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## STATE CRIMINAL ALIEN ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SCAAP)

**NEW!** The application period for FY 2013 SCAAP funds is now open. All applications must be submitted via the OJP online Grants Management System (GMS). All completed applications must be submitted by 6:00 p.m. e.d.t. on Monday, May 13, 2013. Extensions or exceptions to this deadline cannot be granted. Because of the volume and complexities involved in verification of all submitted inmate data and the fact that BJA transmits this file to the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) immediately after the close of the solicitation, it is not possible for additional applicant data to be reviewed and sent to DHS after the deadline.

### FY 2013 SCAAP Data:

[FY 2013 SCAAP Guidelines](#)

[FY 2013 ICE Country Codes](#)

[FY 2013 Inmate Data File Format](#)

### Update on the Payments for "Unknown" Alien Status Inmate Days

The Department of Justice (DOJ) will continue the reimbursements for the unknown category of SCAAP inmates for the FY 2013 SCAAP awards. SCAAP grantees are strongly encouraged to work collaboratively with DHS in the following programs in order to increase their inmate alien status verifications. Those programs include:

- **Secure Communities Program:** This program leverages an existing information sharing capability between DHS and DOJ to quickly and accurately identify aliens who are arrested for a crime and booked into local law enforcement custody. With this capability, the fingerprints of everyone arrested and booked are not only checked against Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) criminal history records, but they are also checked against DHS immigration records. If fingerprints match DHS records, the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) determines if immigration enforcement action is required, considering the immigration status of the alien, the severity of the crime and the alien's criminal history. For more information, see the following web site: [www.ice.gov/secure\\_communities/](http://www.ice.gov/secure_communities/).
- **287(g) Program:** The 287(g) program allows a state and local law enforcement entity to enter into a partnership with ICE in order to receive delegated authority for immigration enforcement within their jurisdictions. This allows the officials in the jurisdictions to match inmate records prior to the SCAAP application process. For more information, see the following web site: [www.ice.gov/news/library/factsheets/287g.htm](http://www.ice.gov/news/library/factsheets/287g.htm).
- **The Law Enforcement Support Center (LESC):** LESOC is a single national point of contact that provides timely customs information and immigration status and identity information and real-time assistance to local, state and federal law enforcement agencies on aliens suspected, arrested or convicted of criminal activity. For more information, see the following web site: [www.ice.gov/LESC/](http://www.ice.gov/LESC/) or call 802-872-6000.

### Other Federal Sources of Detention Funding:

For jurisdictions that participate in SCAAP and the Southwest Border Prosecution Initiative or Northern Border Prosecution Initiative (SWBPI and NBPI), do not include inmate records that are submitted in the SWBPI/NBPI application unless you can verify that the inmate records submitted in the SWBPI/NBPI application are only for pretrial detention and the SCAAP inmate records for the same individual are for the post-trial detention. BJA will conduct a review comparison between the SWBPI/NBPI and SCAAP applications for each jurisdiction prior to award calculation.

### Overview:

BJA administers the State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP) in conjunction with the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) and Citizenship and Immigration Services, Department of Homeland Security (DHS). SCAAP provides federal payments to states and localities that incurred correctional officer salary costs for incarcerating undocumented criminal aliens with at least one felony or two misdemeanor convictions for violations of state or local law, and incarcerated for at least 4 consecutive days during the reporting period.

### Use of SCAAP Awards

The Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 (Pub. L. 109-162, Title XI) included the following requirement regarding the use of SCAAP funds: "Amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in paragraph (5) that are distributed to a State or political subdivision of a State, including a municipality, may be used only for correctional purposes." Beginning with FY 2007 SCAAP awards, SCAAP funds must be used for correctional purposes only.

### FY 2007-2012 SCAAP Use of Funds List

Salaries for corrections officers  
Overtime costs  
Corrections work force recruitment and retention  
Construction of corrections facilities  
Training/education for offenders  
Training for corrections officers related to offender population management  
Consultants involved with offender population  
Medical and mental health services  
Vehicle rental/purchase for transport of offenders  
Prison industries  
Pre-release/reentry programs  
Technology involving offender management/inter-agency information sharing  
Disaster preparedness continuity of operations for corrections facility

### Reporting Period

The reporting period for the FY 2012 application period is July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011. Only qualifying inmates who served 4 or more days during this period may be included in the FY 2012 SCAAP application.

