal.

Agreement Price –

Where compensation under the Agreement based upon a GMP accepted by City, the term "Agreement Price" refers to the GMP.

Cost-Based Agreement, Change Order, or Job Order –

A Agreement, Change Order, or Job Order where the Agreement Price is based upon the actual cost of performing the Work, subject to the terms of the Agreement Documents, including this Section 15. These would include those generally referred to as "Cost of the Work plus a Fee with a GMP," "Time and Materials," or "Cost Plus a Fee."

Cost of the Work –

The direct costs necessarily incurred by Contractor in the proper, timely, and complete performance on the Work. The Cost of the Work will include only those costs set forth in Section 15.2 of these

General Conditions

General Conditions.Deliverables –

The work products prepared by Contractor in performing the scope of work described in the Agreement. Some of the major deliverables to be prepared and provided by Contractor during pre-construction may include but are not limited to: the Baseline Cost Model and Schedule that validate City's plan and budget, Construction Management Plan, Detailed Project Schedule, Schedule of Values, alternative system evaluations, procurement strategies and plans, Detailed Cost Estimates, construction market surveys, cash flow projections, GMP Proposals, Subcontractor procurement plan, Subcontractor agreements, Subcontractor bid packages, Supplier agreements, Constructability Review, Cost Control Log, Traffic control and phasing plans and others as indicated in this Agreement or required by the Project Team.

Pre-Construction Services Agreement –

The Agreement entered into between City and the CM@Risk for Pre-Construction Services to be provided by the CM@Risk, including, without limitation, the generation of a GMP Proposal. If the GMP Proposal is accepted by City and a Construction Agreement is entered into between City and CM@Risk, the duties, obligations and warranties of the CM@Risk under the Pre-Construction Services Agreement survive and are incorporated into the resulting Construction Agreement.

Pre-Construction Services –

The services to be provided under the Pre-Construction Services Agreement, including Section 17 of these General Conditions.

Detailed Project Schedule –

The Detailed Project Schedule developed by the CM@Risk for the review and approval of the Project Manager in accordance with Section 17.3 of these General Conditions, if applicable.

General Conditions Costs –

Those costs set forth in Section 4 of Appendix 9 to these General Conditions.

GMP Plans and Specifications –

The plan and specifications upon which the Guaranteed Maximum price Proposal is based.

GMP Proposal –

The proposal of Contractor submitted pursuant to Section 17.7 of these General Conditions for the entire Work and/or portion (phases) of the Work.

Guaranteed Maximum Price or GMP –

The Guaranteed Maximum Price set forth in the Agreement, Change Order, or Job Order if applicable.

15.2 AGREEMENT PRICE

15.2.1 The Agreement Price for all Agreements, Change Orders, and Job Orders based upon payment of the Cost of the Work plus a Fee with a GMP, time and materials, or cost-plus a fee will be the Cost of the Work incurred plus the Fee agreed to in writing by City, limited to the amount of the GMP, if agreed to. Unless otherwise expressly provided in the Agreement, Change Order, or Job Order, all Cost Based pricing will be subject to and limited to GMP.

15.2.2 The Agreement Price may only be changed as set forth in Section 9 above.

General Conditions

15.2.3 Only costs specifically designated as reimbursable costs are eligible for payment by City or may be charged against the Agreement Price. All other costs will not be paid by City and will not be chargeable against the Agreement Price.

15.2.4 Cost-Based Agreements. For Agreements, Change Orders, or Job Orders, reimbursable costs must be determined pursuant to Appendix 9 to these General Conditions, Cost of the Work, and not by MAG Specifications §109.5.

15.3 **ALLOWANCES**

15.3.1 Contractor must include in the Agreement Price all Allowances stated in the Agreement Documents and agreed to in writing by City. Items covered by these Allowances must be supplied for such amounts and by such persons as City may direct, provided Contractor will not be required to employ persons against whom Contractor makes a reasonable objection. Materials, labor, and equipment under an Allowance will be selected by City in accordance with a schedule to be mutually agreed upon by City, Design Professional and Contractor or otherwise in reasonably sufficient time to avoid delay in the Work.

15.3.2 Unless otherwise provided in the Agreement Documents:

15.3.2.1 These Allowances must cover the cost to Contractor, less any applicable trade discount, of the materials, labor, and equipment required by the Allowances, delivered at the Site, and all applicable taxes;

15.3.2.2 Contractor's costs for unloading and handling on the Site, labor, installation costs, overhead, profit and other expenses relating to materials, labor, and equipment required by the Allowance must be included in the Agreement Sum and not in the Allowance; and

15.3.2.3 Whenever the cost is more or less than the Allowance, the Agreement Sum must be adjusted accordingly by Change Order, the amount of which will recognize the difference between actual costs for an Allowance item and the amount of the Allowance item and changes, if any, in handling costs on the Site, labor, installation costs, overhead, profit and other expenses.

15.4 **CONTINGENCY**

An agreed to amount in the GMP that may only be used in accordance with the terms set forth in these General Conditions and with prior written approval by the City.

15.4.1 Construction Contingency. This GMP includes a dollar amount listed as a Construction Contingency which will be readily available for increased costs for subcontractors, material, and equipment subject to prior approval of City, which approval will not be withheld unreasonably. The Construction Contingency may also be used, at the discretion of City, to reimburse CM@Risk for unexpected costs due to (a) scope gaps between trade subcontractors; (b) agreement default by trade subcontractors; (c) unforeseen field conditions, but only as defined in Section 9.5 above; (d) work completed to meet the intent of the design, but which was not indicated on the plans; (e) costs overruns not covered by allowances; (f) costs of corrective work not provided for elsewhere; and (g) implementation of any Recovery Plan. Cost for which CM@Risk desires to be paid from the Construction Contingency must be documented by CM@Risk on a time and materials basis and are subject to verification by City. If agreed to by City, a "Use of Contingency" form will be executed by both parties authorizing the actual cost of the work to be paid and included in the Work Item Direct Costs. The Construction Contingency is not allocated to any particular

item of the Project but may be used for any portion of the work as determined above. Any amount not used in the Construction Contingency will belong to City and will reduce the GMP.

- 15.4.2 **Owner's Contingency.** This GMP also includes a dollar amount listed as an Owner's Contingency which may be used only by the City (owner department) for upgrades and changes in scope or other changes not already included within the intent of the Project Program. City will provide CM@Risk with a Work Change Directive authorizing CM@Risk to perform the additional work and to transfer funds from the Owner's Contingency to the Work Item Direct Costs category to be paid with such direct costs. These additional costs will be in an amount mutually agreed upon by CM@Risk and City or will be documented by CM@Risk on a time and materials basis and are subject to verification by City. Any amount not used in the Owner's Contingency will belong to the City and will reduce the GMP.

15.5 **REDUCTION IN RETENTION**

If the Agreement Price is based upon a GMP, in order to receive payment of one-half of the retention as set forth in Section 8.1.5 above, Contractor must also submit to the Project Manager a complete accounting of the Actual Reimbursable Cost of the Work to date, including all such documentation (including, without limitation, invoices, subcontract, subcontractor change orders, purchase orders, records of payment, etc.) as City may require, to establish whether the payments made to Contractor equal, exceed, or are less than the actual reimbursable Cost of the Work to date. Any excess payments by City, as determined by the Project Manager, will be deducted from the one-half retention payment to be made to Contractor, and any additional excess amounts paid to Contractor will be refunded by Contractor to City. The Project Manager's determinations as to Actual Reimbursable Cost of the Work will be the basis of payment until final Project Closeout and Final Payment under the Agreement.

15.6 **FINAL PAYMENT**

If the Agreement Price is based upon a GMP, as a further condition precedent to Final Payment by City, Contractor must submit to the Project Manager a complete final accounting of the Actual Reimbursable Cost of the Work, including all such documentation (including, without limitation, invoices, subcontracts, subcontractor change orders, purchase orders, records of payment, etc.) as City may require, to establish whether the payments made to Contractor equal, exceed, or are less than the Actual Reimbursable Cost of the Work to date. Any excess payments by City, as determined by the Project Manager, will be deducted from the one-half retention payment to be made to Contractor, and any additional excess amounts paid to Contractor will be refunded by Contractor to City. Disputes relating to the Final Cost of the Work will be subject to City's audit rights under Sections 8.8 above and 15.7 below, and the dispute resolution process under Section 13 above.

15.7 **OPEN BOOK**

On any GMP-based or Cost-Based Agreement, Job Order, or Change Order, City may attend any and all meetings or discussions pertaining to the Project, including bid openings, and must have access to all books, invoices, accounts, memoranda, correspondence, and written communications or records of any kind pertaining to the Project, including without limitation, those stored in electronic format.

15.8 **DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS AND/OR CHANGE IN LAWS**

A Change Order for increased costs under Section 9.5 or 9.6 above will only be considered

or granted by City to the extent such actual, documented costs are justified.

SECTION 16 - PROVISIONS APPLICABLE SOLELY TO JOB ORDER AGREEMENTS (JOC)

16.1 ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS

The definitions set forth in Sections 2 and below will apply to all Job Order Agreements and Job Orders. In addition, the definitions set forth in Section 15.1 above will apply to all Cost-Based Job Orders.

Agreement –

Includes the Job Order Master Agreement and Job Order Project Agreements issued and agreed to by City and JOC Contractor.

JOC Contractor's Coefficient –

A numerical factor that represents JOC Contractor total costs (indirect and direct costs, sales tax, profit, etc.) and other adjustments for market conditions.

Job Order Request for Proposal (RFP) –

The Request for Proposals issued by City for each Job Order Project Agreement relating to a specific Project.

Job Order Cost Proposal –

The Proposal submitted by JOC Contractor in response to a Job Order Request for Proposal (RFP) issued by City to develop a Job Order Project Agreement for a specific Project.

Guaranteed Maximum Price (GMP) Job Order –

Job Order under which JOC Contractor is compensated for actual costs incurred.

Job Order Project Agreement (Job Order) –

The agreement for a specific project, as it may be modified by all Change Orders, executed by the Parties, which incorporates the terms and conditions of the Job Order Master Agreement.

16.2 ORDERING AND PROCESSING PROCEDURES FOR JOB ORDERS

16.2.1 The process for developing and issuing a Job Order for a particular Project consists of three (3) procedures: (1) issuance of a RFP by City; (2) JOC Contractor's response to the RFP in the form of JOC Contractor's Job Order Cost Proposal; and (3) Issuance of a Job Order by City, as set for below.

16.2.2 RFP's For Job Orders

16.2.2.1 City will provide to JOC Contractor RFP with a Scope of Work (SOW) describing the Work to be performed, which may include special instructions and conditions, material submittal requirements, and, if applicable, a complete set of sketches, construction drawings and specifications for the Job Order.

16.2.2.2 Some Job Order RFP's will be issued by City without detailed sketches, drawing and specifications and will rely on JOC Contractor to produce them for City review and approval and is considered to be Pre-Construction and incidental design services included in JOC Contractor's overhead for GMP Job Orders. In addition JOC Contractor will not be reimbursed for any Pre-Job Order costs, including proposal preparation, attendance during negotiations, or site visits.

General Conditions

16.2.3 JOC Contractor's Job Order Cost Proposal

16.2.3.1 JOC Contractor must respond within ten (10) calendar days of the RFP date or site visit, whichever is later or as otherwise indicated on a case-by-case basis, by submitting JOC Contractor's Job Order Cost Proposal to the City representative.

16.2.3.2 Unless otherwise required under the terms of the RFP, JOC Contractor's Job Order Cost Proposal must include the following.

- a. JOC Contractor's Job Order Cost Proposal in PDF and electronic format;
- b. A Project Schedule and schedule of values that reflects the costs of each work element on the schedule. The schedule must show all milestones (e.g., permits, submittals, ordering materials, demolition, work phases, closeout and completion date); and
- c. Necessary documentation will be required to indicate that adequate scoping, layout, setup and planning to accomplish the Work has been done. Examples of documentation that might reasonably be expected include sketches, drawings, calculations, catalog cuts and specifications produced to a level of detail and skill that could be expected of experienced, competent Project Managers with five or more periods experience in their respective trade.

16.2.3.3 JOC Contractor must select Subcontractors based on qualifications alone or on a combination of qualifications and price and must not select Subcontractors based on price alone. A qualifications and price selection may be a one-step selection based on a combination of qualifications and price or two-step selection. In a two-step selection, the first step must be based on qualifications alone and the second step may be based on a combination of qualifications and price or on price alone.

16.2.3.4 Upon request, JOC Contractor must provide City with copies of Subcontractor quotes and the basis for selection of each Subcontractor.

16.2.3.5 If City objects to a selected Subcontractor, City will make the objection and the reasons for the objection known to the JOC Contractor. JOC Contractor must then present an acceptable Subcontractor for the applicable discipline. City will not unreasonably object to or withhold approval of a Subcontractor.

16.2.3.6 For self-performed work, the City retains the right to have the JOC Contractor establish JOC Contractor's costs by bidding their costs against at least three (3) other interested trade Contractors. No self-performed work will be allowed to be performed on a lump sum basis.

16.2.4 Issuance of Job Order

16.2.4.1 City Representative will compare the JOC Contractor's Job Order Cost Proposal with the City's estimate, schedules and other requirements, and then, if the City Representative determines it is in the best interest of City, arrange a meeting with JOC Contractor, at which time the JOC Contractor's Job Order Cost Proposal will be discussed and negotiated.

16.2.4.2 If the City Representative determines that it is in the best interest of the City, City will then issue a Job Order to JOC Contractor for execution.

16.2.4.3 Specific Job Orders may vary, but unless agreed to by City in writing otherwise, the content

of Job Orders under the Agreement will generally be as follow, all of which will be signed and/or initialed by JOC Contractor's designated representative:

- a. The description of the Scope of the Work and Project Schedule (attached as Exhibit A to the Job Order);
- b. The address or location of the Work;
- c. The Agreement Price for Work (Construction) included in the Project (attached as Exhibit B to the Job Order);
- d. The name of the JOC Contractor representative for the Project;
- e. The Drawings and Specifications for the Project;
- f. If any shop drawings, project date and/or samples are required for the Job Order, the date for delivery of each required item (included in the Project Schedule, Exhibit A to the Job order); and
- g. Project Specific Provisions, if any, in Exhibit A to the Job Order, including, without limitation, whether any of the following are required: Pre-Construction Conference, weekly progress meetings, field office, storage enclosure, materials and equipment handling facility, submittals, shop drawings, product data, equipment list, samples, project manual, schedule of values, Construction progress schedule, narrative reports, progress report, progress charts, progress photographs, materials status report, Construction diagram, Construction status report, operation and maintenance data, operating maintenance instructions and parts list, and as-build drawings.

16.2.5 Job Order Intent. Each Job Order will be interpreted to include all items reasonably necessary to complete the Project under that Job Order as described in the scope of the Work in that Job Order. All Work must be performed in a professional manner and all materials used must be new and of the highest quality and of the type best adapted to their purpose, unless otherwise specified. The Notice to Proceed date, and the award date established therein, will be deemed an integral part of the Job Order the same as if set forth therein.

16.3 **INCIDENTAL DESIGN SERVICES**

16.3.1 This effort includes all "extensions of design" for systems that are typically specified in a performance oriented manner by consultants and designers. Examples include: fire sprinkler systems, fire alarm and sprinkler systems, DDC controls, control systems, prefabricated metal building and similar situations. These designs are normally provided under submittals as a shop drawing with engineering backup and as appropriate, seals of registered engineers specializing in the particular system.

16.3.2 Incidental design includes all documents, sketches, schematic diagrams, floor plan layouts, equipment schedules and other documents produced by the JOC Contractor to define the work required for projects that the City does not develop formal or abbreviated designs requiring a seal by a registered engineer. Incidental design does not include preparation of designs requiring an architect or engineer seal.

16.3.3 JOC Contractor represents, covenants, and agrees, and contractually assumes the obligation to furnish, all of the required Design Services through properly licensed and

experienced Design Professionals in complete accordance with all of the duties imposed on a Design Professional under the Agreement Documents, Laws, Regulations, or Legal Requirements, and the common law.

- 16.3.4 All Design Documents (and all other Project-related documents, models, computer drawings and other electronic expression, photographs and other expressions CADD, and BIM files and images included) that JOC Contractor and/or JOC Contractor's Design Professional(s) prepare in connection with a Job Order and the copyrights therein (collectively, the "Instruments of Service") will be the property of City. JOC Contractor covenants and agrees to execute any additional document reasonably requested by City to confirm such assignment without any additional compensation.

16.4 **CONSTRUCTION SERVICES**

- 16.4.1 The following subsections of this Section 16.4 set forth requirements beyond those set forth in Section 4 above which apply to Construction Services performed under a Job Order.

- 16.4.2 JOC Contractor must perform the Work using only those firms, team members and individuals designated by JOC Contractor consistent with each Job Order or otherwise approved by City pursuant to the General Conditions. No other entities or individuals may be used without the prior written approval of the Project Manager.

16.4.3 Construction Phasing

- 16.4.3.1 City use of the facilities is anticipated while the Work is being performed. The Work must be planned and accomplished so that there will be a minimum of interference and inconvenience to occupants in the building and agencies in the vicinity and to other craftsmen who may have to do work in the affected facilities. Any blockage of building exits or driveways must be coordinated in advance.

- 16.4.3.2 If applicable, furniture, portable office equipment and wall appurtenances not rigidly fastened to the walls must be moved by JOC Contractor, protected from damage and replaced to the original position upon completion of the work. If the work required by the Job Order will not allow furniture and portable office equipment to be replaced to its original position, new locations will be designated by City. Incidental costs associated with moving one-piece furnishings up to approximately 150 pounds to perform such tasks as painting, carpet or tile replacement, etc., are considered a general cost of building renovation and must be included in the JOC Contractor's Coefficient. Costs for large scale or wholesale removal and replacement of large quantities of desks or modular workstations, copiers, multiple full file cabinets, etc. to another location or storage outside the work space, or disassembly and reassembly of modular furniture is not considered part of the JOC Contractor's Coefficient and will be priced separately.

- 16.4.3.3 The work must, so far as practicable, be done in definite sections or divisions and confined to limited areas which must be completed before work in other sections or divisions are begun.

- 16.4.4 Work Site Conflicts. In the event of a conflict between JOC Contractor and others in an occupied facility or where other Contractors are performing work on the same facility under other Agreements, City will decide to dispute and that decision will be final.

- 16.4.5 Ownership of Work Product. Work Product prepared or otherwise created in connection

with the performance of this Agreement, including the Work, are to be and remain the property of City. For purposes of this provision, "Work Product" will include all designs, drawings, plans, specifications, ideas, renderings and other information or matter, in whatever form created (e.g., electronic or printed) and in all media now known or hereinafter created. All Work Product will be considered Work Made for Hire as defined in the United States Copyright Act 17 U.S.C. §101 (Copyright Act). If for any reason any such Work is found not to be a work for hire, JOC Contractor hereby transfers and assigns ownership of the copyright in such Work to City. The rights in this Section are exclusive to City in perpetuity.

16.5 **OPTIONAL LIQUIDATED DAMAGES**

16.5.1 Specific Job Orders. City will have the right to assess liquidated damages in relation to any specific JOC Project Agreement as set forth below.

16.5.2 Substantial Completion Liquidated Damages. JOC Contractor acknowledges and agrees that if JOC Contractor fails to obtain Substantial Completion of the Work within the Agreement Time, City will sustain extensive damages and serious loss as a result of such failure. The exact amount of such damages will be extremely difficult to ascertain. Therefore, City and JOC Contractor agree that if JOC Contractor fails to achieve Substantial Completion of the Work within the Agreement Time, City will be entitled to retain or recover from JOC Contractor, as liquidated damages and not as a penalty, the sum per calendar day as indicated in MAG § 108.9.

16.5.3 Final Acceptance Liquidated Damages. For the same reasons set forth in Section 16.5.2 above, City and JOC Contractor further agree that if JOC Contractor fails to achieve Final Acceptance of the Work within the Agreement Time, City will be entitled to retain or recover from JOC Contractor, as liquidated damages and not as a penalty, the sum per calendar day as indicated in MAG § 108.9 commencing from the actual date of Substantial Completion or Final Acceptance as required under any specific JOC Project Agreement.

16.5.4 MAG Liquidated Damages. Liquidated damages provisions in MAG § 108.9 may apply to any specific JOC Project Agreement.

16.5.5 City may deduct liquidated damages assessed pursuant to this Section 16.5 from any unpaid amounts then or thereafter due JOC Contractor under the Agreement or any specific JOC Project Agreement between JOC Contractor and City. Any liquidated damages not so deducted from any unpaid amounts due JOC Contractor must be payable to City at the demand of City, together with interest from the date of the demand at the highest lawful rate of interest payable to JOC Contractor.

16.6 **PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT**

16.6.1 Performance Assessment. After the Final Acceptance of Work under each Job Order, City will complete a written evaluation of the performance of JOC Contractor on the Job Order.

16.6.2 Consideration in Assignment of Work. JOC Contractor's record of cost, schedule and quality performance and comparative assessments will be significant considerations in City's determination whether to award future Job Orders. JOC Contractor agrees that any determination by City not to award future Job Orders or Option periods based on performance will be at the sole discretion of City.

**SECTION 17 - PROVISIONS APPLICABLE SOLELY TO PRE-CONSTRUCTION SERVICES FOR
CONSTRUCTION MANAGER AT RISK****17.1 ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS**

The definitions set forth in Section 2 and 15.1 above will apply to all Pre-Construction Services Agreements.

17.2 GENERAL

17.2.1 CM@Risk must perform the Services required by, and in accordance with the Agreement Documents and as outlined in Exhibit A of the Agreement to the satisfaction of the Project Manager, exercising the degree of care, skill, diligence and judgment a professional construction manager experienced in the performance of such services for construction and/or facilities of similar scope, function, size, quality, complexity and detail to the Project in urban areas throughout the United States, would exercise at such time, under similar conditions. CM@Risk must, at all times, perform the required services consistent with sound and generally accepted engineering principles and construction management and construction contracting practices.

17.2.2 As a participating member of the Project Team, CM@Risk must provide to City and Design Professional a written evaluation of City's Project Program and budget, each in terms of the other, with recommendations as to the appropriateness of each. CM@Risk must prepare a Baseline Cost Model that validates City's budget. The Baseline Cost Model must include all assumptions and basis of estimates in enough detail so that the Project Team can compare future detail estimates to the Baseline Cost model for variances. City and Design Professional will provide all the reasonably required data that is available in order to reach agreement between the team members that the Baseline Cost Model is an accurate projection of the costs of the Project.

17.2.3 CM@Risk must attend Project Team meetings, which may include, but are not limited to, bi-weekly Project management meetings, Project workshops, special Project meetings, construction document rolling reviews, public meetings and partnering sessions. CM@Risk attendance at design or other meetings in which CM@Risk is provided the opportunity but does not actively participate and/or is not properly prepared is not acceptable. Repeated instances of non-participation and/or lack of preparedness will be grounds for termination of CM@Risk Agreement for default.

17.2.4 CM@Risk must provide Pre-Construction Services, described herein, in a timely manner and consistent with the intent of the most current Drawings and Specifications. CM@Risk must promptly notify City in writing whenever CM@Risk determines any Drawings or Specifications are inappropriate for the Project and/or cause changes in the scope of Work that deviates more than the allowed contingencies within the Baseline Cost Model or requires an adjustment in the Baseline Cost Model, Detailed Cost Estimate, Detailed Project Schedule, GMP Proposals and/or in the Agreement Time for the Work, to the extent such as established.

17.2.5 CM@Risk when requested by City, must attend, make presentations and participate as may be appropriate in public agency and or community meetings, relevant to the Project. CM@Risk must provide drawings, schedule diagrams, budget charges and other materials describing the Project when their use is required or appropriate in any such public agency meetings.

- 17.2.6 **Ownership of Work Product.** All Work Product prepared or otherwise created in connection with the performance of this Agreement, including the Work, are to be and remain the property of City. For purposes of this provision, "Work Product" will include all designs, drawings, plans, specifications, ideas, renderings and other information or material, in whatever form created (e.g., electronic or printed) and in all media now know or hereinafter created. All Work Product will be considered Work Made for Hire as defined in the United States Copyright Act 17 U.S.C.

§101 (Copyright Act). If for any reason any such Work is found not to be a work for hire, Contractor hereby transfers and assigns ownership of the copyright in such Work to City. The rights in this Section are exclusive to City in perpetuity.

- 17.2.7 CM@Risk represents to City in completing Pre-Construction Services and providing the reports and analysis required thereunder, that Work can be properly and timely constructed within the GMP Proposal, if accepted. CM@Risk does not assume any design responsibilities unless specifically called for in the scope of work, but CM@Risk will be responsible for their errors, omissions or inconsistencies included in the Work.

17.3 **DETAILED PROJECT SCHEDULE**

- 17.3.1 The fundamental purpose of the Detailed Project Schedule is to identify, coordinate and record the tasks and activities to be performed by all of the Project Team members and then for the Project Team to utilize that Deliverable as a basis for managing and monitoring all member's compliance with the schedule requirements of the Project. Each Project Team member is responsible for its compliance with the Detailed Project Schedule requirements. CM@Risk must, however, develop and maintain the Detailed Project Schedule on behalf of and to be used by the Project Team based on input from the other Project Team members. The Baseline Project Schedule must be developed as part of the Baseline Cost Model. The Detailed Project Schedule must use the Critical Path method ("CPM") technique, unless required otherwise, in writing by City. CM@Risk must use scheduling software acceptable to City to develop the Detailed Project Schedule. The Detailed Project Schedule must be presented in graphical and tabular reports as agreed upon by the Project Team. If Project phasing as described below is required, the Detailed Project Schedule must indicate milestone dates for the phases once determined. As part of construction phase, City may require CM@Risk to prepare a "resource loaded" schedule for all work, including work performed by Subcontractors, detailing each of the project tasks and the required/anticipated number of personnel per day for each task. CM@Risk must also indicate on the schedule its ability to meet said required/anticipated personnel requirements.

- 17.3.2 CM@Risk must include and integrate in the Detailed Project Schedule the services and activities required of City, Design Professional and CM@Risk including all construction phase activities based on the input received from City and the Design Professional. The Detailed Project Schedule must define activities as determined by City to the extent required to show: (a) the coordination between preliminary design and various pre-construction documents, (b) any separate long-lead procurements, (c) any permitting issues, (d) any land, right-of-way, or easement acquisition, (e) bid packaging strategy and awards to Subcontractors and Suppliers, (f) major stages of construction, (g) start-up and commissioning, and (h) occupancy of the completed Work by City. The Detailed Project Schedule must include by example and not limitation, proposed activity sequences and durations for design, procurement, construction and testing activities, milestone dates for actions and decisions by the Project Team, preparation and processing of shop drawings

and samples, delivery of materials or equipment requiring long-lead time procurement (if any), milestone dates for various construction phases, Total Float for all activities to the extent authorized by City, relationships between the activities, City's occupancy requirements showing portions of the Project having occupancy priority, and proposed dates for Final Acceptance.

- 17.3.3 A Baseline Project Schedule must be initiated with the project Baseline Cost Model and agreed to by the project team at the same time. CM@Risk must update and maintain a detailed Project Schedule throughout pre-construction such that it will not require major changes at the start of the construction phase to incorporate CM@Risk's plan for the performance of the construction phase Work. CM@Risk must provide updates and/or revisions to the Detailed Project Schedule for use by the Project Team, whenever required, but no less often than at the Project Team meetings. CM@Risk must include with such submittals a narrative describing its analysis of the progress achieved to-date vs. the Baseline Project Schedule, including any concerns regarding delays or potential delays, and any recommendations regarding mitigating actions.
- 17.3.4 If phased construction is deemed appropriate at the time of developing the Baseline Cost Model or during the development of the Detailed Project Schedule, and City approves, CM@Risk must review the design and make recommendations regarding the phased issuance of Construction Documents to facilitate phased construction of the Work, with the objective of reducing the Project Schedule and/or Cost of the Work. CM@Risk must take into consideration such factors as natural and practical lines of work severability, sequencing effectiveness, access and availability constraints, total time for completion, construction market conditions, labor and materials availability, and any other factors pertinent to saving time and cost.
- 17.3.5 Long Lead Time Items. As part of developing the Detailed Project Schedule, CM@Risk must identify all long lead time materials, fabrications, equipment, or other items which may impact the Project Schedule and may require early action on the part of the Project Team. Dates for selecting and ordering long lead time items will be included and highlighted in the Detailed Project Schedule
- 17.3.6 Equipment Plan. Contractor must develop an Equipment Plan that addresses all rental and owned equipment, regardless of whether such equipment will be provided by CM@Risk or subcontractor(s), that will be necessary to construct the Project and the cost of which will be included as a Cost of the Work in the GMP Proposal. The Equipment Plan will seek to minimize the cost of the equipment to City and maximize the efficient and coordinated use of the equipment for completion of the Project. The Equipment Plan will not only include the costs and allowable lease rates for the equipment, but will also include an equipment schedule that will be incorporated into the Detailed Project Schedule and the Schedule of Values submitted with the GMP Proposal.
- 17.4 **DESIGN DOCUMENT REVIEWS**
- 17.4.1 CM@Risk must evaluate periodically the availability of labor, materials/equipment, cost-sensitive aspects of the design; and other factors that may create an unacceptable variance to the Baseline Cost Model and/or Baseline Project Schedule.
- 17.4.2 CM@Risk must recommend, in conjunction with the Project Team, those additional surface and subsurface investigations that, in its professional opinion, are required to provide the necessary information for CM@Risk to construct the Project. These additional

- investigations, if agreed to be necessary by the Project Manager and the Design Professional, will be acquired by City and copies of the reports will be provided to CM@Risk.
- 17.4.3 CM@Risk must meet with the Project Team as required to review designs during their development. CM@Risk must familiarize itself with the evolving documents through pre-construction. CM@Risk must proactively advise the Project Team and make recommendations on factors related to construction costs, and concerns pertaining to the feasibility and practicality of any proposed means and methods, selected materials, equipment and building systems, and, labor and material availability. CM@Risk must furthermore advise the Project Team on proposed site improvements, excavation and foundation considerations, as well as, concerns that exist with respect to coordination of the Drawings and Specifications. CM@Risk must use established value analysis principles in recommending cost effective alternatives.
- 17.4.4 CM@Risk must routinely conduct constructability and bid-ability reviews of the Drawings and Specifications as necessary to satisfy the needs of the Project Team. The reviews must attempt to identify all discrepancies and inconsistencies in the Construction Documents especially those related to clarity, consistency, completeness and coordination of Work of Subcontractors and Suppliers.
- 17.4.4.1 CM@Risk must evaluate whether: (a) the Drawings and Specifications are configured to enable efficient construction; (b) design elements are standardized; (c) construction efficiency is properly considered in the Drawings and Specifications; (d) module/preassembly design is prepared to facilitate fabrication, transport and installation; (e) sequences of Work required by or inferable from the Drawings and Specifications are practicable; (f) the design has taken into consideration efficiency issues concerning access and entrance to the site, laydown and storage of materials, staging of site facilities, construction parking, and other similar pertinent issues; and (g) the design maintains continued operation of the existing City systems and maintains traffic on adjacent roadways. CM@Risk must also review the Drawings and Specifications to ensure that what is depicted therein can be constructed as designed and must promptly inform the Project Team of any issues.
- 17.4.4.2 CM@Risk must check cross-reference and complementary Drawings and sections within the Specifications and in general evaluate whether: (a) the Drawings and Specifications are sufficiently clear and detailed to minimize ambiguity and to reduce scope interpretation discrepancies; (b) named materials and equipment are commercially available and are performing well, or otherwise, in similar installations; (c) Specifications include alternatives in the event a requirement cannot be met in the field; and (d) in its professional opinion, the Project is likely to be subject to Differing Site Conditions.
- 17.4.4.3 The results of the reviews must be provided to Project Team in formal, written reports clearly identifying all reviewed documents and the discovered discrepancies and inconsistencies in the Drawings and Specifications with notations and recommendations made on the Drawings, Specifications and other documents. CM@Risk must meet with Project Team to discuss any findings and review reports.
- 17.4.4.4 CM@Risk's reviews must be from a Contractor's perspective, and though it will serve to eliminate/reduce the number of RFIs and changes during the construction phase, responsibility for the Drawings and Specifications will remain with the Design Professional and not CM@Risk.

- 17.4.5 It is CM@Risk's responsibility to assist the Design Professional in ascertaining that, in CM@Risk's professional opinion, the Construction Documents are in accordance with applicable Laws, Regulations, or Legal Requirements, building codes, sound engineering principle's rules and regulations. If CM@Risk recognizes that portions of the Construction Documents are at variance with applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, building codes, sound engineering principle's rules and regulations, it must promptly notify the Project Team in writing, describing the apparent variance of deficiency. However, the Design Professional is ultimately responsible for the compliance of the Drawings and Specifications with those laws, statutes, ordinances, building codes, rules and regulations.
- 17.4.6 The Project Team will routinely identify and evaluate using value analysis principles and alternate systems, approaches, design changes that have the potential to reduce Project costs while still delivering a high quality and fully functional Project consistent with the Project Program. If the Project Team agrees, CM@Risk in cooperation with the Design Professional, will perform a cost/benefit analysis of the alternatives and submit such in writing to the Project Team. City, through the Project Manager, will direct which alternatives will be incorporated into the Project. The Design Professional will have full design responsibility for the review and incorporation of CM@Risk suggested alternatives into the Drawings and Specifications. CM@Risk must analyze the costs and schedule impacts of the alternatives against the Baseline Cost Model and Schedule and provide a recommendation for the Project Team's consideration and City's approval prior to the establishment of the GMP.
- 17.5 **BASELINE COSTS MODEL, DETAILED COST ESTIMATES, AND SCHEDULE OF VALUES**
- 17.5.1 At the conclusion of the Master Planning and Programming, if required, CM@Risk will review all available information regarding the design and scope of the Project using CM@Risk's experience in performing similar work, knowledge of similar projects and current and projected construction costs and, based upon that review, must develop a Baseline Cost Model for review by the Project Team and approval by City. Once approved by City, the Baseline Cost Model will be continually referenced as detailed estimates are created as the design progresses throughout Pre-Construction until the final GMP for the entire Project is established. A final GMP for the entire Project must be established and approved by City prior to the start of construction. It is the responsibility of CM@Risk to ensure City has sufficient information to evaluate and approve a final GMP prior to the time necessary to start construction so construction can be completed within the Agreement Time. The Project Detailed Cost Estimate will be the best representation from CM@Risk of what the complete functional Project's construction costs will be as indicated by the most current available documents and will be constantly checked against the Baseline Cost Model. CM@Risk must communicate to the Project Team and assumptions made in preparing the Baseline Cost Model. The Baseline Cost Model must support CM@Risk's Detailed Cost Estimates and may be broken down initially as dictated by the available information, as required by City.
- 17.5.2 After receipt of the Design Professional's most current documents from certain specified pre- construction milestones, CM@Risk must provide a draft Detailed Cost Estimate including a detailed written report detailing any variances to the Baseline Cost Model and Baseline Project Schedule. The Design Professional and CM@Risk will reconcile any disagreements on the estimate to arrive at an agreed upon Detailed Cost Estimate for the construction costs based on the scope of the Project through that specified pre-construction milestone. Pre-Construction milestones applicable to this paragraph are:

Master Planning and Programming, Schematic Design, 50% Design Development, 100% Design Development, and 50% Construction Drawings, If no consensus is reached, City will make the final determination. If the Project Team requires additional updates of the Detailed Cost Estimate beyond that specified in this paragraph, CM@Risk must provide the requested information in a timely manner.

- 17.5.3 If at any point the Detailed Cost Estimate submitted to City exceeds the previously accepted Baseline Cost Model or previously approved Detailed Cost Estimate agreed to as set forth in Section 17.5.2 above, CM@Risk must make appropriate recommendations to project Team on means/methods, materials, and or other design elements that it believes will reduce the estimated construction costs, such that it is equal to or less than the established Project Team's Baseline Cost Model.
- 17.5.4 Unless other levels of completion are agreed to in writing in the Construction Documents, at 50% Construction Drawings and included with the associated report, CM@Risk must also submit to the Project Team for review and approval a Schedule of Values that complies with the following requirements. The Schedule of Values must be based on City standard bid schedule and highlight significant variances from any previously submitted Schedule of Values. The Schedule of Values must be directly related to the breakdowns reflected in the Detailed Project Schedule and CM@Risk's Detailed Cost Estimate. In addition, the Schedule of Values must: (a) detail unit prices and quantity take-offs, (b) detail all other contingencies and unit price Work shown and specified in the detailed design documents.
- 17.5.5 CM@Risk is to track, estimate/price and address the Project Team's overall project cost issues that arise outside of the Baseline Cost Model and the latest approved Detailed Cost Estimate such as: City generated changes, Project Team proposed changes, alternate system analysis, constructability items and value engineering analysis. The system used to implement this process will be referred to as the Design Evolution Log. This is to be addressed between the Baseline Cost Model and the Master Planning and Programming Detailed Cost Estimate, and then (unless other levels of completion are agreed to in writing in the Construction Documents) between the Detailed Cost Estimates for each of the pre-construction milestones thereafter, Schematic Design, 50% Design Development, 100% Design Development, and 50% Construction Documents, and the bid packages for all Phases.
- 17.5.6 Upon request by City, CM@Risk must submit to City a cash flow projection for the Project based on the current updated/revised Detailed Project Schedule and the anticipated level of payments for CM@Risk during the design and construction phases. In addition, if requested by City and based on information provided by City, CM@Risk must prepare a cash flow projection for the entire Project based on historical records for similar types of projects to assist City in the financing process.
- 17.5.7 Construction Water. CM@Risk must estimate the quantity of water to be used and include the cost thereof in each Detailed Cost Estimate and GMP Proposal provided by City.

17.6 **SUBCONTRACTOR AND MAJOR SUPPLIER SELECTIONS**

- 17.6.1 There are two ways to select Subcontractors and major Suppliers prior to submission of a GMP Proposal: (1) qualifications-based selection; or (2) a combination of qualifications and price. Except as noted below, the selection of Subcontractors/Suppliers is the sole responsibility of CM@Risk. In any case, CM@Risk is solely responsible for the performance of the selected Subcontractors/Suppliers, and for compliance with the requirements of

- Title 34 of the Arizona Revised Statutes in the selection of a Subcontractors/Suppliers, to the extent applicable. CM@Risk must comply with its Subcontractor Selection Plan submitted with its Statement of Qualifications.
- 17.6.2 City may approve the selection of a Subcontractor(s) or Suppliers(s) based only on their qualifications when CM@Risk can demonstrate it is in the best interest of the Project. All Work that is performed, after such a qualifications-based selection, for a price that is negotiated by CM@Risk will be billed in accordance with the GMP for actual costs and may be subject to audit by City.
- 17.6.2.1 Qualifications based selection of a Subcontractor(s)/Supplier(s) should only occur prior to the submittal of the GMP Proposal.
- 17.6.2.2 If a Subcontractor/Supplier selection plan was submitted and agreed to by City, CM@Risk must apply the plan in the evaluation of the qualifications of a Subcontractor(s) or Supplier(s) and provide City with its review and recommendations.
- 17.6.2.3 CM@Risk must receive written City approval for each selected Subcontractor(s) and Supplier(s).
- 17.6.2.4 CM@Risk must negotiate costs for services/supplies from each Subcontractor/Supplier selected under this method.
- 17.6.3 All Work must be competitively bid unless a Subcontractor or Supplier was selected pursuant to Section 17.6.2 above.
- 17.6.3.1 CM@Risk must develop Subcontractor and Supplier interest, submit the names of a minimum of three qualified Subcontractors or Suppliers for each trade in the Project for approval by City and solicit bids for the various Work categories. If there are not three qualified Subcontractors/Suppliers available for a specific trade or there are extenuating circumstances warranting such, CM@Risk may request approval by City to submit less than three names. Without prior written notice to City, no change in the recommended Subcontractors/Supplies will be allowed.
- 17.6.3.2 If City objects to any nominated Subcontractor/Supplier or to any self-performed Work for good reason, CM@Risk must nominate a substitute Subcontractor/Supplier that is acceptable to City.
- 17.6.3.3 CM@Risk must distribute Drawings and Specifications, and when appropriate, conduct a Pre- Bid Conference with prospective Subcontractors and Suppliers.
- 17.6.3.4 If CM@Risk desires to self-perform certain portions of the Work, it must request to be one of the approved Subcontractor bidders for those specific bid packages. CM@Risk's bid will be evaluated in accordance with the process identified below. If events warrant and City concurs that it is necessary in order to ensure compliance with the Project Schedule and/or the most recent Detailed Cost Estimate, CM@Risk may be authorized to self-perform Work without bidding or rebidding the Work. When CM@Risk self-performs work without bidding, only the actual costs associated with performing the Work in accordance with the approved GMP will be billed and may be subject to audit by City.
- 17.6.3.5 CM@Risk must receive, open, record and evaluate the bids; provided, however, that if CM@Risk or one of its affiliates is bidding to self-perform the Work that is the subject of the bid, then the bids must be received, opened, recorded and evaluated by Project Manager

instead of CM@Risk. Bids for each category of Work must be opened and recorded at a pre-determined time. The apparent low bidders must be interviewed to determine the responsiveness of their proposals. In evaluating the responsiveness of bid proposals CM@Risk, in addition to bid price, may consider the following factors: past performance on similar projects, qualifications and experience of personnel assigned, quality management plan, approach or understanding of the Work to be performed, and performance schedule to complete the Work. The final evaluation of Subcontractor/Supplier bids must be done with Project Manager in attendance to observe and witness the process. CM@Risk must resolve any Subcontractor/Supplier bid withdrawal, protest or disqualification in connection with the award at no increase in the Cost of Work.

17.6.4 CM@Risk will be required to prepare two different reports on the subcontracting process.

17.6.4.1 Within fifteen days after each major Subcontractor/Supplier bid opening process; CM@Risk must prepare a report for City's review and approval identifying the recommended Subcontractors/Supplier for each category of Work. The report must detail: (a) the name of the recommended Subcontractor/Supplier and the amount of the Subcontractor/Supplier bid for each sub-agreement; (b) the sum of all recommended Subcontractor/Supplier bids received; (c) and trade work and its cost that CM@Risk intends to self-perform, if any.

17.6.4.2 Upon completion of the Subcontractor/Supplier bidding process, CM@Risk must submit a summary report to City of the entire Subcontractor/Supplier selection process. The report must indicate, by bid process, all Subcontractors/Suppliers contacted to determine interest, the Subcontractors/Suppliers solicited, the bids received and costs negotiated, and the recommended Subcontractors/Suppliers for each category of Work.

17.6.5 The approved Subcontractors/Suppliers will provide a Schedule of Values with their bid proposals, which will be used to create the overall Project Schedule of Values.

17.6.6 If after receipt of sub-bids or after award to Subcontractors and Suppliers, City objects to any nominated Subcontractor/Supplier or to any self-performed Work without any reasonable basis, CM@Risk must nominate a substitute Subcontractor or Supplier, preferably if such option is still available, from those who submitted Subcontractor bids for the Work affected. Once such substitute Subcontractors and Suppliers are consented to by City, CM@Risk's proposed GMP for the Work or portion thereof must be correspondingly adjusted to reflect any higher or lower costs from any such substitution.

17.7 **GMP PROPOSAL**

17.7.1 When a GMP Proposal is submitted for a phase of the Work, the GMP will have a Detailed Cost Estimate of the Costs of the Work (as set forth in Section 15.2) in each phase of the Work that is being proposed plus the current estimate for all other Work. City will not approve the GMP for the phase of work without a total estimate for the complete Project. City may request a GMP Proposal for all or any portion of the Project and at any time during pre-construction. Any GMP Proposals submitted by CM@Risk must be based on and consistent with Baseline Cost Model and the current update/revised Detailed Cost Estimate at the time of the request and include any clarifications or assumptions upon which the GMP Proposal(s) are based.

17.7.2 A GMP Proposal for the entire Project will be the sum of the Cost of the Work, CM@Risk Fee, and General Conditions Cost. CM@Risk guarantees to complete the Project at or less than

the final GMP Proposal amount plus approved Change Orders. CM@Risk will be responsible for any costs for expenses that would cause the Cost of the Work actually incurred, including the Construction Fee and General Conditions Costs, to exceed the GMP.

17.7.3 CM@Risk must prepare its GMP Proposal in accordance with City's request for GMP Proposal requirements based on the most current completed Drawings and Specifications at that time, which unless otherwise directed by City in writing, will be at 100% Construction Drawings. CM@Risk must mark the face of each document of each set upon which its GMP Proposal is based. These documents must be identified as the GMP Plans and Specifications. CM@Risk must send one set of those documents to the Project Manager, keep one set and return the third set to the Design Professional.

17.7.4 An updated/revised Detailed Project Schedule, Equipment Plan, and Schedule of Values must be included in any GMP Proposal(s), all of which must reflect the GMP Plans and Specifications the Detailed Project Schedule must be shown in relationship to the Project Schedule and identify any variance to the Baseline Project Schedule. Any such Detailed Project Schedule updates/revisions must continue to comply with the requirements of Section 17.3.1 through 17.3.5.

17.7.5 **GMP Proposals(s) Review and Approval**

17.7.5.1 CM@Risk must meet with the Project Team to review the GMP Proposal(s) and the written statement of its basis. In the event the Project Team discovers inconsistencies or inaccuracies in the information presented, CM@Risk must make adjustments as necessary to the GMP Proposal.

17.7.5.2 If during the review and negotiation of GMP Proposals design changes are required, City may authorize and cause the Design Professional to revise the GMP Plans and Specifications to the extent necessary to reflect the agreed-upon assumptions and clarifications contained in the final approved GMP Proposal. Such revised GMP Plans and Specification will be furnished to CM@Risk. CM@Risk must promptly notify the Project Team in writing if any such revised GMP Plans and Specifications are inconsistent with the agreed upon assumptions and clarifications.

17.7.6 All portions of or items comprising the GMP Proposal are subject to audit by City, as deemed appropriate by City, including, without limitation, any based upon unit prices or Work to be self-performed by CM@Risk, or its affiliates.

17.8 **PAYMENT PROCEDURE FOR PRE-CONSTRUCTION SERVICES**

17.8.1 Requests for monthly payments by CM@Risk for Pre-Construction Services must be submitted monthly and must be accompanied by a progress report, detailed invoices and receipts, if applicable. Any requests for payment must include, as a minimum, a narrative description of the tasks accomplished during the billing period, a listing of any Deliverables submitted, and copies of any Subconsultants' requests for payment, plus similar narrative and listings of Deliverables associated with their Work. Payment for services negotiated as a lump sum will be made in accordance with the percentage of work completed during the preceding month.

17.8.2 In no event will City pay more than seventy-five (75%) of the Agreement Price until acceptance of ALL Pre-Construction Services and award of the final approved Construction Services Agreement for the entire Project by City Council. If CM@Risk does not prepare a

GMP Proposal that is acceptable to City, or the GMP Proposal exceeds the City's Construction Budget, then CM@Risk understands and acknowledges that it will forfeit any right to receive the 25% of the Agreement Price being retained by City.

17.8.3 CM@Risk agrees that no charges or claims for costs or damages of any type will be made by it for any delays or hindrances beyond the reasonable control of City during the progress of any portion of Pre-Construction Services specified in this Agreement. Such delays or hindrances, if any, will be solely compensated for by an extension of time for such reasonable period and may be mutually agreed between the parties. It is understood and agreed, however, that permitting CM@Risk to proceed to complete any such Services, in whole or in part after the date to which the time of completion may have been extended, will in no way act as a waiver on the part of City of any of their respective legal rights herein.

17.8.4 No compensation to CM@Risk will be allowed contrary to Article I, Chapter I, Title 34 of the Arizona Revised Statutes.

17.8.5 If any service(s) executed by CM@Risk is abandoned or suspended in whole or in part, for a period of more than 180 days through no fault of CM@Risk, CM@Risk is to be paid for the services performed prior to the abandonment or suspension.

17.9 **SURVIVAL OF THE DESIGN SERVICES AGREEMENT, DUTIES, OBLIGATIONS AND WARRANTIES**

If the GMP Proposal is accepted by City and a Construction Agreement is entered into between City and CM@Risk, the duties, obligations and warranties of CM@Risk under the Pre- Construction Services Agreement survive and are incorporated into the resulting Construction Agreement.

General Conditions Appendices

SECTION 15 – APPENDICES

The following Appendices attached hereto are referenced in the General Conditions and are incorporated herein.

- Appendix 1 – Policy Statement for Calculating Delays and Damages
- Appendix 2 – Cost Reduction Incentive Proposals for Design Bid Build Agreements
- Appendix 3 – Contractor's Affidavit Regarding Settlement of Claims
- Appendix 4 – Forms of Performance Bond
- Appendix 5 – Forms of Payment Bond
- Appendix 6 – Dispute Resolution
- Appendix 7 – Certificate of Completion
- Appendix 8 – Construction Sign Detail
- Appendix 9 – Cost of the Work (Applicable solely to Construction Manager at Risk and Job Order Contracting)
- Appendix 10 – Landscape Establishment Period

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CALCULATING DELAYS AND DAMAGES

The purpose of this policy statement is to establish guidelines and procedures for negotiation between the Contractor and City of Chandler relating to compensation for delays pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) 34-221(F). This policy statement contains notice requirements in addition to those set forth in the Agreement Documents, and will be the Agreement Provision contemplated by that statute.

NOTE: As used herein, the term "Engineer" will refer to the City of Chandler City Engineer or his/her designated representative. Nothing in this Policy Statement will be construed to void any provision in the Agreement which requires timely notice of delays or provides for arbitration or any other procedure for settlement or provides for liquidated damages.

I. TYPES OF DELAYS:

For the purposes of this document, there are essentially four types of delays encountered by City of Chandler Construction Contractors; excusable/compensable, excusable/non-compensable, non-excusable, and concurrent. Only delays that extend Agreement Completion Time set forth in the Agreement Document will be considered for issues relating to Agreement extensions or additional compensation. All other delays are considered to be activity delays and do not entitle the Contractor to either time extensions or additional compensation. Agreement Completion Time will be defined as the date set forth in Maricopa Association of Governments (MAG) Uniform Standard Specification Section 101 and as may be modified by the Agreement Documents.

A. Excusable/Compensable:

These are delays caused solely by the City's actions or inactions, are unreasonable under the circumstances, and which were not within the contemplation of the parties to the Agreement at or prior to the time of execution of the Agreement. Since the Contractor presumably has no control over the events causing the delay, he may be entitled to both Agreement time extensions and additional compensation for delay damages. Further, he/she may be entitled to additional compensation from the impact of that delay on other work. Examples of excusable/compensable (E/C) delays include: failure to properly locate an underground City-owned utility within 2 feet of the actual location; failure to relocate City-owned utilities far enough in advance of construction in an area where the Contractor is scheduled to work that it delays start or completion of the Contractor's regularly scheduled work; failure to provide City-furnished equipment or materials in a timely manner if required by the Agreement; failure to acquire necessary Right-of-Way or Public Utility Easements prior to the Contractor beginning Work in the area; failure to timely return Shop Drawings or other Agreement Submittals in accordance with the Agreement; unreasonable delay by the City in making decisions which affect critical activities; surveying errors when the City is contractually responsible for providing Project Surveying. This list is not meant to be all inclusive, but is intended merely as examples of the type of City action or inaction which can result in a Contractor's claim for additional time and compensation.

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B. Excusable/Non-compensable:

These are delays over which neither the City nor the Contractor had control. Since both parties to the Agreement have been potentially damaged by the delay, but neither have caused it, only Time Extensions are warranted. Examples of excusable, non-compensable (E/N) delays include: unusually severe weather; fire; acts of God; failure of non-City owned utilities (SRP, CenturyLink, Cable TV, Southern Pacific Railroad, and Southwest Gas, etc.) to properly or timely locate accurately; failure of non-City owned utilities to relocate in advance of construction; the voluntary or involuntary filing for Bankruptcy protection by a Supplier or Subcontractor which causes the Supplier/Subcontractor to fail to meet a contractual deadline provided the Contractor can provide documentation that he/she executed the required Purchase Orders/Subcontract Agreements and received delivery schedules which, if met, would have eliminated the delay; delays as a result of an incomplete shutdown of a City or non-City owned utility main (the City does not guarantee a complete shutdown). This list also is not necessarily all inclusive but merely indicative of type and class of E/N delays.

C. Non-excusable/Non-compensable:

These are delays caused by the actions or inactions of Contractor or an officer, employee, agent, Subcontractor, Supplier or any other party for whom the Contractor is responsible. Since the Contractor has assumed responsibility for the risks associated with the events that caused the delay, he/she are not entitled to either time extensions or monetary delay damages. All non-excusable delays are also non-compensable. Examples of non-excusable, non-compensable (N/N) delays include: failure to perform by the Contractor, its Subcontractors and/or Suppliers (except as noted in section I.B above); failure to provide adequate labor, materials, and/or equipment on the Project; failure to perform contractually-required coordination with utilities, agencies and other Contractors; failure to notify the Engineer, in writing, of delay impacts within two working days, as required by MAG 104.2.3, or the next work day, as required by MAG 109.8.2; failure to timely submit Shop Drawings; failure to pothole or otherwise visually locate utilities sufficiently ahead of the Work to allow the Engineer to direct corrective action when necessary; delays due to retesting of previously failed work, re-inspection, and/or restaking resulting from faulty workmanship, poor quality control, or lack of compliance with Agreement Specifications. Again, this list is not necessarily all inclusive.

D. Concurrent:

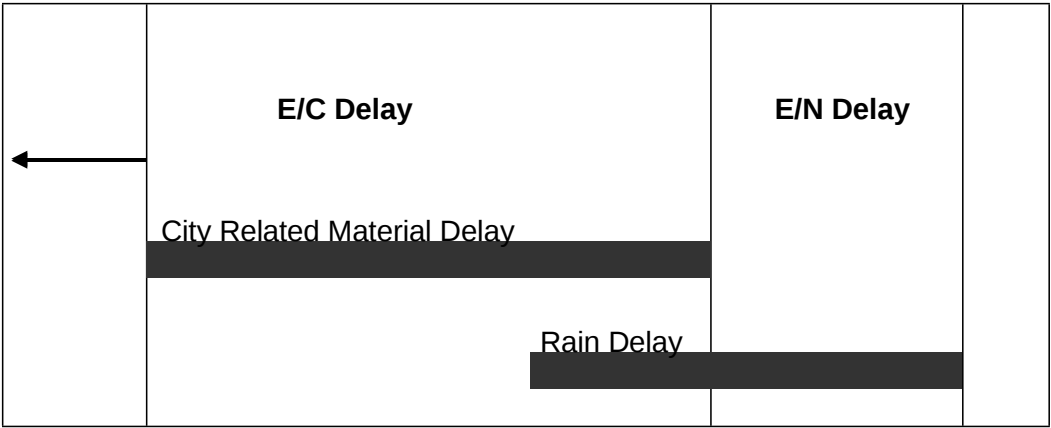
When two or more delays occur simultaneously or overlap, each delay is analyzed separately to determine its impact on the overall project completion date based on when that delay started. Once again, only those delays which actually extend the Agreement completion time are considered as delays. The concurrent delay is considered an additional delay only to the extent it prolongs the delay to the Agreement Completion Time beyond the date that the one it is concurrent with had already delayed that date. For example, if two delays are concurrent, and one is five days long and the second is seven days long, the second concurrent delay will only extend the Agreement Completion Time by two days. The same method of analysis is

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used when there are multiple concurrent delays. Only those extending the Project Completion Date are considered to be delays for the purposes of this policy. The portion of each concurrent delay that delays the completion of the work is classified in the same manner as described previously for individual delays and being either E/C, E/N or N/N.

An example of a concurrent delay is where the City delays furnishing material, but the Contractor could not have installed it anyway due to unusually severe weather. The effect of the first delaying activity will extend for the full duration and will be considered controlling on the Contractor’s schedule. A subsequent, concurrent delay will thereafter only be considered to effect the project completion (if at all) once the first delaying activity has ceased to impact the project completion. In this case, if the unusually severe weather continued and delayed the work after the material was delivered, the first portion of the delay would be classified E/C (delay for material) and the second as E/N (delay due to unusually severe weather). Using the procedure set forth above, the entire concurrent portion would be considered E/C as shown in the chart which follows.

Example of a Concurrent Delay:



II. ANALYZING THE DELAY:

The Contractor must provide all documents required or requested by the Engineer to analyze the delay(s). It is important to understand that, prior to the delay analysis, delays and their impacts are alleged issues. The information the Contractor provides will be compared with the Inspector’s Daily Log, Schedules and other available Project information and together they will support or refute that delays occurred and, if so, how they impact other work and the overall project completion. The Contractor’s delay in providing these documents will be considered prima facie evidence that either the delay did not occur or it did not impact the Project Completion Date and any claim for time extension or damages will be denied.

The Engineer will accept delay analyses in CPM format, as these may demonstrate to his/her satisfaction whether or not Project Completion has been impacted by a specific event. If the Contractor chooses not to use CPM scheduling procedures, then the burden will be on the Contractor to prove to the Engineer’s satisfaction that the Project Completion has been impacted. The procedures

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below assume that the Contractor is using CPM scheduling methods. As a minimum the Contractor must provide the following materials to the Engineer:

- A. As-Planned Schedule. The initial construction schedule, required by the Agreement Documents, will be considered the baseline schedule. It is to the Contractor's advantage that the As-Planned (baseline) Schedule be as detailed as possible in order for delays, as they occur, to be incorporated into the schedule in representative locations. It is also to the Contractor's advantage to use a computer software program to generate the schedule since updated schedules are required monthly by the Agreement Documents and since updated schedules are required to support delays and requests for additional compensation for delays. The As-Planned (baseline) Schedule must be presented in network format which clearly shows the interrelationships of the activities. The Contractor must also provide a printout of the activities showing early start, early finish, late start, late finish, duration and float. The activity list printout must also indicate predecessor and successor activities.
- B. As-Built Schedules. The as planned (baseline) schedule must be updated with complete progress-to-date information (actualized) up to the date of the start of the alleged delay. Each updated schedule will serve as the as-built schedule for analyzing the alleged delay and provide a new baseline as-planned schedule for the next delay. This process must be repeated for each alleged delay as it occurs. In updating the baseline schedule, the alleged delay must be treated as an activity and inserted into the schedule as a predecessor to the impacted activity (ies). When an activity that has already started is impacted, it is preferable to divide this activity into two parts and show the impact affecting the second part. For schedules which incorporate a time line (or data date), the delay activity must be inserted at the time it actually occurred. Some software scheduling programs have a PAUSE-RESUME feature that can be used to facilitate the requirements. The updated schedule must also be accompanied by a listing of activities as with the baseline schedule. This activities list must contain the alleged delay as an activity showing the duration and the activities which are predecessors and successors to it. When computer generated schedules are used, the Contractor must provide, in electronic media format, the complete data files for the updated schedule that included the delay activity, preferably either in Suretrak or in Microsoft Project. Each electronic media must contain a label identifying the Project name, Contractor's name, program name and version number, data date and project finish date.
- C. Other Documents: In order to determine the amount of the alleged delay and if it is compensable, the Contractor must provide all backup documentation relevant to the issue and as required by the Engineer. This documentation must include copies of such items as: purchase orders; delivery schedules; correspondence; memoranda of telephone calls; force account daily worksheets (initialed by the Inspector); payroll data; estimating (bid) worksheets; and any other materials which may be requested by the Engineer.
- D. Procedure: Only after receipt of sufficient documentation will the Engineer analyze each alleged delay and determine if it is supported or refuted. If supported, the Engineer will determine if it is excusable or non-excusable, compensable or non-

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compensable. If the Engineer determines that the delay did not affect the Project Completion, the as-planned schedule, which has been updated to the date of the alleged delay, must be revised to indicate this. If the Engineer determines the delay did occur but was N/N, then no time extension will be granted. It is imperative that an actualized schedule be submitted as soon as the occurrence of the alleged delay is known. In no event will the Contractor submit an actualized updated schedule later than 60 days after the occurrence of the alleged delay becomes known.

If the Engineer determines the delay did occur and was excusable but, due to a reason listed in section I.B. is non-compensable, he/she will determine the length of the E/N delay and prepare a Change Order to add that time to the Agreement. The Engineer's decision will be final.

If the Engineer determines the delay was excusable and compensable, he/she will determine the length of the E/C delay and proceed to review the Contractor's damage calculations in accordance with Section III. The Engineer will check the Contractor's calculations, review the backup documentation provided, and prepare a Change Order to cover both the additional compensation and the time extension. The Engineer's decision on both the time extension and additional compensation for the delay will be final.

If the issue involves a concurrent delay, the Engineer will analyze available data to determine the portions which are E/C, E/N, and/or N/N as described above. The Engineer will proceed to determine the length of E/C delay and verify the Contractor's delay damage calculations, if any are provided. Upon completion of this review, the Engineer will prepare a Change Order for the Contractor's review and signature. The Engineer's decision regarding excusable delay and additional compensation for the delay is final.

The amount of time the Engineer will require to analyze the alleged delay(s) will depend upon the Engineer's workload, the complexity of the delay analysis, availability of supporting data, extent of cooperation by the Contractor, and other factors beyond the Engineer's control. It is entirely possible other delay(s) may occur while the Engineer is analyzing particular claim for delay(s). The Engineer's failure to respond to the Contractor in a set period of time will not be used as the basis for a further delay claim or as justification for extending and existing delay claim. The time required for delay analysis by the Engineer will not be counted against the time allotted for processing Final Payment as required by (MAG Section 109.7(B)) or the release of retention and Final Payment as prescribed by A.R.S. Arizona Revised Statutes §34-221.

III. CALCULATING MONETARY DELAY DAMAGES:

Additional compensation for delay, when authorized by the Engineer, will be calculated in accordance with MAG Section 109.5 ACTUAL COST WORK with the following exceptions:

- A. No additional compensation or other monetary damages will be awarded or paid for any loss of anticipated profits by the Contractor, Subcontractors or Suppliers.

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- B. No additional compensation or other monetary damages will be awarded for home office overhead or non-project general conditions of the Contractor, Subcontractors or Suppliers.
- C. Equipment:
 - 1. Contractor-owned equipment rate calculations must be computed in accordance with Section 109.04(D)(3), Arizona Department of Transportation "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," 2008 or latest edition and as modified herein. Year and regional adjustment factors must be based on the most recent publications of the Rental Rate Blue Book for Construction Equipment, published by the Equipment Guide-Book Company, San Jose, CA, same as provided by ADOT and in print as of the date of alleged delay. In no event will the compensation for Contractor-owned equipment exceed the purchase price, including tax, paid by the Contractor for the equipment. Compensation will not be allowed for small tools or equipment that show a daily equipment rental rate of less than \$5.00 per day or for unlisted equipment that has a value of less than for hundred dollars (\$400.00).
 - 2. For leased and rented equipment or equipment not otherwise listed in the Blue Book, rental contracts, or other supporting data will be used to establish the hourly rate. No hourly operating expense will be allowed for delay on standby equipment. In no case will equipment be considered for rental which exceeds the hourly rate for the first eight hours and the daily rate divided by eight for all additional hours as compared with similar equipment listed in the Blue Book. The hourly standby rate must be computed as the lesser of:
 - a. Dividing the monthly invoice or rental value by 176 hours per month when the equipment is utilized by the Contractor for more than three weeks;
 - b. Dividing the monthly invoice or rental value by 40 hours per week when the equipment is utilized by the Contractor for more than three days.

