



PSPRS

CITY OF FLAGSTAFF
APRIL 23, 2020



SERVING THOSE WHO SERVE OTHERS



UNDERSTANDING PENSIONS

1. Unfunded liabilities
2. Funded status/rate
3. Pension funding formula

Starting Thoughts

- Critical financial issue facing taxpayers
 - 6/30/18 unfunded pension liability = \$8.8 billion
 - 46% funded
- It's debt
- It's not **IF** the unfunded liability will be paid off, it is **WHEN AND BY WHOM**
- Depending on other factors, such as payroll growth, annual required contributions (ARC) may not be enough to reduce employer unfunded liabilities

Starting Thoughts

Reform **DOES NOT** reduce current Tier 1 and 2 unfunded pension liability (legacy costs)

- Reforms created tier 3 membership that has lower employer costs than tiers 1 and 2
- Prop 124 in 2016 replaced costly investment return-based permanent benefit increase (PBI) with simple annual cost-of-living-increase capped at 2 percent
- COLA savings already factored into actuarial valuations and contribution rates
 - System-wide savings of estimated \$475 million

Defined Benefit

What the numbers are **AND** how the numbers are calculated. Basic example:

- Actual liability, at retirement it will be paid
 - Years of service x % multiplier
 - Tier 1, 25 years of service = 62.5%
 - 62.5% x average compensation
 - 62.5% x \$80,000 = \$50,000 annual pension
- Estimated liability
 - Estimated present value of the future liabilities
 - Based on actuarial assumptions

Unfunded Liability

Assets

- Market value of assets are the assets as of TODAY!

Liabilities

- All future pension benefits earned as of today
 - Considers all future pension payments to be paid
 - **Discounted to present value**
 - Discounted at the assumed rate of return on assets
-
- The difference is the over funded or unfunded liability.

Funded status (funded ratio)

$$\frac{\text{Market value assets}}{\text{Liabilities (present value)}}$$

- Identifies the assets available to fund the liabilities (*in today's dollars*)
- Goal: 100% funded

Pension funding equation

$$C + I = B + E$$

Contributions

Interest

Benefits

Expenses

Unfunded liability (debt)

- PSPRS liabilities are not pooled (256 plans)
 - Unfunded liabilities have been **earned** and cannot be diminished or impaired
 - Pension clause and Field's decision
- A more appropriate term for unfunded liabilities is **debt, it is owed!**

The **amount and timing** of your contribution directly impacts the funded status of your plan

