



Cochise County

Community Development

Planning, Zoning and Building Safety Division

Public Programs...Personal Service
www.cochise.az.gov

MEMORANDUM

TO: Cochise County Planning and Zoning Commission
FROM: Robert Kirschmann, Planner II
FOR: Daniel Coxworth, AICP, Development Services Director
SUBJECT: Docket RZ22-20 and CP22-03 (SR80) Agency Comments Summary
DATE: October 28, 2022 for the November 9, 2022 Meeting

DRT AND AGENCY COMMENTS DOCKET SU 22-13

On October 5, 2022, the Development Review Team for the County and relevant external agencies was transmitted case information for their review. Reviewers were given until October 24, 2022 to respond. At that time, they were notified that a failure to respond by that date would result in an automatic approval by their agency/Department. The following is a summation of all the comments that were received by that date.

Floodplain Comments

1. This parcel lies within FEMA Zones A. A FPUP is required and an Elevation Certificate (EC) for all proposed buildings must be submitted that are located within areas of Regulatory Floodplains (where $Q_{100} > 500cfs$).
2. The cumulative amount of improvements (include previous improvements) will require a Land Clearing Permit since the accumulative area of clearing is one acre or greater. Other permits include Cochise County Planning Department at <https://www.cochise.az.gov/development-services/home>, the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality ADEQ) at <https://azdeq.gov/AZPDES/CGP>, and Arizona State Department of Agriculture (for native plants removal) at <https://agriculture.az.gov/download-forms>. These permits must be submitted prior to any construction start-up. Refer to the associated websites for more information
3. A Drainage Analysis must be submitted from an Arizona Registered Professional Civil Engineer for any proposed development. Refer to the Cochise County Floodplain Regulations (Section 10) for more information regarding drainage development requirements at https://www.cochise.az.gov/sites/default/files/highway_and_floodplain/FLOOD_REGS_2015.pdf
4. The consultant acknowledges that there may be more comments forthcoming from this review

Health Comments

5. Septic review and permits will be required.
6. Review and permits will be required for food service.

ADOT

7. The Department's concerns reside on the traffic operations and safety of SR 80 and its users.
8. Any development seeking access to SR 80 will need to engage with ADOT and have a Pre-Submittal meeting, typically beginning with a Traffic Study then Encroachment Permit.

Planning, Zoning and Building Safety

1415 Melody Lane, Building F
Bisbee, Arizona 85603
520-432-9300
520-432-9278 fax
1-877-777-7958
planningandzoning@cochise.az.gov

9. It could be anticipated that a Left turn lane will be necessary at the intersection of SR 80 and Sybil Road, and/or for the requested access points, possibly extending to the east to connect into the existing two-way-left-turn-lane.

<https://azdot.gov/sites/default/files/media/2021/08/TGP0240-2021-08.pdf>

<https://azdot.gov/business/permits/encroachment-permits>

Saint David Fire Department

10. No concerns at this time.

SSVEC

11. No comments at this time.

Fort Huachuca

12. No concerns at this time.

Game and Fish

13. Please see attached comments.
- 14.

No responses received from:

- Sheriff
- Right-of-Way
- State ADWR
- San Pedro NRCD
- County Attorneys Office



October 24, 2022

Mr. Robert Kirschmann
Cochise County Community Development
126 West 5th Street, Suite 4
Benson, Arizona 85602

Electronically submitted to RKirschmann@cochise.az.gov

Re: Review of the RZ22-20 and CPA22-03 (SR80) project

Dear Mr. Kirschmann:

The Arizona Game and Fish Department (Department) reviewed your Project Evaluation Request dated October 5, 2022, regarding the rezoning and Comprehensive Plan Amendment change to enable development of a fuel station and convenience store on 7.5 acres on the northeast corner of State Highway 80 and North Sibyl Road in St. David, Arizona. The land is currently used primarily for agriculture and is zoned as residential.

