

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)

MMSEA Section 111 Mandatory Insurer Reporting

Quick Reference Guide

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For

Non-Group Health Plan (NGHP) Insurers

The What, Why and How of MMSEA Section 111 Reporting

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) refers to liability insurance (including self-insurance), no-fault insurance and workers' compensation as "Non-Group Health Plan" (NGHP) insurance. This MMSEA Section 111 Quick Reference Guide has been developed to help NGHP insurers understand the MMSEA Section 111 reporting requirements.

Specifically this guide will:

- Explain MMSEA Section 111 reporting, and how it may affect you
- Help you determine if you are an MMSEA Section 111 "Responsible Reporting Entity" (RRE)
- Provide an overview on how to set up and begin reporting
- Describe the various options you have for reporting
- Outline the data "input and response" process
- Identify resources for additional instruction and information on how to access free computer based training and other resources

Note: This document was prepared by the CMS for informational purposes only. All affected entities are responsible for following the instructions found in the MMSEA Section 111 NGHP User Guide which is available for download at the following link: <http://www.cms.gov/MandatoryInsRep/Downloads/NGHPGuideV3.3.pdf>.

What is MMSEA Section 111 Reporting?

Section 111 of the Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Extension Act of 2007 is usually referred to as MMSEA Section 111 reporting (or simply Section 111). This law added *mandatory* reporting requirements for liability insurers (including self-insurers), no-fault insurers, and workers' compensation insurers providing coverage to Medicare beneficiaries. These Non-Group Health Plan (NGHP) insurers are obligated to notify Medicare about "settlements, judgments, awards, or other payment from liability insurers (including self-insurers), no-fault insurers, and workers' compensation" received by or on behalf of Medicare beneficiaries. The reporting requirements for NGHP insurers under MMSEA Section 111 first became effective on May 1, 2009.

The MMSEA Section 111 reporting requirements is *an addition* to the already existing Medicare Secondary Payer (MSP) law and corresponding regulations.

What is Medicare Secondary Payer – MSP?

Medicare Secondary Payer (MSP) is the term used to describe situations where another insurer has primary payment responsibility for care provided to a Medicare beneficiary.

Until 1980, Medicare was a primary payer for covered beneficiaries in almost all cases, except those involving workers' compensation (and black lung disease). Starting in 1980, the addition of the MSP provisions of the Social Security Act required that when the injured party is a Medicare beneficiary, Medicare is always a secondary payer to liability insurance (including self-insurance), no-fault insurance and workers' compensation.

Why is there an MSP law?

The MSP provisions of the Social Security Act were enacted so that some of the costs of caring for Medicare beneficiaries could be borne by other types of insurance. Spreading payment for health care coverage costs across multiple insurers is helping to extend the life of the Medicare Trust Fund, and is helping to ensure that Medicare beneficiaries have adequate access to care.

For more information and guidance about Medicare Secondary Payer (MSP) issues, please refer to "Section 5.4 - MSP Statutes, Regulations, and Guidance" in the NGHP User Guide.

I may be an "NGHP" insurer. Do I need to report under MMSEA Section 111?

You most likely will need to report under MMSEA Section 111 if you are "an applicable plan" – meaning that you are a liability insurer (including a self-insurer), an insurer providing "no-fault" coverage, or a workers' compensation plan. These are the main general categories of NGHP insurance types. In all cases, you provide insurance coverage or payments for medical expenses for someone who is a Medicare beneficiary. Please see Appendix H in the NGHP User Guide for a comprehensive discussion of the types of insurers that must report.

If you have determined that you need to report under MMSEA Section 111, you are the entity responsible for complying and will be referred to as the "Responsible Reporting Entity" or the "RRE".

Who do I report to?

Insurers are to report coverage to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services – CMS – the Federal agency that manages the Medicare program. Since the start of MMSEA Section 111 reporting, almost 30,000 RREs are now sending MMSEA Section 111 data to CMS.

In order to manage the huge volume of MMSEA Section 111 data and other Coordination of Benefits (COB) work that Medicare handles, CMS has engaged the Coordination of Benefits Contractor (COBC) to manage the technical aspects of the Section 111 data exchange process for all Section 111 RREs. The RREs (or their data management agents) transmit information electronically to the CMS COBC.