In no event will compensation be paid for delay at more than 8 hours per day or 40 hours per week.
 - 3. Except for vehicles used by supervisory personnel, all equipment will be paid at the "standby" rate during the delay period.
 - 4. Equipment brought solely to mitigate the delay (such as pumps, light plants, etc.) may be paid in accordance with ADOT section 109.04(D) (3).
 - 5. The Blue Book regional adjustment will apply in determining rental rates.
- D. Material:

Allowable material charges may include, in addition to material incorporated in the

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work material used to mitigate the delay such as barricades, plates, shoring, cold mix, etc. Except in emergencies the Contractor will not employ such material without the prior written approval of the Engineer.

E. Labor:

1. Except for Supervisory Personnel (Superintendent, Project Engineer, and Foremen), labor wages will not be paid after the first one-half day of claimed delay or impact. It is expected the Contractor will reassign or layoff unneeded employees.
2. For Foreman wages to be included, that Foreman must have been actively employed on the project prior to the commencement of the delay and be directly responsible for the activity being delayed.
3. Labor burden must be actual amounts incurred but must not exceed the ADOT approved rate.

F. All costs (equipment, material, and labor) must be substantiated by the City of Chandler's Daily Work Reports.

IV. DOCUMENT REQUIRED FOR CLAIM ANALYSIS:

For purposes of reviewing the Contractor's request for additional compensation, it will be required that the Contractor submit the following listed information. Information requested must be prepared on forms which are substantially similar to the City of Chandler's Daily Work Report form, a copy of which is attached as an exhibit.

A. Labor:

For each employee, laborer, and foreman, for which compensation is requested: Name, classification, dates of work performed, daily hours worked, total hours worked, labor rates, labor burden rates, overtime or premium time charges. Further, the Contractor must make available for inspection and copying to the Engineer the following listed documentation.

1. Certified payroll reports for the period of work claimed.
2. Accounting of Fringe Benefits – certified by a CPA.
3. Contractor's and Subcontractor's daily field reports and daily diaries.

B. Materials:

For all materials for which compensation is requested, if any, total quantities of materials, prices, extensions and transportation costs must be provided on a daily basis. Further, the Contractor must make available for inspection and copying to the Engineer the following listed documentation.

1. Invoices for all materials incorporated.
2. Weigh tickets.
3. Purchase orders.

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4. Delivery schedules.
5. Quotes or proposals from manufacturers or supplier.
6. Freight bills, Bills of Lading, or other documentation to show transportation costs.
7. Restocking charges-invoices from vendor.

C. Equipment:

For all equipment, the Contractor must provide the Engineer with the designation, dates and hours of usage, dates and hours of standby, if any, daily hours, total hours, rental rates and extension for each unit of equipment and machinery. Rental rates will be as established in Section III. Further, the Contractor must make available for inspection and copying to the Engineer the following listed documentation.

1. Owned:
 - a. Purchase contracts(s).
 - b. Depreciation schedule(s).
 - c. Invoices for fuel, lube, repairs and other operating costs.
2. Leased:
 - a. Lease agreement with hourly rate, overtime rate, double shift rate, etc.
 - b. Invoices or other documentation showing hours worked on a daily basis.

D. Subcontractors/Owner-Operators:

In the event the Contractor submits a claim which includes requests for compensation for Subcontractors of Owner-Operators, the same information requested of the Contractor must be provided by the Subcontractor/Owner-Operator. Further, the Contractor must make available for inspection and copying to the Engineer the following listed documentation.

1. Bid/Estimate work sheets and/or spreadsheets.
2. Subcontract Agreements or Agreements with Owner-Operator.
3. All invoices and billing statements received from the Subcontractor/Owner-Operator which relates to the amount requested.

E. Miscellaneous:

Further, the Contractor must make available for inspection and copying to the Engineer the following listed documentation.

1. Evidence of payment for bonds and insurance premiums (MAG 109.5.6).
2. Taxes – unless the Contractor can show otherwise, taxes are reimbursable at 65% of the total cost (less bonds and insurance).

V. TIME LIMIT ON SUBMISSIONS OF CLAIM FOR DELAY OR IMPACT DAMAGES:

No claims for delay or impact damages will be considered or allowed more than 45 days after the event or occurrence which the Contractor claims gives rise to the delay or impact. In no event will a

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claim for delay or impact damages be considered after submission by the Contractor of the Final Payment Request.

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COST REDUCTION INCENTIVE PROPOSALS FOR DESIGN BID BUILD AGREEMENTS

The Contractor may submit to the Engineer proposals for modifying the Plans, Specifications, or other requirements of the Agreement for the sole purpose of reducing the total cost of Project construction. The proposals must not impair in any manner the essential functions or characteristics of the project; including but not limited to service life, economy of operations, ease of maintenance, desired appearance, compatibility with existing or planned equipment, standardization of systems, or design and safety standards.

It must not be inferred from this Policy that the Engineer is required to consider any proposal submitted.

Submissions that propose changes in the basic design of a bridge, propose changes in pipe line size, materials, bedding conditions, pipe specifications; or that propose any change in pavement design will not be considered.

Proposals submitted pursuant to this Policy will be identified as Cost Reduction Incentive Proposals. They must be submitted in writing and, at a minimum, contain the following.

1. Complete the attached or similar cost reduction incentive proposal form.
2. A description of both the existing Agreement Requirements for performing the work and the proposed changes.
3. All Engineering Drawings and computations necessary for the thorough and expeditious evaluation.
4. An itemization of the existing Agreement Requirements that must be changed if the Proposal is adopted and a recommendation as to the manner in which the change should be made.
5. A detailed estimate of the cost of performing the Work under the existing Agreement and under the proposed changes, including the cost of developing and implementing the changes.
6. The Agreement items affected by the proposed changes and any variations in quantities resulting from the changes.
7. An objective estimate of any effects the proposal will have on collateral cost to the City, costs of related items, and cost of maintenance and operation.
8. A statement as to the effect that the Proposal will have on the time for the completion of the Project.
9. A statement as to the time by which a Change Order adopting the Proposal must be executed or when the Engineer must have given verbal approval.

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Proposals will be processed expeditiously; however, the City will not be liable for any delay in acting upon any Proposal nor for any failure to accept any Proposal pursuant to this Special Provision.

The Engineer will be the sole judge of the acceptability of a Proposal and of the estimated net savings in construction costs from the adoption of all or any part of the Proposal. The Contractor will be notified in writing by the Engineer as to whether his/her Proposal has been accepted. The decision by the Engineer is final.

When the City deems such action to be appropriate, it reserves the right to require the Contractor to share equally in the cost to the City of investigating, evaluating, and processing the proposal as a condition for the consideration of such Proposal. Such cost must be shared whether the Proposal is accepted or rejected. When such a condition is imposed, the City will estimate these costs and the Contractor must indicate his acceptance thereof in writing. Such acceptance will authorize the City to deduct the Contractor's share of the costs from any monies due or that may become due to the Contractor under the Agreement.

If the Contractor's Proposal is accepted in whole or in part, the necessary Agreement Modifications and Agreement Price Adjustments will be affected by the execution of a Change Order which will specifically state that it is executed pursuant to this Special Provision.

The Contractor must continue to perform the work in accordance with the requirements of the Agreement until a Change Order incorporating the Proposal has been executed or until he/she has been given verbal approval by the Engineer that his/her Proposal has been accepted. If the Change Order has not been executed or he/she has not been given verbal approval on or before the date specified on the attached cost reduction incentive proposal form or on or before such other date as the Contractor may have subsequently specified in writing, the Proposal may be deemed to be rejected.

The executed Change Order will incorporate the changes in the Plans, Specifications, or other requirements of the Agreement which are necessary to permit the Proposal, or such part of it which has been accepted, to be put into effect, and will include any condition – upon which the City's approval thereof is based, if such approval is conditional. The executed Change Order may also extend the time for the completion of the Agreement if such an extension has been deemed to be warranted by the Engineer as a result of his evaluation of the Proposal.

The executed Change Order will also establish the estimated net savings in the cost of performing the Work attributable to the Proposal effectuated by the Change Order. In determining the net savings, the right is reserved to the Engineer to disregard the Agreement bid prices if, in his/her judgment, such prices do not represent a fair measure of the value of the Work to be performed or to be deleted. The net savings will be established by determining the Contractor's cost of performing the Work, taking into account his/her cost of developing the Proposal and implementing the change, and reducing this amount by any ascertainable collateral costs to the City. The executed Change Order may provide that the Contractor be paid 50 percent of the estimated net savings amount.

The executed Change Order may also provide for the adjustment in Agreement prices. Agreement prices may be adjusted by subtracting the City's share of the accrued net savings.

The amount specified to be paid to the Contractor in the executed Change Order which effectuates a Cost Reduction Proposal will constitute full compensation to the Contractor for the Cost Reduction

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Proposal and the performance of the work thereof pursuant to the said Change Order.

Upon acceptance of a Cost Reduction Incentive Proposal, any restrictions imposed by the Contractor on its use or on disclosure of the information will become void, and the City thereafter will have the right to use all or any part of the Proposal without obligation or compensation of any kind to the Contractor.

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Appendix 2

COST REDUCTION INCENTIVE PROPOSAL FORM

TO: CIP City Engineer

FROM:

PROJECT NAME: Runway 4R22L Pavement Rehabilitation

CITY PROJECT NUMBER: AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023

DATE:

Summary of Change (Brief description of proposed change including advantages and disadvantages):

ESTIMATED COST SUMMARY (Attached detailed estimate):

A.	Original Cost:	\$
B.	Proposed Cost:	\$
C.	Construction Savings (A-B):	\$
D.	Gross Savings (Included OH %, Bond %)	\$
E.	Contractor Implementing	\$
F.	City Implementing Cost:	\$
	Reduction in Agreement Price (C+D-E-F) x 50%:	\$

Date by which a Change Order must be issued so as to obtain maximum cost reduction:

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Appendix 3

**CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA
PUBLIC WORKS & UTILITIES DEPARTMENT**

CONTRACTOR'S AFFIDAVIT REGARDING SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS

_____, Arizona
Date _____

Project Name: Runway 4R22L Pavement Rehabilitation
City Project No.: AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023

To the City of Chandler, Arizona

Gentlemen:

This is to certify that all lawful claims for materials, rental of equipment and labor used in connection with the construction of the above project, whether by subcontractor or claimant in person, have been duly discharged.

The undersigned, for the total compensation of \$_____, as set out in the final pay application, as full and complete payment under the terms of the Agreement, hereby waives and relinquishes any and all further claims or right of lien under, in connection with, or as a result of the above described project. The undersigned further agrees to indemnify and save harmless the City of Chandler against any and all liens, claims or liens, suits, actions, damages, charges and expenses whatsoever, which said City may suffer arising out of the failure of the undersigned to pay for all labor performances and materials furnished for the performance of said installation.

Signed and dated at _____, this _____ day of _____ 20____.

CONTRACTOR

By _____

STATE OF ARIZONA)
) SS
COUNTY OF MARICOPA)

The foregoing instrument was subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____ 20_____.

Notary Public

My Commission Expires

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Appendix 4

PERFORMANCE BOND

ARIZONA STATUTORY PERFORMANCE BOND
PURSUANT TO TITLES 28, 34, AND 41, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES
(Penalty of this bond must be 100% of the Agreement amount)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT: _____

(hereinafter "Principal"), and _____ (hereinafter "Surety"), a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of _____ with its principal office in the City of _____, holding a certificate of authority to transact surety business in Arizona issued by the Director of Insurance pursuant to Title 20, Chapter 2, Article 1, as Surety, are held and firmly bound unto _____ (hereinafter "Obligee") in the amount of _____ (Dollars) (\$ _____), for the payment whereof, Principal and Surety bind themselves, and their heirs, administrators, executors, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

WHEREAS, the Principal has entered into a certain written Agreement with the Obligee, dated the _____ day of _____, 20__ for construction of **Runway 4R22L Pavement Rehabilitation, City Project No.: AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023** which Agreement is hereby referred to and made a part hereof as fully and to the same extent as if copies at length herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that if the Principal faithfully performs and fulfills all the undertakings, covenants, terms, and conditions of the Agreement during the original term of the Agreement and any extension of the Agreement, with or without notice of the Surety, and during the life of any guaranty required under the Agreement, and also performs and fulfills all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of all duly authorized modifications of the Agreement that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the Surety being hereby waived, the above obligation is void. Otherwise it remains in full force and effect.

PROVIDED, HOWEVER that this bond is executed pursuant to the provisions of Title 34, Chapter 2, Article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, and all liabilities on this bond will be determined in accordance with the provisions of Title 34, Chapter 2, Article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, to the same extent as if it were copied at length in this Agreement.

The prevailing party in a suit on this bond may recover as part of the judgment reasonable attorney fees that may be fixed by a judge of the court.

Witness our hands this _____ day of _____, 20__.

_____ AGENT OF RECORD	_____ PRINCIPAL SEAL
_____ AGENT ADDRESS	By _____ _____ SURETY SEAL

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PAYMENT BOND

ARIZONA STATUTORY PAYMENT BOND
PURSUANT TO TITLES 28, 34, AND 41, OF THE ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES
(Penalty of this Bond must be 100% of the Agreement amount)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT: _____

(hereinafter "Principal"), as Principal, and _____ (hereinafter "Surety"), a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of _____ with its principal office in the City of _____, holding a certificate of authority to transact surety business in Arizona issued by the Director of the Department of Insurance pursuant to Title 20, Chapter 2, Article 1, as Surety, are held and firmly bound unto _____ (hereinafter "Obligee") in the amount of _____ (Dollars) (\$_____), for the payment whereof, the Principal and Surety bind themselves, and their heirs, administrators, executors, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

WHEREAS, the Principal has entered into a certain written Agreement with the Obligee, dated the _____ day of _____, 20__ for construction of **Runway 4R22L Pavement Rehabilitation, City Project No.: AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023** which Agreement is hereby referred to and made a part hereof as fully and to the same extent as if copied at length herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that if the Principal promptly pays all moneys due to all persons supplying labor or materials to the Principal or the Principal's subcontractors in the prosecution of the work provided for in said Agreement, this obligation is void. Otherwise it remains in full force and effect.

PROVIDED, HOWEVER that this bond is executed pursuant to the provisions of Title 34, Chapter 2, Article 2 Arizona Revised Statutes, and all liabilities on this bond will be determined in accordance with the provisions, conditions and limitations of Title 34, Chapter 2, Article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, to the same extent as if it were copied at length in this Agreement.

The prevailing party in a suit on this bond may recover as part of the judgment reasonable attorney fees that may be fixed by a judge of the court.

Witness our hands this _____ day of _____, 20__.

_____	PRINCIPAL	SEAL
AGENT OF RECORD		
	By _____	
	SURETY	SEAL

AGENT ADDRESS		

DISPUTE RESOLUTION**A. INFORMAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION**

The parties to the Agreement agree that time is of the essence in relation to performance of the Agreement and completion of the Project, therefore any and all disputes in relation to the Agreement will initially be referred to the Project Manager, the Design Professional Representative and/or the Contractor Representative as applicable to the dispute, for immediate resolution. If, after good faith efforts to reach a resolution, none is reached, any party to the dispute may submit the dispute to the Dispute Resolution Representative ("DRR") process set forth below, which is intended to be an expedited process.

B. DISPUTE RESOLUTION REPRESENTATIVE ("DRR") PROCESS

1. The Parties under the Agreement agree that all claims and disputes in relation to the Project which are not resolved in the ordinary course of the Project ("Claim" or "Claims") will, as a prerequisite to any mediation, or litigation of the Claim, first be submitted for resolution between the designated Dispute Resolution Representatives of the Parties as set forth herein (the "DRR Process").
2. The DRR Process will be initiated through service of a DRR Notice as set forth below:
 - a. For claims by the Contractor or the Design Professional, the DRR Process will be initiated by the party asserting the claim serving written notice on the City setting forth in detail: (i) the basis for the claim; (ii) the effect of the Claim upon the construction of, and/or Project Schedule for, the Project; (iii) the specific relief requested, the amount thereof, and how such was calculated; (iv) the parties involved in the Claim, and how they are involved; (v) the specific Agreement provisions in the Agreement Documents (including, if applicable, drawings and specifications) which apply; and (vi) efforts made to date to resolve the Claim.
 - b. For claims by the City, the DRR process will be initiated by the City providing written notice to the other parties of the basis and amount of its claim, the parties involved in the Claim, and how they are involved, the provisions in the Agreement Documents that apply, and the relief requested.
 - c. The DRR Notice will be hand-delivered and e-mailed to the other parties' designated Dispute Resolution Representatives.
3. The other parties will respond in writing to the DRR Notice ("DRR Response") within ten (10) calendar days of receipt of the DRR Notice, setting forth those items set forth in the DRR Notice that they agree with, dispute, and/or have questions concerning. The DRR Response will be hand-delivered and e-mailed to the other parties' Dispute Resolution Representatives.

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4. The designated Dispute Resolution Representatives for the Parties to the claim will then meet as soon as possible and in any event within twenty (20) calendar days of submission of the DRR Notice (regardless of whether a DRR Response has been submitted by all parties involved in the dispute), at a mutually agreed upon time and place, to attempt to resolve the Claim based upon the DRR Notice and DRR Response.
5. At any time after the first meeting required above, either party may terminate the DRR Process by written notice to the other party.
6. The parties may agree, in writing, to extend or modify the time limits or other provisions of the DRR process in relation to a specific pending Claim.
7. Unless otherwise designated in a written notice to the other parties, the City and the representatives of the Contractor and of the Design Professional will act as the parties' designated Dispute Resolution Representatives.
8. If a resolution of the Claim is reached, that resolution must be set forth in writing and must be signed by the Parties' designated Dispute Resolution Representative. If the resolution involves a change in any Agreement Documents, the Agreement Price, the Project Schedule, or any other change requiring a written Change Order or Amendment, the parties must execute an appropriate written Change Order or Amendment pursuant to the terms of the Agreement Documents.

C. MEDIATION

1. Unless extended by written agreement of the parties involved in the dispute, any Claim not resolved through the DRR process set forth above within five (5) calendar days after the meeting required under B (4) above, or after the DRR is terminated pursuant to B (5) above, whichever is earlier, will be submitted to mediation as a condition precedent to litigation by either party.
2. The mediation will be commenced by written demand upon the other party for mediation. If the parties cannot agree upon a mediator within ten (10) calendar days of the written demand, either party may make a request to the Civil Presiding Judge of the Maricopa County Superior Court to appoint a mediator. The mediation will occur within forth (40) calendar days of the written demand for mediation, unless the parties agree, in writing, to a longer period of time.
3. The qualifications for the mediator will be that he/she be: (a) an experienced mediator, arbitrator or litigator of construction disputes; and (b) having engaged a significant portion of his/her time involving and/or resolving construction disputes for at least the past five (5) years.
4. Each party will provide to the other party and the mediator all of the information and documentation required under B(1) and (2) above, together with any additional information and documentation which the party believes relevant. In addition, the parties will exchange, and provide to the mediator such additional memoranda, information and/or documentation, as the

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mediator may request, and in the form and at such times, as the mediator may direct.

5. The parties will share the mediator's fee and any filing fees equally. The mediation will be held in Chandler, Arizona, unless another location is mutually agreed upon. Agreements reached in mediation will be specifically enforceable in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

D. LITIGATION

Any claim arising out of or related to the Agreement, except Claims relating to aesthetic effect and except those claims waived as provided for in the Agreement Documents, must be resolved through litigation in the Maricopa County, Arizona Superior Court.

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CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA
PUBLIC WORKS & UTILITIES DEPARTMENT

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION

PROJECT NAME:	Runway 4R22L Pavement Rehabilitation		
CITY PROJECT NO.:	AI2202.401; FAA AIP No.: 3-04-008-032-2023		
If Federally Funded:			
FEDERAL NO.:		ADOT NO:	

(This section to be completed by Prime)

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ALL GOODS AND/OR SERVICES REQUIRED BY CITY OF CHANDLER FOR THIS PROJECT HAVE BEEN DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE AGREEMENT DOCUMENTS AND BID SPECIFICATIONS AND ALL ACTIVITIES REQUIRED BY THE AGREEMENTOR UNDER THE AGREEMENT HAVE BEEN COMPLETED AS OF THE COMPLETION DATE LISTED HERE:

<u>FINAL ACCEPTANCE DATE:</u>	
--------------------------------------	--

PRIME CONTRACTOR:

FIRM NAME:			
PRINCIPAL:			
TITLE:			
SIGNATURE:		DATE:	

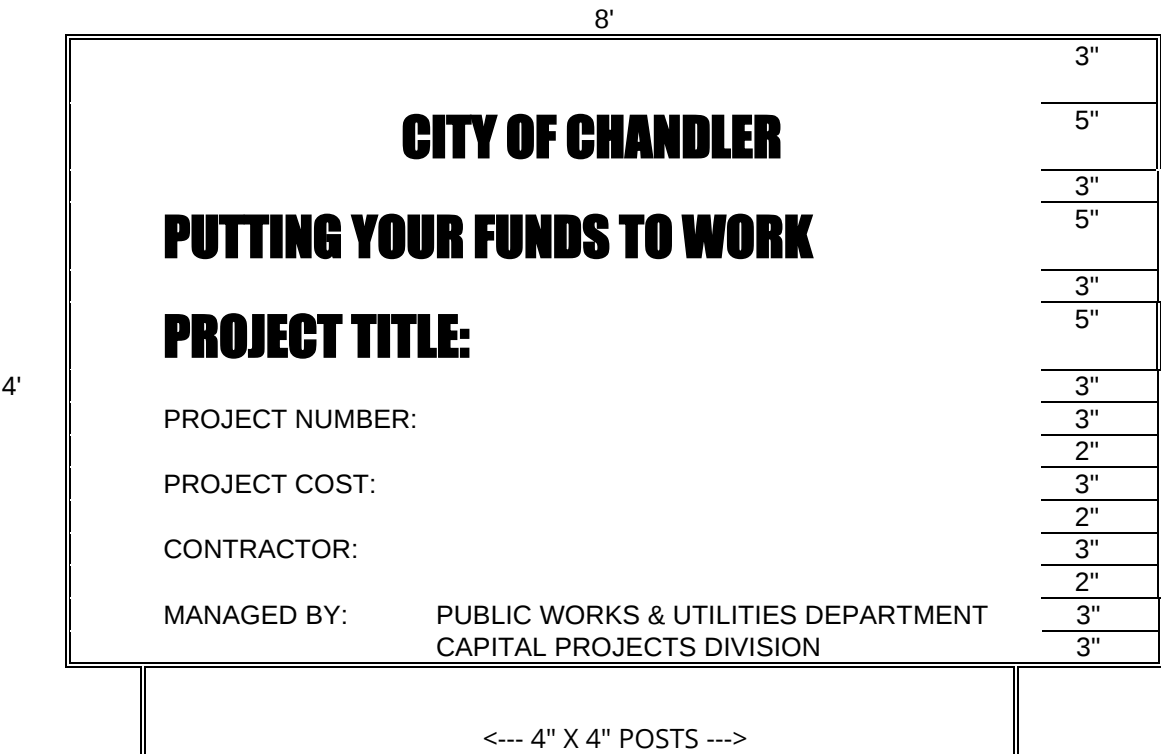
CERTIFIED BY **[INSERT NAME AND TITLE OF PARTY THAT OVERSEES CONSTRUCTION]:**

FIRM NAME:			
SIGNATURE:		DATE:	

PROJECT ACCEPTED BY CITY OF CHANDLER:

NAME:			
SIGNATURE:		DATE:	

CONSTRUCTION SIGN DETAIL



NOTES:

SIGN(S) MUST BE FURNISHED AND ERECTED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION. POSTS MUST BE ANCHORED A MINIMUM OF TWO FEET INTO THE GROUND. BOTTOM OF SIGN MUST BE A MINIMUM OF FOUR FEET ABOVE THE GROUND.

TYPICAL PROJECT IDENTIFICATION SIGN FOR GENERAL PROJECTS MUST BE NON-REFLECTORIZED GREEN BACKGROUND, AND NON-REFLECTORIZED WHITE LETTERS AND NUMERALS.

ONE SIGN MUST BE ERECTED FOR BUILDINGS AND OTHER LIMITED AREA SINGLE SITES. FOR MULTIPLE SITES, ONE SIGN MUST BE ERECTED AT EACH SITE.

FOR LINEAR PROJECTS ONE HALF MILE OR LONGER, PLACE ONE SIGN AT EACH END OF THE PROJECT.

COST OF THE WORK

(APPLICABLE SOLELY TO CONSTRUCTION MANAGER AT RISK AND JOB ORDER CONTRACTING)

SECTION 1 – COSTS TO BE REIMBURSED

1.1 Cost of the Work

The term Cost of the Work will mean costs necessarily incurred by Contractor in the proper performance of the Work. Such costs must be at rates not higher than the standard paid at the place of the Project except with prior consent of City. The Cost of the Work will include only the items set forth in this Section 1.

1.2 Labor Costs

- 1.2.1 Wages of construction workers directly employed by the Contractor to perform the construction of the Work at the site or, with City's approval, at off-site workshops. Cost to be reimbursed will be the actual wages paid to the individuals performing the work.
- 1.2.2 Wages or salaries of the Contractor's supervisory and administrative personnel when stationed at the site with City's approval. No Contractor personnel stationed at the Contractor's home or branch offices will be charged to the Cost of the Work. Non-field office based Contractor management and support personnel are expected to provide service and advice from time to time throughout the job and his/her time devoted to Project matters is considered to be covered by the Contractor's Fee.
- 1.2.3 Wages and salaries of Contractor's supervisory or administrative personnel who would normally be stationed at the field office in accordance with Section 1.2.2 but who become engaged, at factories, workshops or on the road, in expediting the production or transportation of materials or equipment required for the Work, but only for that portion of his/her time required for the Work. Employee bonuses and/or costs associated with Employee Stock Ownership Plans ("ESOP") will not be considered reimbursable labor or labor burden costs and will be considered non-reimbursable costs considered to be covered by the Contractor's Fee.
- 1.2.4 Costs paid or incurred by Contractor for taxes, insurance, contributions, assessments and benefits required by law or collective bargaining agreements and, for personnel not covered by such agreements, customary benefits such as sick leave, medical and health benefits, holiday, vacations and pensions, provided such costs are based on wages and salaries included in the Cost of the Work under Subparagraphs 1.2.1 through 1.2.3.
 - 1.2.4.1 Cost of the Work will include the actual net cost to Contractor for worker's compensation insurance attributable to the wages chargeable to the Cost of Work per this Agreement. The actual net cost of worker's compensation must take into consideration all cost adjustments due to experience modifiers, premium discounts, policy dividends, retrospective rating plan premium adjustments, assigned risk pool rebates, any applicable weekly maximums, etc. Contractor may charge an estimated amount for worker's compensation insurance costs, but will make appropriate cost adjustments to actual costs within 45 days of receipt of actual cost adjustments from the insurance carrier.

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- 1.2.4.3 Overtime wages paid to salaried personnel (if approved in advance in writing by City) will be reimbursed at the actual rate of overtime pay paid to the individual. No time charges for overtime hours worked on the Project will be allowed if the individual is not paid for the overtime worked.
- 1.2.4.4 Any overtime premium or shift differential expense to be incurred by Contractor for hourly workers will require City's advance written approval before the incremental cost of the overtime premium or shift differential will be considered a reimbursable cost. If the Contractor is required to work overtime as a result of an inexcusable delay or other coordination problems caused by the Contractor or anyone he/she is responsible for, the overtime premium and/or shift differential expense portion of the payroll expense and related labor burden costs will be considered as cost not to be reimbursed.
- 1.2.4.5 Reimbursable labor burden costs will be limited to payroll taxes, worker's compensation insurance, the employer's portion of union benefit costs for union employees working on the Project, and the actual verifiable fringe benefit costs incurred by Contractor for non-union individuals working on the Project subject to the following maximum percentages for the following reimbursable non-union fringe benefit costs. The following maximums (as a percentage of reimbursable actual wages by individual) will apply for each of the following types of fringe benefit costs specifically attributable to each of the non-union personnel working on the Project:

- | | |
|--|--------|
| • Medical Insurance, Dental, Life & AD&D Insurance: | 12.00% |
| • Holiday, vacation and other paid time not worked: | 10.00% |
| • Pension Plan Contributions to Vested Employee Account, Simplified Employee Pension Plans, or 401K matching plans
(Note: ESOP related costs are covered by the Contractor Fee) | 10.00% |

For non-union personnel, no other fringe benefit costs (other than the three specific categories listed immediately above, will be considered reimbursable Cost of Work. Any labor burden costs that are in excess of the amounts considered reimbursable or are otherwise not considered reimbursable under the terms of this agreement are intended to be covered by the Contractor Fee.

1.3 Subcontract Costs

- 1.3.1 Payments made by Contractor to Subcontractors in accordance with the requirements of the subcontracts.
- 1.3.2 For Scope of Work Bid Packages typically performed by Subcontractors, Contractor may "self-perform" such work on an actual cost basis subject to an agreed upon Guaranteed Maximum Price for the "self-performed work". The Contractor must, unless agreed to by City in writing, bid his/her proposed guaranteed Maximum Price for the work to be "self-performed" against at least three other interested trade Contractors. All savings under any such Subcontract for "self-performed work" must be applied to reduce the Cost of Work under the Agreement and the Guaranteed Maximum Price. For purposes of defining "self-performed work" subject to this provision, any division of Contractor, or any separate Contractor or Subcontractor that is partially owned or wholly owned by the Contractor or any of his/her employees or employee's relatives will be considered a related party entity and will be subject to this provision regarding "self-performed work". No self-performed work will

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be allowed to be performed on a Fixed Price basis.

- 1.3.3 Contractor (with respect to its Suppliers, Subcontractors and all lower tier Subcontractors) must provide City advance written notice and must obtain City's approval for any proposed Subcontract Change Order, Material Purchase Order, or other financial commitment in an amount in excess of \$5,000 prior to placing such order or entering into such agreement (regardless of whether or not any such commitment will affect the prime Agreement Guaranteed Maximum Cost). It is agreed that sums applicable to any Subcontract Change Order, Purchase Order or other financial commitment entered into in violation of the above notice and approval requirement will not be included in the amounts owing to Contractor, Subcontractors or Suppliers whether as Costs of the Work or as reasonable termination costs in the event of termination.

1.4 Costs of Material and Equipment Incorporated in the Completed Construction

- 1.4.1 Costs, including transportation and storage, of materials and equipment incorporated or to be incorporated in the completed construction.
- 1.4.2 Costs of materials described in the preceding Subparagraph 1.4.1 in excess of those actually installed to allow for reasonable waste and spoilage. Unused excess materials, in any, will become City's property at the completion of the Work or, at City's option, may be sold by the Contractor. Any amounts realized from such sales must be credited to City as a deduction from the Cost of Work.
- 1.4.3 Proceeds from the sale of recyclable materials, scrap, waste, etc. will be credited to job cost.

1.5 Costs of Other materials and Equipment, Temporary Facilities and Related Items

- 1.5.1 Costs, including transportation and storage, installation, maintenance, dismantling and removal of materials, supplies, temporary facilities, machinery, equipment and hand tools not customarily owned by construction workers, that are provided by the Contractor at the site and fully consumed in the performance of the Work; and cost (less salvage value) of such items if not fully consumed, whether sold to others or retained by Contractor. Cost for items previously used by Contractor will mean fair market value.
- 1.5.2 Rental charges for temporary facilities, machinery, equipment, and hand tools not customarily owned by construction workers that are provided by Contractor at the site, whether rented from Contractor or others, and costs of transportation, installation, minor repairs and replacements, dismantling and removal thereof. Rates and quantities of equipment rented will be subject to City's prior written approval.
- 1.5.2.1 The Projected usage for each piece of equipment to be rented for use on the Project and the estimated total rentals must be considered by Contractor before the piece of equipment is rented so that an appropriate rent versus buy decision can be made. Purchased equipment must be considered "job owned". At the completion of the Project, Contractor must transfer title and possession of all remaining job-owned equipment to City, or Contractor may keep any such equipment for an appropriate fair market value credit to job cost, which will be mutually agreed to by City and Contractor.
- 1.5.2.2 Each piece of equipment to be rented must have hourly, daily, weekly and monthly rates and

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the most economical rate available will be reimbursed based on the circumstances of actual need and usage of the piece of equipment while it is stationed at the jobsite. When the piece of equipment is no longer needed for the work, no rental charges will be reimbursed if the piece of equipment remains at the jobsite for the convenience of Contractor.

1.5.2.3 Equipment Rental Rates

1.5.2.3.1 Compensation for equipment used on the Project will be paid in accordance with the Equipment Plan submitted by Contractor in the accepted GMP Proposal and no payments will be made in excess of the rates set forth in the Equipment Plan, or actual documented costs, whichever is less.

1.5.2.3.2 All equipment rental rates and costs are subject to City's right to audit when submitted as part of Equipment Plan and/or at any time during the Project.

1.5.2.4 The aggregate rentals chargeable for each piece of Contractor owned tools or equipment must not exceed 50% of the fair market value of such equipment at the time of its commitment to the Work. The original purchase price and date of purchase of the equipment will be documented with a copy of the purchase invoice for the piece of equipment. Such aggregate limitations will apply and no further rentals will be charged even if a piece of equipment is taken off the job and is later replaced by a similar piece of equipment. For purposes of computing the aggregate rentals applicable to aggregate rental limitations, rental charges for similar pieces of equipment will be combined if the pieces of equipment were not used at the same time.

1.5.2.5 Fair market value for used material and equipment as referred to in the Agreement Documents will mean the estimated price a reasonable purchaser would pay to purchase the used material or equipment at the time it was initially needed for the job. Note: This is usually lower than the price a reasonable purchaser would pay for similar new construction material or construction equipment.

1.5.2.6 All losses resulting from lost, damaged or stolen tools and equipment will be the sole responsibility of Contractor, and not City, and the cost of such losses will not be reimbursable under the Agreement.

1.5.2.7 Contractor will be required to maintain a detailed equipment inventory of all job-owned equipment (either purchased and charged to job cost or job-owned through aggregate rentals) and such inventory must be submitted to City each month. For each piece of equipment, such inventory should contain at a minimum (1) original purchase price or acquisition cost (2) acquisition date (3) approved Fair Market Value at the time the piece of equipment was first used on the job and (4) final disposition.

1.5.2.8 All costs incurred for minor maintenance and repairs will be reimbursed at actual cost. Such costs include routine and preventative maintenance, minor repairs and other incidental costs. Repairs and/or replacement of a capital nature are considered to be covered by the rental rates. Major repairs and overhauls are not considered routine and ordinary; consequently such costs are not reimbursable and are intended to be covered by the rental rates.

1.5.3 Costs of removal of debris from the Site.

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- 1.5.4 Costs of document reproductions, facsimile transmissions and long-distance telephone calls, postage and parcel delivery charges, telephone service at the site and reasonable petty cash expenses of the site office.
- 1.5.5 That portion of the reasonable expenses of Contractor's personnel incurred while traveling in discharge of duties connected with the Work.
 - 1.5.5.1 No travel expenses will be reimbursed to Contractor's representatives unless Project related travel required them to travel to a destination more than 100 miles from the Project location. Any travel involving airfare will require advance written approval by an authorized City's representative.
- 1.5.6 Costs of materials and equipment suitably stored off the site at a mutually acceptable location, if approved in advance by the City.
- 1.5.7 Reproduction costs will be the actual costs of reproduction subject to a maximum of five cents (\$.05) per square foot for prints and a maximum of five cents (\$.05) per 8 ½ by 11-inch page for offset print or photo copied agreement documents, specifications, etc. Telephone costs will be the actual costs paid to the third party telephone company for the field office telephone.

1.6 Miscellaneous Costs

- 1.6.1 That portion of insurance and bond premiums that can be directly attributed to the Agreement. The City will reimburse Contractor for contractually required bond at time of first pay application for GMP and Cost-Based Agreements upon receipt of proof of payment from the Contractor. If the Contractor completes Work for less than the Agreement Price, Contractor must credit the City a pro-rated amount for the unused portion of the bond payment
 - 1.6.1.1 Contractor's actual cost for insurance will be considered to be included within the Maximum limit for General Conditions Costs. All premiums for any insurance and bonds required for the Project must reflect the net actual costs to Contractor after taking into consideration cost adjustments due to experience modifiers, premium discounts, policy dividends, retrospective rating plan premium adjustments, assigned risk pool rebates, refunds, etc.
 - 1.6.1.2 The amount to be reimbursed to Contractor for all contractually required insurance will be actual costs not to exceed a total of 2% of the Agreement Value, unless Contractor establishes to City's satisfaction that the actual cost is higher and City agrees to such actual higher cost in writing. If Contractor's cost of contractually required insurance is greater than the amount agreed to be reimbursed per this Agreement Provision, the difference will be considered to be covered by the Contractor's Fee. The City will reimburse Contractor for contractually required insurance on a monthly basis for GMP and Cost-Based Agreements. If Contractor can demonstrate substantial savings by paying for all insurance in advance, the City may agree to reimburse all insurance costs at time of first pay application for GMP and Cost-Based Agreements with proof of payment from Contractor.
- 1.6.2 Sales, use or similar taxes imposed by a governmental authority that are related to the Work.

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- 1.6.3 Fees and assessments for the building permit and for other permits, licenses and inspections for which Contractor is required by the Agreement Documents to pay.
- 1.6.4 Fees of laboratories for tests required by the Agreement Documents, except those related to defective or nonconforming Work and which do not fall within the scope of ¶ 1.7.3 below.
- 1.6.5 Royalties and license fees paid for the use of a particular design, process or product required by the Agreement Documents; the cost of defending suites or claims for infringement of patent rights arising from such requirement of the Agreement Documents; and payments made in accordance with legal judgments against Contractor resulting from such suites or claims and payments of settlements made with City's consent. However, such costs of legal defenses, judgments and settlements must not be included in the calculation of the Contractor's Fee or subject to the Guaranteed Maximum Price.
- 1.6.6 Data processing costs related to the Work. However, any such data processing costs will be limited to the cost of personal computer hardware used at the field office in the normal day to day administration, management and control of the Project. The aggregate charges for any such hardware must not exceed the Fair Market Value of the hardware at the time it was brought to the field office. If the total charges for any particular piece of hardware reach an amount equal to the Fair Market Value, that particular piece of hardware must be turned over to City whenever it is no longer needed for the Project. If Contractor elects to keep the particular piece of hardware, the job costs must be credited with a mutually agreeable amount which will represent the Fair Market Value of the particular piece of hardware at the time it was no longer needed for the job. Software or other costs associated with the use of computer programs will not be considered to be a reimbursable cost and will be considered to be covered by the Contractor's Fee.
- 1.6.7 Deposits lost for causes other than Contractor's negligence or failure to fulfill a specific responsibility to City as set forth in the Agreement Documents.
- 1.6.8 Legal, mediation and arbitration costs, including attorneys' fees, other than those arising from disputes between City and Contractor, reasonably incurred by Contractor in the performance of the Work and with City's prior written approval; which approval will not be unreasonably withheld.
- 1.6.9 Expenses incurred in accordance with Contractor's standard personnel policy for relocation and temporary living allowances of personnel required for the Work, if pre-approved by City in writing. If City authorizes the reimbursement of relocation costs, the reimbursable relocation expenses will be limited to a maximum of \$50,000 per person. Any relocation cost incurred by Contractor in excess of the amount reimbursed by City will be considered to be covered by the Contractor's Fee.

1.7 Other Costs and Emergencies

- 1.7.1 Other costs incurred in the performance of the Work if and to the extent approved in advance in writing by City.
- 1.7.2 Costs due to emergencies incurred in taking action to prevent threatened damage, injury or

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loss in case of an emergency affecting the safety of persons and property.

- 1.7.3 Costs of repairing or correcting damaged or nonconforming Work executed by Contractor, Subcontractors or Suppliers, provided that such damaged or nonconforming Work was not caused by negligence or failure to fulfill a specific responsibility of Contractor and only to the extent that the cost of repair or correction is not recoverable by Contractor from insurance, sureties, Subcontractors or Suppliers.

1.8 Related Party Transactions

- 1.8.1 The term “related party” will mean a parent, subsidiary, affiliate or other entity having common ownership or management with Contractor; any entity in which any stockholder in, or management employee of, Contractor owns any interest in excess of ten percent in the aggregate; or any person or entity which has the right to control the business or affairs of Contractor. The term “related party” includes any member of the immediate family of any person identified above.
- 1.8.2 If any of the costs to be reimbursed arise from a transaction between Contractor and a related party, Contractor must notify City in writing of the specific nature of the contemplated transaction, including the identity of the related party and the anticipated cost to be incurred, before any such transaction is consummated or cost incurred. If City, after such notification, authorizes in writing the proposed transaction, then the cost incurred will be included as a cost to be reimbursed, and Contractor must procure the Work, equipment, goods or service from the related party, as a Subcontractor. If City fails to authorize the transaction, Contractor must procure the Work, equipment, goods or service from some person or entity other than a related party.

SECTION 2 – COSTS NOT TO BE REIMBURSED

- 2.1 The Cost of Work must not include:
- 2.1.1 Salaries and other compensation of Contractor’s personnel stationed at Contractor’s principal office or offices other than the site office, except as specifically provided in Subparagraphs 1.2.2 and 1.2.3.
- 2.1.2 Expenses of Contractors’ principal office and offices other than the site office.
- 2.1.3 Overhead and general expenses, except as may be expressly included in Section 1.
- 2.1.3.1 Costs of Contractor’s home office computer services or other outside computer processing services will be considered overhead and general expense. Accordingly, Contractor should not plan to perform any such computer related services or alternatives at the field office when such services or functions can be performed at Contractor’s home or branch offices, or other outside service locations.
- 2.1.4 Contractor’s capital expenses, including interest on Contractor’s capital employed for the Work.
- 2.1.5 Rental costs of machinery and equipment, except as specifically provided in subparagraph 1.5.2.

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- 2.1.6 Except as provided in Subparagraph 1.7.3 of the Agreement, costs due to the negligence or failure to fulfill a specific responsibility of Contractor, Subcontractors and Suppliers or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or for whose acts of them may be liable.
- 2.1.7 Any cost not specifically and expressly described in Section 1.
- 2.1.8 Costs, other than costs included in Change Orders approved by City that would cause the GMP to be exceeded.

SECTION 3 – DISCOUNTS, REBATES, REFUNDS AND SAVINGS

- 3.1 Cash discounts obtained on payments made by Contractor will accrue to City if (1) before making the payment, Contractor included them in an Application for Payment and received payment therefore from City, or (2) City has deposited funds with Contractor with which to make payments; otherwise, cash discounts will accrue to Contractor. Trade discounts, rebates, refunds and amounts received from sales or surplus materials and equipment will accrue to City, and Contractor must make provisions so that they can be secured.
- 3.1.1 Cost of the Work will be credited with all insurance policy discounts, performance and payment bond rebates or refunds, refunds or return premiums from any Subcontractor default insurance, refunds or rebates from any Contractor controlled insurance programs applicable to the Project, merchandise rebates of any nature, refunds of any nature, insurance dividends; and a portion of any volume rebates or free material credits earned with purchase of material or other goods and services charged to the job.
- 3.1.2 “Cash” discounts which may accrue to Contractor will be limited to a maximum of 1.5% of invoice cost. Any portion of “Cash” discounts greater than 1.5% will automatically accrue to City if Contractor is eligible to take advantage of the discounts.
- 3.2 Amounts that accrue to City in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 3.1 will be credited to City as a deduction from the Cost of the Work.
- 3.3 Any and all savings on the GMP, or any separately guaranteed items comprising the GMP, will belong to City, subject to any express right in the Agreement for Contractor to share in savings. Savings are subject to City’s right to audit, and may be audited separately.

SECTION 4 – GENERAL CONDITIONS COSTS

- 4.1 General Conditions Costs may include, but are not limited to, the following types of costs incurred by Contractor during construction of the Work to the extent they are reimbursable Costs of the Work as delineated above: payroll costs for Work conducted at the site, payroll costs for the superintendent and full-time general foremen, payroll costs for management personnel resident and working on the site workers not included as direct labor costs engaged in support (e.g. loading/unloading, clean-up, etc.), administrative office personnel, costs of offices and temporary facilities including office materials, office supplies, office equipment, minor expenses, utilities, fuel, sanitary facilities and telephone services at the site, costs of liability insurance premiums not included in labor burdens for direct labor

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costs, costs of bond premiums, costs of consultants not in the direct employ of Contractor or Subcontractors, fees for permits and licenses.

- 4.2 General Conditions Costs may be paid on a percentage of the Agreement Price or on a lump/stipulate sum basis as set forth in the Agreement. All costs included in the General Conditions Costs will not be separately invoiced to or paid by City.
- 4.3 The total amount of General Conditions Costs for the Work may be divided by the number of days allowed for performance of the Work, to determine a fixed daily rate for General Conditions Costs that may be used in computing the General Conditions Costs allocated to any period of time, or for any adjustments in the General Conditions Costs agreed to in writing by City.

LANDSCAPE ESTABLISHMENT PERIOD

Section 1 – Description and General

Contractor is in direct control of work performed under the Landscape Establishment Period. If work is subcontracted, a representative of the Contractor will be present at the site of the work for all hours that the subcontractor works. Subcontracting of Landscape Establishment work will be permitted for weed eradication with herbicides, because of special licensing. A licensed temporary service may be used to supply labor to Contractor if Contractor has received approval from City Representatives. Contractor will submit the required subcontract documentation.

Contractor must provide adequate personnel to accomplish the required maintenance of the plant materials at intervals acceptable to City Representatives.

If not healthy at the end of the maintenance period, the maintenance must be continued until the plant material is approved by City.

1.1 Time and Schedule

Unless otherwise expressly agreed to in writing by City, the Landscape Establishment Period will be per General Conditions Section 6.5.4.

1.2 Planted Stock and Seeding Establishment

- 1.2.1 Tree planting and staking must be per City of Chandler Standard Detail C-801.
- 1.2.2 All trees will stand erect on their own without stakes when brought to this site. If the tree cannot stand on its own when nursery stakes are removed, the tree will be removed and replaced.

1.3 Pre-Emergent Herbicide and Weed Control

- 1.3.1 Contractor will provide three applications of an approved pre-emergent herbicide on all unpaved areas of the project, as directed by City Representatives, to control weed growth in all areas of the project. The number of applications may be increased as directed by the City Representative, and at no additional cost to City, if the City Representative deems additional applications are required to control weed growth.
- 1.3.2 Application sequence will be approved in advance by City. The first application of pre-emergent will be completed prior to the application of Decomposed Granite and will be included with the cost of the Decomposed Granite as specified and part of the Construction Phase portion of work. The second application of pre-emergent will be completed after installation of the Decomposed Granite and no later than half-way through the Landscape Establishment Period. The third and final application of pre-emergent will be applied 15 days prior to completion of the Landscape Establishment portion of the project. The second and third pre-emergent applications will be included with the cost of Landscape Establishment. Watering will be completed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, as included and as related to each application.
- 1.3.3 The pre-emergent herbicide will be applied in accordance with the Technical Specifications and the recommendations of the pre-emergent herbicide manufacturer, as approved by City Representatives.

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- 1.3.4 The control of weeds will be accomplished by the use of herbicides. Manual removal of weeds will be required, after herbicides have taken affect.
- 1.3.5 Contractor is responsible for the removal and disposal of all trash and debris that during the Landscape Establishment Period. Contractor will keep the project in a neat and orderly manner during the duration of the Landscape Establishment Period.

1.4 Water

The water used during Landscape Establishment to properly maintain the plant material will be furnished by City, at designated sources from within the project limits, at no charge to Contractor. Contractor will be responsible for all equipment, materials and labor necessary to load, transport and unload water for watering purposes.

1.5 Plant Material Replacements

The plant material replacement will be considered as included in the work for Landscape Establishment, and will be made at no charge to the City.

- 1.5.1 Shrub and Plant Replacement - During the second half of the Landscaping Establishment period, Contractor will provide, where required, plant replacements as follows:

<u>Original Size</u>	<u>Replacement Size</u>
1 gallon	5 gallon
5 gallon	15 gallon
15 gallon	24-inch box
36-inch box	48-inch box

- 1.5.2 Tree Replacement – During the second half of the Landscape Establishment Period, Contractor will provide plant material replacements for existing plants that die as follows:

<u>Existing Plant Material Sizes</u>	<u>Replacement Size</u>
Trees:	
2-inch Caliper	24-inch box
4-inch Caliper	36-inch box
6-inch Caliper and greater	54-inch box
Shrubs:	
All Existing Shrubs	15 gallon

1.6 Measurement and Payment

See Technical Specifications for Measurement Payment provisions.

EXHIBIT C

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



CHANDLER MUNICIPAL AIRPORT
RUNWAY 4R-22L REHABILITATION
CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND SPECIFICATIONS

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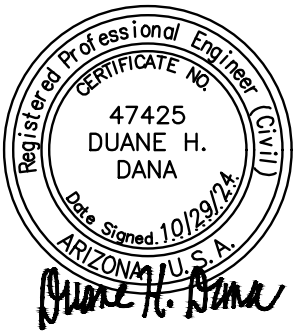


DIVISION I

GENERAL CONTRACT PROVISIONS

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Section 10 Definition of Terms

When the following terms are used in these specifications, in the contract, or in any documents or other instruments pertaining to construction where these specifications govern, the intent and meaning shall be defined as follows:

No.	Term	Definition
10-01	AASHTO	The American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials.
10-02	Access Road	The right-of-way, the roadway and all improvements constructed thereon connecting the airport to a public roadway.
10-03	Advertisement	A public announcement, as required by local law, inviting bids for work to be performed and materials to be furnished.
10-04	Airport	Airport means an area of land or water which is used or intended to be used for the landing and takeoff of aircraft; an appurtenant area used or intended to be used for airport buildings or other airport facilities or rights of way; airport buildings and facilities located in any of these areas, and a heliport.
10-05	Airport Improvement Program (AIP)	A grant-in-aid program, administered by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).
10-06	Air Operations Area (AOA)	The term air operations area (AOA) shall mean any area of the airport used or intended to be used for the landing, takeoff, or surface maneuvering of aircraft. An air operation area shall include such paved or unpaved areas that are used or intended to be used for the unobstructed movement of aircraft in addition to its associated runway, taxiway, or apron.
10-07	Apron	Area where aircraft are parked, unloaded or loaded, fueled and/or serviced.
10-08	ASTM International (ASTM)	Formerly known as the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).
10-09	Award	The Owner's notice to the successful bidder of the acceptance of the submitted bid.
10-10	Bidder	Any individual, partnership, firm, or corporation, acting directly or through a duly authorized representative, who submits a proposal for the work contemplated.
10-11	Building Area	An area on the airport to be used, considered, or intended to be used for airport buildings or other airport facilities or rights-of-way together with all airport buildings and facilities located thereon.
10-12	Calendar Day	Every day shown on the calendar.



No.	Term	Definition
10-13	Certificate of Analysis (COA)	The COA is the manufacturer's Certificate of Compliance (COC) including all applicable test results required by the specifications.
10-14	Certificate of Compliance (COC)	The manufacturer's certification stating that materials or assemblies furnished fully comply with the requirements of the contract. The certificate shall be signed by the manufacturer's authorized representative.
10-15	Change Order	A written order to the Contractor covering changes in the plans, specifications, or proposal quantities and establishing the basis of payment and contract time adjustment, if any, for work within the scope of the contract and necessary to complete the project.
10-16	Contract	A written agreement between the Owner and the Contractor that establishes the obligations of the parties including but not limited to performance of work, furnishing of labor, equipment and materials and the basis of payment. The awarded contract includes but may not be limited to: Advertisement, Contract form, Proposal, Performance bond, payment bond, General provisions, certifications and representations, Technical Specifications, Plans, Supplemental Provisions, standards incorporated by reference and issued addenda.
10-17	Contract Item (Pay Item)	A specific unit of work for which a price is provided in the contract.
10-18	Contract Time	The number of calendar days or working days, stated in the proposal, allowed for completion of the contract, including authorized time extensions. If a calendar date of completion is stated in the proposal, in lieu of a number of calendar or working days, the contract shall be completed by that date.
10-19	Contractor	The individual, partnership, firm, or corporation primarily liable for the acceptable performance of the work contracted and for the payment of all legal debts pertaining to the work who acts directly or through lawful agents or employees to complete the contract work.
10-20	Contractors Quality Control (QC) Facilities	The Contractor's QC facilities in accordance with the Contractor Quality Control Program (CQCP).
10-21	Contractor Quality Control Program (CQCP)	Details the methods and procedures that will be taken to assure that all materials and completed construction required by the contract conform to contract plans, technical specifications and other requirements, whether manufactured by the Contractor, or procured from subcontractors or vendors.



No.	Term	Definition
10-22	Control Strip	A demonstration by the Contractor that the materials, equipment, and construction processes results in a product meeting the requirements of the specification.
10-23	Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP)	The overall plan for safety and phasing of a construction project developed by the airport operator, or developed by the airport operator's consultant and approved by the airport operator. It is included in the invitation for bids and becomes part of the project specifications.
10-24	Drainage System	The system of pipes, ditches, and structures by which surface or subsurface waters are collected and conducted from the airport area.
10-25	Engineer	The individual, partnership, firm, or corporation duly authorized by the Owner to be responsible for engineering, inspection, and/or observation of the contract work and acting directly or through an authorized representative.
10-26	Equipment	All machinery, together with the necessary supplies for upkeep and maintenance; and all tools and apparatus necessary for the proper construction and acceptable completion of the work.
10-27	Extra Work	An item of work not provided for in the awarded contract as previously modified by change order or supplemental agreement, but which is found by the Owner's Engineer or Resident Project Representative (RPR) to be necessary to complete the work within the intended scope of the contract as previously modified.
10-28	FAA	The Federal Aviation Administration. When used to designate a person, FAA shall mean the Administrator or their duly authorized representative.
10-29	Federal Specifications	The federal specifications and standards, commercial item descriptions, and supplements, amendments, and indices prepared and issued by the General Services Administration.
10-30	Force Account	a. Contract Force Account - A method of payment that addresses extra work performed by the Contractor on a time and material basis. b. Owner Force Account - Work performed for the project by the Owner's employees.



No.	Term	Definition
10-31	Intention of Terms	Whenever, in these specifications or on the plans, the words "directed," "required," "permitted," "ordered," "designated," "prescribed," or words of like import are used, it shall be understood that the direction, requirement, permission, order, designation, or prescription of the Engineer and/or Resident Project Representative (RPR) is intended; and similarly, the words "approved," "acceptable," "satisfactory," or words of like import, shall mean approved by, or acceptable to, or satisfactory to the Engineer and/or RPR, subject in each case to the final determination of the Owner. Any reference to a specific requirement of a numbered paragraph of the contract specifications or a cited standard shall be interpreted to include all general requirements of the entire section, specification item, or cited standard that may be pertinent to such specific reference.
10-32	Lighting	A system of fixtures providing or controlling the light sources used on or near the airport or within the airport buildings. The field lighting includes all luminous signals, markers, floodlights, and illuminating devices used on or near the airport or to aid in the operation of aircraft landing at, taking off from, or taxiing on the airport surface.
10-33	Major and Minor Contract Items	A major contract item shall be any item that is listed in the proposal, the total cost of which is equal to or greater than 20% of the total amount of the award contract. All other items shall be considered minor contract items.
10-34	Materials	Any substance specified for use in the construction of the contract work.
10-35	Modification of Standards (MOS)	Any deviation from standard specifications applicable to material and construction methods in accordance with FAA Order 5300.1.
10-36	Notice to Proceed (NTP)	A written notice to the Contractor to begin the actual contract work on a previously agreed to date. If applicable, the Notice to Proceed shall state the date on which the contract time begins.
10-37	Owner	The term "Owner" shall mean the party of the first part or the contracting agency signatory to the contract. Where the term "Owner" is capitalized in this document, it shall mean airport Sponsor only. The Owner for this project is the City of Chandler .
10-38	Passenger Facility Charge (PFC)	Per 14 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 158 and 49 United States Code (USC) § 40117, a PFC is a charge imposed by a public agency on passengers enplaned at a commercial service airport it controls.
10-39	Pavement Structure	The combined surface course, base course(s), and subbase course(s), if any, considered as a single unit.



No.	Term	Definition
10-40	Payment bond	The approved form of security furnished by the Contractor and their own surety as a guaranty that the Contractor will pay in full all bills and accounts for materials and labor used in the construction of the work.
10-41	Performance bond	The approved form of security furnished by the Contractor and their own surety as a guaranty that the Contractor will complete the work in accordance with the terms of the contract.
10-42	Plans	The official drawings or exact reproductions which show the location, character, dimensions and details of the airport and the work to be done and which are to be considered as a part of the contract, supplementary to the specifications. Plans may also be referred to as 'contract drawings.'
10-43	Project	The agreed scope of work for accomplishing specific airport development with respect to a particular airport.
10-44	Proposal	The written offer of the bidder (when submitted on the approved proposal form) to perform the contemplated work and furnish the necessary materials in accordance with the provisions of the plans and specifications.
10-45	Proposal guaranty	The security furnished with a proposal to guarantee that the bidder will enter into a contract if their own proposal is accepted by the Owner.
10-46	Quality Assurance (QA)	Owner's responsibility to assure that construction work completed complies with specifications for payment.
10-47	Quality Control (QC)	Contractor's responsibility to control material(s) and construction processes to complete construction in accordance with project specifications.
10-48	Quality Assurance (QA) Inspector	An authorized representative of the Engineer and/or Resident Project Representative (RPR) assigned to make all necessary inspections, observations, tests, and/or observation of tests of the work performed or being performed, or of the materials furnished or being furnished by the Contractor.
10-49	Quality Assurance (QA) Laboratory	The official quality assurance testing laboratories of the Owner or such other laboratories as may be designated by the Engineer or RPR. May also be referred to as Engineer's, Owner's, or QA Laboratory.
10-50	Resident Project Representative (RPR)	The individual, partnership, firm, or corporation duly authorized by the Owner to be responsible for all necessary inspections, observations, tests, and/or observations of tests of the contract work performed or being performed, or of the materials furnished or being furnished by the Contractor, and acting directly or through an authorized representative.



No.	Term	Definition
10-51	Runway	The area on the airport prepared for the landing and takeoff of aircraft.
10-52	Runway Safety Area (RSA)	A defined surface surrounding the runway prepared or suitable for reducing the risk of damage to aircraft. See the construction safety and phasing plan (CSPP) for limits of the RSA.
10-53	Safety Plan Compliance Document (SPCD)	Details how the Contractor will comply with the CSPP.
10-54	Specifications	A part of the contract containing the written directions and requirements for completing the contract work. Standards for specifying materials or testing which are cited in the contract specifications by reference shall have the same force and effect as if included in the contract physically.
10-55	Sponsor	A Sponsor is defined in 49 USC § 47102(24) as a public agency that submits to the FAA for an AIP grant; or a private Owner of a public-use airport that submits to the FAA an application for an AIP grant for the airport.
10-56	Structures	Airport facilities such as bridges; culverts; catch basins, inlets, retaining walls, cribbing; storm and sanitary sewer lines; water lines; underdrains; electrical ducts, manholes, handholes, lighting fixtures and bases; transformers; navigational aids; buildings; vaults; and, other manmade features of the airport that may be encountered in the work and not otherwise classified herein.
10-57	Subgrade	The soil that forms the pavement foundation.
10-58	Superintendent	The Contractor's executive representative who is present on the work during progress, authorized to receive and fulfill instructions from the RPR, and who shall supervise and direct the construction.
10-59	Supplemental Agreement	A written agreement between the Contractor and the Owner that establishes the basis of payment and contract time adjustment, if any, for the work affected by the supplemental agreement. A supplemental agreement is required if: (1) in scope work would increase or decrease the total amount of the awarded contract by more than 25%; (2) in scope work would increase or decrease the total of any major contract item by more than 25%; (3) work that is not within the scope of the originally awarded contract; or (4) adding or deleting of a major contract item.
10-60	Surety	The corporation, partnership, or individual, other than the Contractor, executing payment or performance bonds that are furnished to the Owner by the Contractor.
10-61	Taxilane	A taxiway designed for low-speed movement of aircraft between aircraft parking areas and terminal areas.



No.	Term	Definition
10-62	Taxiway	The portion of the air operations area of an airport that has been designated by competent airport authority for movement of aircraft to and from the airport's runways, aircraft parking areas, and terminal areas.
10-63	Taxiway/Taxilane Safety Area (TSA)	A defined surface alongside the taxiway prepared or suitable for reducing the risk of damage to an aircraft. See the construction safety and phasing plan (CSPP) for limits of the TSA.
10-64	Work	The furnishing of all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary or convenient to the Contractor's performance of all duties and obligations imposed by the contract, plans, and specifications.
10-65	Working day	A working day shall be any day other than a legal holiday, Saturday, or Sunday on which the normal working forces of the Contractor may proceed with regular work for at least six (6) hours toward completion of the contract. When work is suspended for causes beyond the Contractor's control, it will not be counted as a working day. Saturdays, Sundays and holidays on which the Contractor's forces engage in regular work will be considered as working days.
10-66	Owner Defined terms	None.

END OF SECTION 10



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Section 20 Proposal Requirements and Conditions

20-01 Advertisement (Notice to Bidders). Information provided by the **City of Chandler**.

20-02 Qualification of bidders. Each bidder shall submit evidence of competency and evidence of financial responsibility to perform the work to the Owner at the time of bid opening.

Evidence of competency, unless otherwise specified, shall consist of statements covering the bidder's past experience on similar work, and a list of equipment and a list of key personnel that would be available for the work.

Each bidder shall furnish the Owner satisfactory evidence of their financial responsibility. Evidence of financial responsibility, unless otherwise specified, shall consist of a confidential statement or report of the bidder's financial resources and liabilities as of the last calendar year or the bidder's last fiscal year. Such statements or reports shall be certified by a public accountant. At the time of submitting such financial statements or reports, the bidder shall further certify whether their financial responsibility is approximately the same as stated or reported by the public accountant. If the bidder's financial responsibility has changed, the bidder shall qualify the public accountant's statement or report to reflect the bidder's true financial condition at the time such qualified statement or report is submitted to the Owner.