Based on the information provided, the Department offers the following general recommendations:

- The Department's Online Environmental Tool report (HGIS-17637, attached) created on October 24, 2022, indicates that a variety of Arizona Species of Greatest Conservation Need have the potential to occur within the project area. If wildlife are encountered while working in the project area, the Department recommends moving them outside of the construction area, no more than 100 feet outside the project boundary into similar habitat.
- Minimize the potential introduction or spread of exotic invasive species, including aquatic and terrestrial plants, animals, insects and pathogens. Precautions should be taken to wash and/or decontaminate all equipment utilized in the project activities before entering and leaving the site. Please review the Arizona Department of Agriculture's website for a list of prohibited and restricted [noxious weeds](#)¹ and the [Arizona Native Plant Society](#)² for recommendations on control methods.
- The Department appreciates the plans to use drought resistant plants for any landscaping that is installed and recommends using species that are native to the area. Landscaping with native plants can help support wildlife and pollinator species that inhabit rural and

¹ <https://agriculture.az.gov/pestspest-control/agriculture-pests/noxious-weeds>

² <https://aznps.com/invas>

azgfd.gov | 602.942.3000

5000 W. CAREFREE HIGHWAY, PHOENIX AZ 85086

GOVERNOR: DOUGLAS A. DUCEY **COMMISSIONERS:** CHAIRMAN JAMES E. GOUGHNOUR, PAYSON | TODD G. GEILER, PRESCOTT
CLAY HERNANDEZ, TUCSON | MARSHA PETRIE SUE, SCOTTSDALE | LELAND S. "BILL" BRAKE, ELGIN

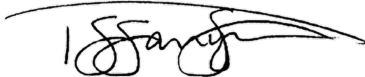
DIRECTOR: TY E. GRAY **DEPUTY DIRECTOR:** TOM P. FINLEY

urbanized areas. Visit the [Arizona Native Plant Society's website](#)³ for information on preferred native plants to utilize in landscaping.

- If trenching will occur, trenching and backfilling crews should be close together to minimize the amount of open trenches at any given time. Avoid leaving trenches open overnight. Where trenches cannot be back-filled immediately, escape ramps should be constructed at least every 90 meters. Escape ramps can be short lateral trenches or wooden planks sloping to the surface. The slope should be less than 45 degrees (1:1). Trenches that have been left open overnight should be inspected and animals removed prior to backfilling.
- Artificial lighting could impair the ability of nocturnal animals to navigate (e.g., owls, migratory birds, bats, and other nocturnal mammals) and may affect wildlife behavior and populations. Given the proximity to undeveloped lands, the Department recommends using only the minimum amount of light needed for safety and encourages the use of motion sensing lighting and narrow spectrum lighting wherever possible to lower the range of species affected by lighting. Also, please consider shielding, canting, or cutting all lighting, where possible, to ensure that light reaches only areas needing illumination and to minimize impacts to nocturnal wildlife.

The Department appreciates the opportunity to provide an evaluation of impacts to wildlife or wildlife habitats associated with the RZ22-20 and CPA22-03 (SR80) project. If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact me at (623) 236-7222 and visit our [website](#)⁴ for additional guidelines.

Sincerely,



Tiffany Sprague
Project Evaluation Program Specialist, Habitat Branch
Arizona Game and Fish Department

AZGFD #M22-10062828

³ <https://aznps.com/grow-native/>

⁴ <https://www.azgfd.com/wildlife/planning/wildlifeguidelines/>

Arizona Environmental Online Review Tool Report



Arizona Game and Fish Department Mission

To conserve Arizona's diverse wildlife resources and manage for safe, compatible outdoor recreation opportunities for current and future generations.

Project Name:

RZ22-20 and CPA22-03 (SR80)

Project Description:

Rezoning from R-18 (Residential, one dwelling per 18,000 square feet) to GB (General Business) to accommodate a fuel station and convenience store.

Project Type:

Development Outside Municipalities (Rural Development), Commercial/industrial (mall) and associated infrastructure, New construction

Contact Person:

Tiffany Sprague

Organization:

AZ Game and Fish Dept

On Behalf Of:

COCHISE

Project ID:

HGIS-17637

Please review the entire report for project type and/or species recommendations for the location information entered. Please retain a copy for future reference.

