THE SUNRISE CITY
FORT PIERCE
PLANNING DEPARTMENT
Florida

Conditional Use – No New Construction

Property address or Location 715 S. Ocean Dr. Unit D 34949

Parcel ID #(s) 2401-504-0004-000-2

Project description short term condo rental

Nicholas Danaluk Jr.
Property Owner(s)
1425 SW Edinburgh Dr
Street Address
Port St. Lucie, FL 34953
City State Zip
772-267-9288
Phone Number
ndanaluk@gmail.com
Email Address

MICHELLE LONGARZO
Applicant/Representative, Title, Company
1425 SW EDINBURGH DR.
Street Address
PORT ST. LUCIE, FL 34953
City State Zip
561-332-6718
Phone Number
SLICEOFPARADISEFLORIDA@GMAIL.COM
Email Address

Property Owner(s) Acknowledgements: *- This application will not be considered complete without the signature of all property owners of record, which shall serve as an acknowledgement of the submission of this application. The property owner's signature below shall also authorize the Applicant (if other than the property owner) and/or Representative to act in his/her behalf for the purposes of seeking approval for the application described herein.*

Property Owner(s) Signature(s)

STATE OF FLORIDA -- COUNTY ST. LUCIE

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 25 day of June, 2019, by Nicholas Danaluk JR. who is personally known to me or has produced FL Drivers license as identification.

Signature of Notary

NOTARY PUBLIC (seal)
HERVE J. LESPERANCE
Notary Public, State of Florida
Commission# GG 306064
My comm. expires Mar. 25, 2023

INTAKE MEETINGS ARE REQUIRED FOR ALL SUBMITTALS. CALL (772) 467-3729

TO BE COMPLETED BY STAFF

Zoning	Future Land Use	Total Acres	Historic District	Historic Designation
				Contributing Individual Non-Contributing None

Pre-Application Meeting Date_____
Intake Planner_____
Planner Assigned_____
Approved By_____ Date _____
Comments_____

Fees_____ Control #_____ B. Permit #_____

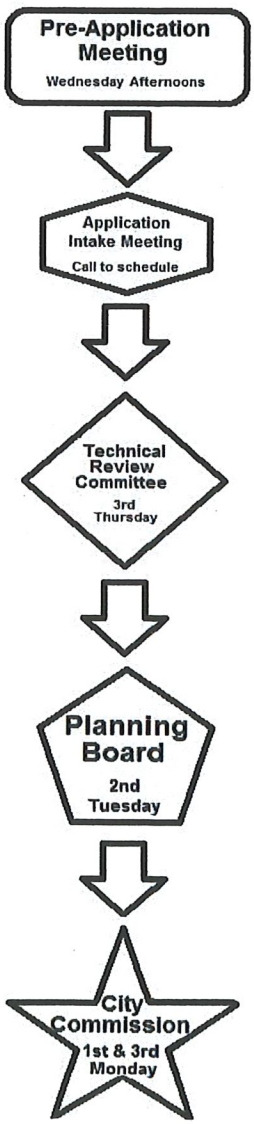
Intake Date Stamp

☑ CONDITIONAL USE: NO NEW CONSTRUCTION

Submit one original, seven (7) hard copies and one (1) CD of the following for initial submittal, subsequent submittals will be required:

- ☑ *If no site improvements are required:*
  - ☑ As-built survey
  - ☑ Floor plan of existing building(s)
- ☐ *If parking and drainage improvements are required:*
  - ☐ As-built survey;
  - ☐ Site plan, to scale, including existing improvements and proposed parking, driveways, landscaping & storm drainage;
  - ☐ Lighting plan
- ☐ Complete, notarized application

Application Outlook



Application Type:

- ☑ Conditional Use: No new construction with no site improvements
- ☐ Conditional Use: No new construction with parking and drainage improvements

Site Information:

Building Size _____ Parking Spaces:_____

Surrounding Uses: *(i.e. single family home, retail, industrial, etc.)*

North	South	East	West

The application for conditional use with the application for site plan review, when not exempt in accordance with the requirements of section 22-75, shall be reviewed as a unit in accordance with the requirements of section 22-58 except that:

(1) The city commission shall hold a public hearing in accordance with the provisions of section 22-143 prior to acting on the application for conditional use.

(2) In the event the city planning board disapproved the application for conditional use or in case of a protest against said application signed by twenty (20) per cent of the owners within five hundred (500) feet of the area included in said application, such application shall not be approved except by a four-fifths vote by the city commission.

(3) In permitting a conditional use or the modification of an existing conditional use, the city commission may impose, in addition to those standards and requirements expressly specified in this chapter, any condition which it finds to be necessary to protect the best interest of the surrounding property of the city.

Narrative of Property 715 South Ocean Drive Unit D, Fort Pierce, Florida 34949:

1) Provide gratis use to Kid's Cancer Foundation, a 501(c) non-for profit organization, an opportunity to rest and relax from hospital treatments. Offer educational and nutritional opportunities to them as well as parenting classes on site during stay. Reach out to the local community to assist with gift certificates for cancer kids to enjoy the attractions in the Fort Pierce area.
2) Short Term Rental of 31 days or more during the season to bring local & interstate revenue that promotes tourism in Fort Piece.
3) Transient rentals to bring out of area Florida and interstate revenue to promote new tourism in Fort Pierce.
4) Offer gratis, to local community partnerships as a for of gratitude to those who serve and their families providing local community service.
5) Length of stay 2 days to up to 6 months

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2) Short Term Rental of 31 days or more during the season to bring local & interstate revenue that promotes tourism in Fort Piece.
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4) Offer gratis, to local community partnerships as a for of gratitude to those who serve and their families providing local community service.

RULES & REGULATIONS of 715 South Ocean Drive Unit D, Fort Pierce, Florida 34949:

-Remove all trash and dispose of in the dumpster located in the back-parking lot

-Peaceful enjoyment of common areas at reasonable hours without excessive noise or music

-Pets need to remain in compliance with local leash and pet fecal disposal laws.

-Smoking is prohibited

-Park in assigned parking space labeled “D” or “Guest”

-Do not litter

-Wash sand off at the front hose to prevent drain clogs.

-Do not leave air conditioning on with windows open.

-Return A/C to 77 Degrees when check out occurs.

-Do not remove any property belonging to condo except beach towels, beach folding chairs, sand toys and umbrellas. The exception items need to be returned to the condo with the sand washed of prior to condo entry.

- Do not give out assigned door code to any party not staying in the condo.

-No Running in common areas or stairwells.

-Do not disturb or harass local wildlife such as sea turtles, manatees and any other wildlife.

-It is unlawful to walk on the sand dunes only use designated walkways.

-Use pedestrian crosswalks to cross the street to the beach.

-No illegal drugs allowed on property.

-No toxic chemicals allowed on property.

-Follow all local and state laws.

Are there any exceptions to the requirement that a Florida property manager have a broker's license?

YES. For example, if a property owner employs someone to manage their property, and that employee is paid a salary, as opposed to being paid a commission or on a transactional basis, a broker's license is not required.

For more information about these and other Florida property management requirements and exceptions, please contact the Florida Real Estate Commission.

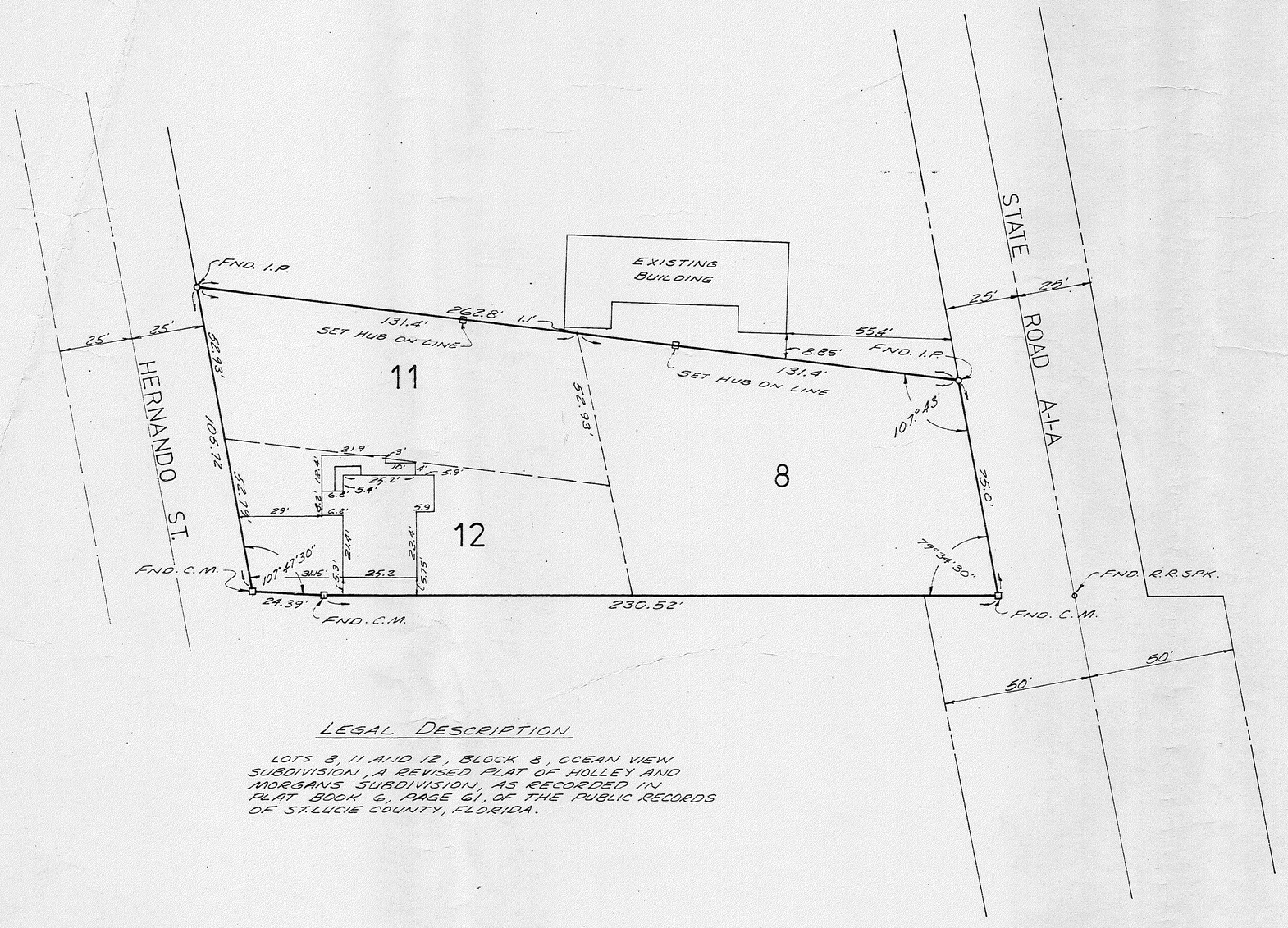
Before hiring a property manager to manage your Florida rental property, you should always check that he or she is licensed appropriately. You can check the license status of Florida property managers at the Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation's Licensee Search webpage.

Florida Community Association Manager License Requirements

Florida community association manager licensing requirements include:

- Age: Must be at least 18 years of age
- Education: Must complete at least 18 hours of pre-licensure education from an approved provider
- Trustworthiness: Must be of good moral character; must have a background check and submit fingerprints
- Exam: Pass the CAM exam. The exam fee is $73.00
- License fee: $105
- Application: Complete and submit CAM license application which is available online

For more information about these and other Florida licensing requirements, please contact the Florida Real Estate Commission.



SCALE: 1" = 30'

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

LOTS 8, 11 AND 12, BLOCK 8, OCEAN VIEW SUBDIVISION, A REVISED PLAT OF HOLLEY AND MORGANS SUBDIVISION, AS RECORDED IN PLAT BOOK 6, PAGE 61, OF THE PUBLIC RECORDS OF ST. LUCIE COUNTY, FLORIDA.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE PLAT SHOWN HEREON IS A TRUE AND CORRECT REPRESENTATION OF A SURVEY, MADE UNDER MY DIRECTION, AND THAT SAID SURVEY IS ACCURATE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, AND THERE ARE NO ENCROACHMENTS EXCEPT AS SHOWN.

ALFREDO M. TELLEZ AGUILAR
REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR
FLORIDA CERTIFICATE NO. 2052

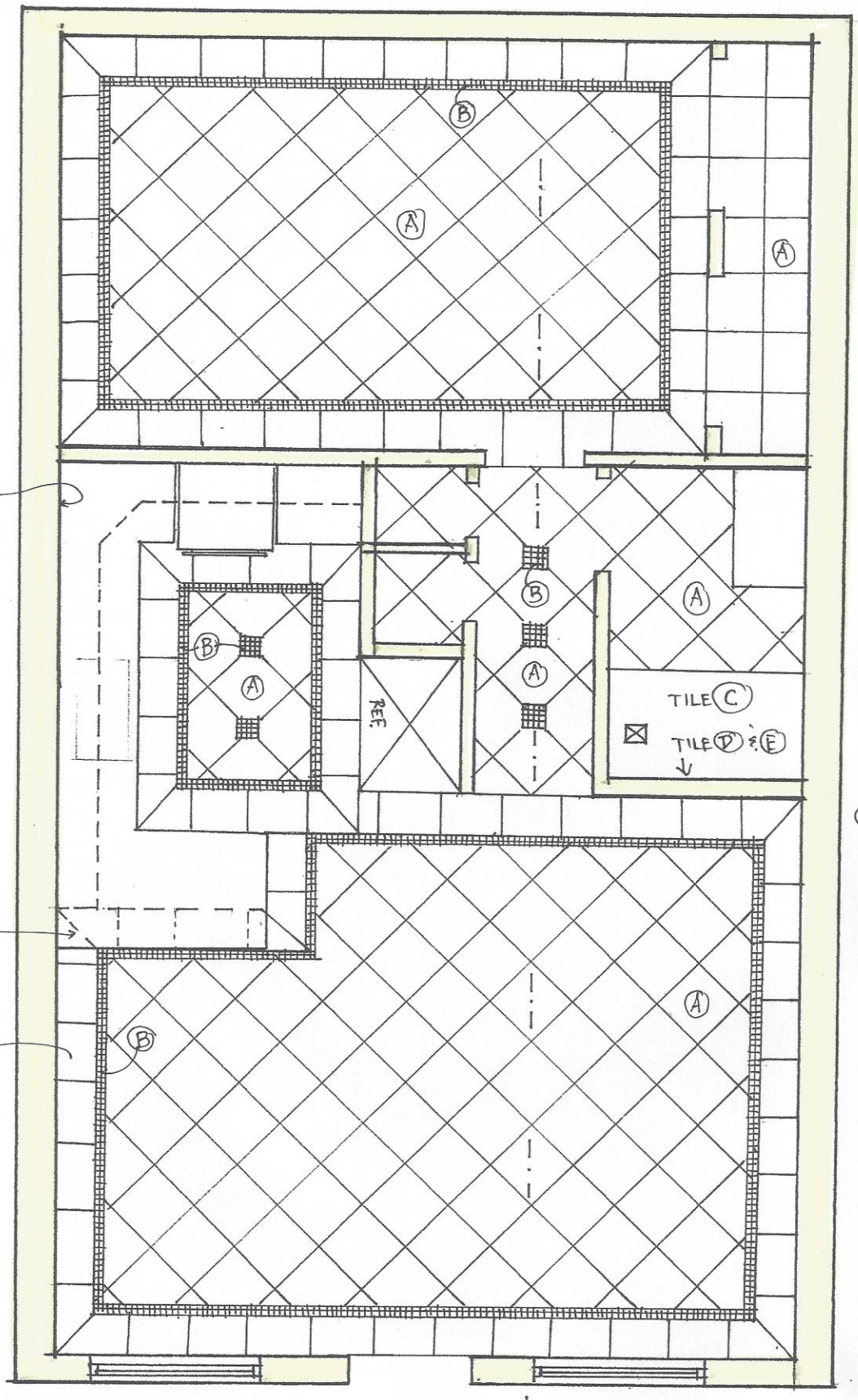
SURVEY MADE FOR:
K.M. BROOKS AND L.M. SPARKS

SURVEYING SERVICES OF FLORIDA, INC.
LAND SURVEYORS
FORT PIERCE, FLORIDA

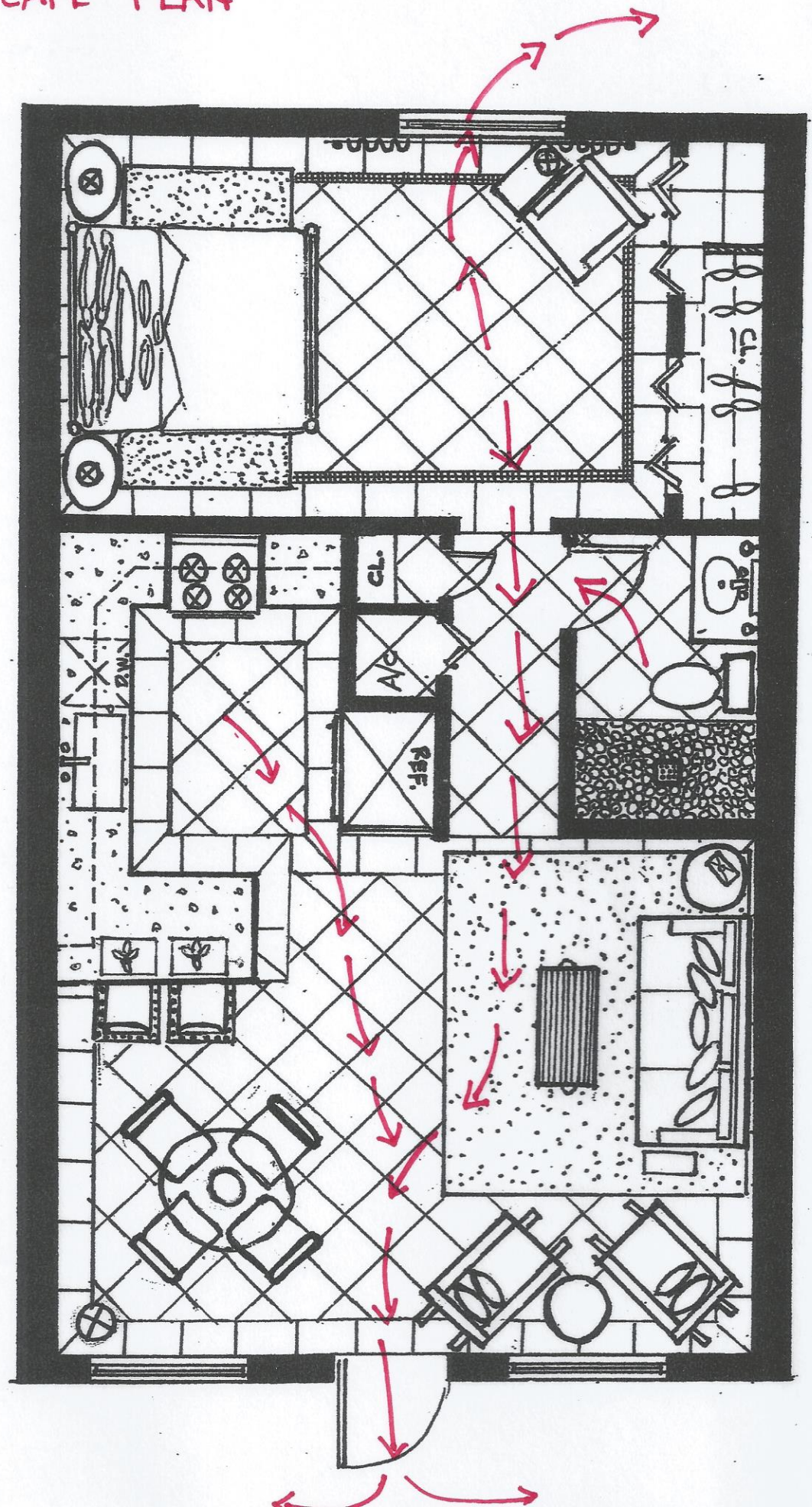
SCALE	1" = 30'	DATE	3-30-77
FIELD	R.E.	BK.	PG.
OFFICE	A.L.A.	FILE NO.	
DR'N.	D.F.	JOB NO.	383

SLICE OF PARADISE
715 S. OCEAN DRIVE
HUTCHINSON BEACH, FL
SLICE OF PARADISE @ GMAIL.COM
SCALE 1/4" = 1'0"
FLOOR 680 ft

℄ CENTER LINE FOR TILE
NOTE: MIDDLE OF HALL

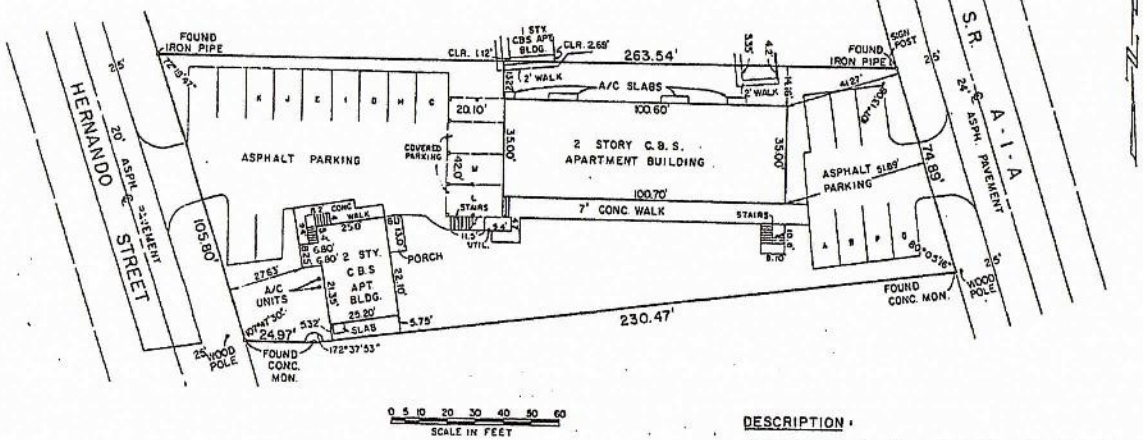


FIRE ESCAPE PLAN



NOTES:

1. ALL IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ARE EXISTING.
2. ALL AREAS OUTSIDE OF CONDOMINIUM UNIT BOUNDARIES ARE COMMON AREAS OR LIMITED COMMON AREAS.



BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

EXHIBIT B(i) TO THE DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM OF BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

DESCRIPTION:

LOTS 8, 11 AND 12, BLOCK 8, OCEAN VIEW, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF, RECORDED IN PLAT BOOK 5, PAGE 61, OF THE PUBLIC RECORDS OF ST. LUCIE COUNTY, FLORIDA.

CERTIFICATION

THE UNDERSIGNED, A SURVEYOR, DULY AUTHORIZED TO PRACTICE UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA HEREBY CERTIFIES THAT THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE IMPROVEMENTS DESCRIBED IS COMPLETE SO THAT SUCH MATERIAL, I.E. EXHIBIT B (i) TOGETHER WITH THE PROVISIONS OF DECLARATION, DESCRIBING THE CONDOMINIUM PROPERTY, IS AN ACCURATE REPRESENTATION OF THE LOCATION AND DIMENSIONS OF THE IMPROVEMENTS, AND THE IDENTIFICATION, LOCATION AND DIMENSIONS OF THE COMMON ELEMENTS AND OF EACH UNIT CAN BE DETERMINED FROM THESE MATERIALS.

ARTHUR V STROCK & ASSOCIATES, INC.

CARL DE SHAY
REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR NO. 3477
STATE OF FLORIDA

Arthur V. Strock & Associates, Inc.
engineers • planners • surveyors deerfield beach • delray beach, fla.

PROJECT: BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM
DRAWING NUMBER: 18345 pg. 1
DATE: 5-18-82
DRAWN BY: PB
CHECKED BY:
SHEET OF
SCALE: 1"=60'

EXHIBIT B(i)

ADDITION TO THE BY - LAWS

Amendment to DECLARATION OF CONDO OF
BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM ASSOCIATION, INC.

19. USE AND OCCUPANCY RESTRICTIONS

19.12 **Parking Restrictions.**
Only automobiles will be parked in the parking areas of the condominium property. No other vehicles and objects, including but not limited to trailers, boats, motor homes and trucks over 3/4 ton may be parked or placed upon any of the condominium property.

Exceptions: **Moving vans** shall be permitted to park, but not on the grass for the purpose of loading and unloading; **Vehicles,** regardless of classification, necessary for the **maintenance, care** or **protection** of the Properties; **Service and delivery vehicles,** regardless of classification, during regular business hours; **Vehicles for handicapped** persons; **Police and fire safety vehicles**

The following restrictions also apply:

No repair (including changing of oil) of a vehicle shall be made within the Condominium except for minor repairs necessary to permit removal of a vehicle. However, washing or waxing of a vehicle is permitted.
No motor vehicle, including moving vans, shall be parked at any time on the grass/swales within the Condominium.
Except where safety dictates otherwise, horns shall not be used or blown while a vehicle is parked, standing in or driving through parking areas. Racing engines and loud exhausts shall be prohibited. No vehicle shall be parked with motor running.

Remedy of Towing. If upon the Association's provision of that notice required by Section 715.07, Florida Statutes, and any applicable County Ordinances, amended from time to time, an offending vehicle Owner does not remove a prohibited or improperly parked vehicle from the Condominium, the Association shall have the option and right to have the vehicle towed away at the vehicle Owner's expenses. By this provision, each Owner and vehicle Owner provides the Association with the necessary consent to effect the tow.

STATE OF FLORIDA
ST. LUCIE COUNTY

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THIS IS A TRUE AND CORRECT COPY OF THE ORIGINAL.

JOANNE HOLMAN, CLERK

By _____

Date 4-25-2002

JOANNE HOLMAN, CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT - SAINT LUCIE COUNTY
File Number: 2033769 OR BOOK 1518 PAGE 2617
Recorded:04/24/02 11:19

Return:
Omar W. Baerth
715 So Ocean Drive, Unit 711
Hollywood FL 33019

BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

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Exhibit A - Surveyor's Certificate

Composite
Exhibit B - Survey and Plot Plan and Floor Plans

Exhibit C - Division of Common Elements

Exhibit D - Owner's Association Charter

Exhibit E - Owner's Association By-Laws

II. Estimated Operating Budget

III. Building Inspection Report of James Bushouse & Associates, Inc., Engineers

IV. Termite Report of Rowley's Pest Control

V. Purchase Agreement

VI. Unit Warranty Deed

FEE, FEE, KOBLEGARD, TEEL & KENNY, P.A.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
POST OFFICE BOX 1000
FORT PIERCE, FLORIDA 33454
TELEPHONE (305) 461-5020

BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM ASSOCIATION, INC.

715 South Ocean Dr.
Ft. Pierce, FL 34949

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

ADDITION TO THE BY-LAWS

The following attached addition to the By Laws was unanimously approved by all members and the Board of Directors on April 17th, 2002

William J Wilkinson
(President)

Otmar W. Baertl
(Secretary/Treasurer)

OR BOOK 1518 PAGE 2619

Notary Public

STATE OF FLORIDA, COUNTY OF ST LUCIE

The attached instrument was acknowledged before me this 4/24/02 [date]
by Mr./Mrs./Ms. William J Wilkinson Otmar Baertl [name of person acknowledging],
who is personally known to me or who has produced Florida Dr. Lic. & Michigan Driver License
TYPE OF I.D. as identification and who did/did not take an oath.

Dorothy M. Davis (Signature of Notary)

Dorothy M. Davis (Name of Notary, Typed, Printed or Stamped)

Notary (Title)

[illegible] [Commission Serial Number]

OFFICIAL NOTARY SEAL
DOROTHY M DAVIS
NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF FLORIDA
COMMISSION NO. DD039615
MY COMMISSION EXP. JULY 5,2005

DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM

OF

BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

K. M. BROOKS and LOUISE M. SPARKS, for themselves, their successors, grantees and assigns, being the owners of the fee simple title to the following described real property in St. Lucie County, Florida, (hereafter referred to as the "Land"):

Lots 8, 11 and 12, Block 8, OCEAN VIEW, a Subdivision according to the plat thereof recorded in Plat Book 6, page 61, of the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida

hereby submit the Land and the improvements thereon in fee simple to condominium ownership pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 718, Florida Statutes, hereinafter referred to as the "Condominium Act", in existence as of the date of this Declaration, upon the terms, conditions, restrictions, reservations and limitations hereinafter set forth.

NOW, THEREFORE, K. M. BROOKS and LOUISE M. SPARKS make the following declarations:

1. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE. The purpose of this Declaration is to submit the Land and the improvements thereon to the condominium form of ownership and use in the manner provided in the Condominium Act. Except where variances permitted by law appear in this Declaration, in the exhibits attached hereto, or in lawful amendments to any of them, the provisions of the Condominium Act as constituted on the date of this Declaration, including the definitions therein contained, are adopted and included herein by express reference. All restrictions, reservations, covenants, conditions and easements contained herein shall constitute covenants running with the land or equitable servitudes upon the land, as the case may be, and shall rule perpetually unless terminated as provided herein, and shall be binding upon all unit owners. In consideration of receiving and by acceptance of a grant, devise or mortgage, all grantees, devisees or mortgagees, their heirs, personal representatives, successors and assigns, and all parties claiming by, through or under such persons, agree to be bound by the provisions hereof, and all exhibits hereto. Both the burdens imposed and the benefits provided shall run with each unit and the interests in the common elements appurtenant thereto, as defined herein.

1.1 Name and Address. The name by which this Condominium is to be known and identified is BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM, and its address is 715 South Ocean Drive, Fort Pierce, Florida.

1.2 The Land. The legal description of the Land, which is hereby being submitted to condominium ownership, is as described in the introductory paragraph hereof.

2. DEFINITIONS. As used herein, in the exhibits attached hereto, and in all amendments hereto, unless the context requires otherwise:

2.1 Assessment means a share of the funds required for the payment of common expenses, which from time to time is assessed against the unit owners.

2.2 Association means BOARDWALK OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC., the entity responsible for the operation of this Condominium.

2.3 Board of Directors means the representative body responsible for the management of the Condominium and business of the Association.

2.4 By-Laws means the By-Laws of the Association, as they exist from time to time. A copy of the By-Laws is attached hereto as Exhibit E, and incorporated herein by reference.

2.5 Common Elements means the portions of the condominium property (including the tangible personal property required for the maintenance and operation of the condominium property) not included in the units.

2.6 Common Expenses means all expenses and assessments properly incurred by the Association for the Condominium and includes, but is not limited to: the expenses of administration and maintenance, operation, repair and replacement of the common elements and of the portions of units to be maintained by the Association; taxes, special assessments and insurance for the common elements; other expenses declared to be common expenses herein and in the By-Laws; and any other valid charge against the Condominium as a whole.

