

Sec. 117-351. - Home occupations.

Home occupations shall be allowed to exist in the residential zoning districts in accordance with certain criteria established to protect the peace, quiet, and domestic tranquility in all residential neighborhoods within the city, and in order to guarantee all residents freedom from excessive noise, excessive traffic, nuisance, fire hazard and other possible effects of said home occupation uses. It is the intent of this section that the property owner shall have a vested interest in the business, as the city does not desire to create business incubators for lease within the residential districts. Applications for a home occupation permit shall be processed administratively by the zoning administrator; or when circumstances necessitate, in accordance with the processing procedure established for conditional use permits in section 117-51. Home occupation permits may be suspended or revoked pursuant to the procedure established in section 117-51.

- (1) *Requirements.* Home occupations that operate under the following parameters shall be exempt from a permit. If a home occupation operates beyond the conditions below or if the home occupation creates conditions described in subsection (2), a permit shall be required.
 - a. The home occupation shall be clearly incidental and secondary to the residential use of the premises, and shall result in no incompatibility with or disturbance to the surrounding area.
 - b. The owner of the home occupation shall occupy the dwelling unit on the site of the home occupation.
 - c. Home occupation operations are restricted to the dwelling unit, attached or detached garages or accessory buildings. If the owner of a home occupation is conducting operations in a detached accessory building, said accessory building must be located on the same parcel as the owners dwelling unit, or a parcel immediately adjacent to the owner's dwelling, to which the owner also has fee title.
 - d. The area set aside for the home occupation in the dwelling unit shall not exceed 20 percent of the gross living area of the dwelling unit.
 - e. The area set aside for the home occupation in attached or detached accessory buildings or garages shall not exceed total accessory building space or height allowed on the site of the home occupation, as established in section 117-349.
 - f. A minimum of 400 square feet of garage or accessory building space shall be maintained as a primary residential garage for indoor parking of vehicles and equipment.
 - g. There shall not be any exterior evidence of the existence of said home occupation such as displays, exterior storage of home occupation equipment and vehicles, materials, supplies, inventory or merchandise, with the following exceptions:
 1. One motor vehicle affiliated with the home occupation, either meeting the definition of a commercial vehicle or any vehicle having lettering or advertising for said home occupation, shall be allowed to be stored or parked outside on the site of the home occupation in accordance with section 117-355.
 2. One piece of commercial equipment affiliated with the home occupation shall be allowed to be stored or parked on the site of the home occupation in accordance with section 117-355.
 - h. There shall be no interior signs or display which are visible from outside the dwelling unit or accessory building where the home occupation is operated nor any exterior business signs or displays unless otherwise permitted in article II, division 8 of this chapter, with the following exception:
 1. A sign not exceeding two square feet in size may be displayed if affixed flat against the wall of either the home or accessory building where the home occupation is being conducted. The sign shall be non-illuminated and shall not have dynamic display capabilities.