Disclaimer:

1. This Environmental Review is based on the project study area that was entered. The report must be updated if the project study area, location, or the type of project changes.
2. This is a preliminary environmental screening tool. It is not a substitute for the potential knowledge gained by having a biologist conduct a field survey of the project area. This review is also not intended to replace environmental consultation (including federal consultation under the Endangered Species Act), land use permitting, or the Departments review of site-specific projects.
3. The Departments Heritage Data Management System (HDMS) data is not intended to include potential distribution of special status species. Arizona is large and diverse with plants, animals, and environmental conditions that are ever changing. Consequently, many areas may contain species that biologists do not know about or species previously noted in a particular area may no longer occur there. HDMS data contains information about species occurrences that have actually been reported to the Department. Not all of Arizona has been surveyed for special status species, and surveys that have been conducted have varied greatly in scope and intensity. Such surveys may reveal previously undocumented population of species of special concern.
4. HabiMap Arizona data, specifically Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN) under our State Wildlife Action Plan (SWAP) and Species of Economic and Recreational Importance (SERI), represent potential species distribution models for the State of Arizona which are subject to ongoing change, modification and refinement. The status of a wildlife resource can change quickly, and the availability of new data will necessitate a refined assessment.

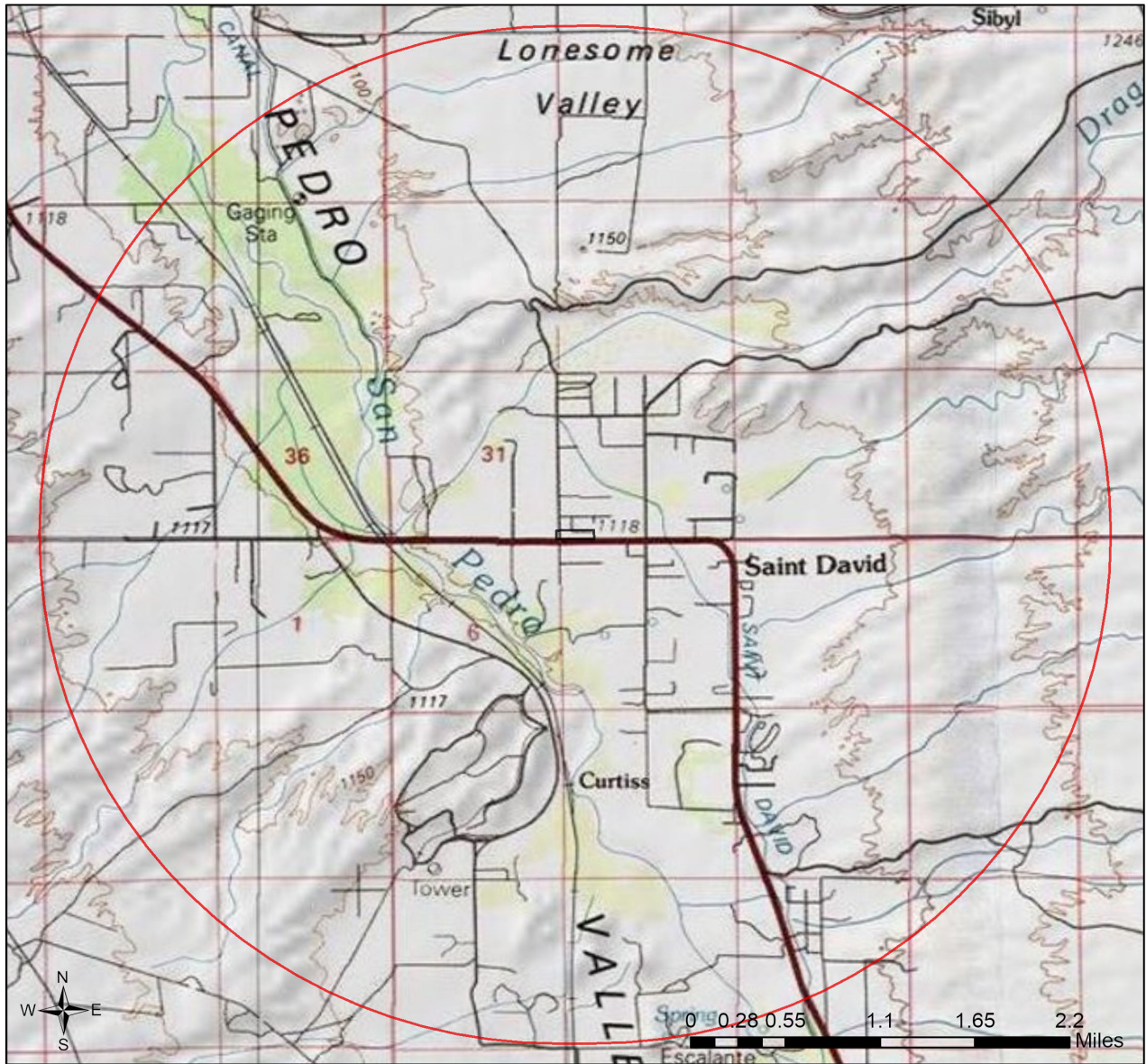
Locations Accuracy Disclaimer:

Project locations are assumed to be both precise and accurate for the purposes of environmental review. The creator/owner of the Project Review Report is solely responsible for the project location and thus the correctness of the Project Review Report content.

Recommendations Disclaimer:

1. The Department is interested in the conservation of all fish and wildlife resources, including those species listed in this report and those that may have not been documented within the project vicinity as well as other game and nongame wildlife.
2. Recommendations have been made by the Department, under authority of Arizona Revised Statutes Title 5 (Amusements and Sports), 17 (Game and Fish), and 28 (Transportation).
3. Potential impacts to fish and wildlife resources may be minimized or avoided by the recommendations generated from information submitted for your proposed project. These recommendations are preliminary in scope, designed to provide early considerations on all species of wildlife.
4. Making this information directly available does not substitute for the Department's review of project proposals, and should not decrease our opportunity to review and evaluate additional project information and/or new project proposals.
5. Further coordination with the Department requires the submittal of this Environmental Review Report with a cover letter and project plans or documentation that includes project narrative, acreage to be impacted, how construction or project activity(s) are to be accomplished, and project locality information (including site map). Once AGFD had received the information, please allow 30 days for completion of project reviews. Send requests to:
Project Evaluation Program, Habitat Branch
Arizona Game and Fish Department
5000 West Carefree Highway
Phoenix, Arizona 85086-5000
Phone Number: (623) 236-7600
Fax Number: (623) 236-7366
Or
PEP@azgfd.gov
6. Coordination may also be necessary under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and/or Endangered Species Act (ESA). Site specific recommendations may be proposed during further NEPA/ESA analysis or through coordination with affected agencies

RZ22-20 and CPA22-03 (SR80) USA Topo Basemap With Locator Map



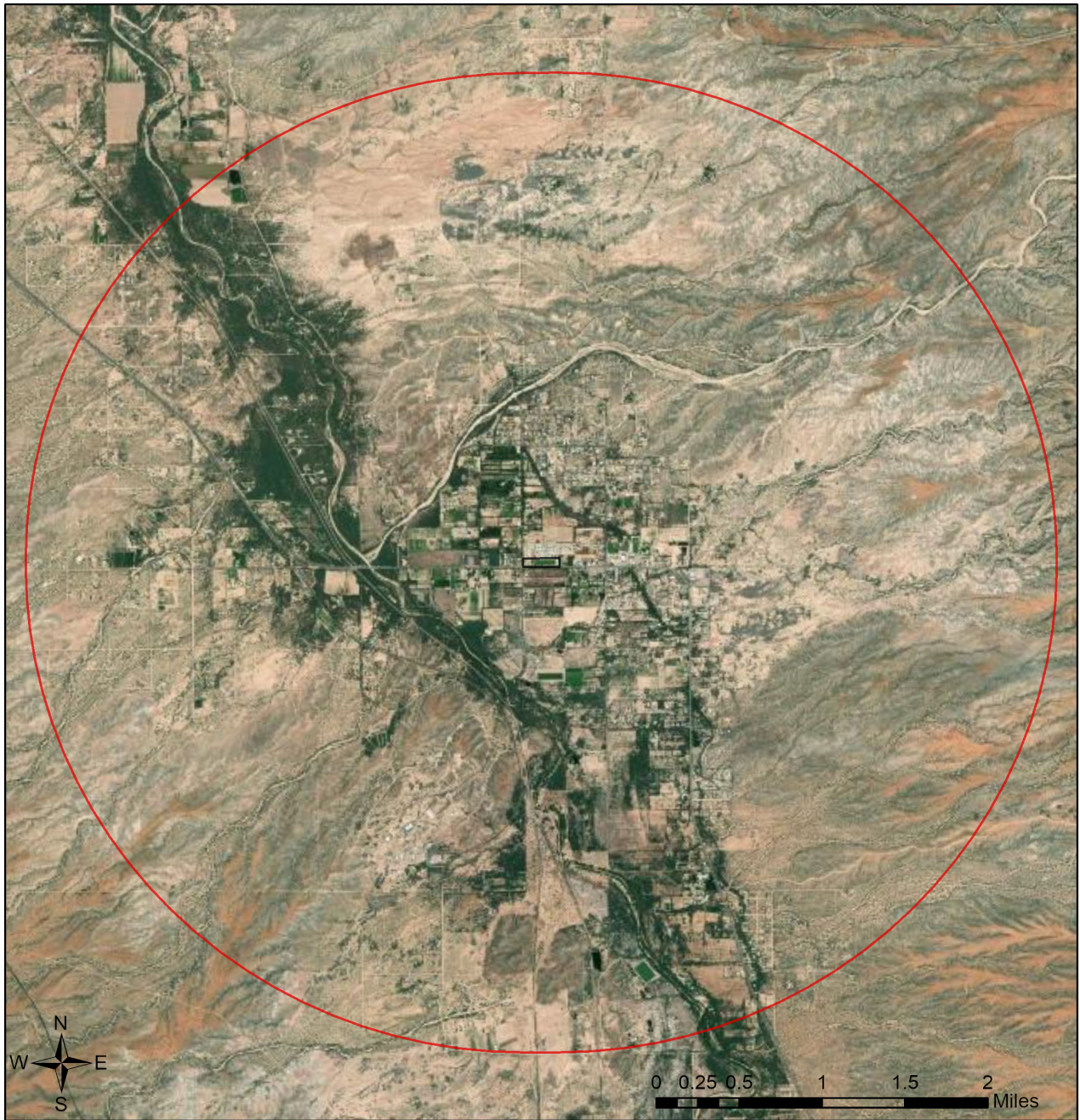
- Buffered Project Boundary
- Project Boundary