### Eligible Inmates—Applicant Responsibilities

Unless otherwise prohibited, applicants may submit records of inmates in their custody during the reporting period who: were born outside the United States or one of its territories and had no reported or documented claim to U.S. citizenship; were in the applicant's custody for four or more consecutive days during the reporting period; were convicted of a felony or second misdemeanor for

violations of state or local law; were identified and reported using due diligence.

**Qualifying Criminal Charges and Convictions**

To be eligible for reporting, inmates must have been convicted of a felony or second misdemeanor for violations of state or local law, and housed in the applicant's state or local correctional facility for 4 or more consecutive days during the reporting period. Once a person meets these criteria, all pretrial and post-conviction time served from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011 may be included in the FY 2012 application.

**Entering Inmate Data**

If the Alien Number is unknown for an individual inmate, enter all zeroes in the A number field. Do not use letters (A) or symbols (dashes, etc.). Also, use zeros (0) as the beginning digit(s) if the A-number is fewer than 9 digits.

The FBI number is issued by the FBI to track arrests and fingerprint records. If this number is not available, leave this field blank by inserting 10 spaces. If the FBI number is fewer than 10 characters, enter the number first, and then insert spaces for the remainder of the field length.

**Qualifying Salary Data**

Salary information reported in the SCAAP application must reflect the total salaries and wages paid to full-and part-time correctional officers and others who meet the SCAAP definition (see the FY 2012 SCAAP Guidelines). The reported sum should total the jurisdiction's actual salary expenditures for the applicable reporting period (July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011). The reported salary should not be a projection, estimate, or average. Correctional Officer salary costs may include premium pay for specialized services (e.g., bilingual officers), shift differential pay, and fixed-pay increases for time in service. Salary costs may also include overtime required by negotiated contract, statute, or regulation (e.g., union agreements, contractual obligations, minimum staffing requirements, etc.). Benefits should not be included in the salary costs.

**Chief Executive Officer**

SCAAP payments must go directly to eligible states and localities. Authorized jurisdiction employees for SCAAP purposes must be listed as either the Authorized Representative or Alternate Contact in the GMS User Profile. The chief executive officer (CEO) of an eligible jurisdiction may apply directly or delegate authority to another jurisdiction official. The CEO is generally considered the highest ranking elected or appointed official of a unit of government. An application without the CEO information included will be significantly delayed.

**Legislation**

SCAAP is governed by Section 241(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1231(i), as amended, and Title II, Subtitle C, Section 20301, Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, Public Law 103-322.

NEWS AND INFO	FUNDING/AVAILABILITY	TRAINING & TA	RELATED RESOURCES	CONTACTS	PUBLICATIONS	FAQS	ARCHIVES
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**SCAAP Application Period is Now Open**

The application period for the FY 2013 State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP) is now open. All applications must be submitted by May 13, 2013.

**BUREAU OF JUSTICE ASSISTANCE  
STATE CRIMINAL ALIEN ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SCAAP)**

<p><b>UPDATED REQUIREMENTS For Fiscal Year 2013</b></p>
<p><b>Payments for "Unknown" Alien Status Inmate Days</b></p> <p>Many states and localities have incurred costs for detaining individuals whom they believe to be undocumented criminal aliens. Since 1996, BJA has provided variable reimbursement amounts for these inmates, whose statuses are "known," as well as "unknown" because the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) was not able to verify the criminal aliens' statuses. This practice is a recognition that some of the "unknown" inmates could have been undocumented if they had entered the United States illegally and never come into contact with DHS. Because there would have been no contact with DHS, DHS would not be able to confirm the alien's status (that is, as undocumented) for eligibility of a SCAAP payment.</p> <p>BJA will continue to provide reimbursement for inmates whose statuses are unknown. Accordingly, detention costs of undocumented criminal aliens, whose statuses are determined by DHS as either known or unknown, will be counted towards the SCAAP awards in FY 2013.</p>
<p><b>FBI Number Requirement</b></p> <p>Starting in the FY 2014 SCAAP application, it is highly likely that the FBI number field for each inmate record will be mandatory. This number is issued by the FBI to track arrests and fingerprint records. For FY 2013, the field will remain optional, however jurisdictions are encouraged to enter the FBI number for each inmate record since it could allow a greater match rate with DHS records.</p>

**PART I: SCAAP Guidelines**

**SCAAP Overview**

The Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA), Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Department of Justice, administers SCAAP, in conjunction with the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS). SCAAP provides federal payments to states and localities that incurred correctional officer salary costs for incarcerating undocumented criminal aliens who have at least one felony or two misdemeanor convictions for violations of state or local law, and who are incarcerated for at least 4 consecutive days during the reporting period.