2.7 Common Surplus means the excess of all receipts of the Association, including but not limited to, assessments, rents, profits and revenues on account of the common elements, over the amount of common expenses.

2.8 Condominium means all of the condominium property as a whole when the context so permits, as well as that form of ownership of real property which is comprised of units that may be owned by one or more persons, and in which there is appurtenant to each unit an undivided share in the common elements.

2.9 Condominium Act means Chapter 718, Florida Statutes, in existence as of the date of this Declaration.

2.10 Condominium Parcel means a unit, together with the undivided share in the common elements which is appurtenant to the unit.

2.11 Condominium Property means and includes the land hereby submitted to the condominium form of ownership, all improvements thereon, and the common elements; and all easements and rights appurtenant thereto.

2.12 Declaration or Declaration of Condominium means this intrument as it may from time to time be amended.

2.13 Developer means K. M. BROOKS and LOUISE M. SPARKS, their heirs, personal representatives and assigns, and whoever offers for sale condominium parcels created herein in the ordinary course of business; except the term shall not include the owners of units who have not acquired all the right, title and interest of K. M. BROOKS and LOUISE M. SPARKS, in the condominium property.

FEE, FEE, KOBLEGARD, TEEL & KENNY, P.A.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
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TELEPHONE (305) 461-5020

2.14 Institutional Mortgagee means a bank, bank holding company, or subsidiary thereof, savings and loan association, insurance company, union pension fund, mortgage company approved by Developer, its successor, grantees or assigns, agency of the United States Government, or Developer, its grantees, successors and assigns holding a first mortgage of public record on a condominium parcel or on any portion of the condominium property.

2.15 Land means the real property in St. Lucie County, Florida, which is being submitted to condominium ownership, and is more particularly described in the introductory paragraph hereof.

2.16 Limited Common Elements means those common elements which are reserved for the use of a certain unit to the exclusion of other units, and for all purposes herein shall be treated as common elements as to the unit for which they are reserved.

2.17 Occupant means the person or persons, other than the unit owner, in possession of a unit or limited common elements.

2.18 Special Assessment means a share of the funds required for payment of common expenses which are unbudgeted or for which insufficient provision is made in the budget, occasioned for unforeseeable and fortuitous events, which from time to time may be assessed against the unit owners.

2.19 Unit or Residential Unit means a part of the condominium property which is subject to private ownership, to be used as a single family residence and as designated on the exhibits attached to this Declaration.

2.20 Unit Owner means the owner of a condominium parcel.

2.21 Singular, Plural, Gender. Whenever the context so permits, the use of the singular shall include the plural and the plural shall include the singular, and the use of any gender shall be deemed to include all genders.

3. DEVELOPMENT PLAN AND IDENTIFICATION OF UNITS. The condominium property consists of the land, all easements and rights appurtenant thereto, and the buildings constructed thereon, comprising in total the units, common elements and limited common elements. The improvements on the land consist of two (2) 2-story buildings in which all of the units are located. One building, containing eleven (11) units, possesses five (5) units on the first floor (Units A through E, inclusive), and six (6) units on the second floor (Units F through K, inclusive). The second 2-story building contains two (2) units, Unit M on the first floor, and Unit L on the second floor. The condominium has thirteen (13) units in total.

The units have been created through the conversion of existing improvements to the condominium form of ownership. All units have been previously occupied, for the most part by transient tenants as vacation or seasonal residences.

3.1 Designation of Units. Each unit in the two (2) buildings of the condominium is designated alphabetically by letter, A through M, inclusive, for a total of thirteen (13) units. No unit bears the same alphabetical designation as any other unit.

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3.2 Unit Boundaries.

(a) Each unit shall have as its boundary lines the interior unpainted finished surfaces of the ceiling, floor, and perimeter walls. All weight bearing walls and solid concrete columns located within a unit constitute part of the common elements up to the unpainted finished surface of the walls and columns. All doors, glass or otherwise, and screening which are part of or in the perimeter walls of a unit shall be deemed a part of the unit up to the exterior unfinished surface thereof.

(b) All pipes, wires, conduits and other utility lines, regardless of location, constitute part of the common elements, up to their outlets.

(c) The screened porch of any unit is a part of that unit. The boundary lines of each such screened porch are the interior vertical and horizontal surfaces thereof, and the exterior unpainted finished surface of the perimeter baluster or wall of any screened porch, but the Association, and not the unit owners, shall maintain and repair the exterior baluster or wall of any screened porch. The planes of all boundaries shall be extended to the point of intersection with other boundaries, if necessary.

(d) The ventilation chases and plumbing chases located within a unit are common elements. The boundary lines of each chase shall be the exterior unpainted surfaces thereof.

4. COMMON ELEMENTS. The common elements of the condominium consist of the Land and all other parts of the Condominium Property not within the apartments, including all tangible personal property used in the maintenance and operation of the condominium. Included within the meaning of Common Elements are the following:

(a) The ventilation chases, plumbing chases, and concrete columns within the units;

(b) Easements through units for conduits, ducts, plumbing, wiring and other facilities for the furnishing of utility services to units and the common elements;

(c) An easement of support in every portion of a unit which contributes to the support of the building;

(d) Installations for the furnishing of utility and other service to more than one unit or to the common elements or to a unit other than the unit containing the installation; and

(e) The condominium property which is not included within the units.

5. LIMITED COMMON ELEMENTS. Those areas reserved for the use of a certain unit to the exclusion of other units are designated as limited common elements, and are shown and located on Exhibit B, attached hereto. The limited common elements include the parking space serving a unit, air-conditioning and heating equipment servicing a unit and located outside of that unit, including air-conditioning compressors and ducts located outside the unit served.

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5.1 Responsibility of Unit Owners. The unit owner who has the right to the exclusive use of a limited common element, other than paved parking spaces, shall be responsible, at his cost and expense, for the maintenance, care, and preservation of the limited common element. The Association shall maintain and repair the exterior of the balusters or walls of the screened porches.

5.2 Responsibility of Association. Except as provided in 5.1 above and as elsewhere provided herein, any expense for the maintenance, repair or replacement relating to common elements shall be treated and paid for as a part of the common expenses of the Association. Should any maintenance, repair or replacement be caused by the negligence or misuse by a unit owner, his family, guests, employees, and licensees, he shall be responsible therefor, and the Association shall have the right to levy an assessments against the owner's unit, which assessment shall have the same force and effect as all other assessments.

6. SURVEY, SITE PLAN AND GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF IMPROVEMENTS. Attached hereto as composite Exhibit B is a survey of the Land, graphic descriptions of the improvements in which units are located, a Plot Plan locating the common elements and limited common elements, and floor plans and cross sections for the units in the Condominium.

6.1 Surveyor's Certificate. Attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference is the certificate of a surveyor authorized to practice in Florida certifying that the construction of the improvements is substantially complete so that Composite Exhibit B, together with the provisions of this Declaration describing the condominium property, is an accurate representation of the location and dimensions of the improvements, and that the identification, location and dimensions of the common elements and of each unit can be determined from these materials.

7. POSSESSION AND ENJOYMENT OF CONDOMINIUM PARCELS AND APPURTENANCES.

7.1 Condominium Parcels. Each condominium parcel is a separate parcel of real property, the ownership of which shall be in fee simple. Each condominium parcel includes the unit, the undivided share of the common elements which is appurtenant to that unit, and the interest of the unit in the limited common elements appurtenant thereto.

7.2 Appurtenances. There shall pass with each unit as appurtenances thereto, the following:

(a) An undivided share in the common elements;

(b) An undivided share in common surplus;

(c) An exclusive easement for the use of air space occupied by the unit as it exists at any particular time and as the unit may lawfully be altered or reconstructed from time to time, which easement shall be terminated automatically in any air space which is vacated from time to time;

(d) Membership of each unit owner in the Association and the interests of each unit in the funds and assets held by the Association;

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(e) The right to use all of the common elements for their intended purposes, subject to the provisions of the Declaration, the By-Laws, and such reasonable rules and regulations as may from time to time be established by the Association; but no use shall hinder or encroach upon the lawful rights of other unit owners;

(f) The exclusive right to use such portion of the common elements as may be provided by this Declaration to be limited common elements appurtenant exclusively to the unit.

8. RESTRAINT UPON SEPARATION AND PARTITITION OF COMMON ELEMENTS AND LIMITED COMMON ELEMENTS. The undivided share in the common elements and limited common elements which is appurtenant to a unit shall not be separated therefrom and shall pass with the title to the unit, whether or not separately described.

(a) A share in the common elements and limited common elements appurtenant to a unit may not be conveyed or encumbered except together with the unit;

(b) The shares in the common elements and limited common elements appurtenant to the units shall remain undivided, and no action for partition of the common elements or limited common elements shall lie.

9. PERCENTAGE OWNERSHIP OF COMMON ELEMENTS AND SHARING OF COMMON EXPENSES AND COMMON SURPLUS. The undivided share in the common elements appurtenant to each unit and the percentage of sharing common expenses and of owning common surplus attributable to each unit is shown on Exhibit C attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference. The respective undivided interests as set forth in Exhibit C have been carefully established, giving effect to numerous criteria, and cannot be changed, altered or amended except as provided in this Declaration and the Condominium Act.

10. TAX ASSESSMENTS. For the purposes of ad valorem taxation, the interest of the owner of a condominium parcel in his condominium unit and in the common elements shall be considered as a unit. The value of the unit shall be equal to the percentage of the value of the entire condominium, including land and improvements, as has been assigned to the unit as its undivided share of the common elements by this Declaration. The total of all of the percentages equals 100% of the value of all of the land and improvements thereon.

11. EASEMENTS. The following easements are hereby granted or reserved:

11.1 Easements for Unintentional Encroachments. Perpetual easements are granted and reserved for encroachments presently existing or which may hereafter be caused by settlement or movement of the building or minor inaccuracies in construction, which easements shall continue until such encroachments no longer exist. If any part of the condominium property is destroyed and then rebuilt, encroachments due to construction shall be permitted and a valid easement for said encroachments and the maintenance thereof shall exist.

11.2 Utility Easements. Easements are hereby granted and reserved for the Developer, unit owners, and the Association through the condominium property as may be required for utility service in order to serve the Condominium.

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11.3 Ingress and Egress. An easement is hereby granted and reserved to Developer, its successors or assigns, for pedestrian and vehicular traffic over, through, and across such portions of the common elements as may from time to time be intended and designated for such uses and purposes, for the use and benefit of the unit owners, their families and invitees, in obtaining ingress and egress for all such units to public rights of way.

12. MEMBERSHIP IN ASSOCIATION AND VOTING RIGHTS.

12.1 Membership. Every owner of a unit, whether he has acquired title by purchase from Declarant, Declarant's grantees, successors or assigns, or by gift, conveyance or operation of law, is bound to and hereby agrees that he shall accept membership in the Association and does hereby agree to be bound by this Declaration, the By-Laws of the Association and the rules and regulations enacted pursuant thereto, and the provisions and requirements of the Condominium Act and lawful amendments thereto. Membership is automatic upon acquisition of a unit and approval by the Association, and may not be transferred apart and separate from a transfer of the ownership of a unit. Membership shall automatically terminate upon sale or transfer of the unit, whether voluntary or involuntary.

12.2 Voting Rights. There shall be one person with respect to each unit who shall be entitled to vote at any meeting of the unit owners. If a unit is owned by more than one individual, the owners of said unit shall designate one of them as the voting member. If a unit is owned by a corporation, the Board of Directors of the corporation by duly passed resolution shall designate one of its officers or employees as the voting member. If a unit is owned by a partnership all of the partners by an appropriate resolution shall designate one of the partners as the voting member. If a unit is owned by more than one trustee, all of the trustees shall designate one of the trustees as the voting member. The By-Laws of the Association shall govern the proceedings to follow in designating an individual as the voting member of the unit. If one individual owns more than one unit, he shall have as many votes as the number of units that he owns. The vote of a unit is not divisible.

13. THE ASSOCIATION. The operation and management of the condominium property shall be by BOARDWALK OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC., a corporation not for profit under the laws of the State of Florida. The Association shall have all of the powers and duties set forth in the Condominium Act, and all of the powers and duties granted to or imposed upon it by this Declaration, the Articles of Incorporation, and the By-Laws of the Association. A copy of the Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws of the Association are attached hereto as Exhibits D and E, respectively, and incorporated herein by reference.

13.1 Limitation Upon Liability of Association. Notwithstanding the duty of the Association to maintain and repair parts of the condominium property, the Association shall not be liable to unit owners for injury or damage, other than the cost of maintenance and repair, caused by any latent condition of the property to be repaired and maintained by the Association or caused by the elements or other unit owners or persons.

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13.2 Notice of Contingent Liability. In any legal action in which the Association may be exposed to liability in excess of insurance coverage protecting it and the unit owners, the Association shall give notice of the exposure within a reasonable time to all unit owners who may be exposed to the liability and they shall have the right to intervene and defend. A copy of each insurance policy obtained by the Association shall be made available for inspection by unit owners at reasonable times.

13.3 Control of the Association. The first Board of Directors of the Association shall remain in office, and Developer shall control the Association until all units in the condominiums have been sold and closed, or until Developer elects to turn over control, whichever shall first occur; provided, however, such term of office of the original Directors shall in no event extend beyond three (3) years after fifty per cent (50%) of said units have been sold and closed, or three (3) months after ninety per cent (90%) of such units have been sold and closed. Upon sale and closing of at least fifteen per cent (15%) of the units of this condominium, the unit owners other than Developer shall be entitled to elect one-third (1/3) of the members of the Board of Directors. Upon the occurrence of any of said events, a special meeting for the purpose of electing interim Directors will be held upon due and proper notice being given to all unit owners in accordance with applicable law and the By-Laws of the Association. The interim election and all subsequent elections shall take place in accordance with the procedures set forth in the By-Laws as applicable to regular meetings. An employee or an agent of a business entity owner, such as Developer, shall be eligible to serve as a Director of the Association. Developer shall be entitled to elect at least one member of the Board of Directors of the Association as long as Developer holds at least one (1) of the units in the condominium for sale in the ordinary course of business.

14. BY-LAWS. The operation of the Condominium shall be governed by the By-Laws of the Association. No modification of or amendment to the By-Laws shall be valid unless set forth in or annexed to a duly recorded amendment to this Declaration in accordance with the formalities set forth herein. No amendment to the By-Laws shall be adopted which would affect or impair the validity or priority of any mortgage held by an Institutional Mortgagee covering any condominium parcel without the consent of said Institutional Mortgagee. Defects or omissions in the By-Laws shall not affect the validity of the Condominium or title to the condominium parcels.

15. MAINTENANCE, ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS. Responsibility for the maintenance of the condominium property and restrictions upon alterations and improvements thereof shall be as follows:

15.1 Common Elements.

(a) The maintenance and operation of the common elements shall be the responsibility of the Association and shall be a common expense;

(b) There shall be no material alteration or further substantial improvement of common elements without prior approval, in writing, by record owners of seventy-five per cent (75%) of all units. The cost of such alteration or improvement shall be a special assessment and so assessed.

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15.2 Units and Limited Common Elements.

(a) The Association shall maintain, repair and replace as a common expense:

(1) All portions of a unit contributing to the support of the building, which portions shall include but not be limited to the outside walls of the building, all fixtures on the exterior thereof, the perimeter baluster and walls abutting each screened porch, including the exterior surfaces thereon, boundary walls of a unit, floors and ceiling slabs, load-bearing columns and load-bearing walls, but shall not include screening, windows, exterior doors, glass and interior surfaces of walls, ceilings and floors;

(2) All conduits, plumbing (but not fixtures), wiring and other facilities for the furnishing of utility services which are contained in a unit but which service all or parts of the building other than the unit within which contained;

(3) Ventilation and plumbing chases that are common elements;

(4) All parking area pavement;

(5) All incidental damage caused to a unit by such work shall be promptly repaired by the Association.

(b) The responsibility of the unit owner shall include:

(1) To maintain, repair and replace, at his sole and personal expense, all doors, windows, glass, screens, electric panels, electric wiring, electric outlets and fixtures, air-conditioning and heating equipment, including but not limited to condensers, compressors and evaporators whether located within or outside the unit; refrigerators, other appliances, drains, plumbing fixtures and connections, interior surfaces of all walls, including boundary and exterior walls, floors and ceilings, including screened porch floor coverings, if any, and all other portions of his unit and limited common elements appurtenant thereto, except the portions specifically to be maintained, repaired and replaced by the Association.

(2) To refrain from enclosing, painting or otherwise decorating or changing the appearance of any portion of the exterior of the condominium building, or the screened porch appurtenant to the unit, including, but not limited to, screened porch floor coverings, if any, screening, windows, window coverings, and exterior doors, without the written approval of the Association.

(3) To promptly report to the Association any defect or need for repairs, the responsibility for which is that of the Association.

15.3 Enforcement of Maintenance. In the event the owner of a unit fails to maintain the property as required above, or otherwise violates the provisions hereof, the Association or any other unit owner shall have the right to proceed in a court of

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equity to seek compliance with the foregoing provisions; or the Association shall have the right to assess the unit for the necessary sums to put the improvement within the unit in good condition, and to collect assessments and have a lien for same as is otherwise provided herein. After such assessment, the Association shall have the right, for its employees or agents, to enter the unit and do the necessary work to enforce compliance with the above provisions.

15.4 Alteration and Improvement. A unit owner may make such alteration or improvement to his unit at his sole and personal costs as he may be advised, provided all work shall be done without unduly disturbing the rights of other unit owners; provided, however, nothing herein shall be construed to limit, modify or derogate the right of Developer. Except as herein reserved to Developer, neither a unit owner nor the Association shall make any alteration in the portions of a unit or the buildings which are to be maintained by the Association or remove any portion thereof or make any additions thereto or do anything which would jeopardize the safety or soundness of the unit or building without first obtaining approval in writing of owners of all other units in the building. A copy of plans for all such work prepared by an architect licensed to practice in Florida shall be filed with the Association prior to the granting of such approval and the start of the work.

15.5 Association's Right of Access. The Association shall have the irrevocable right of access to all units from time to time during reasonable hours as may be necessary for the maintenance, repair or replacement of any common elements therein or accessible therefrom or for making emergency repairs therein necessary to prevent damage to the common elements or another unit.

16. ASSESSMENTS. The Association, through its Board of Directors, shall have the power to fix and determine from time to time the sums necessary to provide for the common expenses to be paid by the Association. A unit owner, regardless of how title is acquired, shall be liable for all assessments coming due while he is the owner of a unit. In a voluntary conveyance, the grantee shall be jointly and severally liable with the grantor for all unpaid assessments against the grantor for his share of the common expenses up to the time of such voluntary conveyance.

16.1 No Avoidance By Waiver of Use. The liability for assessments may not be avoided by waiver of the use or enjoyment of any common elements or services, or by abandonment of the unit for which the assessment was made.

16.2 Interest in Default. Assessments and installments thereon, not paid when due, shall bear interest from the date when due until paid at the rate of eighteen per cent (18%) per annum. In the event the unit owner shall be more than thirty (30) days delinquent in the payment of any assessment, the Board of Directors, at its discretion, may upon five (5) days' written notice to the unit owners, declare due and payable all assessments applicable to such unit for the fiscal year of the Association in which the delinquency occurs.

16.3 Lien for Unpaid Assessments. The Association shall have a lien on each condominium parcel and all tangible personal property located within said parcel for the amount of any unpaid assessments, and interest thereon, until paid. Such lien shall also include a reasonable attorney's fee incurred by the Association incident to the collection of such assessment or enforcement of such lien, including such fee in connection with

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any appellate proceedings arising out of any suit for collection or enforcement, and further including costs of collection. Such liens shall be executed and recorded in the Public Records of St. Lucie County, Florida, in the manner provided by the Condominium Act, but such liens shall be subordinate to the lien of any mortgage or any other lien recorded prior to the time of the recording of the claim of lien by the Association. The Board of Directors may take such action as it deems necessary to collect assessments by personal action or by enforcing and foreclosing said lien, and may settle and compromise the same if in the best interests of the Association. The lien shall be effective as and in the manner provided by the Condominium Act and shall have the priorities established by said Act.

16.4 Foreclosure of Lien. Liens for assessments may be foreclosed by suit brought in the name of the Association in like manner as a foreclosure of mortgage on real property, as more fully set forth in the Condominium Act. The Association may, at any sale, bid in the sale and apply as a cash credit against its bid all sums due the Association covered by the lien being enforced.

16.5 Liability of Institutional Mortgagees. If an Institutional Mortgagee obtains title to a condominium parcel as a result of foreclosure of the first mortgage, or as a result of a deed or other arrangements in lieu of foreclosure of the first mortgage, the Institutional Mortgagee, its successors or assigns, shall not be liable for the share of common expenses or assessments by the Association pertaining to such condominium parcel applicable to the time prior to acquisition of title as a result of the foreclosure or deed or other arrangements in lieu of foreclosure, unless such share is secured by a claim of lien for assessments that is recorded prior to the recording of the foreclosed mortgage. Such unpaid share of common assessments shall be deemed to be common expenses collectible from all of the unit owners, including such acquirer, and his successors and assigns. No other sale or transfer shall relieve any unit from liability for any assessments due, nor from the lien of any such subsequent assessment. The written statement of the Association that the lien is subordinate to the institutional mortgage or that the unit is not subject to the assessment shall be dispositive of any question pertaining thereto.

16.6 Liability of Others. Any person who acquires an interest in a unit, except through foreclosure of a first mortgage of record (or deed or other arrangements in lieu thereof), as specifically provided in the subparagraph immediately preceding, including, without limitation, persons acquiring title by operation of law, including purchasers at judicial sales, shall not be entitled to occupancy of a unit or enjoyment of the common elements until such time as all unpaid assessments due and owing by the former owner have been paid.

16.7 Assignment of Claim by Association. The Association, acting through its Board of Directors, shall have the right to assign its claim and lien rights for the recovery of any unpaid assessments to Developer or to any unit owner or group of unit owners, or to any third party.

16.8 No Abridgement of Rights of Institutional Mortgagees. Nothing herein shall abridge or limit the rights or responsibilities of an Institutional Mortgagee of a unit, as set out herein or in the statutes made and provided for same.

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16.9 Budget. The Board of Directors of the Association shall approve the annual budget for this Condomminium in advance for each fiscal year, which budget shall be in the form prescribed by the By-Laws of the Association.

17. LIENS. No liens of any nature may be created subsequent to the recording of this Declaration against the condominium property as a whole (as distinguished from individual units) except with the unanimous consent of the unit owners.

17.1 Consent of Unit Owners. Unless a unit owner has expressly requested or consented to work being performed or materials being furnished to his unit, such labor or materials may not be the basis for the filing of a lien against the unit. No labor performed or materials furnished to the common elements shall be the basis for a lien thereon unless such labor performed or materials furnished was authorized by the Association, in which event the same might be the basis for the filing of a lien against all condominium parcels in the proportions for which the owners thereof are liable for common expenses.

17.2 Partial Release of Lien. In the event a lien against two or more condominium parcels becomes effective, each owner thereof may relieve his condominium parcel of the lien by paying the proportionate amount attributable to his condominium parcel. Upon such payment, it shall be the duty of the lienor to release the lien of record for such condominium parcel.

18. PROVISIONS GOVERNING THE ALIENATION AND MORTGAGE OF UNITS. In order to maintain a community of congenial residents who are financially responsible and to protect the value of the units, the transfer of units by an owner other than Developer shall be subject to the following provisions so long as the Condominium exists and the improvements, in useful condition, exist upon the Land, which provisions each unit owner covenants to observe:

18.1 Transfers Subject to Approval

(a) Sale. No unit owner may dispose of a unit or any interest in a unit by sale without approval of the Association, except to another unit owner.

(b) Gift, Devise or Inheritance. If a unit owner shall acquire his title by gift, devise or inheritance, the continuance of his ownership of a unit shall be subject to the approval of the Association, unless he is already a unit owner approved by Association or Developer.

18.2 Approval by Association. The approval of the Association is required for the transfer of ownership of a unit falling within Paragraph 18.1 and shall be obtained in the following manner:

(a) Notice to Association.

(1) Sale. A unit owner intending to make a bona fide sale of his unit or any interest in it shall give to the Association notice of such intention, together with the name and address of the proposed purchaser, the purchase price and terms, and such other information concerning the porposed purchaser as the Association may reasonably require and an executed copy of the proposed

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contract to sell. Such notice, at the unit owner's option, may include a demand by the unit owner that the Association furnish a purchaser of the unit if the proposed purchaser is not approved, provided, the proposed purchaser qualifies as a unit owner in accordance with this Declaration and the Rules and Regulations promulgated by the Association.

(2) Gift, Devise, or Inheritance; Other Transfers. Any unit owner who has obtained his title by gift, devise or inheritance, or by any other manner not previously considered, shall give to the Association notice of the acquiring of his title, together with such information concerning the unit owner as the Association may reasonably require, and a certified copy of the instrument evidencing the owner's title.

(3) Failure to Give Notice. If the above required notice to the Association is not given, then at any time after receiving knowledge of a transfer or event transferring ownership or possession of a unit, the Association at its election and without notice, may approve or disapprove the transaction or ownership. If the Association disapproves the transaction or ownership, the Association shall proceed as if it has received the required notice on the date of such disapproval.

(4) Application Form. The Association is vested with the authority to prescribe an application form such as may require specific personal, social, financial and other data relating to the intended purchaser or as relates to the "new owner" in the case of a transfer by gift, devise or inheritance, as may reasonably be required by the Association in order to enable the Association to responsibly investigate the intended purchaser or "new owner" within the time limits extended to the Association for that purpose as hereinafter set forth and which application shall be completed and submitted to the Association along with and as an integral part of the notice. A reasonable fee not to exceed Fifty Dollars ($50.00) may be charged to the transferor of a unit for the purpose of defraying the cost of investigation and the costs associated with granting approval, changing books and records and other matters associated with a transfer.

(b) Certificate of Approval.

(1) Sale. If the proposed transaction is a sale, then within fifteen (15) days after receipt of such notice and information, the Association must either approve or disapprove the proposed transaction. Such approval or disapproval shall be transmitted to the seller in writing within the aforesaid fifteen (15) day period, and failure to do so shall constitute approval of the sale. If approved, the approval shall be stated in a certificate executed by the President or Vice-President of the Association, which shall be recorded in the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida, at the expense of the seller.

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(2) Gift, Devise or Inheritance; Other Transfers. If the unit owner giving notice has acquired his title by gift, devise or inheritance or in any other manner, then within fifteen (15) days after receipt of such notice and information, the Association must either approve or disapprove the continuance of the unit owner's ownership of his unit. Such approval or disapproval shall be transmitted to the owner in writing within the aforesaid fifteen (15) day period, and failure to do so shall constitute approval of the ownership. If approved, the approval shall be stated in a certificate executed by the President or Vice-President of the Association, which shall be recorded in the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida, at the expense of the unit owner.

18.3 Disapproval by Association. The Association may disapprove the transfer of ownership of a unit if the transferee does not qualify to be a unit owner pursuant to this Declaration by delivering or mailing to the transferor, within ten (10) days after receipt of the notice of intent to transfer, notice of the disapproval and the grounds therefor. If the Association shall otherwise disapprove a transfer of ownership of a unit, the matter shall be disposed of in the following manner:

(a) Sale. In a sale transaction, and if the notice of sale given by the Unit owner shall so demand, then within fifteen (15) days after receipt of such notice and information, the Association shall deliver or mail to the unit owner an agreement to purchase the unit concerned by a purchaser approved by the Association who will purchase and to whom the unit owner must sell the unit upon the following terms:

(1) The price to be paid shall be the bona fide price stated in the disapproved contract to sell, and a judgment of specific performance of the sale may be entered in any court of competent jurisdiction. If a question arises as to whether or not the sale price is a bona fide price, the question shall be resolved by having the price determined by arbitration in accordance with the then existing rules of the American Arbitration Association, except that the arbitrators shall be two appraisers appointed by the American Arbitration Association who shall base their determination upon the average of their appraisals of the unit.

(2) The purchase price shall be paid in cash.

(3) The sale shall be closed within thirty (30) days after the delivery or mailing of the agreement to purchase, or within ten (10) days after determination of the sale price if such is by arbitration, whichever is later.

(4) A certificate of the Association executed by its President or Vice-President approving the purchaser shall be recorded in the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida, at the expense of the purchaser.

(5) If the Association shall fail to provide a purchaser upon demand of the unit owner in the manner

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provided, or if a purchaser furnished by the Association shall default in his agreement to purchase, then notwithstanding the disapproval, the proposed transaction shall be deemed to have been approved, and the Association shall furnish a certificate of approval as elsewhere provided, which shall be recorded in the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida, at the expense of the seller.

(b) Gift, Devise or Inheritance; Other Transfers. If the unit owner giving notice has acquired his title by gift, devise or inheritance, or in any other manner, then within fifteen (15) days after receipt from the unit owner of the notice and information required to be furnished, the Association shall deliver or mail to the unit owner an agreement to purchase the unit concerned by a purchaser approved by the Association who will purchase and to whom the unit owner must sell the unit upon the following terms:

(1) The sale price shall be the fair market value determined by agreement between Seller and Purchaser within thirty (30) days from the delivery or mailing of such agreement. In the absence of agreement as to price, the price shall be determined by arbitration in accordance with the then existing rules of the American Arbitration Association, except that the arbitrators shall be two appraisers appointed by the American Arbitration Association who shall base their determination upon the average of their appraisals of the unit; and a judgment of specific performance of the sale upon the award rendered by the arbitrators may be entered in any court of competent jurisdiction. The expense of the arbitration shall be paid by the purchaser.

(2) The purchase price shall be paid in cash.

(3) The sale shall be closed within ten (10) days following the determination of the sale price.

(4) A certificate of the Association executed by its President or Vice-President and approving the Purchaser shall be recorded in the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida, at the expense of the Purchaser.

(5) If the Association shall fail to provide a purchaser as required by this instrument, or if a purchaser furnished by the Association shall default in his agreement to purchase, then notwithstanding the disapproval, such ownership shall be deemed to have been approved, and the Association shall furnish a certificate of approval as elsewhere provided, which shall be recorded in the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida, at the expense of the unit owner.

18.4 Mortgage. No unit owner may mortgage the unit, or any interest in it, without the approval of the Association, except to an Institutional Mortgagee, as defined herein, or to a vendor to secure a portion or all of the purchase price. The approval of any other mortgagee may be upon conditions determined by the Association or may be withheld by the Association.

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18.5 Exceptions. The foregoing provisions of this Paragraph 18 shall not apply in the following instances:

(a) A transfer to or purchase by an Institutional Mortgagee, that acquires its title as a result of owning a mortgage upon the unit concerned, and this shall be so whether the title is acquired by deed or other conveyance from the mortgagor, his successors or assigns, or through foreclosure proceedings.