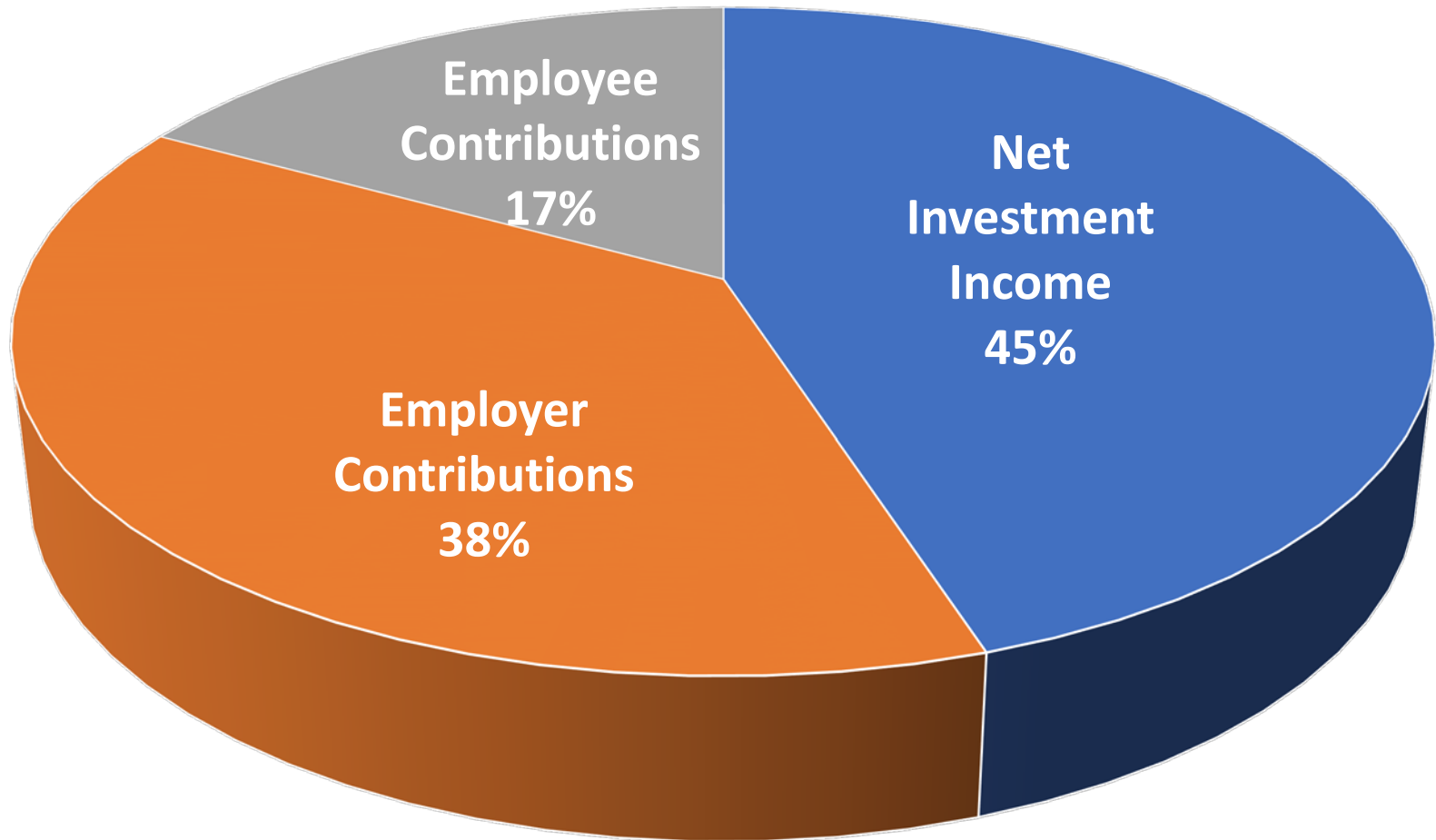
- Every additional dollar contributed today, can earn investment returns
- Every additional dollar not paid is a lost opportunity to earn investment returns

Contributions have 2 components

1. Normal cost: Annual cost of pension benefits "*earned*" in the current year
2. Unfunded liability: Cumulative effect of previous normal costs not funded
 - Amortized similar to a mortgage
 - The present value of liabilities "*earned*" in the current year equate to normal cost

Where does the money come from?