**SCAAP Legislative Authority**

SCAAP is governed by Section 241(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1231(i), as amended, and Title II, Subtitle C, Section 20301, Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, Pub. L. 103-322. In general terms, if a chief executive officer of a state or a political subdivision exercises authority over the incarceration of undocumented criminal aliens and submits a written request to the U.S. Attorney General, the Attorney General may provide compensation to that jurisdiction for those incarceration costs. SCAAP is subject to additional terms and conditions of yearly congressional appropriations.

**Eligible Applicants**

States and local units of government that have authority over correctional facilities that incarcerate or detain undocumented criminal aliens for a minimum of 4 consecutive days are eligible to apply for SCAAP funds. States and local units of general government include the 50 state governments, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the more than 3,000 counties and cities with correctional facilities.

Regional jails, special jail districts, or regional jail authorities and boards do not qualify as political subdivisions of a state for purposes of SCAAP, and therefore are not eligible to directly apply for SCAAP funds. Each unit of

government that houses inmates at a regional facility must apply independently for SCAAP funds, based on its own costs of housing its undocumented aliens in the regional facility. Regional facilities may not submit SCAAP applications on behalf of jurisdictions in its service area, nor may a regional facility submit one application for all participating jurisdictions, using one jurisdiction's name as the recipient.

#### **Authorized Officials**

SCAAP payments must go directly to eligible states and localities. Authorized jurisdiction employees for SCAAP purposes must be listed as either the Authorized Representative or Alternate Contact in the GMS User Profile. The chief executive officer (CEO) of an eligible jurisdiction may apply directly or delegate authority to another jurisdiction official. The CEO is generally considered the highest ranking elected or appointed official of a unit of government.

#### **Use of SCAAP Awards**

The Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 (Pub. L. 109-162, Title XI) included the following requirement regarding the use of SCAAP funds: "Amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in paragraph (5) that are distributed to a State or political subdivision of a State, including a municipality, may be used only for correctional purposes." Beginning with FY 2007 SCAAP awards, SCAAP funds must be used for correctional purposes only. Jurisdictions receiving SCAAP awards will be asked to report the projected use of these funds at the time the award is accepted.

#### **Minimum Period of Incarceration**

Only eligible persons who were incarcerated for 4 or more consecutive days between July 1, 2011 and June 30, 2012 may be included in the FY 2013 SCAAP application.

#### **Multi-Jurisdictional Issues**

- Eligible inmates housed in the applicant's facility exclusively on behalf of another jurisdiction may only be reported by the sending jurisdiction, regardless of whether the applicant received reimbursement for related incarceration costs.
- Unless otherwise covered by a cost reimbursement agreement, inmates who are ready for release once qualifying charges or convictions are concluded, and who are temporarily held in the applicant facility on the basis of outstanding warrants or detainers from other jurisdictions, including federal law enforcement agencies, are SCAAP eligible. The applicant jurisdiction may claim the total number of days the inmate was in custody, including the days the inmate was held on the detainers or outstanding warrants.
- Detention or incarceration days attributable to otherwise qualifying inmates held on federal charges, convictions, or detainers and covered by cost reimbursement agreements are not SCAAP eligible.
- Juveniles adjudicated delinquent, regardless of the charges or length of custody, are not SCAAP eligible. Only juvenile offenders who are convicted as adults and who meet the qualifying SCAAP criteria may be eligible.

#### **Eligible Inmates**

Applicants may submit records of inmates in their custody during the reporting period who:

- Were born outside the United States or one of its territories and had no reported or documented claim to U.S. citizenship.
- Were in the applicant's custody for 4 or more consecutive days during the reporting period.
- Were convicted of a felony or second misdemeanor for violations of state or local law.
- Were identified and reported as undocumented, using due diligence.