(b) A transfer or sale by an Institutional Mortgagee that so acquires its title as set forth in 18.5(a).

(c) When a purchaser acquires title to a unit at a duly advertised public sale with open bidding provided by law, such as, but not limited to, execution sale, foreclosure sale, judicial sale or tax sale.

(d) The sale or transfer of any unit to or by Developer.

18.6 Unauthorized Transactions. Any sale or mortgage not authorized pursuant to the terms of this Declaration shall be void unless subsequently expressly approved by the Association.

19. USE AND OCCUPANCY RESTRICTIONS. The use of the condominium property shall be in accordance with the following provisions as long as the Condominium exists:

19.1 Units. Each unit shall be occupied and used by a family, its servants and guests, as a single-family residence and for no other purpose.

19.2 Common Elements. The common elements shall be used only for the purposes for which they are intended in the furnishing of services and facilities for the enjoyment of the units.

19.3 Pets. In the absence of duly promulgated rules and regulations of the Association to the contrary, no pets may be kept in units of this condominium other than tropical fish, birds of household variety, or dogs or cats under the weight of twenty (20) pounds.

19.4 Nuisances. No use or practice which is either an annoyance to unit owners or an interference with the peaceful possession and proper use of the Condominium Property by the unit owners shall be allowed. All parts of the Condominium shall be kept in a clean and sanitary condition, and no rubbish, refuse or garbage shall be allowed to accumulate or any fire hazard allowed to exist.

19.5 Insurance. No unit owner shall permit any use of his unit or make any use of the common elements that will increase the cost of insurance upon the Condominium Property.

19.6 Lawful Use. No immoral, improper, offensive or unlawful use shall be made of the Condominium Property. All valid laws, zoning ordinances and regulations of all governmental bodies having jurisdiction shall be observed. The responsibility of meeting the requirements of governmental bodies for maintenance, modification or repair of the condominium property shall be the

same as the responsibility for maintenance and repair of the property concerned.

19.7 Exteriors. No change shall be made in the color of any exterior window, door, storm or hurricane shutter, glass or screen of a unit, except with the prior written consent of the Board of Directors of the Association.

19.8 Alteration of Units. No unit owner shall make or cause to be made any structural modifications or alterations in his unit, or in the water, gas, electrical, plumbing, air-conditioning equipment or utilities therein, without the consent of the Association, which consent may be withheld in the event the Board of Directors determines that such structural alteration or modification would in any manner endanger the building. If the modification or alteration desired by a unit owner involves the removal of any permanent interior partition, the Association may permit such removal if the partition is not a load bearing partition and if removal of the partition does not interfere with any common utility source.

19.9 Noise Abatement. No noise shall be permitted to be transmitted from one unit to another. In the event the Board of Directors of the Association determines that any noise is being transmitted from one unit to another unit and that such noise is unreasonable, the owner of such unit shall, at his own expense, take such steps as shall be necessary to abate the noise to the satisfaction of the Board of Directors of the Association. In the event the owner of the unit fails to abate the noise, the Board of Directors shall take such steps as shall be necessary to abate such noise, and any expenses incurred by the Association in abating the noise, including reasonable attorney's fees, shall be the responsibility of the owner of such unit.

19.10 Signs, Antenna and Aerials. No signs, advertisements or notices of any type shall be displayed on the condominium property and no exterior aerial or antenna shall be placed on the condominium property unless the Board of Directors of the Association consent in writing thereto.

19.11 Regulations. Reasonable regulations concerning the use of the condominium property may be made and amended from time to time by the Board of Directors of the Association.

20. INSURANCE. Insurance, other than title insurance, that shall be carried upon the condominium property and the personal property of the unit owners shall be governed by the following provisions.

20.1 Authority to Purchase. All insurance policies upon the condominium property and the property of the Association shall be purchased by the Board of Directors of the Association. The named insured shall be the Insurance Trustee designated by the Association, individually and as agent for the Association, the unit owners, without naming them, and their mortgagee endorsements and memoranda of insurance to the mortgagees of unit owners. The policies shall provide that payments by the insurer for losses shall be made to the Insurance Trustee designated by the Association. All policies and their endorsements shall be deposited with the Insurance Trustee. Unit owners may obtain coverage at their own expense upon their personal property and for their personal liability and living expenses. The Insurance Trustee may be any bank in Florida with trust powers, as may be designated by the Board of Directors of the Association.

20.2 Coverage.

(a) Liability. The Board of Directors of the Association shall obtain public liability and property damage insurance covering all of the common elements of the Condominium and all property of the Association, and insuring the Association and the unit owners as their interests may appear, in such amounts and providing such coverage as the Board of Directors of the Association may determine from time to time, provided, that the minimum amount of coverage shall be Five Hundred Thousand Dollars ($500,000.00). Said insurance shall include, but not be limited to, hired and non-owned automobile coverage and a cross-liability endorsement to cover liabilities of the unit owners as a group to an individual unit owner.

(b) Casualty Insurance. The Board of Directors of the Association shall obtain fire and extended coverage insurance, and vandalism and malicious mischief insurance, insuring all of the insurable improvements within the Condominium, including property owned by the Association, in and for the Association, all unit owners and their mortgagees, as their interests may appear, in a company acceptable to the standards set by the Board of Directors of the Association, in an amount equal to the maximum insurance replacement value of the property, as determined annually by the Board of Directors of the Association.

(c) Workmen's Compensation. The Board of Directors of the Association shall obtain Workmen's Compensation Insurance in order to meet the requirements of law.

(d) Flood. The Board of Directors of the Association shall obtain flood insurance to meet the requirements of federal, state or local law, or any regulation enacted pursuant to federal, state or local law.

(e) Other Insurance. The Board of Directors of the Association shall obtain such other insurance as the Board of Directors of the Association shall determine from time to time as to be desirable.

(f) Subrogation Waiver. If available, the Board of Directors of the Association shall endeavor to obtain policies which provide that the insurer waives its right to subrogation as to any claim against unit owners, the Association, and their respective servants, agents and guests.

(g) Premiums. Premiums upon insurance policies purchased by the Association shall be paid by the Association as a common expense. The cost of insurance premiums and other incidental expenses incurred by the Association in administering and carrying out any of the provisions of this Paragraph 20 shall be assessed against and collected from unit owners as a common expense.

20.3 Shares of Proceeds. All insurance policies purchased by the Board of Directors of the Association shall be for the benefit of the Association, the unit owners and their mortgagees, as their interests may appear, and shall provide that all proceeds covering losses shall be paid to the Insurance Trustee. The Insurance Trustee shall be designated by the Board

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of Directors of the Association either prior to or at the time an insured loss occurs. The Insurance Trustee shall neither be liable for payment of the premiums, the renewal or the sufficiency of policies, nor the failure to collect any insurance proceeds. The duty of the Insurance Trustee shall be to receive such proceeds as are paid and hold the proceeds in trust for the benefit of the Association, the unit owners and their mortgagees, in the following shares, which shares need not to be set forth on the records of the Insurance Trustee:

(a) Common Elements. Proceeds on account of damaged common elements - an undivided share for each unit, such share being the same as the undivided share in the common elements appurtenant to the unit.

(b) Property (Real and Personal) of the Association. Proceeds on account of damaged property of the Association, an undivided share for each unit, such share being the same as the undivided share in the common elements appurtenant to the unit.

(c) Units. Proceeds on account of damage to units shall be held in the following undivided shares:

(1) When the building is to be restored, for the owners of damaged units in proportion to the cost of repairing the damage suffered by each unit, which cost shall be determined by the Board of Directors of the Association.

(2) When the building is not to be restored - an undivided share for each unit in the building, such share being the same as the undivided share in the common elements appurtenant to the unit.

(d) Mortgagees. In the event a mortgagee endorsement has been issued regarding a unit, the share of the unit shall be held in trust for the mortgagee and the unit owner as their interests may appear; provided, however, that no mortgagee shall have any right to determine or participate in the determination as to whether or not any damaged property shall be reconstructed or repaired, and no mortgagee shall have any right to apply or have applied to the reduction of a mortgage debt any insurance proceeds except distribution of such proceeds made to the unit owner and mortgagee pursuant to the provisions of this Declaration.

20.4 Distribution of Proceeds. Proceeds of insurance policies received by the Insurance Trustee shall be distributed to or for the benefit of the beneficial owners in the following manner:

(a) Expense of the Trust. All expenses of the Insurance Trust shall be paid first, or provisions made for such payment.

(b) Reconstruction or Repair. If the damage for which the proceeds are paid is to be repaired or reconstructed, the remaining proceeds shall be paid to defray the cost of such as hereinafter provided. Any proceeds remaining after defraying such costs shall be distributed to the beneficial owners, remittances to unit owners and their mortgagees being payable jointly to them. This is a covenant for the benefit

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of any mortgagee of a unit and may be enforced by such mortgagee.

(c) Failure to Reconstruct or Repair. If it is determined in the manner hereinafter provided that the damage for which proceeds are paid shall not be reconstructed or repaired, the remaining proceeds shall be distributed to the beneficial owners, remittances to unit owners and their mortgagees being payable jointly to them. This is a covenant for the benefit of any mortgagee of a unit and may be enforced by such mortgagee. There shall be no distribution of remaining proceeds until all debris, remains and residue have been cleared and removed, and the condominium property has been properly landscaped. In the event of loss or damage to personal or real property belonging to the Association, and should the Board of Directors of the Association determine not to replace such personal or real property as may be lost or damaged, the proceeds shall be disbursed to the beneficial owners as common surplus.

(d) Certificate. In making distribution to unit owners and their mortgagees, the Insurance Trustee may rely upon a certificate of the Board of Directors of the Association, as to the names of the unit owners and their respective shares of the distribution; provided, however, that such certificates shall not be binding insofar as Institutional Mortgagees of units are concerned. The Insurance Trustee shall obtain appropriate certificates from all such Mortgagees prior to any disbursement to owners or mortgagees.

20.5 Association's Power to Compromise Claims. The Board of Directors of the Association is hereby irrevocably appointed agent for each unit owner and for each owner of any other interest in the condominium property, for the purpose of compromising and settling all claims arising under insurance policies purchased by the Board of Directors or the Association, and to execute and deliver releases therefor upon payment of claims.

20.6 Mortgagee's Right to Advance Premiums. Should the Association fail to pay insurance premiums when due, or should the Association fail to comply with other insurance requirements set forth in this Declaration, the Institutional Mortgagee holding the greatest dollar volume of unit mortgages shall have the right, at its option, to order insurance policies and to advance such sums as are required to maintain or procure such insurance, and to the extent of the money so advanced, said Institutional Mortgagee shall be subrogated to the assessment and lien rights of the Association as against the individual unit owners for the payment of such items of common expense.

21. RECONSTRUCTION OR REPAIR AFTER CASUALTY.

21.1 Determination to Reconstruct or Repair. If any part of the condominium property shall be damaged by casualty, whether or not it shall be reconstructed or repaired shall be determined in the following manner:

(a) Common Elements. If the damaged improvements is a common element, the damaged property shall be reconstructed or repaired, unless it is determined in the manner

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hereinafter provided that the Condominium shall be terminated.

(b) Property (Real and Personal) of the Association. If the damaged improvement is property owned (in whole or part) by the Association, the damaged property shall be reconstructed or repaired unless it is determined in the manner hereinafter provided that the Condominium shall be terminated.

(c) Condominium Buildings Containing Units.

(1) Lesser Damage. If the damaged improvement is a building, and if units to which fifty per cent (50%) of the common elements are appurtenant are found by the Board of Directors of the Association to be tenantable, the damaged property shall be reconstructed or repaired, unless within sixty (60) days after the casualty it is determined by agreement in the manner hereinafter provided that the Condominium shall be terminated.

(2) Substantial Damage. If the damaged improvement is a building, and if units to which more than fifty per cent (50%) of the common elements are appurtenant are found by the Board of Directors to be not tenantable, then the damaged property will not be reconstructed or repaired and the Condominium will be terminated without agreement as hereinafter provided, unless within sixty (60) days after the casualty the owners of units to which more than seventy-five per cent (75%) of the common elements are appurtenant agree in writing to such reconstruction or repair.

(d) Certificate. The Insurance Trustee may rely upon a certificate of the Association made by its President and Secretary to determine whether or not the damaged property is to be reconstructed or repaired.

21.2 Plans and Specifications. Any reconstruction or repair must be substantially in accordance with the plans and specifications for the original building, portions of which are attached hereto as exhibits; or if not, then according to plans and specifications approved by the Board of Directors of the Association and by the owners of units to which more than seventy-five per cent (75%) of the common elements are appurtenant, including the owners and Institutional Mortgagees of all damaged units, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.

21.3 Responsibility. If the damage is only to those parts of units for which the responsibility of maintenance and repair is that of the unit owner, then the unit owner shall be responsible for reconstruction and repair after casualty. In all other instances the responsibility for reconstruction and repair after casualty shall be that of the Association.

21.4 Estimates of Costs. Immediately after a determination is made to rebuild or repair damage to property for which the Association has the responsibility of reconstruction and repair, the Association shall obtain reliable and detailed estimates of the cost to rebuild or repair. Such costs may include professional fees and premiums for such bond as the Board of Directors may require.

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21.5 Special Assessments. The amount by which an award of insurance proceeds to the Insurance Trustee is reduced on account of a deductible clause in an insurance policy shall be assessed against all unit owners in proportion to their shares in the common elements. If the proceeds of such assessments and of the insurance are not sufficient to defray the estimated costs of reconstruction and repair by the Association, or if at any time during reconstruction and repair, or upon completion of reconstruction and repair are insufficient, assessments shall be made against the unit owners in sufficient amounts to provide funds for the payment of such costs. Such assessments on account of damage to common elements shall be in proportion to the units' shares in the common elements. Such assessments on account of damage to units shall be in proportion to the shares of insurance proceeds attributable to each damaged unit if a building is to be restored, as set forth in Paragraph 20.3(c) of this Declaration.

21.6 Construction Funds. The funds for payment of costs of reconstruction and repair after casualty, which shall consist of proceeds of insurance held by the Insurance Trustee and funds collected by the Association from assessments against unit owners, shall be disbursed in payment of such costs in the following manner:

(a) Association. If the total assessments made by the Association in order to provide funds for payment of costs of reconstruction and repair which are the responsibility of the Association are more than Five Thousand Dollars ($5,000.00) then the sums paid upon such assessments shall be deposited by the Association with the Insurance Trustee. In all other cases, the Association shall hold the sums paid upon such assessments and disburse the same in payment of the costs of reconstruction and repair.

(b) Insurance Trustee. The proceeds of insurance collected on account of a casualty, and the sums deposited with the Insurance Trustee by the Association from collections of assessments against unit owners on account of such casualty, shall constitute a construction fund which shall be disbursed in payment of the costs of reconstruction and repair in the following manner and order:

(1) Association - Minor Damage. If the amount of the estimated costs of reconstruction and repair which is the responsibility of the Association is less than Five Thousand Dollars ($5,000.00), then the construction fund shall be disbursed in payment of such costs upon the order of the Association; provided, however, that upon request to the Insurance Trustee by a mortgagee which is a beneficiary of an Insurance policy the proceeds of which are included in the construction fund, such fund shall be disbursed in the manner hereafter provided for the reconstruction and repair of major damage.

(2) Association - Major Damage. If the amount of the estimated costs of reconstruction and repair which is the responsibility of the Association is more than Five Thousand Dollars ($5,000.00), then the reconstruction fund shall be disbursed in payment of such costs in the manner required by the Board of

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Directors of the Association and upon approval of an architect qualified to practice in Florida and employed by the Association to supervise the work.

(3) Unit Owners. The portion of insurance proceeds representing damage for which the responsibility of reconstruction and repair lies with a unit owner shall be paid by the Insurance Trustee to the unit owners, or if there is a mortgagee endorsement as to such unit, then to the unit owner and the mortgagee jointly, who may use such proceeds as they may be advised.

(4) Surplus. It shall be presumed that the first monies disbursed in payment of costs of reconstruction and repair shall be from insurance proceeds. If there is a balance in the construction fund after payment of all costs of the reconstruction and repair for which the fund is established, such balance shall be distributed to the beneficial owners of the fund in the manner hereinbefore stated; except, however, that the part of a distribution to a unit which is not in excess of assessments paid by such owner into the construction fund shall not be made payable to any mortgagee.

(5) Certificate. Notwithstanding the provisions herein, the Insurance Trustee shall not be required to determine whether or not sums paid by unit owners upon assessments shall be deposited by the Association with the Insurance Trustee, nor to determine whether the disbursements from the construction fund are to be upon the order of the Association or upon approval of an architect or otherwise, nor whether a disbursement is to be made from the construction fund, nor to determine whether surplus funds to be distributed are less than the assessments paid by owners. Instead, the Insurance Trustee may rely upon a certificate of the Association, made by its President and Secretary, as to any or all of such matters and stating that the sums to be paid are due and properly payable, and stating the name of the payee and the amount to be paid, provided, that when a mortgagee is required to be named as payee, the Insurance Trustee shall also name the mortgagee as payee of any distribution of insurance proceeds to a unit owner; and further provided, that when the Association or a mortgagee which is the beneficiary of any insurance policy, the proceeds of which are included in the construction fund, so requires, the approval of an architect named by the Association shall be first obtained by the Association before disbursements in payment of costs of reconstruction and repair.

21.7 Equitable Relief. In the event of major damage to or destruction of all or a substantial part of the condominium property, and in the event the property is not repaired, reconstructed, or rebuilt within a reasonable period of time, any unit owner shall have the right to petition a court of equity, having jurisdiction in and for St. Lucie County, Florida, for equitable relief which may, but need not necessarily, include a termination of the Condominium and a partition thereof.

22. TERMINATION OF CONDOMINIUM. The condominium may be terminated in the following manner in addition to any manner provided by the Condominium Act.

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22.1 Destruction. If it is determined in the manner elsewhere provided herein that the building shall not be reconstructed because of substantial damage, the condominium plan of ownership shall be terminated without agreement.

22.2 Agreement. The condominium may be terminated at any time by the approval in writing of all record owners of units and all record owners of mortgages on units. If the proposed termination is submitted to a meeting of the members of the Association, the notice of such meeting shall give notice of the proposed termination, and if the approval of the owners of units to which more than seventy-five per cent (75%) of the common elements are appurtenant, and of the record owners of all mortgages upon the units, are obtained in writing not later than thirty (30) days from the date of such meeting, then the approving owners shall have an option to buy all of the units of the other owners for the period ending on the sixtieth (60th) day from the date of such meeting. Such approvals shall be irrevocable until the expiration of the option, and if the option is exercised, the approvals shall be irrevocable. The option shall be upon the following terms:

(a) Exercise of Option. The option shall be exercised by delivery or mailing by certified mail to each of the record owners of the units to be purchased an agreement to purchase signed by the record owners of the units that will participate in the purchase. The agreement shall indicate which units will be purchased by each participating owner and shall require the purchase of all units owned by owners not approving the termination. The agreement shall effect a separate contract between each seller and purchaser.

(b) Price. The sale price of each unit shall be the fair market value determined by agreement between the seller and purchaser within thirty (30) days from the delivery or mailing of such agreement, and in the absence of agreement as to price, it shall be determined by arbitration in accordance with the then existing rules of the American Arbitration Association, except that the arbitrators shall be two appraisers appointed by the American Arbitration Association, who shall base their determination upon the average of their appraisals of the units. A judgment of specific performance of the sale upon the award rendered by the arbitrators may be entered in any court of competent jurisdiction. The expense of arbitration shall be paid by the pruchasers.

(c) Payment. The purchase price shall be paid in cash.

(d) Closing. The sale shall be closed within ten (10) days following the determination of the purchase price.

22.3 Certificate. The termination of the condominium in either of the foregoing manners shall be evidenced by a certificate of the Association executed by its President and Secretary certifying as to facts effecting the termination, which certificate shall become effective upon being recorded in the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida.

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22.4 Shares of Owners After Termination. After termination of the condominium, the unit owners shall own the condominium property and all assets of the Association as tenants in common in undivided shares that shall be the same as the undivided shares in the common elements appurtenant to the owners' respective units prior to the termination.

22.5 Amendment. This Article concerning termination cannot be amended without consent of all unit owners and all record owners of mortgages upon the units.

23. AMENDMENT TO DECLARATION. This Declaration may be amended from time to time by resolution adopted at any regular or special meeting of the unit owners called in accordance with the By-Laws at which a quorum is present, such adoption to be by the affirmative vote of seventy-five per cent (75%) of the total number of votes to which the unit owners present and voting shall be entitled. Such amendment shall be duly recorded in compliance with requirements of the Condominium Act.

23.1 Alteration of Units. No amendment may change the configuration or size of any unit in any material fashion, materially alter or modify the appurtenances to the unit, or change the proportion or percentage by which the owner of the parcel shares the common expenses and owns the common surplus unless the record title owner of the unit and all record title owners of liens on the unit join in the execution of the amendment.

23.2 Required Approval. No provision of this Declaration or of the exhibits hereto which requires in order to be effective, operational or enacted, a vote of the unit owners greater than that required in Paragraph 23 above, shall be changed by any amendment to this Declaration or to the exhibits hereto insofar as they pertain to said provision(s) unless in addition to all other requirements of Paragraph 23 being met, said change shall be approved by a vote of the membership not less than that required by this Declaration or exhibits hereto, whichever shall be applicable, to effect such provision.

23.3 Rights of Institutional Mortgagees. No amendment or change to this Declaration or to the exhibits hereto shall be effective to affect or impair the validity or priority of a first mortgage held by an Institutional Mortgagee encumbering a Condominium parcel, or to affect or impair the rights granted herein to Institutional Mortgagees, without the written consent thereto by the Institutional Mortgagee owning and holding the mortgage encumbering the parcel, which consent shall be executed with the formalities required for deeds and recorded with the amendment.

23.4 Non-Material Errors and Omissions. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Declaration, Developer expressly reserves the right to amend this Declaration so as to correct any errors or omissions not materially adversely affecting the rights of the unit owners, lienors or Institutional Mortgagees, and such right shall exist until one year from the date of the recording of this Declaration in the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida. Such amendment need not be approved by the Association unit owners, lienors or Institutional Mortgagees of units of the Condominium whether or not elsewhere required for amendments.

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23.5 Discrimination. No amendment shall discriminate against any unit owner or against any unit or class or group of units, unless the owner so affected shall consent.

23.6 Reserved Right of Developer. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Declaration, Developer expressly reserves the right to amend this Declaration at any time during the course of registration of this Condominium in any state in order to accomplish a successful registration of this Condominium in that state, provided, said amendment does not materially adversely affect the rights of the unit owners, lienors of record, or Institutional Mortgagees. Such amendment need not be approved by the Association, unit owners, lienors or Institutional Mortgagees of units of the Condominium whether or not elsewhere required for amendments.

23.7 Developer Consent Required. As long as Declarant has title to any unit, no amendment shall be made to this Declaration or any exhibits hereto, unless Developer shall consent in writing to the amendment, which consent may be withheld by Developer for any reason.

24. REGISTRY OF OWNERS AND MORTGAGEES. The Association shall at all times maintain a registry setting forth the names of the owners of units. In the event of a sale or transfer of a condominium unit, the purchaser or transferee shall notify the Association in writing of his interest in such condominium unit together with the recording information of the instrument by which such purchaser or transferee has acquired his interest in the unit. Each unit owner shall notify the Association of all mortgages encumbering a condominium unit and any transfer thereof, the amount of such mortgages, and the recording information for the mortgages. The holder of a mortgage encumbering a condominium unit may notify the Association of the existence of such mortgage, and upon receipt of that notice, the Association shall register in its records all pertinent information pertaining to the mortgage.

25. NOTICE TO AND RIGHTS OF INSTITUTIONAL MORTGAGEES.

25.1 Casualty. In the event of any substantial damage or destruction to a unit or any part of the common elements, Institutional Mortgagees will be entitled to timely notice of such damage or destruction.

25.2 Default. In the event a unit owner shall be in default in the payment of any assessments as provided for herein, and said default shall not be cured within thirty (30) days, the Association shall cause notice of such default to be given to any Institutional Mortgagee of the unit.

25.3 Condemnation. In the event any portion of the condominium property is made the subject matter of a condemnation proceeding, all Institutional Mortgagees shall be entitled to timely written notice of such proceeding.

25.4 Rights of Institutional Mortgagees. An Institutional Mortgagee shall, upon request, be entitled to:

(a) Inspect the books and records of the Association;

(b) Receive an annual financial statement of the Association within ninety (90) days following the end of the fiscal year;

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(c) Receive written notice of all meetings of the Association, and be permitted to designate a representative to attend all such meetings; but said representative shall have no right to participate or vote at said meeting.

26. MISCELLANEOUS.

26.1 Developer's Rights. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Declaration, Developer is irrevocably empowered to sell condominium units on any terms to any purchaser for as long as it owns any unit in the Condominium. Developer shall have the right to transact any business necessary to consummate sales of said units, including, but not limited to, the right to maintain model apartments, have signs, employees, and offices, use the common elements and show units. Sales office signs and all items pertaining to sales shall not be considered common elements and shall remain the property of the Developer.

26.2 Limitation of Liability.

(a) The liability of the owner of a unit for common expenses shall be limited to the amounts for which it is assessed from time to time in accordance with the Declaration and exhibits.

(b) The owner of a unit may be personally liable for acts or omissions of the Association in connection with the use of the common elements but only to the extent of his prorata share of his interest in the common elements and then in no case in an amount greater than the value of his unit. A unit owner shall be liable for injuries or damages resulting from an occurrence in his own unit to the same extent and degree that the owner of a house would be liable for an occurrence within his house.

26.3 Remedies for Violation. Each unit owner shall be governed by and conform with the Declaration and exhibits hereto. Failure to do so shall entitle the Association or any unit owner to recover damages or obtain injunctive relief or both, but such relief shall not be exclusive of other remedies provided by law. Should the Association or any unit owner find it necessary to bring court action to bring about compliance with the law, this Declaration, or the exhibits hereto, upon a finding by the court that the violation complained of is willful and deliberate, the owner so violating shall reimburse the party bringing suit for reasonable attorney's fees (including appellate attorney's fees) incurred by it in bringing such action, as determined by the court.

26.4 Covenants run with the Land. All provisions of the Declaration and exhibits attached hereto, and amendments thereof, shall be construed as covenants running with the land, and of every part thereof and interest therein, including but not limited to every unit and the appurtenances thereto, and every unit owner and occupant of the property or any part thereof, or if any interest therein, and his heirs, personal representatives, successors and assigns, shall be bound by all of the privisions of the Declaration and exhibits hereto and any amendments thereof.

26.5 Severability. If any of the provisions of this Declaration, By-Laws or Articles of Incorporation of the Association, or of the Condominium Act, or any article, section, clause, phrase, word, or the application thereof, in any circumstances

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is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this Declaration, By-Laws, Articles of Incorporation, or the Condominium Act, and of the application of any such provision, action, sentence, clause, phrase, or word, in other circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

26.6 Notices. Except when expressly provided otherwise, whenever notices are required to be sent hereunder, the same may be delivered to unit owners, either personally or by mail, addressed to such unit owners at their place of residence in the Condominium, unless a unit owner has, by written notice duly receipted for, specified a different address. Proof of such mailing or personal delivery by the Association shall be given by the affidavit of the person mailing or personally delivering said notice. Notices to the Association shall be delivered by mail to the Secretary of the Association, at the Secretary's residence in the Condominium, or in case of the Secretary's absence, then the President of the Association at his residence in the Condominium, and in his absence, any member of the Board of Directors of the Association.

(a) Notices to the Developer shall be delivered by mail to: 715 South Ocean Drive, Fort Pierce, FL 33450.

(b) All notices shall be deemed and considered sent when mailed. Any party may change his mailing address by written notice, duly receipted for. Notices required to be given to personal representatives of a deceased owner, or devisee when there is no personal representative, may be delivered either personally or by mail, to such party at his or its address appearing in the records of the court wherein the estate of such deceased owner is being administered.

(c) The change of the mailing address of any party, as specified herein, shall not require an amendment to this Declaration.

26.7 Construction of Declaration. The provisions of this Declaration shall be liberally construed to effectuate its purpose of creating a uniform plan for the operation of a condominium.

26.8 Captions. The captions used in this Declaration and exhibits annexed hereto are inserted solely as a matter of convenience and shall not be relied upon or used in construing the effect or meaning of any of the text of this Declaration or exhibits hereto.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, K. M. BROOKS and LOUISE M. SPARKS have executed this instrument, on this, the 6th day of January, 1983.

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of:

Evelyn Lewis
Ann W. Lewis

Evelyn Lewis
Ann W. Lewis

K. M. Brooks (Seal)
K. M. Brooks

Louise M. Sparks (Seal)
Louise M. Sparks

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JOINDER OF MORTGAGEE

ROYAL TRUST BANK OF MIAMI, N.A., an association organized under the laws of the United States, 627 S.W. 27th Avenue, Miami, Florida 33135, hereinafter called the Mortgagee, the owner and holder of a mortgage upon lands in St. Lucie County, Florida, which mortgage is dated August 5, 1977, and is recorded in O. R. Book 272 at page 1615 of the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida, joins in the making of the foregoing Declaration of Condominium for BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM, and the Mortgagee agrees that the lien of its mortgage, with respect to that portion of the mortgaged property included within the Declaration, shall be upon the following described property in St. Lucie County, Florida:

All of the Units of BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM, according to the Declaration of Condominium

TOGETHER WITH all of the appurtenances of the units, including but not limited to all of the undivided shares of the common elements.

DATED this _____ day of January, 1983.

ROYAL TRUST BANK OF MIAMI, N.A.

By_____
Vice-President

(Corporate Seal)

Signed, sealed and delivered
in the presence of:

_____

_____

STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF DADE

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this _____ day of January, 1983, by JACOB L. DORN, Vice-President of ROYAL TRUST BANK OF MIAMI, N.A., an association organized under the laws of the United States, on behalf of the corporation.

_____
Notary Public, State of Fla. at Large
My Commission Expires:_____

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TELEPHONE 305/461-2626

BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE

STATE OF FLORIDA

COUNTY OF ST. LUCIE

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority duly authorized to administer oaths and take acknowledgments, personally appeared CARL DE SHAY, who, after being first duly cautioned and sworn, deposes and says as follows:

1. That I, CARL DE SHAY, am a duly licensed Surveyor under the laws of the STATE OF FLORIDA, R.L.S. No. 3477.

2. This Certificate is made as to BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM, located at Fort Pierce, Florida.

3. The construction of the improvements comprising the condominium is complete so that the materials that comprise Exhibit "B" to the Declaration of Condominium, together with the provisions of said Declaration describing the Condominium property, are an accurate representation of the location and dimensions of the improvements, and the identification, location and dimensions of the Common Elements within the Condominium can be determined from the materials.