I have determined that I need to comply with the MMSEA Section 111 reporting requirements. How do I sign up for it?

Insurers that need to report under MMSEA Section 111 become Responsible Reporting Entities (RREs) by registering on the Section 111 COB Secure Website (COBSW), a website established by CMS and managed by the COBC. RREs are required to register on the COBSW to notify the COBC of their intent to report data in compliance with Section 111.

To begin the registration process, go to the Section 111 COBSW at the following URL: <http://www.section111.cms.hhs.gov> and click the [I Accept] link at the bottom of the page. When the Section 111 COBSW Login page displays, click [New Registration]. You will be required to enter specific data and submit your registration. Once you have registered and completed your account setup for MMSEA Section 111 reporting on the Section 111 COBSW, you become a registered RRE. For more information on the registration process, please see the “How to Get Started” document found at the following link: https://www.section111.cms.hhs.gov/MRA/help/how_to/GetStarted.htm.

What information do I report? What will I be sending to the COBC?

Section 111 requires RREs to report claim information for Medicare beneficiaries after the insurer has assumed ongoing responsibility for medicals (ORM) or after paying the total payment obligation to the claimant (TPOC) in the form of a settlement, judgment, award, or other payment.

RREs must report evidence of insurance coverage, or applicable settlements, judgments, awards, or other payments regardless of whether there is admission or determination of liability. Some of the required data that must be reported includes: the identity of the claimant (their Medicare Health Insurance Claim Number (HICN) or Social Security Number (SSN), the first letter of their first name, the first six letters of their last name, their date of birth, and gender); the RRE Tax-ID Number (TIN); RRE address information; and other information related to the claimant such as International Classification of Diseases 9th revision (ICD-9) Diagnosis Codes; and, TPOC Dates and Amounts.

For more information on the specific data required, please see Appendix A and Appendix B in the NGHP User Guide.

How do I know or determine if I'm insuring a Medicare beneficiary?

Most Medicare beneficiaries are at least age 65. However, an individual of almost any age may be enrolled in the Medicare program. Medicare is a health insurance program for:

- People age 65 or older
- People of any age who have certain designated disabilities
- People of any age who have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD - permanent kidney failure)

When an individual is eligible for coverage and enrolls in Medicare, he or she is issued a "Medicare HICN", which is better known as the Medicare ID. The Medicare HICN/ID is derived from the individual's SSN. All Medicare beneficiaries will have a Medicare HICN and an SSN.

You will know if an individual is a Medicare beneficiary if you have been given the person's Medicare HICN. The easiest way to check for eligibility is to simply ask individuals you are insuring to give you their Medicare HICN. If you are unable to readily determine Medicare beneficiary status, the CMS provides a query process (search mechanism) as part of the Section 111 reporting process to assist you. In order to use the query process, you must be a registered RRE. Once registered, RREs must implement a procedure in their claims review process to determine whether the claimant is a Medicare beneficiary or if the claimant anticipates receiving Medicare benefits in the future.

How do I send the required information to the COBC?

MMSEA Section 111 reporting information can be exchanged with the COBC using any one of four methods. The first three methods involve the submission of electronic files.

- **HTTPS** – Hypertext Transfer Protocol over Secure Socket Layer: Using HTTPS, an RRE can transmit files via the Internet directly to the Section 111 COBSW and receive response files in the same manner. This method is recommended for RREs sending less than 24,000 records on a regular basis.
- **SFTP** – Secure File Transfer Protocol: Using SFTP software, an RRE can transmit files via the Internet directly to the COBC. The RRE will have a dedicated "mailbox" on the COBC's Section 111 SFTP Server, where the RRE will send input files and retrieve response files. This method can handle large amounts of data.
- **Connect:Direct** – This system provides a direct file transmission connection to the COBC mainframe using the CMS Extranet Network and CMS's private CMSNet. This is the most costly transmission method, but it is the most efficient for RREs that will be exchanging very large amounts of MMSEA Section 111 data with CMS.
- **Direct Data Entry (DDE)** – Using DDE, an RRE will manually enter claim information using an interactive application that will be accessed directly from the Section 111 COBSW. DDE can only be used by small reporters.

For more information on any of these data submission methods, please see "Section 15 – Electronic Data Exchange" in the NGHP User Guide.

Should I use Direct Data Entry?