- i. The home occupation shall not generate excessive vehicular traffic (customers, employees, deliveries, etc.) in the residential neighborhood. Excessive vehicular traffic for purposes of this section is defined as in excess of any combination of eight round-trip customer/client visits and/or deliveries per standard eight hour day and no more than one on the premises at any given time. For the purposes of this section, one customer/client visit shall be considered to include any number of persons arriving in a single vehicle. One round-trip visit per eligible employee shall also be allowed and is not counted toward the customer/client visits. An increase at a rate of 25 percent is permitted if the subject property has access from a county, state, or MSA street.
 - j. The home occupation does not serve as headquarters or as a dispatch center where employees come to the site and are then dispatched to other locations.
 - k. The receipt or shipment of deliveries shall be limited to those made by the USPS and/or an express shipping service that is characteristic of service to a residential neighborhood.
 - l. The home occupation shall not constitute a fire hazard to neighboring residences, or a nuisance to neighbors because of excessive traffic, light glare, noise, odors, vibration or other circumstances, as determined by the fire marshal or zoning administrator.
 - m. The home occupation shall not include operations relating to internal combustion engines, body shops, ammunition manufacturing, motor vehicle repairs or sale, or any other objectionable uses as determined by the zoning administrator.
 - n. The home occupation shall not change the fire rating of a structure nor require exterior alterations or modifications that change the residential character or appearance of the dwelling unit or accessory building to a commercial nature.
- (2) *Administrative home occupation permit required.* Home occupations that include one or more of the following practices or operational methods shall require a home occupation permit that is subject to the review and approval of the zoning administrator.
- a. The home occupation employs persons, which includes but is not limited to co-owners, partners, and employees), that do not live in the dwelling unit on the property but conduct work on the property.
 - 1. The owner of a home occupation on a parcel less than three acres in size may employ a maximum of one person that does not reside in the dwelling unit on the property but does conduct work on the property. The owner of a home occupation on a parcel three acres or greater in size may employ a maximum of three persons that do not reside in the dwelling unit on the property but do conduct work on the property.
 - 2. Off-street parking for the dwelling unit occupants and any nonresident employees is provided in accordance with section 117-355.
 - b. The home occupation involves operating methods that include transactions with the public (customers, clients, consultants, subcontractors, etc.) on the site of the home occupation. The number of persons permitted on the site at any given time shall be limited so as not to create a parking demand in excess of that which can be accommodated on driveway on the site of the home occupation.
 - c. Retail sales are conducted on the site. Retail sales at the site shall be limited to products that are ancillary to the home occupation and shall be displayed or stored indoors.
- (3) *Conditional use.* Home occupations that propose to operate beyond the scope of the parameters in subsection (1) and/or (2) of this section shall be processed in accordance with the procedures established for conditional use permits in section 117-51, with the exception of recording the home occupation permit should it be approved by city council.
- (4) *Nuisance prevention.* In order to guarantee that a home occupation, once authorized, will not become a nuisance to the neighbors or otherwise violate these guidelines, the city staff or city

council may impose reasonable conditions necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of residents of the city.

- (5) *Inspections.* There may be one or more inspections each year by the zoning administrator or his designee of any property covered by a home occupation permit. In addition, the zoning administrator and/or his designee, shall have the right at any time, upon reasonable request, 48 hours' notice shall be considered reasonable, to enter and inspect the premises covered by said permit for safety and compliance purposes.
- (6) *Term of home occupation permits.* Home occupation permits granted by this section shall be temporary in nature and shall be granted to a designated person who resides in the dwelling unit on the subject property. Permits are not transferable from person to person or from address to address, unless the transfer is in accordance with the provisions of subsection (7) of this section.
- (7) *Death or move of permit holder; suspension or revocation; businesses existing before adoption of article provisions.*
 - a. Should a home occupation permit holder die or move to a new location, the existing permit shall be automatically terminated. Except that in the case of death, should a surviving spouse or child, residing at the same address or receiving title to the property desire to continue the home occupation, written notice to that effect shall be given to the zoning administrator and the council may authorize continuation of that permit without further hearing.
 - b. A home occupation permit, once granted, may be suspended or revoked prior to its original revocation date by the council for cause after hearing before the council. Citizen complaints seeking the revocation of such permit shall be filed with the zoning administrator. All such revocation hearings, publication, and notice requirements shall be the same as for conditional use permits in accordance with section 117-51.
 - c. Persons conducting a business from property zoned for residential use on the effective date of the ordinance from which this section is derived shall be required to obtain a home occupation permit as required herein. The business may continue pending final determination of the application. Should the zoning administrator or council deny the application for a home occupation permit the use shall immediately cease at such residential premises.

(Code 1978, § 9.11.04; Ord. No. 73-05, 5-21-1973; Ord. No. 03-30, 9-15-2003; Ord. No. 03-54, 1-19-2004; Ord. No. 08-14, § 2, 5-13-2008; Ord. No. 15-03, § 2, 2-24-2015)