4. Further, Affiant sayeth not.

Carl De Shay - Florida Registered
Land Surveyor No. 3477

Sworn to and subscribed before me
this 31 day of September, 1982.

Notary Public, State of Fla. at Large
My Commission Expires: June 21 1986

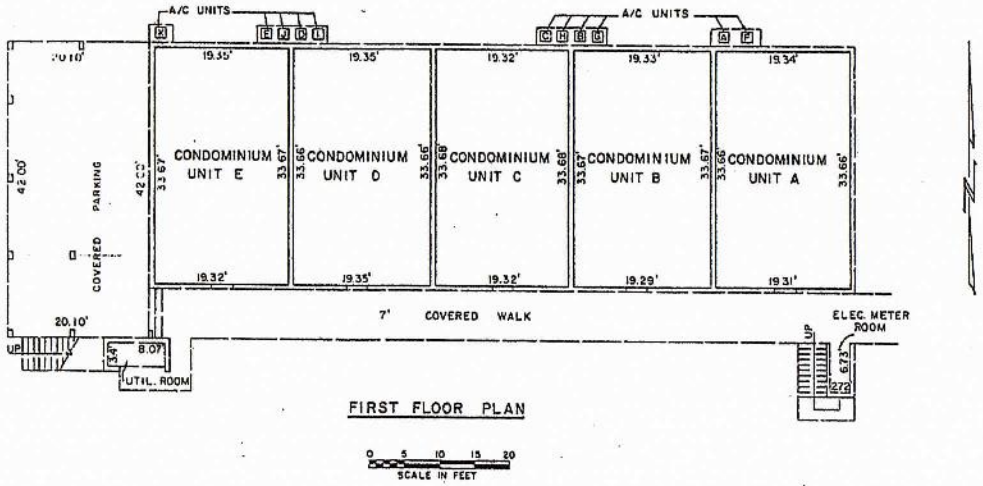
NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF FLORIDA
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES JUNE 21 1986
BONDED THRU GENERAL INSURANCE UNDERWRITERS

UNIT PLANE ELEVATION SCHEDULE

	FINISHED FLOOR	FINISHED CEILING
UNITS A, B, C, D, E	9.24	17.24

NOTES :

1. ELEVATION REFER TO NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM.
2. ——— INDICATES LIMITS OF CONDOMINIUM UNIT BOUNDARY
3. — — — INDICATES LIMITS OF COMMON ELEMENTS
4. [A]— A/C UNITS – INDICATES AIR CONDITIONING UNIT LOCATED ON GROUND LEVEL, ANNEXED TO AND MADE PART OF CORRESPONDING CONDOMINIUM UNIT



FIRST FLOOR PLAN

BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

ARTHUR V. STROCK & ASSOCIATES, INC.

CARL DE SHAY
REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR NO. 3477
STATE OF FLORIDA

EXHIBIT B(II) TO THE DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM OF BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

Arthur V. Strock & Associates, Inc.
engineers • planners • surveyors deerfield beach • delray beach, fla.

PROJECT: BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

DRAWING NUMBER: 1 of 4

DRAWN BY: JE

DATE: 5-18-62

SCALE: 1"=30'

CHECKED BY:

SHEET: 2 OF 4

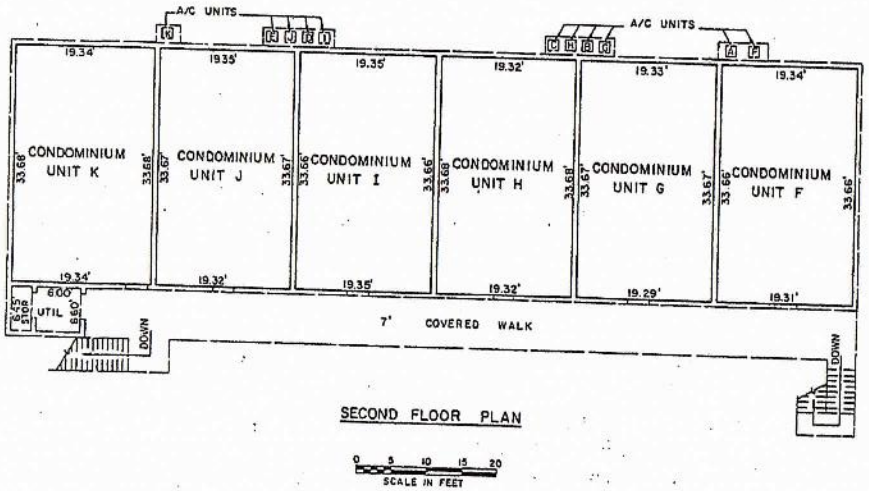
JOB NO: 7505.00

EXHIBIT B(ii)

UNIT PLANE ELEVATION SCHEDULE

	FINISHED FLOOR	FINISHED CEILING
UNITS F,G,H,I,J,K	18.26	26.26

NOTES:
1. ELEVATION REFER TO NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM.
2. ———— INDICATES LIMITS OF CONDOMINIUM UNIT BOUNDARY.
3. – – – – INDICATES LIMITS OF COMMON ELEMENTS.
4. [A]— A/C UNITS - INDICATES AIR CONDITIONING UNIT LOCATED ON GROUND LEVEL, ANNEXED TO AND MADE PART OF CORRESPONDING CONDOMINIUM UNIT.



SECOND FLOOR PLAN

0 5 10 15 20
SCALE IN FEET

BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

EXHIBIT B(iii) TO THE DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM OF BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

ARTHUR V. STROCK & ASSOCIATES, INC.

CARL DE SHAY
REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR NO. 3477
STATE OF FLORIDA

Arthur V. Strock & Associates, Inc.
engineers • planners • surveyors deerfield beach • delray beach, fla.

PROJECT: BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM
DRAWING NUMBER: 19345 m 1
DRAWN BY: DATE: 5-18-82
CHECKED BY:
SHEET 3 OF 5
CONT. NO. 76015 00

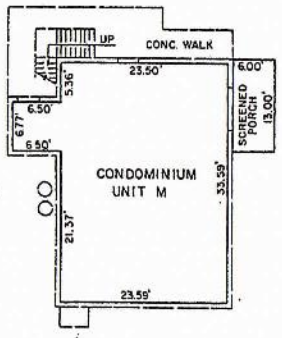
EXHIBIT B(iii)

UNIT PLANE ELEVATION SCHEDULE

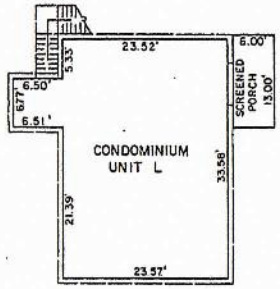
	FINISHED FLOOR	FINISHED CEILING	FINISHED PORCH
UNIT M	7.56	15.56	7.04
UNIT L	16.66	24.66	16.26

NOTES :

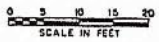
1. ELEVATION REFER TO NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM.
2. ——— INDICATES LIMITS OF CONDOMINIUM UNIT BOUNDARY
3. — — — INDICATES LIMITS OF COMMON ELEMENTS
4. A/C UNITS — INDICATES AIR CONDITIONING UNIT LOCATED ON GROUND LEVEL, ANNEXED TO AND MADE PART OF CORRESPONDING CONDOMINIUM UNIT.



FIRST FLOOR PLAN



SECOND FLOOR PLAN



BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

ARTHUR V. STROCK & ASSOCIATES, INC.

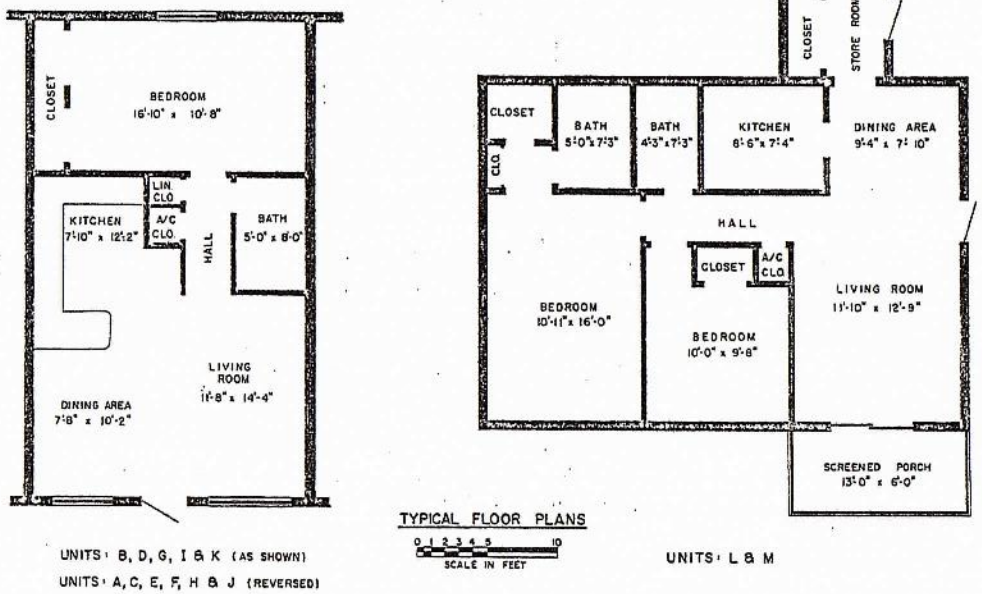
CARL DE SHAY
REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR NO. 3477
STATE OF FLORIDA

EXHIBIT B (Iv) TO THE DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM OF BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

Arthur V. Strock & Associates, Inc.
engineers • planners • surveyors deerfield beach • delray beach, fla.

PROJECT: BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM
DRAWING NUMBER: 16,345 m-1
DRAWN BY: DATE: 5-18-82
CHECKED BY:
SHEET: 4 OF 5
COMM NO: 7616.00

EXHIBIT B (iv)



UNITS: B, D, G, I & K (AS SHOWN)
UNITS: A, C, E, F, H & J (REVERSED)

TYPICAL FLOOR PLANS

0 1 2 3 4 5 10
SCALE IN FEET

UNITS: L & M

BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

EXHIBIT B(v) TO THE DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM OF BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

ARTHUR V. STROCK & ASSOCIATES, INC.

CARL DE SHAY
REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR NO. 3477
STATE OF FLORIDA

Arthur V. Strock & Associates, Inc.
engineers • planners • surveyors deerfield beach • delray beach, fla.

PROJECT: BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM
DRAWING NUMBER: 2345 pr. 1
DRAWN BY: DE
CHECKED BY:
DATE: 5-18-82
SHEET 5 OF 5
FORM NO 7506.00

EXHIBIT B (v)

BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

DIVISION OF COMMON ELEMENTS

UNIT NUMBER	PERCENTAGE
L	10.07
M	10.07
A	7.26
B	7.26
C	7.26
D	7.26
E	7.26
F	7.26
G	7.26
H	7.26
I	7.26
J	7.26
K	7.26
	100.00%

EXHIBIT C

FEE, FEE, KOBLEGARD, TEEL & KENNY, P.A.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
POST OFFICE BOX 1000
FORT PIERCE, FLORIDA 33454
TELEPHONE (305) 461 5020

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

OF

BOARDWALK OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

A Non-Profit Florida Corporation

WE, the undersigned, acknowledge and file in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Florida, for the purpose of forming a non-profit corporation in accordance with the laws of the State of Florida, these Articles of Incorporation. As used herein, terms defined in the Declaration of Condominium for BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM shall mean the same herein.

ARTICLE I

NAME

The name of the corporation shall be BOARDWALK OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC., hereinafter referred to as the "Association" or "Corporation".

ARTICLE II

PURPOSE

In accordance with the provisions of Chapter 718, Florida Statutes (1981), the "Condominium Act", a condominium will be created from existing apartment buildings upon certain lands in St. Lucie County, Florida, to be known as: BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM (the Condominium), according to the Declaration of Condominium (the "Declaration") to be recorded in the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida. This Corporation is organized for the purpose of operating, governing, administering and managing the properties and affairs of the Condominium and to exercise all powers and discharge all the responsibilities granted to it as a corporation under the laws of the State of Florida, the By-Laws of the Corporation, these Articles, the Declaration and the Condominium Act, and to acquire, hold, convey and otherwise deal in and with real and personal property in this Corporation's capacity as a condominium association.

ARTICLE III

POWERS

The powers of the Association shall include and be governed by the following provisions:

Section 1. The Association shall have all of the common law and statutory powers of a corporation not-for-profit which are not in conflict with the terms of these Articles and the Declaration, and all the powers conferred by the Condominium Act upon a condominium association, and all the powers set forth in the Declaration which are lawful.

Section 2. The Association shall have all of the powers reasonably necessary to implement its purpose, including, but not limited to, the following:

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW
POST OFFICE BOX 1030
FORT PIERCE, FLORIDA 33454
Telephone (305) 461-3020

(1) To operate and manage the Condominium and condominium properties in accordance with the purpose and intent contained in the Declaration;

(2) To make and collect assessments against members to defray the costs of the Condominium and to refund common surplus to members;

(3) To use the proceeds of assessments in the exercise of its powers and duties;

(4) To maintain, repair, replace and operate the condominium properties;

(5) To reconstruct improvements upon the condominium properties after casualty and to further improve the properties;

(6) To make and amend By-Laws for the Association and regulations respecting the use of the condominium properties;

(7) To approve or disapprove the proposed purchasers and mortgagees of condominium units as required by the Declaration;

(8) To enforce by legal means the provisions of the Declaration, these Articles, the By-Laws and the regulations for the use of the condominium properties;

(9) To collect for the management and maintenance of the condominium and to authorize a management agent to assist the association in carrying out its powers and duties by performing such functions as the collection of assessments, preparation of records, enforcement of rules and maintenance of the common elements. The association shall, however, retain at all times the powers and duties granted them by the Condominium Act, including, but not limited to, the making of assessments, promulgation of rules, and execution of contracts on behalf of the association.

Section 3. All funds and title to all properties acquired by the Association and the proceeds thereof shall be held only for the benefit of the members in accordance with the provisions of the condominium documents. No part of the income, if any, of the Association shall be distributed to the members, directors, and officers of the Association.

Section 4. The powers of the Association shall be subject to and be exercised in accordance with the provisions of the Declaration which govern the use of the condominium properties.

ARTICLE IV

MEMBERS

Section 1. All unit owners of the Condominium shall automatically be members of the Association, and their membership shall automatically terminate when they are no longer owners of a unit. If a member should sell his unit under the

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW
POST OFFICE BOX 1088

provisions of the Declaration, the grantee from such member will automatically acquire membership in the Association. Membership certificates are not required and may not be issued.

Section 2. Each unit owner is entitled to one vote for each unit owned by him. A corporation or several individuals owning a unit shall designate a voting agent for the unit(s) which they own, as set forth in the Declaration and By-Laws.

Section 3. The share of a member in the funds and assets of the Association shall not be assigned, hypothecated, or transferred in any manner except as an appurtenance to his unit.

ARTICLE V

EXISTENCE

This Corporation shall have perpetual existence.

ARTICLE VI

SUBSCRIBERS

The names and addresses of the subscribers hereto are as follows:

Name	Address
K. M. Brooks	715 S. Ocean Drive Fort Pierce, Florida 33450
Louise M. Sparks	715 S. Ocean Drive Fort Pierce, Florida 33450
Frank H. Fee, III	401-A S. Indian River Drive Fort Pierce, Florida 33450

ARTICLE VII

DIRECTORS

Section 1. The affairs and property of the Association shall be managed and governed by a Board of Directors composed of not less than three (3) Directors.

Section 2. Directors shall be elected by the voting members in accordance with the By-Laws at regular annual meetings of the membership of the Association, in the manner set out by the By-Laws. Directors shall be elected to serve for a term of one (1) year. In the event of a vacancy, the remaining director(s) shall appoint a replacement to serve the balance of the term.

Section 8. The following persons shall constitute the first Board of Directors, and shall hold office and serve until removed or until their successors are elected at the first regular meeting of the members:

Name	Address
K. M. Brooks	715 S. Ocean Drive Fort Pierce, FL 33450
Louise M. Sparks	715 S. Ocean Drive Fort Pierce, FL 33450
Frank H. Fee, III	401-A S. Indian River Dr. Fort Pierce, FL 33450

ARTICLE VIII

OFFICERS

Subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, the affairs of the Association shall be administered by the officers designated in the By-Laws, who shall serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. The names and titles of the officers who shall serve until removed or until the first election at the first annual meeting of the Board of Directors are as follows:

Name	Title
K. M. Brooks	President
Louise M. Sparks	Vice-President & Secretary-Treasurer

ARTICLE IX

BY-LAWS

The By-Laws of the Association shall be adopted by the first Board of Directors and attached to the Declaration to be filed in the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida. By-Laws may be altered, amended, or rescinded only at duly called meetings of the members, in the manner provided by the By-Laws.

FEE, FEE, KOBLEGARD, TEEL & KENNY, P.A.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
POST OFFICE BOX 1000
[illegible]
[illegible]

ARTICLE X

AMENDMENTS

Section 1. A majority of the Board of Directors or a majority of the voting members may propose alterations, amendments to, or the rescission of these Articles, so long as the proposals do not conflict with the Condominium Act or the Declaration. Such proposals shall set forth the proposed alteration, amendment, or rescission; shall be in writing; shall be filed by the Board of Directors or a majortiy of the members and shall be delivered to the President of the Association, who shall thereupon call a Special Meeting of the members not less than ten (10) days nor later than thirty (30) days from receipt of the proposed amendment, the notice for which shall be given in the manner provided by the By-Laws. An affirmative vote of two-thirds (2/3) of the Board of Directors, and an affirmative vote of three-fourths (3/4) of the members of the Association shall be required for the adoption of the proposed alteration, amendment or rescission.

Section 2. Any voting member may waive any or all of the requirements of this Article as to notice of proposals to the President of the Association for the alteration, amendment, or rescission of these Articles. Such waiver may occur before, at or after a membership meeting at which a vote is taken to amend, alter or rescind these Articles in whole or in part.

ARTICLE XI

INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

Every Director and every Officer of the Corporation shall be indemnified by the Corporation against all expenses and liability, including counsel fees, reasonably incurred by or imposed upon him in connection with any proceeding to which he may be a party, or in which he may become involved, by reason of his being or having been a Director or Officer at the time such expenses are incurred, except in such cases wherein the Director or Officer is adjudged guilty of willful misfeasance in the performance of his duties; provided that in the event of any claim for reimbursement or indemnification hereunder based upon a settlement by the Director or Officer seeking such reimbursement or indemnification, the indemnification herein shall apply only if the Board of Directors approves such settlement and reimbursement as being in the interests of the Corporation. Such approval shall be made by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of directors who were not parties to such proceedings. The foregoing right of indemnification shall be in addition to and not exclusive of all other rights to which such Director or Officer may be entitled.

ARTICLE XII

TRANSACTIONS IN WHICH DIRECTORS OR OFFICERS ARE INTERESTED

Section 1. No contract or transaction between the Association and one or more of its Directors or Officers, or between the Association and any other corporation, partnership, association, trust or other organization in which one or more of its Directors or Officers are Directors or Officers, or have a financial interest, shall be invalid, void or voidable solely for this reason, or solely because the director or officer is present at or participates in the meeting of the Board or Committee thereof which authorized the contract or transaction, or solely because

said officer's or director's votes are counted for such purpose. No director or officer of the Association shall incur liability by reason of the fact that said director or officer may be interested in any such contract or transaction.

Section 2. Interested officers and directors may be counted in determining the presence of a quorum at a meeting of the Board of Directors or of a committee which authorized the contract or transaction.

ARTICLE XIII

ADDRESS OF REGISTERED OFFICE

The street address of the registered office of this Corporation in the State of Florida shall be: 715 South Ocean Drive, Fort Pierce, Florida 33450. The name of the initial registered agent at this address shall be Louise M. Sparks. The Board of Directors may from time to time move the registered office to any other address in Florida.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands and seals, at St. Lucie County, Florida, this 6th day of January, 1983.

K. M. Brooks (Seal)
K. M. Brooks

Louise M. Sparks (Seal)
Louise M. Sparks

(Seal)
Frank H. Fee, III

STATE OF FLORIDA

COUNTY OF ST. LUCIE

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that on this day, personally appeared before me K. M. BROOKS, LOUISE M. SPARKS and FRANK H. FEE, III, to me known to be the subscribers described in and who executed the foregoing Articles of Incorporation, and they acknowledged before me that they executed the same freely and voluntarily for the uses and purposes therein expressed.

WITNESS my hand and official seal in the State and County aforesaid, this 6th day of January 1983.

Notary Public, State of Fla. at Large
My Commission Expires: 2-7-85

BY-LAWS OF

BOARDWALK OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.
A Non-Profit Florida Corporation

ARTICLE I

GENERAL

Section 1. Name: The name of the corporation shall be BOARDWALK OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC., hereinafter referred to as the "Association" or "Corporation".

Section 2. Principal Office: The principal office of the Association shall be at Boardwalk Condominium, 715 South Ocean Drive, Fort Pierce, Florida, or at such other place as may be subsequently designated by the Board of Directors. All books and records of the Association shall be kept at the principal office or at the office of the registered agent of the Association.

Section 3. Definitions: As used herein, terms defined in the Declaration of Condominium for BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM, hereinafter referred to as the "Condominium", shall mean the same herein.

ARTICLE II

DIRECTORS

Section 1. Powers: The property and business of the Association shall be managed by the Board of Directors ("Board"), which may exercise all corporate powers not specifically prohibited by statute, the Articles of Incorporation or the Declaration of Condominium to which these By-Laws are attached. The powers of the Board of Directors shall include, but not be limited to, all those powers as set forth in Article IV of these By-Laws.

Section 2. Number and Term: Three (3) Directors shall constitute the whole Board of Directors. Except for the initial directors designated in the Articles of Incorporation and any other directors selected by the Developer, a director shall be elected to serve for the term of one (1) year, or until his successor has been elected and qualified. An employee or agent of a business entity owner shall be eligible to serve as a director of the Association. If the number of Directors falls below three (3), a special members' meeting shall be called for the purpose of filling vacancies on the Board of Directors.

Section 3. Vacancy and Replacement: If the office of any director becomes vacant by reason of death, resignation, retirement, disqualification, removal from office or otherwise, a majority of the remaining directors, though less than a quorum, at a special meeting duly called for this purpose, shall choose a successor, who shall hold office for the unexpired term in respect to which such vacancy occurred. The Developer shall be empowered to remove or replace at any time any director originally selected by the Developer.

Section 4. Removal: Directors may be removed for cause by an affirmative vote of a majority of the qualified votes of voting members. No director shall continue to serve on the Board if, during his term of office, his membership in the corporation shall be terminated for any reason whatsoever.

EXHIBIT E

FEE, FEE, KOBLEGARD, TEEL & KENNY, P.A.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
POST OFFICE BOX 1060
FORT PIERCE, FLORIDA 33454
TELEPHONE (305) 461-5020

Section 5. Recall: Directors may be recalled and removed from office with or without cause by the vote or agreement in writing by a majority of all voting members. A special meeting of the voting members to recall a Director or Directors may be called by ten per cent (10%) of the voting members giving notice of the meeting as required in Article VI of these By-Laws, and the notice shall state the purpose of the meeting.

Section 6. First Board of Directors: The first Board of Directors designated in the Articles of Incorporation shall hold office and exercise all the power of the Board of Directors until the first membership meeting, anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding; provided, any or all of said directors shall be subject to replacement by the Developer or, in the event of resignation or death, as above provided.

Section 7. Compensation: Neither directors nor officers shall receive compensation for their services as such.

Section 8. Meetings:

(a) The first meeting of each Board of Directors newly elected by the voting members shall be held immediately upon adjournment of the meeting at which they were elected, provided a quorum shall then be present, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable. The annual meeting of the Board of Directors shall be held at the same place as the voting members' annual meeting, and immediately after the adjournment of same;

(b) Special meetings shall be held whenever called by the President or a majority of the Board of Directors. The Secretary shall give notice of each special meeting either personally, by mail or telegram to each director at least three (3) days before the date of such meeting, but the Directors may waive notice of the calling of the meeting;

(c) Meetings of the Board of Directors shall be open to all unit owners. Adequate notice of all meetings of the Board of Directors shall be posted conspicuously on the condominium properties at least forty-eight (48) hours in advance, except in an emergency;

(d) A majority of the Board of Directors shall be necessary and sufficient at all meetings to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the act of a majority present at any meeting at which there is a quorum shall be the act of the Board of Directors. If a quroum shall not be present at the meeting, the Directors then present may adjourn the meeting without notice, other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present.

Section 9. Order of Business: The order of business at all meetings of the Board of Directors shall be as follows:

1. Roll call and quorum determination;

2. Reading of minutes of last meeting;

3. Consideration of communications;

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW
POST OFFICE BOX 1000
FORT PIERCE, FLORIDA 33454
TELEPHONE (305) 461-5020

4. Resignations and elections;

5. Reports of officers and employees;

6. Reports of committees;

7. Unfinished business;

8. Original resolutions and new business;

9. Adjournment.

Section 10. Annual Statement: The Board shall present, no less often than at the annual meeting, a full and clear statement of the business and condition of the Association, including a report of the operating expenses of the Association and the assessments paid by the members.

ARTICLE III

OFFICERS

Section 1. Executive Officers: The executive officers of the Association shall be a President, Vice-President, Treasurer and Secretary, all of whom shall be elected annually by the Board of Directors. Any two of said offices may be united in one person, except that the President shall not also be the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Association. The President shall be a director ex officio, unless elected to the Board. If the Board so determines, there may be more than one Vice-President.

Section 2. Subordinate Officers: The Board of Directors may appoint such other officers and agents as they may deem necessary, who shall hold office during the pleasure of the Board of Directors and have such authority and perform such duties as from time to time may be prescribed by the Board.

Section 3. Tenure of Officers; Removal: All officers and agents shall be subject to removal, with or without cause, at any time by action of the Board of Directors. The Board may delegate powers of removal of subordinate officers and agents to any officer.

Section 4. The President:

(a) The President shall preside at all meetings of the members and Directors; he shall have general and active management of the business of the Association; he shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board are carried into effect; he shall execute bonds, mortgages and other contracts requiring a seal, under the seal of the Association; the seal when affixed shall be attested by the signature of the Secretary;

(b) He shall have general superintendence and direction of all the other officers of the Association, and shall see that their duties are performed properly;

(c) He shall submit a report of the operation of the Association for the fiscal year to the Directors whenever called for by them, and to the members at the annual meeting, and from time to time shall

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POST OFFICE BOX 1000
FORT PIERCE, FLORIDA 33454
TELEPHONE (305) 461-5020

report to the Board all matters within his knowledge which the interest of the Association may require to be brought to their notice;

(d) He shall be an ex officio member of all committees, and shall have the general powers and duties of supervision and management usually vested in the office of President of a corporation.

Section 5. The Vice-President: The Vice-President shall be vested with all powers and required to perform all duties of the President in his absence; and such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors.

Section 6. The Secretary:

(a) The Secretary shall keep the minutes of the meetings of the voting members and of the Board of Directors in one or more books provided for that purpose; said minute books shall be available for inspection by unit owners, or their authorized representatives, and directors at any reasonable time; said minutes shall be retained for a period of not less than seven (7) years.

(b) He shall see that all notices are duly given in accordance with the provisions of these By-Laws or as required by law;

(c) He shall be custodian of the corporate records and of the seal of the Association and shall see that the seal of the Association is affixed to all documents, the execution of which on behalf of the Association under its seal is duly authorized in accordance with the provisions of these By-Laws;

(d) He shall keep a register of the post office address of each unit owner, which shall be furnished to the Secretary by each unit owner;

(e) In general, he shall perform all duties incident to the office of secretary and such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to him by the President or by the Board of Directors.

Section 7. Treasurer:

(a) The Treasurer shall keep full and accurate accounts of receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the Association, and shall deposit all monies and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Association, in such depositories as may be designated by the Board of Directors;

(b) He shall disburse the funds of the Association as ordered by the Board, taking proper vouchers for such disbursements, and shall render to the President and directors, at regular meetings of the Board, or whenever they may require it, an account of all his transactions as Treasurer and of the financial condition of the Association;

(c) He may be required to give the Association a bond in a sum and with one or more sureties satisfactory to the Board, for the faithful performance of the duties of his office, and the restoration to the

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Association, in case of his death, resignation or removal from office, all books, papers, vouchers, money or other property of whatever kind in his possession belonging to the Association.

Section 8. Vacancies: If the office of the President, Vice-President, Secretary or Treasurer, one or more, becomes vacant by reason of death, resignation, disqualification or otherwise, the directors, by a majority vote, may choose a successor who shall hold office for the unexpired term.

Section 9. Resignations: Any director or other officer may resign his office at any time, such resignation to be made in writing, and to take effect from the time of its receipt by the Association, unless some time be fixed in the resignation, and then from that date.

ARTICLE IV

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE ASSOCIATION

The Association shall have all powers granted to it by law, the Declaration of Condominium, the Condominium Act, and the Articles of Incorporation, all of which powers shall be exercised by its Board of Directors, unless the exercise thereof is otherwise restricted in the Declaration of Condominium, these By-Laws, or by law. The powers of the Association shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(a) To levy and collect regular and special assessments and to establish the method and time within which payments are to be made;

(b) To expend monies collected for the purpose of paying the common expenses of the Association;

(c) To purchase equipment, supplies and material required for the maintenance, repair, replacement, operation and management of the condominium properties;

(d) To insure and keep insured the buildings and improvements of the Condominium as provided for and limited by the Declaration of Condominium;

(e) To employ the personnel required for the operation of the condominium properties;

(f) To make reasonable rules and regulations for the use of the condominium properties and to amend them from time to time, and see to it that all members are notified of such changes in the rules and regulations as may be enacted;

(g) To improve the condominium properties subject to the limitations of the Declaration of Condominium;

(h) To enforce by any legal means the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation, the By-Laws, the Declaration of Condominium, and the regulations promulgated by the Association;

(i) To collect delinquent assessments by suit or otherwise, and to abate nuisances and enjoin or seek damages from unit owners for violation of the provisions of the condominium documents;

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(j) To approve or disapprove of all conveyances of condominium parcels as provided for in the Declaration of Condominium;

(k) To select depositories for Association funds, and to determine the manner of receiving, depositing, and disbursing Association funds, and the form of check and the person or persons by whom checks shall be signed, when not signed, as otherwise provided by these By-Laws;

(l) To collect for the management and maintenance of the condominium and to authorize a management agent to assist the Association in carrying out its powers and duties by performing such functions as the collection of assessments, preparation of records, enforcement of rules and maintenance of the common elements. The Association shall, however, retain at all times the power and duties granted them by the Condominium Act, including, but not limited to, the making of assessments, promulgation of rules, and execution of contracts on behalf of the Association.