Project Size (acres): 7.45
Lat/Long (DD): 31.9057 / -110.2287
County(s): Cochise
AGFD Region(s): Tucson
Township/Range(s): T17S, R21E
USGS Quad(s): SAINT DAVID

Sources: Esri, Airbus DS, USGS, NGA, NASA, CGIAR, N Robinson, NCEAS, NLS, OS, NMA, Geodatastyrelsen, Rijkswaterstaat, GSA, Geoland, FEMA, Intermap and the GIS user community



RZ22-20 and CPA22-03 (SR80) Web Map As Submitted By User



-  Buffered Project Boundary
-  Project Boundary

Project Size (acres): 7.45
Lat/Long (DD): 31.9057 / -110.2287
County(s): Cochise
AGFD Region(s): Tucson
Township/Range(s): T17S, R21E
USGS Quad(s): SAINT DAVID

Source: Esri, Maxar, Earthstar Geographics, and the GIS User Community

Special Status Species Documented within 3 Miles of Project Vicinity

Scientific Name	Common Name	FWS	USFS	BLM	NPL	SGCN
Camptostoma imberbe	Northern Beardless-Tyrannulet		S			
Coccyzus americanus	Yellow-billed Cuckoo (Western DPS)	LT	S	S		1A
Danaus plexippus	Monarch	C		S		
Empidonax traillii extimus	Southwestern Willow Flycatcher	LE				1A
Ictinia mississippiensis	Mississippi Kite					1B
Lilaeopsis schaffneriana ssp. recurva	Huachuca Water-umbel	LE			HS	
Terrapene ornata luteola	Desert Box Turtle			S		1A

Note: Status code definitions can be found at <https://www.azgfd.com/wildlife/planning/wildlifeguidelines/statusdefinitions/>

No Special Areas Detected

No special areas were detected within the project vicinity.