The U.S. Department of Homeland Security will make the final determination on the status of submitted inmate records for undocumented alien purposes. Inmates may qualify for SCAAP purposes if they were:

- Persons who entered the U.S. without inspection or at any time or place other than as designated by the Attorney General.
- Persons in deportation or exclusion proceedings at the time they were taken into custody.

- Non-immigrants who failed to maintain their non-immigrant status at the time they were taken into custody.
- Certain Mariel Cubans who otherwise meet these requirements.

**Total All Inmate Days**

The "total all inmate days" is the cumulative number of incarceration or detention days attributable to all inmates housed in the jurisdiction's facilities during the reporting period. It includes all inmates, regardless of their status, citizenship, disposition, or length of stay, including inmates held at contract facilities. A jurisdiction can use the sum of all nightly, facility head counts for the 365 days in the reporting period.

EXAMPLE	TOTAL DAYS
A jurisdiction detained or incarcerated 400 inmates during the current reporting cycle. Each inmate was held for exactly 7 days.	<b>2,800</b> (400 inmates x 7 days)

**Criminal Charges and Convictions**

To be eligible for reporting, inmates must have been convicted of a felony or second misdemeanor for violations of state or local law, and housed in the applicant's state or local correctional facility for 4 or more consecutive days during the reporting period. All pre-trial and post conviction time served from July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012 may be reported to BJA.

EXAMPLES	REPORTABLE DAYS
An alien was convicted of a felony during the reporting period and spent 20 days in pretrial detention and 60 additional days from the conviction. All 80 days occurred during the reporting period.	<b>80</b>
An alien was convicted of a felony during the reporting period and spent 20 days in pretrial detention and 60 additional days from the conviction. The 20 pretrial detention days and 40 of the sentenced days occurred in the reporting period; the remaining 20 days were served after June 30, 2012.	<b>60</b>
An alien was convicted of a felony several years ago and is being held in pretrial detention on new charges. As this alien already qualifies based on the prior felony conviction, once he meets the minimum of 4 consecutive days in custody during the reporting period, the pretrial days may be reported to BJA, regardless of the outcome of the pending charges.	<i>As calculated</i>
An alien was convicted of a second misdemeanor and served 3 consecutive days as of June 30, 2012, and 20 additional days after June 30, 2012. This inmate cannot be reported for FY 2012, but will qualify for FY 2013. <i>NOTE: The first 3 days of the sentence are not reportable, regardless of what occurs with this inmate in the future.</i>	<b>0</b>

**Required Inmate Data Format**

The detailed inmate file reflects the jurisdiction's good faith and due diligence efforts to identify and list undocumented criminal aliens housed in its correctional facilities. Required inmate data elements include the A-Number, if known; last, middle, and first names; date of birth; unique inmate number assigned by the applicant jurisdiction; foreign country of birth; date taken into custody; date released from custody; and the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) number, if known.

For inmates with aliases or multiple periods of incarceration: Creating a separate and distinct inmate record for each qualifying period of incarceration may include eligible inmates incarcerated more than once during the

reporting period. Similarly, inmates with known aliases may be reported by creating a separate and distinct inmate record for each name. The same unique inmate identification number must be used for all records associated with a single inmate, regardless of the name under which the inmate was incarcerated. Applications submitted without complete facility data and inmate records will not be considered for SCAAP funding.

#### **Country of Birth Codes**

Generally, a person born in the U.S. or a U.S. territory is a U.S. citizen and should not be reported. Any submitted inmate record that includes a country code not on the official [ICE country codes list](#) will be rejected. Any record with an official country code that does not specifically represent a foreign country (unknown) will only be considered in the award calculation if determined the inmate is undocumented or otherwise qualifies. If the country provided by the inmate is not on the official ICE country codes list, a country with close geographic proximity should be selected.

#### **Alternatives to Traditional Incarceration**

Inmates are not eligible if they served their incarceration incrementally, such as through weekend incarcerations that enabled them to maintain employment. Qualifying periods of incarceration must occur consecutively over the course of 4 or more days.

#### **Parole and Probation Violators**

Eligible inmates on parole or probation from qualifying convictions who are subsequently returned to the custody of a state or local correctional facility may be eligible.