Unless otherwise specified, a bidder may submit evidence that they are prequalified with the State Highway Division and are on the current "bidder's list" of the state in which the proposed work is located. Evidence of State Highway Division prequalification may be submitted as evidence of financial responsibility in lieu of the certified statements or reports specified above.

20-03 Contents of proposal forms. The Owner's proposal forms state the location and description of the proposed construction; the place, date, and time of opening of the proposals; and the estimated quantities of the various items of work to be performed and materials to be furnished for which unit bid prices are asked. The proposal form states the time in which the work must be completed, and the amount of the proposal guaranty that must accompany the proposal. The Owner will accept only those Proposals properly executed on physical forms or electronic forms provided by the Owner. Bidder actions that may cause the Owner to deem a proposal irregular are given in paragraph 20-09 *Irregular proposals*.

Mobilization is limited to **6 percent** of the total project cost.

A prebid conference is required on this project to discuss as a minimum, the following items: material requirements; submittals; Quality Control/Quality Assurance requirements; the construction safety and phasing plan including airport access and staging areas; and unique airfield paving construction requirements. The prebid conference has not yet been scheduled.

20-04 Issuance of proposal forms. The Owner reserves the right to refuse to issue a proposal form to a prospective bidder if the bidder is in default for any of the following reasons:

- a.** Failure to comply with any prequalification regulations of the Owner, if such regulations are cited, or otherwise included, in the proposal as a requirement for bidding.



- b. Failure to pay, or satisfactorily settle, all bills due for labor and materials on former contracts in force with the Owner at the time the Owner issues the proposal to a prospective bidder.
- c. Documented record of Contractor default under previous contracts with the Owner.
- d. Documented record of unsatisfactory work on previous contracts with the Owner.

20-05 Interpretation of estimated proposal quantities. An estimate of quantities of work to be done and materials to be furnished under these specifications is given in the proposal. It is the result of careful calculations and is believed to be correct. It is given only as a basis for comparison of proposals and the award of the contract. The Owner does not expressly, or by implication, agree that the actual quantities involved will correspond exactly therewith; nor shall the bidder plead misunderstanding or deception because of such estimates of quantities, or of the character, location, or other conditions pertaining to the work. Payment to the Contractor will be made only for the actual quantities of work performed or materials furnished in accordance with the plans and specifications. It is understood that the quantities may be increased or decreased as provided in the Section 40, paragraph 40-02, *Alteration of Work and Quantities*, without in any way invalidating the unit bid prices.

20-06 Examination of plans, specifications, and site. The bidder is expected to carefully examine the site of the proposed work, the proposal, plans, specifications, and contract forms. Bidders shall satisfy themselves to the character, quality, and quantities of work to be performed, materials to be furnished, and to the requirements of the proposed contract. The submission of a proposal shall be prima facie evidence that the bidder has made such examination and is satisfied to the conditions to be encountered in performing the work and the requirements of the proposed contract, plans, and specifications.

Boring logs and other records of subsurface investigations and tests are available for inspection of bidders. It is understood and agreed that such subsurface information, whether included in the plans, specifications, or otherwise made available to the bidder, was obtained and is intended for the Owner's design and estimating purposes only. Such information has been made available for the convenience of all bidders. It is further understood and agreed that each bidder is solely responsible for all assumptions, deductions, or conclusions which the bidder may make or obtain from their own examination of the boring logs and other records of subsurface investigations and tests that are furnished by the Owner.

20-07 Preparation of proposal. The bidder shall submit their proposal on the forms furnished by the Owner. All blank spaces in the proposal forms, unless explicitly stated otherwise, must be correctly filled in where indicated for each and every item for which a quantity is given. The bidder shall state the price (written in ink or typed) both in words and numerals which they propose for each pay item furnished in the proposal. In case of conflict between words and numerals, the words, unless obviously incorrect, shall govern.

The bidder shall correctly sign the proposal in ink. If the proposal is made by an individual, their name and post office address must be shown. If made by a partnership, the name and post office address of each member of the partnership must be shown. If made by a corporation, the person signing the proposal shall give the name of the state where the corporation was chartered and the name, titles, and business address of the president, secretary, and the treasurer. Anyone signing a proposal as an agent shall file evidence of their authority to do so and that the signature is binding upon the firm or corporation.



20-08 Responsive and responsible bidder. A responsive bid conforms to all significant terms and conditions contained in the Owner's invitation for bid. It is the Owner's responsibility to decide if the exceptions taken by a bidder to the solicitation are material or not and the extent of deviation it is willing to accept.

A responsible bidder has the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of a proposed procurement, as defined in 2 CFR § 200.318(h). This includes such matters as Contractor integrity, compliance with public policy, record of past performance, and financial and technical resources.

20-09 Irregular proposals. Proposals shall be considered irregular for the following reasons:

- a. If the proposal is on a form other than that furnished by the Owner, or if the Owner's form is altered, or if any part of the proposal form is detached.
- b. If there are unauthorized additions, conditional or alternate pay items, or irregularities of any kind that make the proposal incomplete, indefinite, or otherwise ambiguous.
- c. If the proposal does not contain a unit price for each pay item listed in the proposal, except in the case of authorized alternate pay items, for which the bidder is not required to furnish a unit price.
- d. If the proposal contains unit prices that are obviously unbalanced.
- e. If the proposal is not accompanied by the proposal guaranty specified by the Owner.
- f. If the applicable Disadvantaged Business Enterprise information is incomplete.

The Owner reserves the right to reject any irregular proposal and the right to waive technicalities if such waiver is in the best interest of the Owner and conforms to local laws and ordinances pertaining to the letting of construction contracts.

20-10 Bid guarantee. Each separate proposal shall be accompanied by a bid bond, certified check, or other specified acceptable collateral, in the amount specified in the proposal form. Such bond, check, or collateral, shall be made payable to the Owner.

20-11 Delivery of proposal. Each proposal submitted shall be placed in a sealed envelope plainly marked with the project number, location of airport, and name and business address of the bidder on the outside. When sent by mail, preferably registered, the sealed proposal, marked as indicated above, should be enclosed in an additional envelope. No proposal will be considered unless received at the place specified in the advertisement or as modified by Addendum before the time specified for opening all bids. Proposals received after the bid opening time shall be returned to the bidder unopened.

20-12 Withdrawal or revision of proposals. A bidder may withdraw or revise (by withdrawal of one proposal and submission of another) a proposal provided that the bidder's request for withdrawal is received by the Owner in writing or by email before the time specified for opening bids. Revised proposals must be received at the place specified in the advertisement before the time specified for opening all bids.

20-13 Public opening of proposals. Proposals shall be opened, and read, publicly at the time and place specified in the advertisement. Bidders, their authorized agents, and other interested persons are invited to attend. Proposals that have been withdrawn (by written or telegraphic request) or received after the time specified for opening bids shall be returned to the bidder unopened.



20-14 Disqualification of bidders. A bidder shall be considered disqualified for any of the following reasons:

- a. Submitting more than one proposal from the same partnership, firm, or corporation under the same or different name.
- b. Evidence of collusion among bidders. Bidders participating in such collusion shall be disqualified as bidders for any future work of the Owner until any such participating bidder has been reinstated by the Owner as a qualified bidder.
- c. If the bidder is considered to be in “default” for any reason specified in paragraph 20-04, *Issuance of Proposal Forms*, of this section.

20-15 Discrepancies and Omissions. A Bidder who discovers discrepancies or omissions with the project bid documents shall immediately notify the Owner’s Engineer of the matter. A bidder that has doubt as to the true meaning of a project requirement may submit to the Owner’s Engineer a written request for interpretation no later than **10 days** prior to bid opening.

Any interpretation of the project bid documents by the Owner’s Engineer will be by written addendum issued by the Owner. The Owner will not consider any instructions, clarifications or interpretations of the bidding documents in any manner other than written addendum.

END OF SECTION 20



Section 30 Award and Execution of Contract

30-01 Consideration of proposals. After the proposals are publicly opened and read, they will be compared on the basis of the summation of the products obtained by multiplying the estimated quantities shown in the proposal by the unit bid prices. If a bidder's proposal contains a discrepancy between unit bid prices written in words and unit bid prices written in numbers, the unit bid price written in words shall govern.

Until the award of a contract is made, the Owner reserves the right to reject a bidder's proposal for any of the following reasons:

- a. If the proposal is irregular as specified in Section 20, paragraph 20-09, *Irregular Proposals*.
- b. If the bidder is disqualified for any of the reasons specified Section 20, paragraph 20-14, *Disqualification of Bidders*.

In addition, until the award of a contract is made, the Owner reserves the right to reject any or all proposals, waive technicalities, if such waiver is in the best interest of the Owner and is in conformance with applicable state and local laws or regulations pertaining to the letting of construction contracts; advertise for new proposals; or proceed with the work otherwise. All such actions shall promote the Owner's best interests.

30-02 Award of contract. The award of a contract, if it is to be awarded, shall be made within **30 calendar days** of the date specified for publicly opening proposals, unless otherwise specified herein.

If the Owner elects to proceed with an award of contract, the Owner will make award to the responsible bidder whose bid, conforming with all the material terms and conditions of the bid documents, is the lowest in price.

30-03 Cancellation of award. The Owner reserves the right to cancel the award without liability to the bidder, except return of proposal guaranty, at any time before a contract has been fully executed by all parties and is approved by the Owner in accordance with paragraph 30-07 *Approval of Contract*.

30-04 Return of proposal guaranty. All proposal guaranties, except those of the two lowest bidders, will be returned immediately after the Owner has made a comparison of bids as specified in the paragraph 30-01, *Consideration of Proposals*. Proposal guaranties of the two lowest bidders will be retained by the Owner until such time as an award is made, at which time, the unsuccessful bidder's proposal guaranty will be returned. The successful bidder's proposal guaranty will be returned as soon as the Owner receives the contract bonds as specified in paragraph 30-05, *Requirements of Contract Bonds*.

30-05 Requirements of contract bonds. At the time of the execution of the contract, the successful bidder shall furnish the Owner a surety bond or bonds that have been fully executed by the bidder and the surety guaranteeing the performance of the work and the payment of all legal debts that may be incurred by reason of the Contractor's performance of the work. The surety and the form of the bond or bonds shall be acceptable to the Owner. Unless otherwise specified in this subsection, the surety bond or bonds shall be in a sum equal to the full amount of the contract.



30-06 Execution of contract. The successful bidder shall sign (execute) the necessary agreements for entering into the contract and return the signed contract to the Owner, along with the fully executed surety bond or bonds specified in paragraph 30-05, *Requirements of Contract Bonds*, of this section, within **15 calendar days** from the date mailed or otherwise delivered to the successful bidder.

30-07 Approval of contract. Upon receipt of the contract and contract bond or bonds that have been executed by the successful bidder, the Owner shall complete the execution of the contract in accordance with local laws or ordinances, and return the fully executed contract to the Contractor. Delivery of the fully executed contract to the Contractor shall constitute the Owner's approval to be bound by the successful bidder's proposal and the terms of the contract.

30-08 Failure to execute contract. Failure of the successful bidder to execute the contract and furnish an acceptable surety bond or bonds within the period specified in paragraph 30-06, *Execution of Contract*, of this section shall be just cause for cancellation of the award and forfeiture of the proposal guaranty, not as a penalty, but as liquidated damages to the Owner.

END OF SECTION 30



Section 40 Scope of Work

40-01 Intent of contract. The intent of the contract is to provide for construction and completion, in every detail, of the work described. It is further intended that the Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment, tools, transportation, and supplies required to complete the work in accordance with the plans, specifications, and terms of the contract.

40-02 Alteration of work and quantities. The Owner reserves the right to make such changes in quantities and work as may be necessary or desirable to complete, in a satisfactory manner, the original intended work. Unless otherwise specified in the Contract, the Owner's Engineer or RPR shall be and is hereby authorized to make, in writing, such in-scope alterations in the work and variation of quantities as may be necessary to complete the work, provided such action does not represent a significant change in the character of the work.

For purpose of this section, a significant change in character of work means: any change that is outside the current contract scope of work; any change (increase or decrease) in the total contract cost by more than 25%; or any change in the total cost of a major contract item by more than 25%.

Work alterations and quantity variances that do not meet the definition of significant change in character of work shall not invalidate the contract nor release the surety. Contractor agrees to accept payment for such work alterations and quantity variances in accordance with Section 90, paragraph 90-03, *Compensation for Altered Quantities*.

Should the value of altered work or quantity variance meet the criteria for significant change in character of work, such altered work and quantity variance shall be covered by a supplemental agreement. Supplemental agreements shall also require consent of the Contractor's surety and separate performance and payment bonds. If the Owner and the Contractor are unable to agree on a unit adjustment for any contract item that requires a supplemental agreement, the Owner reserves the right to terminate the contract with respect to the item and make other arrangements for its completion.

40-03 Omitted items. The Owner, the Owner's Engineer or the RPR may provide written notice to the Contractor to omit from the work any contract item that does not meet the definition of major contract item. Major contract items may be omitted by a supplemental agreement. Such omission of contract items shall not invalidate any other contract provision or requirement.

Should a contract item be omitted or otherwise ordered to be non-performed, the Contractor shall be paid for all work performed toward completion of such item prior to the date of the order to omit such item. Payment for work performed shall be in accordance with Section 90, paragraph 90-04, *Payment for Omitted Items*.

40-04 Extra work. Should acceptable completion of the contract require the Contractor to perform an item of work not provided for in the awarded contract as previously modified by change order or supplemental agreement, Owner may issue a Change Order to cover the necessary extra work. Change orders for extra work shall contain agreed unit prices for performing the change order work in accordance



with the requirements specified in the order, and shall contain any adjustment to the contract time that, in the RPR's opinion, is necessary for completion of the extra work.

When determined by the RPR to be in the Owner's best interest, the RPR may order the Contractor to proceed with extra work as provided in Section 90, paragraph 90-05, *Payment for Extra Work*. Extra work that is necessary for acceptable completion of the project, but is not within the general scope of the work covered by the original contract shall be covered by a supplemental agreement as defined in Section 10, paragraph 10-59, *Supplemental Agreement*.

If extra work is essential to maintaining the project critical path, RPR may order the Contractor to commence the extra work under a Time and Material contract method. Once sufficient detail is available to establish the level of effort necessary for the extra work, the Owner shall initiate a change order or supplemental agreement to cover the extra work.

Any claim for payment of extra work that is not covered by written agreement (change order or supplemental agreement) shall be rejected by the Owner.

40-05 Maintenance of traffic. It is the explicit intention of the contract that the safety of aircraft, as well as the Contractor's equipment and personnel, is the most important consideration. The Contractor shall maintain traffic in the manner detailed in the Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP).

a. It is understood and agreed that the Contractor shall provide for the free and unobstructed movement of aircraft in the air operations areas (AOAs) of the airport with respect to their own operations and the operations of all subcontractors as specified in Section 80, paragraph 80-04, *Limitation of Operations*. It is further understood and agreed that the Contractor shall provide for the uninterrupted operation of visual and electronic signals (including power supplies thereto) used in the guidance of aircraft while operating to, from, and upon the airport as specified in Section 70, paragraph 70-15, *Contractor's Responsibility for Utility Service and Facilities of Others*.

b. With respect to their own operations and the operations of all subcontractors, the Contractor shall provide marking, lighting, and other acceptable means of identifying personnel, equipment, vehicles, storage areas, and any work area or condition that may be hazardous to the operation of aircraft, fire-rescue equipment, or maintenance vehicles at the airport in accordance with the Construction Safety And Phasing Plan (CSPP) and the Safety Plan Compliance Document (SPCD).

c. When the contract requires the maintenance of an existing road, street, or highway during the Contractor's performance of work that is otherwise provided for in the contract, plans, and specifications, the Contractor shall keep the road, street, or highway open to all traffic and shall provide maintenance as may be required to accommodate traffic. The Contractor, at their expense, shall be responsible for the repair to equal or better than preconstruction conditions of any damage caused by the Contractor's equipment and personnel. The Contractor shall furnish, erect, and maintain barricades, warning signs, flag person, and other traffic control devices in reasonable conformity with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) (<http://mutcd.fhwa.dot.gov/>), unless otherwise specified. The Contractor shall also construct and maintain in a safe condition any temporary connections necessary for ingress to and egress from abutting property or intersecting roads, streets or highways.



40-06 Removal of existing structures. All existing structures encountered within the established lines, grades, or grading sections shall be removed by the Contractor, unless such existing structures are otherwise specified to be relocated, adjusted up or down, salvaged, abandoned in place, reused in the work or to remain in place. The cost of removing such existing structures shall not be measured or paid for directly, but shall be included in the various contract items.

Should the Contractor encounter an existing structure (above or below ground) in the work for which the disposition is not indicated on the plans, the Resident Project Representative (RPR) shall be notified prior to disturbing such structure. The disposition of existing structures so encountered shall be immediately determined by the RPR in accordance with the provisions of the contract.

Except as provided in Section 40, paragraph 40-07, *Rights in and Use of Materials Found in the Work*, it is intended that all existing materials or structures that may be encountered (within the lines, grades, or grading sections established for completion of the work) shall be used in the work as otherwise provided for in the contract and shall remain the property of the Owner when so used in the work.

40-07 Rights in and use of materials found in the work. Should the Contractor encounter any material such as (but not restricted to) sand, stone, gravel, slag, or concrete slabs within the established lines, grades, or grading sections, the use of which is intended by the terms of the contract to be embankment, the Contractor may at their own option either:

- a. Use such material in another contract item, providing such use is approved by the RPR and is in conformance with the contract specifications applicable to such use; or,
- b. Remove such material from the site, upon written approval of the RPR; or
- c. Use such material for the Contractor's own temporary construction on site; or,
- d. Use such material as intended by the terms of the contract.

Should the Contractor wish to exercise option a., b., or c., the Contractor shall request the RPR's approval in advance of such use.

Should the RPR approve the Contractor's request to exercise option a., b., or c., the Contractor shall be paid for the excavation or removal of such material at the applicable contract price. The Contractor shall replace, at their expense, such removed or excavated material with an agreed equal volume of material that is acceptable for use in constructing embankment, backfills, or otherwise to the extent that such replacement material is needed to complete the contract work. The Contractor shall not be charged for use of such material used in the work or removed from the site.

Should the RPR approve the Contractor's exercise of option a., the Contractor shall be paid, at the applicable contract price, for furnishing and installing such material in accordance with requirements of the contract item in which the material is used.

It is understood and agreed that the Contractor shall make no claim for delays by reason of their own exercise of option a., b., or c.



The Contractor shall not excavate, remove, or otherwise disturb any material, structure, or part of a structure which is located outside the lines, grades, or grading sections established for the work, except where such excavation or removal is provided for in the contract, plans, or specifications.

40-08 Final cleanup. Upon completion of the work and before acceptance and final payment will be made, the Contractor shall remove from the site all machinery, equipment, surplus and discarded materials, rubbish, temporary structures, and stumps or portions of trees. The Contractor shall cut all brush and woods within the limits indicated and shall leave the site in a neat and presentable condition. Material cleared from the site and deposited on adjacent property will not be considered as having been disposed of satisfactorily, unless the Contractor has obtained the written permission of the property Owner.

END OF SECTION 40



Section 50 Control of Work

50-01 Authority of the Resident Project Representative (RPR). The RPR has final authority regarding the interpretation of project specification requirements. The RPR shall determine acceptability of the quality of materials furnished, method of performance of work performed, and the manner and rate of performance of the work. The RPR does not have the authority to accept work that does not conform to specification requirements.

50-02 Conformity with plans and specifications. All work and all materials furnished shall be in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, grading sections, cross-sections, dimensions, material requirements, and testing requirements that are specified (including specified tolerances) in the contract, plans, or specifications.

If the RPR finds the materials furnished, work performed, or the finished product not within reasonably close conformity with the plans and specifications, but that the portion of the work affected will, in their opinion, result in a finished product having a level of safety, economy, durability, and workmanship acceptable to the Owner, the RPR will advise the Owner of their determination that the affected work be accepted and remain in place. The RPR will document the determination and recommend to the Owner a basis of acceptance that will provide for an adjustment in the contract price for the affected portion of the work. Changes in the contract price must be covered by contract change order or supplemental agreement as applicable.

If the RPR finds the materials furnished, work performed, or the finished product are not in reasonably close conformity with the plans and specifications and have resulted in an unacceptable finished product, the affected work or materials shall be removed and replaced or otherwise corrected by and at the expense of the Contractor in accordance with the RPR's written orders.

The term "reasonably close conformity" shall not be construed as waiving the Contractor's responsibility to complete the work in accordance with the contract, plans, and specifications. The term shall not be construed as waiving the RPR's responsibility to insist on strict compliance with the requirements of the contract, plans, and specifications during the Contractor's execution of the work, when, in the RPR's opinion, such compliance is essential to provide an acceptable finished portion of the work.

The term "reasonably close conformity" is also intended to provide the RPR with the authority, after consultation with the Sponsor and FAA, to use sound engineering judgment in their determinations to accept work that is not in strict conformity, but will provide a finished product equal to or better than that required by the requirements of the contract, plans and specifications.

The RPR will not be responsible for the Contractor's means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction or the safety precautions incident thereto.



50-03 Coordination of contract, plans, and specifications. The contract, plans, specifications, and all referenced standards cited are essential parts of the contract requirements. If electronic files are provided and used on the project and there is a conflict between the electronic files and hard copy plans, the hard copy plans shall govern. A requirement occurring in one is as binding as though occurring in all. They are intended to be complementary and to describe and provide for a complete work. In case of discrepancy, calculated dimensions will govern over scaled dimensions; contract technical specifications shall govern over contract general provisions, plans, cited standards for materials or testing, and cited advisory circulars (ACs); contract general provisions shall govern over plans, cited standards for materials or testing, and cited ACs; plans shall govern over cited standards for materials or testing and cited ACs. If any paragraphs contained in the Special Provisions conflict with General Provisions or Technical Specifications, the Special Provisions shall govern.

From time to time, discrepancies within cited testing standards occur due to the timing of the change, edits, and/or replacement of the standards. If the Contractor discovers any apparent discrepancy within standard test methods, the Contractor shall immediately ask the RPR for an interpretation and decision, and such decision shall be final.

The Contractor shall not take advantage of any apparent error or omission on the plans or specifications. In the event the Contractor discovers any apparent error or discrepancy, Contractor shall immediately notify the Owner or the designated representative in writing requesting their written interpretation and decision.

50-04 List of Special Provisions.

1. Special Provisions
2. Technical Specifications.
3. Plans/Drawings.
4. General Contract Provisions.
5. City of Chandler Engineering Design and Construction Standards and Details.
6. MAG Uniform Standard Specifications – limited to where identified on the plans or within the technical specifications.

50-05 Cooperation of Contractor. The Contractor shall be supplied with two hard copies or an electronic PDF of the plans and specifications. The Contractor shall have available on the construction site at all times one hardcopy each of the plans and specifications. Additional hard copies of plans and specifications may be obtained by the Contractor for the cost of reproduction.

The Contractor shall give constant attention to the work to facilitate the progress thereof, and shall cooperate with the RPR and their inspectors and with other Contractors in every way possible. The Contractor shall have a competent superintendent on the work at all times who is fully authorized as their agent on the work. The superintendent shall be capable of reading and thoroughly understanding the plans and specifications and shall receive and fulfill instructions from the RPR or their authorized representative.



50-06 Cooperation between Contractors. The Owner reserves the right to contract for and perform other or additional work on or near the work covered by this contract.

When separate contracts are let within the limits of any one project, each Contractor shall conduct the work not to interfere with or hinder the progress of completion of the work being performed by other Contractors. Contractors working on the same project shall cooperate with each other as directed.

Each Contractor involved shall assume all liability, financial or otherwise, in connection with their own contract and shall protect and hold harmless the Owner from any and all damages or claims that may arise because of inconvenience, delays, or loss experienced because of the presence and operations of other Contractors working within the limits of the same project.

The Contractor shall arrange their work and shall place and dispose of the materials being used to not interfere with the operations of the other Contractors within the limits of the same project. The Contractor shall join their work with that of the others in an acceptable manner and shall perform it in proper sequence to that of the others.

50-07 Construction layout and stakes. The Engineer/RPR shall establish necessary horizontal and vertical control. The establishment of Survey Control and/or reestablishment of survey control shall be by a State Licensed Land Surveyor. Contractor is responsible for preserving integrity of horizontal and vertical controls established by Engineer/RPR. In case of negligence on the part of the Contractor or their employees, resulting in the destruction of any horizontal and vertical control, the resulting costs will be deducted as a liquidated damage against the Contractor.

Prior to the start of construction, the Contractor will check all control points for horizontal and vertical accuracy and certify in writing to the RPR that the Contractor concurs with survey control established for the project. All lines, grades and measurements from control points necessary for the proper execution and control of the work on this project will be provided to the RPR. The Contractor is responsible to establish all layout required for the construction of the project.

Copies of survey notes will be provided to the RPR for each area of construction and for each placement of material as specified to allow the RPR to make periodic checks for conformance with plan grades, alignments and grade tolerances required by the applicable material specifications. Surveys will be provided to the RPR prior to commencing work items that cover or disturb the survey staking. Survey(s) and notes shall be provided in the following format(s): CAD files and Excel PNEZD.

Laser, GPS, String line, or other automatic control shall be checked with temporary control as necessary. In the case of error, on the part of the Contractor, their surveyor, employees or subcontractors, resulting in established grades, alignment or grade tolerances that do not concur with those specified or shown on the plans, the Contractor is solely responsible for correction, removal, replacement and all associated costs at no additional cost to the Owner.

No direct payment will be made, unless otherwise specified in contract documents, for this labor, materials, or other expenses. The cost shall be included in the price of the bid for the various items of the Contract.



50-08 Authority and duties of Quality Assurance (QA) inspectors. QA inspectors shall be authorized to inspect all work done and all material furnished. Such QA inspection may extend to all or any part of the work and to the preparation, fabrication, or manufacture of the materials to be used. QA inspectors are not authorized to revoke, alter, or waive any provision of the contract. QA inspectors are not authorized to issue instructions contrary to the plans and specifications or to act as foreman for the Contractor.

QA Inspectors are authorized to notify the Contractor or their representatives of any failure of the work or materials to conform to the requirements of the contract, plans, or specifications and to reject such nonconforming materials in question until such issues can be referred to the RPR for a decision.

50-09 Inspection of the work. All materials and each part or detail of the work shall be subject to inspection. The RPR shall be allowed access to all parts of the work and shall be furnished with such information and assistance by the Contractor as is required to make a complete and detailed inspection.

If the RPR requests it, the Contractor, at any time before acceptance of the work, shall remove or uncover such portions of the finished work as may be directed. After examination, the Contractor shall restore said portions of the work to the standard required by the specifications. Should the work thus exposed or examined prove acceptable, the uncovering, or removing, and the replacing of the covering or making good of the parts removed will be paid for as extra work; but should the work so exposed or examined prove unacceptable, the uncovering, or removing, and the replacing of the covering or making good of the parts removed will be at the Contractor's expense.

Provide advance written notice to the RPR of work the Contractor plans to perform each week and each day. Any work done or materials used without written notice and allowing opportunity for inspection by the RPR may be ordered removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.

Should the contract work include relocation, adjustment, or any other modification to existing facilities, not the property of the (contract) Owner, authorized representatives of the Owners of such facilities shall have the right to inspect such work. Such inspection shall in no sense make any facility owner a party to the contract, and shall in no way interfere with the rights of the parties to this contract.

50-10 Removal of unacceptable and unauthorized work. All work that does not conform to the requirements of the contract, plans, and specifications will be considered unacceptable, unless otherwise determined acceptable by the RPR as provided in paragraph 50-02, *Conformity with Plans and Specifications*.

Unacceptable work, whether the result of poor workmanship, use of defective materials, damage through carelessness, or any other cause found to exist prior to the final acceptance of the work, shall be removed immediately and replaced in an acceptable manner in accordance with the provisions of Section 70, paragraph 70-14, *Contractor's Responsibility for Work*.

No removal work made under provision of this paragraph shall be done without lines and grades having been established by the RPR. Work done contrary to the instructions of the RPR, work done beyond the lines shown on the plans or as established by the RPR, except as herein specified, or any extra work done without authority, will be considered as unauthorized and will not be paid for under the provisions of the contract. Work so done may be ordered removed or replaced at the Contractor's expense.



Upon failure on the part of the Contractor to comply with any order of the RPR made under the provisions of this subsection, the RPR will have authority to cause unacceptable work to be remedied or removed and replaced; and unauthorized work to be removed and recover the resulting costs as a liquidated damage against the Contractor.

50-11 Load restrictions. The Contractor shall comply with all legal load restrictions in the hauling of materials on public roads beyond the limits of the work. A special permit will not relieve the Contractor of liability for damage that may result from the moving of material or equipment.

The operation of equipment of such weight or so loaded as to cause damage to structures or to any other type of construction will not be permitted. Hauling of materials over the base course or surface course under construction shall be limited as directed. No loads will be permitted on a concrete pavement, base, or structure before the expiration of the curing period. The Contractor, at their own expense, shall be responsible for the repair to equal or better than preconstruction conditions of any damage caused by the Contractor's equipment and personnel.

50-12 Maintenance during construction. The Contractor shall maintain the work during construction and until the work is accepted. Maintenance shall constitute continuous and effective work prosecuted day by day, with adequate equipment and forces so that the work is maintained in satisfactory condition at all times.

In the case of a contract for the placing of a course upon a course or subgrade previously constructed, the Contractor shall maintain the previous course or subgrade during all construction operations.

All costs of maintenance work during construction and before the project is accepted shall be included in the unit prices bid on the various contract items, and the Contractor will not be paid an additional amount for such work.

50-13 Failure to maintain the work. Should the Contractor at any time fail to maintain the work as provided in paragraph 50-12, *Maintenance during Construction*, the RPR shall immediately notify the Contractor of such noncompliance. Such notification shall specify a reasonable time within which the Contractor shall be required to remedy such unsatisfactory maintenance condition. The time specified will give due consideration to the exigency that exists.

Should the Contractor fail to respond to the RPR's notification, the Owner may suspend any work necessary for the Owner to correct such unsatisfactory maintenance condition, depending on the exigency that exists. Any maintenance cost incurred by the Owner, shall be recovered as a liquidated damage against the Contractor.

50-14 Partial acceptance. If at any time during the execution of the project the Contractor substantially completes a usable unit or portion of the work, the occupancy of which will benefit the Owner, the Contractor may request the RPR to make final inspection of that unit. If the RPR finds upon inspection that the unit has been satisfactorily completed in compliance with the contract, the RPR may accept it as being complete, and the Contractor may be relieved of further responsibility for that unit. Such partial acceptance and beneficial occupancy by the Owner shall not void or alter any provision of the contract.



50-15 Final acceptance. Upon due notice from the Contractor of presumptive completion of the entire project, the RPR and Owner will make an inspection. If all construction provided for and contemplated by the contract is found to be complete in accordance with the contract, plans, and specifications, such inspection shall constitute the final inspection. The RPR shall notify the Contractor in writing of final acceptance as of the date of the final inspection.

If, however, the inspection discloses any work, in whole or in part, as being unsatisfactory, the RPR will notify the Contractor and the Contractor shall correct the unsatisfactory work. Upon correction of the work, another inspection will be made which shall constitute the final inspection, provided the work has been satisfactorily completed. In such event, the RPR will make the final acceptance and notify the Contractor in writing of this acceptance as of the date of final inspection.

50-16 Claims for adjustment and disputes. If for any reason the Contractor deems that additional compensation is due for work or materials not clearly provided for in the contract, plans, or specifications or previously authorized as extra work, the Contractor shall notify the RPR in writing of their intention to claim such additional compensation before the Contractor begins the work on which the Contractor bases the claim. If such notification is not given or the RPR is not afforded proper opportunity by the Contractor for keeping strict account of actual cost as required, then the Contractor hereby agrees to waive any claim for such additional compensation. Such notice by the Contractor and the fact that the RPR has kept account of the cost of the work shall not in any way be construed as proving or substantiating the validity of the claim. When the work on which the claim for additional compensation is based has been completed, the Contractor shall, within 10 calendar days, submit a written claim to the RPR who will present it to the Owner for consideration in accordance with local laws or ordinances.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as a waiver of the Contractor's right to dispute final payment based on differences in measurements or computations.

END OF SECTION 50



Section 60 Control of Materials

60-01 Source of supply and quality requirements. The materials used in the work shall conform to the requirements of the contract, plans, and specifications. Unless otherwise specified, such materials that are manufactured or processed shall be new (as compared to used or reprocessed).

In order to expedite the inspection and testing of materials, the Contractor shall furnish documentation to the RPR as to the origin, composition, and manufacture of all materials to be used in the work. Documentation shall be furnished promptly after execution of the contract but, in all cases, prior to delivery of such materials.

At the RPR's option, materials may be approved at the source of supply before delivery. If it is found after trial that sources of supply for previously approved materials do not produce specified products, the Contractor shall furnish materials from other sources.

The Contractor shall furnish airport lighting equipment that meets the requirements of the specifications; and is listed in AC 150/5345-53, *Airport Lighting Equipment Certification Program and Addendum*, that is in effect on the date of advertisement.

60-02 Samples, tests, and cited specifications. All materials used in the work shall be inspected, tested, and approved by the RPR before incorporation in the work unless otherwise designated. Any work in which untested materials are used without approval or written permission of the RPR shall be performed at the Contractor's risk. Materials found to be unacceptable and unauthorized will not be paid for and, if directed by the RPR, shall be removed at the Contractor's expense.

Unless otherwise designated, quality assurance tests will be made by and at the expense of the Owner in accordance with the cited standard methods of ASTM, American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), federal specifications, Commercial Item Descriptions, and all other cited methods, which are current on the date of advertisement for bids.

The testing organizations performing on-site quality assurance field tests shall have copies of all referenced standards on the construction site for use by all technicians and other personnel. Unless otherwise designated, samples for quality assurance will be taken by a qualified representative of the RPR. All materials being used are subject to inspection, test, or rejection at any time prior to or during incorporation into the work. Copies of all tests will be furnished to the Contractor's representative at their request after review and approval of the RPR.

A copy of all Contractor QC test data shall be provided to the RPR daily, along with printed reports, in an approved format, on a weekly basis. After completion of the project, and prior to final payment, the Contractor shall submit a final report to the RPR showing all test data reports, plus an analysis of all results showing ranges, averages, and corrective action taken on all failing tests.

The Contractor shall employ a Quality Control (QC) testing organization to perform all Contractor required QC tests in accordance with Item C-100 Contractor Quality Control Program (CQCP).



60-03 Certification of compliance/analysis (COC/COA). The RPR may permit the use, prior to sampling and testing, of certain materials or assemblies when accompanied by manufacturer's COC stating that such materials or assemblies fully comply with the requirements of the contract. The certificate shall be signed by the manufacturer. Each lot of such materials or assemblies delivered to the work must be accompanied by a certificate of compliance in which the lot is clearly identified. The COA is the manufacturer's COC and includes all applicable test results.

Materials or assemblies used on the basis of certificates of compliance may be sampled and tested at any time and if found not to be in conformity with contract requirements will be subject to rejection whether in place or not.

The form and distribution of certificates of compliance shall be as approved by the RPR.

When a material or assembly is specified by "brand name or equal" and the Contractor elects to furnish the specified "or equal," the Contractor shall be required to furnish the manufacturer's certificate of compliance for each lot of such material or assembly delivered to the work. Such certificate of compliance shall clearly identify each lot delivered and shall certify as to:

- a. Conformance to the specified performance, testing, quality or dimensional requirements; and,
- b. Suitability of the material or assembly for the use intended in the contract work.

The RPR shall be the sole judge as to whether the proposed "or equal" is suitable for use in the work.

The RPR reserves the right to refuse permission for use of materials or assemblies on the basis of certificates of compliance.

60-04 Plant inspection. The RPR or their authorized representative may inspect, at its source, any specified material or assembly to be used in the work. Manufacturing plants may be inspected from time to time for the purpose of determining compliance with specified manufacturing methods or materials to be used in the work and to obtain samples required for acceptance of the material or assembly.

Should the RPR conduct plant inspections, the following conditions shall exist:

- a. The RPR shall have the cooperation and assistance of the Contractor and the producer with whom the Contractor has contracted for materials.
- b. The RPR shall have full entry at all reasonable times to such parts of the plant that concern the manufacture or production of the materials being furnished.
- c. If required by the RPR, the Contractor shall arrange for adequate office or working space that may be reasonably needed for conducting plant inspections. Place office or working space in a convenient location with respect to the plant.

It is understood and agreed that the Owner shall have the right to retest any material that has been tested and approved at the source of supply after it has been delivered to the site. The RPR shall have the right to reject only material which, when retested, does not meet the requirements of the contract, plans, or specifications.



60-05 Engineer/ Resident Project Representative (RPR) field office. An Engineer/RPR field office is not required.

60-06 Storage of materials. Materials shall be stored to assure the preservation of their quality and fitness for the work. Stored materials, even though approved before storage, may again be inspected prior to their use in the work. Stored materials shall be located to facilitate their prompt inspection. The Contractor shall coordinate the storage of all materials with the RPR. Materials to be stored on airport property shall not create an obstruction to air navigation nor shall they interfere with the free and unobstructed movement of aircraft. Unless otherwise shown on the plans and/or CSPP, the storage of materials and the location of the Contractor's plant and parked equipment or vehicles shall be as directed by the RPR. Private property shall not be used for storage purposes without written permission of the Owner or lessee of such property. The Contractor shall make all arrangements and bear all expenses for the storage of materials on private property. Upon request, the Contractor shall furnish the RPR a copy of the property Owner's permission.

All storage sites on private or airport property shall be restored to their original condition by the Contractor at their expense, except as otherwise agreed to (in writing) by the Owner or lessee of the property.

60-07 Unacceptable materials. Any material or assembly that does not conform to the requirements of the contract, plans, or specifications shall be considered unacceptable and shall be rejected. The Contractor shall remove any rejected material or assembly from the site of the work, unless otherwise instructed by the RPR.

Rejected material or assembly, the defects of which have been corrected by the Contractor, shall not be returned to the site of the work until such time as the RPR has approved its use in the work.

60-08 Owner furnished materials. The Contractor shall furnish all materials required to complete the work, except those specified, if any, to be furnished by the Owner. Owner-furnished materials shall be made available to the Contractor at the location specified.

All costs of handling, transportation from the specified location to the site of work, storage, and installing Owner-furnished materials shall be included in the unit price bid for the contract item in which such Owner-furnished material is used.

After any Owner-furnished material has been delivered to the location specified, the Contractor shall be responsible for any demurrage, damage, loss, or other deficiencies that may occur during the Contractor's handling, storage, or use of such Owner-furnished material. The Owner will deduct from any monies due or to become due the Contractor any cost incurred by the Owner in making good such loss due to the Contractor's handling, storage, or use of Owner-furnished materials.

END OF SECTION 60



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Section 70 Legal Regulations and Responsibility to Public

70-01 Laws to be observed. The Contractor shall keep fully informed of all federal and state laws, all local laws, ordinances, and regulations and all orders and decrees of bodies or tribunals having any jurisdiction or authority, which in any manner affect those engaged or employed on the work, or which in any way affect the conduct of the work. The Contractor shall at all times observe and comply with all such laws, ordinances, regulations, orders, and decrees; and shall protect and indemnify the Owner and all their officers, agents, or servants against any claim or liability arising from or based on the violation of any such law, ordinance, regulation, order, or decree, whether by the Contractor or the Contractor's employees.

70-02 Permits, licenses, and taxes. The Contractor shall procure all permits and licenses, pay all charges, fees, and taxes, and give all notices necessary and incidental to the due and lawful execution of the work.

70-03 Patented devices, materials, and processes. If the Contractor is required or desires to use any design, device, material, or process covered by letters of patent or copyright, the Contractor shall provide for such use by suitable legal agreement with the Patentee or Owner. The Contractor and the surety shall indemnify and hold harmless the Owner, any third party, or political subdivision from any and all claims for infringement by reason of the use of any such patented design, device, material or process, or any trademark or copyright, and shall indemnify the Owner for any costs, expenses, and damages which it may be obliged to pay by reason of an infringement, at any time during the execution or after the completion of the work.

70-04 Restoration of surfaces disturbed by others. The Owner reserves the right to authorize the construction, reconstruction, or maintenance of any public or private utility service, FAA or National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) facility, or a utility service of another government agency at any time during the progress of the work. To the extent that such construction, reconstruction, or maintenance has been coordinated with the Owner, such authorized work (by others) must be shown on the plans and is indicated as follows:

- No additional authorized work will take place.

Except as listed above, the Contractor shall not permit any individual, firm, or corporation to excavate or otherwise disturb such utility services or facilities located within the limits of the work without the written permission of the RPR.

Should the Owner of public or private utility service, FAA, or NOAA facility, or a utility service of another government agency be authorized to construct, reconstruct, or maintain such utility service or facility during the progress of the work, the Contractor shall cooperate with such Owners by arranging and performing the work in this contract to facilitate such construction, reconstruction or maintenance by others whether or not such work by others is listed above. When ordered as extra work by the RPR, the Contractor shall make all necessary repairs to the work which are due to such authorized work by others, unless otherwise provided for in the contract, plans, or specifications. It is understood and agreed that the Contractor shall not be entitled to make any claim for damages due to such authorized work by others or for any delay to the work resulting from such authorized work.



70-05 Federal Participation. The United States Government has agreed to reimburse the Owner for some portion of the contract costs. The contract work is subject to the inspection and approval of duly authorized representatives of the FAA Administrator. No requirement of this contract shall be construed as making the United States a party to the contract nor will any such requirement interfere, in any way, with the rights of either party to the contract.

70-06 Sanitary, health, and safety provisions. The Contractor's worksite and facilities shall comply with applicable federal, state, and local requirements for health, safety and sanitary provisions.

70-07 Public convenience and safety. The Contractor shall control their operations and those of their subcontractors and all suppliers, to assure the least inconvenience to the traveling public. Under all circumstances, safety shall be the most important consideration.

The Contractor shall maintain the free and unobstructed movement of aircraft and vehicular traffic with respect to their own operations and those of their own subcontractors and all suppliers in accordance with Section 40, paragraph 40-05, *Maintenance of Traffic*, and shall limit such operations for the convenience and safety of the traveling public as specified in Section 80, paragraph 80-04, *Limitation of Operations*.

The Contractor shall remove or control debris and rubbish resulting from its work operations at frequent intervals, and upon the order of the RPR. If the RPR determines the existence of Contractor debris in the work site represents a hazard to airport operations and the Contractor is unable to respond in a prompt and reasonable manner, the RPR reserves the right to assign the task of debris removal to a third party and recover the resulting costs as a liquidated damage against the Contractor.

70-08 Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP). The Contractor shall complete the work in accordance with the approved Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP) developed in accordance with AC 150/5370-2, Operational Safety on Airports During Construction. The CSPP is provided as an appendix to these contract documents.

70-09 Use of explosives. The use of explosives is not permitted on this project.

70-10 Protection and restoration of property and landscape. The Contractor shall be responsible for the preservation of all public and private property, and shall protect carefully from disturbance or damage all land monuments and property markers until the Engineer/RPR has witnessed or otherwise referenced their location and shall not move them until directed.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all damage or injury to property of any character, during the execution of the work, resulting from any act, omission, neglect, or misconduct in manner or method of executing the work, or at any time due to defective work or materials, and said responsibility shall not be released until the project has been completed and accepted.

When or where any direct or indirect damage or injury is done to public or private property by or on account of any act, omission, neglect, or misconduct in the execution of the work, or in consequence of the non-execution thereof by the Contractor, the Contractor shall restore, at their expense, such property to a condition similar or equal to that existing before such damage or injury was done, by repairing, or otherwise restoring as may be directed, or the Contractor shall make good such damage or injury in an acceptable manner.



70-11 Responsibility for damage claims. The Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Engineer/RPR and the Owner and their officers, agents, and employees from all suits, actions, or claims, of any character, brought because of any injuries or damage received or sustained by any person, persons, or property on account of the operations of the Contractor; or on account of or in consequence of any neglect in safeguarding the work; or through use of unacceptable materials in constructing the work; or because of any act or omission, neglect, or misconduct of said Contractor; or because of any claims or amounts recovered from any infringements of patent, trademark, or copyright; or from any claims or amounts arising or recovered under the "Workmen's Compensation Act," or any other law, ordinance, order, or decree. Money due the Contractor under and by virtue of their own contract considered necessary by the Owner for such purpose may be retained for the use of the Owner or, in case no money is due, their own surety may be held until such suits, actions, or claims for injuries or damages shall have been settled and suitable evidence to that effect furnished to the Owner, except that money due the Contractor will not be withheld when the Contractor produces satisfactory evidence that he or she is adequately protected by public liability and property damage insurance.

70-12 Third party beneficiary clause. It is specifically agreed between the parties executing the contract that it is not intended by any of the provisions of any part of the contract to create for the public or any member thereof, a third-party beneficiary or to authorize anyone not a party to the contract to maintain a suit for personal injuries or property damage pursuant to the terms or provisions of the contract.

70-13 Opening sections of the work to traffic. If it is necessary for the Contractor to complete portions of the contract work for the beneficial occupancy of the Owner prior to completion of the entire contract, such "phasing" of the work must be specified below and indicated on the approved Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP) and the project plans. When so specified, the Contractor shall complete such portions of the work on or before the date specified or as otherwise specified.

Phase 1 - (30 Calendar Days) – will consist of mill, crack seal, and overlay work along the entire Runway '4R-22L' along with portions of Taxiways 'H', 'L', 'N', 'P', & 'Q', and temporary markings. Construction shall be daytime work only and the contractor is required to furnish and place Lighted Runway Closure X's and low-profile barricades as shown in the plans. Construction hours shall be coordinated with the airport prior to the notice to proceed with construction. Typical construction hours are from 6:00am to 5:00pm.

Substantial Completion - (30 Calendar Days) – will mark the completion of Runway and Taxiway improvements specified under Phase I work. A pre-final walkthrough will be completed by the Resident Engineer, Airport Staff, and the Contractor. The Contractor shall be provided with a Substantial Completion letter including a punch list of any remaining items to be complete before Final Completion.

Stop Work - (30 Calendar Days) – will consist of a pavement cure period before permanent markings in Phase 2 below.

Phase 2 - (3 Calendar Days) – will consist of permanent markings along the entire Runway '4R-22L' along with portions of Taxiways 'H', 'L', 'N', 'P', & 'Q'. Construction shall be daytime work only and the contractor is required to furnish and place Lighted Runway Closure X's and low-profile barricades as shown in the plans. Construction hours shall be coordinated with the airport prior to the notice to proceed with construction. Typical construction hours are from 6:00am to 5:00pm.



Final Completion - (7 Calendar Days) – will consist of completing punchlist items, final clean-up operations, and demobilization.

Upon completion of any portion of work listed above, such portion shall be accepted by the Owner in accordance with Section 50, paragraph 50-14, *Partial Acceptance*.

No portion of the work may be opened by the Contractor until directed by the Owner in writing. Should it become necessary to open a portion of the work to traffic on a temporary or intermittent basis, such openings shall be made when, in the opinion of the RPR, such portion of the work is in an acceptable condition to support the intended traffic. Temporary or intermittent openings are considered to be inherent in the work and shall not constitute either acceptance of the portion of the work so opened or a waiver of any provision of the contract. Any damage to the portion of the work so opened that is not attributable to traffic which is permitted by the Owner shall be repaired by the Contractor at their expense.

The Contractor shall make their own estimate of the inherent difficulties involved in completing the work under the conditions herein described and shall not claim any added compensation by reason of delay or increased cost due to opening a portion of the contract work.

The Contractor must conform to safety standards contained AC 150/5370-2 and the approved CSPP.

Contractor shall refer to the plans, specifications, and the approved CSPP to identify barricade requirements, temporary and/or permanent markings, airfield lighting, guidance signs and other safety requirements prior to opening up sections of work to traffic.

70-14 Contractor's responsibility for work. Until the RPR's final written acceptance of the entire completed work, excepting only those portions of the work accepted in accordance with Section 50, paragraph 50-14, *Partial Acceptance*, the Contractor shall have the charge and care thereof and shall take every precaution against injury or damage to any part due to the action of the elements or from any other cause, whether arising from the execution or from the non-execution of the work. The Contractor shall rebuild, repair, restore, and make good all injuries or damages to any portion of the work occasioned by any of the above causes before final acceptance and shall bear the expense thereof except damage to the work due to unforeseeable causes beyond the control of and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor, including but not restricted to acts of God such as earthquake, tidal wave, tornado, hurricane or other cataclysmic phenomenon of nature, or acts of the public enemy or of government authorities.

If the work is suspended for any cause whatever, the Contractor shall be responsible for the work and shall take such precautions necessary to prevent damage to the work. The Contractor shall provide for normal drainage and shall erect necessary temporary structures, signs, or other facilities at their own expense. During such period of suspension of work, the Contractor shall properly and continuously maintain in an acceptable growing condition all living material in newly established planting, seeding, and sodding furnished under the contract, and shall take adequate precautions to protect new tree growth and other important vegetative growth against injury.

70-15 Contractor's responsibility for utility service and facilities of others. As provided in paragraph 70-04, *Restoration of Surfaces Disturbed by Others*, the Contractor shall cooperate with the owner of any public or private utility service, FAA or NOAA, or a utility service of another government agency that may be authorized by the Owner to construct, reconstruct or maintain such utility services or



facilities during the progress of the work. In addition, the Contractor shall control their operations to prevent the unscheduled interruption of such utility services and facilities.

To the extent that such public or private utility services, FAA, or NOAA facilities, or utility services of another governmental agency are known to exist within the limits of the contract work, the approximate locations have been indicated on the plans and/or in the contract documents.

It is understood and agreed that the Owner does not guarantee the accuracy or the completeness of the location information relating to existing utility services, facilities, or structures that may be shown on the plans or encountered in the work. Any inaccuracy or omission in such information shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility to protect such existing features from damage or unscheduled interruption of service.

It is further understood and agreed that the Contractor shall, upon execution of the contract, notify the Owners of all utility services or other facilities of their plan of operations. Such notification shall be in writing addressed to "The Person to Contact" as provided in this paragraph and paragraph 70-04, *Restoration of Surfaces Disturbed By Others*. A copy of each notification shall be given to the RPR.

In addition to the general written notification provided, it shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to keep such individual Owners advised of changes in their plan of operations that would affect such Owners.

Prior to beginning the work in the general vicinity of an existing utility service or facility, the Contractor shall again notify each such Owner of their plan of operation. If, in the Contractor's opinion, the Owner's assistance is needed to locate the utility service or facility or the presence of a representative of the Owner is desirable to observe the work, such advice should be included in the notification. Such notification shall be given by the most expeditious means to reach the utility owner's "Person to Contact" no later than two normal business days prior to the Contractor's commencement of operations in such general vicinity. The Contractor shall furnish a written summary of the notification to the RPR.

The Contractor's failure to give the two days' notice shall be cause for the Owner to suspend the Contractor's operations in the general vicinity of a utility service or facility.

Where the outside limits of an underground utility service have been located and staked on the ground, the Contractor shall be required to use hand excavation methods within 3 feet of such outside limits at such points as may be required to ensure protection from damage due to the Contractor's operations.

Should the Contractor damage or interrupt the operation of a utility service or facility by accident or otherwise, the Contractor shall immediately notify the proper authority and the RPR and shall take all reasonable measures to prevent further damage or interruption of service. The Contractor, in such events, shall cooperate with the utility service or facility owner and the RPR continuously until such damage has been repaired and service restored to the satisfaction of the utility or facility owner.

The Contractor shall bear all costs of damage and restoration of service to any utility service or facility due to their operations whether due to negligence or accident. The Owner reserves the right to deduct such costs from any monies due or which may become due the Contractor, or their own surety.

70-16 Furnishing rights-of-way. The Owner will be responsible for furnishing all rights-of-way upon which the work is to be constructed in advance of the Contractor's operations.



70-17 Personal liability of public officials. In carrying out any of the contract provisions or in exercising any power or authority granted by this contract, there shall be no liability upon the Engineer, RPR, their authorized representatives, or any officials of the Owner either personally or as an official of the Owner. It is understood that in such matters they act solely as agents and representatives of the Owner.

70-18 No waiver of legal rights. Upon completion of the work, the Owner will expeditiously make final inspection and notify the Contractor of final acceptance. Such final acceptance, however, shall not preclude or stop the Owner from correcting any measurement, estimate, or certificate made before or after completion of the work, nor shall the Owner be precluded or stopped from recovering from the Contractor or their surety, or both, such overpayment as may be sustained, or by failure on the part of the Contractor to fulfill their obligations under the contract. A waiver on the part of the Owner of any breach of any part of the contract shall not be held to be a waiver of any other or subsequent breach.

The Contractor, without prejudice to the terms of the contract, shall be liable to the Owner for latent defects, fraud, or such gross mistakes as may amount to fraud, or as regards the Owner's rights under any warranty or guaranty.

70-19 Environmental protection. The Contractor shall comply with all federal, state, and local laws and regulations controlling pollution of the environment. The Contractor shall take necessary precautions to prevent pollution of streams, lakes, ponds, and reservoirs with fuels, oils, asphalts, chemicals, or other harmful materials and to prevent pollution of the atmosphere from particulate and gaseous matter.

70-20 Archaeological and historical findings. Unless otherwise specified in this subsection, the Contractor is advised that the site of the work is not within any property, district, or site, and does not contain any building, structure, or object listed in the current National Register of Historic Places published by the United States Department of Interior.

Should the Contractor encounter, during their operations, any building, part of a building, structure, or object that is incongruous with its surroundings, the Contractor shall immediately cease operations in that location and notify the RPR. The RPR will immediately investigate the Contractor's finding and the Owner will direct the Contractor to either resume operations or to suspend operations as directed.

Should the Owner order suspension of the Contractor's operations in order to protect an archaeological or historical finding, or order the Contractor to perform extra work, such shall be covered by an appropriate contract change order or supplemental agreement as provided in Section 40, paragraph 40-04, *Extra Work*, and Section 90, paragraph 90-05, *Payment for Extra Work*. If appropriate, the contract change order or supplemental agreement shall include an extension of contract time in accordance with Section 80, paragraph 80-07, *Determination and Extension of Contract Time*.

70-21 Insurance Requirements. Refer to the City of Chandler's construction contract for insurance requirements.

END OF SECTION 70



Section 80 Execution and Progress

80-01 Subletting of contract. The Owner will not recognize any subcontractor on the work. The Contractor shall at all times when work is in progress be represented either in person, by a qualified superintendent, or by other designated, qualified representative who is duly authorized to receive and execute orders of the Resident Project Representative (RPR).

The Contractor shall perform, with his organization, an amount of work equal to at least 25 percent of the total contract cost.

Should the Contractor elect to assign their contract, said assignment shall be concurred in by the surety, shall be presented for the consideration and approval of the Owner, and shall be consummated only on the written approval of the Owner.

The Contractor shall provide copies of all subcontracts to the RPR 14 days prior to being utilized on the project. As a minimum, the information shall include the following:

- Subcontractor's legal company name.
- Subcontractor's legal company address, including County name.
- Principal contact person's name, telephone and fax number.
- Complete narrative description, and dollar value of the work to be performed by the subcontractor.
- Copies of required insurance certificates in accordance with the specifications.
- Minority/ non-minority status.

80-02 Notice to proceed (NTP). The Owners notice to proceed will state the date on which contract time commences. The Contractor is expected to commence project operations within **10 calendar days** of the NTP date. The Contractor shall notify the RPR at least 24 hours in advance of the time contract operations begins. The Contractor shall not commence any actual operations prior to the date on which the notice to proceed is issued by the Owner.

80-03 Execution and progress. Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor shall submit their coordinated construction schedule showing all work activities for the RPR's review and acceptance at least 10 calendar days prior to the start of work. The Contractor's progress schedule, once accepted by the RPR, will represent the Contractor's baseline plan to accomplish the project in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Contract. The RPR will compare actual Contractor progress against the baseline schedule to determine that status of the Contractor's performance. The Contractor shall provide sufficient materials, equipment, and labor to guarantee the completion of the project in accordance with the plans and specifications within the time set forth in the proposal.

If the Contractor falls significantly behind the submitted schedule, the Contractor shall, upon the RPR's request, submit a revised schedule for completion of the work within the contract time and modify their operations to provide such additional materials, equipment, and labor necessary to meet the revised schedule. Should the execution of the work be discontinued for any reason, the Contractor shall notify the RPR at least 24 hours in advance of resuming operations.



The Contractor shall not commence any actual construction prior to the date on which the NTP is issued by the Owner.

The project schedule shall be prepared as a network diagram in Critical Path Method (CPM), Program Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT), or other format, or as otherwise specified. It shall include information on the sequence of work activities, milestone dates, and activity duration. The schedule shall show all work items identified in the project proposal for each work area and shall include the project start date and end date.

The Contractor shall maintain the work schedule and provide an update and analysis of the progress schedule on a twice monthly basis, or as otherwise specified in the contract. Submission of the work schedule shall not relieve the Contractor of overall responsibility for scheduling, sequencing, and coordinating all work to comply with the requirements of the contract.

80-04 Limitation of operations. The Contractor shall control their operations and the operations of their subcontractors and all suppliers to provide for the free and unobstructed movement of aircraft in the air operations areas (AOA) of the airport.

When the work requires the Contractor to conduct their operations within an AOA of the airport, the work shall be coordinated with airport operations (through the RPR) at least 48 hours prior to commencement of such work. The Contractor shall not close an AOA until so authorized by the RPR and until the necessary temporary marking, signage and associated lighting is in place as provided in Section 70, paragraph 70-08, *Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP)*.

When the contract work requires the Contractor to work within an AOA of the airport on an intermittent basis (intermittent opening and closing of the AOA), the Contractor shall maintain constant communications as specified; immediately obey all instructions to vacate the AOA; and immediately obey all instructions to resume work in such AOA. Failure to maintain the specified communications or to obey instructions shall be cause for suspension of the Contractor's operations in the AOA until satisfactory conditions are provided. The areas of the AOA identified in the Construction Safety Phasing Plan (CSPP) and as listed below, cannot be closed to operating aircraft to permit the Contractor's operations on a continuous basis and will therefore be closed to aircraft operations intermittently as follows:

Refer to the Construction Safety and Phasing Plan included as an attachment to the contract documents.

The Contractor shall be required to conform to safety standards contained in AC 150/5370-2, Operational Safety on Airports During Construction and the approved CSPP.

80-04.1 Operational safety on airport during construction. All Contractors' operations shall be conducted in accordance with the approved project Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP) and the Safety Plan Compliance Document (SPCD) and the provisions set forth within the current version of AC 150/5370-2, Operational Safety on Airports During Construction. The CSPP included within the contract documents conveys minimum requirements for operational safety on the airport during construction activities. The Contractor shall prepare and submit a SPCD that details how it proposes to comply with the requirements presented within the CSPP.



The Contractor shall implement all necessary safety plan measures prior to commencement of any work activity. The Contractor shall conduct routine checks to assure compliance with the safety plan measures.

The Contractor is responsible to the Owner for the conduct of all subcontractors it employs on the project. The Contractor shall assure that all subcontractors are made aware of the requirements of the CSPP and SPCD and that they implement and maintain all necessary measures.

No deviation or modifications may be made to the approved CSPP and SPCD unless approved in writing by the Owner. The necessary coordination actions to review Contractor proposed modifications to an approved CSPP or approved SPCD can require a significant amount of time.

80-05 Character of workers, methods, and equipment. The Contractor shall, at all times, employ sufficient labor and equipment for prosecuting the work to full completion in the manner and time required by the contract, plans, and specifications.

All workers shall have sufficient skill and experience to perform properly the work assigned to them. Workers engaged in special work or skilled work shall have sufficient experience in such work and in the operation of the equipment required to perform the work satisfactorily.

Any person employed by the Contractor or by any subcontractor who violates any operational regulations or operational safety requirements and, in the opinion of the RPR, does not perform his work in a proper and skillful manner or is intemperate or disorderly shall, at the written request of the RPR, be removed immediately by the Contractor or subcontractor employing such person, and shall not be employed again in any portion of the work without approval of the RPR.

Should the Contractor fail to remove such person or persons, or fail to furnish suitable and sufficient personnel for the proper execution of the work, the RPR may suspend the work by written notice until compliance with such orders.

All equipment that is proposed to be used on the work shall be of sufficient size and in such mechanical condition as to meet requirements of the work and to produce a satisfactory quality of work. Equipment used on any portion of the work shall not cause injury to previously completed work, adjacent property, or existing airport facilities due to its use.

When the methods and equipment to be used by the Contractor in accomplishing the work are not prescribed in the contract, the Contractor is free to use any methods or equipment that will accomplish the work in conformity with the requirements of the contract, plans, and specifications.

When the contract specifies the use of certain methods and equipment, such methods and equipment shall be used unless otherwise authorized by the RPR. If the Contractor desires to use a method or type of equipment other than specified in the contract, the Contractor may request authority from the RPR to do so. The request shall be in writing and shall include a full description of the methods and equipment proposed and of the reasons for desiring to make the change. If approval is given, it will be on the condition that the Contractor will be fully responsible for producing work in conformity with contract requirements. If, after trial use of the substituted methods or equipment, the RPR determines that the work produced does not meet contract requirements, the Contractor shall discontinue the use of the substitute method or equipment and shall complete the remaining work with the specified methods and equipment. The Contractor shall remove any deficient work and replace it with work of specified quality, or take such other



corrective action as the RPR may direct. No change will be made in basis of payment for the contract items involved nor in contract time as a result of authorizing a change in methods or equipment under this paragraph.

80-06 Temporary suspension of the work. The Owner shall have the authority to suspend the work wholly, or in part, for such period or periods the Owner may deem necessary, due to unsuitable weather, or other conditions considered unfavorable for the execution of the work, or for such time necessary due to the failure on the part of the Contractor to carry out orders given or perform any or all provisions of the contract.

In the event that the Contractor is ordered by the Owner, in writing, to suspend work for some unforeseen cause not otherwise provided for in the contract and over which the Contractor has no control, the Contractor may be reimbursed for actual money expended on the work during the period of shutdown. No allowance will be made for anticipated profits. The period of shutdown shall be computed from the effective date of the written order to suspend work to the effective date of the written order to resume the work. Claims for such compensation shall be filed with the RPR within the time period stated in the RPR's order to resume work. The Contractor shall submit with their own claim information substantiating the amount shown on the claim. The RPR will forward the Contractor's claim to the Owner for consideration in accordance with local laws or ordinances. No provision of this article shall be construed as entitling the Contractor to compensation for delays due to inclement weather or for any other delay provided for in the contract, plans, or specifications.