Species of Greatest Conservation Need Predicted that Intersect with Project Footprint as Drawn, based on Predicted Range Models

Scientific Name	Common Name	FWS	USFS	BLM	NPL	SGCN
Agosia chrysogaster	Longfin Dace	SC		S		1B
Aix sponsa	Wood Duck					1B
Amazilia violiceps	Violet-crowned Hummingbird		S			1B
Ammodramus savannarum ammolegus	Arizona grasshopper sparrow		S	S		1B
Ammodramus savannarum perpallidus	Western Grasshopper Sparrow					1B
Ammospermophilus harrisi	Harris' Antelope Squirrel					1B
Anthus spragueii	Sprague's Pipit	SC				1A
Aquila chrysaetos	Golden Eagle	BGA		S		1B
Aspidoscelis stictogramma	Giant Spotted Whiptail	SC	S			1B
Aspidoscelis xanthonota	Red-backed Whiptail	SC	S			1B
Botaurus lentiginosus	American Bittern					1B
Buteo regalis	Ferruginous Hawk	SC		S		1B
Buteo swainsoni	Swainson's Hawk					1C
Callipepla squamata	Scaled Quail					1C
Calypte costae	Costa's Hummingbird					1C
Castor canadensis	American Beaver					1B
Catostomus clarkii	Desert Sucker	SC	S	S		1B
Cistothorus palustris	Marsh Wren					1C
Coccyzus americanus	Yellow-billed Cuckoo (Western DPS)	LT	S			1A
Colaptes chrysoides	Gilded Flicker			S		1B
Coluber bilineatus	Sonoran Whipsnake					1B
Corynorhinus townsendii pallescens	Pale Townsend's Big-eared Bat	SC	S	S		1B

Species of Greatest Conservation Need Predicted that Intersect with Project Footprint as Drawn, based on Predicted Range Models

Scientific Name	Common Name	FWS	USFS	BLM	NPL	SGCN
<i>Crotalus tigris</i>	Tiger Rattlesnake					1B
<i>Cynanthus latirostris</i>	Broad-billed Hummingbird		S			1B
<i>Cynomys ludovicianus</i>	Black-tailed Prairie Dog	CCA		S		1A
<i>Dipodomys spectabilis</i>	Banner-tailed Kangaroo Rat			S		1B
<i>Empidonax traillii extimus</i>	Southwestern Willow Flycatcher	LE				1A
<i>Empidonax wrightii</i>	Gray Flycatcher					1C
<i>Euderma maculatum</i>	Spotted Bat	SC	S	S		1B
<i>Eumops perotis californicus</i>	Greater Western Bonneted Bat	SC		S		1B
<i>Falco peregrinus anatum</i>	American Peregrine Falcon	SC	S	S		1A
<i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i>	Bald Eagle	SC, BGA	S	S		1A
<i>Heloderma suspectum</i>	Gila Monster					1A
<i>Hypsiglena sp. nov.</i>	Hooded Nightsnake					1B
<i>Ictinia mississippiensis</i>	Mississippi Kite					1B
<i>Incilius alvarius</i>	Sonoran Desert Toad					1B
<i>Kinosternon sonoriense sonoriense</i>	Desert Mud Turtle			S		1B
<i>Lasiurus blossevillii</i>	Western Red Bat		S			1B
<i>Lasiurus xanthinus</i>	Western Yellow Bat		S			1B
<i>Leopardus pardalis</i>	Ocelot	LE				1A
<i>Leptonycteris yerbabuenae</i>	Lesser Long-nosed Bat	SC				1A
<i>Lepus alleni</i>	Antelope Jackrabbit					1B
<i>Lithobates chiricahuensis</i>	Chiricahua Leopard Frog	LT				1A
<i>Macrotus californicus</i>	California Leaf-nosed Bat	SC		S		1B
<i>Melanerpes uropygialis</i>	Gila Woodpecker					1B
<i>Melospiza lincolni</i>	Lincoln's Sparrow					1B
<i>Melospiza aberti</i>	Abert's Towhee		S			1B
<i>Micrathene whitneyi</i>	Elf Owl					1C
<i>Micruroides euryxanthus</i>	Sonoran Coralsnake					1B
<i>Myiarchus tyrannulus</i>	Brown-crested Flycatcher					1C
<i>Myotis occultus</i>	Arizona Myotis	SC		S		1B
<i>Myotis velifer</i>	Cave Myotis	SC		S		1B
<i>Myotis yumanensis</i>	Yuma Myotis	SC				1B
<i>Notiosorex cockrumi</i>	Cockrum's Desert Shrew					1B
<i>Nyctinomops femorosaccus</i>	Pocketed Free-tailed Bat					1B
<i>Oreoscoptes montanus</i>	Sage Thrasher					1C
<i>Oreothlypis luciae</i>	Lucy's Warbler					1C
<i>Panthera onca</i>	Jaguar	LE				1A
<i>Passerculus sandwichensis</i>	Savannah Sparrow					1B
<i>Peucaea botterii arizonae</i>	Arizona Botteri's Sparrow			S		1B

