WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015



WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

COUNTY JUDGE	DAN A. GATTIS
COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT I	LISA BIRKMAN
COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT II	CYNTHIA LONG
COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT III	VALERIE COVEY
COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT IV	RON MORRISON
COUNTY AUDITOR	DAVID U. FLORES
TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR	DEBORAH HUNT
COUNTY CLERK	NANCY RISTER
COUNTY ATTORNEY	DOYLE "DEE" HOBBS
COUNTY TREASURER	JERRI L. JONES
DISTRICT CLERK	LISA DAVID
DISTRICT ATTORNEY	JANA DUTY
SHERIFF	JAMES WILSON

OFFICIAL ISSUING REPORT

DAVID U. FLORES COUNTY AUDITOR

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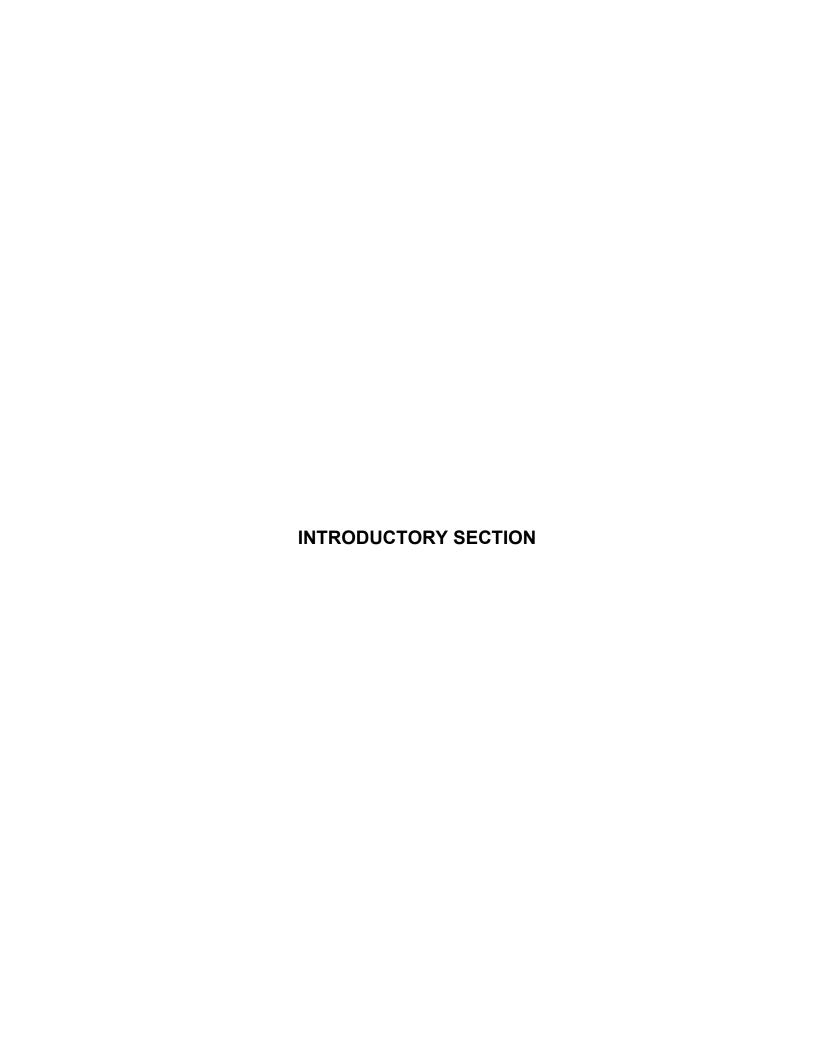
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AUDITOR'S OFFICE Williamson County Courthouse 710 Main Street, Suite 301 Georgetown, Texas 78626

> Phone: 512/943-1500 Fax: 512/943-1567

March 8, 2016

The Honorable District Judges Betsy Lambeth, 425th Judicial District Donna King, 26th Judicial District Stacey Mathews, 277th Judicial District Rick J. Kennon, 368th Judicial District Presently Vacant, 395th Judicial District

The Honorable Commissioner's Court, Williamson County, Texas Dan A. Gattis, County Judge
Lisa Birkman, County Commissioner, Precinct I
Cynthia Long, County Commissioner, Precinct II
Valerie Covey, County Commissioner, Precinct III
Ron Morrison, County Commissioner, Precinct IV

The Citizens of Williamson County

Ladies, Gentlemen, and Citizens:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Williamson County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Williamson County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of Williamson County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of Williamson County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Williamson County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As financial management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Williamson County's financial statements have been audited by Weaver and Tidwell, L.L.P., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Williamson County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that Williamson County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of Williamson County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These reports are available in the last section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Williamson County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Williamson County, organized in 1848, is located in the central part of the state, which is considered to be the top growth area in the state, and one of the top growth areas in the country. Williamson County currently occupies a land area of 1,135 square miles and serves an estimated population of 489,250.