#### **Correctional Officers**

Correctional officers include employees, officers, and contractual staff whose primary responsibility is the control, custody, or supervision of persons detained and incarcerated, including correctional officers, deputy sheriffs, correctional/jail supervisors, shift commanders, chiefs of security, assistant wardens, and wardens. Transportation officers and others providing control, custody, or supervision of inmates who are temporarily outside the maintaining facility are also eligible. Employees, officers, and contractual staff whose primary responsibility is providing noncustody services to the facility or its inmate population are not SCAAP eligible, including office and secretarial support, administrative, housekeeping, maintenance, food, health, education, training, vocational, counseling, and medical staff. Staff who function independently or outside the correctional facility, including parole and probation agents, hearing officers, court commissioners, judicial, prosecutorial, and public defenders, warrant and apprehension units, and others are not eligible.

#### **Correctional Officer Salary Calculation**

Salary information reported in the SCAAP application must reflect the total salaries and wages paid to full- and part-time correctional officers and others who meet the SCAAP definition. The reported sum should total the jurisdiction's actual salary expenditures for the reporting period, not an estimate or average. Correctional officer salary costs may include premium pay for specialized service, shift differential pay, and fixed-pay increases for time in service. It may also include overtime required by negotiated contract, statute, or regulation such as union agreements, contractual obligations, and required post staffing minimums. Benefits should not be included in the provided salary costs.

#### **Per Diem Costs**

Per diem cost is calculated by the SCAAP system, dividing the jurisdiction's "total all inmate days" into the "total correctional officer salary costs." During the FY 2012 reporting period, jurisdictions reported an average per diem cost of \$40.80. BJA may require documentation to validate per diem costs or impose limits on the costs.

#### **SCAAP Award Calculation**

Once SCAAP data has been validated and analyzed, applicants will receive e-mail notification that awards are ready for online acceptance and drawdown. Formal acceptance of an award via GMS is necessary for the electronic transfer of funds into the applicant's bank account of record. Applicants have 45 calendar days to accept awards through GMS once notice is provided. SCAAP payments must go to the jurisdictions' general fund

## Payment Formula

The following provides an overview of the method used to calculate SCAAP payments

1. Using financial data from applicants, a per diem rate is calculated for each jurisdiction. For FY 2012 the average per diem rate was \$40.80 per inmate.
2. Inmate data is provided to the U.S. Department of Homeland Security to validate inmate data for eligible and invalid records.
3. Each jurisdiction's total eligible inmate days are totaled then multiplied by the applicant's per diem rate to derive the total correctional officer salary costs for eligible inmate days.
4. The value of each applicant's correctional officer salary costs associated with its eligible inmate days are totaled. This total value reflects the maximum amount for SCAAP reimbursement. A percentage factor is used to reflect the relationship between the maximum reimbursable salary costs and the appropriation. For FY 2012, this factor was approximately 18 percent.

## Variations

A variance will exist between the total salary costs reported by a jurisdiction and the final SCAAP payment amount, due to adjustments for ineligible or invalid inmate records and the annual appropriation. Both the SCAAP system and BJA check for variances from prior year submissions for correctional officer staffing and salary levels, total bed count, and number of total inmate days.

## PART II: Applying for FY 2013 SCAAP Funds

### FY 2013 Reporting Period

The FY 2013 SCAAP reporting period is from July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012.

### FY 2013 Registration and Application Deadlines

Applications will be accepted through the online Grants Management System (GMS) beginning April 1, 2013, and ending at 6:00 p.m. e.d.t. on May 13, 2013.

The deadline for submitting **all** completed SCAAP applications is **May 13, 2013 at 6:00 p.m. (e.d.t.)**. Extensions

or exceptions to this deadline cannot be granted. Because of the volume and complexities involved in verification of all submitted inmate data and the fact that BJA transmits this file to DHS immediately after the close of the solicitation, it is not possible for additional applicant data to be reviewed and sent to DHS after the deadline.

### GMS Application Process

The SCAAP Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number is 16.606.

For questions or concerns at any point in the GMS process, call the SCAAP Help Desk at 1-202-353-4411.

1. Access GMS at <https://grants.ojp.usdoj.gov>
2. If you already have a GMS user ID, proceed to the GMS sign in. Even if your organization already has a user ID, you will not be considered registered for the solicitation until you have signed on to GMS and entered the appropriate solicitation.
3. If you do not have a GMS user ID, select "New User? Register Here." After you have completed all of the required information, click "Create Account" at the bottom of the page and to note your user ID and password, which are case sensitive. Within a few days, BJA will send an e-mail confirmation to newly registered applicants that their user ID and password have been approved and they are eligible to submit an application.