Species of Greatest Conservation Need Predicted that Intersect with Project Footprint as Drawn, based on Predicted Range Models

Scientific Name	Common Name	FWS	USFS	BLM	NPL	SGCN
<i>Peucaea carpalis</i>	Rufous-winged Sparrow					1B
<i>Phrynosoma solare</i>	Regal Horned Lizard					1B
<i>Setophaga petechia</i>	Yellow Warbler					1B
<i>Sphyrapicus nuchalis</i>	Red-naped Sapsucker					1C
<i>Spizella breweri</i>	Brewer's Sparrow					1C
<i>Sturnella magna</i>	Eastern Meadowlark					1C
<i>Tadarida brasiliensis</i>	Brazilian Free-tailed Bat					1B
<i>Terrapene ornata</i>	Ornate Box Turtle					1A
<i>Troglodytes pacificus</i>	Pacific Wren					1B
<i>Vireo bellii arizonae</i>	Arizona Bell's Vireo					1B
<i>Vulpes macrotis</i>	Kit Fox	No Status				1B

Species of Economic and Recreation Importance Predicted that Intersect with Project Footprint as Drawn

Scientific Name	Common Name	FWS	USFS	BLM	NPL	SGCN
<i>Callipepla gambelii</i>	Gambel's Quail					
<i>Callipepla squamata</i>	Scaled Quail					1C
<i>Odocoileus hemionus</i>	Mule Deer					
<i>Patagioenas fasciata</i>	Band-tailed Pigeon					1C
<i>Pecari tajacu</i>	Javelina					
<i>Puma concolor</i>	Mountain Lion					
<i>Zenaida asiatica</i>	White-winged Dove					
<i>Zenaida macroura</i>	Mourning Dove					

Project Type: Development Outside Municipalities (Rural Development), Commercial/industrial (mall) and associated infrastructure, New construction

Project Type Recommendations:

During the planning stages of your project, please consider the local or regional needs of wildlife in regards to movement, connectivity, and access to habitat needs. Loss of this permeability prevents wildlife from accessing resources, finding mates, reduces gene flow, prevents wildlife from re-colonizing areas where local extirpations may have occurred, and ultimately prevents wildlife from contributing to ecosystem functions, such as pollination, seed dispersal, control of prey numbers, and resistance to invasive species. In many cases, streams and washes provide natural movement corridors for wildlife and should be maintained in their natural state. Uplands also support a large diversity of species, and should be contained within important wildlife movement corridors. In addition, maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem functions can be facilitated through improving designs of structures, fences, roadways, and culverts to promote passage for a variety of wildlife. Guidelines for many of these can be found at: <https://www.azgfd.com/wildlife/planning/wildlifeguidelines/>.

Consider impacts of outdoor lighting on wildlife and develop measures or alternatives that can be taken to increase human safety while minimizing potential impacts to wildlife. Conduct wildlife surveys to determine species within project area, and evaluate proposed activities based on species biology and natural history to determine if artificial lighting may disrupt behavior patterns or habitat use. Use only the minimum amount of light needed for safety. Narrow spectrum bulbs should be used as often as possible to lower the range of species affected by lighting. All lighting should be shielded, canted, or cut to ensure that light reaches only areas needing illumination.

Minimize the potential introduction or spread of exotic invasive species, including aquatic and terrestrial plants, animals, insects and pathogens. Precautions should be taken to wash and/or decontaminate all equipment utilized in the project activities before entering and leaving the site. See the Arizona Department of Agriculture website for a list of prohibited and restricted noxious weeds at <https://www.invasivespeciesinfo.gov/unitedstates/az.shtml> and the Arizona Native Plant Society <https://aznps.com/invas> for recommendations on how to control. To view a list of documented invasive species or to report invasive species in or near your project area visit iMapInvasives - a national cloud-based application for tracking and managing invasive species at <https://imap.natureserve.org/imap/services/page/map.html>.

- To build a list: zoom to your area of interest, use the identify/measure tool to draw a polygon around your area of interest, and select "See What's Here" for a list of reported species. To export the list, you must have an account and be logged in. You can then use the export tool to draw a boundary and export the records in a csv file.