If it becomes necessary to suspend work for an indefinite period, the Contractor shall store all materials in such manner that they will not become an obstruction nor become damaged in any way. The Contractor shall take every precaution to prevent damage or deterioration of the work performed and provide for normal drainage of the work. The Contractor shall erect temporary structures where necessary to provide for traffic on, to, or from the airport.

80-07 Determination and extension of contract time. The number of calendar days shall be stated in the proposal and contract and shall be known as the Contract Time.

If the contract time requires extension for reasons beyond the Contractor's control, it shall be adjusted as follows:

80-07.1 Contract time based on calendar days. Contract Time based on calendar days shall consist of the number of calendar days stated in the contract counting from the effective date of the Notice to Proceed and including all Saturdays, Sundays, holidays, and non-work days. All calendar days elapsing between the effective dates of the Owner's orders to suspend and resume all work, due to causes not the fault of the Contractor, shall be excluded.

At the time of final payment, the contract time shall be increased in the same proportion as the cost of the actually completed quantities bears to the cost of the originally estimated quantities in the proposal. Such increase in the contract time shall not consider either cost of work or the extension of contract time that has been covered by a change order or supplemental agreement. Charges against the contract time will cease as of the date of final acceptance.



80-08 Failure to complete on time. For each calendar day or working day, as specified in the contract, that any work remains uncompleted after the contract time (including all extensions and adjustments as provided in paragraph 80-07, *Determination and Extension of Contract Time*) the sum specified in the contract and proposal as liquidated damages (LD) will be deducted from any money due or to become due the Contractor or their own surety. Such deducted sums shall not be deducted as a penalty but shall be considered as liquidation of a reasonable portion of damages including but not limited to additional engineering services that will be incurred by the Owner should the Contractor fail to complete the work in the time provided in their contract.

Liquidated damages will be **One Thousand and Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500)** per day for each and every day's delay in Substantial Completion and Acceptance of the work required to be done by the Contractor within the total specified Contract time.

The maximum construction time allowed for the project is **40 calendar days**. Permitting the Contractor to continue and finish the work or any part of it after the time fixed for its completion, or after the date to which the time for completion may have been extended, will in no way operate as a waiver on the part of the Owner of any of its rights under the contract.

80-09 Default and termination of contract. The Contractor shall be considered in default of their contract and such default will be considered as cause for the Owner to terminate the contract for any of the following reasons, if the Contractor:

- a. Fails to begin the work under the contract within the time specified in the Notice to Proceed, or
- b. Fails to perform the work or fails to provide sufficient workers, equipment and/or materials to assure completion of work in accordance with the terms of the contract, or
- c. Performs the work unsuitably or neglects or refuses to remove materials or to perform anew such work as may be rejected as unacceptable and unsuitable, or
- d. Discontinues the execution of the work, or
- e. Fails to resume work which has been discontinued within a reasonable time after notice to do so, or
- f. Becomes insolvent or is declared bankrupt, or commits any act of bankruptcy or insolvency, or
- g. Allows any final judgment to stand against the Contractor unsatisfied for a period of 10 days, or
- h. Makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or
- i. For any other cause whatsoever, fails to carry on the work in an acceptable manner.

Should the Owner consider the Contractor in default of the contract for any reason above, the Owner shall immediately give written notice to the Contractor and the Contractor's surety as to the reasons for considering the Contractor in default and the Owner's intentions to terminate the contract.



If the Contractor or surety, within a period of 10 days after such notice, does not proceed in accordance therewith, then the Owner will, upon written notification from the RPR of the facts of such delay, neglect, or default and the Contractor's failure to comply with such notice, have full power and authority without violating the contract, to take the execution of the work out of the hands of the Contractor. The Owner may appropriate or use any or all materials and equipment that have been mobilized for use in the work and are acceptable and may enter into an agreement for the completion of said contract according to the terms and provisions thereof, or use such other methods as in the opinion of the RPR will be required for the completion of said contract in an acceptable manner.

All costs and charges incurred by the Owner, together with the cost of completing the work under contract, will be deducted from any monies due or which may become due the Contractor. If such expense exceeds the sum which would have been payable under the contract, then the Contractor and the surety shall be liable and shall pay to the Owner the amount of such excess.

80-10 Termination for national emergencies. The Owner shall terminate the contract or portion thereof by written notice when the Contractor is prevented from proceeding with the construction contract as a direct result of an Executive Order of the President with respect to the execution of war or in the interest of national defense.

When the contract, or any portion thereof, is terminated before completion of all items of work in the contract, payment will be made for the actual number of units or items of work completed at the contract price or as mutually agreed for items of work partially completed or not started. No claims or loss of anticipated profits shall be considered.

Reimbursement for organization of the work, and other overhead expenses, (when not otherwise included in the contract) and moving equipment and materials to and from the job will be considered, the intent being that an equitable settlement will be made with the Contractor.

Acceptable materials, obtained or ordered by the Contractor for the work and that are not incorporated in the work shall, at the option of the Contractor, be purchased from the Contractor at actual cost as shown by receipted bills and actual cost records at such points of delivery as may be designated by the RPR.

Termination of the contract or a portion thereof shall neither relieve the Contractor of their responsibilities for the completed work nor shall it relieve their surety of its obligation for and concerning any just claim arising out of the work performed.

80-11 Work area, storage area and sequence of operations. The Contractor shall obtain approval from the RPR prior to beginning any work in all areas of the airport. No operating runway, taxiway, or air operations area (AOA) shall be crossed, entered, or obstructed while it is operational. The Contractor shall plan and coordinate work in accordance with the approved CSPP and SPCD.

END OF SECTION 80



Section 90 Measurement and Payment

90-01 Measurement of quantities. All work completed under the contract will be measured by the RPR, or their authorized representatives, using United States Customary Units of Measurement.

The method of measurement and computations to be used in determination of quantities of material furnished and of work performed under the contract will be those methods generally recognized as conforming to good engineering practice.

Unless otherwise specified, longitudinal measurements for area computations will be made horizontally, and no deductions will be made for individual fixtures (or leave-outs) having an area of 9 square feet or less. Unless otherwise specified, transverse measurements for area computations will be the neat dimensions shown on the plans or ordered in writing by the RPR.

Unless otherwise specified, all contract items which are measured by the linear foot such as electrical ducts, conduits, pipe culverts, underdrains, and similar items shall be measured parallel to the base or foundation upon which such items are placed.

The term “lump sum” when used as an item of payment will mean complete payment for the work described in the contract. When a complete structure or structural unit (in effect, “lump sum” work) is specified as the unit of measurement, the unit will be construed to include all necessary fittings and accessories.

When requested by the Contractor and approved by the RPR in writing, material specified to be measured by the cubic yard (cubic meter) may be weighed, and such weights will be converted to cubic yards (cubic meters) for payment purposes. Factors for conversion from weight measurement to volume measurement will be determined by the RPR and shall be agreed to by the Contractor before such method of measurement of pay quantities is used.

Measurement and Payment Terms

Term	Definition
Excavation and Embankment Volume	In computing volumes of excavation, the average end area method will be used unless otherwise specified.
Measurement and Proportion by Weight	The term “ton” will mean the short ton consisting of 2,000 pounds avoirdupois. All materials that are measured or proportioned by weights shall be weighed on accurate, independently certified scales by competent, qualified personnel at locations designated by the RPR. If material is shipped by rail, the car weight may be accepted provided that only the actual weight of material is paid for. However, car weights will not be acceptable for material to be passed through mixing plants. Trucks used to haul material being paid for by weight shall be weighed empty daily at such times as the RPR directs, and each truck shall bear a plainly legible identification mark.



Term	Definition
Measurement by Volume	Materials to be measured by volume in the hauling vehicle shall be hauled in approved vehicles and measured therein at the point of delivery. Vehicles for this purpose may be of any size or type acceptable for the materials hauled, provided that the body is of such shape that the actual contents may be readily and accurately determined. All vehicles shall be loaded to at least their water level capacity, and all loads shall be leveled when the vehicles arrive at the point of delivery.
Asphalt Material	Asphalt materials will be measured by the gallon or ton. When measured by volume, such volumes will be measured at 60°F or will be corrected to the volume at 60°F using ASTM D1250 for asphalts. Net certified scale weights or weights based on certified volumes in the case of rail shipments will be used as a basis of measurement, subject to correction when asphalt material has been lost from the car or the distributor, wasted, or otherwise not incorporated in the work. When asphalt materials are shipped by truck or transport, net certified weights by volume, subject to correction for loss or foaming, will be used for computing quantities.
Cement	Cement will be measured by the ton or hundredweight.
Structure	Structures will be measured according to neat lines shown on the plans or as altered to fit field conditions.
Timber	Timber will be measured by the thousand feet board measure (MFBM) actually incorporated in the structure. Measurement will be based on nominal widths and thicknesses and the extreme length of each piece.
Plates and Sheets	The thickness of plates and galvanized sheet used in the manufacture of corrugated metal pipe, metal plate pipe culverts and arches, and metal cribbing will be specified and measured in decimal fraction of inch.
Miscellaneous Items	When standard manufactured items are specified such as fence, wire, plates, rolled shapes, pipe conduit, etc., and these items are identified by gauge, unit weight, section dimensions, etc., such identification will be considered to be nominal weights or dimensions. Unless more stringently controlled by tolerances in cited specifications, manufacturing tolerances established by the industries involved will be accepted.



Term	Definition
Scales	Scales must be tested for accuracy and serviced before use. Scales for weighing materials which are required to be proportioned or measured and paid for by weight shall be furnished, erected, and maintained by the Contractor, or be certified permanently installed commercial scales. Platform scales shall be installed and maintained with the platform level and rigid bulkheads at each end. Scales shall be accurate within 0.5% of the correct weight throughout the range of use. The Contractor shall have the scales checked under the observation of the RPR before beginning work and at such other times as requested. The intervals shall be uniform in spacing throughout the graduated or marked length of the beam or dial and shall not exceed 0.1% of the nominal rated capacity of the scale, but not less than one pound. The use of spring balances will not be permitted. In the event inspection reveals the scales have been "overweighing" (indicating more than correct weight) they will be immediately adjusted. All materials received subsequent to the last previous correct weighting-accuracy test will be reduced by the percentage of error in excess of 0.5%. In the event inspection reveals the scales have been under-weighing (indicating less than correct weight), they shall be immediately adjusted. No additional payment to the Contractor will be allowed for materials previously weighed and recorded. Beams, dials, platforms, and other scale equipment shall be so arranged that the operator and the RPR can safely and conveniently view them. Scale installations shall have available ten standard 50-pound weights for testing the weighing equipment or suitable weights and devices for other approved equipment. All costs in connection with furnishing, installing, certifying, testing, and maintaining scales; for furnishing check weights and scale house; and for all other items specified in this subsection, for the weighing of materials for proportioning or payment, shall be included in the unit contract prices for the various items of the project.
Rental Equipment	Rental of equipment will be measured by time in hours of actual working time and necessary traveling time of the equipment within the limits of the work. Special equipment ordered in connection with extra work will be measured as agreed in the change order or supplemental agreement authorizing such work as provided in paragraph 90-05 <i>Payment for Extra Work</i>.
Pay Quantities	When the estimated quantities for a specific portion of the work are designated as the pay quantities in the contract, they shall be the final quantities for which payment for such specific portion of the work will be made, unless the dimensions of said portions of the work shown on the plans are revised by the RPR. If revised dimensions result in an increase or decrease in the quantities of such work, the final quantities for payment will be revised in the amount represented by the authorized changes in the dimensions.



90-02 Scope of payment. The Contractor shall receive and accept compensation provided for in the contract as full payment for furnishing all materials, for performing all work under the contract in a complete and acceptable manner, and for all risk, loss, damage, or expense of whatever character arising out of the nature of the work or the execution thereof, subject to the provisions of Section 70, paragraph 70-18, *No Waiver of Legal Rights*.

When the "basis of payment" subsection of a technical specification requires that the contract price (price bid) include compensation for certain work or material essential to the item, this same work or material will not also be measured for payment under any other contract item which may appear elsewhere in the contract, plans, or specifications.

90-03 Compensation for altered quantities. When the accepted quantities of work vary from the quantities in the proposal, the Contractor shall accept as payment in full, so far as contract items are concerned, payment at the original contract price for the accepted quantities of work actually completed and accepted. No allowance, except as provided for in Section 40, paragraph 40-02, *Alteration of Work and Quantities*, will be made for any increased expense, loss of expected reimbursement, or loss of anticipated profits suffered or claimed by the Contractor which results directly from such alterations or indirectly from their own unbalanced allocation of overhead and profit among the contract items, or from any other cause.

90-04 Payment for omitted items. As specified in Section 40, paragraph 40-03, *Omitted Items*, the RPR shall have the right to omit from the work (order nonperformance) any contract item, except major contract items, in the best interest of the Owner.

Should the RPR omit or order nonperformance of a contract item or portion of such item from the work, the Contractor shall accept payment in full at the contract prices for any work actually completed and acceptable prior to the RPR's order to omit or non-perform such contract item.

Acceptable materials ordered by the Contractor or delivered on the work prior to the date of the RPR's order will be paid for at the actual cost to the Contractor and shall thereupon become the property of the Owner.

In addition to the reimbursement hereinbefore provided, the Contractor shall be reimbursed for all actual costs incurred for the purpose of performing the omitted contract item prior to the date of the RPR's order. Such additional costs incurred by the Contractor must be directly related to the deleted contract item and shall be supported by certified statements by the Contractor as to the nature the amount of such costs.

90-05 Payment for extra work. Extra work, performed in accordance with Section 40, paragraph 40-04, *Extra Work*, will be paid for at the contract prices or agreed prices specified in the change order or supplemental agreement authorizing the extra work.

90-06 Partial payments. Partial payments will be made to the Contractor at least once each month as the work progresses. Said payments will be based upon estimates, prepared by the RPR, of the value of the work performed and materials complete and in place, in accordance with the contract, plans, and specifications. Such partial payments may also include the delivered actual cost of those materials stockpiled and stored in accordance with paragraph 90-07, *Payment for Materials on Hand*. No partial payment will be made when the amount due to the Contractor since the last estimate amounts to less than five hundred dollars.



a. From the total of the amount determined to be payable on a partial payment, 10 percent of such total amount will be deducted and retained by the Owner for protection of the Owner's interests. Unless otherwise instructed by the Owner, the amount retained by the Owner will be in effect until the final payment is made except as follows:

- 1.** Contractor may request release of retainage on work that has been partially accepted by the Owner in accordance with Section 50-03. Contractor must provide a certified invoice to the RPR that supports the value of retainage held by the Owner for partially accepted work.
- 2.** In lieu of retainage, the Contractor may exercise at its option the establishment of an escrow account per paragraph 90-08.

b. The Contractor is required to pay all subcontractors for satisfactory performance of their contracts no later than 30 days after the Contractor has received a partial payment. Contractor must provide the Owner evidence of prompt and full payment of retainage held by the prime Contractor to the subcontractor within 30 days after the subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed. A subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed when all the tasks called for in the subcontract have been accomplished and documented as required by the Owner. When the Owner has made an incremental acceptance of a portion of a prime contract, the work of a subcontractor covered by that acceptance is deemed to be satisfactorily completed.

c. When at least 95% of the work has been completed to the satisfaction of the RPR, the RPR shall, at the Owner's discretion and with the consent of the surety, prepare estimates of both the contract value and the cost of the remaining work to be done. The Owner may retain an amount not less than twice the contract value or estimated cost, whichever is greater, of the work remaining to be done. The remainder, less all previous payments and deductions, will then be certified for payment to the Contractor.

It is understood and agreed that the Contractor shall not be entitled to demand or receive partial payment based on quantities of work in excess of those provided in the proposal or covered by approved change orders or supplemental agreements, except when such excess quantities have been determined by the RPR to be a part of the final quantity for the item of work in question.

No partial payment shall bind the Owner to the acceptance of any materials or work in place as to quality or quantity. All partial payments are subject to correction at the time of final payment as provided in paragraph 90-09, *Acceptance and Final Payment*.

The Contractor shall deliver to the Owner a complete release of all claims for labor and material arising out of this contract before the final payment is made. If any subcontractor or supplier fails to furnish such a release in full, the Contractor may furnish a bond or other collateral satisfactory to the Owner to indemnify the Owner against any potential lien or other such claim. The bond or collateral shall include all costs, expenses, and attorney fees the Owner may be compelled to pay in discharging any such lien or claim.



90-07 Payment for materials on hand. Partial payments may be made to the extent of the delivered cost of materials to be incorporated in the work, provided that such materials meet the requirements of the contract, plans, and specifications and are delivered to acceptable sites on the airport property or at other sites in the vicinity that are acceptable to the Owner. Such delivered costs of stored or stockpiled materials may be included in the next partial payment after the following conditions are met:

- a. The material has been stored or stockpiled in a manner acceptable to the RPR at or on an approved site.
- b. The Contractor has furnished the RPR with acceptable evidence of the quantity and quality of such stored or stockpiled materials.
- c. The Contractor has furnished the RPR with satisfactory evidence that the material and transportation costs have been paid.
- d. The Contractor has furnished the Owner legal title (free of liens or encumbrances of any kind) to the material stored or stockpiled.
- e. The Contractor has furnished the Owner evidence that the material stored or stockpiled is insured against loss by damage to or disappearance of such materials at any time prior to use in the work.

It is understood and agreed that the transfer of title and the Owner's payment for such stored or stockpiled materials shall in no way relieve the Contractor of their responsibility for furnishing and placing such materials in accordance with the requirements of the contract, plans, and specifications.

In no case will the amount of partial payments for materials on hand exceed the contract price for such materials or the contract price for the contract item in which the material is intended to be used.

No partial payment will be made for stored or stockpiled living or perishable plant materials.

The Contractor shall bear all costs associated with the partial payment of stored or stockpiled materials in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph.

90-08 Payment of withheld funds. At the Contractor's option, if an Owner withholds retainage in accordance with the methods described in paragraph 90-06 *Partial Payments*, the Contractor may request that the Owner deposit the retainage into an escrow account. The Owner's deposit of retainage into an escrow account is subject to the following conditions:

- a. The Contractor shall bear all expenses of establishing and maintaining an escrow account and escrow agreement acceptable to the Owner.
- b. The Contractor shall deposit to and maintain in such escrow only those securities or bank certificates of deposit as are acceptable to the Owner and having a value not less than the retainage that would otherwise be withheld from partial payment.
- c. The Contractor shall enter into an escrow agreement satisfactory to the Owner.
- d. The Contractor shall obtain the written consent of the surety to such agreement.



90-09 Acceptance and final payment. When the contract work has been accepted in accordance with the requirements of Section 50, paragraph 50-15, *Final Acceptance*, the RPR will prepare the final estimate of the items of work actually performed. The Contractor shall approve the RPR's final estimate or advise the RPR of the Contractor's objections to the final estimate which are based on disputes in measurements or computations of the final quantities to be paid under the contract as amended by change order or supplemental agreement. The Contractor and the RPR shall resolve all disputes (if any) in the measurement and computation of final quantities to be paid within 30 calendar days of the Contractor's receipt of the RPR's final estimate. If, after such 30-day period, a dispute still exists, the Contractor may approve the RPR's estimate under protest of the quantities in dispute, and such disputed quantities shall be considered by the Owner as a claim in accordance with Section 50, paragraph 50-16, *Claims for Adjustment and Disputes*.

After the Contractor has approved, or approved under protest, the RPR's final estimate, and after the RPR's receipt of the project closeout documentation required in paragraph 90-11, *Contractor Final Project Documentation*, final payment will be processed based on the entire sum, or the undisputed sum in case of approval under protest, determined to be due the Contractor less all previous payments and all amounts to be deducted under the provisions of the contract. All prior partial estimates and payments shall be subject to correction in the final estimate and payment.

If the Contractor has filed a claim for additional compensation under the provisions of Section 50, paragraph 50-16, *Claims for Adjustments and Disputes*, or under the provisions of this paragraph, such claims will be considered by the Owner in accordance with local laws or ordinances. Upon final adjudication of such claims, any additional payment determined to be due the Contractor will be paid pursuant to a supplemental final estimate.

90-10 Construction warranty.

a. In addition to any other warranties in this contract, the Contractor warrants that work performed under this contract conforms to the contract requirements and is free of any defect in equipment, material, workmanship, or design furnished, or performed by the Contractor or any subcontractor or supplier at any tier.

b. This warranty shall continue for a period of one year from the date of final acceptance of the work, except as noted. If the Owner takes possession of any part of the work before final acceptance, this warranty shall continue for a period of one year from the date the Owner takes possession. However, this will not relieve the Contractor from corrective items required by the final acceptance of the project work. Light Emitting Diode emitting diode (LED) light fixtures with the exception of obstruction lighting, must be warranted by the manufacturer for a minimum of four (4) years after date of installation inclusive of all electronics.

c. The Contractor shall remedy at the Contractor's expense any failure to conform, or any defect. In addition, the Contractor shall remedy at the Contractor's expense any damage to Owner real or personal property, when that damage is the result of the Contractor's failure to conform to contract requirements; or any defect of equipment, material, workmanship, or design furnished by the Contractor.

d. The Contractor shall restore any work damaged in fulfilling the terms and conditions of this clause. The Contractor's warranty with respect to work repaired or replaced will run for one year from the date of repair or replacement.



e. The Owner will notify the Contractor, in writing, within seven (7) days after the discovery of any failure, defect, or damage.

f. If the Contractor fails to remedy any failure, defect, or damage within 14 days after receipt of notice, the Owner shall have the right to replace, repair, or otherwise remedy the failure, defect, or damage at the Contractor's expense.

g. With respect to all warranties, express or implied, from subcontractors, manufacturers, or suppliers for work performed and materials furnished under this contract, the Contractor shall: (1) Obtain all warranties that would be given in normal commercial practice; (2) Require all warranties to be executed, in writing, for the benefit of the Owner, as directed by the Owner, and (3) Enforce all warranties for the benefit of the Owner.

h. This warranty shall not limit the Owner's rights with respect to latent defects, gross mistakes, or fraud.

90-11 Contractor Final Project Documentation. Approval of final payment to the Contractor is contingent upon completion and submittal of the items listed below. The final payment will not be approved until the RPR approves the Contractor's final submittal. The Contractor shall:

- a.** Provide two (2) copies of all manufacturers warranties specified for materials, equipment, and installations.
- b.** Provide weekly payroll records (not previously received) from the general Contractor and all subcontractors.
- c.** Complete final cleanup in accordance with Section 40, paragraph 40-08, *Final Cleanup*.
- d.** Complete all punch list items identified during the Final Inspection.
- e.** Provide complete release of all claims for labor and material arising out of the Contract.
- f.** Provide a certified statement signed by the subcontractors, indicating actual amounts paid to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) subcontractors and/or suppliers associated with the project.
- g.** When applicable per state requirements, return copies of sales tax completion forms.
- h.** Manufacturer's certifications for all items incorporated in the work.
- i.** All required record drawings, as-built drawings or as-constructed drawings.
- j.** Project Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manual(s).
- k.** Security for Construction Warranty.
- l.** Equipment commissioning documentation submitted, if required.

END OF SECTION 90

FINAL PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS

Chandler Municipal Airport Runway '4R-22L' Rehabilitation

City Project No: AI2202.401
FAA AIP No: 3-04-008-032-2023
Dibble Project No.: 1021015.09

Prepared For:
City of Chandler

October 28, 2024



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Prepared For:
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Duane H. Dana, PE
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Dibble





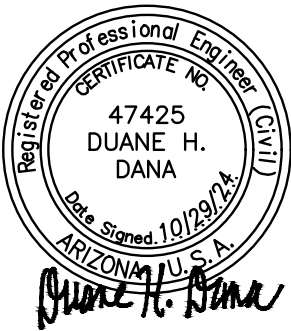
DIVISION II

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

CITY OF CHANDLER
Chandler Municipal Airport
RW 4R-22L Rehab
CHD Project No: AI2202.401
FAA AIP No: 3-04-008-032-2023

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SECTION 50 UTILITIES AND EXISTING FACILITIES

50.01 General

This item shall govern the field location of all underground existing utilities in areas to be improved, to avoid conflicts with proposed surface or underground improvement. Work under this section shall include, but not be limited to, the location of all underground facilities. Underground facilities means any item that is buried or placed below ground for use in connection with the storage or conveyance of water, sewage, electronic, telephone or telegraphic communications, electric energy, oil, gas or other substances, and shall include, but not be limited to pipes, sewers, conduits, cables, valves, lines, wires, manholes, attachments and those portions of poles and their attachments below ground, including electrical and communication ducts, airfield lighting and control cables, fiber optic lines, storm drains, electrical and telephone lines. The Contractor shall employ a private utility location service to locate the existing Owner and non-Owner utilities prior to starting the work. The Contractor shall pothole and use prudent care when excavating and locating said utilities.

The Contractor shall comply with the State requirements regarding excavation and underground utilities per A.R.S., Chapter 2, Article 6.3. and Sections 40.360.31 and other pertinent Sections of the Blue Stake Law. The Airport is not a member, but has distribution systems for gas, electrical, water, and sewer on the site. The Contractor shall be responsible for locating all Owner and non-Owner utilities.

The Contractor's attention is directed to the following Arizona Revised Statutes:

a. ARS 40-360.22. Excavations, determining location of underground facilities; providing information. This statute requires that no person shall begin excavation before the location and marking are complete or the excavator is notified that marking is unnecessary and requires that upon notification, the Owner of the facility shall respond as promptly as practical, but in no event later than two (2) working days. This section is not applicable to an excavation made during an emergency that involves danger to life, health or property if reasonable precautions are taken to protect underground facilities.

b. ARS 40-360.23. Making excavations in careful, prudent manner; liability for negligence. This statute states that obtaining information as required does not excuse any person making any excavation from doing so in a careful and prudent manner, nor shall it excuse such persons from liability for any damage or injury resulting from his negligence.

c. ARS 40-360.28. Civil penalty; liability. If the Owner or operator fails to locate, or incorrectly locates the underground facility, pursuant to this article, the Owner or operator becomes liable for resulting damages, costs and expenses to the injured party.

The Contractor is hereby advised that the location of all utilities, as shown on the Plans, may not be complete nor exact and the Contractor shall satisfy himself as to the exact location of the utilities. The Contractor shall be responsible for any damage done to public or private property and such damage shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

Location of any underground utility lines may be field verified by calling the Blue Stake Center (Arizona 811) telephone number 811 or create a ticket online using E-Stake at:

<https://exactix.arizona811.com/>



The Contractor is required to call at least two (2) working days before digging. The Contractor shall locate all utilities including those that Blue Stake will not locate.

The Contractor is to protect all existing facilities during construction. The Contractor shall notify the appropriate Utility Company or agency of any construction that may affect their facilities.

Measurement for "Location of Underground Utilities" shall be by the lump sum for subcontractors (i.e., Utility Designation/Potholing contractor) to complete utility locating in the project area.

Payment for location of underground utilities, measured as prescribed above, shall be paid based on the cost of completed work. Such payment shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, equipment tools and materials and for all designation, preparation, excavation, backfilling and placing of materials; and for all incidentals necessary. Payment for the cost of each utility location will not be made until survey data has been submitted and approved by the Engineer.

Payment will be made under:

No. 4, Spec No. SP-50.01.1 Location of Underground Utilities – per Lump Sum

50.02 Water for Construction Purposes

The Contractor, at his expense, shall provide all water required for, and in connection with, the work to be performed. The Contractor shall remove all temporary waterlines installed, after completion of the work, if directed to do so by the Engineer.

It is the Contractor's responsibility to identify the water source and its compatibility, storage, and costs for all water requirements for this project. The Contractor must submit a water source and its intended use to the Engineer for approval. No direct payment will be made for construction water. The cost thereof shall be included in other items for which direct payment is made.

50.03 Electrical Power

All power for lighting, operation of Contractor's plant or equipment, or for any other use as may be required in the execution of the work to be performed under the provision of these Contract Documents shall be provided by the Contractor at his expense. The Contractor shall remove all temporary electrical facilities installed, after completion of the work, if ordered to do so by the Engineer.

50.04 Sanitary Facilities

The Contractor shall furnish temporary sanitary facilities at the site, as provided herein, for the needs of all construction workers and other performing work or furnishing services on the Project. Sanitary facilities shall be of reasonable capacity, properly maintained throughout the construction period, and obscured from public view to the greatest practical extent. If toilets of the chemically treated type are used, at least one toilet will be furnished for each 20 men. Contractor shall enforce the use of such sanitary facilities by all personnel at the site.

END SECTION 50



SECTION 60 OPERATIONS, SAFETY AND SECURITY

60.01 Definitions

a. Air Carrier Aircraft

An aircraft with a seating capacity of more than 5 passengers that is being operated by an air carrier.

b. Air Carrier Operation

The takeoff and landing of an air carrier aircraft and includes the period of time from 15 minutes before and until 15 minutes after the takeoff or landing.

c. Air Operations Area (AOA)

Air operations area, paved or unpaved, is any area of the airport used for or intended for landing, takeoff, or surface maneuvering of aircraft including its associated runway, taxiway, or apron.

d. Airfield Operations Specialist

CHD employee who monitors activities within the Airport Restricted Areas. Operations Specialists ensure a safe and secure operating environment is maintained on the airfield.

e. Airport Marking Aids

Marking used on runway and taxiway surfaces to identify a specific runway, a runway threshold, a centerline, a hold line, etc. A runway should be marked in accordance with its present usage such as: visual, non-precision instrument, precision instrument.

f. Construction

The presence and movement of construction-related personnel, equipment, and materials in any location that could infringe upon the movement of aircraft.

g. Escort

A person authorized by CHD to accompany contractor personnel within the Airport Restricted Area. The escort shall accompany or monitor the activities of an individual(s) in a manner sufficient to take responsive action in a sized area approved by the Engineer. A proper escort is defined as maintaining visual monitoring, within reasonable voice range and being able to react to the actions of those under escort.

h. FAA

The Federal Aviation Administration, a branch of the U.S. Department of Transportation that regulates aviation and airport safety and certification.

i. FOD

Foreign Object Debris/Damage, meaning any object that is potentially hazardous to aircraft.

j. General Aviation

That portion of civil aviation which encompasses all facets of aviation except air carriers holding a certificate of public convenience and necessity from a Civil Aeronautics Board and Large aircraft commercial operators.

**k. Haul Route**

A specified path created for vehicles to maneuver within the Airport Restricted Area to/from a work site. Haul routes are subject to the approval of the Engineer in accordance with the Contract Documents.

l. Instrument Landing System (ILS)

An electronic visual approach guidance system used by aircraft during landing operations.

m. Movement Area

The runways, taxiways, and other areas of an airport that are used for taxiing or hover taxiing, air taxiing, takeoff, and landing of aircraft; exclusive of loading ramps and aircraft parking areas (reference 14 CFR part 139).

n. Navigational Aid (NAVAID)

An apparatus generally located within the AOA, serving as a guide to aircraft.

o. Obstruction

Any object/obstacle exceeding the obstruction standards specified by 14 CFR part 77, subpart C.

p. Object Free Area (OFA)

An area on the ground centered on the runway, taxiway, or taxilane centerline provided to enhance safety of aircraft operations by having the area free of objects except for those objects that need to be located in the OFA for air navigation or aircraft ground maneuvering purposes (see AC 150/5300-13, Airport Design, for additional guidance on OFA standards and wingtip clearance criteria).

q. Obstacle Free Zone (OFZ)

The airspace below 150 feet (45m) above the established airport elevation and along the runway and extended runway centerline that is required to be clear of all objects, except for frangible visual NAVAIDs that need to be located in the OFZ because of their function, in order to provide clearance protection for aircraft landing or taking off from the runway and for missed approaches (refer to AC 150/5300-13 for guidance on OFZs).

r. Precision Approach Path Indicator (PAPI)

An airport lighting facility providing vertical visual approach slope guidance to aircraft during approach to landing by radiating a directional pattern of high intensity red and white focused light beams which indicate to the pilot that he/she is "on path" if he sees red/white, "above path" if white/white, and "below path" if red/red.

s. Restricted Area

Areas that do not allow access to the general public. These are limited access areas that the Executive Director, the FAA, or commercial aviation business owners have elected to restrict for purposes of security or safety. It is enclosed by a perimeter fence and includes but is not limited to the AOA, perimeter roadways, haul routes, contractor security gate and worksite.

t. Runway

A defined rectangular area on a land airport prepared for the landing and takeoff run of aircraft along its length. Runways are normally numbered in relation to their magnetic direction rounded off to the nearest 10 degrees; e.g., runway 16 and runway 34.

**u. Runway End Identifier Lights (REIL)**

Two synchronized flashing lights, one on each side of the runway threshold, which provides rapid and positive identification of the approach end of a particular runway.

v. Runway Lights/Runway Edge Lights

Lights having a prescribed angle of emission used to define the lateral limits of a runway. Runway lights are uniformly spaced and the intensity may be controlled or preset.

w. Runway Safety Area (RSA)

A defined surface surrounding the runway prepared or suitable for reducing the risk of damage to airplanes in the event of an undershoot, overshoot, or excursion from the runway, in accordance with AC 150/5300-13.

x. Safety Area

A designated area abutting the edges of a runway or taxiway intended to reduce the risk of damage to an aircraft inadvertently leaving the runway or taxiway.

y. Taxi

The movement of an airplane under its own power on the surface of an airport.

z. Taxiway

A defined surface used by aircraft for transition/movement to and from aircraft parking areas/aprons to runways.

aa. Taxiway Lights/Taxiway Edge Lights

Lights having a prescribed angle of emission used to define the lateral limits of a taxiway and are blue in color.

bb. Threshold Lights

Fixed green lights arranged symmetrically left and right of the runway centerline, identifying the runway threshold.

cc. TSA

The Transportation Security Administration, a branch of the U.S. Department of Homeland Security that oversees aviation security.

dd. Visual Flight Rules (VFR)

Rules that govern the procedures for conducting flight under visual conditions. The term "VFR" is also used in the United States to indicate weather conditions that are equal to or greater than minimum VFR requirements.

ee. Worksite

Area in which work under contract is being performed, generally starting at the contractor on-site trailer. Airport ID badges must be displayed within the worksite at all times.



60.02 Airport Security Requirements

The airport is operated in strict compliance with TSA and Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR), which prohibit unauthorized persons or vehicles in the AOA. Equipment and workmen will be restricted to the work area defined on the plans. Any violation by Contractor's personnel or subcontractors will subject the Contractor to penalties imposed by the TSA, FAA or CHD.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the protection of the construction site, and all work, materials, equipment, and existing facilities thereon, against vandals and other unauthorized persons. Security measures shall include such additional security fencing, barricades, lighting, and other measures as the Contractor may deem necessary to protect the site.

The Contractor's responsibilities for work areas are as follows:

1. The Contractor shall be held responsible for controlling his employees, subcontractors, and their employees with regard to traffic movement.
2. The Contractor shall rebuild, repair, restore, and make good at his own expense all injuries or damages to any portion of the work occasioned by his use of these facilities before completion and acceptance of his work.
3. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer in writing a detailed work plan for each construction phase. The work plan shall include, but not be limited to, temporary electrical facilities and paving/seal sequence. This plan shall be submitted 14 calendar days prior to the start of each construction phase. No work within the construction phase may commence until the phase work plan is approved.
4. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer in writing a plan, by construction phase, for controlling construction equipment and vehicular movements in the Air Operations Area (AOA). This plan shall be submitted at the Pre-Construction Conference. No work may commence until this plan is approved. The Plan must include material haul roads.
5. Any time construction occurs within airport property, the Contractor shall be responsible for assuring that no breaches of airport property occur through his respective construction access gate. Restricted areas are fenced and must remain fenced at all times. The gates will remain closed and locked or a guard will be provided at the Contractor's expense. The Contractor will furnish the guard with a roster of his personnel and ensure that each individual has adequate identification. The duplicate keys for each lock will be turned over to the airport.
 - No person shall enter the Contractor's worksite without authorization. Any person found within the worksite without proper identification as described herein shall be considered unauthorized and shall be removed from the worksite.
 - Persons authorized to provide escorts include CHD staff and designated Contractor supervisors. The number of personnel being escorted shall not exceed ten (10) personnel; this includes vendors, subcontractors, visitors and part-time workers. **Failure to provide an escort can result in loss of escort privileges and fines.**



60.03 Airport Safety Requirements

a. Operating Construction Vehicles on the Airport

No vehicle shall enter the contractor worksite unless the following conditions are met:

- The driver is authorized to access the worksite.
- The driver possesses a valid driver's license.
- The vehicle is properly marked with the company name.
- Vehicle is marked with lighted beacon or checkered flag or under escort.
- Transient haul truck drivers are required to check in with the contractor security guard.

b. Prohibited Vehicles

The use of motorcycles, bicycles, two-wheeled motor scooters and privately-owned vehicles within the worksite is strictly prohibited.

c. Vehicle Condition

Vehicles must be in good mechanical condition with operational lights, horn, brakes, and clear visibility from the driver's seat. Trailers and semi-trailers must be equipped with proper brakes so that when disengaged from a towing vehicle, neither aircraft engine blast nor wind will cause them to become free rolling.

d. Compliance

All traffic within the Airport Restricted Area and/or contractor worksite must comply with any lawful order, signal or direction of any Airport employee. When such traffic is controlled by signs or pavement markings, such symbols shall be obeyed, unless otherwise directed by an officer or agent of the Airport.

e. Night or Low Visibility Operations

All vehicle headlights, taillights, and running or clearance lights shall be in operational condition. Headlights shall be used at all times.

f. Construction Vehicle and Equipment Markings

All construction equipment and vehicles shall have flashing amber beacons mounted at the highest point during the nighttime, and a 3' x 3' orange and white checkered flag or a flashing amber beacon during the daytime. All vehicles and equipment on the construction site shall have company designations visibly displayed. No personal vehicles will be allowed in the work area. All construction vehicles and equipment must have the company name and/or logo and vehicle number at least four (4) inches in height on each side of the vehicle.

g. Operation of Vehicles within the Airport Restricted Area

No vehicle shall operate within the Airport Restricted Area:

- In a careless or negligent manner.
- With disregard of the rights and safety of others.
- At a speed or in a way which endangers persons or property.
- While the driver is under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- If such vehicle is loaded or maintained as to endanger persons or property.

**h. Speed Limits**

The speed limit on perimeter roads is 25 miles per hour. The speed limit on the haul routes is 15 miles per hour.

i. Vehicle Accidents

Each operator of a motor vehicle involved in an accident on the airport that results in damage to property or personal injury shall first contact **9-1-1** and then report it fully to Airport Operations as soon as possible after the accident. The report must include the name and address of the person reporting. Copies of reports taken by City of Chandler are acceptable for incidents that occur in the public areas of the airport.

j. Hearing Protection

Contractor personnel working on or adjacent to the AOA are encouraged to wear hearing protection.

k. Worker Injuries

In the event of a serious injury requiring medical attention, call **9-1-1** and notify the operator you are at the Chandler Municipal Airport. All injuries must also be reported to Airport Operations as soon as possible.

l. After Hours Contacts

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a list of personnel who can be contacted 24 hours a day, seven (7) days a week and can respond in a reasonable time frame regarding any possible emergency on the work site. The list must include names, job titles and phone numbers.

m. Daily Site Inspections

Prior to the Contractor leaving the worksite for the day, an inspection of the site shall be completed. All discrepancies noted in the inspection must be corrected to the satisfaction of the Engineer prior to the Contractor leaving the worksite.

n. Deliveries

All deliveries for the Contractor shall be received by the Contractor. Deliveries will not be accepted by anyone other than the Contractor. CHD and its authorized representatives will not accept or be responsible for deliveries.

o. Runway and Taxiway Closures

Taxiway and runway closures require a minimum of:

- Prior notification and coordination in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- Closure requests shall factor in time for unanticipated events such as weather and equipment malfunction.
- Movement area closure schedules must be met. The Contractor shall advise the Engineer immediately of any need to extend a closure.
- Failure to meet a closure schedule may result in fines.
- Barricade lights must be red in color and either steady burn or flashing.
- Strict adherence and coordination with the phasing plans found within the Construction Plans.
- Lighted X's are required for this project.

**q. Haul Routes**

A portion of the haul route is in the City of Chandler Public Right-of-Way and Contractor shall abide by City of Chandler Traffic regulations. Contractor shall maintain access in the vicinity of the haul routes to provide access to the parking lot and CHD vehicles.

Placards will be issued to transient haul trucks (i.e. concrete) upon entry into the Restricted Area by the gate guard.

r. Cranes or Mobilized Equipment

All activities involving cranes or mobilized vehicles exceeding 15 feet in height on or near the AOA require 48-hour advance coordination with Airport Operations. The following information is required:

- Location of equipment
- Maximum extendable height
- Duration of use
- Daily hours of operation
- Whether or not the crane can be lowered when not in use

Equipment must be lowered to its stowed height when not in use or as otherwise directed. The **highest point** of each piece of equipment shall be marked by a 3' x 3' orange and white checkered flag. At night and during periods of low visibility, the highest point of the crane must be marked by a red obstruction light. Crews must be prepared to remove equipment promptly if so directed.

s. Runway Safety Areas

Construction within the following areas is prohibited, unless required by the Contract Documents and is subject to approval of the Engineer.

- Within 75 feet parallel to an active runway centerline
- Within 39.5 feet parallel to a taxiway centerline
- Within 300 feet of the end of an active runway

t. Staging & Storage Area

All contractor materials, equipment and supplies shall be within the contractor's designated staging and storage area. All staging and storage areas shall be marked, debris boxes covered and area kept neat and clean of debris.

For equipment that must remain in the work area, the following conditions must be met:

- Be located outside of the runway/taxiway safety and obstruction free areas.
- Be marked with lighted barricades around the equipment perimeter with a spacing of no more than 10 feet.
- Be coordinated at least 48 hours in advance with the Engineer.
- The highest point of the equipment marked and lit with a red flashing/steady burning omni-directional obstruction light.

**u. Barricades & Lighting**

The perimeters of the actual work areas, all uneven surfaces, mounds and excavations shall be adequately barricaded with low level barricades and lighted with omni-directional flashing red lights to prevent intrusion by taxiing aircraft, equipment and vehicles. Low profile barricades shall be supplemented with flashing high intensity red lights. Low level barricades shall be orange and white in color and shall be a minimum of six (6) feet in length and ten (10) inches in height. All cones and other marking devices must be lighted or equipped with reflectors during periods of darkness as directed by Airport Operations.

The Contractor will be responsible for placing and maintaining the low-profile barricades. The Contractor will provide a 24/7 point of contact capable of responding within one (1) hour to address issues with the barricades.

All barricades and cones must be maintained and kept in proper working order by the Contractor. All burnt out lights or inoperative batteries must be replaced immediately. Barricades and cones must remain upright at all times.

The placement of sandbags on barricades may be required in situations of adverse weather. In addition, the Contractor must keep an adequate supply of extra barricades, lights and batteries on site. Escorts for barricade maintenance must be provided by the Contractor or coordinated in advance with Airport Operations.

Only red, battery-powered or approved solar-powered, omni-directional lights are acceptable within the Restricted Area of the airport.

See Special Provisions Section 60.05 for additional information and barricading requirements.

v. Trenches and Excavations

Contractors shall close trenches located within active safety areas at the end of each workday. No open trenches or excavations will be allowed within the following active safety areas without prior coordination and approval with the Engineer:

- Within 75 feet parallel to a runway centerline (trenches/excavations within 75 feet of a runway centerline require a runway closure which is subject to strict controls).
- Within a taxiway object free area.
- Within 1,000 feet of the end of a runway.
- Open trenches not to exceed 500 feet in length at any one time.
- Spoils from excavations are to be placed on the runway/taxiway side that is closest to the trench.
- Spoils length not to exceed 500 feet in length at any one time.
- Spoil height is not to exceed 4 feet or any height that would cause a visual obstruction.
- Spoils not returned to the trench or removed from the worksite are to be properly marked with lighted barricades with a spacing of no more than 8' or that to properly delineate the trench.

**w. Stockpiled Material**

Stockpiled materials are allowed only within the Contractor's designated staging & storage areas. Millings are allowed within the Contractor's designated milling stockpile area.

- Remove daily all stockpiled material from within aircraft movement areas, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- No excavated or stored materials may remain within active runway or taxiway safety areas and object free zones.
- Stockpiled material may be located within the Air Operations Area only upon prior coordination and approval of the Engineer.

x. Contractor Security Guards

The following procedures are for Contractor security guards controlling Contractor access gates into the Restricted Areas. Only personnel and vehicles meeting the following conditions will be allowed access within the Airport Restricted Area:

- Authorized contractors and subcontractors with driver endorsement.
- Authorized suppliers and service companies under positive escort.
- Airport vehicles with proper identification.
- Tenant vehicles with the proper identification.
- Transient haul trucks with proper placard displayed.

y. Haul Trucks

Transient haul truck drivers are required to check in with the Contractor security guard. The driver shall be issued an orange/white checkered flag to be mounted on the highest point of the truck; and shall be returned to the security guard upon check out. Advise the driver to remain on the marked haul route and follow the appropriate signs to the intended work area. At no time shall a driver unfamiliar with the worksite be allowed to deviate from the marked haul route.

y. Weapons

No person, except a peace officer, authorized air carrier employee, airport employee or a member of an armed force of the United States on official duty, shall carry any weapon, explosive, or inflammable material on or about his person, openly or concealed, on airport property. No person shall furnish, give, sell, or trade a weapon on airport property. A weapon includes all those listed in Section 13-3101, *Arizona Revised Statutes*.

z. Security Guard Responsibilities

- Use primary radio or back-up telephone equipment to notify Airport Operations and the Contractor Foreman of any security violation or threat to airport safety. Report any failure of radio or back-up equipment immediately.
- Assure that all authorized Contractor employees or suppliers use designated haul route and staging areas.
- Monitor the Restricted Area access gate at all times and NEVER leave a gate open, unsecured or unattended.



aa. Contractor Responsibilities

- The Contractor must maintain and provide to the Engineer a log detailing the contract number, the airfield access point used, and all authorized and anticipated subcontractors and suppliers that will be requiring entry.
- The Contractor must furnish guards with a sufficient number of flags for transient vehicles such as concrete or asphalt trucks entering the Property.
- The Contractor must furnish guards a means of securing the access point should the guard have to leave the area in an emergency.

60.04 Schedule of Fines

Due to both the safety and security precautions necessary at CHD and the impact to airport users, failure of the Contractor to adhere to the prescribed requirements/regulations has consequences that may jeopardize the health, welfare and lives of the customers and employees at CHD, as well as the Contractor's own employees. Therefore, if the Contractor is found to be in non-compliance with the security, airfield badging/licensing and airfield safety requirements by either the Owner's personnel or the Engineer or his representatives, the Owner may issue a Notice of Violation (NOV). The Contractor may appeal the NOV; however, appeals must be made in writing, and within four (4) calendar days of the offending incident, to the CHD Project Representative. The appeal shall state, in sufficient detail, why the NOV/circumstance is unwarranted. A final and binding decision on the appeal will be made by Airport Operations within ten (10) working days of receipt of the appeal, and the Contractor will then be notified of this decision in writing. No further appeals to the specific NOV will be considered/accepted. Subsequent fines and/or requirements, if any, will be applied in accordance with the **Schedule of Fines** listed below and the applicable amount will be withheld from the Contractor's monthly payment application following the date of the violation. The Prime Contractor shall be held financially responsible for all NOV's issued to their subcontractors, lower tier subcontractors, or material suppliers associated with this Contract.

Schedule of Fines	
Description Of Fines	Per Person Per Occurrence
Runway or Taxiway Safety Area Incursion	\$1,000
Taxiway Incursion	\$2,500
Runway Incursion	\$2,500
Security Violation	\$2,500
Level 1 Violation of Airport Rules and Regulations	\$250
Level 2 Violation of Airport Rules and Regulations	\$500
Level 3 Violation of Airport Rules and Regulations	\$1,000



60.05 Traffic Control, Barricading and Cleanup

General Requirements:

The Contractor shall submit a Cleanup Plan for approval by the Owner to be followed at the close of each day's work. At a minimum, the Plan shall include an itemized, detailed list of tasks and equipment to be used to properly clear all areas within Runway and Taxiway Safety Areas in accordance with FAA AC 150/5370-2 (latest revision). The Plan shall specifically identify all work to be performed on a daily basis for each Phase of construction identified on the plans. The Plan shall also include the requirement of the Contractor and Engineer to perform a site walk of the entire effected area of construction a minimum of 2 hours before that area is scheduled to be reopened to aircraft traffic to assure that it has been cleaned and cleared of all equipment and debris in accordance with FAA AC 150/5370-2 (latest edition).

The Contractor shall also be responsible for delineating the limits of construction operations consistent with the approved Phasing and Barricading Safety Plan(s) and/or as directed by the Airport. The Contractor shall submit a Phasing and Barricading Safety Plan(s) as required in the Airport's Construction Safety Plan.

The Contractor shall be responsible for providing, the installation of, and the maintenance of barricades and traffic control devices necessary for the control of aircraft, vehicular, and pedestrian traffic. Any requests to modify the approved barricading and phasing plans must be submitted to the City for review and approval.

The Airfield Safety and Security and Barricade/Temporary Fencing and Traffic Control Plans must be submitted by the Contractor at the Pre-Construction Conference.

Measurement and payment for the Airfield Safety and Security Plans identified above shall be considered incidental to the project, and shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work to the satisfaction of the Owner, as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Barricade Requirements:

All construction areas shall be delineated with low-profile barricades that meet FAA standards to prevent intrusion by taxiing aircraft, vehicles, or pedestrians, (FAA AC 150/5370-2, latest edition). Low level barricades shall be orange in color with white reflective tape on both sides of the barricade and shall be a minimum of six (6) feet in length and a maximum of ten (10) inches in height, (not including required flagging or lights).

All barricades must be equipped with RED omni-directional lights, either flashing or steady burning, to provide additional visual warning whether during normal daytime and nighttime operations or during periods of reduced visibility due to weather conditions. Lights may be either battery-powered or solar-powered; however, the intensity of the lights must be sufficient to adequately and without ambiguity delineate the construction areas. The Contractor is responsible to maintain all barricade lights in working conditions to the approval of the Airport.

Barricades should include orange or alternating orange and white checkered flags at least 20 inches by 20 inches square and securely fastened to eliminate jet engine ingestion. The barricades shall be installed so that they are always in the extended position and properly oriented. Maximum spacing between barricades shall be eight (8) feet, or as shown on the approved plans, or as directed by the Airport.



The use of frangible hazard markings, such as concrete barriers, railroad ties and/or metal-drum-type barricades is prohibited.

a. Non-Movement Areas

In addition to the general barricade requirements above, for projects that may impact airport business and facilities, it will be necessary to coordinate ingress and egress routes with the City. The Contractor shall coordinate and make provisions, including barricading, to accommodate aircraft movements to and from existing businesses and facilities within the construction area.

b. Movement Areas

In addition to the general barricade requirements above, all barricades, temporary markers, and other objects placed and left in safety areas associated with any runway, taxiway, or taxilane must be as low as possible to the ground; of low mass; easily collapsible upon contact with an aircraft or any of its components; and weighted to prevent displacement from prop wash, jet blast, rotor wash, or surface wind.

Special Requirements:

- 1.** The Contractor shall be allowed to have a maximum of five (5) red flashing lights out of service at a single time. The Contractor shall be fined \$250 each night that six (6) or more barricade lights are out of service. All fines shall be paid directly to the Airport.
- 2.** The Contractor shall coordinate his construction so that taxiways and runways are open to traffic during weekends to the greatest extent possible consistent with FAA Safety Standards and the Airport's operational requirements.
- 3.** The Contractor shall employ a "designated" person who will be responsible for ensuring that all barricades, signs, barricade lights, and any other traffic control devices are established and maintained in strict compliance with the contract requirements. The designated person shall:
 - a.** Inspect all barricading and traffic control devices on a regular, recurring basis to ensure functionality and compliance with FAA standards.
 - b.** Ensure that existing airport signage and lighting does not conflict or create any confusion with the barricades and traffic control devices and shall immediately bring any conflicting conditions to the attention of the City Inspector.
 - c.** Be available 24 hours a day to maintain all barricades including lights and flags used to delineate construction and hazardous areas in fully operational condition.
 - d.** Ensure that flagmen, when employed, are sufficiently trained to operate safely on the airport.



Aircraft Movement Area:**a. Vehicle Equipment – Daytime Operations:**

All Contractor vehicles and equipment operating in the AOA during daylight hours must be equipped with either a 3-foot by 3-foot international orange and white checker patterned flag mounted on a staff and secured to the vehicle in such a location as to be visible from all directions or a flashing amber beacon, light bar or similar warning light device mounted on the vehicle in such a location as to be visible from any direction.

b. Vehicle Equipment –Escort Operations:

Contractor vehicles may be used to escort a maximum of three (3) other vehicles onto AOA, (only for a short period of time). The vehicle providing the escort must lead and is responsible for the trailing vehicle(s).

When any vehicle other than those routinely used on the runways, taxiways and aprons is required to travel over any portion of aircraft movement areas, it shall be escorted by a vehicle properly identified to operate in the area or be provided with a flag on a staff so attached to the vehicle so that the flag will be readily visible.

A flag or escort vehicle is not required for vehicles that have been painted, marked, and lighted for routine use on aircraft movement areas. Any vehicle operation on the movement area during the hours of darkness shall be equipped with a flashing amber dome-type beacon.

Vehicular traffic crossing active movement areas must be controlled by two-way radio in communication with the control tower and by escort or flagman. The clearance shall be confirmed by the driver's personal observation that no aircraft is approaching his position. Aircraft have the right-of-way at all times.

Airport Construction Restrictions and Requirements:

The Contractor is responsible for compliance at all times with the policies and guidelines specified in Chandler Municipal Airport's *Construction Safety Plan*, and with the FAA Advisory Circular (AC) 150/5370-2 (latest edition), *Operational Safety on Airports During Construction*. These documents may be made available to the Contractor upon request.

Approved Airfield Radios:

If needed, the Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining and maintaining ICOM IC-A24/A6 VHF Air Band Transceiver radios, or approved equal, for his crews for use during construction and will not be permitted to borrow radios from the airport for use during construction. At a minimum, the Contractor shall provide radios for the Project Superintendent, all personnel required to control construction traffic across active runways, taxiways, and parking aprons, and operators on controlled surfaces, (i.e. sweeper operators, escort vehicles, or others who have need to operate/transit outside of the restricted construction areas). All costs associated with acquiring and maintaining the approved radios shall be considered incidental to SP-60.05.1 bid item and no separate payments will be made.

**Haul Route:**

The Contractor must follow the haul route provided on the Approved Plans, or as directed by the Airport and/or Resident Project Representative (RPR). The Contractor shall keep all work areas clean of debris and shall be fully liable for any damages that occur to an aircraft caused by construction debris. The Contractor shall be responsible to restore any damages to any pavement used as haul routes incurred during construction to the original state at no additional cost to the owner. All cost associated with the restoration of the haul routes shall be considered incidental to other appropriate bid items and no separate payments will be made.

Measurement and Payment:

Measurement and payment for Airfield Safety and Security shall be by lump sum and shall be considered full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, fuel, warning lights, crossing guards, escorts, furnishing, placing, and maintaining (day and night) all temporary fencing, barricades and lights, all vehicle and equipment markings, and training for all construction personnel, tools, equipment, flagmen, cell phones, radios, and incidentals to safely control traffic as identified in these Special Provisions and in the *Construction Safety and Phasing Plan* (Appendix A) to provide the proper security for Chandler Municipal Airport.

Partial payments of the lump sum item will be made uniformly over the contract time, provided that the airfield safety and security is maintained and satisfactory to the RPR. All costs for all work, tools, equipment, materials, etc. for Airfield Safety and Security as described herein shall be provided in the bid line item provided below.

Payment shall be made at the lump sum price shown in the Bid Schedule for:

No. 5, Spec No. SP-60.05.1

Airfield Safety and Security – per Lump Sum

END SECTION 60



SECTION 70 MISCELLANEOUS

70.01 Project Signs

The Contractor shall furnish and erect one (1) project sign and one or more access gate sign(s). The signs shall be maintained by the Contractor for the duration of the project and shall be removed by the Contractor during final clean-up. The Owner in the Pre-Construction Conference shall determine the location of the project sign. The sign shall be furnished and erected by the Contractor prior to the start of construction. The project sign shall 4 feet by 8 feet, mounted on 4-inch by 4-inch posts buried 48 inches deep (minimum), where the sign is 3 feet above grade. The information on the sign shall be determined by the Chandler Municipal Airport, below is an example:

City of Chandler DOLLARS AT WORK CHANDLER MUNICIPAL AIRPORT Runway 4R-22L Rehabilitation FINANCED BY City of Chandler Project Cost: \$_____

The gate signs shall be 2 sign faces back to back and facing both directions of traffic. The gate sign shall be 4 feet by 8 feet, mounted on 4-inch by 4-inch posts buried 48 inches deep (minimum), where the sign is 3 feet above grade. The information on the gate signs shall be non-reflective green background and nonreflective white letter and numbers, as follows:

CHANDLER MUNICIPAL AIRPORT GATE NO. ____

No direct payment will be made for furnishing and erecting the project sign and the access gate sign(s). The cost thereof shall be included in other items for which direct payment is made. The Engineer or his authorized representative shall determine the gate sign location(s).

If required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide and maintain public relations banners consisting of at least two (2) banners per staging area. The banners shall be approximately five (5) feet in height and twenty (20) feet in length, three (3) color vinyl reading the information above and including the "Chandler Municipal Airport" logos, or as directed by the Airport. Banners will be replaced as necessary to provide an acceptable condition. The Contractor shall not display or advertise their name or logo on the outside of the security fence or gates.

END SECTION 70



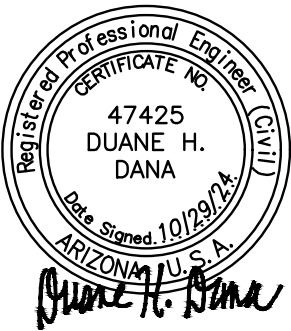
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DIVISION III
FEDERAL TECHINICAL SPECIFICATIONS

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Item C-100 Contractor Quality Control Program (CQCP)

100-1 General. Quality is more than test results. Quality is the combination of proper materials, testing, workmanship, equipment, inspection, and documentation of the project. Establishing and maintaining a culture of quality is key to achieving a quality project. The Contractor shall establish, provide, and maintain an effective Contractor Quality Control Program (CQCP) that details the methods and procedures that will be taken to assure that all materials and completed construction required by this contract conform to contract plans, technical specifications and other requirements, whether manufactured by the Contractor, or procured from subcontractors or vendors. Although guidelines are established and certain minimum requirements are specified here and elsewhere in the contract technical specifications, the Contractor shall assume full responsibility for accomplishing the stated purpose.

The Contractor shall establish a CQCP that will:

- a. Provide qualified personnel to develop and implement the CQCP.
- b. Provide for the production of acceptable quality materials.
- c. Provide sufficient information to assure that the specification requirements can be met.
- d. Document the CQCP process.

The Contractor shall not begin any construction or production of materials to be incorporated into the completed work until the CQCP has been reviewed and approved by the Resident Project Representative (RPR). No partial payment will be made for materials subject to specific quality control (QC) requirements until the CQCP has been reviewed and approved.

The QC requirements contained in this section and elsewhere in the contract technical specifications are in addition to and separate from the quality assurance (QA) testing requirements. QA testing requirements are the responsibility of the RPR or Contractor as specified in the specifications.

100-2 Description of program.

a. General description. The Contractor shall establish a CQCP to perform QC inspection and testing of all items of work required by the technical specifications, including those performed by subcontractors. The CQCP shall ensure conformance to applicable specifications and plans with respect to materials, off-site fabrication, workmanship, construction, finish, and functional performance. The CQCP shall be effective for control of all construction work performed under this Contract and shall specifically include surveillance and tests required by the technical specifications, in addition to other requirements of this section and any other activities deemed necessary by the Contractor to establish an effective level of QC.

b. Contractor Quality Control Program (CQCP). The Contractor shall describe the CQCP in a written document that shall be reviewed and approved by the RPR prior to the start of any production, construction, or off-site fabrication. The written CQCP shall be submitted to the RPR for review and approval at least 10 calendar days before the CQCP Workshop. The Contractor's CQCP and QC testing laboratory must be approved in writing by the RPR prior to the Notice to Proceed (NTP).



The CQCP shall be organized to address, as a minimum, the following:

1. QC organization and resumes of key staff
2. Project progress schedule
3. Submittals schedule
4. Inspection requirements
5. QC testing plan
6. Documentation of QC activities and distribution of QC reports
7. Requirements for corrective action when QC and/or QA acceptance criteria are not met
8. Material quality and construction means and methods. Address all elements applicable to the project that affect the quality of the pavement structure including subgrade, subbase, base, and surface course. Some elements that must be addressed include, but is not limited to mix design, aggregate grading, stockpile management, mixing and transporting, placing and finishing, quality control testing and inspection, smoothness, laydown plan, equipment, and temperature management plan.

The Contractor must add any additional elements to the CQCP that is necessary to adequately control all production and/or construction processes required by this contract.

100-3 CQCP organization.

a. QC technicians. A sufficient number of QC technicians necessary to adequately implement the CQCP must be provided. These personnel must be either Engineers, engineering technicians, or experienced craftsman with qualifications in the appropriate field equivalent to NICET Level II in Civil Engineering Technology or higher, and shall have a minimum of two (2) years of experience in their area of expertise.

The QC technicians must report directly to a responsible project supervisor and shall perform the following functions:

1. Inspection of all materials, construction, plant, and equipment for conformance to the technical specifications, and as required by paragraph 100-6.
2. Performance of all QC tests as required by the technical specifications and paragraph 100-8.
3. Performance of tests for the RPR when required by the technical specifications.

Certification at an equivalent level of qualification and experience by a state or nationally recognized organization will be acceptable in lieu of NICET certification.

b. Staffing levels. The Contractor shall provide sufficient qualified QC personnel to monitor each work activity at all times. Where material is being produced in a plant for incorporation into the work, separate plant and field technicians shall be provided at each plant and field placement location. The scheduling and coordinating of all inspection and testing must match the type and pace of work activity. The CQCP shall state where different technicians will be required for different work elements.



100-4 Project progress schedule. Critical QC activities must be shown on the project schedule as required by Section 80, paragraph 80-03, *Execution and Progress*.

100-5 Submittals schedule. The Contractor shall submit a detailed listing of all submittals (for example, mix designs, material certifications) and shop drawings required by the technical specifications. The listing can be developed in a spreadsheet format and shall include as a minimum:

- a. Specification item number
- b. Item description
- c. Description of submittal
- d. Specification paragraph requiring submittal
- e. Scheduled date of submittal

100-6 Inspection requirements. QC inspection functions shall be organized to provide inspections for all definable features of work, as detailed below. All inspections shall be documented by the Contractor as specified by paragraph 100-9.