Nothing in this subparagraph or in the Declaration of Condominium shall be deemed to require the Association to maintain the interior of any condominium unit, or to enter into any contract or undertaking to provide for the maintenance or upkeep of the interior of any condominium unit.

(m) To establish the offices of additional officers of this Association and to appoint all officers;

(n) To propose and adopt the budget for the Condominium;

(o) To possess, enjoy and exercise all powers necessary to implement, enforce, and carry into effect the powers above described, including the power to acquire, hold, convey, and deal in real and personal property.

ARTICLE V

MEMBERSHIP

Section 1. Definition: Voting membership in the Association shall be limited to owners of condominium units in the Condominium.

Section 2. Transfer of Membership and Ownership: Membership in the Association may be transferred only as an incident to the transfer of the transferor's condominium parcel, and such transfer shall be subject to the procedures set forth in the Declaration of Condominium.

Section 3. Plural Ownership: Membership may be held in the names of more than one person, in which event, all of the plural owners of the unit shall be entitled collectively to only one vote in the management of the affairs of the Association, and the vote may not be divided between the plural owners. The plural owners

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must file a certificate authorizing a voting member in accordance with Article VI, Section 7, of these By-Laws.

ARTICLE VI

MEETINGS OF MEMBERSHIP

Section 1. Place: All meetings of the Association membership shall be held at the office of the Association or at such other place as may be stated in the notice of the meeting.

Section 2. Annual Meeting:

(a) The first annual meeting of the members shall be held the first Wednesday in October, 1983, at 8:00 PM , and each subsequent regular annual meeting of the members shall be held on the same day of the same month of each year thereafter, at the hour of 8:00 P.M.

If the day for the annual meeting of the members is a legal holiday, the meeting will be held at the same hour on the first day following that which is not a legal holiday. If the meeting is rescheduled, the directors elected at the first annual meeting and the officers elected as a result of the directors' meeting will hold office until the annual meeting is held.

(b) At the annual meeting, the members, by a plurality vote, shall elect a Board of Directors and transact such other business as may properly come before a meeting.

(c) Written notice of the annual meeting shall be given to each unit owner and shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the condominium properties at least fourteen (14) days prior to the annual meeting. The notice of the annual meeting shall be sent by mail to each unit owner and the post office certificate of mailing shall be retained as proof of such mailing.

Section 3. Membership List: At least ten (10) days before every regular meeting of the membership, a complete list of members entitled to vote at said meeting, arranged numerically by units, with residence of each, shall be prepared by the Secretary. Such list shall be produced and kept for said ten (10) days at the office of the Association, and shall be open to examination by any member throughout such time.

Section 4. Special Meetings:

(a) Special meetings of the members, for any purpose(s), unless otherwise prescribed by law, the Declaration of Condominium, or Articles of Incorporation, may be called by the President, and shall be called by the President or Secretary at the written request of one-third (1/3) of the voting members. Such request shall state the purpose(s) of the proposed meeting;

(b) Written notice of a special meeting of members, stating the time, place and purpose(s) thereof,

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shall be served upon or mailed to each voting member at the address as it appears on the books of the Association, at least five (5) days before such meeting;

(c) Business transacted at all special meetings shall be confined to the purpose(s) stated in the notice of the meeting;

(d) Unit owners may waive notice of special meetings and may take action by written agreement without meetings, if allowed by law, the Declaration of Condominium, and the Articles of Incorporation.

Section 5. Quorum: A majority of the total number of voting members of the Association, present in person or represented by written proxy, shall be required for and shall constitute a quorum at all meetings of the members for the transaction of business, except as otherwise provided by statute, by the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws. If, however, such quorum shall not be present or represented at any meeting of the members, the voting members present in person or represented by written proxy, shall have power to adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present or represented. At such adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present or represented, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting originally called.

Section 6. Vote Required to Transact Business: When a quorum is present at any meeting, a majority of the votes cast, in person or represented by written proxy, shall decide any questions brought before the meeting, unless the question is one upon which, by express provision of law, the Declaration of Condominium, the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws a different vote is required, in which case such express provision shall govern and control the decision of such question. Cumulative voting is prohibited.

Section 7. Entitled and Qualified to Vote; Plural Ownership; Proxies: Each unit owner shall be entitled to one (1) vote for each unit owned by him. At any meeting of the members, every member entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy. Such proxy shall only be valid for such meeting or subsequent adjourned meetings thereof. If more than one (1) person or a corporation owns a unit, they shall file a certificate with the Secretary of the Association naming the person authorized to cast votes for said unit. If the certificate is not on file, the owner(s) shall not be qualified to vote and the vote of such owner(s) shall not be considered nor shall the presence of said unit owner(s) at a meeting be considered in determining whether the quorum requirement has been met. If a unit shall be owned by husband and wife as tenants by the entirety, no certificate need be filed with the Secretary naming the person authorized to cast votes for said unit, and either spouse, but not both, may vote in person or by proxy and be considered in determining whether the quorum requirement has been met at any meeting of the members, unless prior to such meeting, either spouse has notified the Secretary in writing that there is disagreement as to who shall represent the unit at the meeting, in which case the certificate requirements set forth above shall apply.

Section 8. Waiver and Consent: Whenever the vote of members at a meeting is required or permitted by any provision of law, the Declaration of Condominium, the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws to be taken in connection with any action of the Association, the meeting and vote of members

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may be dispensed with, if all members who would have been entitled to vote upon the action at such meeting, if such meeting were held, shall have consented in writing to such action being taken.

Section 9. Order of Business: The order of business at annual members' meetings, and as far as practical at other members' meetings, shall be:

1. Election of Chairman
2. Roll call and Quorum Determination
3. Proof of Notice of Meeting or Waiver of Notice
4. Reading of Minutes of Prior Meeting
5. Officers' Reports
6. Committee Reports
7. Elections
8. Unfinished Business
9. New Business
10. Adjournment

Section 10. Procedure: Roberts Rules of Order (latest edition) shall govern the conduct of Association proceedings when not in conflict with the Articles of Incorporation, these By-Laws or any provision of law.

ARTICLE VII

NOTICES

Section 1. Definition: Except where expressly provided to the contrary, whenever under the provision of law, the Declaration of Condominium, the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws, notice is required to be given to any director or member, it shall not be construed to mean personal notice; but such notice may be given in writing by regular mail, by depositing the same in a post office or letter box in a postpaid, sealed envelope, addressed as appears on the books of the Association.

Section 2. Service of Notice - Waiver: Whenever any notice is required to be given under the provisions of these By-Laws, a waiver thereof, in writing, signed by the person(s) entitled to such notice, whether before or after the time stated herein, shall be deemed the equivalent of such notice.

Section 3. Address: The address for notice to the Association is 715 South Ocean Drive, Fort Pierce, Florida 33450.

ARTICLE VIII

FINANCES

Section 1. Fiscal Year: The fiscal year of the Association shall be the calendar year, commencing January 1 of each year,

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provided, however, that the Board of Directors is authorized to change to a different fiscal year at such time as the Board deems advisable.

Section 2. Checks: All checks or demands for money and notes of the Association shall be signed by any one of the following officers: President, Secretary or Treasurer, or by such officer(s) or such other person(s) as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate.

Section 3. Depositories: The funds of the Association shall be deposited in a bank(s) in St. Lucie County, Florida, in an account for the Association under resolutions approved by the Board of Directors, and shall be withdrawn only over the signature of the Treasurer, the President or the Vice-President, or such other person(s) as the Board may authorize. The Board may require more than one signature on checks and bank drafts. Said funds shall be used only for Association purposes. If necessary, and if demanded by Institutional Mortgagees, separate accounts shall be established to maintain and disburse escrow funds required by Institutional Mortgagees to meet mortgage requirements as to establishment of escrows for real estate taxes and insurance respecting condominium parcels.

Section 4. Inspections and Records: The Association shall maintain good accounting records. All such records and any legal documents, policies of insurance, and books of the Association shall be open to inspection at reasonable times by members, their authorized representatives, and all Institutional Mortgagees. Upon request, Institutional Mortgagees shall have the right to receive an unaudited financial statement of the Association within ninety (90) days following the end of the fiscal year.

Section 5. Annual Statement: The Board of Directors shall present at each annual meeting a full and clear statement of the business and condition of the Association.

Section 6. Insurance: The Association shall procure, maintain and keep in full force and effect, all insurance required by and in accordance with the Declaration of Condominium.

Section 7. Fidelity Bonds: Fidelity bonds may be required by the Board of Directors from all officers and employees of the Association and from any contractor handling or responsible for Association funds. The premiums for such bonds shall be paid by the Association as a common expense.

Section 8. Assessments:

(a) The Board of Directors has the power to and shall from time to time fix and determine the amount necessary to pay the common expenses of the Condominium. Common expenses include those expenses described in Paragraph 2.6 of the Declaration of Condominium and any other expenses designated as common expenses by the Board of Directors.

(b) Funds for the payment of common expenses shall be assessed and be a lien against the condominium parcels in the proportion of percentage of sharing common expenses as provided in the Declaration of Condominium.

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(c) Regular assessments shall be paid by the members on a monthly basis unless the membership shall approve a different period for payment.

(d) Special assessments, when required by the Board of Directors, shall be levied and paid in the same manner as regular assessments, unless the Declaration of Condominium shall otherwise provide. The Board of Directors may make special assessments in emergencies and upon such conditions as the Board may authorize.

(e) When the Board of Directors has determined the amount of any assessments, the Secretary or Treasurer shall transmit a statement of such assessment to each condominium parcel owner. All assessments shall be made payable to and at the office of the Association and upon request the Secretary or Treasurer shall give a receipt for each payment made.

(f) Assessments are necessarily made upon projections and estimates of the Board of Directors, and may be in excess of or less than the sums required to meet the cash requirements of the Condominium, in which event the Board of Directors may increase or decrease the amount of an assessment, and make such adjustments in cash or otherwise, as they shall deem proper, including the assessment of each member of his proportionate share of any deficiency. Notice of all changes in assessments shall be given to all unit owners.

(g) Assessments shall not include charges for utilities separately charged and metered to each condominium unit, nor charges for such alterations, repairs, maintenance, improvements or decorating within the interior of any unit as are the obligation of the unit owner and not the obligation of the Association. The Board of Directors may provide certain maintenance and repairs as would otherwise be the obligation of the individual unit owners, by the undertaking of contracts with business establishments providing repair and maintenance services, and in such cases the cost or price of such contractual services may be treated as a common expense and assessed against the members as part of their monthly maintenance. The specific contracts or undertakings need not be submitted by the Board of Directors to the membership for approval once the membership has approved the policy of having a specific type of repair or maintenance undertaken by the Association which would otherwise be the individual unit owners' responsibility.

(h) Assessments are due on the dates stated in the notice of assessments, and thereafter shall bear interest at eighteen per cent (18%) per annum until paid.

(i) In the event an assessment is not paid within fifteen (15) days of the date it is due and payable, the Association through the Board of Directors, may proceed to enforce and collect said

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assessment from the delinquent owner in any manner provided by the Condominium Act, the Declaration and these By-Laws. Each condominium parcel owner shall be individually responsible for the payment of reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred by the Association in the collection of sums due and enforcement of any lien held by the Association.

(j) The Board of Directors may authorized the President to enter into a management contract with third parties to whom the power to levy and collect assessments may be delegated.

(k) All sums collected by the Association from assessments may be commingled in a single fund or divided into more than one fund, as determined by the Board of Directors. All assessment payments by a unit owner shall be applied as provided herein and in the Declaration of Condominium.

(l) Any unit owner shall have the right to require from the Association, a certificate showing the amount of unpaid assessments against him with regard to his condominium parcel. The holder of a mortgage or other lien shall have the same right as to any condominium parcel upon which it has a lien. Any person other than owner who relies upon such certificate shall be protected thereby.

Section 9. Budget:

(a) The Board of Directors is empowered to propose and adopt the budget for the Condominium.

(b) Notice of the meeting and a copy of the proposed annual budget of common expenses shall be mailed to the unit owners not less than thirty (30) days prior to the meeting of the Board of Directors at which the budget will be considered. Such meeting shall be open to the unit owners. If a budget is adopted by the Board of Directors which requires assessments against the unit owners in any fiscal year exceeding 115 per cent of such assessments for the preceding year, a special meeting of the unit owners shall be held, if requested in writing by at least ten per cent (10%) of the unit owners, to consider and enact a revision of the budget, or recall any and all members of the Board of Directors and elect their successors. Such meeting shall be held not less than ten (10) days after written notice is given to each unit owner, but not more than thirty (30) days after such meeting has been requested in writing. The revision of the budget or the recall of any or all members of the Board of Directors shall require a vote of not less than two-thirds (2/3) of the voting members. The Board of Directors may in any event propose a budget to the unit owners at a members' meeting or in writing, and if such proposed budget is approved by the unit owners at a members' meeting or by a majority of voting members in writing, such budget shall not thereafter be re-examined by the unit owners in the manner set forth above, nor shall the Board of Directors be recalled under the terms of this sub-section.

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(c) Each proposed annual budget of common expenses adopted by the Board of Directors shall be detailed and shall show the amounts budgeted by accounts and expenses classifications, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Administration of the Association.
2. Management fees.
3. Maintenance.
4. Taxes upon Association properties, if any.
5. Insurance.
6. Security provisions.
7. Utilities.
8. Other expenses.
9. Operating capital.
10. Reserves.
11. Fees payable to Division of Florida Land Sales and Condominiums.

(d) Regular assessments shall be made against unit owners not less frequently than monthly, in an amount no less than required to provide funds in advance for payment of all the anticipated current operating expenses and for all of the unpaid operating expenses previously incurred.

(e) The provisions of Florida Statute 718.112, with regard to limitations on budget increases, special membership meetings for budget reconstruction, and the right to consider and adopt a budget at the annual membership meeting as an alternative, are hereby adopted. In determination of the percent of increase of the annual budget over the preceding years, authorized provisions for reasonable reserves for repair or replacement of the condominium properties, anticipated expenses by the Association which are not anticipated to be incurred on a regular or annual basis, and assessments for betterments to the condominium properties shall be excluded from the computation.

(f) As long as Developer is in control of the Association, the Association shall not impose an assessment for any year greater than one hundred fifteen per cent (115%) of the prior fiscal year's assessment without approval by a majority of all voting members.

(g) Notwithstanding anything in these By-Laws or the Declaration which authorize expenditures, no single expenditure for the improvement of the common elements exceeding $2,000.00 shall be made without the approval of seventy-five per cent (75%) of the membership, except for the

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repair of the condominium properties due to casualty loss, emergency repairs immediately necessary for the preservation and safety of the property, for the safety of persons, or as required to avoid suspension of any necessary service to the condominium.

ARTICLE IX

CORPORATE SEAL

The seal of the Association shall have inscribed thereon the name of the Association, the year of its organization, and the words "Non-Profit". The seal may be used by causing it or a facsimilie thereof to be impressed, affixed, reproduced or otherwise.

ARTICLE X

DEFAULT

Section 1. Enforcement of Lien: In the event a unit owner does not pay any sums, charges or assessments required to be paid to the Association within thirty (30) days from the due date, the Association, acting on its own behalf or through its Board of Directors, may enforce its lien for assessments to which it is entitled, in accordance with the Declaration and provisions of law.

Section 2. Proceeds of Sale: If the Association becomes the owner of a unit by reason of foreclosure, it shall offer said unit for sale and at such time as a sale is consummated, it shall deduct from the proceeds of said sale all sums of money due it for assessments and charges, all costs incurred in the bringing of the foreclosure suit, including reasonable attorneys' fees, and any and all expenses incurred in the resale of the unit, which shall include but not be limited to advertising expenses, real estate brokerage fees and expenses necessary for the repairing and refurbishing of the unit. All monies remaining after deducting the foregoing items of expenses shall be returned to the former owner of the unit.

Section 3. Violations: In the event of violation of the provisions of the Declaration, Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws, for thirty (30) days after notice from the Association to the unit owner to correct said breach or violation, the Association, on its own behalf or through its Board of Directors, may bring appropriate action to enjoin such violation or may enforce the provisions of said documents, or may sue for damages, or take such other courses of action, or other legal remedy, as it or they may deem appropriate. An Institutional Mortgagee, as defined in the Declaration of Condoiminium, of a unit shall be entitled to written notice from the Association of any default by the mortgagor of such unit under the condominium documents which is not cured within thirty (30) days.

Section 4. Attorneys' Fees: In the event such legal action contemplated by this Article is brought against a unit owner and results in a judgment for the Plaintiff, the Defendant shall pay the Plaintiff's reasonable attorney's fees and court costs.

Section 5. Binding Effect: Each unit owner, for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns, agrees to the foregoing provisions relating to default and abatement of nuisance,

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regardless of the harshness of the remedy available to the Association and regardless of the availability of other equally adequate legal procedures. It is the intent of all owners of the units to give to the Association a method and procedure which will enable it at all times to operate on a business-like basis, to collect those monies due and owing it from the owners of units, and to preserve each unit owner's right to enjoy his unit, free from unreasonable restraint and nuisance.

ARTICLE XI

AMENDMENT OF BY-LAWS

These By-Laws may only be amended at a duly called meeting of the voting members; provided (1) that the notice of the meeting shall contain a full statement of the proposed amendment; and (2) that the quorum requirement for such purposes shall be a majority of the voting members, in person or by proxy. It shall be necessary that there be an affirmative vote of three fourths (3/4) of the voting members, in person or by proxy. It shall be necessary that there be an affirmative vote of three fourths (3/4) of the voting members, as well as an affirmative vote of two thirds (2/3) of the Board of Directors, in order to amend these By-Laws. No amendment to these By-Laws shall be passed which would operate to impair or prejudice the right or liabilities of any Institutional Mortgagee without the consent of said Institutional Mortgagee.

No By-Law shall be revised or amended by reference to its title or number only. Proposals to amend existing By-Laws shall contain the full text of the By-Laws to be amended; new words shall be inserted in the text underlined, and words to be deleted shall be lined through with hyphens. If the proposed change is so extensive that the above procedure would hinder, rather than assist, the understanding of the proposed amendment, it is not necessary to use underlining and hyphens as indicators of words added or deleted, but a notation must be inserted immediately preceding the proposed amendment in substantially the following language: "Substantial rewording of By-Laws. See By-Laws _____ for present text".

Non-material errors or omissions in the By-Laws amendment process shall not invalidate an otherwise properly promulgated amendment.

ARTICLE XII

CONSTRUCTION

Wherever the masculine singular form of the pronoun is used in these By-Laws, it shall be construed to mean the masculine, feminine or neuter, singular or plural, wherever the context so requires.

Should any of the covenants herein imposed be void or unenforceable at law or in equity, the remaining provisions of this instrument shall nevertheless be and remain in full force and effect.

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These By-Laws and the Articles of Incorporation shall be construed in the event of any ambiguity consistent with the provisions of the Declaration of Condominium.

The foregoing were adopted as the By-Laws of:

BOARDWALK OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

a Florida non-profit corporation, at the first meeting of the Board of Directors.

BOARDWALK OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

By Louise M. Sparks
Its Secretary

APPROVED:

K. M. Brooks
Its President

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BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM

ESTIMATED OPERATING BUDGET

	Monthly	Annually
Administration of the Association		
Bookkeeping	10.00	120.00
Legal and Bank Expenses	10.00	120.00
Office Supplies	5.00	60.00
Management Fees	-0-	-0-
Maintenance		
Appliance Repair & Replacement	20.00	240.00
Grounds Supplies	50.00	600.00
Lawn and general maintenance	100.00	1,200.00
Rent- Recreational and Other Commonly Used Facilities	-0-	-0-
Taxes Upon Association Property	-0-	-0-
Taxes Upon Leased Areas	-0-	-0-
Insurance	125.00	1,500.00
Security Provisions	-0-	-0-
Other Expenses		
Utilities	275.00	3,300.00
Operating Capital	-0-	-0-
Reserves		
Painting and Building Maintenance	375.00	4,500.00
Pavement Resurfacing	33.34	400.00
Roof	150.00	1,800.00
Division of Condominium Fees	.55	6.50
TOTALS	$1,153.89	$13,846.50

Schedule of Unit Owner's Expenses

	Monthly	Annually
Units A through K, inclusive (One Bedroom)	83.77	1,005.24
Units L and M (Two Bedroom)	116.20	1,394.40
Units A through K, inclusive (1-BR)-Without reserves	43.31	519.72
Units L & M (2 BR) - Without reserves	59.57	714.84

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Note 1. The foregoing budget is deemed sufficient, and accordingly, no provision for operating capital has been established herein.

Note 2. Since there is no management contract or agreement in effect, and since it is not contemplated employing the services of a management firm for the first year of operation, no provision has been made for management fees or a management agreement in this budget.

Note 3. The figures on this budget are established by operating history and by contracts and other experience pertaining directly to this project, but are estimates only and are subject to revision to reflect changes in costs and services.

Note 4. There is excluded from this estimate items of expense that are personal to unit owners or which are not uniformly incurred by all unit owners or which are not provided for nor contemplated by the condominium documents; including, but not limited to, private telephone costs, cost of maintenance of the interior of the condominium units to the extent that such maintenance is not the obligatio of the condominium or Association, the cost of maid or janitorial services privately contracted for by the unit owners, cost of utility bills billed directly to each unit owner for utility service or supply to his unit, insurance premiums other than those incurred applicable to the condominium or Association property in general, debt servicing upon any mortgage encumbering the individual unit, but not encumbering the condominium or Association property as a whole, real estate taxes assessed directly to a condominium unit, and like personal expenses of the unit owner.

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW
POST OFFICE BOX 1000
FORT PIERCE, FLORIDA 33454
TELEPHONE (305) 461-5020

BUILDING INSPECTION
OF
13 UNIT APARTMENT COMPLEX
LOCATED AT
715 SOUTH OCEAN DRIVE
FORT PIERCE, FLORIDA

SUBMITTED TO:

ARTHUR STROCK & ASSOCIATES
829 S. E. 9th STREET
DEERFIELD, FLORIDA

PREPARED BY:

JAMES BUSHOUSE & ASSOCIATES, INC.
2136 HAMMONDVILLE ROAD
POMPANO BEACH, FLORIDA 33060

James D. Bushouse, P. E.
Registered Engineer No. 20311
State of Florida

STATEMENT PREPARED
June 16, 1982

INTRODUCTION

The following is an analysis of the general condition and state of repair of the 13 UNIT APARTMENT COMPLEX located at 715 South Ocean Drive, Fort Pierce, Florida, as determined by visual inspection of the premises by James Bushouse & Associates, Inc., under the direct supervision of James D. Bushouse, P. E. The report is divided into the component parts of the Buildings and Premises as required by Florida Statute, with the following information listed for each component:

1. Approximate age of the Component.

2. Estimated remaining useful life - Economic Life
   This figure represents the Engineer's estimate of the amount of relatively maintenance free service life which could be expected from a particular component.

3. Current Replacement Cost
   This figure represents the Engineer's estimate of the current replacement cost of a particular building component shown as a total amount and as per unit share of the expense.

4. A discussion of the overall state of repair and the structural soundness of the component.

The apartments consist of 2 buildings, 1 consisting of 2-2 bedroom units and the other 11-1 bedroom units. The buildings are constructed with C. B. S. walls on the 1st floor and wood stud with texture 1-11 on the second floor. The roof is wood trusses with asphalt shingles on the slope part and built-up roof on the flat part.

The 2 unit building was built a few years before the other, but due to the fact that it has been well maintained, this report calls the component of both the same age.

Our visual inspection covered the civil, structural, mechanical and electrical elements of the project, including the roofs. In general, for a 5 year old project, it is in good condition and appears to have been well maintained. For the age, estimated remaining useful life and estimated current replacement cost of the component parts of the buildings, refer to Appendix "A" of this report.

A. STRUCTURAL

The general structural condition of the apartment buildings is average for buildings of this type. The structural elements are safe and sound for use intended. There are some thermal stress cracks in the walkway slab, side of stairways and exterior walls under windows that will require on going maintenance.

B. ROOFS

The flat part of the roofs which are built-up are in generally good condition with no visible signs of leaks. The slope parts which are asphalt shingles, are in very good condition with no visible signs of leaks. The soffits should be monitored and maintained as necessary.

C. ELEVATORS

There are no elevators on the premises. Access to the upstairs units is achieved through exterior concrete stairways.

D. HEATING AND COOLING SYSTEMS

The general condition of the A/C Systems was average for buildings of this age period. Our inspection of the ductwork and air distribution system indicates there are no problems in these areas. Each apartment unit is equipped with its own split system A/C unit. All of the condensing units are located on a concrete pad on the ground.

E. PLUMBING

Our inspection of the plumbing systems indicate that the systems are safe and sound and are in good condition and functioning properly with no obvious defects or code violations. Water pressure at the second floor of the building was adequate. Sanitary drainage on the second floor drains slower than normal.

The electric hot water heater in the apartments appear to be in good condition with the exception that the water line connection in isolated cases is starting to rust. The main water distribution system is PVC and copper piping. The distribution lines within the apartments are copper. The hot water system and laundry room equipment appears to be adequately servicing the buildings and seems to pose no apparent maintenance problems.

F. ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

The electrical distribution and utilization devise systems within the apartments are safe, sound and are functioning properly for the use intended and present no apparent shock or fire hazard. The elements comprising the electrical distribution system and the appliances, circuit breakers, etc. are of quality material and were installed with good workmanship. With the exception of a few lights, switches and toilet exhaust fans (of the units that were inspected) all of the utilization devices, controls, light fixtures, A/C equipment and appliances were operating. Of the outlets and switches inspected, all were properly installed and grounded. There was no ground fault breaker on the outlet in the bathrooms.

The electrical work in the public spaces was inspected and found to be functioning properly and to be safe and sound for the use intended. Electrical service equipment and distribution apparatus are in safe and sound condition. No violations of codes, standards, or regulations were observed in the power service equipment and main distribution apparatus and they were functioning properly.

G. SWIMMING POOL AND EQUIPMENT

There is no pool on the premise.

H. SEAWALLS

There are no seawalls on the premise.

I. PAVEMENT AND PARKING AREAS

Asphalt paving was in good condition for its age; some minor settlement has occurred, which will cause some minor problems. Also the paving should be sealed to add to the possible life of the surface.

J. SITE DRAINAGE SYSTEM

The drainage of the Parking Areas is to the grass swales where the water them percolates into the water table.

K. SYNOPSIS

Other than the items mentioned above, there is nothing that would constitute a serious problem any time in the near furture. The structural integrity of the buildings appear sound and can be expected to remain so with proper maintenance. The buildings are constructed with C. B. S. walls on the first floor, wood studs with texture 1-11 on the second floor and wood studs and drywall for the interior partitions. The 11 unit building was given a Certificate of Occupancy about October 1977. The 2 unit building was constructed in 1970. This is estimated year only, due to the fact that no records of Certification of Occupancy could be located in the city of Fort Pierce. The prior use of these buildings were as a Rental Apartment Complex.

The items in this report indicate the current status at the time of inspections, which was June 7, 1982. These items are not to be considered all inclusive, nor a guarantee, but our professional expression based on our experience, knowledge, examination of available plans and on our visual inspection of the exposed conditions to the extent reasonably possible. It is the opinion of this firm that the above referenced buildings are safe for residential habitation.

THIS STATEMENT WAS PREPARED JUNE 16, 1982.

JAMES BUSHOUSE & ASSOCIATES, INC.
2136 Hammondville Road
Pompano Beach, Florida 33060
P. O. Box 4562, Margate, Florida 33063

PROJECT:

APPENDIX "A"

715 South Ocean Drive
Fort Pierce, Florida

COMPONENT	Age of the Component	Estimated Remaining Useful Life Of The Component	ESTIMATED CURRENT REPLACEMENT COST OF THE COMPONENT EXPRESSED AS:				
			A Total Amount	A PER UNIT AMOUNT, BASED ON EACH UNIT'S PROP. SHARE OF THE COMMON EXPENSE			
				Efficency	Approximately 700 s/f One Bedroom	Approximately 970 s/f each. Two Bedroom	Three Bedroom
1. ROOF a. Built-Up	5 years	10	$10, 800. 00	N/A	785. 45	$1, 080. 03	N/A
b. Asphalt Shingles	5 years	9	7, 175. 00	N/A	521. 82	717. 49	N/A
2. ELEVATORS	N/A	N/A	-0-	N/A	-0-	-0-	N/A
a. Ductwork & Air Handler	5 years	19	9, 750. 00	N/A	709. 09	975. 00	N/A
3. HEATING & COOLING SYSTEMS b. Compressor	5 years	3	7, 800. 00	N/A	567. 27	780. 02	N/A
a. Fixtures	5 years	11	9, 750. 00	N/A	709. 09	975. 00	N/A
4. PLUMBING b. Piping	5 years	15	13, 000. 00	N/A	945. 45	1, 300. 03	N/A
5. BUILDING ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	5 years	25	32, 500. 00	N/A	2, 363. 64	3, 249. 98	N/A
6. SWIMMING POOL	N/A	N/A	-0-	N/A	-0-	-0-	N/A
7. SEAWALLS	N/A	N/A	-0-	N/A	-0-	-0-	N/A
8. PAVEMENT & PARKING AREAS	5 years	17	8, 505. 00	N/A	618. 54	850. 53	N/A
9. SITE DRAINAGE SYSTEM	N/A	N/A	-0-	N/A	-0-	-0-	N/A

CASE NUMBER _____

WOOD-DESTROYING ORGANISM INSPECTION REPORT

HRS Form 1145, Effective 6/28/79

Licensee Name Rowley's Pest Control — Inspection Date 7-20-82

Licensee Address 906 Angle Road Ft. Pierce, Fla. — License No. 1030

Inspector's Name James D. Powell — I.D. Card No. 7852

Property Address 715 S. Ocean Dr. Ft. Pierce, Florida

Specific Structure(s) Inspected Apartments

SCOPE OF INSPECTION

A trained and qualified representative of this company has conducted a careful inspection of the visible and accessible areas of the structure(s) listed above. This report is made on the basis of what was visible and accessible at the time of the inspection and is not an opinion covering areas such as, but not necessarily limited to, those that are enclosed or inaccessible, areas concealed by wall coverings, floor coverings, furniture, equipment, stored articles, or any portion of the structure in which inspection would necessitate removing of defacing finished wood.

THIS IS NOT A STRUCTURAL DAMAGE REPORT: A wood-destroying organism inspector is not ordinarily a construction or building trade expert and therefore is not expected to possess any special qualifications which would enable him to detect the extent of structural damage. If damage or other evidence of wood-destroying organisms is noted in this report, further investigation by qualified experts of the building trade should be made to determine structural soundness of the property. This is not to be construed to constitute a guarantee of the absence of wood-destroying organisms.