Minimization and mitigation of impacts to wildlife and fish species due to changes in water quality, quantity, chemistry, temperature, and alteration to flow regimes (timing, magnitude, duration, and frequency of floods) should be evaluated. Minimize impacts to springs, in-stream flow, and consider irrigation improvements to decrease water use. If dredging is a project component, consider timing of the project in order to minimize impacts to spawning fish and other aquatic species (include spawning seasons), and to reduce spread of exotic invasive species. We recommend early direct coordination with Project Evaluation Program for projects that could impact water resources, wetlands, streams, springs, and/or riparian habitats.

The Department recommends that wildlife surveys are conducted to determine if noise-sensitive species occur within the project area. Avoidance or minimization measures could include conducting project activities outside of breeding seasons.

Based on the project type entered, coordination with State Historic Preservation Office may be required (<https://azstateparks.com/>).

Trenches should be covered or back-filled as soon as possible. Incorporate escape ramps in ditches or fencing along the perimeter to deter small mammals and herpetofauna (snakes, lizards, tortoise) from entering ditches.

Communities can actively support the sustainability and mobility of wildlife by incorporating wildlife planning into their regional/comprehensive plans, their regional transportation plans, and their open space/conservation land system programs. An effective approach to wildlife planning begins with the identification of the wildlife resources in need of protection, an assessment of important habitat blocks and connective corridors, and the incorporation of these critical wildlife components into the community plans and programs. Community planners should identify open spaces and habitat blocks that can be maintained in their area, and the necessary connections between those blocks to be preserved or protected. Community planners should also work with State and local transportation planning entities, and planners from other communities, to foster coordination and cooperation in developing compatible development plans to ensure wildlife habitat connectivity. The Department's guidelines for incorporating wildlife considerations into community planning and developments can be found on the Wildlife Friendly Guidelines portion of the Wildlife Planning page at <https://www.azgfd.com/wildlife/planning/wildlifeguidelines/>.

Based on the project type entered, coordination with Arizona Department of Environmental Quality may be required (<http://www.azdeq.gov/>).

Based on the project type entered, coordination with Arizona Department of Water Resources may be required (<https://new.azwater.gov/>).

Based on the project type entered, coordination with U.S. Army Corps of Engineers may be required (<http://www.usace.army.mil/>)

Based on the project type entered, coordination with County Flood Control district(s) may be required.

Development plans should provide for open natural space for wildlife movement, while also minimizing the potential for wildlife-human interactions through design features. Please contact Project Evaluation Program for more information on living with urban wildlife at PEP@azgfd.gov or at <https://www.azgfd.com/wildlife/planning/wildlifeguidelines/> and <https://www.azgfd.com/Wildlife/LivingWith>.

The Department requests further coordination to provide project/species specific recommendations, please contact Project Evaluation Program directly at PEP@azgfd.gov.

Project Location and/or Species Recommendations:

HDMS records indicate that one or more native plants listed on the **Arizona Native Plant Law and Antiquities Act** have been documented within the vicinity of your project area. Please contact:

Arizona Department of Agriculture

1688 W Adams St.

Phoenix, AZ 85007

Phone: 602.542.4373

<https://agriculture.az.gov/sites/default/files/Native%20Plant%20Rules%20-%20AZ%20Dept%20of%20Ag.pdf> starts on page 44

HDMS records indicate that one or more **Listed, Proposed, or Candidate** species or **Critical Habitat** (Designated or Proposed) have been documented in the vicinity of your project. The Endangered Species Act (ESA) gives the US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) regulatory authority over all federally listed species. Please contact USFWS Ecological Services Offices at <https://www.fws.gov/office/arizona-ecological-services> or:

Phoenix Main Office

9828 North 31st Avenue #C3

Phoenix, AZ 85051-2517

Phone: 602-242-0210

Fax: 602-242-2513

Tucson Sub-Office

201 N. Bonita Suite 141

Tucson, AZ 85745

Phone: 520-670-6144

Fax: 520-670-6155

Flagstaff Sub-Office

SW Forest Science Complex

2500 S. Pine Knoll Dr.

Flagstaff, AZ 86001

Phone: 928-556-2157

Fax: 928-556-2121