

## **SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO MODEL CITY TAX CODE AND AMENDMENTS TO THE TAX CODE OF THE CITY OF SAN LUIS**

The amendments to the Tax Code of the City of San Luis incorporate all of the Model City Tax Code changes approved by the Municipal Tax Code Commission from 2012 through 2014.

**Section 100** adds language to the existing definitions of "Business" and "Prosthetic". This change excludes the sale of electricity generated by consumer equipment from the definition of "Business". Adding this exclusion means persons that make such sales (e.g. residential solar energy sales) are not deemed to be in the business of providing Utilities, and thus are not required to have a Privilege Tax License to make such sales. The additional language that adds Orthodontics to the definition of "Prosthetic" is a change intended to conform the Code to State statute. These changes are effective retroactively from and after January 1, 2007 for "Business," and October 1, 2007 for "Prosthetic."

**Section 120** is repealed, eliminating the definition of "Food for Home Consumption." The elements of this definition are incorporated in new Section 462, creating a separate "Food for Home Consumption" tax classification apart from the Retail classification. This section is effective from and after July 1, 2013.

**Section 200** is amended to add conforming language under the determination of gross income that is related to nuclear fuel sales as found in State statute. This section is effective from and after July 1, 2013.

This section repeals and replaces all of Article III – Licensing and Recordkeeping. This is a critical step in Transaction Privilege Tax Simplification that has the effect of making licensing as uniform as possible across all cities and towns. Note that this section completely replaces the entirety of Article III in every city and town's tax code. This change also eliminates all Regulations numbered in the 300's, as well as eliminating all Green Sheet items related to tax licensing. This section also eliminates the use of the tax license as a means to regulate business for any purpose other than tax collection. From now on, all licensing and enforcement of a regulatory nature such as zoning, use permits, special events, inspections, etc., must be accomplished by a separate business license. This section is effective from and after January 1, 2015.

**Section 422** is amended to remove an obsolete code reference related to Jet Fuel Sales. This section is effective retroactively from and after September 21, 2006.

**Section 425** is amended to add an exemption from tax on Job Printing for sales of postage and freight in conformity with State statute. This element is effective retroactively from and after September 21, 2006. Also, Local Option #MM is eliminated effective July 1, 2012, also in conformity with State statute.

**Section 445** is amended to adopt the final version of a new exemption for Real Property Leases between Affiliated Entities. This section is effective retroactively from and after July 1, 2013.

**Section 450** is amended to conform to the new State exemption and city preemption that makes the leasing of certified ignition interlock devices required under Driving Under the Influence (DUI) laws exempt from tax under Tangible Personal Property Rental. This section is effective retroactively from and after September 1, 2004.

**Section 460** is amended in conformity with a new clarifying State exemption and matching city preemption that makes the retail sale of gift cards and other cash equivalents exempt from the tax under the Retail classification. This section is effective retroactively from and after October 1, 2007.

**Section 462**, Retail Sales: Food for Home Consumption is added to the standard Model Code language. This section incorporates all of the definitions and Regulations related to grocery sales that were previously included only in those communities that selected Model Option #2. With this change and standardization, Model Option #2 is eliminated from the Code. Cities and towns are now free to set a distinct tax rate for grocery sales, which can be higher, lower, or zero, as the community sees fit. This section is effective from and after July 1, 2013.

**Section 465**, Retail Sales: Exemptions has undergone significant changes, largely in name of conformity with State statute. A major goal of Transaction Privilege Tax Simplification was making conforming changes to the Retail classification of the Model City Tax Code that aligned with State statute wherever possible, with the intention of preparing for passage of the Marketplace Fairness Act. On the State tax side, the only change enacted was elimination of an exemption for in-store sales to non-residents that are shipped out of State (excluding vehicles). On the City side, this movement resulted in the elimination of Model Option #2, related to food for home consumption creating a

separate classification; and adding charter schools to the list that qualify for a food sale exemption. Also, wholly new conforming exemptions were adopted, including one for the sale of “renewable energy credits”; sale of periodicals to encourage tourism; sale of paper machine clothing to a paper manufacturer; sales of overhead materials used in performing government contracts; and the sale of fuels and sale of equipment to qualified environmental technology manufacturers. All of these changes are effective July 1, 2013, with the exception of the sale of “renewable energy credits” which is effective retroactively from and after January 1, 2007.

Changes to this section include adding in a specific exemption from the Utilities classification for sales of excess energy produced by a consumer’s photovoltaic system to a utility distributor, along with language that removes the sale of Renewable Energy Credits from the Utilities classification. This provides the exemption under the Utilities classification to clarify that when the meter spins backward, the taxable measure is the net charge to the consumer, and that Renewable Energy Credit sales are not part of the gross receipts under Utilities. This section shall be effective from and after January 1, 2007.

**Section 485** is added to the standard code language, creating a new classification that imposes tax on wastewater removal services. This section was formerly a Green Page in several cities. This conversion to standard code language is part of the ongoing effort to eliminate the Green Pages by either eliminating or adopting exception items. This section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2013. **San Luis** has chosen to maintain its previous exemption in this area through the application of a zero percent tax rate for this classification.

**Section 570** is amended to grant the Tax Collector greater latitude in allowing extensions to taxpayers that are making a good faith effort to produce additional information during the audit protest process. Previously the code technically allowed only one 45-day extension to taxpayers protesting audit results, so actual practice resulted in many “unofficial” extensions. This change allows the Tax Collector to grant additional extension at their discretion. This section is deemed effective from and after July 1, 2008.

**Section 660**, Use Tax: Exemptions has undergone significant changes which mirror the changes to the Retail Exemptions noted above in Code Section 465. Again, these are being done in the name of conformity with State statute. This movement resulted in the elimination of the food for home consumption exemption; adding an exemption for employee drinks and meals; and adding charter schools to the list that qualify for a food exemption. Also, wholly new conforming exemptions were adopted, including one for the purchase of Renewable Energy Credits; periodicals to encourage tourism; paper machine clothing to a paper manufacturer; overhead materials used in performing government contracts; and the purchase of fuels and sale of equipment to qualified environmental technology manufacturers. All of these changes are effective July 1, 2013, with the exception of Renewable Energy Credits which is effective retroactively from and after January 1, 2007.

This section repeals Regulation 120.1 related to the definition of Food for Home Consumption, which has been incorporated in the text of new Section 462 noted above. This section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2013.

This section amends Regulation 270.1, adding the provision of wastewater removal services to the list of activities that are considered proprietary and therefore taxable when engaged in by a city or town. This section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2013.

This section amends Regulation 460.1, adding the distinction from Retail for activities that fall under the two new classifications: Food for Home Consumption in Section 462, and Wastewater Removal Services in Section 485. This means that an exchange of tangible personal property that occurs under the activity described in Sections 462 or 485, is specifically NOT considered a Retail transaction. This section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2013.