REPORT OF FINDINGS

(1) Active infestation was observed: Yes ☐ No ☒ _____
(Common name of organisms observed)

Location(s): _____
(Continue on reverse side if necessary)

(2) Other evidence of infestation was observed: Yes ☐ No ☒

Describe other evidence observed: _____
(Continue on reverse side if necessary)

Location(s): _____
(Continue on reverse side if necessary)

(3) Visible damage was observed: Yes ☐ No ☒

Organism(s) causing damage: _____
(Common name of organism(s))

Location(s): _____
(Continue on reverse side if necessary)

(4) This company has treated this property previously: Yes ☐ No ☒

(5) This property shows evidence of previous treatment: Yes ☐ No ☒

(6) This company has treated the structure(s) for the control of: _____
(Common name(s) of organism(s))

by the application of _____ A one year warranty transferable to any subsequent owner was issued for the control of _____
(Common name(s) of organism(s))

and expires _____
(Date)

Neither I nor the firm for whom I am acting have any financial interest in this property, or is associated in any way in this transaction with any party to this transaction, other than as a wood-destroying organism inspector of the structure(s).

Representative Billie Rowley/blc (Licensee or Certified Operator) Date July 21, 1982

HRS Form 1145, Effective 6/28/79

MAIL REPORT TO:

Boardwalk Apts. ATT: Mrs. Sparks
715 S. Ocean Dr.
Fort Pierce, Florida 33450

Basic Charge $ $25.00
Additional Charges $ _____
Total Amount Due $ $25.00

INSPECTION ORDERED BY _____ BUYER _____ SELLER _____

ORAL REPRESENTATIONS CANNOT BE RELIED UPON AS CORRECTLY STATING THE REPRESENTATIONS OF THE DEVELOPER (SELLER). FOR CORRECT REPRESENTATIONS, REFERENCE SHOULD BE MADE TO THIS CONTRACT AND THE DOCUMENTS REQUIRED BY SECTION 718.503, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO BE FURNISHED BY A DEVELOPER (SELLER) TO A BUYER.

PURCHASE AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT, made and entered into by and between K. M. BROOKS and LOUISE M. SPARKS, hereinafter called the "Seller", and

hereinafter called the "Purchaser"; which terms Seller and Purchaser shall include and bind the heirs, executors, legal representatives, successors and assigns of the respective parties hereto whenever the context hereof so requires or admits;

W I T N E S S E T H :

WHEREAS, the Seller is converting to condominium ownership apartments situate in the City of Fort Pierce, State of Florida, known as BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM, (hereinafter called the "Condominium"), and has submitted or will submit the land upon which such building is located to the condominium form of ownership and use by recordation of a Declaration of Condominium for the Condominium in the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida; and

WHEREAS, the Purchaser will read when available, or has read, the Condominium documents to be submitted, or submitted, by the Seller as required by Florida Statutes 718.503, including a copy of said Declaration of Condominium and all of its exhibits (hereinafter called the "Declaration"); and

WHEREAS, the Purchaser desires to purchase Apartment Unit _____ of the Condominium, all appliances located or to be located therein, and the air conditioning unit serving or to serve said apartment; and

WHEREAS, the Seller does hereby approve of the purchase of said apartment by the Purchaser, and the parties desire to set forth herein all of the terms and conditions of such sale and purchase;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises and undertakings hereinafter set forth, the parties mutually agree as follows:

1. The Seller will sell and convey and the Purchaser will purchase all of that certain property in St. Lucie County, Florida, described as follows:

Apartment Unit _____ of BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM, hereinafter called the Apartment, according to the Declaration, together with all of the appurtenances to such apartment, including but not limited to automobile parking space _____, all furniture, furnishings, appliances and fixtures located or to be located therein, and the air conditioning unit serving or to serve said apartment.

2. The total purchase price to be paid for the apartment is $_____, payable as follows:

a. The amount of $_____ shall be deposited by the Purchaser with FLOWERS-CULPEPPER REALTY, INC., Registered Real Estate Broker, whose business address is 2011 South 25th Street , Fort Pierce, Florida

Escrow Agent, pursuant to agreement dated _____, and pursuant to the Florida Condominium Act (Chapter 718, Florida Statutes, 1981)

b. The balance is to be paid in cash by the Purchaser to the Seller at the time of closing.

3. Anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, it is mutually agreed that the purchase and sale contemplated hereby is contingent upon the Purchaser's obtaining a commitment for a mortgage loan to encumber the apartment, in the amount of $_____, which said loan shall be at an annual rate of interest and upon such terms as may be reasonable in St. Lucie County, Florida at the time the application for loan is made. Said commitment for loan is to be obtained within twenty (20) days of the date of this agreement from a lending institution in St. Lucie County, Florida; its purpose is to obtain funds with which to pay such purchase price; and the Purchaser agrees to diligently attempt to obtain said loan. If not obtained within said twenty-day period and such diligent attempt has been made, the Purchaser's deposit will be returned and this agreement shall be null and void and of no further force or effect between the parties hereto. The Seller agrees that it will assist the Purchaser in obtaining mortgage financing on the apartment which is the subject of this contract.

(NOTE: This Paragraph No. 3 shall not be a part of this Agreement unless the amount of loan is specified in full by the Purchaser upon his execution of this Agreement.)

4. All mortgages or liens now or hereafter encumbering the apartment will be discharged or released at or prior to the closing unless assumed by the Purchaser. The Seller will convey by warranty deed a marketable fee simple title to the apartment together with all appliances and fixtures located in the apartment and the air conditioning unit serving the apartment. The title to the apartment will be subject to the following exceptions:

a. The provisions of the Declaration, including all exhibits and changes thereto made prior to the time of delivery of the warranty deed; and all rules and regulations and contracts affecting the property

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made by BOARDWALK OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC., the nonprofit corporation responsible for the operation of the condominium (hereinafter called the "Association"), existing at the time of delivery of the warranty deed.

b. The easements provided for in the Florida Condominium Act (Chapter 718, Florida Statutes, 1981).

c. Restrictions, reservations and easements of record.

d. Such zoning or other restrictions upon the use of the apartment and upon all of the condominium property as may be imposed by governmental authorities having jurisdiction.

e. Taxes for the year in which the sale is closed, if not paid; and for subsequent years.

f. Any mortgage executed by the Purchaser encumbering the apartment.

Any or all of the foregoing exceptions may be omitted from the warranty deed to be delivered hereunder, but all such provisions so omitted shall nevertheless survive delivery of the warranty deed.

5. Real and personal property taxes, less the November discount, will be prorated as of the date of closing; and, if the taxes for the year in which this sale is closed are assessed against the condominium property as a whole, the total amount thereof may be estimated by the Seller and the portion apportioned to the apartment, the appliances and the air conditioning unit shall be the same share as the share of common expenses attributed to the apartment. In such event, the Seller and the Purchaser agree that they will each pay their proportionate share of such taxes. If the amounts of the taxes have not been established as of the date of closing, such prorations and apportionments will be based upon the amounts of the taxes for the previous year.

6. Assessments, if any, for the apartment established by the Association will be prorated between the Seller and the Purchaser as of the date of closing.

7. Subject to those items specified in Item 4 hereof, the title which the Seller obligate themselves to convey to the Purchaser will be marketable and insurable. As evidence of their title and in order to provide title security to the Purchaser, the Sellers agree to provide to the Purchaser at, or immediately following, the closing an Owner Title Insurance Guarantee covering the apartment which is the subject matter of this contract.

8. At or before the closing contemplated hereby, the Purchaser agrees to pay, in addition to the purchase price for the apartment unit, the following:

a. The sum required to record the warranty deed to Purchaser; and

b. All mortgage closing costs, if applicable, pursuant to Paragraph 3 hereof, including the charge of $50 for mortgagee title insurance coverage if the same is required by Purchaser's mortgage lender. Said mortgagee coverage will be issued concurrently with the owner coverage provided for in Paragraph 7 above.

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Seller shall pay for all documentary stamps to be affixed to the warranty deed at the time of its recording.

9. Unless mutually agreed otherwise, the closing of this sale shall be held no later than thirty (30) days from the effective date of this contract. The effective date of this contract shall be the date upon which Seller furnishes to Purchaser copies of all documents, including the Declaration of Condominium, listed in Florida Statutes §718.503(2), with copies of same having been previously filed by Seller with the Division of Florida Land Sales and Condominiums. Prior to said effective date, this contract shall be voidable by Purchaser. The closing shall be held at the office of the Seller, at the office of the Seller's attorneys, or at the office of the Seller's title insurance agent, or at the office of the mortgagee of any mortgage executed by the Purchaser encumbering said apartment. At such closing, the Purchaser will pay the balance of the purchase price and the Seller will deliver the warranty deed to the Purchaser.

10. In the event the Purchaser fails to take title pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement, the Sellers at their election may terminate same by giving written notice of such termination to the Purchaser. Ten (10) days after the mailing of such notice, this Agreement will become null and void and of no further force or effect between the parties hereto; and the Seller may retain the deposit, together with interest accrued thereon, as liquidated damages. If the Seller defaults in the performance of this Agreement by failing to convey title pursuant to its provisions, the Purchaser may terminate same by giving written notice of such termination to the Seller. Ten (10) days after the mailing of such notice, the Seller will return the deposit, together with interest accrued thereon, to the Purchaser and this Agreement shall become null and void and of no further force or effect between the parties hereto.

11. THIS AGREEMENT IS VOIDABLE BY PURCHASER BY DELIVERING WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE PURCHASER'S INTENTION TO CANCEL WITHIN FIFTEEN (15) DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF EXECUTION OF THIS AGREEMENT BY THE PURCHASER, AND RECEIPT BY PURCHASER OF THE ITEMS REQUIRED TO BE DELIVERED TO HIM BY THE DEVELOPER (SELLER) UNDER SECTION 718.503, FLORIDA STATUTES. PURCHASER MAY EXTEND THE TIME FOR CLOSING FOR A PERIOD OF NOT MORE THAN FIFTEEN (15) DAYS AFTER THE PURCHASER HAS RECEIVED ALL OF THE ITEMS REQUIRED. PURCHASER'S RIGHT TO VOID THIS AGREEMENT SHALL TERMINATE AT CLOSING.

12. Purchaser acknowledges that Seller has advised that the condominium unit which is the subject matter of this contract is approximately five (5) years of age and has been previously occupied, prior to conversion to condominium ownership, by transient tenants as vacation or seasonal residences.

13. The Purchaser has examined the apartment to be sold, the apartment building within which it is located and all other portions of the condominium property and is familiar or will be familiar in advance of the closing with the physical condition thereof. The Seller does not make any representations as to the physical condition, expense of operation, or any other matter affecting or relating to said property, except as herein, or in the Declaration and in the other documents described in Section 718.503 of the Florida Condominium Act.

14. The Purchaser, by the execution of this Purchase Agreement, acknowledges that he is entitled to a receipt of copies of all documents described in Section 718.503 of the Florida Condominium Act. Such documents include the declaration

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of condominium, the documents creating Boardwalk Owners Association, Inc., and the By-Laws for Boardwalk Owners Association, Inc. At the time of delivery of said documents, Purchaser agrees to give a receipt therefor. At closing, the Purchaser will in writing agree to be bound by the provisions of said documents, including the declaration of condominium, and the warranty deed conveying the apartment to the Purchaser will contain an acknowledgment that the conveyance is subject to the provisions of said documents. Further, the Purchaser will, in writing at the closing, ratify, confirm and approve all of the provisions of said documents and will agree to be bound thereby; Purchaser will impress a lien upon the apartment, as security for his obligations as described in the declaration and its exhibits and will acknowledge and agree that said documents and this Purchase Agreement contain all of the warranties, representations and inducements concerning the purchase by Purchaser of the apartment.

15. Wherever the context hereof so permits, the use of plural will include the singular, the singular the plural, and the use of any gender will be deemed to include all genders.

16. The delivery of any item and the giving of any notice in compliance with this Agreement shall be accomplished by personal delivery of the item or notice to the party intended to receive it, or by mailing it to the address of the party as stated in this Agreement, by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. It shall be the obligation of Purchaser to insert his correct mailing address in the place specified below. Notice or delivery by mail shall be effective when mailed.

17. The effective date of this Agreement shall be regarded as the date when the last one of the Seller and Purchaser has signed this agreement.

18. Special Clauses: _____

_____

_____

_____

_____

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have cause this Agreement to be executed on the dates as set forth below.

WITNESSES:

_____

_____
As to Sellers

Executed by the Seller on
_____, 19___.

_____(Seal)
K. M. BROOKS

_____(Seal)
LOUISE M. SPARKS
"SELLER"

WITNESSES:

_____

_____
As to Purchasers

Executed by Purchaser on
_____, 19___.

_____(Seal)

_____(Seal)
"PURCHASER"

Purchaser's Mailing Address: _____

_____

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW
POST OFFICE BOX 1000
FORT PIERCE, FLORIDA 33454
TELEPHONE (305) 461-5020

WARRANTY DEED

THIS WARRANTY DEED made and executed this _____ day of _____, 19_____, by K. M. BROOKS and LOUISE M. SPARKS, hereinafter called the Grantor, to

_____

_____

whose post office address is _____

_____

hereinafter called the Grantee, which terms "Grantor" and "Grantee" shall include all the parties to this instrument, and the heirs, legal representatives and assigns of individuals, and the successors and assigns of corporations.

WITNESSETH:

That the Grantor, for and in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars ($10.00) and other good and valuable considerations, receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, hereby grants, bargains, sells, aliens, remises, releases, conveys and confirms unto the Grantee all that certain real property situate in St. Lucie County, Florida, viz:

Apartment Unit _____ of BOARDWALK CONDOMINIUM, according to the Declaration of Condominium and all exhibits thereto dated _____, recorded _____, in Officiel Record Book _____, pages _____ through _____ of the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida;

TOGETHER WITH:

1. All of its appurtenances, according to said Declaration of Condominium and all of its exhibits, including automobile parking space _____, and all of the tenements, hereditaments and other appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

2. All furniture, furnishings, appliances and fixtures now situate in said apartment.

SUBJECT, HOWEVER, to the following:

1. The provisions of the Declaration, including all exhibits, and all rules and regulations affecting the property made by Boardwalk Owners Association, Inc., the nonprofit corporation responsible for the operation of the condominium.

2. The easements provided for in the Declaration or its exhibits or in the Condominium Act of the State of Florida, Chapter 718, Florida Statutes, 1981.

3. Restrictions, reservations and easements of public record.

4. Such zoning and other restrictions upon the use of the apartment and upon all of the condominium property as may be imposed by Governmental authorities having jurisdiction.

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5. Taxes for the current year.

6. That certain mortgage from the grantee hereof to

_____

in the original principal sum of $_____, dated _____, recorded in O. R. Book _____ at page _____ of the public records of St. Lucie County, Florida. (This Item 6 shall not be a part of this warranty deed unless all required information is inserted in the blanks provided.)

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the same in fee simple forever.

AND the Grantor hereby covenants with said Grantee that it is lawfully seized of said real property in fee simple; that the Grantor has good right and lawful authority to sell and convey said real property; that the Grantor hereby fully warrants the title to said real property and will defend the same against the lawful claims of all persons whomsoever; that said real property is free and clear of all encumbrances except taxes accruing subsequent to December 31, 19___.

AND, the Grantor further grants to Grantee an implied warranty of fitness and merchantability for the purposes and uses intended, as to the roof and structural components of the improvements and as to mechanical, electrical and plumbing elements serving the improvements, excepting mechanical elements serving only a unit other than the one hereby conveyed, for a term of three (3) years from the recording of the Declaration of Condominium for Boardwalk Condominium.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said Grantor has executed this deed the day and year first above written.

WITNESSES:

_____ _____(Seal)
K. M. BROOKS

_____ _____(Seal)
LOUISE M. SPARKS

STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF ST. LUCIE

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this _____ day of _____, 198___, by K. M. BROOKS and LOUISE M. SPARKS.

_____
Notary Public, State of Fla. at Large
My Commission Expires:_____

THIS INSTRUMENT WAS PREPARED BY:

FRANK H. FEE, III, Esquire, of
FEE, FEE, KOBLEGARD, TEEL & KENNEY, P.A.
P. O. Box 1000
Fort Pierce, FL 33454
(305)461-5020

RATIFICATION BY GRANTEE

THE UNDERSIGNED, as Grantee in the foregoing Condominium Warranty Deed, hereby acknowledges receipt of all documents described in Section 718.503 of the Florida Condominium Act. The undersigned hereby ratify, confirm and approve all of the provisions of said documents and agree to be bound thereby. The undersigned hereby impress a lien upon the apartment described in the foregoing warranty deed, as security for the obligations as described in the Declaration and its exhibits, and they acknowledge and agree that said documents together with any prior purchase contract contain all of the warranties, representations and inducements concerning the purchase by grantee of the described apartment.

Witnesses:

_____ _____

_____ _____

_____

STATE OF FLORIDA

COUNTY OF ST. LUCIE

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this _____ day of _____, 19_____, by

_____.

_____
Notary Public, State of Fla. at Large
My Comm. Expires:_____

FEE, FEE, KOBLEGARD, TEEL & KENNY, P.A.
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FORT PIERCE, FLORIDA 33454
TELEPHONE (305) 461-5020

Self-Management of Property 715 South Ocean Drive Unit D, Fort Pierce, Florida 34949:

1) Provide direct customer service with 24/7 service available by phone, text and e-mail. Nick Danaluk 772-267-9288, Michelle Longarzo 561-332-6718 and sliceofparadiseflorida@gmail.com
2) Access to emergency contractors in plumbing, electrical and HVAC.
3) Maintain records of clientele, Name, address, contact number and e-mail.
4) Ensure all taxes are paid to the state and the county.
5) Provide clean linens, towels, dishware, glasses and beach towels.
6) Keep all appliances in clean and good working order.
7) Keep Heating & ventilation at minimum of 68 degrees Fahrenheit.
8) Maintain (1) locking device that cannot be opened by master key on the interior.
9) Maintain smoke alarms in every unit.
10) Maintain all electrical wires.
11) Maintain a fire extinguisher that is fully charged.
12) Maintain well lighted common areas.
13) Maintain notifications in the residence that all dishware is cleaned and sanitized by dishwasher only.
14) Maintain all areas odor free, clean and in good repair.
15) Keep all toxic chemicals labeled and properly stored.
16) Supply adequate potable water.
17) Protect ice machines from self-contamination.
18) Maintain the unit vermin free.
19) Maintain extermination throughout the unit bi-weekly.
20) Maintain Hot / Cold in every sink.

RULES & REGULATIONS of 715 South Ocean Drive Unit D, Fort Pierce, Florida 34949:

-Remove all trash and dispose of in the dumpster located in the back-parking lot

-Peaceful enjoyment of common areas at reasonable hours without excessive noise or music

-Pets need to remain in compliance with local leash and pet fecal disposal laws.

-Smoking is prohibited

-Park in assigned parking space labeled “D” or “Guest”

-Do not litter

-Wash sand off at the front hose to prevent drain clogs.

-Do not leave air conditioning on with windows open.

-Return A/C to 77 Degrees when check out occurs.

-Do not remove any property belonging to condo except beach towels, beach folding chairs, sand toys and umbrellas. The exception items need to be returned to the condo with the sand washed of prior to condo entry.

- Do not give out assigned door code to any party not staying in the condo.

-No Running in common areas or stairwells.

-Do not disturb or harass local wildlife such as sea turtles, manatees and any other wildlife.

-It is unlawful to walk on the sand dunes only use designated walkways.

-Use pedestrian crosswalks to cross the street to the beach.

-No illegal drugs allowed on property.

-No toxic chemicals allowed on property.

-Follow all local and state laws.

Nonlawyer Disclosure

Instructions to Licensee: Before you begin to complete the next form, you must give this nonlawyer disclosure to the landlord or tenant for whom you are filling in the blanks. (If you are filling in the blanks for both landlord and tenant, complete two nonlawyer disclosures and give one to each.)

1. Insert your name in the first 5 blank "*Name*" spaces and **sign** below.
2. Have the landlord or tenant whom you are assisting complete the provision regarding her/his ability to read English, and have her/him **sign** below.
3. Give this completed disclosure to the landlord or tenant, as appropriate. Keep a copy of this completed disclosure and all forms you give to the landlord or tenant in your files for at least 6 years.

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Residential Lease for Single Family Home or Duplex (FOR A TERM NOT TO EXCEED ONE YEAR)

FloridaRealtors®

A BOX (☐) OR A BLANK SPACE (____) INDICATES A PROVISION WHERE A CHOICE OR DECISION MUST BE MADE BY THE PARTIES.

THE LEASE IMPOSES IMPORTANT LEGAL OBLIGATIONS. MANY RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES ARE GOVERNED BY CHAPTER 83, PART II, RESIDENTIAL LANDLORD AND TENANT ACT, FLORIDA STATUTES. A COPY OF THE RESIDENTIAL LANDLORD AND TENANT ACT IS ATTACHED TO THIS LEASE.

1. PARTIES. This is a lease (the "Lease") between _____
(name and address of owner of the property)

_____("Landlord") and

_____
(name(s) of person(s) to whom the property is leased)

_____("Tenant").

Landlord's E-mail Address: _____

Landlord's Telephone Number: _____

Tenant's E-mail Address: _____

Tenant's Telephone Number: _____

2. PROPERTY RENTED. Landlord leases to Tenant the land and buildings located at _____
(street address)

_____, _____, Florida _____
(zip code)

together with the following furniture and appliances [List all furniture and appliances. If none, write "none."] (In the Lease, the property leased, including furniture and appliances, if any, is called the "Premises"):

The Premises shall be occupied only by the Tenant and the following persons: _____

_____.

3. TERM. This is a lease for a term, not to exceed twelve months, beginning on _____ and
(month, day, year)

ending _____(the "Lease Term").
(month, day, year)

4. RENT PAYMENTS, TAXES AND CHARGES. Tenant shall pay total rent in the amount of $_____(excluding taxes) for the Lease Term. The rent shall be payable by Tenant in advance in installments or in full as provided in the options below:

☐ in installments. If in installments, rent shall be payable

☐ monthly, on the _____ day of each month (if left blank, on the first day of each month) in the amount of $_____ per installment.

OR

☐ weekly, on the _____ day of each week (If left blank, on Monday of each week.) in the amount of $_____ per installment.

☐ in full on _____ in the amount of $_____.
(date)

Tenant shall also be obligated to pay taxes on the rent when applicable in the amount of $_____ ☐ with each rent installment

☐ with the rent for the full term of the Lease. Landlord will notify Tenant if the amount of the tax changes.

Payment Summary

☐ **If rent is paid in installments, the total payment per installment including taxes shall be in the amount of $_____.**

☐ **If rent is paid in full, the total payment including taxes shall be in the amount of $_____.**

All rent payments shall be payable to _____ at
(name)
_____. (If left blank, to Landlord at Landlord's address.)
(address)

☐ If the tenancy starts on a day other than the first day of the month or week as designated above, the rent shall be prorated from

_____ through _____ in the amount of $_____and shall be due
(date) (date)

on _____. (If rent paid monthly, prorate on a 30-day month.)
(date)

Tenant shall make rent payments required under the Lease by (choose all applicable) ☐ cash, ☐ personal check, ☐money order, ☐ cashier's check, or ☐ other _____(specify). If payment is accepted by any means other than cash, payment is not considered made until the other instrument is collected.

If Tenant makes a rent payment with a worthless check, Landlord can require Tenant ☐ to pay all future payments by ☐ money order, cashier's check, or official bank check or ☐ cash or other (specify)_____, and ☐ to pay bad check fees in the amount of $_____(not to exceed the amount prescribed by Section 68.065, Florida Statutes).

5. MONEY DUE PRIOR TO OCCUPANCY. Tenant shall pay the sum of $_____ in accordance with this paragraph prior to occupying the Premises. Tenant shall not be entitled to move in or to keys to the Premises until all money due prior to occupancy has been paid. If no date is specified below, then funds shall be due prior to Tenant occupancy. Any funds designated in this paragraph due after occupancy, shall be paid accordingly. Any funds due under this paragraph shall be payable to Landlord at Landlord's address or

to _____
(name)

at _____.
(address)

First ☐ month's ☐ week's rent plus applicable taxes	$_____	due	_____
Prorated rent plus applicable taxes	$_____	due	_____
Advance rent for ☐ month ☐ week of _____ plus applicable taxes	$_____	due	_____
Last ☐ month's ☐ week's rent plus applicable taxes	$_____	due	_____
Security deposit	$_____	due	_____
Additional security deposit	$_____	due	_____
Security deposit for homeowners' association	$_____	due	_____
Pet Deposit	$_____	due	_____
Other_____	$_____	due	_____
Other_____	$_____	due	_____

6. LATE FEES. (Complete if applicable) In addition to rent, Tenant shall pay a late charge in the amount of $_____ (If left blank, 4% of the rent payment) for each rent payment made _____ days after the day it is due (if left blank, 5 days if rent is paid monthly, 1 day if rent is paid weekly).

7. PETS AND SMOKING. Unless this box ☐ is checked or a pet deposit is paid, Tenant may not keep pets or animals on the Premises. If Tenant may keep pets, the pets described in this paragraph are permitted on the Premises.

_____
(Specify number of pets, type(s), breed, maximum adult weight of pets.)

Unless this box ☐ is checked, no smoking is permitted in the Premises.

8. NOTICES.

Scott Smith, PA is Landlord's Agent. All notices must be sent to

☐ Landlord _____ at _____

☐ Landlord's Agent Scott Smith, PA at _____

unless Landlord gives Tenant written notice of a change. All notices of such names and addresses or changes thereto shall be delivered to the Tenant's residence or, if specified in writing by the Tenant, to any other address. All notices to the Landlord or the Landlord's Agent (whichever is specified above) shall be given by U.S. mail or by hand delivery.

Any notice to Tenant shall be given by U.S. mail or delivered to Tenant at the Premises. If Tenant is absent from the Premises, a notice to Tenant may be given by leaving a copy of the notice at Premises.

9. UTILITIES. Tenant shall pay for all utilities services during the Lease Term and connection charges and deposits for activating existing utility connections to the Premises except for _____, that Landlord agrees to provide at Landlord's expense (If blank, then "NONE").

10. MAINTENANCE. Landlord shall be responsible for compliance with Section 83.51, Florida Statutes, and shall be responsible for maintenance and repair of the Premises, unless otherwise stated below: (Fill in each blank space with "Landlord" for Landlord or "Tenant" for Tenant, if left blank, Landlord will be responsible for the item):

Landlord	Tenant		Landlord	Tenant		Landlord	Tenant		Landlord	Tenant	
☐	☐	roofs	☐	☐	windows	☐	☐	screens	☐	☐	steps
☐	☐	doors	☐	☐	floors	☐	☐	porches	☐	☐	exterior walls
☐	☐	foundations	☐	☐	plumbing	☐	☐	structural components			
☐	☐	heating	☐	☐	hot water	☐	☐	running water	☐	☐	locks and keys
☐	☐	electrical system				☐	☐	cooling	☐	☐	smoke detection devices

☐ ☐ garbage removal/ outside receptacles
☐ ☐ extermination of rats, mice, roaches, ants and bedbugs
☐ ☐ extermination of wood-destroying organisms
☐ ☐ lawn /shrubbery ☐ ☐ pool/spa/hot tub
☐ ☐ water treatment ☐ ☐ filters (specify) _____
☐ ☐ ceilings ☐ ☐ interior walls
☐ ☐ Other (specify) _____

Tenant shall notify _____ (name) at _____ (address)

(if left blank, Landlord at Landlord's address) and _____ (telephone number) of maintenance and repair requests.

11. ASSIGNMENT. Unless this box ☐ is checked, Tenant may not assign the Lease or sublease all or any part of the Premises without first obtaining the Landlord's written approval and consent to the assignment or sublease.

12. KEYS AND LOCKS. Landlord shall furnish Tenant

_____ # of sets of keys to the dwelling
_____ # of mail box keys
_____ # of garage door openers

If there is a homeowners' association, Tenant will be provided with the following to access the association's common areas/facilities:

_____ # of keys to _____
_____ # of remote controls to _____
_____ # of electronic cards to _____
_____ other (specify) to _____

At end of Lease Term, all items specified in this paragraph shall be returned to _____ (name)
at _____ (address) (If left blank, Landlord at Landlord's address).

13. LEAD-BASED PAINT. ☐ Check and complete if the dwelling was built before January 1, 1978. **Lead Warning Statement** (when used in this article, the term Lessor refers to Landlord and the term Lessee refers to Tenant).

Housing built before 1978 may contain lead-based paint. Lead from paint, paint chips, and dust can pose health hazards if not managed properly. Lead exposure is especially harmful to young children and pregnant women. Before renting pre-1978 housing, Lessors must disclose the presence of known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the dwelling. Lessees must also receive a federally approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention.

Lessor's Disclosure (initial)

____ ____ (a) Presence of lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards (check (i) or (ii) below):
(i) ____ ☐ ____ Known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards are present in the housing (explain).

(ii) ____ ☐ ____ Lessor has no knowledge of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.
____ ____ (b) Records and reports available to the Lessor (check (i) or (ii) below):
(i) ____ ☐ ____ Lessor has provided the Lessee with all available records and reports pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing (list documents below).

(ii) ____ ☐ ____ Lessor has no reports or records pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.

Lessee's Acknowledgment (initial)

____ ____ (c) Lessee has received copies of all information listed above.
____ ____ (d) Lessee has received the pamphlet ***Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Home***.

Agent's Acknowledgment (initial)

_____ ____ (e) Agent has informed the Lessor of the Lessor's obligations under 42 U.S.C. 4852d and is aware of his/her responsibility to ensure compliance.

Certification of Accuracy
The following parties have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of their knowledge, that the information provided by the signatory is true and accurate.

Lessor's signature	Date	Lessor's signature	Date
Lessee's signature	Date	Lessee's signature	Date
Agent's signature	Date	Agent's signature	Date

14. SERVICEMEMBER. If Tenant is a member of the United States Armed Forces on active duty or state active duty or a member of the Florida National Guard or United States Reserve Forces, the Tenant has rights to terminate the Lease as provided in Section 83.682, Florida Statutes, the provisions of which can be found in the attachment to this Lease.

15. LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES. Landlord's Agent may enter the Premises in the following circumstances:

A. At any time for the protection or preservation of the Premises.

B. After reasonable notice to Tenant at reasonable times for the purpose of repairing the Premises.

C. To inspect the Premises; make necessary or agreed-upon repairs, decorations, alterations, or improvements; supply agreed services; or exhibit the Premises to prospective or actual purchasers, mortgagees, tenants, workers, or contractors under any of the following circumstances:

(1) with Tenant's consent;

(2) in case of emergency;

(3) when Tenant unreasonably withholds consent; or

(4) if Tenant is absent from the Premises for a period of at least one-half a rental installment period. (If the rent is current and Tenant notifies Landlord of an intended absence, then Landlord may enter only with Tenant's consent or for the protection or preservation of the Premises.)

16. HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION. IF TENANT MUST BE APPROVED BY A HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION ("ASSOCIATION"), LANDLORD AND TENANT AGREE THAT THE LEASE IS CONTINGENT UPON RECEIVING APPROVAL FROM THE ASSOCIATION. ANY APPLICATION FEE REQUIRED BY AN ASSOCIATION SHALL BE PAID BY ☐ LANDLORD ☐ TENANT. IF SUCH APPROVAL IS NOT OBTAINED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF LEASE TERM, EITHER PARTY MAY TERMINATE THE LEASE BY WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE OTHER GIVEN AT ANY TIME PRIOR TO APPROVAL BY THE ASSOCIATION, AND IF THE LEASE IS TERMINATED, TENANT SHALL RECEIVE RETURN OF DEPOSITS SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE 5, IF MADE. If the Lease is not terminated, rent shall abate until the approval is obtained from the association. Tenant agrees to use due diligence in applying for association approval and to comply with the requirements for obtaining approval. ☐ Landlord ☐ Tenant shall pay the security deposit required by the association, if applicable.

17. USE OF THE PREMISES. Tenant shall use the Premises for residential purposes. Tenant shall have exclusive use and right of possession to the dwelling. The Premises shall be used so as to comply with all state, county, municipal laws and ordinances, and all covenants and restrictions affecting the Premises and all rules and regulations of homeowners' associations affecting the Premises. Tenant may not paint or make any alterations or improvements to the Premises without first obtaining the Landlord's written consent to the alteration or improvement. However, unless this box ☐ is checked, Tenant may hang pictures and install window treatments in the Premises without Landlord's consent, provided Tenant removes all such items before the end of the Lease Term and repairs all damage resulting from the removal. Any improvements or alterations to the Premises made by the Tenant shall become Landlord's property. Tenant agrees not to use, keep, or store on the Premises any dangerous, explosive, toxic material which would increase the probability of fire or which would increase the cost of insuring the Premises.

18. RISK OF LOSS/INSURANCE.

A. Landlord and Tenant shall each be responsible for loss, damage, or injury caused by its own negligence or willful conduct.

B. Tenant should carry insurance covering Tenant's personal property and Tenant's liability insurance.

19. PROHIBITED ACTS BY LANDLORD. Landlord is prohibited from taking certain actions as described in Section 83.67, Florida Statutes, the provisions of which can be found in the attachment to this Lease.

20. CASUALTY DAMAGE. If the Premises are damaged or destroyed other than by wrongful or negligent acts of Tenant or persons on the Premises with Tenant's consent, so that the use of the Premises is substantially impaired, Tenant may terminate the Lease within 30 days after the damage or destruction and Tenant will immediately vacate the Premises. If Tenant vacates, Tenant is not liable for rent that would have been due after the date of termination. Tenant may vacate the part of the Premises rendered unusable by the damage or destruction, in which case Tenant's liability for rent shall be reduced by the fair rental value of the part of the Premises that was damaged or destroyed.

21. DEFAULTS/REMEDIES. Should a party to the Lease fail to fulfill their responsibilities under the Lease or need to determine whether there has been a default of the Lease, refer to Part II, Chapter 83, entitled Florida Residential Landlord and Tenant Act which contains information on defaults and remedies. A copy of the current version of this Act is attached to the Lease.

22. SUBORDINATION. The Lease is automatically subordinate to the lien of any mortgage encumbering the fee title to the Premises from time to time.

23. LIENS. THE INTEREST OF THE LANDLORD SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO LIENS FOR IMPROVEMENTS MADE BY THE TENANT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 713.10, FLORIDA STATUTES. Tenant shall notify all parties performing work on the Premises at Tenant's request that the Lease does not allow any liens to attach to Landlord's interest.

24. RENEWAL/EXTENSION. The Lease can be renewed or extended only by a written agreement signed by both Landlord and Tenant, but the term of a renewal or extension together with the original Lease Term may not exceed one year. A new lease is required for each year.

25. TENANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER. Tenant shall, within 5 business days of obtaining telephone services at the Premises, send written notice to Landlord of Tenant's telephone numbers at the Premises.

26. ATTORNEYS' FEES. In any lawsuit brought to enforce the Lease or under applicable law, the party in whose favor a judgment or decree has been rendered may recover reasonable court costs, including attorneys' fees, from the non-prevailing party.

27. MISCELLANEOUS.

A. Time is of the essence of the performance of each party's obligations under the Lease.

B. The Lease shall be binding upon and for the benefit of the heirs, personal representatives, successors, and permitted assigns of Landlord and Tenant, subject to the requirements specifically mentioned in the Lease. Whenever used, the singular number shall include the plural or singular and the use of any gender shall include all appropriate genders.

C. The agreements contained in the Lease set forth the complete understanding of the parties and may not be changed or terminated orally.

D. No agreement to accept surrender of the Premises from Tenant will be valid unless in writing and signed by Landlord.

E. All questions concerning the meaning, execution, construction, effect, validity, and enforcement of the Lease shall be determined pursuant to the laws of Florida.

F. A facsimile copy of the Lease and any signatures hereon shall be considered for all purposes originals.

G. As required by law, Landlord makes the following disclosure: "RADON GAS." Radon is a naturally occurring radioactive gas that, when it has accumulated in a building in sufficient quantities, may present health risks to persons who are exposed to it over time. Levels of radon that exceed federal and state guidelines have been found in buildings in Florida. Additional information regarding radon and radon testing may be obtained from your county health department.

28. BROKERS' COMMISSION. ☐ Check and complete if applicable. The brokerage companies named below will be paid the commission set forth in this paragraph by ☐ Landlord ☐ Tenant for procuring a tenant for this transaction.

Scott Smith, PA	
Real Estate Licensee	Real Estate Licensee
Keller Williams - Palm Beaches	
Real Estate Brokerage Company	Real Estate Brokerage Company
Commission	Commission

29. TENANT'S PERSONAL PROPERTY. TENANT MUST INITIAL IN THIS BOX ____ FOR THE FOLLOWING PROVISION TO APPLY. BY SIGNING THIS RENTAL AGREEMENT, THE TENANT AGREES THAT UPON SURRENDER, ABANDONMENT, OR RECOVERY OF POSSESSION OF THE DWELLING UNIT DUE TO THE DEATH OF THE LAST REMAINING TENANT, AS PROVIDED BY CHAPTER 83, FLORIDA STATUTES, THE LANDLORD SHALL NOT BE LIABLE OR RESPONSIBLE FOR STORAGE OR DISPOSITION OF THE TENANT'S PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The Lease has been executed by the parties on the dates indicated below.

Landlord's Signature	Date
Landlord's Signature	Date
Landlord's Signature	Date
Tenant's Signature	Date
Tenant's Signature	Date

This form was completed with the assistance of:

Name of Individual: _____

Name of Business: _____

Address: _____

Telephone Number: _____

RLHD-3x Rev.7/16 Approved on April 15, 2010, by the Supreme Court of Florida, for use under rule 10-2.1(a) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar.

Early Termination Fee/Liquidated Damages Addendum

☐ I agree, as provided in the rental agreement, to pay $_____(an amount that does not exceed two months' rent) as liquidated damages or an early termination fee if I elect to terminate the rental agreement and the landlord waives the right to seek additional rent beyond the month in which the landlord retakes possession.

☐ I do not agree to liquidated damages or an early termination fee, and I acknowledge that the landlord may seek damages as provided by law.

Landlord's Signature Date

Landlord's Signature Date

Landlord's Signature Date

Tenant's Signature Date

Tenant's Signature Date

PART II

RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES

83.40 Short title.
83.41 Application.
83.42 Exclusions from application of part.
83.43 Definitions.
83.44 Obligation of good faith.
83.45 Unconscionable rental agreement or provision.
83.46 Rent; duration of tenancies.
83.47 Prohibited provisions in rental agreements.
83.48 Attorney fees.
83.49 Deposit money or advance rent; duty of landlord and tenant.
83.50 Disclosure of landlord's address.
83.51 Landlord's obligation to maintain premises.
83.52 Tenant's obligation to maintain dwelling unit.
83.53 Landlord's access to dwelling unit.
83.535 Flotation bedding system; restrictions on use.
83.54 Enforcement of rights and duties; civil action; criminal offenses.
83.55 Right of action for damages.
83.56 Termination of rental agreement.
83.561 Termination of rental agreement upon foreclosure.
83.57 Termination of tenancy without specific term.
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83.58 Remedies; tenant holding over.
83.59 Right of action for possession.
83.595 Choice of remedies upon breach or early termination by tenant.
83.60 Defenses to action for rent or possession; procedure.
83.61 Disbursement of funds in registry of court; prompt final hearing.
83.62 Restoration of possession to landlord.
83.625 Power to award possession and enter money judgment.
83.63 Casualty damage.
83.64 Retaliatory conduct.
83.67 Prohibited practices.
83.681 Orders to enjoin violations of this part.
83.682 Termination of rental agreement by a servicemember.
83.683 Rental application by a servicemember

83.40 Short title.—This part shall be known as the "Florida Residential Landlord and Tenant Act."
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.41 Application.—This part applies to the rental of a dwelling unit.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; ss. 2, 20, ch. 82-66.

83.42 Exclusions from application of part.—This part does not apply to:
(1) Residency or detention in a facility, whether public or private, when residence or detention is incidental to the provision of medical, geriatric, educational, counseling, religious, or similar services. For residents of a facility licensed under part II of chapter 400, the provisions of s. 400.0255 are the exclusive procedures for all transfers and discharges.
(2) Occupancy under a contract of sale of a dwelling unit or the property of which it is a part in which the buyer has paid at least 12 months' rent or in which the buyer has paid at least 1 month's rent and a deposit of at least 5 percent of the purchase price of the property.
(3) Transient occupancy in a hotel, condominium, motel, roominghouse, or similar public lodging, or transient occupancy in a mobile home park.
(4) Occupancy by a holder of a proprietary lease in a cooperative apartment.
(5) Occupancy by an owner of a condominium unit.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 40, ch. 2012-160; s. 1, ch. 2013-136.

83.43 Definitions.—As used in this part, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings unless some other meaning is plainly indicated:
(1) "Building, housing, and health codes" means any law, ordinance, or governmental regulation concerning health, safety, sanitation or fitness for habitation, or the construction, maintenance, operation, occupancy, use, or appearance, of any dwelling unit.
(2) "Dwelling unit" means:
(a) A structure or part of a structure that is rented for use as a home, residence, or sleeping place by one person or by two or more persons who maintain a common household.
(b) A mobile home rented by a tenant.
(c) A structure or part of a structure that is furnished, with or without rent, as an incident of employment for use as a home, residence, or sleeping place by one or more persons.
(3) "Landlord" means the owner or lessor of a dwelling unit.
(4) "Tenant" means any person entitled to occupy a dwelling unit under a rental agreement.

(5) “Premises” means a dwelling unit and the structure of which it is a part and a mobile home lot and the appurtenant facilities and grounds, areas, facilities, and property held out for the use of tenants generally.
(6) “Rent” means the periodic payments due the landlord from the tenant for occupancy under a rental agreement and any other payments due the landlord from the tenant as may be designated as rent in a written rental agreement.
(7) “Rental agreement” means any written agreement, including amendments or addenda, or oral agreement for a duration of less than 1 year, providing for use and occupancy of premises.
(8) “Good faith” means honesty in fact in the conduct or transaction concerned.
(9) “Advance rent” means moneys paid to the landlord to be applied to future rent payment periods, but does not include rent paid in advance for a current rent payment period.
(10) “Transient occupancy” means occupancy when it is the intention of the parties that the occupancy will be temporary.
(11) “Deposit money” means any money held by the landlord on behalf of the tenant, including, but not limited to, damage deposits, security deposits, advance rent deposit, pet deposit, or any contractual deposit agreed to between landlord and tenant either in writing or orally.
(12) “Security deposits” means any moneys held by the landlord as security for the performance of the rental agreement, including, but not limited to, monetary damage to the landlord caused by the tenant’s breach of lease prior to the expiration thereof.
(13) “Legal holiday” means holidays observed by the clerk of the court.
(14) “Servicemember” shall have the same meaning as provided in s. 250.01.
(15) “Active duty” shall have the same meaning as provided in s. 250.01.
(16) “State active duty” shall have the same meaning as provided in s. 250.01.
(17) “Early termination fee” means any charge, fee, or forfeiture that is provided for in a written rental agreement and is assessed to a tenant when a tenant elects to terminate the rental agreement, as provided in the agreement, and vacates a dwelling unit before the end of the rental agreement. An early termination fee does not include:
(a) Unpaid rent and other accrued charges through the end of the month in which the landlord retakes possession of the dwelling unit.
(b) Charges for damages to the dwelling unit.
(c) Charges associated with a rental agreement settlement, release, buyout, or accord and satisfaction agreement.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 1, ch. 74-143; s. 1, ch. 81-190; s. 3, ch. 83-151; s. 17, ch. 94-170; s. 2, ch. 2003-72; s. 1, ch. 2008-131.

83.44 Obligation of good faith.—Every rental agreement or duty within this part imposes an obligation of good faith in its performance or enforcement.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.45 Unconscionable rental agreement or provision.—
(1) If the court as a matter of law finds a rental agreement or any provision of a rental agreement to have been unconscionable at the time it was made, the court may refuse to enforce the rental agreement, enforce the remainder of the rental agreement without the unconscionable provision, or so limit the application of any unconscionable provision as to avoid any unconscionable result.
(2) When it is claimed or appears to the court that the rental agreement or any provision thereof may be unconscionable, the parties shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to present evidence as to meaning, relationship of the parties, purpose, and effect to aid the court in making the determination.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.46 Rent; duration of tenancies.—
(1) Unless otherwise agreed, rent is payable without demand or notice; periodic rent is payable at the beginning of each rent payment period; and rent is uniformly apportionable from day to day.
(2) If the rental agreement contains no provision as to duration of the tenancy, the duration is determined by the periods for which the rent is payable. If the rent is payable weekly, then the tenancy is from week to week; if payable monthly, tenancy is from month to month; if payable quarterly, tenancy is from quarter to quarter; if payable yearly, tenancy is from year to year.
(3) If the dwelling unit is furnished without rent as an incident of employment and there is no agreement as to the duration of the tenancy, the duration is determined by the periods for which wages are payable. If wages are payable weekly or more frequently, then the tenancy is from week to week; and if wages are payable monthly or no wages are payable, then the tenancy is from month to month. In the event that the employee ceases employment, the employer shall be entitled to rent for the period from the day after the employee ceases employment until the day that the dwelling unit is vacated at a rate equivalent to the rate charged for similarly situated residences in the area. This subsection shall not apply to an employee or a resident manager of an apartment house or an apartment complex when there is a written agreement to the contrary.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 2, ch. 81-190; s. 2, ch. 87-195; s. 2, ch. 90-133; s. 1, ch. 93-255.

83.47 Prohibited provisions in rental agreements.—
(1) A provision in a rental agreement is void and unenforceable to the extent that it:
(a) Purports to waive or preclude the rights, remedies, or requirements set forth in this part.
(b) Purports to limit or preclude any liability of the landlord to the tenant or of the tenant to the landlord, arising under law.
(2) If such a void and unenforceable provision is included in a rental agreement entered into, extended, or renewed after the effective date of this part and either party suffers actual damages as a result of the inclusion, the aggrieved party may recover those damages sustained after the effective date of this part.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330.
83.48 Attorney fees.—In any civil action brought to enforce the provisions of the rental agreement or this part, the party in whose favor a judgment or decree has been rendered may recover reasonable attorney fees and court costs from the nonprevailing party. The right to attorney fees in this section may not be waived in a lease agreement. However, attorney fees may not be awarded under this section in a claim for personal injury damages based on a breach of duty under s. 83.51.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 4, ch. 83-151; s. 2, ch. 2013-136.

83.49 Deposit money or advance rent; duty of landlord and tenant.—

(1) Whenever money is deposited or advanced by a tenant on a rental agreement as security for performance of the rental agreement or as advance rent for other than the next immediate rental period, the landlord or the landlord's agent shall either:
(a) Hold the total amount of such money in a separate non-interest-bearing account in a Florida banking institution for the benefit of the tenant or tenants. The landlord shall not commingle such moneys with any other funds of the landlord or hypothecate, pledge, or in any other way make use of such moneys until such moneys are actually due the landlord;
(b) Hold the total amount of such money in a separate interest-bearing account in a Florida banking institution for the benefit of the tenant or tenants, in which case the tenant shall receive and collect interest in an amount of at least 75 percent of the annualized average interest rate payable on such account or interest at the rate of 5 percent per year, simple interest, whichever the landlord elects. The landlord shall not commingle such moneys with any other funds of the landlord or hypothecate, pledge, or in any other way make use of such moneys until such moneys are actually due the landlord; or
(c) Post a surety bond, executed by the landlord as principal and a surety company authorized and licensed to do business in the state as surety, with the clerk of the circuit court in the county in which the dwelling unit is located in the total amount of the security deposits and advance rent he or she holds on behalf of the tenants or $50,000, whichever is less. The bond shall be conditioned upon the faithful compliance of the landlord with the provisions of this section and shall run to the Governor for the benefit of any tenant injured by the landlord's violation of the provisions of this section. In addition to posting the surety bond, the landlord shall pay to the tenant interest at the rate of 5 percent per year, simple interest. A landlord, or the landlord's agent, engaged in the renting of dwelling units in five or more counties, who holds deposit moneys or advance rent and who is otherwise subject to the provisions of this section, may, in lieu of posting a surety bond in each county, elect to post a surety bond in the form and manner provided in this paragraph with the office of the Secretary of State. The bond shall be in the total amount of the security deposit or advance rent held on behalf of tenants or in the amount of $250,000, whichever is less. The bond shall be conditioned upon the faithful compliance of the landlord with the provisions of this section and shall run to the Governor for the benefit of any tenant injured by the landlord's violation of this section. In addition to posting a surety bond, the landlord shall pay to the tenant interest on the security deposit or advance rent held on behalf of that tenant at the rate of 5 percent per year simple interest.
(2) The landlord shall, in the lease agreement or within 30 days after receipt of advance rent or a security deposit, give written notice to the tenant which includes disclosure of the advance rent or security deposit. Subsequent to providing such written notice, if the landlord changes the manner or location in which he or she is holding the advance rent or security deposit, he or she must notify the tenant within 30 days after the change as provided in paragraphs (a)-(d). The landlord is not required to give new or additional notice solely because the depository has merged with another financial institution, changed its name, or transferred ownership to a different financial institution. This subsection does not apply to any landlord who rents fewer than five individual dwelling units. Failure to give this notice is not a defense to the payment of rent when due. The written notice must:
(a) Be given in person or by mail to the tenant.
(b) State the name and address of the depository where the advance rent or security deposit is being held or state that the landlord has posted a surety bond as provided by law.
(c) State whether the tenant is entitled to interest on the deposit.
(d) Contain the following disclosure:

YOUR LEASE REQUIRES PAYMENT OF CERTAIN DEPOSITS. THE LANDLORD MAY TRANSFER ADVANCE RENTS TO THE LANDLORD'S ACCOUNT AS THEY ARE DUE AND WITHOUT NOTICE. WHEN YOU MOVE OUT, YOU MUST GIVE THE LANDLORD YOUR NEW ADDRESS SO THAT THE LANDLORD CAN SEND YOU NOTICES REGARDING YOUR DEPOSIT. THE LANDLORD MUST MAIL YOU NOTICE, WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER YOU MOVE OUT, OF THE LANDLORD'S INTENT TO IMPOSE A CLAIM AGAINST THE DEPOSIT. IF YOU DO NOT REPLY TO THE LANDLORD STATING YOUR OBJECTION TO THE CLAIM WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE LANDLORD'S NOTICE, THE LANDLORD WILL COLLECT THE CLAIM AND MUST MAIL YOU THE REMAINING DEPOSIT, IF ANY.

IF THE LANDLORD FAILS TO TIMELY MAIL YOU NOTICE, THE LANDLORD MUST RETURN THE DEPOSIT BUT MAY LATER FILE A LAWSUIT AGAINST YOU FOR DAMAGES. IF YOU FAIL TO TIMELY OBJECT TO A CLAIM, THE LANDLORD MAY COLLECT FROM THE DEPOSIT, BUT YOU MAY LATER FILE A LAWSUIT CLAIMING A REFUND.

YOU SHOULD ATTEMPT TO INFORMALLY RESOLVE ANY DISPUTE BEFORE FILING A LAWSUIT. GENERALLY, THE PARTY IN WHOSE FAVOR A JUDGMENT IS RENDERED WILL BE AWARDED COSTS AND ATTORNEY FEES PAYABLE BY THE LOSING PARTY.

THIS DISCLOSURE IS BASIC. PLEASE REFER TO PART II OF CHAPTER 83, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO DETERMINE YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS.

(3) The landlord or the landlord's agent may disburse advance rents from the deposit account to the landlord's benefit when the advance rental period commences and without notice to the tenant. For all other deposits:
(a) Upon the vacating of the premises for termination of the lease, if the landlord does not intend to impose a claim on the security deposit, the landlord shall have 15 days to return the security deposit together with interest if otherwise required, or the landlord shall have 30 days to give the tenant written notice by certified mail to the tenant's last known mailing address of his or her intention to impose a claim on the deposit and the reason for imposing the claim. The notice shall contain a statement in substantially the following form:

This is a notice of my intention to impose a claim for damages in the amount of _____upon your security deposit, due to _____. It is sent to you as required by s. 83.49(3), Florida Statutes. You are hereby notified that you must object in writing to this deduction from your security deposit within 15 days from the time you receive this notice or I will be authorized to deduct my claim from your security deposit. Your objection must be sent to (landlord's address) .

If the landlord fails to give the required notice within the 30-day period, he or she forfeits the right to impose a claim upon the security deposit and may not seek a setoff against the deposit but may file an action for damages after return of the deposit.
(b) Unless the tenant objects to the imposition of the landlord's claim or the amount thereof within 15 days after receipt of the landlord's notice of intention to impose a claim, the landlord may then deduct the amount of his or her claim and shall remit the balance of the deposit to the tenant within 30 days after the date of the notice of intention to impose a claim for damages. The failure of the tenant to make a timely objection does not waive any rights of the tenant to seek damages in a separate action.
(c) If either party institutes an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to adjudicate the party's right to the security deposit, the prevailing party is entitled to receive his or her court costs plus a reasonable fee for his or her attorney. The court shall advance the cause on the calendar.
(d) Compliance with this section by an individual or business entity authorized to conduct business in this state, including Florida-licensed real estate brokers and sales associates, constitutes compliance with all other relevant Florida Statutes pertaining to security deposits held pursuant to a rental agreement or other landlord-tenant relationship. Enforcement personnel shall look solely to this section to determine compliance. This section prevails over any conflicting provisions in chapter 475 and in other sections of the Florida Statutes, and shall operate to permit licensed real estate brokers to disburse security deposits and deposit money without having to comply with the notice and settlement procedures contained in s. 475.25(1)(d).
(4) The provisions of this section do not apply to transient rentals by hotels or motels as defined in chapter 509; nor do they apply in those instances in which the amount of rent or deposit, or both, is regulated by law or by rules or regulations of a public body, including public housing authorities and federally administered or regulated housing programs including s. 202, s. 221(d)(3) and (4), s. 236, or s. 8 of the National Housing Act, as amended, other than for rent stabilization. With the exception of subsections (3), (5), and (6), this section is not applicable to housing authorities or public housing agencies created pursuant to chapter 421 or other statutes.
(5) Except when otherwise provided by the terms of a written lease, any tenant who vacates or abandons the premises prior to the expiration of the term specified in the written lease, or any tenant who vacates or abandons premises which are the subject of a tenancy from week to week, month to month, quarter to quarter, or year to year, shall give at least 7 days' written notice by certified mail or personal delivery to the landlord prior to vacating or abandoning the premises which notice shall include the address where the tenant may be reached. Failure to give such notice shall relieve the landlord of the notice requirement of paragraph (3)(a) but shall not waive any right the tenant may have to the security deposit or any part of it.
(6) For the purposes of this part, a renewal of an existing rental agreement shall be considered a new rental agreement, and any security deposit carried forward shall be considered a new security deposit.
(7) Upon the sale or transfer of title of the rental property from one owner to another, or upon a change in the designated rental agent, any and all security deposits or advance rents being held for the benefit of the tenants shall be transferred to the new owner or agent, together with any earned interest and with an accurate accounting showing the amounts to be credited to each tenant account. Upon the transfer of such funds and records to the new owner or agent, and upon transmittal of a written receipt therefor, the transferor is free from the obligation imposed in subsection (1) to hold such moneys on behalf of the tenant. There is a rebuttable presumption that any new owner or agent received the security deposit from the previous owner or agent; however, this presumption is limited to 1 month's rent. This subsection does not excuse the landlord or agent for a violation of other provisions of this section while in possession of such deposits.
(8) Any person licensed under the provisions of s. 509.241, unless excluded by the provisions of this part, who fails to comply with the provisions of this part shall be subject to a fine or to the suspension or revocation of his or her license by the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation in the manner provided in s. 509.261.
(9) In those cases in which interest is required to be paid to the tenant, the landlord shall pay directly to the tenant, or credit against the current month's rent, the interest due to the tenant at least once annually. However, no interest shall be due a tenant who wrongfully terminates his or her tenancy prior to the end of the rental term.
History.—s. 1, ch. 69-282; s. 3, ch. 70-360; s. 1, ch. 72-19; s. 1, ch. 72-43; s. 5, ch. 73-330; s. 1, ch. 74-93; s. 3, ch. 74-146; ss. 1, 2, ch. 75-133; s. 1, ch. 76-15; s. 1, ch. 77-445; s. 20, ch. 79-400; s. 21, ch. 82-66; s. 5, ch. 83-151; s. 13, ch. 83-217; s. 3, ch. 87-195; s. 1, ch. 87-369; s. 3, ch. 88-379; s. 2, ch. 93-255; s. 5, ch. 94-218; s. 1372, ch. 95-147; s. 1, ch. 96-146; s. 1, ch. 2001-179; s. 53, ch. 2003-164; s. 3, ch. 2013-136.
Note.—Former s. 83.261.

83.50 Disclosure of landlord's address.—In addition to any other disclosure required by law, the landlord, or a person authorized to enter into a rental agreement on the landlord's behalf, shall disclose in writing to the tenant, at or before the commencement of the tenancy, the name and address of the landlord or a person authorized to receive notices and demands in the landlord's behalf. The person so authorized to receive notices and demands retains authority until the tenant is notified otherwise. All notices of such names and addresses or changes thereto shall be delivered to the tenant's residence or, if specified in writing by the tenant, to any other address.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 443, ch. 95-147; s. 5, ch. 2013-136.

83.51 Landlord's obligation to maintain premises.—
(1) The landlord at all times during the tenancy shall:
(a) Comply with the requirements of applicable building, housing, and health codes; or
(b) Where there are no applicable building, housing, or health codes, maintain the roofs, windows, doors, floors, steps, porches, exterior walls, foundations, and all other structural components in good repair and capable of resisting normal forces and loads and the plumbing in reasonable working condition. The landlord, at commencement of the tenancy, must ensure that screens are installed in a reasonable condition. Thereafter, the landlord must repair damage to screens once annually, when necessary, until termination of the rental agreement.

The landlord is not required to maintain a mobile home or other structure owned by the tenant. The landlord's obligations under this subsection may be altered or modified in writing with respect to a single-family home or duplex.
(2)(a) Unless otherwise agreed in writing, in addition to the requirements of subsection (1), the landlord of a dwelling unit other than a single-family home or duplex shall, at all times during the tenancy, make reasonable provisions for:

1. The extermination of rats, mice, roaches, ants, wood-destroying organisms, and bedbugs. When vacation of the premises is required for such extermination, the landlord is not liable for damages but shall abate the rent. The tenant must temporarily vacate the premises for a period of time not to exceed 4 days, on 7 days' written notice, if necessary, for extermination pursuant to this subparagraph.
2. Locks and keys.
3. The clean and safe condition of common areas.
4. Garbage removal and outside receptacles therefor.
5. Functioning facilities for heat during winter, running water, and hot water.
(b) Unless otherwise agreed in writing, at the commencement of the tenancy of a single-family home or duplex, the landlord shall install working smoke detection devices. As used in this paragraph, the term "smoke detection device" means an electrical or battery-operated device which detects visible or invisible particles of combustion and which is listed by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Factory Mutual Laboratories, Inc., or any other nationally recognized testing laboratory using nationally accepted testing standards.
(c) Nothing in this part authorizes the tenant to raise a noncompliance by the landlord with this subsection as a defense to an action for possession under s. 83.59.
(d) This subsection shall not apply to a mobile home owned by a tenant.
(e) Nothing contained in this subsection prohibits the landlord from providing in the rental agreement that the tenant is obligated to pay costs or charges for garbage removal, water, fuel, or utilities.
(3) If the duty imposed by subsection (1) is the same or greater than any duty imposed by subsection (2), the landlord's duty is determined by subsection (1).
(4) The landlord is not responsible to the tenant under this section for conditions created or caused by the negligent or wrongful act or omission of the tenant, a member of the tenant's family, or other person on the premises with the tenant's consent.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 22, ch. 82-66; s. 4, ch. 87-195; s. 1, ch. 90-133; s. 3, ch. 93-255; s. 444, ch. 95-147; s. 8, ch. 97-95; s. 6, ch. 2013-136.

83.52 Tenant's obligation to maintain dwelling unit.—The tenant at all times during the tenancy shall:
(1) Comply with all obligations imposed upon tenants by applicable provisions of building, housing, and health codes.
(2) Keep that part of the premises which he or she occupies and uses clean and sanitary.
(3) Remove from the tenant's dwelling unit all garbage in a clean and sanitary manner.
(4) Keep all plumbing fixtures in the dwelling unit or used by the tenant clean and sanitary and in repair.
(5) Use and operate in a reasonable manner all electrical, plumbing, sanitary, heating, ventilating, air-conditioning and other facilities and appliances, including elevators.
(6) Not destroy, deface, damage, impair, or remove any part of the premises or property therein belonging to the landlord nor permit any person to do so.
(7) Conduct himself or herself, and require other persons on the premises with his or her consent to conduct themselves, in a manner that does not unreasonably disturb the tenant's neighbors or constitute a breach of the peace.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 445, ch. 95-147.