PSPRS system wide

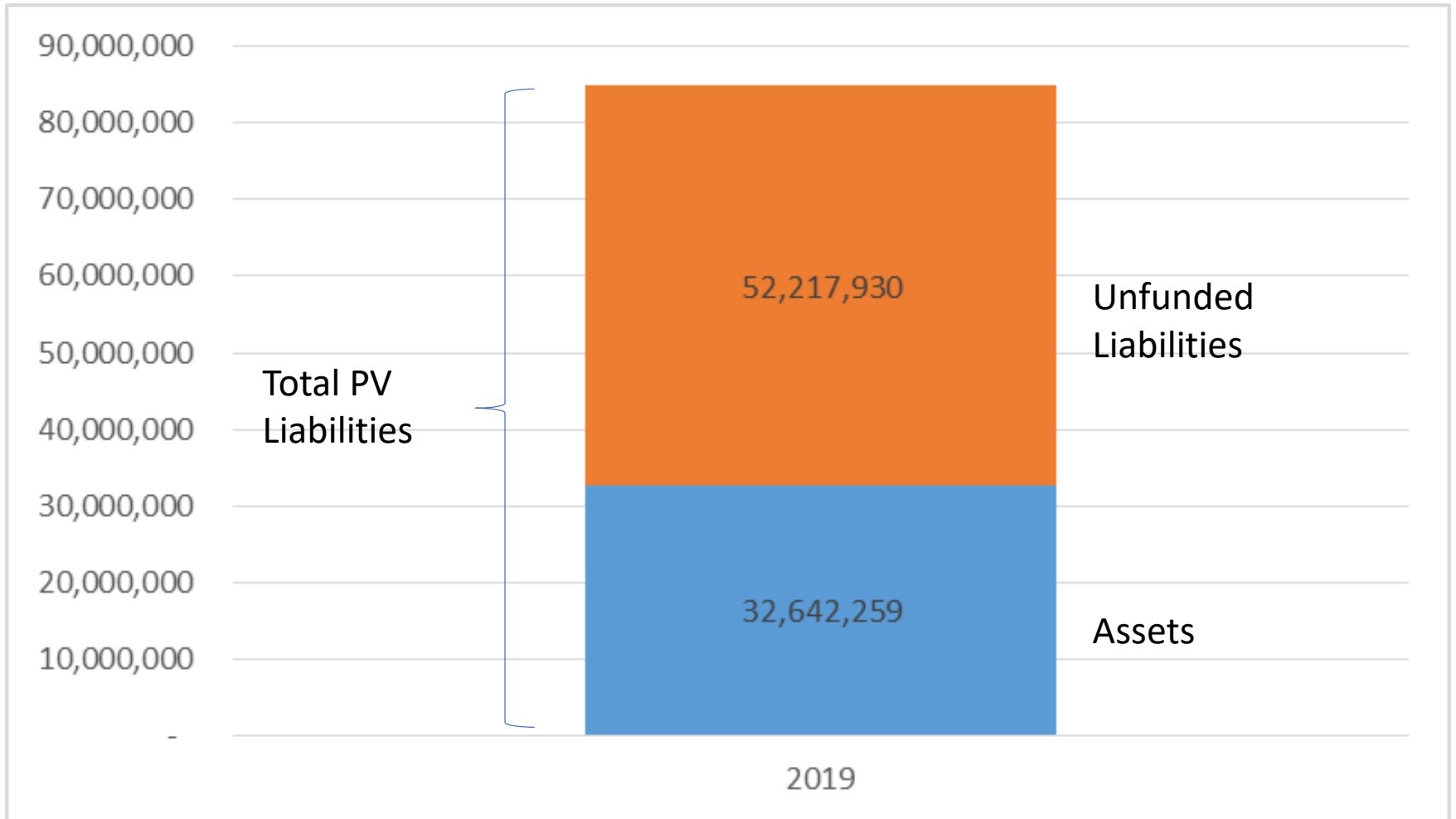




CITY OF FLAGSTAFF

Actual numbers from the police plan,
the fire plan would use the same math

City of Flagstaff - Police



City of Flagstaff

- Investment returns are earned on the \$32.6 million in assets
- If this plan were 100% funded, investment returns would be earned on \$85 million in assets
- Regardless of the funded status, the total \$85 million liabilities will be discounted one less year in FY 2020