Inspections shall be performed as needed to ensure continuing compliance with contract requirements until completion of the particular feature of work. Inspections shall include the following minimum requirements:

a. During plant operation for material production, QC test results and periodic inspections shall be used to ensure the quality of aggregates and other mix components, and to adjust and control mix proportioning to meet the approved mix design and other requirements of the technical specifications. All equipment used in proportioning and mixing shall be inspected to ensure its proper operating condition. The CQCP shall detail how these and other QC functions will be accomplished and used.

b. During field operations, QC test results and periodic inspections shall be used to ensure the quality of all materials and workmanship. All equipment used in placing, finishing, and compacting shall be inspected to ensure its proper operating condition and to ensure that all such operations are in conformance to the technical specifications and are within the plan dimensions, lines, grades, and tolerances specified. The CQCP shall document how these and other QC functions will be accomplished and used.

100-7 Contractor QC testing facility.

a. For projects that include Item P-401, Item P-403, and Item P-404, the Contractor shall ensure facilities, including all necessary equipment, materials, and current reference standards, are provided that meet requirements in the following paragraphs of ASTM D3666, *Standard Specification for Minimum Requirements for Agencies Testing and Inspecting Road and Paving Materials*:

- 8.1.3 Equipment Calibration and Checks;
- 8.1.9 Equipment Calibration, Standardization, and Check Records;
- 8.1.12 Test Methods and Procedures

100-8 QC testing plan. As a part of the overall CQCP, the Contractor shall implement a QC testing plan, as required by the technical specifications. The testing plan shall include the minimum tests and test



frequencies required by each technical specification Item, as well as any additional QC tests that the Contractor deems necessary to adequately control production and/or construction processes.

The QC testing plan can be developed in a spreadsheet fashion and shall, as a minimum, include the following:

- a. Specification item number (e.g., P-401)
- b. Item description (e.g., Hot Mix Asphalt Pavements)
- c. Test type (e.g., gradation, grade, asphalt content)
- d. Test standard (e.g., ASTM or American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) test number, as applicable)
- e. Test frequency (e.g., as required by technical specifications or minimum frequency when requirements are not stated)
- f. Responsibility (e.g., plant technician)
- g. Control requirements (e.g., target, permissible deviations)

The QC testing plan shall contain a statistically-based procedure of random sampling for acquiring test samples in accordance with ASTM D3665. The RPR shall be provided the opportunity to witness QC sampling and testing.

All QC test results shall be documented by the Contractor as required by paragraph 100-9.

100-9 Documentation. The Contractor shall maintain current QC records of all inspections and tests performed. These records shall include factual evidence that the required QC inspections or tests have been performed, including type and number of inspections or tests involved; results of inspections or tests; nature of defects, deviations, causes for rejection, etc.; proposed remedial action; and corrective actions taken.

These records must cover both conforming and defective or deficient features, and must include a statement that all supplies and materials incorporated in the work are in full compliance with the terms of the contract. Legible copies of these records shall be furnished to the RPR daily. The records shall cover all work placed subsequent to the previously furnished records and shall be verified and signed by a responsible project supervisor.

Contractor QC records required for the contract shall include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following records:

a. Daily inspection reports. Each Contractor QC technician shall maintain a daily log of all inspections performed for both Contractor and subcontractor operations. These technician's daily reports shall provide factual evidence that continuous QC inspections have been performed and shall, as a minimum, include the following:

1. Technical specification item number and description
2. Compliance with approved submittals
3. Proper storage of materials and equipment



4. Proper operation of all equipment
5. Adherence to plans and technical specifications
6. Summary of any necessary corrective actions
7. Safety inspection.
8. Photographs and/or video

The daily inspection reports shall identify all QC inspections and QC tests conducted, results of inspections, location and nature of defects found, causes for rejection, and remedial or corrective actions taken or proposed.

The daily inspection reports shall be signed by the responsible QC technician and a responsible project supervisor. The RPR shall be provided at least one copy of each daily inspection report on the work day following the day of record. When QC inspection and test results are recorded and transmitted electronically, the results must be archived.

b. Daily test reports. The Contractor shall be responsible for establishing a system that will record all QC test results. Daily test reports shall document the following information:

1. Technical specification item number and description
2. Test designation
3. Location
4. Date of test
5. Control requirements
6. Test results
7. Causes for rejection
8. Recommended remedial actions
9. Retests

Test results from each day's work period shall be submitted to the RPR prior to the start of the next day's work period. When required by the technical specifications, the Contractor shall maintain statistical QC charts. When QC daily test results are recorded and transmitted electronically, the results must be archived.

100-10 Corrective action requirements. The CQCP shall indicate the appropriate action to be taken when a process is deemed, or believed, to be out of control (out of tolerance) and detail what action will be taken to bring the process into control. The requirements for corrective action shall include both general requirements for operation of the CQCP as a whole, and for individual items of work contained in the technical specifications.

The CQCP shall detail how the results of QC inspections and tests will be used for determining the need for corrective action and shall contain clear rules to gauge when a process is out of control and the type of correction to be taken to regain process control.



When applicable or required by the technical specifications, the Contractor shall establish and use statistical QC charts for individual QC tests. The requirements for corrective action shall be linked to the control charts.

100-11 Inspection and/or observations by the RPR. All items of material and equipment are subject to inspection and/or observation by the RPR at the point of production, manufacture or shipment to determine if the Contractor, producer, manufacturer or shipper maintains an adequate QC system in conformance with the requirements detailed here and the applicable technical specifications and plans. In addition, all items of materials, equipment and work in place shall be subject to inspection and/or observation by the RPR at the site for the same purpose.

Inspection and/or observations by the RPR does not relieve the Contractor of performing QC inspections of either on-site or off-site Contractor's or subcontractor's work.

100-12 Noncompliance.

a. The Resident Project Representative (RPR) will provide written notice to the Contractor of any noncompliance with their CQCP. After receipt of such notice, the Contractor must take corrective action.

b. When QC activities do not comply with either the CQCP or the contract provisions or when the Contractor fails to properly operate and maintain an effective CQCP, and no effective corrective actions have been taken after notification of non-compliance, the RPR will recommend the Owner take the following actions:

- 1.** Order the Contractor to replace ineffective or unqualified QC personnel or subcontractors and/or
- 2.** Order the Contractor to stop operations until appropriate corrective actions are taken.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

100-13 Basis of measurement and payment. Contractor Quality Control Program (CQCP) is for the personnel, tests, facilities, and documentation required to implement the CQCP. The CQCP will be paid as a lump sum with the following schedule of partial payments:

- a.** With first pay request, 25% with approval of CQCP.
- b.** When 25% or more of the original contract is earned, an additional 25%.
- c.** When 50% or more of the original contract is earned, an additional 20%.
- d.** When 75% or more of the original contract is earned, an additional 20%
- e.** After final inspection and acceptance of project, the final 10%.



BASIS OF PAYMENT

100-14 Payment will be made under:

No. 1, Spec C-100-14.1 Contractor's Quality Control – per Lump Sum

REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies (NICET)

ASTM International (ASTM)

ASTM C1077	Standard Practice for Agencies Testing Concrete and Concrete Aggregates for Use in Construction and Criteria for Testing Agency Evaluation
ASTM D3665	Standard Practice for Random Sampling of Construction Materials
ASTM D3666	Standard Specification for Minimum Requirements for Agencies Testing and Inspecting Road and Paving Materials

END OF ITEM C-100



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Item C-102 Temporary Air and Water Pollution, Soil Erosion, and Siltation Control

DESCRIPTION

102-1.1 This item shall consist of temporary control measures as shown on the plans or as ordered by the Resident Project Representative (RPR) during the life of a contract to control pollution of air and water, soil erosion, and siltation through the use of silt fences, berms, dikes, dams, sediment basins, fiber mats, gravel, mulches, grasses, slope drains, and other erosion control devices or methods.

Temporary erosion control shall be in accordance with the approved erosion control plan; the approved *Construction Safety and Phasing Plan* (CSPP) and AC 150/5370-2, *Operational Safety on Airports During Construction*. The temporary erosion control measures contained herein shall be coordinated with the permanent erosion control measures specified as part of this contract to the extent practical to assure economical, effective, and continuous erosion control throughout the construction period.

Temporary control may include work outside the construction limits such as borrow pit operations, equipment and material storage sites, waste areas, and temporary plant sites.

Temporary control measures shall be designed, installed and maintained to minimize the creation of wildlife attractants that have the potential to attract hazardous wildlife on or near public-use airports.

102-1.2 This project is subject to the terms and conditions of Arizona Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (AZPDES) General Permit No. AZG2020-001 for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activities (*2020 CGP*). Under the provisions of the *2020 CGP*, both the County and the Contractor shall be designated as operators, and both must ensure compliance with the terms and conditions contained therein.

Work under this item shall consist of preparing all required documents and certifications, performing inspections, and furnishing all materials, labor, and equipment necessary to comply with all requirements of *2020 CGP*.

MATERIALS

102-2.1 Grass. Grass that will not compete with the grasses sown later for permanent cover per Item T-901 shall be a quick-growing species (such as ryegrass, Italian ryegrass, or cereal grasses) suitable to the area providing a temporary cover. Selected grass species shall not create a wildlife attractant.

102-2.2 Mulches. Mulches may be hay, straw, fiber mats, netting, bark, wood chips, or other suitable material reasonably clean and free of noxious weeds and deleterious materials per Item T-908. Mulches shall not create a wildlife attractant.

102-2.3 Fertilizer. Fertilizer shall be a standard commercial grade and shall conform to all federal and state regulations and to the standards of the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists.



102-2.4 Slope drains. Slope drains may be constructed of pipe, fiber mats, rubble, concrete, asphalt, or other materials that will adequately control erosion.

102-2.5 Silt fence. Silt fence shall consist of polymeric filaments which are formed into a stable network such that filaments retain their relative positions. Synthetic filter fabric shall contain ultraviolet ray inhibitors and stabilizers to provide a minimum of six months of expected usable construction life. Silt fence shall meet the requirements of ASTM D6461.

102-2.6 Other. All other materials shall meet commercial grade standards and shall be approved by the RPR before being incorporated into the project.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

102-3.1 General. In the event of conflict between these requirements and pollution control laws, rules, or regulations of other federal, state, or local agencies, the more restrictive laws, rules, or regulations shall apply.

The RPR shall be responsible for assuring compliance to the extent that construction practices, construction operations, and construction work are involved.

102-3.2 Schedule. Prior to the start of construction, the Contractor shall submit schedules in accordance with the approved Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP) and the plans for accomplishment of temporary and permanent erosion control work for clearing and grubbing; grading; construction; paving; and structures at watercourses. The Contractor shall also submit a proposed method of erosion and dust control on haul roads and borrow pits and a plan for disposal of waste materials. Work shall not be started until the erosion control schedules and methods of operation for the applicable construction have been accepted by the RPR.

102-3.3 Construction details. The Contractor will be required to incorporate all permanent erosion control features into the project at the earliest practicable time as outlined in the plans and approved CSPP. Except where future construction operations will damage slopes, the Contractor shall perform the permanent seeding and mulching and other specified slope protection work in stages, as soon as substantial areas of exposed slopes can be made available. Temporary erosion and pollution control measures will be used to correct conditions that develop during construction that were not foreseen during the design stage; that are needed prior to installation of permanent control features; or that are needed temporarily to control erosion that develops during normal construction practices, but are not associated with permanent control features on the project.

Where erosion may be a problem, schedule and perform clearing and grubbing operations so that grading operations and permanent erosion control features can follow immediately if project conditions permit. Temporary erosion control measures are required if permanent measures cannot immediately follow grading operations. The RPR shall limit the area of clearing and grubbing, excavation, borrow, and embankment operations in progress, commensurate with the Contractor's capability and progress in keeping the finish grading, mulching, seeding, and other such permanent control measures current with the accepted schedule. If seasonal limitations make such coordination unrealistic, temporary erosion control measures shall be taken immediately to the extent feasible and justified as directed by the RPR.



The Contractor shall provide immediate permanent or temporary pollution control measures to minimize contamination of adjacent streams or other watercourses, lakes, ponds, or other areas of water impoundment as directed by the RPR. If temporary erosion and pollution control measures are required due to the Contractor's negligence, carelessness, or failure to install permanent controls as a part of the work as scheduled or directed by the RPR, the work shall be performed by the Contractor and the cost shall be incidental to this item.

The RPR may increase or decrease the area of erodible earth material that can be exposed at any time based on an analysis of project conditions.

The erosion control features installed by the Contractor shall be maintained by the Contractor during the construction period.

Provide temporary structures whenever construction equipment must cross watercourses at frequent intervals. Pollutants such as fuels, lubricants, bitumen, raw sewage, wash water from concrete mixing operations, and other harmful materials shall not be discharged into any waterways, impoundments or into natural or manmade channels.

102-3.4 Installation, maintenance and removal of silt fence. Silt fences shall extend a minimum of 16 inches and a maximum of 34 inches above the ground surface. Posts shall be set no more than 10 feet on center. Filter fabric shall be cut from a continuous roll to the length required minimizing joints where possible. When joints are necessary, the fabric shall be spliced at a support post with a minimum 12-inch overlap and securely sealed. A trench shall be excavated approximately 4 inches deep by 4 inches wide on the upslope side of the silt fence. The trench shall be backfilled and the soil compacted over the silt fence fabric. The Contractor shall remove and dispose of silt that accumulates during construction and prior to establishment of permanent erosion control. The fence shall be maintained in good working condition until permanent erosion control is established. Silt fence shall be removed upon approval of the RPR.

PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

102-4.1 Please note that the terms and conditions of Arizona Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (AZPDES) General Permit No. AZG2020-001 for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activities (*2020 CGP*), except to the extent that more explicit or more stringent requirements are written directly into the contract documents, have the same force and effect (and are made a part of the contract documents by reference) as if copied directly into the contract documents, or as if published copies are bound herewith.

Both the Airport and the Contractor are designated as operators of the construction site. Both must complete a joint Notice of Intent (NOI) with both the Airport and the Contractor listed on the NOI and the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) to comply with the terms and conditions of the *2020 CGP*.

The NOI's must be signed by the contractor in accordance with the signatory requirements of the *2020 CGP* and must contain all required eligibility certifications. The Project Manager for the Airport will ensure that both the Contractor's and the Airport's completed and signed NOI's are submitted to the ADEQ.



It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to prepare a joint SWPPP and both the Airport and the Contractor must ensure its compliance with the minimum conditions of the *2020 CGP*, including measures to protect impaired or unique waters, measures to protect threatened and/or endangered species, and measures to protect properties eligible for protection under the National Historic Preservation Act. The SWPPP must reflect the Contractor's entire scope of activities at the job site as anticipated for the duration of the construction activities. The Contractor must indicate in the SWPPP those changes in job site requirements and for the order of work performance that will require modifications to the SWPPP and include those modifications in the SWPPP.

Once completed, it shall be the responsibility of the Airport to review and approve the SWPPP prior to the start of work. The preconstruction conference shall not be held and the Contractor shall not be allowed to start work until the Airport has approved the SWPPP as being adequate and in accordance with the requirements of the *2020 CGP*. The Airport shall approve or not approve the SWPPP within seven (7) calendar days after receipt of the SWPPP from the Contractor for purposes of review. Failure of the Contractor and the Airport to reach agreement on the adequacy of the SWPPP prior to the preconstruction conference will delay the start of work. The Contractor shall not be entitled to additional compensation for costs that result from such delay in the construction start date.

The SWPPP is not to be submitted to the ADEQ unless directed to do so by the Airport or in response to a direct request from the ADEQ Director (or authorized representative). If the SWPPP must be submitted to the ADEQ for review and approval, authorization to discharge under the *2020 CGP* may be withheld by ADEQ for up to thirty-two (32) business days after receipt of the SWPPP.

It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to implement the SWPPP, and ensure day-to-day compliance with the terms and conditions of the SWPPP and the *2020 CGP*. The Contractor shall, with the approval of the Airport Project Coordinator, update and revise the SWPPP as necessary throughout the duration of the project to ensure compliance with the *2020 CGP* requirements.

The Contractor shall retain a copy of the SWPPP and the *2020 CGP* at a central location on the job site for the use of all operators whenever they are on the construction site. A copy of the signed SWPPP must be retained on the construction site or at another location easily accessible during normal working hours.

All subcontractors and construction site operators having control over only a portion of the construction site shall comply with the requirements of the *2020 CGP* and the common SWPPP under the supervision of the Contractor. The Contractor shall ensure that all partial site operators having day-to-day operational control of activities necessary to ensure compliance with the SWPPP or other permit requirements submit NOIs to ADEQ as required by the *2020 CGP*. Subcontractors and partial site operators shall ensure that their activities do not render any other party's pollution prevention plan measures ineffective.

The Contractor shall obtain and incorporate into the SWPPP copies of all NOIs required by the *2020 CGP*. The Contractor shall ensure that all required documents are complete and accurate, and all required NOIs are received by ADEQ at least two (2) business days before a contractor, subcontractor, or partial site operator is allowed to perform any work at the construction site.

The Contractor shall submit the Contractor's completed and signed NOI form to the ADEQ through the *myDEQ* through the ADEQ website (www.azdeq.gov).



The Contractor shall provide a copy of the Contractor's completed and signed NOI form to the Airport at the preconstruction conference. The Contractor shall ensure that a copy of the Contractor's completed NOI form along with a copy of the Airport's completed NOI form is incorporated into the SWPPP. The Contractor must submit the NOI to the City if so directed by the Airport.

Failure by the Contractor to provide copies of the required completed NOI forms by the time of the preconstruction conference shall cause a delay in the construction start date. The Contractor shall not be entitled to additional compensation for costs that result from such delay in the construction start date.

The Contractor must submit an amended NOI if ADEQ provides notification that the previously submitted NOI is incomplete. The amended NOI must be submitted to the ADEQ, the Airport, and if so directed by the Airport, to the City.

The Contractor may assume coverage under the *2020 CGP* two (2) business days after receipt of the NOI by ADEQ; unless ADEQ provides notification that the NOI needs additional evaluation. Such notification may be made in writing, electronically, by fax, or by phone; and will typically be made within two (2) business days after receipt of the NOI. The Contractor cannot assume coverage under the permit and must delay the start of construction for a period of thirty-two (32) business days after receipt of the NOI by ADEQ, unless additional notice is received from ADEQ during this time period. If there is no additional notice, the Contractor may assume coverage under the *2020 CGP* and initiate construction activities at the end of the 32 business days.

102-4.2 The SWPPP must be prepared prior to submitting the NOI to ADEQ for coverage under the *2020 CGP*, and the Contractor must implement the SWPPP as written from the initial commencement of construction activity until final stabilization is complete. A Draft SWPPP Plan Template is included in the project plans for use by the Contractor in preparing the final SWPPP. The SWPPP must be prepared in accordance with good engineering practice, and must:

- a. Identify potential sources of pollution which may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of storm water discharges from the construction site;
- b. Identify, describe and ensure implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) that will be used to reduce the amount of pollutants in storm water discharges from the construction site;
- c. Assure compliance with the terms and conditions of the *2020 CGP*; and
- d. Identify the party responsible for on-site implementation of the SWPPP.

Specific requirements for the contents of the SWPPP include identification of all operators of the project site, and the areas over which each operator has control. The SWPPP must also provide a description of the nature of the construction activity that includes:

- a. A description of the project and its intended use after the Notice of Termination (NOT) is filed (e.g. a municipal park, a municipal building, high density housing, a city street, a water treatment plant, a municipal airport, etc.);
- b. A description of the intended sequence of activities that disturb the soil at the site (e.g. grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, infrastructure installation, etc.);
- c. The total area of the site, and an estimate of the total area of the site expected to be disturbed by excavation, grading, or other activities, including off-site barrow and fill areas;



- d.** An estimate of the runoff coefficient of the site for both the pre-construction and postconstruction conditions, and data describing the soil and any existent data on the quality of any discharge from the site;
- e.** A general location map (e.g. USGS quadrangle map, a portion of a city or county map, or other map) with enough detail to identify the location of the construction site and the receiving waters within one mile of the site.

The SWPPP must contain a legible site map completed to scale that shows the entire site, and identifies:

- a.** The directions of storm water flow (e.g. use arrows to show which way or ways storm water will flow on, through, and off the site), and the approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities;
- b.** Areas of soil disturbance and areas of no soil disturbance;
- c.** Locations of structural and non-structural controls identified in the SWPPP;
- d.** Locations where stabilization practices are expected to occur;
- e.** Locations of off-site material, waste, borrow areas, or equipment storage areas;
- f.** Locations of all surface water bodies (including wetlands);
- g.** Locations where storm water discharges to surface water (including dry washes) and to the City's storm sewer system;
- h.** Locations and registration numbers of on-site drywells;
- i.** Areas where final stabilization has been accomplished and no further construction-phase permit requirements apply.

The SWPPP must identify the nearest receiving water or waters, including ephemeral and intermittent streams, dry sloughs, and arroyos. If applicable, the SWPPP must also identify the area and extent of, and describe any wetlands near the site that could be disturbed or that could potentially receive discharges from the disturbed areas of the project.

The SWPPP must identify the location and describe any storm water or non-storm water discharges at the site associated with activity other than construction and other pollutant sources, such as fueling operations, on-site material storage areas, waste piles, etc. This includes discharges from dedicated asphalt plants and dedicated concrete plants that are covered by the *2020 CGP*.

The SWPPP must identify and address off-site storage areas or borrow areas that are used solely for this construction project.

The SWPPP must describe all pollution control measures that will be implemented as part of the construction project to control pollutants in storm water discharges. For each major activity identified in the project description, the SWPPP must clearly describe appropriate control measures; the general sequence during the construction process when the measures will be implemented; and identify the construction site operator responsible for the implementation of the described control measures.



Off-site material storage areas (including overburden and stockpiles of dirt, borrow areas, etc.) used solely by the Contractor for the permitted construction project are considered a part of the project and must be addressed in the SWPPP.

For purposes of controlling erosion and sediment, the SWPPP must address the following:

- a.** Erosion and sediment controls must be designed to retain sediment on the construction site to the extent practicable.
- b.** All control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained per the manufacturer's specifications and good engineering practices. If periodic inspections or information is discovered that indicates a control has been used inappropriately, or installed incorrectly, the Contractor must replace or modify the control for site situations as soon as practicable and before the next anticipated storm event.
- c.** When sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be routinely removed at a frequency sufficient to ensure no adverse effects on water quality.

The SWPPP must describe good housekeeping procedures to prevent litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to storm water from becoming a pollutant source for storm water discharges.

The SWPPP must include a description of and identify interim and permanent stabilization practices for the construction site, including a schedule of when the practices will be implemented. The SWPPP shall document those areas where existing vegetation will be preserved.

The Contractor must initiate stabilization measures within 14 calendar days in those areas where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, except:

- a.** Where stabilization by the 14th day is precluded by frozen ground conditions, stabilization measures must be initiated as soon as practicable.
- b.** Where construction activity on a portion of the site has temporarily ceased, but earth disturbing activities will resume in that area within the 14 days. In this event, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of the site.
- c.** When the site is using vegetative stabilization measures and it is during seasonally arid conditions, vegetative stabilization measures must be initiated as soon as practicable.

The Contractor must maintain the following records as part of the SWPPP:

- a.** Dates when major grading activities occur;
- b.** Dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site;
- c.** Dates when stabilization measures are initiated and completed, and the reasons for any delay.

The SWPPP must describe structural practices to divert flows from exposed soils, store flows or otherwise limit runoff and the discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site to the degree attainable. Placement of structural practices in floodplains should be avoided to the degree attainable. A combination of sediment and erosion control measures is required to achieve maximum pollutant removal. Sediment basins and velocity dissipation devices must be utilized and placed in accordance with Part IV.D.5 of the *2020 CGP*.



The SWPPP must include a description of post-construction storm water management measures that will be installed during the construction process to control pollutants in storm water discharges after construction operations have been completed. Structural measures shall be placed on upland soils to the degree attainable and must be designed and installed consistent with applicable Airport or City storm water management requirements.

The SWPPP must identify all allowable sources of non-storm water discharges listed in Part I.C.2 of the *2020 CGP* except for flows from firefighting activities. Non-storm water discharges are to be eliminated or reduced to the extent feasible. The Contractor must implement appropriate BMPs to minimize pollutants in any non-storm water discharges and must describe those BMPs in the SWPPP. Except if used in emergency firefighting, super-chlorinated wastewaters must be held on-site until the chlorine dissipates, or otherwise dechlorinated prior to discharge.

The SWPPP must describe:

- a.** Measures to prevent the discharge of solid materials, including building materials, to waters of the United States, except as authorized by a permit issued under section 404 of the Clean Water Act;
- b.** Measures to minimize off-site vehicle tracking of sediments, to the extent practicable, and the generation of on-site dust;
- c.** Construction and waste materials expected to be stored on-site with updates as appropriate. The SWPPP must also include a description of the controls to reduce pollutants from these materials including storage practices to minimize exposure of the materials to storm water, and spill prevention and response practices;
- d.** Any pollutant sources from areas other than construction (including storm water discharges from dedicated asphalt plants, dedicated concrete plants, and/or any other nonconstruction pollutant sources), with details of controls and measures that will be implemented at those sites to minimize pollutant discharges; and
- e.** Measures to sufficiently stabilize soil at culvert locations to prevent the formation of rills and gullies during construction.

The SWPPP must include a copy of the *2020 CGP*. Copies of the NOIs submitted to ADEQ and/or copies of the certificates received from ADEQ specifying the authorization numbers must also be incorporated into the SWPPP as they become available. If any other agreements with state, federal, or local officials exist that would affect the provisions or implementation of the SWPPP, copies of these agreements must also be included in the SWPPP. (Please note: these types of agreements would include grading and drainage approvals and/or permits, and storm water management approvals and/or permits issued by the City.)

The SWPPP must be consistent with applicable federal, state, and local requirements for soil and erosion control or storm water management. The SWPPP may incorporate by reference the appropriate elements of soil and erosion or storm water management plans required by other agencies. A copy of these requirements incorporated by reference must be provided as an attachment to the SWPPP and must be updated as necessary to remain consistent with any revisions made to the requirements by the responsible agency or agencies.

A schedule for routine inspections of the construction site must be included in the SWPPP. This schedule must comply with Part IV.H.1 and Part IV.H.2 of the *2020 CGP*.



The Contractor must sign the SWPPP in accordance with Part VII.K of the *2020 CGP*. A copy of the signed SWPPP must be retained on the construction site or at another location easily accessible during normal working hours.

102-4.3 The Contractor shall not begin any construction activity until all applicable SWPPP controls, devices, and practices have been put into place.

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the *2020 CGP*, the Contractor shall post the following documents at the construction site near the main entrance:

- a. The AZPDES authorization number for the project or a copy of the NOI if an authorization number has not yet been assigned,
- b. The name and telephone number of a local office or site contact person,
- c. A brief description of the construction project, and
- d. The location of the SWPPP if the site is inactive or does not have an on-site location to store the plan, and the name of the contact person for accessing the SWPPP.

The Contractor shall provide adequate and timely maintenance of vegetation, erosion and sediment control measures, and other protective measures and/or BMPs identified in the site plan or SWPPP to ensure that they remain in effective operating condition. Maintenance needs identified through inspections or other means shall be accomplished as soon as practicable and before the next anticipated storm event. If existing protective measures need to be modified or additional measures added, implementation of these changes must be completed before the next anticipated storm event, if practicable. If not practicable, implementation must be completed as soon as it is practicable. Sediment and debris must be removed from sediment traps, sediment ponds, trash racks, and similar structures when the design capacity of the structure has been reduced by fifty (50) percent.

The Contractor shall employ qualified personnel as defined by Part IV.H.3 of the *2020 CGP* to inspect construction site areas in accordance with the requirements of Part IV.H.4 of the *2020 CGP*. All inspection results shall be documented in reports that, at a minimum, include:

- a. The inspection date;
- b. The name, title, and qualifications of the person or persons performing the inspection. The qualifications must be either on or attached to the report. Alternatively, if the SWPPP documents the qualifications of the person or persons performing the inspection, then that portion of the SWPPP may be referenced;
- c. The weather information for the period since the last inspection (or since the start of construction if this is the first inspection), including the best estimate of the beginning of each storm event, the duration of each event, the time that has elapsed since the last storm event, and the approximate amount of rainfall for each event in inches;
- d. The location or locations of discharges of sediment or other pollutants from the site; Airport;
- e. The location or locations and identification of BMP's that need to be maintained, failed to operate as designed, or proved inadequate;



- f.** The location or locations where additional BMP's that do not exist at the time of the inspection need to be implemented;
- g.** Any corrective actions required, including any changes to the SWPPP that are needed, and the dates for implementation;
- h.** Identification of all sources of non-storm water and their associated pollution prevention control measures; and
- i.** Identification of material storage areas, and any evidence of or potential for pollutant discharge from such areas.

The Contractor must retain the inspection reports and any records of follow-up actions taken for a period of at least three (3) years from the date permit coverage expires or is terminated. Inspection reports must identify any instance of non-compliance with the terms and conditions of the *2020 CGP*. Where no instance of non-compliance is identified, the report must contain a certification that the construction project or site is being operated in compliance with the SWPPP and the *2020 CGP*. The report shall be signed in accordance with Part VII.K of the permit. Copies of all inspection reports shall be provided to the Airport at least once each month throughout the duration of the project.

Based on the results of the inspection, the Contractor must modify the SWPPP to include additional or modified BMPs designed to correct problems identified. These revisions must be completed within seven (7) calendar days following the inspection. If existing BMPs need to be modified, or if additional BMPs are needed, implementation must be completed before the next anticipated storm event. If implementation before the next anticipated storm event is not practicable, implementation must occur as soon as it is practicable.

The Contractor, with the approval of the Airport, must amend the SWPPP within fifteen (15) business days whenever:

- 1.** There is a change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance at the construction site that has a significant effect on the discharge of pollutants to the waters of the United States, and such effect has not been previously addressed in the SWPPP; or
- 2.** Inspections, monitoring (if required), or investigations by the Contractor, the City, state officials, or federal officials determine the discharges are causing or contributing to water quality exceedances, or the SWPPP is ineffective in eliminating or significantly minimizing pollutants in storm water discharges from the construction site.

The SWPPP and all reports required under this contract shall be available to the public in accordance with the requirements of section 308b. of the Clean Water Act. The Contractor shall make plans and reports available upon request to the ADEQ Director (or authorized representative); State, Tribal, or local agency with approval authority for sediment and erosion control plans, grading plans, or storm water management plans; local government officials; or to the operator of a municipal separate storm sewer receiving discharges from the site in accordance with the terms and conditions of the *2020 CGP*.

The ADEQ Director (or authorized representative) may notify the Contractor and/or the Airport at any time that the SWPPP is inadequate or does not meet one or more of the requirements of Part IV of the *2020 CGP*. Within fifteen (15) business days of receipt of such notification from ADEQ (or as otherwise provided by ADEQ), the Contractor must make the required changes to the SWPPP and submit to the ADEQ a written



certification that the requested changes were made and implemented. The ADEQ may request submittal or re-submittal of the SWPPP to verify that all deficiencies have been adequately addressed.

No condition of the *2020 CGP* or the SWPPP shall release the Contractor from any responsibilities or requirements under any other environmental statutes or regulations, including requirements for the prevention or minimization of the discharge of hazardous substances or oil. If there is a release containing a hazardous substance or oil in an amount equal to or greater than the reportable quantities established under federal regulations that has the potential to impact storm water discharges from this site, the Contractor must report the release to the regulatory agencies in accordance with regulatory requirements. In addition, the Contractor must modify the SWPPP within fourteen (14) calendar days after gaining knowledge of the release to provide a description of the release, the circumstances leading to the release, and the date of the release. The SWPPP must identify measures to minimize and/or prevent the occurrence of such releases, and appropriate measures for responding to such releases. The *2020 CGP* does not authorize the discharge of any substance resulting from on-site spills, or the discharge of oil or chemicals.

The SWPPP (including a copy of the *2020 CGP*) shall be kept on the project site from the date of commencement of construction activities to the date of submittal of the Notice of Termination (NOT). A copy of the SWPPP and the permit shall be retained by the Contractor for a period of at least three (3) years following the date of final stabilization of the construction site. The Contractor shall also retain for the same three-year period all reports required by the *2020 CGP* and all records of data used to complete the NOI.

It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that copies of all documents and records retained by the Contractor in accordance with requirements of the AZPDES permit are also provided to the Airport.

Within thirty (30) days of the date of final stabilization of the construction site, the Contractor shall submit a completed and properly signed Notice of Termination (NOT) form to the Airport. The Airport will also complete a NOT form, and will submit both the Contractor's and the Airport's NOT to the ADEQ at the address specified on the NOT form; thereby terminating the Contractor's and the Airport's *2020 CGP* coverage for the project.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

102-5.1 Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) is for the Contractor's participation in the preparation of the SWPPP, the implementation of the SWPPP, and the modification of the SWPPP as necessary for compliance with the *2020 CGP*.

The SWPP will be paid as a lump sum on a monthly schedule of equal payments throughout the entire construction period including any retention required by the terms and conditions of the construction contract to be paid after filing of the Notice of Termination (NOT).

No separate measurement or direct payment will be made for preparing the Notice of Intent (NOI), the Notice of Termination (NOT), Inspection and Maintenance Reports, or other documentation required to perform the work, the cost being considered as included in the allowance.

102-5.2 Temporary erosion and pollution control work required will be performed as scheduled or directed by the RPR. Completed and accepted work will not be measured and paid for directly but shall be considered as incidental to the implementation of the SWPPP.



- a. Temporary seeding and mulching.
- b. Temporary slope drains.
- c. Temporary benches, dikes, dams, and sediment basins, including necessary cleaning of sediment basins, and embankment placed as directed by the RPR.
- d. Fertilizing.
- e. Installation and removal of silt fence.

Temporary control features not covered by contract items that are ordered by the RPR will be paid for in accordance with Section 90, paragraph 90-05 *Payment for Extra Work*.

102-5.3 Control work performed for protection of construction areas outside the construction limits, such as borrow and waste areas, haul roads, equipment and material storage sites, and temporary plant sites, will not be measured and paid for directly but shall be considered as a subsidiary obligation of the Contractor.

BASIS OF PAYMENT

102-6.1 Payment will be made under:

No. 2, Spec C-102-5.1 Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan – per Lump Sum

REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

Advisory Circulars (AC)

AC 150/5200-33 Hazardous Wildlife Attractants on or Near Airports

AC 150/5370-2 Operational Safety on Airports During Construction

ASTM International (ASTM)

ASTM D6461 Standard Specification for Silt Fence Materials

United States Department of Agriculture (USDA)

FAA/USDA Wildlife Hazard Management at Airports, A Manual for Airport Personnel

END OF ITEM C-102



Item C-105 Mobilization

105-1 Description. This item of work shall consist of, but is not limited to, work and operations necessary for the movement of personnel, equipment, material and supplies to and from the project site for work on the project except as provided in the contract as separate pay items.

105-2 Mobilization limit. Mobilization shall be limited to 6 percent of the total project cost. Any amount bid over 6 percent will be paid after Final Completion of the project.

105-3 Posted notices. Prior to commencement of construction activities, the Contractor must post the following documents in a prominent and accessible place where they may be easily viewed by all employees of the prime Contractor and by all employees of subcontractors engaged by the prime Contractor: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Poster "Equal Employment Opportunity is the Law" in accordance with the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs Executive Order 11246, as amended; Davis Bacon Wage Poster (WH 1321) - DOL "Notice to All Employees" Poster; and Applicable Davis-Bacon Wage Rate Determination. These notices must remain posted until final acceptance of the work by the Owner.

105-4 Engineer/RPR field office. An Engineer/RPR field office is not required.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

105-5 Basis of measurement and payment. Based upon the contract lump sum price for "Mobilization" partial payments will be allowed as follows:

- a. With first pay request, 25%.
- b. When 25% or more of the original contract is earned, an additional 25%.
- c. When 50% or more of the original contract is earned, an additional 40%.
- d. After Final Inspection, Staging area clean-up and delivery of all Project Closeout materials, the final 10%.

BASIS OF PAYMENT

105-6 Payment will be made under:

No. 3, Spec C-105-6.1 Mobilization – per Lump Sum



REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP)

Executive Order 11246, as amended

EEOC-P/E-1 Equal Employment Opportunity is the Law Poster

United States Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division (WHD)

WH 1321 Employee Rights under the Davis-Bacon Act Poster

END OF ITEM C-105

Item C-110 Method of Estimating Percentage of Material Within Specification Limits (PWL)

110-1 General. When the specifications provide for acceptance of material based on the method of estimating percentage of material within specification limits (PWL), the PWL will be determined in accordance with this section. All test results for a lot will be analyzed statistically to determine the total estimated percent of the lot that is within specification limits. The PWL is computed using the sample average ($\bar{X}$) and sample standard deviation (S_n) of the specified number (n) of sublots for the lot and the specification tolerance limits, L for lower and U for upper, for the particular acceptance parameter. From these values, the respective Quality index, Q_L for Lower Quality Index and/or Q_U for Upper Quality Index, is computed and the PWL for the lot for the specified n is determined from Table 1. All specification limits specified in the technical sections shall be absolute values. Test results used in the calculations shall be to the significant figure given in the test procedure.

There is some degree of uncertainty (risk) in the measurement for acceptance because only a small fraction of production material (the population) is sampled and tested. This uncertainty exists because all portions of the production material have the same probability to be randomly sampled. The Contractor's risk is the probability that material produced at the acceptable quality level is rejected or subjected to a pay adjustment. The Owner's risk is the probability that material produced at the rejectable quality level is accepted.

It is the intent of this section to inform the Contractor that, in order to consistently offset the Contractor's risk for material evaluated, production quality (using population average and population standard deviation) must be maintained at the acceptable quality specified or higher. In all cases, it is the responsibility of the Contractor to produce at quality levels that will meet the specified acceptance criteria when sampled and tested at the frequencies specified.

110-2 Method for computing PWL. The computational sequence for computing PWL is as follows:

- a. Divide the lot into n sublots in accordance with the acceptance requirements of the specification.
- b. Locate the random sampling position within the subplot in accordance with the requirements of the specification.
- c. Make a measurement at each location or take a test portion and make the measurement on the test portion in accordance with the testing requirements of the specification.
- d. Find the sample average ($\bar{X}$) for all subplot test values within the lot by using the following formula:

$$\bar{X} = (x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + \dots + x_n) / n$$

Where: $\bar{X}$ = Sample average of all subplot test values within a lot

$x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$ = Individual subplot test values

n = Number of subplot test values

e. Find the sample standard deviation (S_n) by use of the following formula:

$$S_n = [(d_1^2 + d_2^2 + d_3^2 + \dots + d_n^2)/(n-1)]^{1/2}$$

Where: S_n = Sample standard deviation of the number of subplot test values in the set

$d_1, d_2, \dots, d_n$ = Deviations of the individual subplot test values $x_1, x_2, \dots$ from the average value X

that is: $d_1 = (x_1 - X), d_2 = (x_2 - X) \dots d_n = (x_n - X)$

n = Number of subplot test values

f. For single sided specification limits (i.e., L only), compute the Lower Quality Index Q_L by use of the following formula:

$$Q_L = (X - L) / S_n$$

Where: L = specification lower tolerance limit

Estimate the percentage of material within limits (PWL) by entering Table 1 with Q_L , using the column appropriate to the total number (n) of measurements. If the value of Q_L falls between values shown on the table, use the next higher value of PWL.

g. For double-sided specification limits (i.e., L and U), compute the Quality Indexes Q_L and Q_U by use of the following formulas:

$$Q_L = (X - L) / S_n$$

and

$$Q_U = (U - X) / S_n$$

Where: L and U = specification lower and upper tolerance limits

Estimate the percentage of material between the lower (L) and upper (U) tolerance limits (PWL) by entering Table 1 separately with Q_L and Q_U , using the column appropriate to the total number (n) of measurements, and determining the percent of material above P_L and percent of material below P_U for each tolerance limit. If the values of Q_L fall between values shown on the table, use the next higher value of P_L or P_U . Determine the PWL by use of the following formula:

$$PWL = (P_U + P_L) - 100$$

Where: P_L = percent within lower specification limit

P_U = percent within upper specification limit



EXAMPLE OF PWL CALCULATION

Project: Example Project

Test Item: Item P-401, Lot A.

A. PWL Determination for Mat Density.

1. Density of four random cores taken from Lot A.

$$A-1 = 96.60$$

$$A-2 = 97.55$$

$$A-3 = 99.30$$

$$A-4 = 98.35$$

$$n = 4$$

2. Calculate average density for the lot.

$$X = (x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + \dots + x_n) / n$$

$$X = (96.60 + 97.55 + 99.30 + 98.35) / 4$$

$$X = 97.95\% \text{ density}$$

3. Calculate the standard deviation for the lot.

$$S_n = [((96.60 - 97.95)^2 + (97.55 - 97.95)^2 + (99.30 - 97.95)^2 + (98.35 - 97.95)^2) / (4 - 1)]^{1/2}$$

$$S_n = [(1.82 + 0.16 + 1.82 + 0.16) / 3]^{1/2}$$

$$S_n = 1.15$$

4. Calculate the Lower Quality Index Q_L for the lot. ($L=96.3$)

$$Q_L = (X - L) / S_n$$

$$Q_L = (97.95 - 96.30) / 1.15$$

$$Q_L = 1.4348$$

5. Determine PWL by entering Table 1 with $Q_L = 1.44$ and $n = 4$.

$$PWL = 98$$

B. PWL Determination for Air Voids.

1. Air Voids of four random samples taken from Lot A.

$$A-1 = 5.00$$

$$A-2 = 3.74$$

$$A-3 = 2.30$$

$$A-4 = 3.25$$

2. Calculate the average air voids for the lot.

$$X = (x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + \dots + x_n) / n$$

$$X = (5.00 + 3.74 + 2.30 + 3.25) / 4$$

$$X = 3.57\%$$

3. Calculate the standard deviation S_n for the lot.



$$S_n = [((3.57 - 5.00)^2 + (3.57 - 3.74)^2 + (3.57 - 2.30)^2 + (3.57 - 3.25)^2) / (4 - 1)]^{1/2}$$

$$S_n = [(2.04 + 0.03 + 1.62 + 0.10) / 3]^{1/2}$$

$$S_n = 1.12$$

- 4.** Calculate the Lower Quality Index Q_L for the lot. ($L = 2.0$)

$$Q_L = (X - L) / S_n$$

$$Q_L = (3.57 - 2.00) / 1.12$$

$$Q_L = 1.3992$$

- 5.** Determine P_L by entering Table 1 with $Q_L = 1.41$ and $n = 4$.

$$P_L = 97$$

- 6.** Calculate the Upper Quality Index Q_U for the lot. ($U = 5.0$)

$$Q_U = (U - X) / S_n$$

$$Q_U = (5.00 - 3.57) / 1.12$$

$$Q_U = 1.2702$$

- 7.** Determine P_U by entering Table 1 with $Q_U = 1.29$ and $n = 4$.

$$P_U = 93$$

- 8.** Calculate Air Voids PWL

$$PWL = (P_L + P_U) - 100$$

$$PWL = (97 + 93) - 100 = 90$$

EXAMPLE OF OUTLIER CALCULATION (REFERENCE ASTM E178)

Project: Example Project

Test Item: Item P-401, Lot A.

A. Outlier Determination for Mat Density.

- 1.** Density of four random cores taken from Lot A arranged in descending order.

$$A-3 = 99.30$$

$$A-4 = 98.35$$

$$A-2 = 97.55$$

$$A-1 = 96.60$$

- 2.** From ASTM E178, Table 1, for $n=4$ an upper 5% significance level, the critical value for test criterion = 1.463.

- 3.** Use average density, standard deviation, and test criterion value to evaluate density measurements.

- a.** For measurements greater than the average:

If (measurement - average)/(standard deviation) is less than test criterion,
then the measurement is not considered an outlier.

For A-3, check if $(99.30 - 97.95) / 1.15$ is greater than 1.463.



Since 1.174 is less than 1.463, the value is not an outlier.

b. For measurements less than the average:

If $(\text{average} - \text{measurement}) / (\text{standard deviation})$ is less than test criterion,
then the measurement is not considered an outlier.

For A-1, check if $(97.95 - 96.60) / 1.15$ is greater than 1.463.

Since 1.435 is less than 1.463, the value is not an outlier.

Note: In this example, a measurement would be considered an outlier if the density were:

Greater than $(97.95 + 1.463 \times 1.15) = 99.63\%$

OR

less than $(97.95 - 1.463 \times 1.15) = 96.27\%$.



Table 1. Table for Estimating Percent of Lot Within Limits (PWL)

Percent Within Limits (P _L and P _U)	Positive Values of Q (Q _L and Q _U)							
	n=3	n=4	n=5	n=6	n=7	n=8	n=9	n=10
99	1.1541	1.4700	1.6714	1.8008	1.8888	1.9520	1.9994	2.0362
98	1.1524	1.4400	1.6016	1.6982	1.7612	1.8053	1.8379	1.8630
97	1.1496	1.4100	1.5427	1.6181	1.6661	1.6993	1.7235	1.7420
96	1.1456	1.3800	1.4897	1.5497	1.5871	1.6127	1.6313	1.6454
95	1.1405	1.3500	1.4407	1.4887	1.5181	1.5381	1.5525	1.5635
94	1.1342	1.3200	1.3946	1.4329	1.4561	1.4717	1.4829	1.4914
93	1.1269	1.2900	1.3508	1.3810	1.3991	1.4112	1.4199	1.4265
92	1.1184	1.2600	1.3088	1.3323	1.3461	1.3554	1.3620	1.3670
91	1.1089	1.2300	1.2683	1.2860	1.2964	1.3032	1.3081	1.3118
90	1.0982	1.2000	1.2290	1.2419	1.2492	1.2541	1.2576	1.2602
89	1.0864	1.1700	1.1909	1.1995	1.2043	1.2075	1.2098	1.2115
88	1.0736	1.1400	1.1537	1.1587	1.1613	1.1630	1.1643	1.1653
87	1.0597	1.1100	1.1173	1.1192	1.1199	1.1204	1.1208	1.1212
86	1.0448	1.0800	1.0817	1.0808	1.0800	1.0794	1.0791	1.0789
85	1.0288	1.0500	1.0467	1.0435	1.0413	1.0399	1.0389	1.0382
84	1.0119	1.0200	1.0124	1.0071	1.0037	1.0015	1.0000	0.9990
83	0.9939	0.9900	0.9785	0.9715	0.9671	0.9643	0.9624	0.9610
82	0.9749	0.9600	0.9452	0.9367	0.9315	0.9281	0.9258	0.9241
81	0.9550	0.9300	0.9123	0.9025	0.8966	0.8928	0.8901	0.8882
80	0.9342	0.9000	0.8799	0.8690	0.8625	0.8583	0.8554	0.8533
79	0.9124	0.8700	0.8478	0.8360	0.8291	0.8245	0.8214	0.8192
78	0.8897	0.8400	0.8160	0.8036	0.7962	0.7915	0.7882	0.7858
77	0.8662	0.8100	0.7846	0.7716	0.7640	0.7590	0.7556	0.7531
76	0.8417	0.7800	0.7535	0.7401	0.7322	0.7271	0.7236	0.7211
75	0.8165	0.7500	0.7226	0.7089	0.7009	0.6958	0.6922	0.6896
74	0.7904	0.7200	0.6921	0.6781	0.6701	0.6649	0.6613	0.6587
73	0.7636	0.6900	0.6617	0.6477	0.6396	0.6344	0.6308	0.6282
72	0.7360	0.6600	0.6316	0.6176	0.6095	0.6044	0.6008	0.5982
71	0.7077	0.6300	0.6016	0.5878	0.5798	0.5747	0.5712	0.5686
70	0.6787	0.6000	0.5719	0.5582	0.5504	0.5454	0.5419	0.5394
69	0.6490	0.5700	0.5423	0.5290	0.5213	0.5164	0.5130	0.5105
68	0.6187	0.5400	0.5129	0.4999	0.4924	0.4877	0.4844	0.4820
67	0.5878	0.5100	0.4836	0.4710	0.4638	0.4592	0.4560	0.4537
66	0.5563	0.4800	0.4545	0.4424	0.4355	0.4310	0.4280	0.4257
65	0.5242	0.4500	0.4255	0.4139	0.4073	0.4030	0.4001	0.3980
64	0.4916	0.4200	0.3967	0.3856	0.3793	0.3753	0.3725	0.3705
63	0.4586	0.3900	0.3679	0.3575	0.3515	0.3477	0.3451	0.3432
62	0.4251	0.3600	0.3392	0.3295	0.3239	0.3203	0.3179	0.3161
61	0.3911	0.3300	0.3107	0.3016	0.2964	0.2931	0.2908	0.2892
60	0.3568	0.3000	0.2822	0.2738	0.2691	0.2660	0.2639	0.2624
59	0.3222	0.2700	0.2537	0.2461	0.2418	0.2391	0.2372	0.2358
58	0.2872	0.2400	0.2254	0.2186	0.2147	0.2122	0.2105	0.2093
57	0.2519	0.2100	0.1971	0.1911	0.1877	0.1855	0.1840	0.1829
56	0.2164	0.1800	0.1688	0.1636	0.1607	0.1588	0.1575	0.1566
55	0.1806	0.1500	0.1406	0.1363	0.1338	0.1322	0.1312	0.1304
54	0.1447	0.1200	0.1125	0.1090	0.1070	0.1057	0.1049	0.1042
53	0.1087	0.0900	0.0843	0.0817	0.0802	0.0793	0.0786	0.0781
52	0.0725	0.0600	0.0562	0.0544	0.0534	0.0528	0.0524	0.0521
51	0.0363	0.0300	0.0281	0.0272	0.0267	0.0264	0.0262	0.0260
50	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000



Percent Within Limits (P _L and P _U)	Negative Values of Q (Q _L and Q _U)							
	n=3	n=4	n=5	n=6	n=7	n=8	n=9	n=10
49	-0.0363	-0.0300	-0.0281	-0.0272	-0.0267	-0.0264	-0.0262	-0.0260
48	-0.0725	-0.0600	-0.0562	-0.0544	-0.0534	-0.0528	-0.0524	-0.0521
47	-0.1087	-0.0900	-0.0843	-0.0817	-0.0802	-0.0793	-0.0786	-0.0781
46	-0.1447	-0.1200	-0.1125	-0.1090	-0.1070	-0.1057	-0.1049	-0.1042
45	-0.1806	-0.1500	-0.1406	-0.1363	-0.1338	-0.1322	-0.1312	-0.1304
44	-0.2164	-0.1800	-0.1688	-0.1636	-0.1607	-0.1588	-0.1575	-0.1566
43	-0.2519	-0.2100	-0.1971	-0.1911	-0.1877	-0.1855	-0.1840	-0.1829
42	-0.2872	-0.2400	-0.2254	-0.2186	-0.2147	-0.2122	-0.2105	-0.2093
41	-0.3222	-0.2700	-0.2537	-0.2461	-0.2418	-0.2391	-0.2372	-0.2358
40	-0.3568	-0.3000	-0.2822	-0.2738	-0.2691	-0.2660	-0.2639	-0.2624
39	-0.3911	-0.3300	-0.3107	-0.3016	-0.2964	-0.2931	-0.2908	-0.2892
38	-0.4251	-0.3600	-0.3392	-0.3295	-0.3239	-0.3203	-0.3179	-0.3161
37	-0.4586	-0.3900	-0.3679	-0.3575	-0.3515	-0.3477	-0.3451	-0.3432
36	-0.4916	-0.4200	-0.3967	-0.3856	-0.3793	-0.3753	-0.3725	-0.3705
35	-0.5242	-0.4500	-0.4255	-0.4139	-0.4073	-0.4030	-0.4001	-0.3980
34	-0.5563	-0.4800	-0.4545	-0.4424	-0.4355	-0.4310	-0.4280	-0.4257
33	-0.5878	-0.5100	-0.4836	-0.4710	-0.4638	-0.4592	-0.4560	-0.4537
32	-0.6187	-0.5400	-0.5129	-0.4999	-0.4924	-0.4877	-0.4844	-0.4820
31	-0.6490	-0.5700	-0.5423	-0.5290	-0.5213	-0.5164	-0.5130	-0.5105
30	-0.6787	-0.6000	-0.5719	-0.5582	-0.5504	-0.5454	-0.5419	-0.5394
29	-0.7077	-0.6300	-0.6016	-0.5878	-0.5798	-0.5747	-0.5712	-0.5686
28	-0.7360	-0.6600	-0.6316	-0.6176	-0.6095	-0.6044	-0.6008	-0.5982
27	-0.7636	-0.6900	-0.6617	-0.6477	-0.6396	-0.6344	-0.6308	-0.6282
26	-0.7904	-0.7200	-0.6921	-0.6781	-0.6701	-0.6649	-0.6613	-0.6587
25	-0.8165	-0.7500	-0.7226	-0.7089	-0.7009	-0.6958	-0.6922	-0.6896
24	-0.8417	-0.7800	-0.7535	-0.7401	-0.7322	-0.7271	-0.7236	-0.7211
23	-0.8662	-0.8100	-0.7846	-0.7716	-0.7640	-0.7590	-0.7556	-0.7531
22	-0.8897	-0.8400	-0.8160	-0.8036	-0.7962	-0.7915	-0.7882	-0.7858
21	-0.9124	-0.8700	-0.8478	-0.8360	-0.8291	-0.8245	-0.8214	-0.8192
20	-0.9342	-0.9000	-0.8799	-0.8690	-0.8625	-0.8583	-0.8554	-0.8533
19	-0.9550	-0.9300	-0.9123	-0.9025	-0.8966	-0.8928	-0.8901	-0.8882
18	-0.9749	-0.9600	-0.9452	-0.9367	-0.9315	-0.9281	-0.9258	-0.9241
17	-0.9939	-0.9900	-0.9785	-0.9715	-0.9671	-0.9643	-0.9624	-0.9610
16	-1.0119	-1.0200	-1.0124	-1.0071	-1.0037	-1.0015	-1.0000	-0.9990
15	-1.0288	-1.0500	-1.0467	-1.0435	-1.0413	-1.0399	-1.0389	-1.0382
14	-1.0448	-1.0800	-1.0817	-1.0808	-1.0800	-1.0794	-1.0791	-1.0789
13	-1.0597	-1.1100	-1.1173	-1.1192	-1.1199	-1.1204	-1.1208	-1.1212
12	-1.0736	-1.1400	-1.1537	-1.1587	-1.1613	-1.1630	-1.1643	-1.1653
11	-1.0864	-1.1700	-1.1909	-1.1995	-1.2043	-1.2075	-1.2098	-1.2115
10	-1.0982	-1.2000	-1.2290	-1.2419	-1.2492	-1.2541	-1.2576	-1.2602
9	-1.1089	-1.2300	-1.2683	-1.2860	-1.2964	-1.3032	-1.3081	-1.3118
8	-1.1184	-1.2600	-1.3088	-1.3323	-1.3461	-1.3554	-1.3620	-1.3670
7	-1.1269	-1.2900	-1.3508	-1.3810	-1.3991	-1.4112	-1.4199	-1.4265
6	-1.1342	-1.3200	-1.3946	-1.4329	-1.4561	-1.4717	-1.4829	-1.4914
5	-1.1405	-1.3500	-1.4407	-1.4887	-1.5181	-1.5381	-1.5525	-1.5635
4	-1.1456	-1.3800	-1.4897	-1.5497	-1.5871	-1.6127	-1.6313	-1.6454
3	-1.1496	-1.4100	-1.5427	-1.6181	-1.6661	-1.6993	-1.7235	-1.7420
2	-1.1524	-1.4400	-1.6016	-1.6982	-1.7612	-1.8053	-1.8379	-1.8630
1	-1.1541	-1.4700	-1.6714	-1.8008	-1.8888	-1.9520	-1.9994	-2.0362



REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

ASTM International (ASTM)

ASTM E178 Standard Practice for Dealing with Outlying Observations

END OF ITEM C-110

Item P-101 Preparation/Removal of Existing Pavements

DESCRIPTION

101-1 This item shall consist of preparation of existing pavement surfaces for overlay, surface treatments, removal of existing pavement, and other miscellaneous items. The work shall be accomplished in accordance with these specifications and the applicable plans.

EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

101-2 All equipment and materials shall be specified here and in the following paragraphs or approved by the Resident Project Representative (RPR). The equipment shall not cause damage to the pavement to remain in place.

CONSTRUCTION

101-3.1 Removal of existing pavement.

The Contractor's removal operation shall be controlled to not damage adjacent pavement structure, and base material, cables, utility ducts, pipelines, or drainage structures which are to remain under the pavement.

a. Concrete pavement removal. Full depth saw cuts shall be made perpendicular to the slab surface. The Contractor shall saw through the full depth of the slab including any dowels at the joint, removing the pavement and installing new dowels as shown on the plans and per the specifications. Where the perimeter of the removal limits is not located on the joint and there are no dowels present, the perimeter shall be saw cut the full depth of the pavement. The pavement inside the saw cut shall be removed by methods which will not cause distress in the pavement which is to remain in place. If the material is to be wasted on the airport site, it shall be reduced to a maximum size of 2 inches. Concrete slabs that are damaged by under breaking shall be repaired or removed and replaced as directed by the RPR.

The edge of existing concrete pavement against which new pavement abuts shall be protected from damage at all times. Spall and underbreak repair shall be in accordance with the plans. Any underlying material that is to remain in place, shall be recompacted and/or replaced as shown on the plans. Adjacent areas damaged during repair shall be repaired or replaced at the Contractor's expense.

b. Asphalt pavement removal. Asphalt pavement to be removed shall be cut to the full depth of the asphalt pavement around the perimeter of the area to be removed. If the material is to be incorporated into embankment, it shall be broken to a maximum size of 2 inches.

c. Repair or removal of Base, Subbase, and/or Subgrade. All failed material including surface, base course, subbase course, and subgrade shall be removed and repaired as shown on the plans or as directed by the RPR. Materials and methods of construction shall comply with the applicable sections of these specifications. Any damage caused by Contractor's removal process shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

101-3.2 Preparation of joints and cracks prior to overlay/surface treatment. Remove all vegetation and debris from cracks to a minimum depth of 1 inch. If extensive vegetation exists, treat the specific area with a concentrated solution of a water-based herbicide approved by the RPR. Fill all cracks greater than 1/4 inch wide with a crack sealant per ASTM D6690. The crack sealant, preparation, and application shall be compatible with the surface treatment/overlay to be used. To minimize contamination of the asphalt with the crack sealant, underfill the crack sealant a minimum of 1/8 inch, not to exceed 1/4 inch. Any excess joint or crack sealer shall be removed from the pavement surface.

101-3.3 Removal of Foreign Substances/contaminates prior to remarking. Removal of foreign substances/contaminates from existing pavement that will affect the bond of the new treatment shall consist of removal of rubber, fuel spills, oil, crack sealer, at least 90% of paint, and other foreign substances from the surface of the pavement. Areas that require removal are designated on the plans and as directed by the RPR in the field during construction.

Chemicals, high-pressure water, heater scarifier (asphaltic concrete only), cold milling or sandblasting may be used. If chemicals are used, they shall comply with the state's environmental protection regulations. Removal methods used shall not cause major damage to the pavement, or to any structure or utility within or adjacent to the work area. Major damage is defined as changing the properties of the pavement, removal of asphalt causing the aggregate to ravel, or removing pavement over 1/8 inch deep. If it is deemed by the RPR that damage to the existing pavement is caused by operational error, such as permitting the application method to dwell in one location for too long, the Contractor shall repair the damaged area without compensation and as directed by the RPR.

Removal of foreign substances shall not proceed until approved by the RPR. Water used for high-pressure water equipment shall be provided by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense. No material shall be deposited on the pavement shoulders. All wastes shall be disposed of in areas indicated in this specification or shown on the plans.

101-3.4 Concrete spall or failed asphaltic concrete pavement repair.

a. Repair of concrete spalls in areas to be overlaid with asphalt. Not used.

b. Asphalt pavement repair. The Contractor shall repair all spalled concrete as shown on the plans or as directed by the RPR. The failed areas shall be removed as specified in paragraph 101-3.1b. All failed material including surface, base course, subbase course, and subgrade shall be removed. Materials and methods of construction shall comply with the applicable sections of these specifications.

101-3.5 Cold milling. Milling shall be performed with a power-operated milling machine or grinder, capable of producing a uniform finished surface. The milling machine or grinder shall operate without tearing or gouging the underlying surface. The milling machine or grinder shall be equipped with grade and slope controls, and a positive means of dust control. All millings shall be removed and disposed in areas designated on the plans. If the Contractor mills or grinds deeper or wider than the plans specify, the Contractor shall replace the material removed with new material at the Contractor's Expense.

a. Patching. The milling machine shall be capable of cutting a vertical edge without chipping or spalling the edges of the remaining pavement and it shall have a positive method of controlling the depth of cut. The RPR shall layout the area to be milled with a straightedge in increments of 1-foot widths. The



area to be milled shall cover only the failed area. Any excessive area that is milled because the Contractor doesn't have the appropriate milling machine, or areas that are damaged because of his negligence, shall be repaired by the Contractor at the Contractor's Expense.

b. Profiling, grade correction, or surface correction. The milling machine shall have a minimum width of 7 feet and it shall be equipped with electronic grade control devices that will cut the surface to the grade specified. The tolerances shall be maintained within +0 inch and -1/4 inch the specified grade. The machine must cut vertical edges and have a positive method of dust control. The machine must have the ability to remove the millings or cuttings from the pavement and load them into a truck. All millings shall be removed and disposed of in areas designated on the plans.

c. Clean-up. The Contractor shall sweep the milled surface daily and immediately after the milling until all residual materials are removed from the pavement surface. Prior to paving, the Contractor shall wet down the milled pavement and thoroughly sweep and/or blow the surface to remove loose residual material. Waste materials shall be collected and removed from the pavement surface and adjacent areas by sweeping or vacuuming. Waste materials shall be removed and disposed in areas designated on the plans.

101-3.6. Preparation of asphalt pavement surfaces prior to surface treatment.

Existing asphalt pavements to be treated with a surface treatment shall be prepared as follows:

- a.** Patch asphalt pavement surfaces that have been softened by petroleum derivatives or have failed due to any other cause. Remove damaged pavement to the full depth of the damage and replace with new asphalt pavement similar to that of the existing pavement in accordance with paragraph 101-3.4b.
- b.** Repair joints and cracks in accordance with paragraph 101-3.2.
- c.** Remove oil or grease that has not penetrated the asphalt pavement by scrubbing with a detergent and washing thoroughly with clean water. After cleaning, treat these areas with an oil spot primer.
- d.** Clean pavement surface immediately prior to placing the surface treatment so that it is free of dust, dirt, grease, vegetation, oil or any type of objectionable surface film.