83.53 Landlord's access to dwelling unit.—
(1) The tenant shall not unreasonably withhold consent to the landlord to enter the dwelling unit from time to time in order to inspect the premises; make necessary or agreed repairs, decorations, alterations, or improvements; supply agreed services; or exhibit the dwelling unit to prospective or actual purchasers, mortgagees, tenants, workers, or contractors.
(2) The landlord may enter the dwelling unit at any time for the protection or preservation of the premises. The landlord may enter the dwelling unit upon reasonable notice to the tenant and at a reasonable time for the purpose of repair of the premises. "Reasonable notice" for the purpose of repair is notice given at least 12 hours prior to the entry, and reasonable time for the purpose of repair shall be between the hours of 7:30 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. The landlord may enter the dwelling unit when necessary for the further purposes set forth in subsection (1) under any of the following circumstances:
(a) With the consent of the tenant;
(b) In case of emergency;
(c) When the tenant unreasonably withholds consent; or
(d) If the tenant is absent from the premises for a period of time equal to one-half the time for periodic rental payments. If the rent is current and the tenant notifies the landlord of an intended absence, then the landlord may enter only with the consent of the tenant or for the protection or preservation of the premises.
(3) The landlord shall not abuse the right of access nor use it to harass the tenant.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 5, ch. 87-195; s. 4, ch. 93-255; s. 446, ch. 95-147.

83.535 Flotation bedding system; restrictions on use.—No landlord may prohibit a tenant from using a flotation bedding system in a dwelling unit, provided the flotation bedding system does not violate applicable building codes. The tenant shall be required to carry in the tenant's name flotation insurance as is standard in the industry in an amount deemed reasonable to protect the tenant and owner against personal injury and property damage to the dwelling units. In any case, the policy shall carry a loss payable clause to the owner of the building.
History.—s. 7, ch. 82-66; s. 5, ch. 93-255.

83.54 Enforcement of rights and duties; civil action; criminal offenses.—Any right or duty declared in this part is enforceable by civil action. A right or duty enforced by civil action under this section does not preclude prosecution for a criminal offense related to the lease or leased property.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 7, ch. 2013-136.

83.55 Right of action for damages.—If either the landlord or the tenant fails to comply with the requirements of the rental agreement or this part, the aggrieved party may recover the damages caused by the noncompliance.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.56 Termination of rental agreement.—

(1) If the landlord materially fails to comply with s. 83.51(1) or material provisions of the rental agreement within 7 days after delivery of written notice by the tenant specifying the noncompliance and indicating the intention of the tenant to terminate the rental agreement by reason thereof, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement. If the failure to comply with s. 83.51(1) or material provisions of the rental agreement is due to causes beyond the control of the landlord and the landlord has made and continues to make every reasonable effort to correct the failure to comply, the rental agreement may be terminated or altered by the parties, as follows:
(a) If the landlord's failure to comply renders the dwelling unit untenantable and the tenant vacates, the tenant shall not be liable for rent during the period the dwelling unit remains uninhabitable.
(b) If the landlord's failure to comply does not render the dwelling unit untenantable and the tenant remains in occupancy, the rent for the period of noncompliance shall be reduced by an amount in proportion to the loss of rental value caused by the noncompliance.
(2) If the tenant materially fails to comply with s. 83.52 or material provisions of the rental agreement, other than a failure to pay rent, or reasonable rules or regulations, the landlord may:
(a) If such noncompliance is of a nature that the tenant should not be given an opportunity to cure it or if the noncompliance constitutes a subsequent or continuing noncompliance within 12 months of a written warning by the landlord of a similar violation, deliver a written notice to the tenant specifying the noncompliance and the landlord's intent to terminate the rental agreement by reason thereof. Examples of noncompliance which are of a nature that the tenant should not be given an opportunity to cure include, but are not limited to, destruction, damage, or misuse of the landlord's or other tenants' property by intentional act or a subsequent or continued unreasonable disturbance. In such event, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement, and the tenant shall have 7 days from the date that the notice is delivered to vacate the premises. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

You are advised that your lease is terminated effective immediately. You shall have 7 days from the delivery of this letter to vacate the premises. This action is taken because (cite the noncompliance) .
(b) If such noncompliance is of a nature that the tenant should be given an opportunity to cure it, deliver a written notice to the tenant specifying the noncompliance, including a notice that, if the noncompliance is not corrected within 7 days from the date that the written notice is delivered, the landlord shall terminate the rental agreement by reason thereof. Examples of such noncompliance include, but are not limited to, activities in contravention of the lease or this part such as having or permitting unauthorized pets, guests, or vehicles; parking in an unauthorized manner or permitting such parking; or failing to keep the premises clean and sanitary. If such noncompliance recurs within 12 months after notice, an eviction action may commence without delivering a subsequent notice pursuant to paragraph (a) or this paragraph. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

You are hereby notified that (cite the noncompliance) . Demand is hereby made that you remedy the noncompliance within 7 days of receipt of this notice or your lease shall be deemed terminated and you shall vacate the premises upon such termination. If this same conduct or conduct of a similar nature is repeated within 12 months, your tenancy is subject to termination without further warning and without your being given an opportunity to cure the noncompliance.
(3) If the tenant fails to pay rent when due and the default continues for 3 days, excluding Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays, after delivery of written demand by the landlord for payment of the rent or possession of the premises, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement. Legal holidays for the purpose of this section shall be court-observed holidays only. The 3-day notice shall contain a statement in substantially the following form:

You are hereby notified that you are indebted to me in the sum of _____ dollars for the rent and use of the premises (address of leased premises, including county) , Florida, now occupied by you and that I demand payment of the rent or possession of the premises within 3 days (excluding Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays) from the date of delivery of this notice, to wit: on or before the day of , (year) .

(landlord's name, address and phone number)
(4) The delivery of the written notices required by subsections (1), (2), and (3) shall be by mailing or delivery of a true copy thereof or, if the tenant is absent from the premises, by leaving a copy thereof at the residence. The notice requirements of subsections (1), (2), and (3) may not be waived in the lease.
(5)(a) If the landlord accepts rent with actual knowledge of a noncompliance by the tenant or accepts performance by the tenant of any other provision of the rental agreement that is at variance with its provisions, or if the tenant pays rent with actual knowledge of a noncompliance by the landlord or accepts performance by the landlord of any other provision of the rental agreement that is at variance with its provisions, the landlord or tenant waives his or her right to terminate the rental agreement or to bring a civil action for that noncompliance, but not for any subsequent or continuing noncompliance. However, a landlord does not waive the right to terminate the rental agreement or to bring a civil action for that noncompliance by accepting partial rent for the period. If partial rent is accepted after posting the notice for nonpayment, the landlord must:
1. Provide the tenant with a receipt stating the date and amount received and the agreed upon date and balance of rent due before filing an action for possession;
2. Place the amount of partial rent accepted from the tenant in the registry of the court upon filing the action for possession; or
3. Post a new 3-day notice reflecting the new amount due.
(b) Any tenant who wishes to defend against an action by the landlord for possession of the unit for noncompliance of the rental agreement or of relevant statutes must comply with s. 83.60(2). The court may not set a date for mediation or trial unless the provisions of s. 83.60(2) have been met, but must enter a default judgment for removal of the tenant with a writ of possession to issue immediately if the tenant fails to comply with s. 83.60(2).
(c) This subsection does not apply to that portion of rent subsidies received from a local, state, or national government or an agency of local, state, or national government; however, waiver will occur if an action has not been instituted within 45 days after the landlord obtains actual knowledge of the noncompliance.
(6) If the rental agreement is terminated, the landlord shall comply with s. 83.49(3).
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 23, ch. 82-66; s. 6, ch. 83-151; s. 14, ch. 83-217; s. 6, ch. 87-195; s. 6, ch. 93-255; s. 6, ch. 94-170; s. 1373, ch. 95-147; s. 5, ch. 99-6; s. 8, ch. 2013-136.

83.561 Termination of rental agreement upon foreclosure.—
(1) If a tenant is occupying residential premises that are the subject of a foreclosure sale, upon issuance of a certificate of title following the sale, the purchaser named in the certificate of title takes title to the residential premises subject to the rights of the tenant under this section.
(a) The tenant may remain in possession of the premises for 30 days following the date of the purchaser's delivery of a written 30-day notice of termination.
(b) The tenant is entitled to the protections of s. 83.67.
(c) The 30-day notice of termination must be in substantially the following form:

NOTICE TO TENANT OF TERMINATION

You are hereby notified that your rental agreement is terminated on the date of delivery of this notice, that your occupancy is terminated 30 days following the date of the delivery of this notice, and that I demand possession of the premises on (date) . If you do not vacate the premises by that date, I will ask the court for an order allowing me to remove you and your belongings from the premises. You are obligated to pay rent during the 30-day period for any amount that might accrue during that period. Your rent must be delivered to (landlord's name and address) .
(d) The 30-day notice of termination shall be delivered in the same manner as provided in s. 83.56(4).
(2) The purchaser at the foreclosure sale may apply to the court for a writ of possession based upon a sworn affidavit that the 30-day notice of termination was delivered to the tenant and the tenant has failed to vacate the premises at the conclusion of the 30-day period. If the court awards a writ of possession, the writ must be served on the tenant. The writ of possession shall be governed by s. 83.62.
(3) This section does not apply if:
(a) The tenant is the mortgagor in the subject foreclosure or is the child, spouse, or parent of the mortgagor in the subject foreclosure.
(b) The tenant's rental agreement is not the result of an arm's length transaction.
(c) The tenant's rental agreement allows the tenant to pay rent that is substantially less than the fair market rent for the premises, unless the rent is reduced or subsidized due to a federal, state, or local subsidy.
(4) A purchaser at a foreclosure sale of a residential premises occupied by a tenant does not assume the obligations of a landlord, except as provided in paragraph (1)(b), unless or until the purchaser assumes an existing rental agreement with the tenant that has not ended or enters into a new rental agreement with the tenant.
History.—s. 1, ch. 2015-96.

83.57 Termination of tenancy without specific term.—A tenancy without a specific duration, as defined in s. 83.46(2) or (3), may be terminated by either party giving written notice in the manner provided in s. 83.56(4), as follows:
(1) When the tenancy is from year to year, by giving not less than 60 days' notice prior to the end of any annual period;
(2) When the tenancy is from quarter to quarter, by giving not less than 30 days' notice prior to the end of any quarterly period;
(3) When the tenancy is from month to month, by giving not less than 15 days' notice prior to the end of any monthly period; and
(4) When the tenancy is from week to week, by giving not less than 7 days' notice prior to the end of any weekly period.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 3, ch. 81-190; s. 15, ch. 83-217.

83.575 Termination of tenancy with specific duration.—
(1) A rental agreement with a specific duration may contain a provision requiring the tenant to notify the landlord within a specified period before vacating the premises at the end of the rental agreement, if such provision requires the landlord to notify the tenant within such notice period if the rental agreement will not be renewed; however, a rental agreement may not require more than 60 days' notice from either the tenant or the landlord.
(2) A rental agreement with a specific duration may provide that if a tenant fails to give the required notice before vacating the premises at the end of the rental agreement, the tenant may be liable for liquidated damages as specified in the rental agreement if the landlord provides written notice to the tenant specifying the tenant's obligations under the notification provision contained in the lease and the date the rental agreement is terminated. The landlord must provide such written notice to the tenant within 15 days before the start of the notification period contained in the lease. The written notice shall list all fees, penalties, and other charges applicable to the tenant under this subsection.
(3) If the tenant remains on the premises with the permission of the landlord after the rental agreement has terminated and fails to give notice required under s. 83.57(3), the tenant is liable to the landlord for an additional 1 month's rent.
History.—s. 3, ch. 2003-30; s. 1, ch. 2004-375; s. 9, ch. 2013-136.

83.58 Remedies; tenant holding over.—If the tenant holds over and continues in possession of the dwelling unit or any part thereof after the expiration of the rental agreement without the permission of the landlord, the landlord may recover possession of the dwelling unit in the manner provided for in s. 83.59. The landlord may also recover double the amount of rent due on the dwelling unit, or any part thereof, for the period during which the tenant refuses to surrender possession.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 10, ch. 2013-136.

83.59 Right of action for possession.—
(1) If the rental agreement is terminated and the tenant does not vacate the premises, the landlord may recover possession of the dwelling unit as provided in this section.
(2) A landlord, the landlord's attorney, or the landlord's agent, applying for the removal of a tenant, shall file in the county court of the county where the premises are situated a complaint describing the dwelling unit and stating the facts that authorize its recovery. A landlord's agent is not permitted to take any action other than the initial filing of the complaint, unless the landlord's agent is an attorney. The landlord is entitled to the summary procedure provided in s. 51.011, and the court shall advance the cause on the calendar.
(3) The landlord shall not recover possession of a dwelling unit except:
(a) In an action for possession under subsection (2) or other civil action in which the issue of right of possession is determined;
(b) When the tenant has surrendered possession of the dwelling unit to the landlord;

(c) When the tenant has abandoned the dwelling unit. In the absence of actual knowledge of abandonment, it shall be presumed that the tenant has abandoned the dwelling unit if he or she is absent from the premises for a period of time equal to one-half the time for periodic rental payments. However, this presumption does not apply if the rent is current or the tenant has notified the landlord, in writing, of an intended absence; or
(d) When the last remaining tenant of a dwelling unit is deceased, personal property remains on the premises, rent is unpaid, at least 60 days have elapsed following the date of death, and the landlord has not been notified in writing of the existence of a probate estate or of the name and address of a personal representative. This paragraph does not apply to a dwelling unit used in connection with a federally administered or regulated housing program, including programs under s. 202, s. 221(d)(3) and (4), s. 236, or s. 8 of the National Housing Act, as amended.
(4) The prevailing party is entitled to have judgment for costs and execution therefor.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 1, ch. 74-146; s. 24, ch. 82-66; s. 1, ch. 92-36; s. 447, ch. 95-147; s. 1, ch. 2007-136; s. 11, ch. 2013-136.

83.595 Choice of remedies upon breach or early termination by tenant.—If the tenant breaches the rental agreement for the dwelling unit and the landlord has obtained a writ of possession, or the tenant has surrendered possession of the dwelling unit to the landlord, or the tenant has abandoned the dwelling unit, the landlord may:
(1) Treat the rental agreement as terminated and retake possession for his or her own account, thereby terminating any further liability of the tenant;
(2) Retake possession of the dwelling unit for the account of the tenant, holding the tenant liable for the difference between the rent stipulated to be paid under the rental agreement and what the landlord is able to recover from a reletting. If the landlord retakes possession, the landlord has a duty to exercise good faith in attempting to relet the premises, and any rent received by the landlord as a result of the reletting must be deducted from the balance of rent due from the tenant. For purposes of this subsection, the term “good faith in attempting to relet the premises” means that the landlord uses at least the same efforts to relet the premises as were used in the initial rental or at least the same efforts as the landlord uses in attempting to rent other similar rental units but does not require the landlord to give a preference in renting the premises over other vacant dwelling units that the landlord owns or has the responsibility to rent;
(3) Stand by and do nothing, holding the lessee liable for the rent as it comes due; or
(4) Charge liquidated damages, as provided in the rental agreement, or an early termination fee to the tenant if the landlord and tenant have agreed to liquidated damages or an early termination fee, if the amount does not exceed 2 months’ rent, and if, in the case of an early termination fee, the tenant is required to give no more than 60 days’ notice, as provided in the rental agreement, prior to the proposed date of early termination. This remedy is available only if the tenant and the landlord, at the time the rental agreement was made, indicated acceptance of liquidated damages or an early termination fee. The tenant must indicate acceptance of liquidated damages or an early termination fee by signing a separate addendum to the rental agreement containing a provision in substantially the following form:

☐ I agree, as provided in the rental agreement, to pay $_____ (an amount that does not exceed 2 months’ rent) as liquidated damages or an early termination fee if I elect to terminate the rental agreement, and the landlord waives the right to seek additional rent beyond the month in which the landlord retakes possession.

☐ I do not agree to liquidated damages or an early termination fee, and I acknowledge that the landlord may seek damages as provided by law.

(a) In addition to liquidated damages or an early termination fee, the landlord is entitled to the rent and other charges accrued through the end of the month in which the landlord retakes possession of the dwelling unit and charges for damages to the dwelling unit.
(b) This subsection does not apply if the breach is failure to give notice as provided in s. 83.575.
History.—s. 2, ch. 87-369; s. 4, ch. 88-379; s. 448, ch. 95-147; s. 2, ch. 2008-131.

83.60 Defenses to action for rent or possession; procedure.—
(1)(a) In an action by the landlord for possession of a dwelling unit based upon nonpayment of rent or in an action by the landlord under s. 83.55 seeking to recover unpaid rent, the tenant may defend upon the ground of a material noncompliance with s. 83.51(1), or may raise any other defense, whether legal or equitable, that he or she may have, including the defense of retaliatory conduct in accordance with s. 83.64. The landlord must be given an opportunity to cure a deficiency in a notice or in the pleadings before dismissal of the action.
(b) The defense of a material noncompliance with s. 83.51(1) may be raised by the tenant if 7 days have elapsed after the delivery of written notice by the tenant to the landlord, specifying the noncompliance and indicating the intention of the tenant not to pay rent by reason thereof. Such notice by the tenant may be given to the landlord, the landlord’s representative as designated pursuant to s. 83.50, a resident manager, or the person or entity who collects the rent on behalf of the landlord. A material noncompliance with s. 83.51(1) by the landlord is a complete defense to an action for possession based upon nonpayment of rent, and, upon hearing, the court or the jury, as the case may be, shall determine the amount, if any, by which the rent is to be reduced to reflect the diminution in value of the dwelling unit during the period of noncompliance with s. 83.51(1). After consideration of all other relevant issues, the court shall enter appropriate judgment.
(2) In an action by the landlord for possession of a dwelling unit, if the tenant interposes any defense other than payment, including, but not limited to, the defense of a defective 3-day notice, the tenant shall pay into the registry of the court the accrued rent as alleged in the complaint or as determined by the court and the rent that accrues during the pendency of the proceeding, when due. The clerk shall notify the tenant of such requirement in the summons. Failure of the tenant to pay the rent into the registry of the court or to file a motion to determine the amount of rent to be paid into the registry within 5 days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after the date of service of process constitutes an absolute waiver of the tenant’s defenses other than payment, and the landlord is entitled to an immediate default judgment for removal of the tenant with a writ of possession to issue without further notice or hearing thereon. If a motion to determine rent is filed, documentation in support of the allegation that the rent as alleged in the complaint is in error is required. Public housing tenants or tenants receiving rent subsidies are required to deposit only that portion of the full rent for which they are responsible pursuant to the federal, state, or local program in which they are participating.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 7, ch. 83-151; s. 7, ch. 87-195; s. 7, ch. 93-255; s. 7, ch. 94-170; s. 1374, ch. 95-147; s. 12, ch. 2013-136.

83.61 Disbursement of funds in registry of court; prompt final hearing.—When the tenant has deposited funds into the registry of the court in accordance with the provisions of s. 83.60(2) and the landlord is in actual danger of loss of the premises or other personal hardship

resulting from the loss of rental income from the premises, the landlord may apply to the court for disbursement of all or part of the funds or for prompt final hearing. The court shall advance the cause on the calendar. The court, after preliminary hearing, may award all or any portion of the funds on deposit to the landlord or may proceed immediately to a final resolution of the cause.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 2, ch. 74-146.

83.62 Restoration of possession to landlord.—
(1) In an action for possession, after entry of judgment in favor of the landlord, the clerk shall issue a writ to the sheriff describing the premises and commanding the sheriff to put the landlord in possession after 24 hours' notice conspicuously posted on the premises. Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays do not stay the 24-hour notice period.
(2) At the time the sheriff executes the writ of possession or at any time thereafter, the landlord or the landlord's agent may remove any personal property found on the premises to or near the property line. Subsequent to executing the writ of possession, the landlord may request the sheriff to stand by to keep the peace while the landlord changes the locks and removes the personal property from the premises. When such a request is made, the sheriff may charge a reasonable hourly rate, and the person requesting the sheriff to stand by to keep the peace shall be responsible for paying the reasonable hourly rate set by the sheriff. Neither the sheriff nor the landlord or the landlord's agent shall be liable to the tenant or any other party for the loss, destruction, or damage to the property after it has been removed.
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 3, ch. 82-66; s. 5, ch. 88-379; s. 8, ch. 94-170; s. 1375, ch. 95-147; s. 2, ch. 96-146; s. 13, ch. 2013-136.

83.625 Power to award possession and enter money judgment.—In an action by the landlord for possession of a dwelling unit based upon nonpayment of rent, if the court finds the rent is due, owing, and unpaid and by reason thereof the landlord is entitled to possession of the premises, the court, in addition to awarding possession of the premises to the landlord, shall direct, in an amount which is within its jurisdictional limitations, the entry of a money judgment with costs in favor of the landlord and against the tenant for the amount of money found due, owing, and unpaid by the tenant to the landlord. However, no money judgment shall be entered unless service of process has been effected by personal service or, where authorized by law, by certified or registered mail, return receipt, or in any other manner prescribed by law or the rules of the court; and no money judgment may be entered except in compliance with the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. The prevailing party in the action may also be awarded attorney's fees and costs.
History.—s. 1, ch. 75-147; s. 8, ch. 87-195; s. 6, ch. 88-379.

83.63 Casualty damage.—If the premises are damaged or destroyed other than by the wrongful or negligent acts of the tenant so that the enjoyment of the premises is substantially impaired, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement and immediately vacate the premises. The tenant may vacate the part of the premises rendered unusable by the casualty, in which case the tenant's liability for rent shall be reduced by the fair rental value of that part of the premises damaged or destroyed. If the rental agreement is terminated, the landlord shall comply with s. 83.49(3).
History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 449, ch. 95-147; s. 14, ch. 2013-136.

83.64 Retaliatory conduct.—
(1) It is unlawful for a landlord to discriminatorily increase a tenant's rent or decrease services to a tenant, or to bring or threaten to bring an action for possession or other civil action, primarily because the landlord is retaliating against the tenant. In order for the tenant to raise the defense of retaliatory conduct, the tenant must have acted in good faith. Examples of conduct for which the landlord may not retaliate include, but are not limited to, situations where:
(a) The tenant has complained to a governmental agency charged with responsibility for enforcement of a building, housing, or health code of a suspected violation applicable to the premises;
(b) The tenant has organized, encouraged, or participated in a tenant organization;
(c) The tenant has complained to the landlord pursuant to s. 83.56(1);
(d) The tenant is a servicemember who has terminated a rental agreement pursuant to s. 83.682;
(e) The tenant has paid rent to a condominium, cooperative, or homeowners' association after demand from the association in order to pay the landlord's obligation to the association; or
(f) The tenant has exercised his or her rights under local, state, or federal fair housing laws.
(2) Evidence of retaliatory conduct may be raised by the tenant as a defense in any action brought against him or her for possession.
(3) In any event, this section does not apply if the landlord proves that the eviction is for good cause. Examples of good cause include, but are not limited to, good faith actions for nonpayment of rent, violation of the rental agreement or of reasonable rules, or violation of the terms of this chapter.
(4) "Discrimination" under this section means that a tenant is being treated differently as to the rent charged, the services rendered, or the action being taken by the landlord, which shall be a prerequisite to a finding of retaliatory conduct.
History.—s. 8, ch. 83-151; s. 450, ch. 95-147; s. 3, ch. 2003-72; s. 15, ch. 2013-136.

83.67 Prohibited practices.—
(1) A landlord of any dwelling unit governed by this part shall not cause, directly or indirectly, the termination or interruption of any utility service furnished the tenant, including, but not limited to, water, heat, light, electricity, gas, elevator, garbage collection, or refrigeration, whether or not the utility service is under the control of, or payment is made by, the landlord.
(2) A landlord of any dwelling unit governed by this part shall not prevent the tenant from gaining reasonable access to the dwelling unit by any means, including, but not limited to, changing the locks or using any bootlock or similar device.
(3) A landlord of any dwelling unit governed by this part shall not discriminate against a servicemember in offering a dwelling unit for rent or in any of the terms of the rental agreement.
(4) A landlord shall not prohibit a tenant from displaying one portable, removable, cloth or plastic United States flag, not larger than 4 and 1/2 feet by 6 feet, in a respectful manner in or on the dwelling unit regardless of any provision in the rental agreement dealing with flags or decorations. The United States flag shall be displayed in accordance with s. 83.52(6). The landlord is not liable for damages caused by a United States flag displayed by a tenant. Any United States flag may not infringe upon the space rented by any other tenant.
(5) A landlord of any dwelling unit governed by this part shall not remove the outside doors, locks, roof, walls, or windows of the unit except for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement; and the landlord shall not remove the tenant's personal property from the dwelling unit unless such action is taken after surrender, abandonment, recovery of possession of the dwelling unit due to the death of the last remaining

tenant in accordance with s. 83.59(3)(d), or a lawful eviction. If provided in the rental agreement or a written agreement separate from the rental agreement, upon surrender or abandonment by the tenant, the landlord is not required to comply with s. 715.104 and is not liable or responsible for storage or disposition of the tenant's personal property; if provided in the rental agreement, there must be printed or clearly stamped on such rental agreement a legend in substantially the following form:

BY SIGNING THIS RENTAL AGREEMENT, THE TENANT AGREES THAT UPON SURRENDER, ABANDONMENT, OR RECOVERY OF POSSESSION OF THE DWELLING UNIT DUE TO THE DEATH OF THE LAST REMAINING TENANT, AS PROVIDED BY CHAPTER 83, FLORIDA STATUTES, THE LANDLORD SHALL NOT BE LIABLE OR RESPONSIBLE FOR STORAGE OR DISPOSITION OF THE TENANT'S PERSONAL PROPERTY.

For the purposes of this section, abandonment shall be as set forth in s. 83.59(3)(c).
(6) A landlord who violates any provision of this section shall be liable to the tenant for actual and consequential damages or 3 months' rent, whichever is greater, and costs, including attorney's fees. Subsequent or repeated violations that are not contemporaneous with the initial violation shall be subject to separate awards of damages.
(7) A violation of this section constitutes irreparable harm for the purposes of injunctive relief.
(8) The remedies provided by this section are not exclusive and do not preclude the tenant from pursuing any other remedy at law or equity that the tenant may have. The remedies provided by this section shall also apply to a servicemember who is a prospective tenant who has been discriminated against under subsection (3).
History.—s. 3, ch. 87-369; s. 7, ch. 88-379; s. 3, ch. 90-133; s. 3, ch. 96-146; s. 2, ch. 2001-179; s. 2, ch. 2003-30; s. 4, ch. 2003-72; s. 1, ch. 2004-236; s. 2, ch. 2007-136.

83.681 Orders to enjoin violations of this part.—
(1) A landlord who gives notice to a tenant of the landlord's intent to terminate the tenant's lease pursuant to s. 83.56(2)(a), due to the tenant's intentional destruction, damage, or misuse of the landlord's property may petition the county or circuit court for an injunction prohibiting the tenant from continuing to violate any of the provisions of that part.
(2) The court shall grant the relief requested pursuant to subsection (1) in conformity with the principles that govern the granting of injunctive relief from threatened loss or damage in other civil cases.
(3) Evidence of a tenant's intentional destruction, damage, or misuse of the landlord's property in an amount greater than twice the value of money deposited with the landlord pursuant to s. 83.49 or $300, whichever is greater, shall constitute irreparable harm for the purposes of injunctive relief.
History.—s. 8, ch. 93-255; s. 451, ch. 95-147.

83.682 Termination of rental agreement by a servicemember.—
(1) Any servicemember may terminate his or her rental agreement by providing the landlord with a written notice of termination to be effective on the date stated in the notice that is at least 30 days after the landlord's receipt of the notice if any of the following criteria are met:
(a) The servicemember is required, pursuant to a permanent change of station orders, to move 35 miles or more from the location of the rental premises;
(b) The servicemember is prematurely or involuntarily discharged or released from active duty or state active duty;
(c) The servicemember is released from active duty or state active duty after having leased the rental premises while on active duty or state active duty status and the rental premises is 35 miles or more from the servicemember's home of record prior to entering active duty or state active duty;
(d) After entering into a rental agreement, the servicemember receives military orders requiring him or her to move into government quarters or the servicemember becomes eligible to live in and opts to move into government quarters;
(e) The servicemember receives temporary duty orders, temporary change of station orders, or state active duty orders to an area 35 miles or more from the location of the rental premises, provided such orders are for a period exceeding 60 days; or
(f) The servicemember has leased the property, but prior to taking possession of the rental premises, receives a change of orders to an area that is 35 miles or more from the location of the rental premises.
(2) The notice to the landlord must be accompanied by either a copy of the official military orders or a written verification signed by the servicemember's commanding officer.
(3) In the event a servicemember dies during active duty, an adult member of his or her immediate family may terminate the servicemember's rental agreement by providing the landlord with a written notice of termination to be effective on the date stated in the notice that is at least 30 days after the landlord's receipt of the notice. The notice to the landlord must be accompanied by either a copy of the official military orders showing the servicemember was on active duty or a written verification signed by the servicemember's commanding officer and a copy of the servicemember's death certificate.
(4) Upon termination of a rental agreement under this section, the tenant is liable for the rent due under the rental agreement prorated to the effective date of the termination payable at such time as would have otherwise been required by the terms of the rental agreement. The tenant is not liable for any other rent or damages due to the early termination of the tenancy as provided for in this section. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, if a tenant terminates the rental agreement pursuant to this section 14 or more days prior to occupancy, no damages or penalties of any kind will be assessable.
(5) The provisions of this section may not be waived or modified by the agreement of the parties under any circumstances.
History.—s. 6, ch. 2001-179; s. 1, ch. 2002-4; s. 1, ch. 2003-30; s. 5, ch. 2003-72.

83.683 Rental application by a servicemember. –
(1) If a landlord requires a prospective tenant to complete a rental application before residing in a rental unit, the landlord must complete processing of a rental application submitted by a prospective tenant who is a servicemember, as defined in s. 250.01, within 7 days after submission and must, within that 7-day period, notify the servicemember in writing of an application approval or denial and, if denied, the reason for denial. Absent a timely denial of the rental application, the landlord must lease the rental unit to the servicemember if all other terms of the application and lease are complied with.

(2) If a condominium association, as defined in chapter 718, a cooperative association, as defined in chapter 719, or a homeowners' association, as defined in chapter 720, requires a prospective tenant of a condominium unit, cooperative unit, or parcel within the association's control to complete a rental application before residing in a rental unit or parcel, the association must complete processing of a rental application submitted by a prospective tenant who is a servicemember, as defined in s. 250.01, within 7 days after submission and must, within that 7-day period, notify the servicemember in writing of an application approval or denial and, if denied, the reason for the denial. Absent timely denial of the rental application, the association must allow the unit or parcel owner to lease the rental unit or parcel to the servicemember and the landlord must lease the unit or parcel to the servicemember if all other terms of the application and lease are complied with.
(3) The provisions of this section may not be waived or modified by the agreement of the parties under any circumstances.