Williamson County is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. Williamson County is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It has no legislative powers and restrictive judicial and administrative powers. The governing body of the County is the Commissioner's Court of five members. The County Judge is the chairperson of the court and the Commissioner from each of the precincts are also members. The Court has only such powers as are conferred upon it by the Constitution and the Statutes or by necessary implication therefrom. None has the authority to act on their own but must act only as a whole.

Williamson County provides essential things that make our communities livable: roads and bridges, public improvements, juvenile detention and education, law enforcement and corrections, a court system to protect our legal rights, secure storage of our important public records and protection against threats to public health, to include providing health care to the indigent. Williamson County beyond the Texas Constitutional requirements also provides parks and emergency medical services that add to the quality of life for local residents.

In accordance with Local Government Code Chapter, 111, when a county has reached a population of more than 125,000 the Commissioner's Court may appoint a Budget Officer. The Budget Officer is responsible for preparing a county budget for the fiscal year. In preparing or monitoring the budget, the budget officer may require the county auditor or any other district, county, or precinct officer of the county to provide any information necessary for the budget officer to properly prepare or monitor the budget. The budgets must be carefully itemized to make possible a comparison of the proposed expenditures with the expenditures of the preceding year. The budget must show as definitely as possible or with reasonable accuracy the purpose of each expenditure and the amount of money to be spent.

By statute, the County Auditor projects the revenues for the county. Once these processes are complete, the Budget Officer files a copy of the proposed budget with the County Clerk. The Commissioner's Court holds a public hearing on the proposed budget. Any taxpayer of the County may attend and may participate in the hearing.

At the conclusion of the public hearing, the Commissioner's Court takes action on the proposed budget. The Commissioner's Court may make any changes in the proposed budget that it considers warranted by law and required in the best interest of the taxpayers.

The Commissioner's Court may levy taxes only in accordance with the budget. After final approval of the budget, the County Auditor shall file the budget with the County Clerk and may spend county funds only in strict compliance with the budget, except in an emergency.

The Commissioner's Court may authorize an emergency expenditure as an amendment to the original budget only in a case of grave public necessity to meet an unusual and unforeseen condition that could not have been included in the original budget through the use of reasonably diligent thought and attention. If the Court amends the original

budget to meet an emergency, the Court files a copy of its order amending the budget with the County Clerk. The clerk attaches the copy to the original budget.

The Commissioner's Court, by order, may amend the budget to transfer an amount budgeted for one item to another budgeted item within the same fund without authorizing an emergency expenditure.

State Law requires counties to adopt a budget before they adopt a tax rate. The Commissioner's Court may levy taxes only in accordance with the budget. Chapter 26 of the Property Tax Code requires taxing units to comply with truth-in-taxation laws in setting their tax rates. This law has two purposes:

- to make the taxpayers more knowledgeable about tax rate proposals;
- and, in certain cases, to allow taxpayers to roll back or limit a tax increase.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Williamson County operates.

Local Economy. Williamson County continues to be one of the fastest growing counties in the state. Since 2000, the county's population has grown by 96 percent. It is the 12th most populous county in Texas. Williamson County's growth has been fueled by its location on the I-35 corridor and close access to Austin, Texas. The county's economic base has developed to be home to many major industries, including high tech, manufacturing, healthcare, and higher education. The regional economy continues to expand. The county has a diverse workforce. This attracts new businesses to locate to the area. Job creation has caused many of the cities in the county to be some of the fastest growing cities in the country. New housing, building permits, and new roads also demonstrate the growth. The diversity in the economy makes the county less vulnerable to economic downturns. The unemployment rate has been lower than the national average. The county unemployment rate decreased from 4.3% in September of this year; the rate was significantly lower than the national rate for September which decreased from 4.8% in 2014 to 4.2% this year.