101-3.7 Maintenance. The Contractor shall perform all maintenance work necessary to keep the pavement in a satisfactory condition until the full section is complete and accepted by the RPR. The surface shall be kept clean and free from foreign material. The pavement shall be properly drained at all times. If cleaning is necessary or if the pavement becomes disturbed, any work repairs necessary shall be performed at the Contractor's expense.

101-3.8 Preparation of Joints in Rigid Pavement prior to resealing. Prior to application of sealant material, clean and dry the joints of all scale, dirt, dust, old sealant, curing compound, moisture and other foreign matter. The Contractor shall demonstrate, in the presence of the RPR, that the method used cleans the joint and does not damage the joint.

101-3.8.1 Removal of Existing Joint Sealant. All existing joint sealants will be removed by plowing or use of hand tools. Any remaining sealant and or debris will be removed by use of wire brushes or other tools as necessary. Resaw joints removing no more than 1/16 inch from each joint face. Immediately after sawing, flush out joint with water and other tools as necessary to completely remove the slurry.



101-3.8.2 Cleaning prior to sealing. Immediately before sealing, joints shall be cleaned by removing any remaining laitance and other foreign material. Allow sufficient time to dry out joints prior to sealing. Joint surfaces will be surface-dry prior to installation of sealant.

101-3.8.3 Joint sealant. Joint material and installation will be in accordance with Item P-605.

101-3.9 Preparation of Cracks in Flexible Pavement prior to sealing. Prior to application of sealant material, clean and dry the joints of all scale, dirt, dust, old sealant, curing compound, moisture and other foreign matter. The Contractor shall demonstrate, in the presence of the RPR, that the method used cleans the cracks and does not damage the pavement.

101-3.9.1 Preparation of Crack. Widen crack with router by removing a minimum of 1/16 inch from each side of crack. Immediately before sealing, cracks will be blown out with a hot air lance combined with oil and water-free compressed air.

101-3.9.2 Removal of Existing Crack Sealant. Existing sealants will be removed by routing. Following routing any remaining debris will be removed by use of a hot lance combined with oil and water-free compressed air.

101-3.9.3 Crack Sealant. Crack sealant material and installation will be in accordance with Item P-605.

101-3.9.4 Removal of Pipe and other Buried Structures.

a. Removal of Existing Pipe Material. Not used.

b. Removal of Inlets/Manholes. Not used.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

101-4.1 Pavement Removal. Not used.

101-4.2 Cold Milling. The unit of measure for cold milling shall be the number of square yards removed by the Contractor. The location and average depth of the cold milling shall be as shown on the plans.

BASIS OF PAYMENT

101-5.1 Payment. Payment shall be made at contract unit price for the unit of measurement as specified above. This price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials and for all preparation, hauling, and placing of the material and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete this item.

No. 6, Spec P 101-5.1

Mill Asphaltic Concrete Pavement (2-inch Depth) – Per Square Yard



REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

Advisory Circulars (AC)

AC 150/5380-6 *Guidelines and Procedures for Maintenance of Airport Pavements*

ASTM International (ASTM)

ASTM D6690 *Standard Specification for Joint and Crack Sealants, Hot Applied, for Concrete and Asphalt Pavements*

END OF ITEM P-101



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Item P-152 Excavation, Subgrade, and Embankment

DESCRIPTION

152-1.1 This item covers excavation, disposal, placement, and compaction of all materials within the limits of the work required to construct safety areas, runways, taxiways, aprons, and intermediate areas as well as other areas for drainage, building construction, parking, or other purposes in accordance with these specifications and in conformity to the dimensions and typical sections shown on the plans.

152-1.2 Classification. All material excavated shall be classified as defined below:

a. Unclassified excavation. Unclassified excavation shall consist of the excavation and disposal of all material, regardless of its nature which is not otherwise classified and paid for under one of the following items.

b. Over-excavation. Over-excavation shall consist of the removal and replacement of historic fill materials not suitable for foundation material.

152-1.3 Unsuitable excavation. Unsuitable material shall be disposed in designated waste areas as shown on the plans. Materials containing vegetable or organic matter, such as muck, peat, organic silt, or sod shall be considered unsuitable for use in embankment construction. Material suitable for topsoil may be used on the embankment slope when approved by the RPR.

CONSTRUCTION METHODS

152-2.1 General. Before beginning excavation, grading, and embankment operations in any area, the area shall be cleared or cleared and grubbed in accordance with Item P-151.

The suitability of material to be placed in embankments shall be subject to approval by the RPR. All unsuitable material shall be disposed of in waste areas as shown on the plans. All waste areas shall be graded to allow positive drainage of the area and adjacent areas. The surface elevation of waste areas shall be specified on the plans or approved by the RPR.

When the Contractor's excavating operations encounter artifacts of historical or archaeological significance, the operations shall be temporarily discontinued and the RPR notified per Section 70, paragraph 70-20. At the direction of the RPR, the Contractor shall excavate the site in such a manner as to preserve the artifacts encountered and allow for their removal. Such excavation will be paid for as extra work.

Areas outside the limits of the pavement areas where the top layer of soil has become compacted by hauling or other Contractor activities shall be scarified and disked to a depth of 4 inches, to loosen and pulverize the soil. Stones or rock fragments larger than 4 inches in their greatest dimension will not be permitted in the top 6 inches of the subgrade.



If it is necessary to interrupt existing surface drainage, sewers or under-drainage, conduits, utilities, or similar underground structures, the Contractor shall be responsible for and shall take all necessary precautions to preserve them or provide temporary services. When such facilities are encountered, the Contractor shall notify the RPR, who shall arrange for their removal if necessary. The Contractor, at their own expense, shall satisfactorily repair or pay the cost of all damage to such facilities or structures that may result from any of the Contractor's operations during the period of the contract.

a. Blasting. Blasting shall not be allowed.

152-2.2 Excavation. No excavation shall be started until the work has been staked out by the Contractor and the RPR has obtained from the Contractor, the survey notes of the elevations and measurements of the ground surface. The Contractor and RPR shall agree that the original ground lines shown on the original topographic mapping are accurate, or agree to any adjustments made to the original ground lines.

Digital terrain model (DTM) files of the existing surfaces, finished surfaces and other various surfaces were used to develop the design plans.

Existing grades on the design cross sections or DTM's, where they do not match the locations of actual spot elevations shown on the topographic map, were developed by computer interpolation from those spot elevations. Prior to disturbing original grade, Contractor shall verify the accuracy of the existing ground surface by verifying spot elevations at the same locations where original field survey data was obtained as indicated on the topographic map. Contractor shall recognize that, due to the interpolation process, the actual ground surface at any particular location may differ somewhat from the interpolated surface shown on the design cross sections or obtained from the DTM's. Contractor's verification of original ground surface, however, shall be limited to verification of spot elevations as indicated herein, and no adjustments will be made to the original ground surface unless the Contractor demonstrates that spot elevations shown are incorrect. For this purpose, spot elevations which are within 0.1 foot of the stated elevations for ground surfaces, or within 0.04 foot for hard surfaces (pavements, buildings, foundations, structures, etc.) shall be considered "no change". Only deviations in excess of these will be considered for adjustment of the original ground surface. If Contractor's verification identifies discrepancies in the topographic map, Contractor shall notify the RPR in writing at least two weeks before disturbance of existing grade to allow sufficient time to verify the submitted information and make adjustments to the design cross sections or DTM's. Disturbance of existing grade in any area shall constitute acceptance by the Contractor of the accuracy of the original elevations shown on the topographic map for that area.

All areas to be excavated shall be stripped of vegetation and topsoil. Topsoil shall be stockpiled for future use in areas designated on the plans or by the RPR. All suitable excavated material shall be used in the formation of embankment, subgrade, or other purposes as shown on the plans. All unsuitable material shall be disposed of as shown on the plans.

The grade shall be maintained so that the surface is well drained at all times.

When the volume of the excavation exceeds that required to construct the embankments to the grades as indicated on the plans, the excess shall be used to grade the areas of ultimate development or disposed as directed by the RPR. When the volume of excavation is not sufficient for constructing the embankments to the grades indicated, the deficiency shall be obtained from borrow areas.

a. Selective grading. When selective grading is indicated on the plans, the more suitable material designated by the RPR shall be used in constructing the embankment or in capping the pavement subgrade. If, at the time of excavation, it is not possible to place this material in its final location, it shall be stockpiled in approved areas until it can be placed. The more suitable material shall then be placed and compacted as specified. Selective grading shall be considered incidental to the work involved. The cost of stockpiling and placing the material shall be included in the various pay items of work involved.

b. Undercutting. Rock, shale, hardpan, loose rock, boulders, or other material unsatisfactory for safety areas, subgrades, roads, shoulders, or any areas intended for turf shall be excavated to a minimum depth of 12 inches below the subgrade or to the depth specified by the RPR. Muck, peat, matted roots, or other yielding material, unsatisfactory for subgrade foundation, shall be removed to the depth specified. Unsuitable materials shall be disposed off the airport. The cost is incidental to this item. This excavated material shall be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard for unsuitable excavation. The excavated area shall be backfilled with suitable material obtained from the grading operations or borrow areas and compacted to specified densities. The necessary backfill will constitute a part of the embankment. Where rock cuts are made, backfill with select material. Any pockets created in the rock surface shall be drained in accordance with the details shown on the plans.

Soft, wet, or unstable subgrade that is encountered during cold milling operations, the Contractor shall perform one of the following (pending field conditions and upon approval of the RPR):

i. For Wet, Suitable Subgrade: Remove or disk in-place to a depth of 24-inches, and recompact once the material has dried sufficiently. In-situ testing shall be included for estimating the field CBR and shear strength (such as correlations from Dynamic Cone Penetrometer and/or vane shear testing). The results of the testing will be used by the Engineer on Record to evaluate the lateral extent and level of subgrade improvements required. The work required to address the Suitable Subgrade identified above shall only be performed with advance approval of the RPR after the RPR concurs with the Contractor's proposed method. All additional AC removal, hauling, work, equipment, 4-inches of new AC pavement, and material required for Suitable Subgrade shall be considered incidental to the Unsuitable Excavation Payment Line Item provided in the bid schedule. See also Sections 152-3.2 and 152-4.2 herein.

ii. For Unsuitable Subgrade: Remove the unstable or unsuitable subgrade material to a minimum depth of 24-inches and backfill with asphalt millings and compact in accordance with 152-2.10. In-situ testing shall be included for estimating the field CBR and shear strength (such as correlations from Dynamic Cone Penetrometer and/or vane shear testing). The results of the testing will be used by the Engineer on Record to evaluate the lateral extent and level of subgrade improvements required. The work required for Unsuitable Subgrade identified above shall only be performed with advance approval of the RPR after the RPR concurs with the Contractor's proposed method. All additional AC removal, hauling, work, equipment, 4-inches of new AC pavement, and material required for Unsuitable Subgrade shall be considered incidental to the Unsuitable Excavation Payment Line Item provided in the bid schedule. See also Sections 152-3.2 and 152-4.2 herein.

The work required for Unsuitable Subgrade identified above shall only be performed with advance approval of the RPR after the RPR concurs with the Contractor's proposed method. All hauling, work, equipment and material required for Unsuitable Subgrade shall be considered incidental to the Unsuitable Excavation Payment Line Item provided in the bid schedule. See also Sections 152-3.3 and 152-4.3 herein.



c. Over-break. Over-break, including slides, is that portion of any material displaced or loosened beyond the finished work as planned or authorized by the RPR. All over-break shall be graded or removed by the Contractor and disposed of as directed by the RPR. The RPR shall determine if the displacement of such material was unavoidable and their own decision shall be final. Payment will not be made for the removal and disposal of over-break that the RPR determines as avoidable. Unavoidable over-break will be classified as "Unclassified Excavation."

d. Removal of utilities. The removal of existing structures and utilities required to permit the orderly progress of work will be accomplished by the Contractor as indicated on the plans. All existing foundations shall be excavated at least 2 feet below the top of subgrade or as indicated on the plans, and the material disposed of as directed by the RPR. All foundations thus excavated shall be backfilled with suitable material and compacted as specified for embankment or as shown on the plans.

152-2.3 Borrow excavation. Borrow areas within the airport property are indicated on the plans. Borrow excavation shall be made only at these designated locations and within the horizontal and vertical limits as staked or as directed by the RPR. All unsuitable material shall be disposed of by the Contractor as shown on the plans. All borrow pits shall be opened to expose the various strata of acceptable material to allow obtaining a uniform product. Borrow areas shall be drained and left in a neat, presentable condition with all slopes dressed uniformly. Borrow areas shall not create a hazardous wildlife attractant.

152-2.4 Drainage excavation. Drainage excavation shall consist of excavating drainage ditches including intercepting, inlet, or outlet ditches; or other types as shown on the plans. The work shall be performed in sequence with the other construction. Ditches shall be constructed prior to starting adjacent excavation operations. All satisfactory material shall be placed in embankment fills; unsuitable material shall be placed in designated waste areas or as directed by the RPR. All necessary work shall be performed true to final line, elevation, and cross-section. The Contractor shall maintain ditches constructed on the project to the required cross-section and shall keep them free of debris or obstructions until the project is accepted.

152-2.5 Preparation of cut areas or areas where existing pavement has been removed. In those areas on which a subbase or base course is to be placed, the top 8 inches of subgrade shall be compacted to not less than 95% of maximum density for non-cohesive soils, and 95% of maximum density for cohesive soils as determined by ASTM D698. As used in this specification, "non-cohesive" shall mean those soils having a plasticity index (PI) of less than 3 as determined by ASTM D4318.

152-2.6 Preparation of embankment area. All sod and vegetative matter shall be removed from the surface upon which the embankment is to be placed. The cleared surface shall be broken up by plowing or scarifying to a minimum depth of 6 inches and shall then be compacted per paragraph 152-2.10.

Sloped surfaces steeper than one (1) vertical to four (4) horizontal shall be plowed, stepped, benched, or broken up so that the fill material will bond with the existing material. When the subgrade is part fill and part excavation or natural ground, the excavated or natural ground portion shall be scarified to a depth of 12 inches and compacted as specified for the adjacent fill.

No direct payment shall be made for the work performed under this section. The necessary clearing and grubbing and the quantity of excavation removed will be paid for under the respective items of work.



152-2.7 Control Strip. The first half-day of construction of subgrade and/or embankment shall be considered as a control strip for the Contractor to demonstrate, in the presence of the RPR, that the materials, equipment, and construction processes meet the requirements of this specification. The sequence and manner of rolling necessary to obtain specified density requirements shall be determined. The maximum compacted thickness may be increased to a maximum of 12 inches upon the Contractor's demonstration that approved equipment and operations will uniformly compact the lift to the specified density. The RPR must witness this demonstration and approve the lift thickness prior to full production.

Control strips that do not meet specification requirements shall be reworked, re-compacted, or removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense. Full operations shall not begin until the control strip has been accepted by the RPR. The Contractor shall use the same equipment, materials, and construction methods for the remainder of construction, unless adjustments made by the Contractor are approved in advance by the RPR.

152-2.8 Formation of embankments. The material shall be constructed in lifts as established in the control strip, but not less than 6 inches nor more than 12 inches of compacted thickness.

When more than one lift is required to establish the layer thickness shown on the plans, the construction procedure described here shall apply to each lift. No lift shall be covered by subsequent lifts until tests verify that compaction requirements have been met. The Contractor shall rework, re-compact and retest any material placed which does not meet the specifications.

The lifts shall be placed, to produce a soil structure as shown on the typical cross-section or as directed by the RPR. Materials such as brush, hedge, roots, stumps, grass and other organic matter, shall not be incorporated or buried in the embankment.

Earthwork operations shall be suspended at any time when satisfactory results cannot be obtained due to rain, freezing, or other unsatisfactory weather conditions in the field. Frozen material shall not be placed in the embankment nor shall embankment be placed upon frozen material. Material shall not be placed on surfaces that are muddy, frozen, or contain frost. The Contractor shall drag, blade, or slope the embankment to provide surface drainage at all times.

The material in each lift shall be within $\pm 2\%$ of optimum moisture content before rolling to obtain the prescribed compaction. The material shall be moistened or aerated as necessary to achieve a uniform moisture content throughout the lift. Natural drying may be accelerated by blending in dry material or manipulation alone to increase the rate of evaporation.

The Contractor shall make the necessary corrections and adjustments in methods, materials or moisture content to achieve the specified embankment density.

The Contractor's laboratory will take samples of excavated materials which will be used in embankment for testing and develop a Moisture-Density Relations of Soils Report (Proctor) in accordance with ASTM D698. A new Proctor shall be developed for each soil type based on visual classification.

The Contractor's laboratory shall perform all density tests in the presence of the RPR and provide test results upon completion to the Engineer for acceptance. Density tests will be taken for every 3,000 square yards of compacted embankment for each lift which is required to be compacted, or other appropriate frequencies as determined by the RPR.



If the material has greater than 30% retained on the 3/4-inch sieve, follow AASHTO T-180 Annex Correction of maximum dry density and optimum moisture for oversized particles.

Rolling operations shall be continued until the embankment is compacted to not less than 95% of maximum density for non-cohesive soils, and 90% of maximum density for cohesive soils as determined by ASTM D698. Under all areas to be paved, the embankments shall be compacted to a depth of 8 inches and to a density of not less than 95% of the maximum density as determined by ASTM D698. As used in this specification, "non-cohesive" shall mean those soils having a plasticity index (PI) of less than 3 as determined by ASTM D4318.

On all areas outside of the pavement areas, no compaction will be required on the top 4 inches which shall be prepared for a seedbed in accordance with Item T-901.

The in-place field density shall be determined in accordance with ASTM D1556 and ASTM 6938 using Procedure A, the direct transmission method, and ASTM D6938 shall be used to determine the moisture content of the material. The machine shall be calibrated in accordance with ASTM D6938. The Contractor's laboratory shall perform all density tests in the RPR's presence and provide the test results upon completion to the RPR for acceptance. If the specified density is not attained, the area represented by the test or as designated by the RPR shall be reworked and/or re-compacted and additional random tests made. This procedure shall be followed until the specified density is reached.

Compaction areas shall be kept separate, and no lift shall be covered by another lift until the proper density is obtained.

During construction of the embankment, the Contractor shall route all construction equipment evenly over the entire width of the embankment as each lift is placed. Lift placement shall begin in the deepest portion of the embankment fill. As placement progresses, the lifts shall be constructed approximately parallel to the finished pavement grade line.

When rock, concrete pavement, asphalt pavement, and other embankment material are excavated at approximately the same time as the subgrade, the material shall be incorporated into the outer portion of the embankment and the subgrade material shall be incorporated under the future paved areas. Stones, fragmentary rock, and recycled pavement larger than 4 inches in their greatest dimensions will not be allowed in the top 12 inches of the subgrade. Rockfill shall be brought up in lifts as specified or as directed by the RPR and the finer material shall be used to fill the voids forming a dense, compact mass. Rock, cement concrete pavement, asphalt pavement, and other embankment material shall not be disposed of except at places and in the manner designated on the plans or by the RPR.

When the excavated material consists predominantly of rock fragments of such size that the material cannot be placed in lifts of the prescribed thickness without crushing, pulverizing or further breaking down the pieces, such material may be placed in the embankment as directed in lifts not exceeding 2 feet in thickness. Each lift shall be leveled and smoothed with suitable equipment by distribution of spalls and finer fragments of rock. The lift shall not be constructed above an elevation 4 feet below the finished subgrade.

There will be no separate measurement of payment for compacted embankment. All costs incidental to placing in lifts, compacting, discing, watering, mixing, sloping, and other operations necessary for construction of embankments will be included in the contract price for excavation, borrow, or other items.

152-2.9 Proof rolling. The purpose of proof rolling the subgrade is to identify any weak areas in the subgrade and not for compaction of the subgrade. Before start of embankment, and after compaction is completed, but prior to lime-treatment, the subgrade area shall be proof rolled with a 30 ton Proof Roller with tires spaced not more than 32 inches on-center with tires inflated to 125 psi in the presence of the RPR. Apply a minimum of 3 coverages, or as specified by the RPR under pavement areas. A coverage is defined as the application of one tire print over the designated area. Soft areas of subgrade that deflect more than 1 inch or show permanent deformation greater than 1 inch shall be removed and replaced with suitable material or reworked to conform to the moisture content and compaction requirements in accordance with these specifications. Removal and replacement of soft areas is incidental to this item.

152-2.10 Compaction requirements. The subgrade under areas to be paved shall be compacted to a depth of 8 inches and to a density of not less than 95% of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D698. On all areas outside the pavement areas, no compaction will be required on the top 4 inches.

The material under areas to be paved to be compacted shall be within -3% and +1% of optimum moisture content before being rolled to obtain the prescribed compaction (except for expansive soils). The material under areas outside the pavement areas to be compacted shall be within -1% and +3% of optimum moisture content before being rolled to obtain the prescribed compaction (except for expansive soils). When the material has greater than 30 percent retained on the ¾ inch sieve, follow the methods in ASTM D698. Tests for moisture content and compaction will be taken at a minimum of 3,000 square yards of subgrade. All quality assurance testing shall be done by the Contractor's laboratory in the presence of the RPR, and density test results shall be furnished upon completion to the RPR for acceptance determination.

The in-place field density shall be determined in accordance with ASTM D1556 and ASTM D6938 using Procedure A, the direct transmission method, and ASTM D6938 shall be used to determine the moisture content of the material. The machine shall be calibrated in accordance with ASTM D6938 within 12 months prior to its use on this contract. The gage shall be field standardized daily.

Maximum density refers to maximum dry density at optimum moisture content unless otherwise specified.

If the specified density is not attained, the entire lot shall be reworked and/or re-compacted and additional random tests made. This procedure shall be followed until the specified density is reached.

All cut-and-fill slopes shall be uniformly dressed to the slope, cross-section, and alignment shown on the plans or as directed by the RPR and the finished subgrade shall be maintained.

152-2.11 Finishing and protection of subgrade. Finishing and protection of the subgrade is incidental to this item. Grading and compacting of the subgrade shall be performed so that it will drain readily. All low areas, holes or depressions in the subgrade shall be brought to grade. Scarifying, blading, rolling and other methods shall be performed to provide a thoroughly compacted subgrade shaped to the lines and grades shown on the plans. All ruts or rough places that develop in the completed subgrade shall be graded, re-compacted, and retested. The Contractor shall protect the subgrade from damage and limit hauling over the finished subgrade to only traffic essential for construction purposes.

The Contractor shall maintain the completed course in satisfactory condition throughout placement of subsequent layers. No subbase, base, or surface course shall be placed on the subgrade until the subgrade has been accepted by the RPR.



152-2.12 Haul. All hauling will be considered a necessary and incidental part of the work. The Contractor shall include the cost in the contract unit price for the pay of items of work involved. No payment will be made separately or directly for hauling on any part of the work.

The Contractor's equipment shall not cause damage to any excavated surface, compacted lift or to the subgrade as a result of hauling operations. Any damage caused as a result of the Contractor's hauling operations shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

The Contractor shall be responsible for providing, maintaining and removing any haul roads or routes within or outside of the work area, and shall return the affected areas to their former condition, unless otherwise authorized in writing by the Owner. No separate payment will be made for any work or materials associated with providing, maintaining and removing haul roads or routes.

152-2.13 Surface Tolerances. In those areas on which a subbase or base course is to be placed, the surface shall be tested for smoothness and accuracy of grade and crown. Any portion lacking the required smoothness or failing in accuracy of grade or crown shall be scarified to a depth of at least 3 inches, reshaped and re-compacted to grade until the required smoothness and accuracy are obtained and approved by the RPR. The Contractor shall perform all final smoothness and grade checks in the presence of the RPR. Any deviation in surface tolerances shall be corrected by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.

a. Smoothness. The finished surface shall not vary more than $\pm 1/2$ inch when tested with a 12-foot straightedge applied parallel with and at right angles to the centerline. The straightedge shall be moved continuously forward at half the length of the 12-foot straightedge for the full length of each line on a 50-foot grid.

b. Grade. The grade and crown shall be measured on a 50-foot grid and shall be within ± 0.05 feet of the specified grade.

On safety areas, turfed areas and other designated areas within the grading limits where no subbase or base is to be placed, grade shall not vary more than 0.10 feet from specified grade. Any deviation in excess of this amount shall be corrected by loosening, adding or removing materials, and reshaping.

152-2.14 Topsoil. When topsoil is specified or required as shown on the plans or under Item T-905, it shall be salvaged from stripping or other grading operations. The topsoil shall meet the requirements of Item T-905. If, at the time of excavation or stripping, the topsoil cannot be placed in its final section of finished construction, the material shall be stockpiled at approved locations. Stockpiles shall be located as shown on the plans and the approved CSPP, and shall not be placed on areas that subsequently will require any excavation or embankment fill. If, in the judgment of the RPR, it is practical to place the salvaged topsoil at the time of excavation or stripping, the material shall be placed in its final position without stockpiling or further re-handling.

Upon completion of grading operations, stockpiled topsoil shall be handled and placed as shown on the plans and as required in Item T-905. Topsoil shall be paid for as provided in Item T-905. No direct payment will be made for topsoil under Item P-152.



152-2.15 Over-Excavation. Underneath paved areas the minimum over-excavation depth is 5 feet below the existing or finished grade, whichever is greater or as shown in the plans. For the building footprint and extending 5 feet outside, the minimum over-excavation depth is 10 feet below the existing or finished floor elevation, whichever is greater. The exposed ground surface shall be scarified, moisture conditioned and compacted to a minimum depth of 8 inches. Additional over-excavation may be required as determined by the engineer where deeper soft soils do not allow for adequate compaction. The removed soils may be re-used and replaced in moisture conditioned and compacted lifts. Refer to **Section 152-2.10 Compaction Requirements** for moisture content and degree of compaction.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

152-3.1 Over-Excavation and Replacement of Unsuitable Materials shall be measured by the cubic yards in accordance with Section 152-2.2.b. Measurement shall be from the original position of the existing subgrade prior to excavation of unsuitable material less the measured surface after excavation of unsuitable material when complete. Measurement shall not include the quantity of materials excavated without authorization beyond normal slope lines, or the quantity of material used for purposes other than those directed. Measurement shall include furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to excavate, remove, haul and properly dispose of the unsuitable material off-site, asphalt millings or aggregate base course (P-209), compaction and finishing of the suitable material in its place, and including the hauling of remaining materials off-site. The work under this section requires advance approval and concurrence by the RPR. The RPR shall be on-site for any work under this section for monitoring both the contractor's survey and the work performed.

152-3.2 There will be no separate measurement or payment for Clearing and Grubbing but shall be considered incidental to other earthwork items.

BASIS OF PAYMENT

152-4.1 Over-Excavation and Replacement of Unsuitable Materials payment shall be made at the contract unit price per cubic yard. This price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the item.

Payment will be made under:

No. 7, Spec P-152-4.1	Over-Excavation and Replacement of Unsuitable Materials - per Cubic Yard
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REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO)

- AASHTO T-180 Standard Method of Test for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils Using a 10-lb Rammer and a 18-in. Drop

ASTM International (ASTM)

- ASTM D698 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort 12,400 ft-lbf/ft³
- ASTM D1556 Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by the Sand-Cone Method
- ASTM D1557 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort 56,000 ft-lbf/ft³
- ASTM D6938 Standard Test Methods for In-Place Density and Water Content of Soil and Soil-Aggregate by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth)

Advisory Circulars (AC)

- AC 150/5370-2 Operational Safety on Airports During Construction Software

Software

- FAARFIELD – FAA Rigid and Flexible Iterative Elastic Layered Design

U.S. Department of Transportation

- FAA RD-76-66 Design and Construction of Airport Pavements on Expansive Soils

END OF ITEM P-152



Item P-401 Asphalt Mix Pavement

DESCRIPTION

401-1.1 This item shall consist of pavement courses composed of mineral aggregate and asphalt binder mixed in a central mixing plant and placed on a prepared base or stabilized course in accordance with these specifications and shall conform to the lines, grades, thicknesses, and typical cross-sections shown on the plans. Each course shall be constructed to the depth, typical section, and elevation required by the plans and shall be rolled, finished, and approved before the placement of the next course.

MATERIALS

401-2.1 Aggregate. Aggregates shall consist of crushed stone, crushed gravel, crushed slag, screenings, natural sand, and mineral filler, as required. The aggregates should have no known history of detrimental pavement staining due to ferrous sulfides, such as pyrite. Coarse aggregate is the material retained on the No. 4 sieve. Fine aggregate is the material passing the No. 4 sieve.

- a. Coarse aggregate.** Coarse aggregate shall consist of sound, tough, durable particles, free from films of matter that would prevent thorough coating and bonding with the asphalt material and free from organic matter and other deleterious substances. Coarse aggregate material requirements are given in the table below.



Coarse Aggregate Material Requirements

Material Test	Requirement	Standard
Resistance to Degradation	Loss: 40% maximum	ASTM C131
Soundness of Aggregates by Use of Sodium Sulfate or Magnesium Sulfate	Loss after 5 cycles: 12% maximum using Sodium Sulfate - or - 18% maximum using Magnesium Sulfate	ASTM C88
Clay lumps and friable particles	1.0% maximum	ASTM C142
Percentage of Fractured Particles	For pavements designed for aircraft gross weights of 60,000 pounds or more: Minimum 75% by weight of particles with at least two fractured faces and 85% with at least one fractured face ¹	ASTM D5821
Percentage of Fractured Particles	For pavements designed for aircraft gross weights less than 60,000 pounds: Minimum 50% by weight of particles with at least two fractured faces and 65% with at least one fractured face ¹	ASTM D5821
Flat, Elongated, or Flat and Elongated Particles	8% maximum, by weight, of flat, elongated, or flat and elongated particles at 5:1 ²	ASTM D4791
Bulk density of slag ³	Weigh not less than 70 pounds per cubic foot	ASTM C29.

¹ The area of each face shall be equal to at least 75% of the smallest mid-sectional area of the piece. When two fractured faces are contiguous, the angle between the planes of fractures shall be at least 30 degrees to count as two fractured faces.

² A flat particle is one having a ratio of width to thickness greater than five (5); an elongated particle is one having a ratio of length to width greater than five (5).

³ Only required if slag is specified.

b. Fine aggregate. Fine aggregate shall consist of clean, sound, tough, durable, angular shaped particles produced by crushing stone, slag, or gravel and shall be free from coatings of clay, silt, or other objectionable matter. Natural (non-manufactured) sand may be used to obtain the gradation of the fine aggregate blend or to improve the workability of the mix. Fine aggregate material requirements are listed in the table below.

Fine Aggregate Material Requirements

Material Test	Requirement	Standard
Liquid limit	25 maximum	ASTM D4318
Plasticity Index	4 maximum	ASTM D4318
Soundness of Aggregates by Use of Sodium Sulfate or Magnesium Sulfate	Loss after 5 cycles: 10% maximum using Sodium Sulfate - or - 15% maximum using Magnesium Sulfate	ASTM C88
Clay lumps and friable particles	1.0% maximum	ASTM C142
Sand equivalent	45 minimum	ASTM D2419
Natural Sand	0% to 15% maximum by weight of total aggregate	ASTM D1073

c. Sampling. ASTM D75 shall be used in sampling coarse and fine aggregate.

401-2.2 Mineral filler. Mineral filler (baghouse fines) may be added in addition to material naturally present in the aggregate. Mineral filler shall meet the requirements of ASTM D242.

Mineral Filler Requirements

Material Test	Requirement	Standard
Plasticity Index	4 maximum	ASTM D4318

401-2.3 Asphalt binder. Asphalt binder shall conform to ASTM D6373 Performance Grade (PG) 70-16.

Asphalt Binder PG Plus Test Requirements

Material Test	Requirement	Standard
Elastic Recovery	75% minimum	ASTM D6084 ¹

¹ Follow procedure B on RTFO aged binder.]

401-2.4 Anti-stripping agent. Any anti-stripping agent or additive (anti-strip) shall be heat stable and shall not change the asphalt binder grade beyond specifications. Anti-strip shall be an approved material of the Department of Transportation of the State in which the project is located.

COMPOSITION

401-3.1 Composition of mixture(s). The asphalt mix shall be composed of a mixture of aggregates, filler and anti-strip agent if required, and asphalt binder. The aggregate fractions shall be sized, handled in separate size groups, and combined in such proportions that the resulting mixture meets the grading requirements of the job mix formula (JMF).

401-3.2 Job mix formula (JMF) laboratory. The laboratory used to develop the JMF shall possess a current certificate of accreditation, listing D3666 from a national accrediting authority and all test methods required for developing the JMF; and be listed on the accrediting authority's website. A copy of the laboratory's current accreditation and accredited test methods shall be submitted to the Resident Project Representative (RPR) prior to start of construction.

401-3.3 Job mix formula (JMF). No asphalt mixture shall be placed until an acceptable mix design has been submitted to the RPR for review and accepted in writing. The RPR's review shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility to select and proportion the materials to comply with this section.

When the project requires asphalt mixtures of differing aggregate gradations and/or binders, a separate JMF shall be submitted for each mix. Add anti-stripping agent to meet tensile strength requirements.

The JMF shall be prepared by an accredited laboratory that meets the requirements of paragraph 401-3.2. The asphalt mixture shall be designed using procedures contained in Asphalt Institute MS-2 Mix Design Manual, 7th Edition. Samples shall be prepared and compacted using a Marshall compactor in accordance with ASTM D6926.

Should a change in sources of materials be made, a new JMF must be submitted to the RPR for review and accepted in writing before the new material is used. After the initial production JMF has been approved by the RPR and a new or modified JMF is required for whatever reason, the subsequent cost of the new or modified JMF, including a new control strip when required by the RPR, will be borne by the Contractor.

The RPR may request samples at any time for testing, prior to and during production, to verify the quality of the materials and to ensure conformance with the applicable specifications.

The JMF shall be submitted in writing by the Contractor at least 30 days prior to the start of paving operations. The JMF shall be developed within the same construction season using aggregates proposed for project use.

The JMF shall be dated, and stamped or sealed by the responsible professional Engineer of the laboratory and shall include the following items as a minimum:

- Manufacturer's Certificate of Analysis (COA) for the asphalt binder used in the JMF in accordance with paragraph 401-2.3. Certificate of asphalt performance grade is with modifier already added, if used and must indicate compliance with ASTM D6373. For plant modified asphalt binder, certified test report indicating grade certification of modified asphalt binder.
- Manufacturer's Certificate of Analysis (COA) for the anti-stripping agent if used in the JMF in accordance with paragraph 401-2.4.
- Certified material test reports for the course and fine aggregate and mineral filler in accordance with paragraphs 401-2.1.

- Percent passing each sieve size for individual gradation of each aggregate cold feed and/or hot bin; percent by weight of each cold feed and/or hot bin used; and the total combined gradation in the JMF.
- Specific Gravity and absorption of each coarse and fine aggregate.
- Percent natural sand.
- Percent fractured faces.
- Percent by weight of flat particles, elongated particles, and flat and elongated particles (and criteria).
- Percent of asphalt.
- Number of blows or gyrations
- Laboratory mixing and compaction temperatures.
- Supplier-recommended field mixing and compaction temperatures.
- Plot of the combined gradation on a 0.45 power gradation curve.
- Graphical plots of air voids, voids in the mineral aggregate (VMA), and unit weight versus asphalt content. To achieve minimum VMA during production, the mix design needs to account for material breakdown during production.
- Tensile Strength Ratio (TSR).
- Type and amount of Anti-strip agent when used.
- Asphalt Pavement Analyzer (APA) results.
- Date the JMF was developed. Mix designs that are not dated or which are from a prior construction season shall not be accepted.

Table 1. Asphalt Design Criteria

Test Property	Value	Test Method
Number of blows or gyrations	75	
Air voids (%)	3.5	ASTM D3203
Percent voids in mineral aggregate (VMA), minimum	See Table 2	ASTM D6995
Tensile Strength Ratio (TSR) ¹	not less than 80 at a saturation of 70-80%	ASTM D4867
Asphalt Pavement Analyzer (APA) ²	Less than 10 mm @ 4000 passes	AASHTO T340 at 250 psi hose pressure at 64°C test temperature

¹ Test specimens for TSR shall be compacted at 7 ± 1.0 % air voids. In areas subject to freeze-thaw, use freeze-thaw conditioning in lieu of moisture conditioning per ASTM D4867.

- ² AASHTO T340 at 100 psi hose pressure at 64°C test temperature may be used in the interim. If this method is used the required Value shall be less than 5 mm @ 8000 passes

The mineral aggregate shall be of such size that the percentage composition by weight, as determined by laboratory sieves, will conform to the gradation or gradations specified in Table 2 when tested in accordance with ASTM C136 and ASTM C117.

The gradations in Table 2 represent the limits that shall determine the suitability of aggregate for use from the sources of supply; be well graded from coarse to fine and shall not vary from the low limit on one sieve to the high limit on the adjacent sieve, or vice versa.

Table 2. Aggregate - Asphalt Pavements

Sieve Size	Percentage by Weight Passing Sieve
1 inch	-
3/4 inch	100
1/2 inch	90-100
3/8 inch	72-88
No. 4	53-73
No. 8	38-60
No. 16	26-48
No. 30	18-38
No. 50	11-27
No. 100	6-18
No. 200	3-6
Minimum Voids in Mineral Aggregate (VMA)¹	15.0
Asphalt Percent:	
Stone or gravel	5.0-7.5
Slag	6.5-9.5
Recommended Minimum Construction Lift Thickness	2 inch

- ¹ To achieve minimum VMA during production, the mix design needs to account for material breakdown during production.

The aggregate gradations shown are based on aggregates of uniform specific gravity. The percentages passing the various sieves shall be corrected when aggregates of varying specific gravities are used, as indicated in the Asphalt Institute MS-2 Mix Design Manual, 7th Edition.



401-3.4 Reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP). RAP shall not be used.

401-3.5 Control Strip. Full production shall not begin until an acceptable control strip has been constructed and accepted in writing by the RPR. The Contractor shall prepare and place a quantity of asphalt according to the JMF. The underlying grade or pavement structure upon which the control strip is to be constructed shall be the same as the remainder of the course represented by the control strip.

The Contractor will not be allowed to place the control strip until the Contractor quality control program (CQCP), showing conformance with the requirements of paragraph 401-5.1, has been accepted, in writing, by the RPR.

The control strip will consist of at least 250 tons or 1/2 subplot, whichever is greater. The control strip shall be placed in two lanes of the same width and depth to be used in production with a longitudinal cold joint. The cold joint must be cut back in accordance with paragraph 401-4.14 using the same procedure that will be used during production. The cold joint for the control strip will be an exposed construction joint at least four (4) hours old or when the mat has cooled to less than 160°F. The equipment used in construction of the control strip shall be the same type, configuration and weight to be used on the project.

The control strip will be considered acceptable by the RPR if the gradation, asphalt content, and VMA are within the action limits specified in paragraph 401-5.5a; and Mat density greater than or equal to 94.5%, air voids 3.5% +/- 1%, and joint density greater than or equal to 92.5%.

If the control strip is unacceptable, necessary adjustments to the JMF, plant operation, placing procedures, and/or rolling procedures shall be made and another control strip shall be placed. Unacceptable control strips shall be removed at the Contractor’s expense.

The control strip will be considered one lot for payment based upon the average of a minimum of 3 samples (no sublots required for control strip). Payment will only be made for an acceptable control strip in accordance with paragraph 401-8.1 using a lot pay factor equal to 100.

CONSTRUCTION METHODS

401-4.1 Weather limitations. The asphalt shall not be placed upon a wet surface or when the surface temperature of the underlying course is less than specified in Table 3. The temperature requirements may be waived by the RPR, if requested; however, all other requirements including compaction shall be met.

Table 3. Surface Temperature Limitations of Underlying Course

Mat Thickness	Base Temperature (Minimum)
3 inches or greater	40°F
Greater than 2 inches but less than 3 inches	45°F



401-4.2 Asphalt plant. Plants used for the preparation of asphalt shall conform to the requirements of American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) M156 including the following items.

a. Inspection of plant. The RPR, or RPR's authorized representative, shall have access, at all times, to all areas of the plant for checking adequacy of equipment; inspecting operation of the plant; verifying weights, proportions, and material properties; and checking the temperatures maintained in the preparation of the mixtures.

b. Storage bins and surge bins. The asphalt mixture stored in storage and/or surge bins shall meet the same requirements as asphalt mixture loaded directly into trucks. Asphalt mixture shall not be stored in storage and/or surge bins for a period greater than twelve (12) hours. If the RPR determines there is an excessive heat loss, segregation, or oxidation of the asphalt mixture due to temporary storage, temporary storage shall not be allowed.

401-4.3 Aggregate stockpile management. Aggregate stockpiles shall be constructed in a manner that prevents segregation and intermixing of deleterious materials. Aggregates from different sources shall be stockpiled, weighed and batched separately at the asphalt batch plant. Aggregates that have become segregated or mixed with earth or foreign material shall not be used.

A continuous supply of materials shall be provided to the work to ensure continuous placement.

401-4.4 Hauling equipment. Trucks used for hauling asphalt shall have tight, clean, and smooth metal beds. To prevent the asphalt from sticking to the truck beds, the truck beds shall be lightly coated with a minimum amount of paraffin oil, lime solution, or other material approved by the RPR. Petroleum products shall not be used for coating truck beds. Each truck shall have a suitable cover to protect the mixture from adverse weather. When necessary, to ensure that the mixture will be delivered to the site at the specified temperature, truck beds shall be insulated or heated and covers shall be securely fastened.

401-4.4.1 Material transfer vehicle (MTV). Material transfer vehicles are not required.

401-4.5 Asphalt pavers. Asphalt pavers shall be self-propelled with an activated heated screed, capable of spreading and finishing courses of asphalt that will meet the specified thickness, smoothness, and grade. The paver shall have sufficient power to propel itself and the hauling equipment without adversely affecting the finished surface. The asphalt paver shall be equipped with a control system capable of automatically maintaining the specified screed grade and elevation.

If the spreading and finishing equipment in use leaves tracks or indented areas, or produces other blemishes in the pavement that are not satisfactorily corrected by the scheduled operations, the use of such equipment shall be discontinued.

The paver shall be capable of paving to a minimum width specified in paragraph 401-4.12.

401-4.6 Rollers. The number, type, and weight of rollers shall be sufficient to compact the asphalt to the required density while it is still in a workable condition without crushing of the aggregate, depressions or other damage to the pavement surface. Rollers shall be in good condition, clean, and capable of operating at slow speeds to avoid displacement of the asphalt. All rollers shall be specifically designed and suitable



for compacting asphalt concrete and shall be properly used. Rollers that impair the stability of any layer of a pavement structure or underlying soils shall not be used.

401-4.7 Density device. The Contractor shall have on site a density gauge during all paving operations in order to assist in the determination of the optimum rolling pattern, type of roller and frequencies, as well as to monitor the effect of the rolling operations during production paving. The Contractor shall supply a qualified technician during all paving operations to calibrate the gauge and obtain accurate density readings for all new asphalt. These densities shall be supplied to the RPR upon request at any time during construction. No separate payment will be made for supplying the density gauge and technician.

401-4.8 Preparation of asphalt binder. The asphalt binder shall be heated in a manner that will avoid local overheating and provide a continuous supply of the asphalt binder to the mixer at a uniform temperature. The temperature of unmodified asphalt binder delivered to the mixer shall be sufficient to provide a suitable viscosity for adequate coating of the aggregate particles, but shall not exceed 325°F when added to the aggregate. The temperature of modified asphalt binder shall be no more than 350°F when added to the aggregate.

401-4.9 Preparation of mineral aggregate. The aggregate for the asphalt shall be heated and dried. The maximum temperature and rate of heating shall be such that no damage occurs to the aggregates. The temperature of the aggregate and mineral filler shall not exceed 350°F when the asphalt binder is added. Particular care shall be taken that aggregates high in calcium or magnesium content are not damaged by overheating. The temperature shall not be lower than is required to obtain complete coating and uniform distribution on the aggregate particles and to provide a mixture of satisfactory workability.

401-4.10 Preparation of Asphalt mixture. The aggregates and the asphalt binder shall be weighed or metered and mixed in the amount specified by the JMF. The combined materials shall be mixed until the aggregate obtains a uniform coating of asphalt binder and is thoroughly distributed throughout the mixture. Wet mixing time shall be the shortest time that will produce a satisfactory mixture, but not less than 25 seconds for batch plants. The wet mixing time for all plants shall be established by the Contractor, based on the procedure for determining the percentage of coated particles described in ASTM D2489, for each individual plant and for each type of aggregate used. The wet mixing time will be set to achieve 95% of coated particles. For continuous mix plants, the minimum mixing time shall be determined by dividing the weight of its contents at operating level by the weight of the mixture delivered per second by the mixer. The moisture content of all asphalt upon discharge shall not exceed 0.5%.

401-4.11 Application of Prime and Tack Coat. Immediately before placing the asphalt mixture, the underlying course shall be cleaned of all dust and debris.

A tack coat shall be applied in accordance with Item P-603 to all vertical and horizontal asphalt and concrete surfaces prior to placement of the first and each subsequent lift of asphalt mixture.

401-4.12 Laydown plan, transporting, placing, and finishing. Prior to the placement of the asphalt, the Contractor shall prepare a laydown plan with the sequence of paving lanes and width to minimize the number of cold joints; the location of any temporary ramps; laydown temperature; and estimated time of completion for each portion of the work (milling, paving, rolling, cooling, etc.). The laydown plan and any modifications shall be approved by the RPR.



Deliveries shall be scheduled so that placing and compacting of asphalt is uniform with minimum stopping and starting of the paver. Hauling over freshly placed material shall not be permitted until the material has been compacted, as specified, and allowed to cool to approximately ambient temperature. The Contractor, at their expense, shall be responsible for repair of any damage to the pavement caused by hauling operations.

Contractor shall survey each lift of asphalt surface course and certify to RPR that every lot of each lift meets the grade tolerances of paragraph 401-6.2d before the next lift can be placed.

Edges of existing asphalt pavement abutting the new work shall be saw cut and the cut off material and laitance removed. Apply a tack coat in accordance with P-603 before new asphalt material is placed against it.

The speed of the paver shall be regulated to eliminate pulling and tearing of the asphalt mat. Placement of the asphalt mix shall begin along the centerline of a crowned section or on the high side of areas with a one way slope unless shown otherwise on the laydown plan as accepted by the RPR. The asphalt mix shall be placed in consecutive adjacent lanes having a minimum width of 12 feet except where edge lanes require less width to complete the area. Additional screed sections attached to widen the paver to meet the minimum lane width requirements must include additional auger sections to move the asphalt mixture uniformly along the screed extension.

The longitudinal joint in one course shall offset the longitudinal joint in the course immediately below by at least one foot; however, the joint in the surface top course shall be at the centerline of crowned pavements. Transverse joints in one course shall be offset by at least 10 feet from transverse joints in the previous course. Transverse joints in adjacent lanes shall be offset a minimum of 10 feet. On areas where irregularities or unavoidable obstacles make the use of mechanical spreading and finishing equipment impractical, the asphalt may be spread and luted by hand tools.

The RPR may at any time, reject any batch of asphalt, on the truck or placed in the mat, which is rendered unfit for use due to contamination, segregation, incomplete coating of aggregate, or overheated asphalt mixture. Such rejection may be based on only visual inspection or temperature measurements. In the event of such rejection, the Contractor may take a representative sample of the rejected material in the presence of the RPR, and if it can be demonstrated in the laboratory, in the presence of the RPR, that such material was erroneously rejected, payment will be made for the material at the contract unit price.

Areas of segregation in the surface course, as determined by the RPR, shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense. The area shall be removed by saw cutting and milling a minimum of the construction lift thickness as specified in paragraph 401-3.3, Table 2 for the approved mix design. The area to be removed and replaced shall be a minimum width of the paver and a minimum of 10 feet long.

401-4.13 Compaction of asphalt mixture. After placing, the asphalt mixture shall be thoroughly and uniformly compacted by self-propelled rollers. The surface shall be compacted as soon as possible when the asphalt has attained sufficient stability so that the rolling does not cause undue displacement, cracking or shoving. The sequence of rolling operations and the type of rollers used shall be at the discretion of the Contractor. The speed of the roller shall, at all times, be sufficiently slow to avoid displacement of the hot mixture and be effective in compaction. Any surface defects and/or displacement occurring as a result of the roller, or from any other cause, shall be corrected at the Contractor's expense.



Sufficient rollers shall be furnished to handle the output of the plant. Rolling shall continue until the surface is of uniform texture, true to grade and cross-section, and the required field density is obtained. To prevent adhesion of the asphalt to the roller, the wheels shall be equipped with a scraper and kept moistened with water as necessary.

In areas not accessible to the roller, the mixture shall be thoroughly compacted with approved power tampers.

Any asphalt that becomes loose and broken, mixed with dirt, contains check-cracking, or in any way defective shall be removed and replaced with fresh hot mixture and immediately compacted to conform to the surrounding area. This work shall be done at the Contractor's expense. Skin patching shall not be allowed.

401-4.14 Joints. The formation of all joints shall be made to ensure a continuous bond between the courses and obtain the required density. All joints shall have the same texture as other sections of the course and meet the requirements for smoothness and grade.

The roller shall not pass over the unprotected end of the freshly laid asphalt except when necessary to form a transverse joint. When necessary to form a transverse joint, it shall be made by means of placing a bulkhead or by tapering the course. The tapered edge shall be cut back to its full depth and width on a straight line to expose a vertical face prior to placing the adjacent lane. In both methods, all contact surfaces shall be coated with an asphalt tack coat before placing any fresh asphalt against the joint.

Longitudinal joints which have been left exposed for more than four (4) hours; the surface temperature has cooled to less than 175°F; or are irregular, damaged, uncompacted or otherwise defective shall be cut back with a cutting wheel or pavement saw a maximum of 3 inches to expose a clean, sound, uniform vertical surface for the full depth of the course. All cutback material and any laitance produced from cutting joints shall be removed from the project. Asphalt tack coat in accordance with P-603 shall be applied to the clean, dry joint prior to placing any additional fresh asphalt against the joint. The cost of this work shall be considered incidental to the cost of the asphalt.

401-4.15 Saw-cut grooving. Saw-cut grooving is not required.

401-4.16 Diamond grinding. Diamond grinding shall be accomplished by sawing with saw blades impregnated with industrial diamond abrasive.

Diamond grinding shall be performed with a machine designed specifically for diamond grinding capable of cutting a path at least 3 feet wide. The saw blades shall be 1/8-inch wide with a sufficient number of blades to create grooves between 0.090 and 0.130 inches wide; and peaks and ridges approximately 1/32 inch higher than the bottom of the grinding cut. The actual number of blades will be determined by the Contractor and depend on the hardness of the aggregate. Equipment or grinding procedures that cause ravels, aggregate fractures, spalls or disturbance to the pavement will not be permitted. Contractor shall demonstrate to the RPR that the grinding equipment will produce satisfactory results prior to making corrections to surfaces. Grinding will be tapered in all directions to provide smooth transitions to areas not requiring grinding. The slurry resulting from the grinding operation shall be continuously removed and the pavement left in a clean condition. The Contractor shall apply a surface treatment per P-608 to all areas that have been subject to grinding.



401-4.17 Nighttime paving requirements. The Contractor shall provide adequate lighting during any nighttime construction. A lighting plan shall be submitted by the Contractor and approved by the RPR prior to the start of any nighttime work. All work shall be in accordance with the approved CSPP and lighting plan.

CONTRACTOR QUALITY CONTROL (CQC)

401-5.1 General. The Contractor shall develop a Contractor Quality Control Program (CQCP) in accordance with Item C-100. No partial payment will be made for materials without an approved CQCP.

401-5.2 Contractor quality control (QC) facilities. The Contractor shall provide or contract for testing facilities in accordance with Item C-100. The RPR shall be permitted unrestricted access to inspect the Contractor's QC facilities and witness QC activities. The RPR will advise the Contractor in writing of any noted deficiencies concerning the QC facility, equipment, supplies, or testing personnel and procedures. When the deficiencies are serious enough to be adversely affecting the test results, the incorporation of the materials into the work shall be suspended immediately and will not be permitted to resume until the deficiencies are satisfactorily corrected.

401-5.3 Contractor QC testing. The Contractor shall perform all QC tests necessary to control the production and construction processes applicable to these specifications and as set forth in the approved CQCP. The testing program shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, tests for the control of asphalt content, aggregate gradation, temperatures, aggregate moisture, field compaction, and surface smoothness. A QC Testing Plan shall be developed as part of the CQCP.

a. Asphalt content. A minimum of two tests shall be performed per day in accordance with ASTM D6307 or ASTM D2172 for determination of asphalt content. When using ASTM D6307, the correction factor shall be determined as part of the first test performed at the beginning of plant production; and as part of every tenth test performed thereafter. The asphalt content for the day will be determined by averaging the test results.

b. Gradation. Aggregate gradations shall be determined a minimum of twice per day from mechanical analysis of extracted aggregate in accordance with ASTM D5444, ASTM C136, and ASTM C117.

c. Moisture content of aggregate. The moisture content of aggregate used for production shall be determined a minimum of once per day in accordance with ASTM C566.

d. Moisture content of asphalt. The moisture content shall be determined once per day in accordance with AASHTO T329 or ASTM D1461.

e. Temperatures. Temperatures shall be checked, at least four times per day, at necessary locations to determine the temperatures of the dryer, the asphalt binder in the storage tank, the asphalt at the plant, and the asphalt at the job site.

f. In-place density monitoring. The Contractor shall conduct any necessary testing to ensure that the specified density is being achieved. A nuclear gauge may be used to monitor the pavement density in accordance with ASTM D2950.



g. Smoothness for Contractor Quality Control.

The Contractor shall perform smoothness testing in transverse and longitudinal directions daily to verify that the construction processes are producing pavement with variances less than 1/4 inch in 12 feet, identifying areas that may pond water which could lead to hydroplaning of aircraft. If the smoothness criteria is not met, appropriate changes and corrections to the construction process shall be made by the Contractor before construction continues.

The Contractor may use a 12-foot "straightedge, a rolling inclinometer meeting the requirements of ASTM E2133 or rolling external reference device that can simulate a 12-foot straightedge approved by the RPR. Straight-edge testing shall start with one-half the length of the straightedge at the edge of pavement section being tested and then moved ahead one-half the length of the straightedge for each successive measurement. Testing shall be continuous across all joints. The surface irregularity shall be determined by placing the freestanding (unleveled) straightedge on the pavement surface and allowing it to rest upon the two highest spots covered by its length, and measuring the maximum gap between the straightedge and the pavement surface in the area between the two high points. If the rolling inclinometer or external reference device is used, the data may be evaluated using either the FAA profile program, ProFAA, or FHWA ProVal, using the 12-foot straightedge simulation function.

Smoothness readings shall not be made across grade changes or cross slope transitions. The transition between new and existing pavement shall be evaluated separately for conformance with the plans.

1. Transverse measurements. Transverse measurements shall be taken for each day's production placed. Transverse measurements shall be taken perpendicular to the pavement centerline each 50 feet or more often as determined by the RPR. The joint between lanes shall be tested separately to facilitate smoothness between lanes.

2. Longitudinal measurements. Longitudinal measurements shall be taken for each day's production placed. Longitudinal tests shall be parallel to the centerline of paving; at the center of paving lanes when widths of paving lanes are less than 20 feet; and at the third points of paving lanes when widths of paving lanes are 20 ft or greater. When placement abuts previously placed material the first measurement shall start with one half the length of the straight edge on the previously placed material.

Deviations on the final surface course in either the transverse or longitudinal direction that will trap water greater than 1/4 inch shall be corrected with diamond grinding per paragraph 401-4.16 or by removing and replacing the surface course to full depth. Grinding shall be tapered in all directions to provide smooth transitions to areas not requiring grinding. All areas in which diamond grinding has been performed shall be subject to the final pavement thickness tolerances specified in paragraph 401-6.1d(3). Areas that have been ground shall be sealed with a surface treatment in accordance with Item P-608. To avoid the surface treatment creating any conflict with runway or taxiway markings, it may be necessary to seal a larger area.

Control charts shall be kept to show area of each day's placement and the percentage of corrective grinding required. Corrections to production and placement shall be initiated when corrective grinding is required. If the Contractor's machines and/or methods produce significant areas that need corrective actions in excess of 10 percent of a day's production, production shall be stopped until corrective measures are implemented by the Contractor.



h. Grade. Grade shall be evaluated daily to allow adjustments to paving operations when grade measurements do not meet specifications. As a minimum, grade shall be evaluated prior to and after the placement of the first lift and after placement of the surface lift.

Measurements will be taken at appropriate gradelines (as a minimum at center and edges of paving lane) and longitudinal spacing as shown on cross-sections and plans. The final surface of the pavement will not vary from the gradeline elevations and cross-sections shown on the plans by more than 1/2 inch vertically and 0.1 feet laterally. The documentation will be provided by the Contractor to the RPR by the end of the following working day.

Areas with humps or depressions that exceed grade or smoothness criteria and that retain water on the surface must be ground off provided the course thickness after grinding is not more than 1/2 inch less than the thickness specified on the plans. Grinding shall be in accordance with paragraph 401-4.16.

The Contractor shall repair low areas or areas that cannot be corrected by grinding by removal of deficient areas to the depth of the final course plus 1/2 inch and replacing with new material. Skin patching is not allowed.

401-5.4 Sampling. When directed by the RPR, the Contractor shall sample and test any material that appears inconsistent with similar material being sampled, unless such material is voluntarily removed and replaced or deficiencies corrected by the Contractor. All sampling shall be in accordance with standard procedures specified.

401-5.5 Control charts. The Contractor shall maintain linear control charts for both individual measurements and range (i.e. difference between highest and lowest measurements) for aggregate gradation, asphalt content, and VMA. The VMA for each day will be calculated and monitored by the QC laboratory.

Control charts shall be posted in a location satisfactory to the RPR and kept current. As a minimum, the control charts shall identify the project number, the contract item number, the test number, each test parameter, the Action and Suspension Limits applicable to each test parameter, and the Contractor's test results. The Contractor shall use the control charts as part of a process control system for identifying potential problems and assignable causes before they occur. If the Contractor's projected data during production indicates a problem and the Contractor is not taking satisfactory corrective action, the RPR may suspend production or acceptance of the material.

a. Individual measurements. Control charts for individual measurements shall be established to maintain process control within tolerance for aggregate gradation, asphalt content, and VMA. The control charts shall use the job mix formula target values as indicators of central tendency for the following test parameters with associated Action and Suspension Limits:

Control Chart Limits for Individual Measurements

Sieve	Action Limit	Suspension Limit
3/4 inch	±6%	±9%
1/2 inch	±6%	±9%
3/8 inch	±6%	±9%
No. 4	±6%	±9%
No. 16	±5%	±7.5%
No. 50	±3%	±4.5%
No. 200	±2%	±3%
Asphalt Content	±0.45%	±0.70%
Minimum VMA	-0.5%	-1.0%

b. Range. Control charts shall be established to control gradation process variability. The range shall be plotted as the difference between the two test results for each control parameter. The Suspension Limits specified below are based on a sample size of $n = 2$. Should the Contractor elect to perform more than two tests per lot, the Suspension Limits shall be adjusted by multiplying the Suspension Limit by 1.18 for $n = 3$ and by 1.27 for $n = 4$.

Control Chart Limits Based on Range

Sieve	Suspension Limit
1/2 inch	11%
3/8 inch	11%
No. 4	11%
No. 16	9%
No. 50	6%
No. 200	3.5%
Asphalt Content	0.8%

c. Corrective Action. The CQCP shall indicate that appropriate action shall be taken when the process is believed to be out of tolerance. The Plan shall contain rules to gauge when a process is out of control and detail what action will be taken to bring the process into control. As a minimum, a process shall be deemed out of control and production stopped and corrective action taken, if:

1. One point falls outside the Suspension Limit line for individual measurements or range; or
2. Two points in a row fall outside the Action Limit line for individual measurements.



401-5.6 QC reports. The Contractor shall maintain records and shall submit reports of QC activities daily, in accordance with Item C-100.

MATERIAL ACCEPTANCE

401-6.1 Acceptance sampling and testing. Unless otherwise specified, all acceptance sampling and testing necessary to determine conformance with the requirements specified in this section will be performed by the RPR at no cost to the Contractor except that coring as required in this section shall be completed and paid for by the Contractor.

a. Quality assurance (QA) testing laboratory. The QA testing laboratory performing these acceptance tests will be accredited in accordance with ASTM D3666. The QA laboratory accreditation will be current and listed on the accrediting authority's website. All test methods required for acceptance sampling and testing will be listed on the lab accreditation.

b. Lot size. A standard lot will be equal to one day's production divided into approximately equal sublots of between 400 to 600 tons. When only one or two sublots are produced in a day's production, the sublots will be combined with the production lot from the previous or next day.

Where more than one plant is simultaneously producing asphalt for the job, the lot sizes will apply separately for each plant.

c. Asphalt air voids. Plant-produced asphalt will be tested for air voids on a subplot basis.

1. Sampling. Material from each subplot shall be sampled in accordance with ASTM D3665. Samples shall be taken from material deposited into trucks at the plant or at the job site in accordance with ASTM D979. The sample of asphalt may be put in a covered metal tin and placed in an oven for not less than 30 minutes nor more than 60 minutes to maintain the material at or above the compaction temperature as specified in the JMF.

2. Testing. Air voids will be determined for each subplot in accordance with ASTM D3203 for a set of compacted specimens prepared in accordance with ASTM D6926.

d. In-place asphalt mat and joint density. Each subplot will be tested for in-place mat and joint density as a percentage of the theoretical maximum density (TMD).

1. Sampling. The Contractor will cut minimum 5 inch diameter samples in accordance with ASTM D5361. The Contractor shall furnish all tools, labor, and materials for cleaning, and filling the cored pavement. Laitance produced by the coring operation shall be removed immediately after coring, and core holes shall be filled within one day after sampling in a manner acceptable to the RPR.

2. Bond. Each lift of asphalt shall be bonded to the underlying layer. If cores reveal that the surface is not bonded, additional cores shall be taken as directed by the RPR to determine the extent of unbonded areas. Unbonded areas shall be removed by milling and replaced at no additional cost as directed by the RPR.



3. Thickness. Thickness of each lift of surface course will be evaluated by the RPR for compliance to the requirements shown on the plans after any necessary corrections for grade. Measurements of thickness will be made using the cores extracted for each subplot for density measurement. The maximum allowable deficiency at any point will not be more than 1/4 inch less than the thickness indicated for the lift. Average thickness of lift, or combined lifts, will not be less than the indicated thickness. Where the thickness tolerances are not met, the lot or subplot shall be corrected by the Contractor at his expense by removing the deficient area and replacing with new pavement. The Contractor, at his expense, may take additional cores as approved by the RPR to circumscribe the deficient area.