Direct Data Entry, or DDE, is the simplest method of reporting MMSEA Section 111 data. DDE reporting is done through the Section 111 COBSW. DDE is designed for smaller RREs that don't expect to report much claim information under Section 111 (i.e., less than 500 claim reports per year). RREs using the DDE reporting option will manually key claim information into pages (screens) on the Section 111 COBSW. Once the claim is submitted and the COBC has completed its' processing, a response will be sent to the RRE via the Section 111 COBSW. For more information on the DDE process, please see the Section 111 COBSW User Guide which is available for download from the Section 111 COBSW under the 'Reference Materials' menu option. You must be logged into the Section 111 COBSW to gain access to the Section 111 COBSW User Guide.

Here are some important facts about DDE:

- An RRE can make, correct or update an MMSEA Section 111 claim report *at any time*.
- Although a separate query function is not available to DDE submitters, the initial step in the DDE process provides the same functionality.
- RREs using DDE can submit no more than 500 records a year.
 - All new DDE submissions for any purpose (even those where the Injured Party is not identified as a Medicare beneficiary) count against this annual limit.
 - Updates or deletes to a *previously submitted and accepted* claim report do count toward this limit.
 - Corrections to a *previously submitted, but not yet accepted* claim report due to errors, do not count against this limit.

How often do I submit my claim information?

RREs submitting electronic files must submit new or changed information on a quarterly basis during the RREs assigned 7-day file submission timeframe unless the RRE has nothing to report for a particular quarter. RREs using DDE to report must submit claim information one claim report at a time as soon as the conditions related to the claim require reporting under Section 111.

How do I know if what I sent was OK?

When the COBC receives a Claim Input File (or a DDE claim report), it will edit the data and determine whether the submitted information identifies the injured party as a Medicare beneficiary. When this processing is complete or the prescribed time for response file generation has elapsed, the COBC will electronically transmit a response file (for file submitters), or a response record (for DDE submitters).

Note: Each submitted record will receive a response. The response will include a disposition code that will give the RRE the results of the processing. The response will also include any error codes or compliance flags, which will identify any problems found with the data. The RRE must take the appropriate action, if any, based on the information received. If errors were received, they must be corrected and resubmitted in the RRE's next quarterly claim submission (file submitters), or as soon as the error has been corrected (DDE submitters).

Do I have to do this reporting myself? Can I hire a commercial data management firm to do it for me?

Once an RRE has registered, the RRE can delegate reporting responsibility to another entity such as a "data reporting agent" (e.g., a third party administrator or vendor) to manage the RRE's MMSEA Section 111 data exchanges with the COBC. Many do. If an RRE uses an agent to manage its MMSEA Section 111 reporting, here are some important points to keep in mind:

- You, the RRE, not your agent, are the Responsible Reporting Entity. You cannot assign your responsibility to report to your agent. The RRE is ultimately responsible for the reporting and will be held liable for non-compliance.
- You, the RRE, not your agent, are responsible for the content of the data and its' validity.
- Your agent may not use any MMSEA Section 111 reporting data other than to report for Section 111. The data belongs to the RRE and to the CMS, not to the agent.
- Your agent may use any data exchange transmission method acceptable to CMS.
- CMS does not make any recommendations about any potential reporting agents.

What MMSEA Section 111 reporting resource materials are available?

MMSEA Section 111 Mandatory Insurer Reporting Web site: The most important online resource is the official MMSEA Section 111 Mandatory Insurer Reporting Web site located at the following URL: <http://www.cms.gov/mandatoryinsrep>. The updated NGHP Section 111 User Guide and Section 111 Alerts can be found on this Web site.

Free Computer Based Training (CBT) Courses: CMS has made available a curriculum of computer based training (CBT) courses to Section 111 RREs. These courses are offered free of charge and provide in-depth training on Section 111 registration, reporting requirements, using the Section 111 COBSW, data transmission, file formats, file processing, Direct Data Entry, and general MSP topics. To register for the NGHP CBT courses, send an e-mail to: Section111CBT@EHMedicare.com. Specify that you are requesting the NGHP curriculum and include your company name and the name, phone number (formatted: ###-###-####) and e-mail address for the individual(s) you would like to register. Once the COBC has processed your company's request, an e-mail notification will be sent to each individual that contains the URL for the NGHP curriculum and the URL for the MSP curriculum. If you do not receive an e-mail notification within 2 business days of your request, you may contact the COBC's Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) Department at: 646-458-6740.

