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Lease Calculator

Fixed Rate	Fixed Pay
Asset Value	<input type="text" value="11010.65"/>
Residual Value	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Lease Term	<input type="text" value="0"/> years
	<input type="text" value="48"/> months
Monthly Payment	<input type="text" value="229.18"/>
<input type="button" value="Calculate"/>	

Result

With this monthly payment, the interest/return rate is **negative**.

0%



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What is a Lease?

A lease is a contract made between a lessor (the legal owner of the asset) and a lessee (the person who wants to use the asset) for the use of an asset, bound by rules intended to protect both parties. In a typical contractual agreement, the lessee obtains the right to use an asset or multiple assets belonging to the lessor for a specific term in return for regular rental payments. Leasing is often associated with living spaces, working spaces, and cars, but mostly anything that can be owned can be leased. Other examples of leasable items include storage, conveyor belts, lighting, furnishings, software, server hardware, aircraft, cleaning equipment, and many more.

Rent vs. Lease

Although they are often used interchangeably, "lease" and "rent" technically have different meanings. By definition, a lease refers to the contractual agreement or contract itself, while rent refers to the periodic payment for the use of an asset. In neither case is equity of the asset being rented or leased actually gained.

Residual Value

Residual value, sometimes called salvage value, is an estimate of how much an asset will be worth at the end of its lease. It is most commonly associated with car leasing. As an example, a car worth \$30,000 that is leased for 3 years can have a residual value of \$16,000 when the lease ends.