4. Beginning October 1, 2003, a Dun and Bradstreet (D&B) Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number must be included in every application for a new award or renewal of an award. The DUNS number will be required whether an applicant is submitting an application on paper, through OJP's Grants Management System, or using the government-wide electronic portal (Grants.gov). An application will not be considered complete until the applicant provides a valid DUNS number.

Organizations should verify that they have a DUNS number or take the steps necessary to obtain one as soon as possible. Applicants can receive a DUNS number at no cost by calling the dedicated toll-free DUNS number request line at 1-800-333-0505.

5. After you have logged onto the system using your user ID and password, click on "Funding Opportunities.". Additionally, click on 'A-Z' for more search functions.
6. Select the "Bureau of Justice Assistance" from the drop-down list and click "Search." This will narrow the list of solicitations within the Office of Justice Programs to those in BJA.
7. From the list of BJA grants, find "State Criminal Alien Assistance Program" and click "Apply Online."
8. Confirm that your organization is eligible to apply for this program by reading the text on the screen. If eligible, proceed by clicking "Continue."
9. Once you have reached this point, you are considered successfully registered.

#### **Online Inmate Data Reporting Process**

Select the file upload process below that best meets your needs. While you may change the method prior to submitting the completed application to BJA, note that *the change from one process to another will overwrite and delete all previous inmate record submissions.*

- **Direct File Upload:** The direct file upload function allows you to submit inmate database records in a single ASCII-formatted file directly into GMS. File uploads must contain the mandatory data fields in the required format. File uploads that do not include the necessary information will be considered incomplete and not eligible SCAAP funding. The SCAAP system provides you with an opportunity to correct files or add missing data prior to finalizing the application.
- **Direct Data Entry:** The direct data entry function allows you to manually enter inmate data directly into an online inmate data template, instead of creating a separate ASCII file. This approach may be best suited for jurisdictions with smaller facilities or small criminal alien populations. Drop-down menus are provided for selecting incarceration dates, date of birth, and country of birth (complete country names are listed).

During the file upload process, a red flashing bar will appear at the bottom of the applicant screen. This bar will continue to flash until the inmate file upload is complete. Upon completion of the inmate file upload, SCAAP GMS will provide the applicant with a "File Upload Status Report." This report will list the number of inmate records in the upload and the number of inmate records that are complete. In addition, the report will provide a detailed list of inmate records (by file number) that are incomplete or have data format errors and the nature of the error. Print this file upload status report for your records. If during the file upload process, your internet browser times out or is disconnected, your inmate file upload may not be complete. It is important that you check the "File Upload Status Report" and verify that all of your inmate records have been uploaded.

When initiating a file upload, there is an approximate 10 second start-up delay. Once the file upload has actually begun, the estimated times for file uploads: 300 inmate records = less than 1 minute; 7,800 inmate records = 3 minutes; 54,600 inmate records = 15 minutes.

#### **Technical System Requirements**

Internet access is required to apply for SCAAP funding. Generally, Netscape Communicator 4.7 and Internet Explorer 5.5 are the earliest versions of the respective Internet browsers that may be used for successful SCAAP application system access. Contact your agency network administrator to determine if an internal firewall or agency Internet security system may be preventing direct access to the application system, or contact the GMS Help Desk for information regarding correct port settings. If you are a prior SCAAP user, the browser bookmark may not work properly and an attempt to access the SCAAP application site may generate a message advising that the "page cannot be displayed." Delete the bookmark and manually type the URL into

the browser address line.

**Internet User Accounts**

Government officials from the applying jurisdictions must establish the OJP GMS user accounts for SCAAP. Non-government officials may not establish user accounts on behalf of applying jurisdictions. When establishing a user account, sheriffs or chiefs of police are not considered CEOs, but they may serve as the contact persons establishing the SCAAP user accounts on behalf of the CEOs. All applications must be filed in the name of the state or unit of government and must include the jurisdiction's CEO's name, official title, and e-mail address.

**Application Resubmissions**

BJA may return a submitted application with incomplete or inaccurate data to the applicant for corrections, and will notify both the CEO and the SCAAP contact, via the e-mail address of record, that their application needs to be corrected and resubmitted by a certain date to be considered for SCAAP funding.