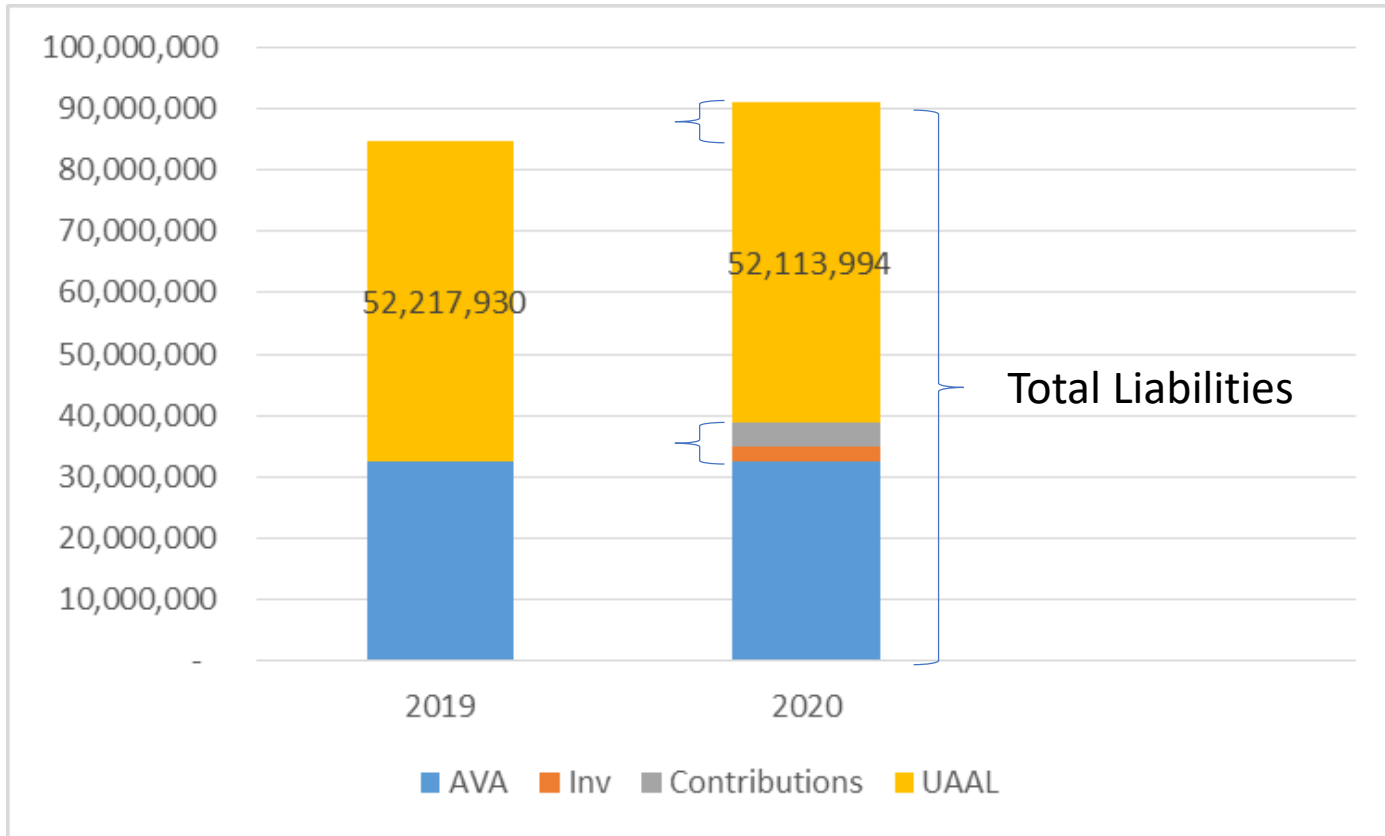
City of Flagstaff – Police

- Increased assets
- Investments + contributions = \$6,298,730
- Increased liabilities
- Present value of liabilities discounted one less year

	<u>Assets</u>
Begin FY19	32,642,259
Investments	2,382,885
Contribution	3,915,845
Ending FY19	38,940,989

	<u>AAL</u>
2019	84,860,189
2020	91,054,983
Change	6,194,794

City of Flagstaff – Police



	<u>Unfunded Liab</u>
2019	52,217,930
2020	52,113,994
Change	(103,936)