Section 111 Town Hall Teleconferences: From time to time CMS holds national Section 111 Town Hall Teleconferences that you may participate in. During these calls CMS addresses many of the questions and comments it receives through the Section 111 mailbox. Information about upcoming Town Hall Teleconferences is posted on the official MMSEA Section 111 Mandatory Insurer Reporting Web site at: <http://www.cms.gov/mandatoryinsrep>.

EDI Representative: Once an RRE has registered they will be assigned their own EDI Representative to assist them in managing all aspects of the Section 111 reporting process, from answering the simplest questions to helping them address the most complex problems.

Can I contact CMS directly with questions or comments?

If you have questions or concerns you want to communicate to CMS directly, you can use the dedicated Section 111 Mailbox at: PL110-173SEC111-comments@cms.hhs.gov.

We hope this Section 111 Mandatory Insurer Reporting Quick Reference Guide has been useful. If you have comments, questions on subjects not covered here, or suggestions about how this Quick Reference Guide can be improved, please feel free to send them to the dedicated Section 111 Mailbox at: PL110-173SEC111-comments@cms.hhs.gov. Please put "Quick Reference Guide" in the Subject line.



Office of Financial Management/Financial Services Group

June 14, 2010

The Medicare Secondary Payer Mandatory Reporting Provisions in Section 111 of the Medicare, Medicaid and SCHIP Extension Act of 2007 (the MMSEA) (See 42 U.S.C. 1395y(b)(7)&(b)(8))

ALERT: RRE ID Accountability and Other Registration Information

This ALERT provides information about Responsible Reporting Entity (RRE) ID accountability. In addition, it provides information about registration issues that have been brought to the attention of CMS.

RRE ID Accountability

The CMS is aware that RREs may require more than one RRE ID, and accommodates RREs by assigning an ID each time the registration process is initiated. RREs need to keep in mind that the registration process, including testing, must be completed for each RRE ID assigned. A production file must be sent for each RRE ID, and RRE IDs may not be secured for the sole purpose of querying. If an RRE initiates the registration process, does not complete it, and returns to the COB Secure Website (COBSW) to start again, an additional RRE ID is created. The RRE now has two RRE IDs that they have committed to the Section 111 reporting program.

Please ensure that you do not have RRE IDs that were created unintentionally, and that will not be used to report Section 111 data. If you do have unintended or unneeded RRE IDs, please contact the Coordination of Benefits Contractor's (COBC) EDI Department at 646-458-6740 and ask to have these excess ID(s) deleted. Otherwise you will be expected to complete the registration process and send production files for each RRE ID. You also run the risk of being non-compliant with Section 111 for any of your RRE IDs that are not used for reporting, because your Authorized Representative signed a Section 111 data exchange agreement for each RRE ID created.

Profile Report

Return Signed Profile Report

Once Account Set-up is complete, a Profile Report is e-mailed to both the Authorized Representative and Account Manager. The Profile Report must be reviewed and signed by the Authorized Representative, and returned to the COBC before the associated RRE ID can be moved to Testing status. A signed Profile Report must be returned for each RRE ID.

Profile Report/RRE Use of an Agent

RREs may use agents to submit data on their behalf. However, the RRE remains solely responsible and accountable for adhering to the requirements of the Section 111 program. Registration must be completed by the RRE. A Profile Report must be signed and returned by the Authorized Representative of each RRE ID, and not by an agent. If the Profile Report is not signed and returned by the Authorized Representative, the RRE ID will not progress to Testing status. Even if an agent has many RRE IDs that have progressed to Testing and Production statuses, agents will be unable to send files for RRE IDs that have not completed all prior steps.

Changing Your Authorized Representative or Account Manager Information

The COBC must have correct and current contact information to keep you informed of any issues that may affect your RRE ID's file submissions and your compliance with Section 111. If there are any changes to your RRE contact information either return to the COBSW to provide updates *or* contact your Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) representative, as required.

Please continue to monitor the MMSEA Section 111 dedicated website at <http://www.cms.gov/MandatoryInsRep/> for additional information on the Section 111 reporting process and updates to the User Guide.