4. Mat density. One core shall be taken from each subplot. Core locations will be determined by the RPR in accordance with ASTM D3665. Cores for mat density shall not be taken closer than one foot (30 cm) from a transverse or longitudinal joint. The bulk specific gravity of each cored sample will be determined in accordance with ASTM D2726. The percent compaction (density) of each sample will be determined by dividing the bulk specific gravity of each subplot sample by the TMD for that subplot.

5. Joint density. One core centered over the longitudinal joint shall be taken for each subplot that has a longitudinal joint. Core locations will be determined by the RPR in accordance with ASTM D3665. The bulk specific gravity of each core sample will be determined in accordance with ASTM D2726. The percent compaction (density) of each sample will be determined by dividing the bulk specific gravity of each joint density sample by the average TMD for the lot. The TMD used to determine the joint density at joints formed between lots will be the lower of the average TMD values from the adjacent lots.

401-6.2 Acceptance criteria.

a. General. Acceptance will be based on the implementation of the Contractor Quality Control Program (CQCP) and the following characteristics of the asphalt and completed pavements: air voids, mat density, joint density, grade.

b. Air Voids and Mat density. Acceptance of each lot of plant produced material for mat density and air voids will be based on the percentage of material within specification limits (PWL). If the PWL of the lot equals or exceeds 90%, the lot will be acceptable. Acceptance and payment will be determined in accordance with paragraph 401-8.1.

c. Joint density. Acceptance of each lot of plant produced asphalt for joint density will be based on the PWL. If the PWL of the lot is equal to or exceeds 90%, the lot will be considered acceptable. If the PWL is less than 90%, the Contractor shall evaluate the reason and act accordingly. If the PWL is less than 80%, the Contractor shall cease operations and until the reason for poor compaction has been determined. If the PWL is less than 71%, the pay factor for the lot used to complete the joint will be reduced by five (5) percentage points. This lot pay factor reduction will be incorporated and evaluated in accordance with paragraph 401-8.1.

d. Grade. The final finished surface of the pavement shall be surveyed to verify that the grade elevations and cross-sections shown on the plans do not deviate more than 1/2 inch vertically or 0.1 feet laterally.

Cross-sections of the pavement shall be taken at a minimum 50-foot longitudinal spacing, at all longitudinal grade breaks, and at start and end of each lane placed. Minimum cross-section grade points shall include grade at centerline, and edge of taxiway pavement.



The survey and documentation shall be stamped and signed by a licensed surveyor. Payment for sublots that do not meet grade for over 25% of the subplot shall not be more than 95%.

401-6.3 Resampling pavement for mat density.

a. General. Resampling of a lot of pavement will only be allowed for mat density, and then, only if the Contractor requests same, in writing, within 48 hours after receiving the written test results from the RPR. A retest will consist of all the sampling and testing procedures contained in paragraphs 401-6.1d and 401-6.2b. Only one resampling per lot will be permitted.

1. A redefined PWL will be calculated for the resampled lot. The number of tests used to calculate the redefined PWL will include the initial tests made for that lot plus the retests.
2. The cost for resampling and retesting shall be borne by the Contractor.

b. Payment for resampled lots. The redefined PWL for a resampled lot will be used to calculate the payment for that lot in accordance with Table 4.

Table 4. Price adjustment schedule¹

Percentage of material within specification limits (PWL)	Lot pay factor (percent of contract unit price)
96 – 100	106
90 – 95	PWL + 10
75 – 89	0.5 PWL + 55
55 – 74	1.4 PWL – 12
Below 55	Reject ²

- ¹ Although it is theoretically possible to achieve a pay factor of 106% for each lot, actual payment above 100% shall be subject to the total project payment limitation specified in paragraph 401-8.1a.
- ² The lot shall be removed and replaced. However, the RPR may decide to allow the rejected lot to remain. In that case, if the RPR and Contractor agree in writing that the lot shall not be removed, it shall be paid for at 50% of the contract unit price and the total project payment shall be reduced by the amount withheld for the rejected lot.

c. Outliers. Check for outliers in accordance with ASTM E178, at a significance level of 5%.



METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

401-7.1 Measurement. Asphalt shall be measured by the number of square yards of asphalt used in the accepted work.

BASIS OF PAYMENT

401-8.1 Payment. Payment for a lot of asphalt mixture meeting all acceptance criteria as specified in paragraph 401-6.2 shall be made at the contract unit price per square yard of asphalt placed at the depth specified in the plans. The price shall be compensation for furnishing all materials, for all preparation, mixing, and placing of these materials, and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the item.

401-8.1 Payment.

Payment will be made under:

No. 8, Spec P-401-8.1	Bituminous Surface Course (FAA 3/4", 2-Inch Thickness) - per Square Yard
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REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

ASTM International (ASTM)

ASTM C29	Standard Test Method for Bulk Density ("Unit Weight") and Voids in Aggregate
ASTM C88	Standard Test Method for Soundness of Aggregates by Use of Sodium Sulfate or Magnesium Sulfate
ASTM C117	Standard Test Method for Materials Finer than 75-μm (No. 200) Sieve in Mineral Aggregates by Washing
ASTM C127	Standard Test Method for Density, Relative Density (Specific Gravity) and Absorption of Coarse Aggregate
ASTM C131	Standard Test Method for Resistance to Degradation of Small-Size Coarse Aggregate by Abrasion and Impact in the Los Angeles Machine
ASTM C136	Standard Test Method for Sieve or Screen Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates
ASTM C142	Standard Test Method for Clay Lumps and Friable Particles in Aggregates
ASTM C566	Standard Test Method for Total Evaporable Moisture Content of Aggregate by Drying
ASTM D75	Standard Practice for Sampling Aggregates
ASTM D242	Standard Specification for Mineral Filler for Bituminous Paving Mixtures
ASTM D946	Standard Specification for Penetration-Graded Asphalt Cement for Use in Pavement Construction



ASTM D979	Standard Practice for Sampling Asphalt Paving Mixtures
ASTM D1073	Standard Specification for Fine Aggregate for Asphalt Paving Mixtures
ASTM D1188	Standard Test Method for Bulk Specific Gravity and Density of Compacted Bituminous Mixtures Using Coated Samples
ASTM D2172	Standard Test Method for Quantitative Extraction of Bitumen from Asphalt Paving Mixtures
ASTM D1461	Standard Test Method for Moisture or Volatile Distillates in Asphalt Paving Mixtures
ASTM D2041	Standard Test Method for Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Bituminous Paving Mixtures
ASTM D2419	Standard Test Method for Sand Equivalent Value of Soils and Fine Aggregate
ASTM D2489	Standard Practice for Estimating Degree of Particle Coating of Bituminous-Aggregate Mixtures
ASTM D2726	Standard Test Method for Bulk Specific Gravity and Density of Non-Absorptive Compacted Bituminous Mixtures
ASTM D2950	Standard Test Method for Density of Bituminous Concrete in Place by Nuclear Methods
ASTM D3203	Standard Test Method for Percent Air Voids in Compacted Dense and Open Bituminous Paving Mixtures
ASTM D3381	Standard Specification for Viscosity-Graded Asphalt Cement for Use in Pavement Construction
ASTM D3665	Standard Practice for Random Sampling of Construction Materials
ASTM D3666	Standard Specification for Minimum Requirements for Agencies Testing and Inspecting Road and Paving Materials
ASTM D4318	Standard Test Methods for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils
ASTM D4552	Standard Practice for Classifying Hot-Mix Recycling Agents
ASTM D4791	Standard Test Method for Flat Particles, Elongated Particles, or Flat and Elongated Particles in Coarse Aggregate
ASTM D4867	Standard Test Method for Effect of Moisture on Asphalt Concrete Paving Mixtures
ASTM D5361	Standard Practice for Sampling Compacted Asphalt Mixtures for Laboratory Testing
ASTM D5444	Standard Test Method for Mechanical Size Analysis of Extracted Aggregate
ASTM D5821	Standard Test Method for Determining the Percentage of Fractured Particles in Coarse Aggregate
ASTM D6084	Standard Test Method for Elastic Recovery of Bituminous Materials by Ductilometer



ASTM D6307	Standard Test Method for Asphalt Content of Hot Mix Asphalt by Ignition Method
ASTM D6373	Standard Specification for Performance Graded Asphalt Binder
ASTM D6752	Standard Test Method for Bulk Specific Gravity and Density of Compacted Bituminous Mixtures Using Automatic Vacuum Sealing Method
ASTM D6925	Standard Test Method for Preparation and Determination of the Relative Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Specimens by Means of the SuperPave Gyratory Compactor.
ASTM D6926	Standard Practice for Preparation of Bituminous Specimens Using Marshall Apparatus
ASTM D6927	Standard Test Method for Marshall Stability and Flow of Bituminous Mixtures
ASTM D6995	Standard Test Method for Determining Field VMA based on the Maximum Specific Gravity of the Mix (Gmm)
ASTM E11	Standard Specification for Woven Wire Test Sieve Cloth and Test Sieves
ASTM E178	Standard Practice for Dealing with Outlying Observations
ASTM E1274	Standard Test Method for Measuring Pavement Roughness Using a Profilograph
ASTM E950	Standard Test Method for Measuring the Longitudinal Profile of Traveled Surfaces with an Accelerometer Established Inertial Profiling Reference
ASTM E2133	Standard Test Method for Using a Rolling Inclinator to Measure Longitudinal and Transverse Profiles of a Traveled Surface

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO)

AASHTO M156	Standard Specification for Requirements for Mixing Plants for Hot-Mixed, Hot-Laid Bituminous Paving Mixtures.
AASHTO T329	Standard Method of Test for Moisture Content of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) by Oven Method
AASHTO T324	Standard Method of Test for Hamburg Wheel-Track Testing of Compacted Asphalt Mixtures
AASHTO T 340	Standard Method of Test for Determining the Rutting Susceptibility of Hot Mix Asphalt (APA) Using the Asphalt Pavement Analyzer (APA)

Asphalt Institute (AI)

Asphalt Institute Handbook MS-26, Asphalt Binder
Asphalt Institute MS-2 Mix Design Manual, 7th Edition
AI State Binder Specification Database

Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)

Long Term Pavement Performance Binder Program



Advisory Circulars (AC)

AC 150/5320-6 Airport Pavement Design and Evaluation

FAA Orders

5300.1 Modifications to Agency Airport Design, Construction, and Equipment Standards

Software

FAARFIELD

END OF ITEM P-401

Item P-603 Emulsified Asphalt Tack Coat

DESCRIPTION

603-1.1 This item shall consist of preparing and treating an asphalt or concrete surface with asphalt material in accordance with these specifications and in reasonably close conformity to the lines shown on the plans.

MATERIALS

603-2.1 Asphalt materials. The asphalt material shall be an emulsified asphalt as specified in ASTM D3628 as an asphalt application for tack coat appropriate to local conditions. The emulsified asphalt shall not be diluted. The Contractor shall provide a copy of the manufacturer's Certificate of Analysis (COA) for the asphalt material to the Resident Project Representative (RPR) before the asphalt material is applied for review and acceptance. The furnishing of COA for the asphalt material shall not be interpreted as a basis for final acceptance. The manufacturer's COA may be subject to verification by testing the material delivered for use on the project.

CONSTRUCTION METHODS

603-3.1 Weather limitations. The tack coat shall be applied only when the existing surface is dry and the atmospheric temperature is 50°F or above; the temperature has not been below 35°F for the 12 hours prior to application; and when the weather is not foggy or rainy. The temperature requirements may be waived when directed by the RPR.

603-3.2 Equipment. The Contractor shall provide equipment for heating and applying the emulsified asphalt material. The emulsion shall be applied with a manufacturer-approved computer rate-controlled asphalt distributor. The equipment shall be in good working order and contain no contaminants or diluents in the tank. Spray bar tips must be clean, free of burrs, and of a size to maintain an even distribution of the emulsion. Any type of tip or pressure source is suitable that will maintain predetermined flow rates and constant pressure during the application process with application speeds under eight (8) miles per hour or 700 feet per minute.

The equipment will be tested under pressure for leaks and to ensure proper set-up before use to verify truck set-up (via a test-shot area), including but not limited to, nozzle tip size appropriate for application, spray-bar height and pressure and pump speed, evidence of triple-overlap spray pattern, lack of leaks, and any other factors relevant to ensure the truck is in good working order before use.

The distributor truck shall be equipped with a minimum 12-foot spreader spray bar with individual nozzle control with computer-controlled application rates. The distributor truck shall have an easily accessible thermometer that constantly monitors the temperature of the emulsion, and have an operable mechanical tank gauge that can be used to cross-check the computer accuracy. If the distributor is not equipped with an operable quick shutoff valve, the prime operations shall be started and stopped on building paper.



The distributor truck shall be equipped to effectively heat and mix the material to the required temperature prior to application as required. Heating and mixing shall be done in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Do not overheat or over mix the material.

The distributor shall be equipped with a hand sprayer.

Asphalt distributors must be calibrated annually in accordance with ASTM D2995. The Contractor must furnish a current calibration certification for the asphalt distributor truck from any State or other agency as approved by the RPR.

A power broom and/or power blower suitable for cleaning the surfaces to which the asphalt tack coat is to be applied shall be provided.

603-3.3 Application of emulsified asphalt material. The emulsified asphalt shall not be diluted. Immediately before applying the emulsified asphalt tack coat, the full width of surface to be treated shall be swept with a power broom and/or power blower to remove all loose dirt and other objectionable material.

The emulsified asphalt material shall be uniformly applied with an asphalt distributor at the rates appropriate for the conditions and surface specified in the table below. The type of asphalt material and application rate shall be approved by the RPR prior to application.

Emulsified Asphalt

Surface Type	Residual Rate, gal/SY	Emulsion Application Bar Rate, gal/SY
New asphalt	0.02-0.05	0.03-0.07
Existing asphalt	0.04-0.07	0.06-0.11
Milled Surface	0.04-0.08	0.06-0.12
Concrete	0.03-0.05	0.05-0.08

After application of the tack coat, the surface shall be allowed to cure without being disturbed for the period of time necessary to permit drying and setting of the tack coat. This period shall be determined by the RPR. The Contractor shall protect the tack coat and maintain the surface until the next course has been placed. When the tack coat has been disturbed by the Contractor, tack coat shall be reapplied at the Contractor's expense.

603-3.4 Freight and waybills. The Contractor shall submit waybills and delivery tickets, during progress of the work. Before the final statement is allowed, file with the RPR certified waybills and certified delivery tickets for all emulsified asphalt materials used in the construction of the pavement covered by the contract. Do not remove emulsified asphalt material from storage until the initial outage and temperature measurements have been taken. The delivery or storage units will not be released until the final outage has been taken.



METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

603-4.1 The emulsified asphalt material for tack coat shall be measured by the gallon. Volume shall be corrected to the volume at 60°F in accordance with ASTM D1250. The emulsified asphalt material paid for will be the measured quantities used in the accepted work, provided that the measured quantities are not 10% over the specified application rate. Any amount of emulsified asphalt material more than 10% over the specified application rate for each application will be deducted from the measured quantities, except for irregular areas where hand spraying of the emulsified asphalt material is necessary. Water added to emulsified asphalt will not be measured for payment.

BASIS OF PAYMENT

603.5-1 Payment shall be made at the contract unit price per gallon of emulsified asphalt material. This price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, for all preparation, delivery, and application of these materials, and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the item.

Payment will be made under:

No. 9, Spec P-603-5.1 Bituminous Tack Coat - per Gallon

REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

ASTM International (ASTM)

ASTM D1250	Standard Guide for Use of the Petroleum Measurement Tables
ASTM D2995	Standard Practice for Estimating Application Rate and Residual Application Rate of Bituminous Distributors
ASTM D3628	Standard Practice for Selection and Use of Emulsified Asphalts

END ITEM P-603



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Item P-605 Joint Sealants for Pavements

DESCRIPTION

605-1.1 This item shall consist of providing and installing a resilient and adhesive joint sealing material capable of effectively sealing joints in pavement; joints between different types of pavements; and cracks in existing pavement.

MATERIALS

605-2.1 Joint sealants. Joint sealant materials shall meet the requirements of ASTM D6690. Each lot or batch of sealant shall be delivered to the jobsite in the manufacturer's original sealed container. Each container shall be marked with the manufacturer's name, batch or lot number, the safe heating temperature, and shall be accompanied by the manufacturer's certification stating that the sealant meets the requirements of this specification.

605-2.2 Backer rod. The material furnished shall be a compressible, non-shrinking, non-staining, non-absorbing material that is non-reactive with the joint sealant in accordance with ASTM D5249. The backer-rod material shall be $25\% \pm 5\%$ larger in diameter than the nominal width of the joint.

605-2.3 Bond breaking tapes. Provide a bond breaking tape or separating material that is a flexible, non-shrinkable, non-absorbing, non-staining, and non-reacting adhesive-backed tape. The material shall have a melting point at least 5°F greater than the pouring temperature of the sealant being used when tested in accordance with ASTM D789. The bond breaker tape shall be approximately 1/8 inch (3 mm) wider than the nominal width of the joint and shall not bond to the joint sealant.

CONSTRUCTION METHODS

605-3.1 Time of application. Joints shall be sealed as soon after completion of the curing period as feasible and before the pavement is opened to traffic, including construction equipment. The pavement temperature shall be 50°F and rising at the time of application of the poured joint sealing material. Do not apply sealant if moisture is observed in the joint.

605-3.2 Equipment. Machines, tools, and equipment used in the performance of the work required by this section shall be approved before the work is started and maintained in satisfactory condition at all times. Submit a list of proposed equipment to be used in performance of construction work including descriptive data, 14 days prior to use on the project.

a. Tractor-mounted routing tool. Provide a routing tool, used for removing old sealant from the joints, of such shape and dimensions and so mounted on the tractor that it will not damage the sides of the joints. The tool shall be designed so that it can be adjusted to remove the old material to varying depths as required. The use of V-shaped tools or rotary impact routing devices will not be permitted. Hand-operated spindle routing devices may be used to clean and enlarge random cracks.



b. Concrete saw. Provide a self-propelled power saw, with water-cooled diamond or abrasive saw blades, for cutting joints to the depths and widths specified.

c. Sandblasting equipment. Sandblasting is not allowed.

d. Waterblasting equipment. The Contractor must demonstrate waterblasting equipment including the pumps, hose, guide and nozzle size, under job conditions, before approval in accordance with paragraph 605-3.3. The Contractor shall demonstrate, in the presence of the RPR, that the method cleans the joint and does not damage the joint.

e. Hand tools. Hand tools may be used, when approved, for removing defective sealant from a crack and repairing or cleaning the crack faces. Hand tools should be carefully evaluated for potential spalling effects prior to approval for use.

f. Hot-poured sealing equipment. The unit applicators used for heating and installing ASTM D6690 joint sealant materials shall be mobile and shall be equipped with a double-boiler, agitator-type kettle with an oil medium in the outer space for heat transfer; a direct-connected pressure-type extruding device with a nozzle shaped for inserting in the joint to be filled; positive temperature devices for controlling the temperature of the transfer oil and sealant; and a recording type thermometer for indicating the temperature of the sealant. The applicator unit shall be designed so that the sealant will circulate through the delivery hose and return to the inner kettle when not in use.

605-3.3 Preparation of joints. Pavement joints for application of material in this specification must be dry, clean of all scale, dirt, dust, curing compound, and other foreign matter. The Contractor shall demonstrate, in the presence of the RPR, that the method cleans the joint and does not damage the joint.

a. Sawing. All joints shall be sawed in accordance with specifications and plan details. Immediately after sawing the joint, the resulting slurry shall be completely removed from joint and adjacent area by flushing with a jet of water, and by use of other tools as necessary.

b. Sealing. Immediately before sealing, the joints shall be thoroughly cleaned of all remaining laitance, curing compound, filler, protrusions of hardened concrete, old sealant and other foreign material from the sides and upper edges of the joint space to be sealed. Cleaning shall be accomplished by concrete saw and waterblaster as specified in paragraph 605-3.2. The newly exposed concrete joint faces and the pavement surface extending a minimum of 1/2 inch from the joint edge shall be sandblasted clean. Sandblasting shall be accomplished in a minimum of two passes. One pass per joint face with the nozzle held at an angle directly toward the joint face and not more than 3 inches from it. After final cleaning and immediately prior to sealing, blow out the joints with compressed air and leave them completely free of debris and water. The joint faces shall be surface dry when the seal is applied.

c. Backer Rod. When the joint opening is of a greater depth than indicated for the sealant depth, plug or seal off the lower portion of the joint opening using a backer rod in accordance with paragraph 605-2.2 to prevent the entrance of the sealant below the specified depth. Take care to ensure that the backer rod is placed at the specified depth and is not stretched or twisted during installation.

d. Bond-breaking tape. Where inserts or filler materials contain bitumen, or the depth of the joint opening does not allow for the use of a backup material, insert a bond-separating tape breaker in accordance



with paragraph 605-2.3 to prevent incompatibility with the filler materials and three-sided adhesion of the sealant. Securely bond the tape to the bottom of the joint opening so it will not float up into the new sealant. 605-3.4 Installation of sealants. Joints shall be inspected for proper width, depth, alignment, and preparation, and shall be approved by the RPR before sealing is allowed. Sealants shall be installed in accordance with the following requirements:

Immediately preceding, but not more than 50 feet ahead of the joint sealing operations, perform a final cleaning with compressed air. Fill the joints from the bottom up to 1/8 inch ±1/16 inch below the top of pavement surface; or bottom of groove for grooved pavement. Remove and discard excess or spilled sealant from the pavement by approved methods. Install the sealant in such a manner as to prevent the formation of voids and entrapped air. In no case shall gravity methods or pouring pots be used to install the sealant material. Traffic shall not be permitted over newly sealed pavement until authorized by the RPR. When a primer is recommended by the manufacturer, apply it evenly to the joint faces in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Check the joints frequently to ensure that the newly installed sealant is cured to a tack-free condition within the time specified.

605-3.5 Inspection. The Contractor shall inspect the joint sealant for proper rate of cure and set, bonding to the joint walls, cohesive separation within the sealant, reversion to liquid, entrapped air and voids. Sealants exhibiting any of these deficiencies at any time prior to the final acceptance of the project shall be removed from the joint, wasted, and replaced as specified at no additional cost to the airport.

605-3.6 Clean-up. Upon completion of the project, remove all unused materials from the site and leave the pavement in a clean condition.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

605-4.1 Joint sealing material shall be measured by linear foot of sealant in place by joint width per detail, completed, and accepted.

BASIS OF PAYMENT

605-5.1 Payment for joint sealing material shall be made at the contract unit price per linear foot. The price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, for all preparation, delivering, and placing of these materials, and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the item.

Payment will be made under:

No. 10, Spec Item P-605-5.1	Crack Seal (1/8 to 1 inch) - per linear foot
No. 11, Spec Item P-605-5.2	Crack Seal (>1 to 2 inch) - per linear foot
No. 12, Spec Item P-605-5.3	Crack Seal (>2 to 4 inch) - per linear foot
No. 13, Spec Item P-605-5.4	Crack Seal (Seal Coat Area) - per linear foot



REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

ASTM International (ASTM)

ASTM D789	Standard Test Method for Determination of Relative Viscosity of Polyamide (PA)
ASTM D5249	Standard Specification for Backer Material for Use with Cold- and Hot-Applied Joint Sealants in Portland-Cement Concrete and Asphalt Joints
ASTM D6690	Standard Specification for Joint and Crack Sealants, Hot Applied, for Concrete and Asphalt

Advisory Circulars (AC)

AC 150/5340-30	Design and Installation Details for Airport Visual Aids
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END ITEM P-605



Item P-608 Emulsified Asphalt Seal Coat

DESCRIPTION

608-1.1 This item shall consist of the application of a emulsified asphalt surface treatment composed of an emulsion of natural and refined asphalt materials, water and a polymer additive, for taxiways and runways with the application of a suitable aggregate to maintain adequate surface friction; and airfield secondary and tertiary pavements including low-speed taxiways, shoulders, overruns, roads, parking areas, and other general applications with or without aggregate applied as designated on the plans. The terms seal coat, asphalt sealer, and asphalt material are interchangeable throughout this specification. The term emulsified asphalt means an emulsion of natural and refined asphalt materials.

MATERIALS

608-2.1 Aggregate. The aggregate material shall be a dry, clean, dust and dirt free, sound, durable, angular shaped manufactured specialty sand, such as that used as an abrasive, with a Mohs hardness of 6 to 8. The Contractor shall submit the specialty sand manufacturer’s technical data and a manufacturer’s Certificate of Analysis (COA) indicating that the specialty sand meets the requirements of the specification to the RPR prior to start of construction. The sand must be approved for use by the RPR and shall meet the following gradation limits when tested in accordance with ASTM C136 and ASTM C117:

Aggregate Material Gradation Requirements¹

Sieve Designation (square openings)	Individual Percentage Retained by Weight
No. 10	0
No. 14	0-4
No. 16	0-8
No. 20	0-35
No. 30	20-50
No. 40	10-45
No. 50	0-20
No. 70	0-5
No. 100	0-2
No. 200	0-2

¹ Locally available sand or abrasive material that is slightly outside of the gradation requirements may be approved by the RPR with concurrence by the seal coat manufacturer for the use of locally available sand or abrasive material. The RPR and manufacturer’s field representative should verify acceptance during application of Control strips indicated under paragraph 608-3.2.



The Contractor shall provide a certification showing particle size analysis and properties of the material delivered for use on the project. The Contractor's certification may be subject to verification by testing the material delivered for use on the project.

608-2.2 Asphalt Emulsion. The asphalt emulsion shall meet the properties in the following table:

Concentrated Asphalt Emulsion Properties

Properties	Specification	Limits
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol at 77°F	ASTM D7496	20 – 100 seconds
Residue by Distillation or Evaporation	ASTM D6997 or ASTM D6934	57% minimum
Sieve Test	ASTM D6933	0.1% maximum
24-hour Stability	ASTM D6930	1% maximum
5-day Settlement Test	ASTM D6930	5.0% maximum
Particle Charge ¹	ASTM D7402	Positive 6.5 maximum pH

¹ pH may be used in lieu of the particle charge test which is sometimes inconclusive in slow setting, asphalt emulsions.

The asphalt material base residue shall contain not less than 20% gilsonite, or uintaite and shall not contain any tall oil pitch or coal tar material and shall contain no less than one percent (1%) polymer.

Tests on Residue from Distillation or Evaporation

Properties	Specification	Limits
Viscosity at 275°F	ASTM D4402	1750 cts maximum
Solubility in 1,1,1 trichloroethylene	ASTM D2042	97.5% minimum
Penetration	ASTM D5	50 dmm maximum
Asphaltenes	ASTM D2007	15% minimum
Saturates	ASTM D2007	15% maximum
Polar Compounds	ASTM D2007	25% minimum
Aromatics	ASTM D2007	15% minimum

The asphalt emulsion, when diluted in the volumetric proportion of two parts concentrated asphalt material to one part hot water shall have the following properties:



Two-to-One Dilution Emulsion Properties

Properties	Specification	Limits
In Ready-to-Apply Form, two parts concentrate to one part water, by volume		
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol at 77°F	ASTM D7496	5 – 50 seconds
Residue by Distillation or Evaporation	ASTM D6997 or ASTM D6934	38% minimum
Pumping Stability ¹		Pass

- ¹ Pumping stability is tested by pumping one pint of seal coat diluted one (1) part concentrate to one (1) part water, at 77°F, through a 1/4-inch gear pump operating 1750 rpm for 10 minutes with no significant separation or coagulation.

The Contractor shall provide a copy of the manufacturer's Certificate of Analysis (COA) for the emulsified asphalt delivered to the project. If the asphalt emulsion is diluted at other than the manufacturer's facility, the Contractor shall provide a supplemental COA from an independent laboratory verifying the asphalt emulsion properties.

The COA shall be provided to and approved by the RPR before the emulsified asphalt is applied. The furnishing of the vendor's certified test report for the asphalt material shall not be interpreted as a basis for final acceptance. The manufacturer's COA may be subject to verification by testing the material delivered for use on the project.

The asphalt material storage and handling temperature shall be between 50°F - 160°F and the material shall be protected from freezing, or whenever outside temperature drops below 40°F for prolonged time periods.

Contractor shall provide a list of airport pavement projects, exposed to similar climate conditions, where this product has been successfully applied within at least 5 years of the project.

608-2.3 Water. Water used in mixing or curing shall be from potable water sources. Other sources shall be tested in accordance with ASTM C1602 prior to use. Water used in making and diluting the emulsion shall be potable, with a maximum hardness of 90ppm calcium and 15ppm magnesium; deleterious iron, sulfates, and phosphates maximum 7ppm, and less than 1ppm of organic byproducts. Water shall be a minimum of 140°F prior to adding to emulsion.

608-2.4 Polymer. The polymer shall meet the properties in the following table:

Polymer Properties

Properties	Limits
Solids Content	47% to 65%, Percent by Weight
Weight	8.0 to 9.0 pounds/gallon
pH	3.0 to 8.0
Particle Charge	Nonionic/Cationic
Mechanical Stability	Excellent
Film Forming Temperature, °C	+5°C, minimum
Tg, °C	22°C, maximum

The manufacturer shall provide a copy of the Certificate of Analysis (COA) for the polymer used in the seal coat; and the Contractor shall include the COA with the emulsified asphalt COA when submitting to the RPR.

608-2.5 Seal Coat with Aggregate. The Contractor shall submit friction test data from no less than one of the airport projects identified under 608-2.2. The test data must be from the same project and include technical details on application rates, aggregate rates, and point of contact at the airport to confirm use and success of sealer with aggregate.

Friction test data in accordance with AC 150/5320-12, at 40 or 60 mph wet, must include as a minimum; the friction value prior to sealant application; two values, between 24 and 96 hours after application, with a minimum of 24 hours between tests; and one value between 180 days and 360 days after the application. The results of the tests between 24 and 96 hours shall indicate friction is increasing at a rate to obtain similar friction value of the pavement surface prior to application, and the long-term test shall indicate no apparent adverse effect with time relative to friction values and existing pavement surface.

Seal coat material submittal without required friction performance will not be approved. Friction tests performed on this project cannot be used as a substitute of this requirement.

COMPOSITION AND APPLICATION RATE

608-3.1 Application Rate. The approximate amounts of materials per square yard for the asphalt surface treatment shall be as provided in the table for the treatment area(s) at the specified dilution rate(s) as noted on the plans. The actual application rates will vary within the range specified to suit field conditions and will be recommended by the manufacturer's representative and approved by the RPR from the test area/sections evaluation.



Application Rate

Dilution Rate	Quantity of Emulsion gal/yd ²	Quantity of Aggregate lb/yd ²
2:1	0.08-0.17	0.20-0.50

608-3.2 Control areas and control strips. Prior to full application, the control strip must be accepted by the RPR. The surface preparation, personnel, equipment, and method of operation used on the test area(s) and control strip(s) shall be the same as used on the remainder of the work.

A qualified manufacturer's representative shall be present in the field to assist the Contractor in applying control areas and/or control strips to determine the appropriate application rate of both emulsion and aggregate to be approved by the RPR.

A test area(s) and control strip(s) shall be applied for each differing asphalt pavement surface identified in the project. The test area(s) and control strip(s) shall be used to determine the material application rate(s) of both emulsion and sand prior to full production.

a. For taxiway, taxilane and apron surfaces. Prior to full application, the Contractor shall place test areas at varying application rates as recommended by the Contractor's manufacturer's representative to determine appropriate application rate(s). The test areas will be located on representative section(s) of the pavement to receive the asphalt surface treatment designated by the RPR.

b. For runway and high-speed exit taxiway surfaces. Prior to full application, the Contractor shall place a series of control strips a minimum of 300 feet long by 12 feet wide, or width of anticipated application, whichever is greater, at varying application rates as recommended by the manufacturer's representative and acceptable to the RPR to determine appropriate application rate(s). The control strips should be separated by a minimum of 200 feet between control strips. The area to be tested will be located on a representative section of the pavement to receive the asphalt surface treatment designated by the RPR. The control strips should be placed under similar field conditions as anticipated for the actual application. The skid resistance of the existing pavement shall be determined for each control strip with a continuous friction measuring equipment (CFME). The skid resistance of existing pavement can be immediately adjacent to the control strip or at the same location as the control strip if testing prior to application. The Contractor may begin testing the skid resistance of runway and high-speed exit taxiway control strips after application of the asphalt surface treatment has fully cured, generally 8 to 36 hours after application of the control strips depending on site and environmental conditions. Aircraft shall not be permitted on the runway or high-speed exit taxiway control strips until such time as the Contractor validates that its surface friction meets the maintenance planning friction levels in AC 150/5320-12, Table 3-2 when tested at speeds of 40 and 60 mph wet with approved CFME.

If the control strip should prove to be unsatisfactory, necessary adjustments to the application rate, placement operations, and equipment shall be made. Additional control strips shall be placed and additional skid resistance tests performed and evaluated. Full production shall not begin without the RPR's approval of an appropriate application rate(s). Acceptable control strips shall be paid for in accordance with paragraph 608-8.1.

CONSTRUCTION METHODS

608-4.1 Worker safety. The Contractor shall obtain a Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for both the asphalt emulsion product and sand and require workmen to follow the manufacturer's recommended safety precautions.

608-4.2 Weather limitations. The asphalt emulsion shall be applied only when the existing pavement surface is dry and when the weather is not foggy, rainy, or when the wind velocity will prevent the uniform application of the material. No material shall be applied in strong winds that interfere with the uniform application of the material(s), or when dust or sand is blowing or when rain is anticipated within eight (8) hours of application completion. The atmospheric temperature and the pavement surface temperature shall both be at, or above 60°F and rising. Seal coat shall not be applied when pavement temperatures are expected to exceed 130°F within the subsequent 72 hours if traffic will be opened on pavement within those 72 hours. During application, account for wind drift. Cover existing buildings, structures, runway edge lights, taxiway edge lights, informational signs, retro-reflective marking and in-pavement duct markers as necessary to protect against overspray before applying the emulsion. Should emulsion get on any light or marker fixture, promptly clean the fixture. If cleaning is not satisfactory to the RPR, the Contractor shall replace any light, sign or marker with equivalent equipment at no cost to the Owner.

608-4.3 Equipment and tools. The Contractor shall furnish all equipment, tools, and machinery necessary for the performance of the work.

a. Pressure distributor. The emulsion shall be applied with a manufacturer-approved computer rate-controlled asphalt distributor. The equipment shall be in good working order and contain no contaminants or diluents in the tank. Spray bar tips must be clean, free of burrs, and of a size to maintain an even distribution of the emulsion. Any type of tip or pressure source is suitable that will maintain predetermined flow rates and constant pressure during the application process with application speeds under eight (8) mph or 700 feet per minute. The equipment will be tested under pressure for leaks and to ensure proper set-up before use. The Contractor will provide verification of truck set-up (via a test-shot area), including but not limited to, nozzle tip size appropriate for application per nozzle manufacturer, spray-bar height and pressure and pump speed appropriate for the viscosity and temperature of sealer material, evidence of triple-overlap spray pattern, lack of leaks, and any other factors relevant to ensure the truck is in good working order before use.

The distributor truck shall be equipped with a 12-foot, minimum, spray bar with individual nozzle control. The distributor truck shall be capable of specific application rates in the range of 0.05 to 0.25 gallons per square yard. These rates shall be computer-controlled rather than mechanical. The distributor truck shall have an easily accessible thermometer that constantly monitors the temperature of the emulsion, and have an operable mechanical tank gauge that can be used to cross-check the computer accuracy.

The distributor truck shall effectively heat and mix the material to the required temperature prior to application in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

The distributor shall be equipped with a hand sprayer to spray the emulsion in areas not accessible to the distributor truck.



b. Aggregate spreader. The asphalt distributor truck will be equipped with an aggregate spreader mounted to the distributor truck that can apply sand to the emulsion in a single pass operation without driving through wet emulsion. The aggregate spreader shall be equipped with a variable control system capable of uniformly distributing the sand at the specified rate at varying application widths and speeds. The aggregate spreader must be adjusted to produce an even and accurate application of specified aggregate. Prior to any seal coat application, the aggregate spreader will be calibrated onsite to ensure acceptable uniformity of spread. The RPR will observe the calibration and verify the results. The aggregate spreader will be re-calibrated each time the aggregate rate is changed either during the application of test strips or production. The Contractor may consult the seal coat manufacturer representative for procedure and guidance. The sander shall have a minimum hopper capacity of 3,000 pounds of sand. Push-type hand sanders will be allowed for use around lights, signs and other obstructions, if necessary.

c. Power broom/blower. A power broom and/or blower shall be provided for removing loose material from the surface to be treated.

d. Equipment calibration. Asphalt distributors must be calibrated within the same construction season in accordance with ASTM D2995. The Contractor must furnish a current calibration certification for the asphalt distributor truck from any State or other agency as approved by the RPR.

608-4.4 Preparation of asphalt pavement surfaces. Clean pavement surface immediately prior to placing the seal coat so that it is free of dust, dirt, grease, vegetation, oil or any type of objectionable surface film. Remove oil or grease from the asphalt pavement by scrubbing with a detergent, washing thoroughly with clean water, and then treat these areas with a spot primer. Any additional surface preparation, such as crack repair, shall be in accordance with Item P-101, paragraph 101-3.6.

608-4.5 Emulsion mixing. The application emulsion shall be obtained by blending asphalt material concentrate, water and polymer, if specified. Always add heated water to the asphalt material concentrate, never add asphalt material concentrate to heated water. Mix one part heated water to two parts asphalt material concentrate, by volume.

Add 1% polymer, by volume, to the emulsion mix. If the polymer is added to the emulsion mix at the plant, submit weight scale tickets to the RPR. As an option, the polymer may be added to the emulsion mix at the job site provided the polymer is added slowly while the asphalt distributor truck circulating pump is running. The mix must be agitated for a minimum of 15 minutes or until the polymer is mixed to the satisfaction of the RPR.

608-4.6 Application of asphalt emulsion. The asphalt emulsion shall be applied using a pressure distributor upon the properly prepared, clean and dry surface at the application rate recommended by the manufacturer's representative and approved by the RPR from the test area/sections evaluation for each designated treatment area. The asphalt emulsion should be applied at a temperature between 130°F and 160°F or in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.

If low spots and depressions greater than 1/2 inch in depth in the pavement surface cause ponding or puddling of the applied materials, the pavement surface shall be lightly broomed with a broom or brush type squeegee until the pavement surface is free of any pools of excess material.



During all applications, the surfaces of adjacent structures shall be protected to prevent their being spattered or marred.

608-4.7 Application of aggregate material. Immediately following the application of the asphalt emulsion, friction sand at the rate recommended by the manufacturer's representative and approved by the RPR from the test area/sections evaluation for each designated application area, shall be spread uniformly over the asphalt emulsion in a single-pass operation simultaneous with the sealer application. The aggregate shall be spread to the same width of application as the asphalt material and shall not be applied in such thickness as to cause blanketing.

Sprinkling of additional aggregate material, and spraying additional asphalt material over areas that show up having insufficient cover or bitumen, shall be done by hand whenever necessary. In areas where hand work is necessitated, the sand shall be applied before the sealant begins to break.

Minimize aggregate from being broadcast and accumulating on the untreated pavement adjacent to an application pass. Prior to the next application pass, the Contractor shall clean areas of excess or loose aggregate and remove from project site.

QUALITY CONTROL (QC)

608-5.1 Manufacturer's representation. The manufacturer's representative knowledgeable of the material, procedures, and equipment described in the specification is responsible to assist the Contractor and RPR in determining the appropriate application rates of the emulsion and aggregate, as well as recommendations for proper preparation and start-up of seal coat application. Documentation of the manufacturer representative's experience and knowledge for applying the seal coat product shall be furnished to the RPR a minimum of 10 work days prior to placement of the control strips. The cost of the manufacturer's representative shall be included in the Contractor's bid price.

608-5.2 Contractor qualifications. The Contractor shall provide documentation to the RPR that the seal coat Contractor is qualified to apply the seal coat, including personnel, and equipment, and has made at least three (3) applications similar to this project in the past two (2) years.

MATERIAL ACCEPTANCE

608-6.1 Application rate. The rate of application of the asphalt emulsion shall be verified at least twice per day.

608-6.2 Friction tests. Friction tests in accordance with AC 150/5320-12, *Measurement, Construction, and Maintenance of Skid-Resistant Airport Pavement Surfaces*, shall be performed on all runway and high-speed taxiways that received a seal coat. Each test includes performing friction tests at 40 mph and 60 mph both wet, 15 feet to each side of runway centerline with approved continuous friction measuring equipment (CFME). The Contractor shall coordinate testing with the RPR and provide the RPR a written report of friction test results. The RPR shall be present for testing.



METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

608-7.1 Asphalt surface treatment. The quantity of asphalt surface treatment shall be measured by the square yards of material applied in accordance with the plans and specifications and accepted by the RPR.

BASIS OF PAYMENT

608-8.1 Payment shall be made at the contract unit price per square yard for the asphalt surface treatment applied and accepted by the RPR. This price shall be full compensation for all surface preparation, furnishing all materials, delivery and application of these materials, for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the item, and any costs associated with furnishing a qualified manufacturer’s representative to assist with control strips.

Payment will be made under:

No. 14, Spec P-608-8.1 Emulsified Asphalt Seal Coat – per square yard

REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

ASTM International (ASTM)

ASTM C117	Standard Test Method for Materials Finer than 75-μm (No. 200) Sieve in Mineral Aggregates by Washing
ASTM C136	Standard Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates
ASTM C1602	Standard Specification for Mixing Water Used in the Production of Hydraulic Cement Concrete
ASTM D5	Standard Test Method for Penetration of Asphalt Materials
ASTM D244	Standard Test Methods and Practices for Emulsified Asphalts
ASTM D2007	Standard Test Method for Characteristic Groups in Rubber Extender and Processing Oils and Other Petroleum-Derived Oils by the Clay-Gel Absorption Chromatographic Method
ASTM D2042	Standard Test Method for Solubility of Asphalt Materials in Trichloroethylene
ASTM D2995	Standard Practice for Estimating Application Rate of Bituminous Distributors
ASTM D4402	Standard Test Method for Viscosity Determination of Asphalt at Elevated Temperatures Using a Rotational Viscometer
ASTM D5340	Standard Test Method for Airport Pavement Condition Index Surveys



Advisory Circulars (AC)

- AC 150/5320-12 Measurement, Construction, and Maintenance of Skid-Resistant Airport Pavement Surfaces
- AC 150/5320-17 Airfield Pavement Surface Evaluation and Rating (PASER) Manuals
- AC 150/5380-6 Guidelines and Procedures for Maintenance of Airport Pavements

END OF ITEM P-608



Item P-620 Runway and Taxiway Marking

DESCRIPTION

620-1.1 This item shall consist of the preparation and painting of numbers, markings, and stripes on the surface of runways, taxiways, and aprons, in accordance with these specifications and at the locations shown on the plans, or as directed by the Resident Project Representative (RPR). The terms “paint” and “marking material” as well as “painting” and “application of markings” are interchangeable throughout this specification.

MATERIALS

620-2.1 Materials acceptance. The Contractor shall furnish manufacturer’s certified test reports, for materials shipped to the project. The certified test reports shall include a statement that the materials meet the specification requirements. This certification along with a copy of the paint manufacturer’s surface preparation; marking materials, including adhesion, flow promoting and/or floatation additive; and application requirements must be submitted and approved by the Resident Project Representative (RPR) prior to the initial application of markings. The reports can be used for material acceptance or the RPR may perform verification testing. The reports shall not be interpreted as a basis for payment. The Contractor shall notify the RPR upon arrival of a shipment of materials to the site. All material shall arrive in sealed containers that are easily quantifiable for inspection by the RPR.

620-2.2 Marking materials.

Table 1. Marking Materials

Paint ¹				Glass Beads ²	
Type	Color	Fed Std. 595 Number	Application Rate Maximum	Type	Application Rate Minimum
II	White (Temporary)	37925	230 ft²/gal	No beads	No beads
II	Yellow (Temporary)	33538 or 33655	230 ft²/gal	No beads	No beads
III	White	37925	55 ft²/gal	III	6 lb/gal
III	Yellow	33538 or 33655	55 ft²/gal	III	6 lb/gal

¹ See paragraph 620-2.2a
² See paragraph 620-2.2b



a. **Paint.** Paint shall be waterborne in accordance with the requirements of this paragraph. Paint colors shall comply with Federal Standard No. 595.

Waterborne. Paint shall meet the requirements of Federal Specification TT-P-1952F, Type II. The non-volatile portion of the vehicle for all paint types shall be composed of a 100% acrylic polymer as determined by infrared spectral analysis.

b. **Reflective media.** Glass beads for white and yellow paint shall meet the requirements for Federal Specification TT-B-1325D Type III.

Glass beads shall be treated with all compatible coupling agents recommended by the manufacturers of the paint and reflective media to ensure adhesion and embedment.

Glass beads shall not be used in black and green paint.

Type III glass beads shall not be used in red and pink paint.

CONSTRUCTION METHODS

620-3.1 Weather limitations. Painting shall only be performed when the surface is dry, and the ambient temperature and the pavement surface temperature meet the manufacturer's recommendations in accordance with paragraph 620-2.1. Painting operations shall be discontinued when the ambient or surface temperatures does not meet the manufacturer's recommendations. Markings shall not be applied when the wind speed exceeds 10 mph unless windscreens are used to shroud the material guns. Markings shall not be applied when weather conditions are forecasts to not be within the manufacturers' recommendations for application and dry time.

620-3.2 Equipment. Equipment shall include the apparatus necessary to properly clean the existing surface, a mechanical marking machine, a bead dispensing machine, and such auxiliary hand-painting equipment as may be necessary to satisfactorily complete the job.

The mechanical marker shall be an atomizing spray-type or airless type marking machine with automatic glass bead dispensers suitable for application of traffic paint. It shall produce an even and uniform film thickness and appearance of both paint and glass beads at the required coverage and shall apply markings of uniform cross-sections and clear-cut edges without running or spattering and without over spray. The marking equipment for both paint and beads shall be calibrated daily.

620-3.3 Preparation of surfaces. Immediately before application of the paint, the surface shall be dry and free from dirt, grease, oil, laitance, or other contaminants that would reduce the bond between the paint and the pavement. Use of any chemicals or impact abrasives during surface preparation shall be approved in advance by the RPR. After the cleaning operations, sweeping, blowing, or rinsing with pressurized water shall be performed to ensure the surface is clean and free of grit or other debris left from the cleaning process.



a. Preparation of new pavement surfaces. The area to be painted shall be cleaned by broom, blower, water blasting, or by other methods approved by the RPR to remove all contaminants, including PCC curing compounds, minimizing damage to the pavement surface.

b. Preparation of pavement to remove existing markings. Existing pavement markings shall be removed by rotary grinding, water blasting, or by other methods approved by the RPR minimizing damage to the pavement surface. The removal area may need to be larger than the area of the markings to eliminate ghost markings. After removal of markings on asphalt pavements, apply a fog seal or seal coat to 'block out' the removal area to eliminate 'ghost' markings.

c. Preparation of pavement markings prior to remarking. Prior to remarking existing markings, loose existing markings must be removed minimizing damage to the pavement surface, with a method approved by the RPR. After removal, the surface shall be cleaned of all residue or debris.

Prior to the application of markings, the Contractor shall certify in writing that the surface is dry and free from dirt, grease, oil, laitance, or other foreign material that would prevent the bond of the paint to the pavement or existing markings. This certification along with a copy of the paint manufactures application and surface preparation requirements must be submitted to the RPR prior to the initial application of markings.

620-3.4 Layout of markings. The proposed markings shall be laid out in advance of the paint application. The locations of markings to receive glass beads shall be shown on the plans.

620-3.5 Application. A period of 30 days shall elapse between placement of surface course or seal coat and application of the permanent paint markings. Paint shall be applied at the locations and to the dimensions and spacing shown on the plans. Paint shall not be applied until the layout and condition of the surface has been approved by the RPR.

The edges of the markings shall not vary from a straight line more than 1/2 inch in 50 feet, and marking dimensions and spacing shall be within the following tolerances:

Marking Dimensions and Spacing Tolerance

Dimension and Spacing	Tolerance
36 inch or less	±1/2 inch
greater than 36 inch to 6 feet	±1 inch
greater than 6 feet to 60 feet	±2 inch
greater than 60 feet	±3 inch

The paint shall be mixed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and applied to the pavement with a marking machine at the rate shown in Table 1. The addition of thinner will not be permitted.

Glass beads shall be distributed upon the marked areas at the locations shown on the plans to receive glass beads immediately after application of the paint. A dispenser shall be furnished that is properly designed for attachment to the marking machine and suitable for dispensing glass beads. Glass beads shall be applied at the rate shown in Table 1. Glass beads shall not be applied to black paint or green paint. Glass beads shall



adhere to the cured paint or all marking operations shall cease until corrections are made. Different bead types shall not be mixed. Regular monitoring of glass bead embedment and distribution should be performed.

620-3.6 Application--preformed thermoplastic airport pavement markings.

Preformed thermoplastic pavement markings not used.

620-3.7 Control strip. Prior to the full application of airfield markings, the Contractor shall prepare a control strip in the presence of the RPR. The Contractor shall demonstrate the surface preparation method and all striping equipment to be used on the project. The marking equipment must achieve the prescribed application rate of paint and population of glass beads (per Table 1) that are properly embedded and evenly distributed across the full width of the marking. Prior to acceptance of the control strip, markings must be evaluated during darkness to ensure a uniform appearance.

620-3.8 Retro-reflectance. Reflectance shall be measured with a portable retro-reflectometer meeting ASTM E1710 (or equivalent). A total of 6 reading shall be taken over a 6 square foot area with 3 readings taken from each direction. The average shall be equal to or above the minimum levels of all readings which are within 30% of each other.

Minimum Retro-Reflectance Values

Material	Retro-reflectance mcd/m ² /lux		
	White	Yellow	Red
Initial Type I	300	175	35
Initial Type III	600	300	35
Initial Thermoplastic	225	100	35
All materials, remark when less than ¹	100	75	10

¹ Prior to remarking determine if removal of contaminants on markings will restore retro-reflectance

620-3.9 Protection and cleanup. After application of the markings, all markings shall be protected from damage until dry. All surfaces shall be protected from excess moisture and/or rain and from disfiguration by spatter, splashes, spillage, or drippings. The Contractor shall remove from the work area all debris, waste, loose reflective media, and by-products generated by the surface preparation and application operations to the satisfaction of the RPR. The Contractor shall dispose of these wastes in strict compliance with all applicable state, local, and federal environmental statutes and regulations.



METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

620-4.1 The quantity of pavement markings, as specified in the plans and bid line items below, shall be paid for shall be measured by the number of square feet of painting including the application of glass beads, performed in accordance with the specifications and accepted by the Airport.

Temporary Pavement Markings – temporary markings only apply to the pavement marking identified on the plans. The contractor shall apply a 60% application rate. The application of the pavement marking and glass beads shall be in accordance with this specification.

Final Pavement Markings – final pavement markings include all final markings per the plans. The contractor shall apply a 100% application with glass beads in accordance with this specification.

BASIS OF PAYMENT

620-5.1 Payment for markings shall be made at the contract price for the number of square feet of painting. This price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the item complete in place and accepted by the RPR in accordance with these specifications.

Payment will be made under:

- | | |
|------------------------|---|
| No. 15, Spec P-620-5.1 | Temporary Pavements Markings (Yellow) – Per Square Foot |
| No. 16, Spec P-620-5.2 | Temporary Pavements Markings (White) – Per Square Foot |
| No. 17, Spec P-620-5.3 | Permanent Pavements Markings (Yellow) – Per Square Foot |
| No. 18, Spec P-620-5.4 | Permanent Pavements Markings (White) – Per Square Foot |

REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

ASTM International (ASTM)

- | | |
|------------|---|
| ASTM D476 | Standard Classification for Dry Pigmentary Titanium Dioxide Products |
| ASTM D968 | Standard Test Methods for Abrasion Resistance of Organic Coatings by Falling Abrasive |
| ASTM D1652 | Standard Test Method for Epoxy Content of Epoxy Resins |
| ASTM D2074 | Standard Test Method for Total, Primary, Secondary, and Tertiary Amine Values of Fatty Amines by Alternative Indicator Method |
| ASTM D2240 | Standard Test Method for Rubber Property - Durometer Hardness |



ASTM D7585	Standard Practice for Evaluating Retroreflective Pavement Markings Using Portable Hand-Operated Instruments
ASTM E303	Standard Test Method for Measuring Surface Frictional Properties Using the British Pendulum Tester
ASTM E1710	Standard Test Method for Measurement of Retroreflective Pavement Marking Materials with CEN-Prescribed Geometry Using a Portable Retroreflectometer
ASTM E2302	Standard Test Method for Measurement of the Luminance Coefficient Under Diffuse Illumination of Pavement Marking Materials Using a Portable Reflectometer
ASTM G154	Standard Practice for Operating Fluorescent Ultraviolet (UV) Lamp Apparatus for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials

Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)

40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A-7, Method 24	Determination of volatile matter content, water content, density, volume solids, and weight solids of surface coatings
29 CFR Part 1910.1200	Hazard Communication

Federal Specifications (FED SPEC)

FED SPEC TT-B-1325D	Beads (Glass Spheres) Retro-Reflective
FED SPEC TT-P-1952F	Paint, Traffic and Airfield Marking, Waterborne
FED STD 595	Colors used in Government Procurement

Commercial Item Description

A-A-2886B	Paint, Traffic, Solvent Based
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Advisory Circulars (AC)

AC 150/5340-1	Standards for Airport Markings
AC 150/5320-12	Measurement, Construction, and Maintenance of Skid Resistant Airport Pavement Surfaces

END OF ITEM P-620

EXHIBIT D

GIS / GPS DATA DELIVERY REQUIREMENTS

N/A

EXHIBIT E

FEDERAL PROVISIONS

FAA FEDERAL DOCUMENTS

IMPORTANT NOTE:

The City of Chandler has a Race Neutral DBE Goal of 3.30% for 10-01-2024 through 09-30-2027. The City of Chandler recommends the utilization of DBE's.

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SECTION 1:
FAA FEDERAL GUIDE FOR
CONTRACTORS & SUBCONTRACTORS

Federal Funded Contract Guide for Contractors/Subcontractors

This is an FAA federal funded project.

1. This an FAA Federal Funded Contract/Project. There is a ZERO TOLERANCE for compliance of the federal requirements.
2. Buy American and BABA (Build America-Buy America) Requirements are strict – Recommend clear communication with your Vendors.
3. All Contractors/Subcontractors/Consultants/Subconsultants working on a federal funded contract: No debarments, No outstanding unresolved federal tax liens, and must use E-Verify for company employment process.
4. Prime Contractor Must self-perform **50%** of the contract.
5. Records: Record Retention for federal projects must be maintained for five (5) years following completion.
6. Web Site Registration Requirements:
 - a. AZ UTRACS website - (<https://utracs.azdot.gov>) All Contractors/Subcontractors are required to have a 5-digit AZ UTRACS Number and have an updated non-expired profile in this system.
 - b. ADOT Payment Reporting System (DOORS) - (<https://adotdoors.dbesystem.com/>) Contractors/subcontractors must be registered in the ADOT DOORS System. This is where monthly payments will be reported and verified.
 - c. SAM (www.sam.gov) – This site identifies contractors who cannot work on a federal funded project due to specific debarments. See Code of Federal Regulations Title 2 Subtitle A Part 180 Subpart H.
 - i. No Contractor/Subcontractor with a debarment can work on a federal funded project.
 - ii. No Contractor/Subcontractor with an unresolved federal debt can work on a federal funded project.
 - d. LCPTracker (Certified Payroll) – (<https://prod-cdn.lcptracker.net>)
7. CERTIFIED PAYROLL / FRINGE BENEFITS / EMPLOYEE DEDUCTIONS / CLASSIFICATIONS
 - a. Certified Payrolls Reporting is a requirement to work on this project.
 - b. IMPORTANT: Hours/dates/employees/classifications worked MUST MATCH what jobsite inspector reports on his/her daily report each day. ENSURE CREWS CHECK IN WITH PRIME AND INSPECTOR.
 - c. City of Chandler requires the use of LCPTracker system for transmitting certified payroll reports.
 - d. Certified Payroll Reporting Starts: The first day a contractor/subcontractor starts work on site until their contract work is complete and finalized. This includes working and non-working weeks.
 - e. Late or non-submittal of payroll reports:
 - i. US Department of Labor requires that payroll reports be submitted within 7 days of pay date.
 - ii. City of Chandler may assess penalty retainer of \$2,500 for each discrepancy report AND THE PRIME CONTRACTOR CAN WITHHOLD THAT AMOUNT FROM THE PAYMENT OWED TO THE SUBCONTRACTOR.
 - iii. City of Chandler may stop subcontract work until compliance is met.
 - f. Foreman, Superintendents, Owners who perform labor on site are considered laborers and MUST BE REPORTED ON CERTIFIED PAYROLL with exception to de minimis time.
 - g. Payroll Time Requirements / Legal
 - i. All Laborers / Mechanics on Federal Funded Projects Must Be Paid Weekly.
 - ii. Contractor Penalty for not paying weekly - \$5,000 Fine and/or up to five (5) years in Prison.
 - iii. If Contractor lies/falsifies Certified Payroll, penalty can be up to 15 years in jail.
 - iv. Under-paying employees – subcontract may be terminated, contractor/subcontractor can be debarred from working on federal funded contracts for up to three (3) years.
 - h. Project Specific Davis Bacon Wage Decision is included in your contract. Not all Wage Decisions are the same and are "Project Specific". Employees must be paid at or above the Davis Bacon Wage Decision rates (Base + Fringe).
 - i. Site of Work: Includes project site, other areas where significant portion of the building or work is constructed provided that: 1) such site is established specifically for the contract and no other work, and 2) is located adjacent or virtually adjacent to the site of the work (within visual).
 - j. Employee Benefits Plans / Fringes:
 - i. If Contractor / Subcontractor wants to utilize company paid benefits paid to employee towards the required Davis Bacon Wage requirement in lieu of cash, the following two items must be submitted to and approved by the City Federal Compliance Oversight.
 1. Company-Employee Benefits and Health care plan. This includes company benefits for employees, which may include more than health care plans, such as vacation, sick leave, 401K, paid time off, etc.
 2. Worksheet showing the hourly breakdown of the costs to be used.
 - k. Employee Deduction Authorization Form (EDA): All Contractors/Subcontractors submitting certified payroll must submit these forms **for every employee that has dollars in the "Other" box** on the payroll reports. This is a one-time submittal unless deductions change for that employee, and does not need to be submitted with every payroll report.

Submit through LCPTracker Upload or directly to: Janece Ray at Janece.ray@chandleraz.gov. Request a generic form if you do not have one.

- l. Classification Requests (also known as Conformance Requests): If no classification matches a task/employee work classification from the wage decision for this contract, YOU WILL NEED TO SUBMIT A Classification Request SF1444 (City of Chandler Form, ADOT Forms are not allowed).
- m. Overtime Requirement by Department of Labor: The overtime rate must be 1.5 x the Base Rate on the Wage Decision or 1.5 x a higher wage rate that you already pay, (you cannot pay 1.5 OT rate on the base rate if you are paying a lower base rate due to higher fringe rate).
- n. DO NOT USE 'GENERAL LABORER CLEANUP' as a catch all. DOL DOES NOT WANT TO SEE MORE THAN 3 GENERAL LABORERS TO A SKILLED CLASSIFICATION.

8. EMPLOYEE INTERVIEWS

- a. Employee Interviews process is a Department of Labor federal requirement on federal funded projects. This is to ensure employees are being paid correctly for the tasks they are working. Interviews are confidential and employers cannot have access to interview documentation.

9. PAYMENT REPORTING: (aka DBE/PROMPT PAY REPORTING)

- a. ALL CONTRACTORS AND SUBCONTRACTORS, **MUST** be registered with ADOT DOORS Payment Reporting System. (<https://adotdoors.dbesystem.com/>)
- b. ALL CONTRACTORS/SUBCONTRACTORS are required to report monthly in the above listed system from your first payment to when your contract is complete. This includes months that \$-0- payments occur.
- c. Report the date paid; Report the date received. DO NOT GUESS.
 - i. DBE's who subcontract down to a lower tier: If Lower Tier is not a DBE, payment amounts to lower tier will not count towards the DBE Goal.
- d. Reporting Schedule: Primes must report payments made to subcontractors no later than the 10th of each month for payments made the previous month. Subcontractors must verify or report payment discrepancies by the 30th of each month for report made by the Prime. Subcontractors must report payments made to lower tiers by the 15th of each month for payments made the previous month (including \$0).
- e. DBE Subcontractors: important reminder – payments reported total and the DBE Final Payment Certification Form required at completion of subcontract work must have the same total dollars paid – must match.

10. PROMPT PAY

- a. Subcontractors must be paid within 7 days from payment received from the City for the related work.
- b. Prime is responsible for ensuring subcontractors pay lower tiers.
- c. Subcontractors must pay lower tiers within 7 days of receiving payment from the Prime for work the lower tier performed that was paid to the Prime – to the subcontractor.
- d. Note that just because a subcontractor or a lower tier subcontractor performed work, the Prime may not have been paid for that work. Prompt Pay 7-day payment requirements is for work paid for from the City to the Prime; Prime to the Subcontractor; Subcontractor to the Lower Tier Subcontractor.
- e. Payment reporting: is the reported amount correct, was payment received within 7 days from the date the Prime was paid? DO NOT GUESS.

11. REGISTRAR OF CONTRACTORS LICENSE (ROC)

- a. A current ROC License is required for all Contractors/Subcontractors with exceptions to businesses/services that do not require an ROC License.
- b. Name on the Subcontract, the SRF Request Form, and the ROC License MUST MATCH.

12. BUY AMERICAN AND BUILD AMERICA-BUY AMERICA (BABA) REQUIREMENTS FOR MATERIALS

- a. **MATERIALS USED ON THIS PROJECT MUST FOLLOW THE BUY AMERICAN AND BABA REQUIREMENTS.**
- b. Suppliers, vendors, and subcontractors must provide material certifications before material can be accepted, installed, and paid for.
- c. NO PAYMENTS FOR MATERIALS WITHOUT APPROVED MATERIAL CERTIFICATIONS.

13. JOBSITE POSTERS

- a. There are jobsite poster requirements and City of Chandler will assist will required posters list.
- b. All employees working on site must have access to view jobsite posters without supervision.
- c. All employees must be able to state they have seen the wage decision for this project.