Pension Funding Equation

$$C + I = B + E$$

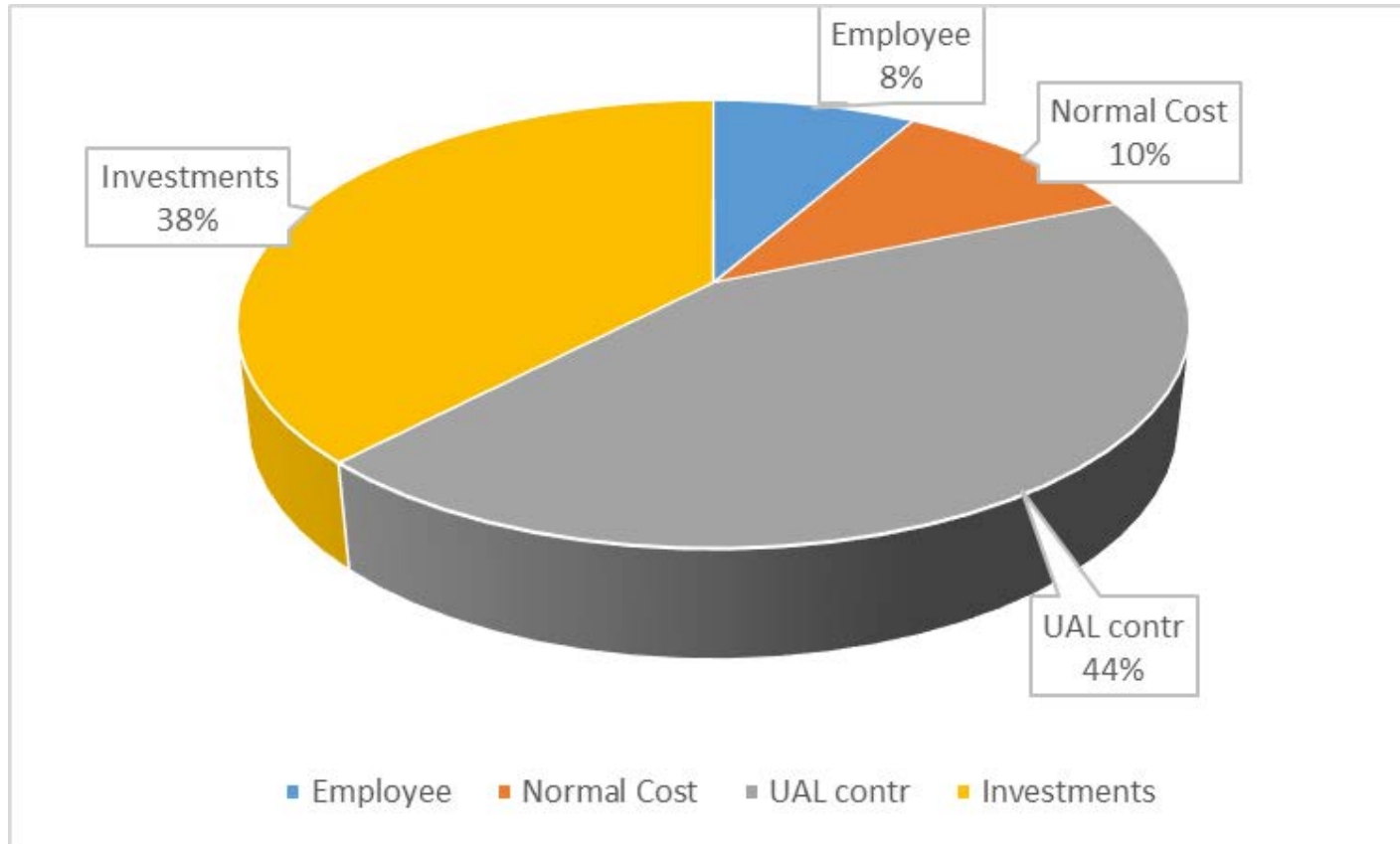
Contributions

Invest

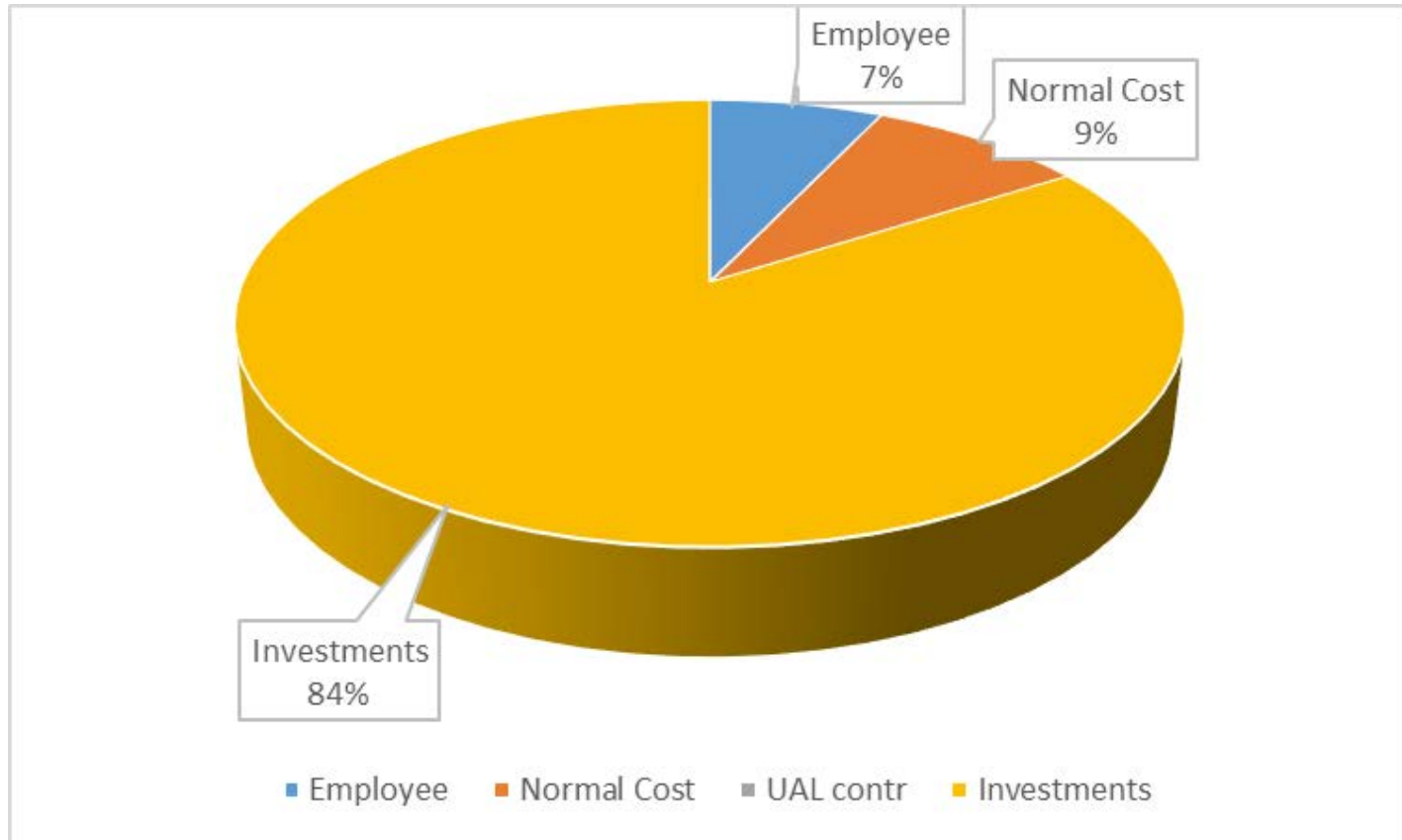
Benefits

Expenses

City of Flagstaff – Police FY 2020



City of Flagstaff – Police **if 100% funded**



City of Flagstaff – Police

Payroll growth and negative amortization

Contributions = \$3,915,845

- Your actual payroll impacts actual contributions
 - Actuarial payroll growth assumption 3.5%
 - Zero payroll growth reduces contributions \$137,055
 - Vacancies

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City of Flagstaff

$$C + I = B + E$$

Contributions Invest Benefits Expenses

- Investment returns will not solve large unfunded liabilities.
- Additional contributions leverage investment opportunities.
- Over a 17 year amortization cycle, \$1 million will save taxpayers an estimated \$1.8 million, and the original \$1 million will still be in the fund.



QUESTIONS, COMMENTS, AND DISCUSSION