14. SUBCONTRACTORS

- a. **All subcontractors must notify Prime and Inspector to be on site each day.**
- b. **Inspector must document on daily report each day, what subcontractors and identify their employees, the task classifications, and equipment subcontractor is utilizing on site.**
- c. DBE Subcontracts must be submitted prior to construction start.
- d. Termination of a DBE Subcontractor or decrease in scope must be approved by the City of Chandler.
- e. DBE Subcontractors must perform a minimum of 30% of their contract, cannot lower tier sub out more than 70%.
- f. All subcontractors (includes lower tiers) must have an ROC license (if the business type requires it).
- g. All contractors/subcontractors must have a 5-digit AZ UTRACS number (<https://utracs.azdot.gov>)
- h. All contractors/subcontractors (including lower tiers) will be required to report monthly into the ADOT DOORs Reporting System.
- i. Trucking Companies: When a company has one or more company trucks delivering material to the jobsite, they are identified as a vendor, not a subcontractor and do not require a subcontractor approval. Trucking companies that the Contractor or Subcontractor has a subcontract with to work on site hauling in or out is a subcontractor and must go through the subcontractor approval process.
- j. No subcontractor including Barricades/Traffic Control can start before the Prime Contractor's NTP Date.

15. T&M

- a. For T&M work activities, Lump Sum charges/Hourly Rates/Daily Rates ARE NOT ALLOWED on federal funded contracts. Contractors and Subcontractors – required: daily work document signed off by inspector with employees, hours, equipment, description. Invoice documentation must show each date for employees, hours, and certified payroll rates on the applicable APPROVED certified payroll.

16. RETENTION

- a. Contractors can only hold retention percentage based on same retention percentage that the City uses with the Prime Contractor.
- b. Prime Contractor cannot hold retention beyond when the subcontractor is complete with subcontract work. It is not tied to the retention the City holds on the Prime Contractor. Subcontractor must be paid in full within 30 days of subcontract work complete and approved.

SECTION 2

FAA FEDERAL PROVISIONS

ACCESS TO RECORDS AND REPORTS

2 CFR § 200.334; 2 CFR § 200.337; FAA Order 5100.38

The Contractor must maintain an acceptable cost accounting system. The Contractor agrees to provide the Owner, the Federal Aviation Administration and the Comptroller General of the United States or any of their duly authorized representatives access to any books, documents, papers and records of the Contractor which are directly pertinent to the specific contract for the purpose of making audit, examination, excerpts and transcriptions. The Contractor agrees to maintain all books, records and reports required under this contract for a period of not less than three years after final payment is made and all pending matters are closed.

AFFIRMATIVE ACTION REQUIREMENT

41 CFR Part 60-4; Executive Order 11246

NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

1. The Offeror's or Bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity Clause" and the "Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications" set forth herein.
2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate workforce in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

Timetables

Goals for DBE / minority participation

3.30% Race Neutral

These goals are applicable to all of the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the Contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the Contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and non-federally involved construction.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a) and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address, and telephone number of the subcontractor; employer identification number of the subcontractor; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.

4. As used in this notice and in the contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is CITY OF CHANDLER, MARICOOPA COUNTY, ARIZONA.

BREACH OF CONTRACT TERMS

2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(A)

Any violation or breach of terms of this contract on the part of the Contractor or its subcontractors may result in the suspension or termination of this contract or such other action that may be necessary to enforce the rights of the parties of this agreement.

Owner will provide Contractor written notice that describes the nature of the breach and corrective actions the Contractor must undertake in order to avoid termination of the contract. Owner reserves the right to withhold payments to Contractor until such time the Contractor corrects the breach or the Owner elects to terminate the contract. The Owner's notice will identify a specific date by which the Contractor must correct the breach. Owner may proceed with termination of the contract if the Contractor fails to correct the breach by the deadline indicated in the Owner's notice.

The duties and obligations imposed by the Contract Documents and the rights and remedies available thereunder are in addition to, and not a limitation of, any duties, obligations, rights and remedies otherwise imposed or available by law.

BUY AMERICAN PREFERENCE – FAA

The Contractor certifies that its bid/offer is in compliance with 49 USC § 50101, BABA and other related Made in America Laws,¹ U.S. statutes, guidance, and FAA policies, which provide that Federal funds may not be obligated unless all iron, steel and manufactured goods used in AIP funded projects are produced in the United States, unless the Federal Aviation Administration has issued a waiver for the product; the product is listed as an Excepted Article, Material Or Supply in Federal Acquisition Regulation subpart 25.108; or is included in the FAA Nationwide Buy American Waivers Issued list.

The bidder or offeror must complete and submit the certification of compliance with FAA's Buy American Preference, BABA and Made in America laws included herein with their bid or offer. The Airport Sponsor/Owner will reject as nonresponsive any bid or offer that does not include a completed certification of compliance with FAA's Buy American Preference and BABA.

The bidder or offeror certifies that all constructions materials, defined to mean an article, material, or supply other than an item of primarily iron or steel; a manufactured product; cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives that are or consist primarily of: non-ferrous metals; plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables); glass (including optic glass); lumber; or drywall used in the project are manufactured in the U.S.

¹ Per Executive Order 14005 "Made in America Laws" means all statutes, regulations, rules, and Executive Orders relating to federal financial assistance awards or federal procurement, including those that refer to "Buy America" or "Buy American," that require, or provide a preference for, the purchase or acquisition of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States, including iron, steel, and manufactured products offered in the United States

****THIS CERTIFICATION, PAGES 5 & 6 REQUIRES FILLING OUT, SIGNATURE, SUBMIT WITH BID****

**Certification of Compliance
with FAA Buy American Preference – Construction Projects**

As a matter of bid responsiveness, the bidder or offeror must complete, sign, date, and submit this certification statement with its proposal. The bidder or offeror must indicate how it intends to comply with 49 USC § 50101, BABA and other related Made in America Laws, U.S. statutes, guidance, and FAA policies, by selecting one of the following certification statements. These statements are mutually exclusive. Bidder must select one or the other (i.e., not both) by inserting a checkmark (✓) or the letter "X".

☒ Bidder or offeror hereby certifies that it will comply with 49 USC § 50101, BABA and other related U.S. statutes, guidance, and policies of the FAA by:

- a) Only installing iron, steel and manufactured products produced in the United States;
- b) Only installing construction materials defined as: an article, material, or supply – other than an item of primarily iron or steel; a manufactured product; cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives that are or consist primarily of non-ferrous metals; plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables); glass (including optic glass); lumber or drywall that have been manufactured in the United States.
- c) Installing manufactured products for which the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) has issued a waiver as indicated by inclusion on the current FAA Nationwide Buy American Waivers Issued listing; or
- d) Installing products listed as an Excepted Article, Material or Supply in Federal Acquisition Regulation Subpart 25.108.

By selecting this certification statement, the bidder or offeror agrees:

- a) To provide to the Airport Sponsor or the FAA evidence that documents the source and origin of the iron, steel, and/or manufactured product.
- b) To faithfully comply with providing U.S. domestic products.
- c) To refrain from seeking a waiver request after establishment of the contract, unless extenuating circumstances emerge that the FAA determines justified.
- d) Certify that all construction materials used in the project are manufactured in the U.S.

☐ The bidder or offeror hereby certifies it cannot comply with the 100 percent Buy American Preferences of 49 USC § 50101(a) but may qualify for a Type 3 or Type 4 waiver under 49 USC § 50101(b). By selecting this certification statement, the apparent bidder or offeror with the apparent low bid agrees:

- a) To submit to the Airport Sponsor or FAA within 15 calendar days of being selected as the responsive bidder, a formal waiver request and required documentation that supports the type of waiver being requested.
- b) That failure to submit the required documentation within the specified timeframe is cause for a non-responsive determination that may result in rejection of the proposal.
- c) To faithfully comply with providing U.S. domestic products at or above the approved U.S. domestic content percentage as approved by the FAA.
- d) To furnish U.S. domestic product for any waiver request that the FAA rejects.
- e) To refrain from seeking a waiver request after establishment of the contract, unless extenuating circumstances emerge that the FAA determines justified.

Required Signature On This Page – Submit with Bid

Type 2 Waiver (Nonavailability) - The iron, steel, manufactured goods or construction materials or manufactured goods are not available in sufficient quantity or quality in the United States. The required documentation for the Nonavailability waiver is

- a) Completed Content Percentage Worksheet and Final Assembly Questionnaire
- b) Record of thorough market research, consideration where appropriate of qualifying alternate items, products, or materials including;
- c) A description of the market research activities and methods used to identify domestically manufactured items capable of satisfying the requirement, including the timing of the research and conclusions reached on the availability of sources.

Type 3 Waiver – The cost of components and subcomponents produced in the United States is more than 60 percent of the cost of all components and subcomponents of the “facility/project.” The required documentation for a Type 3 waiver is:

- a) Completed Content Percentage Worksheet and Final Assembly Questionnaire including;
- b) Listing of all manufactured products that are not comprised of 100 percent U.S. domestic content (excludes products listed on the FAA Nationwide Buy American Waivers Issued listing and products excluded by Federal Acquisition Regulation Subpart 25.108; products of unknown origin must be considered as non-domestic products in their entirety).
- c) Cost of non-domestic components and subcomponents, excluding labor costs associated with final assembly and installation at project location.
- d) Percentage of non-domestic component and subcomponent cost as compared to total “facility” component and subcomponent costs, excluding labor costs associated with final assembly and installation at project location.

Type 4 Waiver (Unreasonable Costs) - Applying this provision for iron, steel, manufactured goods or construction materials would increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent. The required documentation for this waiver is:

- a) A completed Content Percentage Worksheet and Final Assembly Questionnaire from
- b) At minimum two comparable equal bids and/or offers;
- c) Receipt or record that demonstrates that supplier scouting called for in Executive Order 14005, indicates that no domestic source exists for the project and/or component;
- d) Completed waiver applications for each comparable bid and/or offer.

False Statements: Per 49 USC § 47126, this certification concerns a matter within the jurisdiction of the Federal Aviation Administration and the making of a false, fictitious, or fraudulent certification may render the maker subject to prosecution under Title 18, United States Code.

May 7, 2025

Date

Sunland Asphalt & Construction, LLC

Company Name



Signature

Division Manager - Public Works

Title

CIVIL RIGHTS PROVISIONS

49 USC § 47123

In all its activities within the scope of its airport program, the Contractor agrees to comply with pertinent statutes, Executive Orders, and such rules as identified in Title VI List of Pertinent Nondiscrimination Acts and Authorities to ensure that no person shall, on the grounds of race, color, national origin (including limited English proficiency), creed, sex (including sexual orientation and gender identity), age, or disability be excluded from participating in any activity conducted with or benefiting from Federal assistance.

This provision is in addition to that required by Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964

The above provision binds the Contractor and subcontractors from the bid solicitation period through the completion of the contract.

CIVIL RIGHTS TITLE VI

49 USC § 47123

Title VI Solicitation Notice:

The CITY OF CHANDLER, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 USC §§ 2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders or offerors that it will affirmatively ensure that for any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, [select businesses, or disadvantaged business enterprises or airport concession disadvantaged business enterprises] will be afforded full and fair opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and no businesses will be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, national origin (including limited English proficiency), creed, sex (including sexual orientation and gender identity), age, or disability in consideration for an award.

Title VI List of Pertinent Nondiscrimination Acts and Authorities

During the performance of this contract, the Contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "Contractor") agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 USC § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin);
- 49 CFR part 21 (Non-discrimination in Federally-Assisted programs of the Department of Transportation—Effectuation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964);
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 USC § 4601) (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 USC § 794 et seq.), as amended (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR part 27 (Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disability in Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance);
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 USC § 6101 et seq.) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982 (49 USC § 47123), as amended (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987 (PL 100-259) (broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 USC § 12101, et seq) (prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities) as implemented by U.S. Department of Transportation regulations at 49 CFR parts 37 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration's Nondiscrimination statute (49 USC § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations (ensures nondiscrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations);
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs [70 Fed. Reg. 74087 (2005)];
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 USC § 1681, et seq).

Compliance with Nondiscrimination Requirements:

During the performance of this contract, the Contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "Contractor"), agrees as follows:

1. **Compliance with Regulations:** The Contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Title VI List of Pertinent Nondiscrimination Acts and Authorities, as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.
2. **Nondiscrimination:** The Contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, national origin (including limited English proficiency), creed, sex (including sexual orientation and gender identity), age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The Contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Nondiscrimination Acts and Authorities, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR part 21.
3. **Solicitations for Subcontracts, including Procurements of Materials and Equipment:** In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding or negotiation made by the Contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the Contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Nondiscrimination Acts and Authorities on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.
4. **Information and Reports:** The Contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Sponsor or the Federal Aviation Administration to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Nondiscrimination Acts and Authorities and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the Contractor will so certify to the Sponsor or the Federal Aviation Administration, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.
5. **Sanctions for Noncompliance:** In the event of a Contractor's noncompliance with the non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Sponsor will impose such contract sanctions as it or the Federal Aviation Administration may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:
 - a. Withholding payments to the Contractor under the contract until the Contractor complies; and/or
 - b. Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.
6. **Incorporation of Provisions:** The Contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto. The Contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Sponsor or the Federal Aviation Administration may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the Contractor may request the Sponsor to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Sponsor. In addition, the Contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

CLEAN AIR AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(G); 42 USC § 7401, et seq; 33 USC § 1251, et seq

Contractor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders, and regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 USC §§ 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 USC §§ 1251-1387). The Contractor agrees to report any violation to the Owner immediately upon discovery. The Owner assumes responsibility for notifying the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Federal Aviation Administration.

Contractor must include this requirement in all subcontracts that exceed \$150,000.

CONTRACT WORKHOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT REQUIREMENTS

2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(E); 2 CFR § 5.5(b); 40 USC § 3702; 40 USC § 3704

1. Overtime Requirements.

No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

2. Violation; Liability for Unpaid Wages; Liquidated Damages.

In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1) of this clause, the Contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1) of this clause, in the sum of \$29 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1) of this clause.

3. Withholding for Unpaid Wages and Liquidated Damages.

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) or the Owner shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2) of this clause.

4. Subcontractors.

The Contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1) through (4) and also a clause requiring the subcontractor to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1) through (4) of this clause.

COPELAND “ANTI-KICKBACK” ACT

2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(D); 29 CFR Parts 3 and 5

Contractor must comply with the requirements of the Copeland “Anti-Kickback” Act (18 USC 874 and 40 USC 3145), as supplemented by Department of Labor regulation 29 CFR part 3. Contractor and subcontractors are prohibited from inducing, by any means, any person employed on the project to give up any part of the compensation to which the employee is entitled. The Contractor and each Subcontractor must submit to the Owner, a weekly statement on the wages paid to each employee performing on covered work during the prior week. Owner must report any violations of the Act to the Federal Aviation Administration.

DAVIS-BACON REQUIREMENTS

2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(D); 29 CFR Part 5; 49 USC § 47112(b); 40 USC §§ 3141-3144, 3146, and 3147

1. Minimum Wages.

(i) All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR Part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalent thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the Contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph (1)(iv) of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR § 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: *Provided*, that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under (1)(ii) of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the Contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can easily be seen by the workers.

(ii)(A) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

(1) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination;

(2) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and

(3) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(B) If the Contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(C) In the event the Contractor, the laborers, or mechanics to be employed in the classification, or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(D) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to subparagraphs (1)(ii) (B) or (C) of this paragraph, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

(iii) Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

(iv) If the Contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the Contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, *Provided*, that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the Contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the Contractor to set aside in a separate account, assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding. The Federal Aviation Administration or the Sponsor shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld from the Contractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the Contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the Federal Aviation Administration may, after written notice to the Contractor, Sponsor, Applicant, or Owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and Basic Records.

(i) Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the Contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker; his or her correct classification; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours worked; deductions made; and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the Contractor shall maintain records that show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual costs incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

(ii)(A) The Contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the Federal Aviation Administration if the agency is a party to the contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the Contractor will submit the payrolls to the applicant, Sponsor, or Owner, as the case may be, for transmission to the Federal Aviation Administration. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR § 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at <http://www.dol.agencies/whd/government-contracts/construction/payroll-certification> or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker and shall provide them upon request to the Federal Aviation Administration if the agency is a party to the contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the Contractor will submit them to the applicant, Sponsor, or Owner, as the case may be, for transmission to the Federal Aviation Administration, the Contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime

contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the sponsoring government agency (or the applicant, Sponsor, or Owner).

(B) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the Contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(1) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under 29 CFR § 5.5(a)(3)(ii), the appropriate information is being maintained under 29 CFR § 5.5 (a)(3)(i), and that such information is correct and complete;

(2) That each laborer and mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR Part 3;

(3) Each laborer/mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for classification work performed, as specified in the wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(C) The weekly submission of properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of Statement of Compliance required in this section.

(D) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the Contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 231 of Title 31 of the United States Code.

(iii) The Contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph (3)(i) of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the Sponsor, the Federal Aviation Administration, or the Department of Labor and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the Contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the Contractor, Sponsor, applicant, or Owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR § 5.12.

4. Apprentices and Trainees.

(i) Apprentices. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the Contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed. Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that

determination. In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(ii) Trainees. Except as provided in 29 CFR § 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination that provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate that is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(iii) Equal Employment Opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees, and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246 and 29 CFR Part 30.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements. The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.

6. Subcontracts. The Contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses contained in 29 CFR §§ 5.5(a)(1) through (10) and such other clauses as the Federal Aviation Administration may by appropriate instructions require, and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR § 5.5.

7. Contract Termination: Debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in paragraph 1 through 10 of this section may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR § 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act Requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR Parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

9. Disputes Concerning Labor Standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR Parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the Contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of Eligibility. (i) By entering into this contract, the Contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the Contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR § 5.12(a)(1).

(ii) No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR § 5.12(a)(1).

(iii) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 USC § 1001.

DEBARMENT AND SUSPENSION

2 CFR Part 180 (Subpart B); 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(H); 2 CFR Part 1200; DOT Order 4200.5; Executive Orders 12549 and 12689

CERTIFICATION OF OFFEROR/BIDDER REGARDING DEBARMENT

By submitting a bid/proposal under this solicitation, the bidder or offeror certifies that neither it nor its principals are presently debarred or suspended by any Federal department or agency from participation in this transaction.

SUBCONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

CERTIFICATION OF LOWER TIER CONTRACTORS REGARDING DEBARMENT

The successful bidder, by administering each lower tier subcontract that exceeds \$25,000 as a “covered transaction”, must confirm each lower tier participant of a “covered transaction” under the project is not presently debarred or otherwise disqualified from participation in this federally-assisted project. The successful bidder will accomplish this by:

Checking the System for Award Management at website: <http://www.sam.gov>.

Collecting a certification statement similar to the Certification of Offeror /Bidder Regarding Debarment, above.

Inserting a clause or condition in the covered transaction with the lower tier contract.

If the Federal Aviation Administration later determines that a lower tier participant failed to disclose to a higher tier participant that it was excluded or disqualified at the time it entered the covered transaction, the FAA may pursue any available remedies, including suspension and debarment of the non-compliant participant.

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE AND PROMPT PAY PROVISION

49 CFR Part 26

DBE GOAL: 3.30% RACE NEUTRAL

The requirements of 49 CFR part 26 apply to this contract. It is the policy of the CITY OF CHANDLER to practice nondiscrimination based on race, color, sex, or national origin in the award or performance of this contract and encourages participation by all firms qualifying under this solicitation regardless of business size or ownership.

Contract Assurance (49 CFR § 26.13)

The Contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- Withholding monthly progress payments;
- Assessing sanctions;
- Liquidated damages; and/or
- Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

Termination of DBE Subcontracts (49 CFR § 26.53(f); acceptable/sample text provided) –

The prime contractor must not terminate a DBE subcontractor (or an approved substitute DBE firm) without prior written consent of THE CITY OF CHANDLER. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the prime contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm.

The prime contractor shall utilize the specified approved DBE Subcontractor if submitted and approved, to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed on approved subcontract unless the contractor obtains written consent from THE CITY OF CHANDLER. Unless THE CITY OF CHANDLER consent is provided, the prime contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the approved DBE. Such written consent only if for good cause.

Before transmitting request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the prime contractor must give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to THE CITY OF CHANDLER, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request.

The prime contractor must give the DBE five days to respond to the prime contractor's notice and advise THE CITY OF CHANDLER why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why THE CITY OF CHANDLER should not approve the prime contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity (e.g., safety), DBE subcontractor may provide a response period shorter than five days.

In addition to post-award terminations, the provisions of this section apply to pre-award deletions of or substitutions for DBE firms put forward by offerors in negotiated procurements.

PROMPT PAYMENT PROVISION

49 CFR § 26.29

The prime contractor agrees to pay each subcontractor under this prime contract for satisfactory performance of its contract **NO LATER THAN 7 DAYS** from the receipt of each payment the prime contractor receives from THE CITY OF CHANDLER. The prime contractor agrees further to return retainage payments to each subcontractor **within 30 days** after the subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed. Any delay or postponement of payment from the above referenced time frame may occur only for good cause following written approval of THE CITY OF CHANDLER. This clause applies to both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors.

DISTRACTED DRIVING

Executive Order 13513; DOT Order 3902.10

TEXTING WHEN DRIVING

In accordance with Executive Order 13513, “Federal Leadership on Reducing Text Messaging While Driving”, (10/1/2009) and DOT Order 3902.10, “Text Messaging While Driving”, (12/30/2009), the Federal Aviation Administration encourages recipients of Federal grant funds to adopt and enforce safety policies that decrease crashes by distracted drivers, including policies to ban text messaging while driving when performing work related to a grant or subgrant.

In support of this initiative, the Owner encourages the Contractor to promote policies and initiatives for its employees and other work personnel that decrease crashes by distracted drivers, including policies that ban text messaging while driving motor vehicles while performing work activities associated with the project. The Contractor must include the substance of this clause in all sub-tier contracts exceeding \$10,000 that involve driving a motor vehicle in performance of work activities associated with the project.

DOMESTIC PREFERENCES FOR PROCUREMENTS

2 CFR § 200.322; 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(L)

CERTIFICATION REGARDING DOMESTIC PREFERENCES FOR PROCUREMENTS

The Bidder or Offeror certifies by signing and submitting this bid or proposal that, to the greatest extent practicable, the Bidder or Offeror has provided a preference for the purchase, acquisition, or use of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States (including, but not limited to, iron, aluminum, steel, cement, and other manufactured products) in compliance with 2 CFR § 200.322.

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EEO)

2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(C); 41 CFR § 60-1.4; 41 CFR § 60-4.3; Executive Order 11246

EQUAL OPPORTUNITY CLAUSE

During the performance of this contract, the Contractor agrees as follows:

(1) The Contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. The Contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff, or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The Contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

(2) The Contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.

(3) The contractor will not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant. This provision shall not apply to instances in which an employee who has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee's essential job functions discloses the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, unless such disclosure is in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action, including an investigation conducted by the employer, or is consistent with the contractor's legal duty to furnish information.

(4) The Contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the agency contracting officer, advising the labor union or workers' representative of the Contractor's commitments under this section 202 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.

(5) The Contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and of the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor.

(6) The Contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to his books, records, and accounts by the contracting agency and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.

(7) In the event of the Contractor's noncompliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any such rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the Contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.

(8) The Contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (8) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The Contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as may be directed by the Secretary of Labor as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for noncompliance: *Provided*, however, that in the event the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction, the Contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

EEO SPECIFICATION

1. As used in these specifications:

- a. "Covered area" means the geographical area described in the solicitation from which this contract resulted;
- b. "Director" means Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP), U.S. Department of Labor, or any person to whom the Director delegates authority;
- c. "Employer identification number" means the Federal social security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department Form 941;
- d. "Minority" includes:
 - (1) Black (all persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin);
 - (2) Hispanic (all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race);
 - (3) Asian and Pacific Islander (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands); and
 - (4) American Indian or Alaskan native (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification).

2. Whenever the Contractor, or any subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any construction trade, it shall physically include in each subcontract in excess of \$10,000 the provisions of these specifications and the Notice which contains the applicable goals for minority and female participation and which is set forth in the solicitations from which this contract resulted.

3. If the Contractor is participating (pursuant to 41 CFR part 60-4.5) in a Hometown Plan approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in the covered area either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the Plan area (including goals and timetables) shall be in accordance with that Plan for those trades which have unions participating in the Plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate their participation in and compliance with the provisions of any such Hometown Plan. Each contractor or subcontractor participating in an approved plan is individually required to comply with its obligations under the EEO clause and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the Plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good faith performance by other contractors or subcontractors toward a goal in an approved Plan does not excuse any covered contractor's or subcontractor's failure to take good faith efforts to achieve the Plan goals and timetables.

4. The Contractor shall implement the specific affirmative action standards provided in paragraphs 7a through 7p of these specifications. The goals set forth in the solicitation from which this contract resulted are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in the covered area. Covered construction contractors performing construction work in a geographical areas where they do not have a Federal or federally assisted construction contract shall apply the minority and female goals established for the geographical area where the work is being performed. Goals are published periodically in the Federal Register in notice form, and such notices may be obtained from any Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs office or from Federal procurement contracting officers. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress in meeting its goals in each craft during the period specified.

5. Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under these specifications, Executive Order 11246, or the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

6. In order for the nonworking training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.

7. The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:

- a. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other onsite supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.
- b. Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources, provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organizations' responses.
- c. Maintain a current file of the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment source, or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefor, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.
- d. Provide immediate written notification to the Director when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.
- e. Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under 7b above.
- f. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligations; by including it in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.
- g. Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination, or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with onsite supervisory personnel such as superintendents, general foremen, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.
- h. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other contractors and subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.
- i. Direct its recruitment efforts, both oral and written, to minority, female, and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.

j. Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer, and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on the site and in other areas of a contractor's work force.

k. Validate all tests and selection requirements where there is an obligation to do so under 41 CFR part 60-3.

l. Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel, for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.

m. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments, and other personnel practices do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.

n. Ensure that all facilities and company activities are nonsegregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.

o. Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.

p. Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisor's adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.

8. Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations, which assist in fulfilling one or more of their affirmative action obligations (7a through 7p). The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor-union, contractor-community, or other similar group of which the Contractor is a member and participant may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of its obligations under 7a through 7p of these specifications provided that the Contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensures that the concrete benefits of the program are reflected in the Contractor's minority and female workforce participation, makes a good faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrates the effectiveness of actions taken on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply, however, is the Contractor's and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.

9. A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women have been established. The Contractor, however, is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner (for example, even though the Contractor has achieved its goals for women generally, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a specific minority group of women is underutilized).

10. The Contractor shall not use the goals and timetables or affirmative action standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.

11. The Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts pursuant to Executive Order 11246.

12. The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and of the Equal Opportunity Clause, including suspension, termination, and cancellation of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementing regulations, by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Any contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Executive Order 11246, as amended.

13. The Contractor, in fulfilling its obligations under these specifications, shall implement specific affirmative action steps, at least as extensive as those standards prescribed in paragraph 7 of these specifications, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of the Executive Order, the implementing regulations, or these specifications, the Director shall proceed in accordance with 41 CFR part 60-4.8.

14. The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the company EEO policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions hereof as may be required by the Government, and to keep records. Records shall at least include for each employee, the name, address, telephone numbers, construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g., mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and locations at which the work was performed. Records shall be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, contractors shall not be required to maintain separate records.

15. Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g. those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).

FEDERAL FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT (FEDERAL MINIMUM WAGE)

29 USC § 201, et seq; 2 CFR § 200.430

All contracts and subcontracts that result from this solicitation incorporate by reference the provisions of 29 CFR part 201, et seq, the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), with the same force and effect as if given in full text. The FLSA sets minimum wage, overtime pay, recordkeeping, and child labor standards for full and part-time workers.

The Contractor has full responsibility to monitor compliance to the referenced statute or regulation. The Contractor must address any claims or disputes that arise from this requirement directly with the U.S. Department of Labor – Wage and Hour Division.

FOREIGN TRADE RESTRICTION CERTIFICATION

49 USC § 50104; 49 CFR Part 30

By submission of an offer, the Offeror certifies that with respect to this solicitation and any resultant contract, the Offeror –

- 1) is not owned or controlled by one or more citizens of a foreign country included in the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms as published by the Office of the United States Trade Representative (USTR);
- 2) has not knowingly entered into any contract or subcontract for this project with a person that is a citizen or national of a foreign country included on the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms as published by the USTR; and
- 3) has not entered into any subcontract for any product to be used on the Federal project that is produced in a foreign country included on the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms published by the USTR.

This certification concerns a matter within the jurisdiction of an agency of the United States of America and the making of a false, fictitious, or fraudulent certification may render the maker subject to prosecution under Title 18 USC § 1001.

The Offeror/Contractor must provide immediate written notice to the Owner if the Offeror/Contractor learns that its certification or that of a subcontractor was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. The Contractor must require subcontractors provide immediate written notice to the Contractor if at any time it learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

Unless the restrictions of this clause are waived by the Secretary of Transportation in accordance with 49 CFR § 30.17, no contract shall be awarded to an Offeror or subcontractor:

- 1) who is owned or controlled by one or more citizens or nationals of a foreign country included on the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms published by the USTR; or
- 2) whose subcontractors are owned or controlled by one or more citizens or nationals of a foreign country on such USTR list; or
- 3) who incorporates in the public works project any product of a foreign country on such USTR list.

Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a contractor is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

The Offeror agrees that, if awarded a contract resulting from this solicitation, it will incorporate this provision for certification without modification in all lower tier subcontracts. The Contractor may rely on the certification of a prospective subcontractor that it is not a firm from a foreign country included on the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms as published by USTR, unless the Offeror has knowledge that the certification is erroneous.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making an award. If it is later determined that the Contractor or subcontractor knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) may direct through the Owner cancellation of the contract or subcontract for default at no cost to the Owner or the FAA.

LOBBYING AND INFLUENCING FEDERAL EMPLOYEES

31 USC § 1352 – Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment; 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(I); 49 CFR Part 20, Appendix A

CERTIFICATION REGARDING LOBBYING

The Bidder or Offeror certifies by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- (1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the Bidder or Offeror, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- (3) The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all sub-awards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all sub-recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT OF 1970
29 CFR Part 1910

All contracts and subcontracts that result from this solicitation incorporate by reference the requirements of 29 CFR Part 1910 with the same force and effect as if given in full text. The employer must provide a work environment that is free from recognized hazards that may cause death or serious physical harm to the employee. The employer retains full responsibility to monitor its compliance and their subcontractor's compliance with the applicable requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 CFR Part 1910). The employer must address any claims or disputes that pertain to a referenced requirement directly with the U.S. Department of Labor – Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PROHIBITION OF SEGREGATED FACILITIES

2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(C); 41 CFR Part 60-1

(a) The Contractor agrees that it does not and will not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that it does not and will not permit its employees to perform their services at any location under its control where segregated facilities are maintained. The Contractor agrees that a breach of this clause is a violation of the Equal Employment Opportunity clause in this contract.

(b) "Segregated facilities," as used in this clause, means any waiting rooms, work areas, rest rooms and wash rooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees that are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin because of written or oral policies or employee custom. The term does not include separate or single-user rest rooms or necessary dressing or sleeping areas provided to assure privacy between the sexes.

(c) The Contractor shall include this clause in every subcontract and purchase order that is subject to the Equal Employment Opportunity clause of this contract.

PROCUREMENT OF RECOVERED MATERIALS

2 CFR § 200.323; 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(J); 40 CFR Part 247;
42 USC § 6901, et seq (Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA))

Contractor and subcontractor agree to comply with Section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, and the regulatory provisions of 40 CFR Part 247. In the performance of this contract and to the extent practicable, the Contractor and subcontractors are to use products containing the highest percentage of recovered materials for items designated by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) under 40 CFR Part 247 whenever:

- 1) The contract requires procurement of \$10,000 or more of a designated item during the fiscal year; or
- 2) The contractor has procured \$10,000 or more of a designated item using Federal funding during the previous fiscal year.

The list of EPA-designated items is available at www.epa.gov/smm/comprehensive-procurement-guidelines-construction-products.

Section 6002(c) establishes exceptions to the preference for recovery of EPA-designated products if the contractor can demonstrate the item is:

- a) Not reasonably available within a timeframe providing for compliance with the contract performance schedule;
- b) Fails to meet reasonable contract performance requirements; or
- c) Is only available at an unreasonable price.

*****THIS SECTION COVERS A REQUIREMENT BY FAA AND REQUIRES A VERIFICATION SIGNATURE. THE CITY OF CHANDLER PROVIDES A SEPARATE DOCUMENT WITH BID AND MUST BE FILLED OUT, SIGNED AND SUBMITTED WITH BID.
SEE “VERIFICATIONS STATEMENT”***

ADDITIONALLY, THE “VERIFICATIONS STATEMENT” IS ALSO A REQUIRED DOCUMENT TO BE FILLED OUT, SIGNED AND SUBMITTED WITH ALL SUBCONTRACTS/LOWER TIER SUBCONTRACTS FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL.

TAX DELINQUENCY AND FELONY CONVICTIONS

Section 8113 of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022 (Public Law 117-103) and similar provisions in subsequent appropriations acts.

DOT Order 4200.6 – Appropriations Act Requirements for Procurement and Non-Procurement Regarding Tax Delinquency and Felony Convictions

CERTIFICATION OF OFFEROR/BIDDER REGARDING TAX DELINQUENCY AND FELONY CONVICTIONS

City of Chandler provides a Verification Statement that must be submitted with bid to cover the requirements of this section. Applicant/Bidder/Contractors/Subcontractors/Consultants/Subconsultants cannot have any been convicted of a criminal violation under any federal law within the preceding 24 months and cannot have any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. Additionally, the Verifications Statement must be included, signed and submitted to the City of Chandler with all subcontracts and lower tier subcontracts for review and approval.

The City has provided in this bid a “Verifications Statement” that must be signed and submitted with bid.

Note

If an applicant responds in the affirmative to either of the above representations, the applicant is ineligible to receive an award unless the Sponsor has received notification from the agency suspension and debarment official (SDO) that the SDO has considered suspension or debarment and determined that further action is not required to protect the Government’s interests. The applicant therefore must provide information to the owner about its tax liability or conviction to the Owner, who will then notify the FAA Airports District Office, which will then notify the agency’s SDO to facilitate completion of the required considerations before award decisions are made.

Term Definitions

Felony conviction: Felony conviction means a conviction within the preceding twenty four (24) months of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law and includes conviction of an offense defined in a section of the U.S. Code that specifically classifies the offense as a felony and conviction of an offense that is classified as a felony under 18 USC § 3559.

Tax Delinquency: A tax delinquency is any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES OR EQUIPMENT PROHIBITION

2 CFR § 200, Appendix II(K); 2 CFR § 200.216

Contractor and Subcontractor agree to comply with mandatory standards and policies relating to use and procurement of certain telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment in compliance with the National Defense Authorization Act [Public Law 115-232 § 889(f)(1)].

TERMINATION OF CONTRACT

2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(B)

FAA Advisory Circular 150/5370-10, Section 80-09

Termination for Convenience

The Owner may terminate this contract in whole or in part at any time by providing written notice to the Contractor. Such action may be without cause and without prejudice to any other right or remedy of Owner. Upon receipt of a written notice of termination, except as explicitly directed by the Owner, the Contractor shall immediately proceed with the following obligations regardless of any delay in determining or adjusting amounts due under this clause:

1. Contractor must immediately discontinue work as specified in the written notice.
2. Terminate all subcontracts to the extent they relate to the work terminated under the notice.
3. Discontinue orders for materials and services except as directed by the written notice.
4. Deliver to the Owner all fabricated and partially fabricated parts, completed and partially completed work, supplies, equipment and materials acquired prior to termination of the work, and as directed in the written notice.
5. Complete performance of the work not terminated by the notice.
6. Take action as directed by the Owner to protect and preserve property and work related to this contract that Owner will take possession.

Owner agrees to pay Contractor for:

1. Completed and acceptable work executed in accordance with the contract documents prior to the effective date of termination;
2. Documented expenses sustained prior to the effective date of termination in performing work and furnishing labor, materials, or equipment as required by the contract documents in connection with uncompleted work;
3. Reasonable and substantiated claims, costs, and damages incurred in settlement of terminated contracts with Subcontractors and Suppliers; and
4. Reasonable and substantiated expenses to the Contractor directly attributable to Owner's termination action.

Owner will not pay Contractor for loss of anticipated profits or revenue or other economic loss arising out of or resulting from the Owner's termination action.

The rights and remedies that this clause provides are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract.

Termination for Default – for Cause

Section 80-09 of FAA Advisory Circular 150/5370-10 establishes standard language for conditions, rights, and remedies associated with Owner termination of this contract for cause due to default of the Contractor.

VETERAN'S PREFERENCE

49 USC § 47112(c)

In the employment of labor (excluding executive, administrative, and supervisory positions), the Contractor and all sub-tier contractors must give preference to covered veterans as defined within Title 49 United States Code Section 47112. Covered veterans include Vietnam-era veterans, Persian Gulf veterans, Afghanistan-Iraq war veterans, disabled veterans, and small business concerns (as defined by 15 USC § 632) owned and controlled by disabled veterans. This preference only applies when there are covered veterans readily available and qualified to perform the work to which the employment relates.

SECTION 3

JOBSITE POSTER REQUIREMENTS

CONSTRUCTION JOB SITE POSTERS BOARD REQUIREMENT – FAA

	Must have a Project Jobsite Poster Board
	Location – must be located away from Management View
	Must be updated if weather damaged

Item	English-1	Spanish-2	Poster Title
1			Employee Rights Under Davis Bacon for Laborers & Mechanics Act – (WH1321) 10-2017
2A			Minimum Wage Jobsite Poster – Arizona 2025-01-01
2B			Minimum Wage Jobsite Poster – Federal – Federal Minimum Wage **only if higher than Arizona
3			Employee Rights Under the Employee Polygraph Protection Act – (WH1462) 02-2022
4			Employee Rights Under the Family Medical Leave Act – (WHD1420) 04-2023
5			Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Exec Order 13496) 2022-05-02
6			EEO Know Your Rights Discrimination 2023-06-27 - (**replaces EEO Law and Law Supplement posters)
7			Pay Transparency Nondiscrimination Provision (Exec Order 11246) 12-2016
8			USERRA - Your Rights Under USERRA – Uniformed Services Employment 05-2022
9			OSHA Job Safety - Safe Work-Place – 2019
10			Arizona Workers' Compensation Law (English/Spanish all on one) NO Date
11			Unemployment Insurance AZ 08-19 (POU-003)
12			Fair Wages Earned Paid Sick Time 07-01-2017 AZICA has no date on the poster
13			Davis Bacon Wage Decision
13B			DURING CONSTRUCTION: Added Classifications List (if applicable)

No 1

Poster copy to have the following information in the blank boxes at the bottom.

CITY OF CHANDLER

TEL: 480-782-3331

215 E. Buffalo St, PO Box 4008, MS407

Chandler, AZ 85244

CIUDAD DE CHANDLER

Tel: 480-782-3331

215 E Buffalo St, PO Box 4008, MS407

Chandler, AZ 85244

SECTION 4
DAVIS BACON WAGE DECISION

"General Decision Number: AZ20250045 01/03/2025

Superseded General Decision Number: AZ20240045

State: Arizona

Construction Type: Highway

County: Maricopa County in Arizona.

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(1).

If the contract is entered into on or after January 30, 2022, or the contract is renewed or extended (e.g., an option is exercised) on or after January 30, 2022:	◆ Executive Order 14026 generally applies to the contract. ◆ The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$17.75 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in 2025.
If the contract was awarded on or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and the contract is not renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022:	◆ Executive Order 13658 generally applies to the contract. ◆ The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$13.30 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours performing on that contract in 2025.

The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request.

Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at <http://www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts>.

Modification Number Publication Date
 0 01/03/2025

CARP1912-003 07/01/2024

	Rates	Fringes
Carpenter, Excludes Formwork		
Concrete.....	\$ 35.89	14.98

ENGI0012-046 12/01/2024

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR:		
Bulldozer.....	\$ 35.56	18.12

ENGI0012-053 12/01/2024

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR:		
Tractor.....	\$ 35.56	18.12

ENGI0012-063 12/01/2024

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR:		
Oiler.....	\$ 32.29	18.12

ENGI0012-065 12/01/2024

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR:		
Field Equipment		

Serviceperson.....	\$ 35.56	18.12

ENGI0012-066 12/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR:		
Backhoe/Backhoe & Loader		
Combo/Track Backhoe.....	\$ 35.56	18.12

ENGI0012-069 12/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR:		
Loader/Front End Loader.....		
	\$ 35.56	18.12

ENGI0012-070 12/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
TRUCK DRIVER		
Off Road Truck.....	\$ 35.56	18.12

ENGI0012-071 12/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR:		
Crane/Derrick.....		
	\$ 36.64	18.12

ENGI0012-072 12/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
Power Equipment Operator:		
Excavator/Trackhoe		
1/2 cubic yard or smaller...	\$ 35.56	18.12
Greater than 1/2 cubic yard.	\$ 36.64	18.12

ENGI0012-073 12/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR:		
Grade Checker.....		
	\$ 36.64	18.12

ENGI0012-074 12/01/2024		

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR:		
Motor Grader/Blade.....	\$ 36.64	18.12

ENGI0012-075 12/01/2024		

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR:		
Mechanic.....	\$ 37.67	18.12

IRON0075-014 08/01/2024		

	Rates	Fringes
Ironworker.....	\$ 33.00	18.91

LAB01184-016 06/01/2024		

	Rates	Fringes
Power Equipment Operator:		
Horizontal Directional		
Drill.....	\$ 30.72	8.37

LAB01184-017 06/01/2024		

	Rates	Fringes
Laborer: Fence Erector.....	\$ 26.15	8.37

LAB01184-021 06/01/2024		

	Rates	Fringes
Traffic Control.....	\$ 26.15	8.37

LAB01184-025 06/01/2024		

	Rates	Fringes
Laborer: Asphalt, Includes		
Raker, Shoveler, Spreader and		
Distributor.....	\$ 28.65	8.37

LAB01184-027 06/01/2024		

	Rates	Fringes
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Laborer: Grade Setter.....	\$ 28.65	8.37

LAB01184-029 06/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
LABORER: Guardrail Installer.....	\$ 28.65	8.37

LAB01184-033 06/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
Power Equipment Operator: Trencher.....	\$ 29.62	8.37

LAB01184-044 06/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
Power Equipment Operator: Forklift.....	\$ 29.62	8.37

LAB01184-047 06/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
Truck Driver: Concrete.....	\$ 29.62	8.37

LAB01184-049 06/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
Truck Driver: Water.....	\$ 29.62	8.37

SUAZ2023-022 11/19/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
Carpenter: Formwork Concrete.....	\$ 29.86	8.89
Cement Mason/Concrete finisher...	\$ 30.41	0.00
Electrician.....	\$ 29.00	7.58
Laborer: Concrete Saw (Hand Held/Walk Behind).....	\$ 25.22	5.08

Laborer: General.....	\$ 23.32	7.09
Laborer: Landscape Laborer.....	\$ 19.00	6.34
Laborer: Mason Tender.....	\$ 25.92	7.09
Laborer: Pipelayer.....	\$ 25.97	7.09
Painter: Pavement Marking.....	\$ 23.35	6.34
Painter: Sign and Display Erector.....	\$ 18.03	0.00
Power Equipment Operator: Bobcat/Skid Steer/Skid Loader....	\$ 29.91	9.11
Power Equipment Operator: Boom/Crane Truck.....	\$ 43.11	10.87
Power Equipment Operator: Broom/Sweeper.....	\$ 25.95	6.62
Power Equipment Operator: Compactor/Roller.....	\$ 30.24	0.00
Power Equipment Operator: Concrete Pump Truck.....	\$ 43.11	10.87
Power Equipment Operator: Concrete Screed.....	\$ 26.41	7.64
Power Equipment Operator: Drill Rig/Auger.....	\$ 36.80	13.07
Power Equipment Operator: Milling Machine.....	\$ 31.16	0.00
Power Equipment Operator: Paver/Spreader/Finish equipment (asphalt, aggregate, & concrete).....	\$ 32.67	0.00
Power Equipment Operator: Scraper.....	\$ 29.69	0.00
Truck Driver: Dump.....	\$ 26.71	7.09
Truck Driver: Oil Distributor....	\$ 29.41	7.63

Truck Driver: Sweeper.....\$ 20.24	5.48

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

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Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts>.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (iii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classifications and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the type(s) of construction and geographic area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order under rate identifiers indicating whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate), a survey rate, a weighted union average rate, a state adopted rate, or a supplemental classification rate.

Union Rate Identifiers

A four-letter identifier beginning with characters other than ""SU"", ""UAVG"", ?SA?, or ?SC? denotes that a union rate was

prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2024. PLUM is an identifier of the union whose collectively bargained rate prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. The date, 07/01/2024 in the example, is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all changes over time that are reported to WHD in the rates in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing the classification.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

The UAVG identifier indicates that no single rate prevailed for those classifications, but that 100% of the data reported for the classifications reflected union rates. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 01/01/2024. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the State of Ohio. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 01/01/2024 in the example, indicates the date the wage determination was updated to reflect the most current union average rate.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January, to reflect a weighted average of the current rates in the collective bargaining agreements on which the rate is based.

Survey Rate Identifiers

The ""SU"" identifier indicates that either a single non-union rate prevailed (as defined in 29 CFR 1.2) for this classification in the survey or that the rate was derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As a weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SUFL2022-007 6/27/2024. SU indicates the rate is a single non-union prevailing rate or a weighted average of survey data for that classification. FL indicates the State of Florida. 2022 is the year of the survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 6/27/2024 in the example, indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

?SU? wage rates typically remain in effect until a new survey is conducted. However, the Wage and Hour Division (WHD) has the discretion to update such rates under 29 CFR 1.6(c)(1).

State Adopted Rate Identifiers

The ""SA"" identifier indicates that the classifications and prevailing wage rates set by a state (or local) government were adopted under 29 C.F.R 1.3(g)-(h). Example: SAME2023-007 01/03/2024. SA reflects that the rates are state adopted. ME refers to the State of Maine. 2023 is the year during which the state completed the survey on which the listed classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 01/03/2024 in the example, reflects the date on which the classifications and rates under the ?SA? identifier took effect under state law in the state from which the rates were adopted.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

- a) a survey underlying a wage determination
- b) an existing published wage determination
- c) an initial WHD letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- d) an initial conformance (additional classification and rate) determination

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be directed to the WHD Branch of Wage Surveys. Requests can be submitted via email to davisbaconinfo@dol.gov or by mail to:

Branch of Wage Surveys
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

Regarding any other wage determination matter such as conformance decisions, requests for initial decisions should be directed to the WHD Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Requests can be submitted via email to BCWD-Office@dol.gov or

by mail to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

2) If an initial decision has been issued, then any interested party (those affected by the action) that disagrees with the decision can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Requests for review and reconsideration can be submitted via email to dba.reconsideration@dol.gov or by mail to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210.

=====
END OF GENERAL DECISION"

SECTION 5

VERIFICATIONS STATEMENT



**VERIFICATION STATEMENT
FOR
NO FEDERAL TAX LIENS,
NO DEBARMENTS,
USE OF E-VERIFY FOR EMPLOYMENT HIRING
UTRACS REGISTRATION/STATUS
ROC LICENSE
FEDERAL EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN)**

This form represents certifying compliance for items listed below:

- a) This company has no outstanding unresolved federal tax liens.
- b) This company has not been suspended or debarred from working on a federal funded contract, does not have a proposed debarment pending, has not been indicted, convicted, or had a civil judgement rendered against the firm by a court of competent jurisdiction in any matter involving fraud or official misconduct within the past three (3) years as specified by Code of Federal Regulations 49 CFR.
- c) This company uses E-Verify for employment verifications.
- d) This company has a current UTracs Registration (<https://utracs.azdot.gov>)
- e) ROC License: To work on a federal funded project, all contractors, subcontractors, consultants, subconsultants must have an ROC license (exception if business type does not require ROC license in Arizona). For bidding process, For Construction, Low Bidder will have 60 days from Bid Opening Day to obtain the required State ROC license.
- f) EIN: Must have an Employer Identification Number (EIN) if you are the Prime. For Subcontractors and Subconsultants - you are required only If required by Law / Federal Requirements. If not required by Law to have an EIN number, you may write in "not applicable" below.

****It is recommended that all companies working on a federal funded contract be registered on the SAM website. (www.sam.gov)**

If unable to certify to the statements above, company is ineligible to enter into an agreement for federal funded contracts with the City of Chandler.

Company Name:	Sunland Asphalt & Construction, LLC
Company UTracs No:	11128
Company ROC No:	111922/095189
EIN:	86-0455988
Name of Person Signing:	Immanuel Martinez
Title of Person Signing:	Division Manager - Public Works
Signature:	
Date of Signature:	May 7, 2025

SECTION 6
BIDDERS LIST

From: ADOT Business Engagement and Compliance Office <BECO@azdot.gov>
 Sent: Thursday, May 8, 2025 8:16 AM
 To: Dugan Dwyer <ddwyer@solterramaterials.com>
 Cc: ContractorCompliance@azdot.gov
 Subject: RESENT: (COPY of) Bidders List for Sunland Asphalt & Construction LLC

Sunland Asphalt & Construction LLC, AZUTRACS Number: [11128](#) has submitted a Bidder/Proposer list for **AI2202-401** on 05/08/2025 at 8:12 AM MST (UTC - 07:00).

Bidders/Proposers for this firm include:

Firm Name	Address	Ethnicity	Gender	Age of Firm	Annual Gross Receipts	DBE Status	NAICS Codes
ATL, INC.	2921 N 30th Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85017	Caucasian	M	10+ years	\$2 million to \$5 million	Non-DBE	541380
C.R. Contract LLC	64435 Strickler Ave. Ste. 100 , AZ	Caucasian	M	10+ years	\$10 million to \$50 million	Non-DBE	237310
Central Arizona Trucking and Equipment Repair	37860 W Olivo Street Maricopa, AZ 85138	Caucasian	F	10+ years	Unknown	DBE	4841
Falcon Contracting Inc.	11030 N. 21st Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85029	Caucasian	F	10+ years	\$2 million to \$5 million	DBE	237310
Franklin Striping, Inc.	2832 S. 45th Street Phoenix, AZ 85040	Caucasian	M	10+ years	\$2 million to \$5 million	Non-DBE	02760
Metro Engineering and Survey, LLC.	7777 North 70th Avenue Glendale, AZ 85303	Hispanic American	M	10+ years	\$2 million to \$5 million	DBE	541370
MGM Sweeping LLC	5639 N. 54th Avenue Glendale AZ 85301, AZ 85301	Hispanic American	M	8-10 years	\$1 million to \$2 million	DBE	488490
Proline West, Inc.	604 8th Street SE Loveland, CO 80537	Caucasian	M	10+ years	\$2 million to \$5 million	Non-DBE	237310
S3 Arizona, LLC	4615 E Warner Road, Suite 5 Gilbert, AZ 85296	Caucasian	M	10+ years	\$500,000 to \$1 million	Non-DBE	541370
Tri State Transportation Freightways	30 N 63rd Ave Phoenix, AZ 85379	Caucasian	M	10+ years	\$10 million to \$50 million	Non-DBE	484110

**END OF
FAA FEDERAL DOCUMENTS**

Certificate Of Completion

Envelope Id: DCEDE5A0-569D-4CA4-BFE4-33C2069487A5

Status: Sent

Subject: **Council item -6/26/25** AI2202.401 - Runway 4R-22L Pavement Rehabilitation - CONSTRUCTION AGRMT

EDMS Application: PWU_CAPITAL_PROJECTS_CONTRACT_MANAGEMENT

Source Envelope:

Document Pages: 401

Signatures: 3

Envelope Originator:

Certificate Pages: 7

Initials: 0

Chandler CIP

AutoNav: Enabled

PO Box 4008

Envelopeld Stamping: Enabled

Chandler, 85244

Time Zone: (UTC-07:00) Arizona

chandlercip@chandleraz.gov

IP Address: 198.241.2.1

Record Tracking

Status: Original

Holder: Chandler CIP

Location: DocuSign

5/29/2025 | 10:05 AM

chandlercip@chandleraz.gov

Security Appliance Status: Connected

Pool: StateLocal

Storage Appliance Status: Connected

Pool: City of Chandler

Location: Docusign

Signer Events

Signature

Timestamp

Immanuel Martinez

imartinez@sunlandasphalt.com

Division Manager

Sunland Asphalt & Construction LLC

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication
(None)

Immanuel Martinez

Signature Adoption: Pre-selected Style
Using IP Address: 66.210.4.140

Sent: 5/29/2025 | 11:04 AM

Viewed: 5/29/2025 | 11:05 AM

Signed: 5/29/2025 | 11:06 AM

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

Accepted: 5/29/2025 | 11:05 AM

ID: b1553226-d5fe-4beb-9d17-d93e100eec44

Daniel Haskins

daniel.haskins@chandleraz.gov

CIP City Engineer

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication
(None)

Daniel Haskins

Signature Adoption: Pre-selected Style
Using IP Address: 198.241.2.1

Sent: 5/29/2025 | 11:06 AM

Viewed: 5/29/2025 | 01:29 PM

Signed: 5/29/2025 | 01:29 PM

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

Accepted: 5/29/2025 | 01:29 PM

ID: a6eb580a-7c61-4193-b161-57ed49787f30

Daniel L Brown

Daniel.Brown@chandleraz.gov

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication
(None)

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

Accepted: 7/1/2021 | 08:17 AM

ID: 563d172a-e614-4b9b-b2a1-61a0afc8280a

Kevin Hartke

kevin.hartke@chandleraz.gov

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication
(None)

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

Accepted: 6/28/2021 | 11:17 AM

ID: 2531f230-027c-41f7-9166-1189df6a8c8f

Signer Events	Signature	Timestamp
Dana DeLong Dana.DeLong@chandleraz.gov Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)		
Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure: Accepted: 6/28/2021 01:03 PM ID: e796186e-c533-4a41-978c-34d69e29778a		

In Person Signer Events	Signature	Timestamp
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Editor Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp
Michelle Reeder michelle.reeder@chandleraz.gov Procurement Senior Specialist City of Chandler Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)		Sent: 5/29/2025 01:29 PM
Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure: Accepted: 3/18/2025 10:55 AM ID: 1ac24ab2-9990-4da1-8fdc-64ed51bd8509		

Records Division

Signing Group: Records Division

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:
Not Offered via DocuSign

Agent Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp
Greg Hughes ghughes@sunlandasphalt.com Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)	VIEWED Using IP Address: 66.210.4.140	Sent: 5/29/2025 10:25 AM Viewed: 5/29/2025 10:50 AM Completed: 5/29/2025 11:04 AM

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:
Accepted: 5/29/2025 | 10:50 AM
ID: 7d8ccea6-4101-4390-965b-fb6cadf1db9d

Intermediary Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp
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Certified Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp
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Carbon Copy Events	Status	Timestamp
Michelle Reeder michelle.reeder@chandleraz.gov Procurement Senior Specialist City of Chandler Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)	COPIED	Sent: 5/29/2025 10:25 AM
Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure: Accepted: 3/18/2025 10:55 AM ID: 1ac24ab2-9990-4da1-8fdc-64ed51bd8509		

Hafiz Noor

Hafiz.Noor@chandleraz.gov

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

COPIED

Sent: 5/29/2025 | 01:29 PM

Viewed: 5/29/2025 | 01:31 PM

Carbon Copy Events	Status	Timestamp
Accepted: 5/19/2025 01:41 PM ID: 2a8493f3-0676-4860-8f5f-af6da80d7741		
Michelle Reeder Michelle.Reeder@chandleraz.gov Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)		
Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure: Accepted: 3/18/2025 10:55 AM ID: 1ac24ab2-9990-4da1-8fdc-64ed51bd8509		
Michelle Reeder Michelle.Reeder@chandleraz.gov Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)		
Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure: Accepted: 3/18/2025 10:55 AM ID: 1ac24ab2-9990-4da1-8fdc-64ed51bd8509		
Hafiz Noor Hafiz.Noor@chandleraz.gov Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)		
Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure: Accepted: 5/19/2025 01:41 PM ID: 2a8493f3-0676-4860-8f5f-af6da80d7741		
Raymond Potts Raymond.Potts@chandleraz.gov Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)		
Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure: Accepted: 1/7/2025 10:12 AM ID: ebb9cc7b-b8c5-406e-b2cc-8eb776ae036e		
Allan Zimmerman Allan.Zimmerman@chandleraz.gov Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)		
Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure: Accepted: 3/10/2022 07:58 AM ID: fa1c98a5-4381-4529-8f21-4c6629aed7b1		
Bridgette Rhodehouse Bridgette.Rhodehouse@chandleraz.gov		
Jennifer Ekblad jennifer.ekblad@chandleraz.gov		
Dorothy Hernandez dorothy.hernandez@chandleraz.gov		
Vianka Enriquez Vianka.Enriquez@chandleraz.gov		
Signing Group: Records Division Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)		
Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure: Not Offered via Docusign		
Michelle Reeder michelle.reeder@chandleraz.gov Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)		
Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:		

Carbon Copy Events	Status	Timestamp
Accepted: 3/18/2025 10:55 AM ID: 1ac24ab2-9990-4da1-8fdc-64ed51bd8509		
Donna Rygiel donna.rygiel@chandleraz.gov Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)		
Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure: Accepted: 3/28/2025 11:23 AM ID: 40e41fec-eb0c-46d0-b3fc-d151223d8411		
Greg Hughes ghughes@sunlandasphalt.com Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (None)		
Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure: Accepted: 5/29/2025 10:50 AM ID: 7d8ccea6-4101-4390-965b-fb6cadf1db9d		

Witness Events	Signature	Timestamp
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Notary Events	Signature	Timestamp
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Envelope Summary Events	Status	Timestamps
Envelope Sent	Hashed/Encrypted	5/29/2025 10:25 AM
Envelope Updated	Security Checked	5/29/2025 11:04 AM
Envelope Updated	Security Checked	5/29/2025 11:04 AM

Payment Events	Status	Timestamps
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Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure
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ELECTRONIC RECORD AND SIGNATURE DISCLOSURE

From time to time, City of Chandler (we, us or Company) may be required by law to provide to you certain written notices or disclosures. Described below are the terms and conditions for providing to you such notices and disclosures electronically through the DocuSign system. Please read the information below carefully and thoroughly, and if you can access this information electronically to your satisfaction and agree to this Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure (ERSD), please confirm your agreement by selecting the check-box next to 'I agree to use electronic records and signatures' before clicking 'CONTINUE' within the DocuSign system.

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At any time, you may request from us a paper copy of any record provided or made available electronically to you by us. You will have the ability to download and print documents we send to you through the DocuSign system during and immediately after the signing session and, if you elect to create a DocuSign account, you may access the documents for a limited period of time (usually 30 days) after such documents are first sent to you. After such time, if you wish for us to send you paper copies of any such documents from our office to you, you will be charged a \$0.15 per-page fee. You may request delivery of such paper copies from us by following the procedure described below.

Withdrawing your consent

If you decide to receive notices and disclosures from us electronically, you may at any time change your mind and tell us that thereafter you want to receive required notices and disclosures only in paper format. How you must inform us of your decision to receive future notices and disclosure in paper format and withdraw your consent to receive notices and disclosures electronically is described below.

Consequences of changing your mind

If you elect to receive required notices and disclosures only in paper format, it will slow the speed at which we can complete certain steps in transactions with you and delivering services to you because we will need first to send the required notices or disclosures to you in paper format, and then wait until we receive back from you your acknowledgment of your receipt of such paper notices or disclosures. Further, you will no longer be able to use the DocuSign system to receive required notices and consents electronically from us or to sign electronically documents from us.

All notices and disclosures will be sent to you electronically

Unless you tell us otherwise in accordance with the procedures described herein, we will provide electronically to you through the DocuSign system all required notices, disclosures, authorizations, acknowledgements, and other documents that are required to be provided or made available to you during the course of our relationship with you. To reduce the chance of you inadvertently not receiving any notice or disclosure, we prefer to provide all of the required notices and disclosures to you by the same method and to the same address that you have given us. Thus, you can receive all the disclosures and notices electronically or in paper format through the paper mail delivery system. If you do not agree with this process, please let us know as described below. Please also see the paragraph immediately above that describes the consequences of your electing not to receive delivery of the notices and disclosures electronically from us.

How to contact City of Chandler:

You may contact us to let us know of your changes as to how we may contact you electronically, to request paper copies of certain information from us, and to withdraw your prior consent to receive notices and disclosures electronically as follows:

To contact us by email send messages to: esignature@chandleraz.gov

To advise City of Chandler of your new email address

To let us know of a change in your email address where we should send notices and disclosures electronically to you, you must send an email message to us at esignature@chandleraz.gov and in the body of such request you must state: your previous email address, your new email address. We do not require any other information from you to change your email address.

If you created a DocuSign account, you may update it with your new email address through your account preferences.

To request paper copies from City of Chandler

To request delivery from us of paper copies of the notices and disclosures previously provided by us to you electronically, you must send us an email to esignature@chandleraz.gov and in the body of such request you must state your email address, full name, mailing address, and telephone number. We will bill you for any fees at that time, if any.

To withdraw your consent with City of Chandler

To inform us that you no longer wish to receive future notices and disclosures in electronic format you may:

- i. decline to sign a document from within your signing session, and on the subsequent page, select the check-box indicating you wish to withdraw your consent, or you may;
- ii. send us an email to esignature@chandleraz.gov and in the body of such request you must state your email, full name, mailing address, and telephone number. We do not need any other information from you to withdraw consent.. The consequences of your withdrawing consent for online documents will be that transactions may take a longer time to process..

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The minimum system requirements for using the DocuSign system may change over time. The current system requirements are found here: <https://support.docusign.com/guides/signer-guide-signing-system-requirements>.

Acknowledging your access and consent to receive and sign documents electronically

To confirm to us that you can access this information electronically, which will be similar to other electronic notices and disclosures that we will provide to you, please confirm that you have read this ERSD, and (i) that you are able to print on paper or electronically save this ERSD for your future reference and access; or (ii) that you are able to email this ERSD to an email address where you will be able to print on paper or save it for your future reference and access. Further, if you consent to receiving notices and disclosures exclusively in electronic format as described herein, then select the check-box next to 'I agree to use electronic records and signatures' before clicking 'CONTINUE' within the DocuSign system.

By selecting the check-box next to 'I agree to use electronic records and signatures', you confirm that:

- You can access and read this Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure; and
- You can print on paper this Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure, or save or send this Electronic Record and Disclosure to a location where you can print it, for future reference and access; and
- Until or unless you notify City of Chandler as described above, you consent to receive exclusively through electronic means all notices, disclosures, authorizations, acknowledgements, and other documents that are required to be provided or made available to you by City of Chandler during the course of your relationship with City of Chandler.