Williamson County has benefited from the population growth. The county has experienced major job growth and proliferation of business and residential development. Williamson County has been ranked one of the fastest-growing counties in the nation. Business incentives, a low tax rate, and affordable housing are major factors that have contributed to the job growth. The latest population forecasts project Williamson County population could grow to more than 1 million people by 2040.

With the job and population growth in the county, several areas of the county have become key commercial and residential developments. Houghton Mifflin Harcourt (HMH) will be locating to La Frontera Plaza. The project will bring over 270 jobs and a new 100,000 square foot facility. HMH is located in the SH45 N and I35 corridor in Round Rock. Another area of development is SH45 and Toll 183A. The location is a regional intersection for Cedar Park, Austin, and Round Rock. New business and residential developments have increased in this area. Sam's Club opened this year and a luxury apartment complex has completed construction. Several undeveloped areas are expected to be purchased in the coming year. Cedar Park approved a new 100 acre mixed use development on Parmer Lane called Presidio. The development will include office buildings, restaurants, shops, an apartment complex, and a hotel. The first phase of the project has broken ground. University Boulevard is another corridor that continues to add new developments. The Nutty Brown Cafe plans to locate at University and I-35. This will be the first large outdoor music venue in Round Rock.

Other county entertainment venues will be renovated. In Taylor, the Williamson County Expo Center is adding 48,000 square feet. The Expo center will host livestock shows, rodeos, banquets, festivals, and other events. The Palace Theater in Georgetown plans to expand operations to include a freestanding facility for its children's programs. A new museum has opened in Cedar Park called the Texas Museum of Science and Technology. This museum is the first planetarium in Central Texas. These venues have an impact on the county and attract visitors to the county.

The demand for housing is strong throughout the county. Apartment units in the county have increased. In the Austin-area builders will add 10,670 new units to accommodate demand. Georgetown is breaking ground on a 755-acre master planned community. The project will include 1600 new homes and 900 multifamily units. Other housing developments such as Vizcaya is selling its first homes this year. Over the last seven years, several senior care facilities have opened or are under construction. It is expected that the county will have one of the fastest growing over 65 populations. One of the newest health care facilities opened in Hutto this year. Falcon Ridge Rehabilitation offers short term and long-term care.

Health care options continue to increase throughout the county. Cedar Park Regional Medical Center expanded this year. A 6,000 square foot expansion includes a Heart and Vascular Center. There are many more healthcare related projects on the horizon for Cedar Park. A pediatric urgent care opened in July in Cedar Park. A free standing ER is under construction in Leander. The Heart Hospital of Austin at St. David's Round Rock Medical Center opened a new 15,390 square foot facility.

Area school districts are growing twice the rate of the state. New campus and renovations are under construction throughout the county. Austin Community College has approved to open a 100-acre campus in Leander. This campus will fill a gap in the western side of the county for institutions of higher education. The Texas State Round Rock Campus plans to expand a new building for the College of Health Professionals.

Williamson County is a part of the Austin-Round Rock metropolitan area. The metropolitan area continues to be a top performer in numerous national rankings. Bloomberg ranked Austin-Round Rock MSA #1 in Texas for Top Cities to See the Most Economic Growth in 2016. Williamson County was ranked as the third healthiest county in Texas, by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and the University of Wisconsin. Since 2010, the county has been listed as one of the healthiest counties in Texas. In 2015, the Austin-Round Rock metro area ranked fourth in the Milken Institute's Best Cities Index. The Milken Institute ranks US metropolitan areas by how well they are creating and sustaining jobs and economic growth.

Long-Term Financial Planning. Williamson County continues to address safety and mobility improvements necessary to adapt to the county's growth. The 2006 Voter Approved \$228 million General Obligation Road Bond projects spent approximately a total of \$24.2M this fiscal year. In 2015, several current road projects were under construction such as IH-35 Northbound Frontage Road and Ramps (\$6.9M), Pearson Ranch Road Interchange (\$2.7M), and RM 620 Interim Improvements (\$2.3M). Williamson County has joined with other entities to complete some of the road projects. City of Georgetown will design FM 1460 between University Boulevard and Quail Valley Drive and TXDOT will acquire right of way and construct the roadway. Williamson County has contributed \$4.5M towards the FM 1460 Phase 2 project, which broke ground in October 2015.

In November 2013, Williamson County voters approved \$275 million in road construction and improvement bonds and \$40 million in bonds for parks. The \$275 million General Obligation Road Bond projects spent \$12.7 million this fiscal year. In 2015, City of Leander will construct Hero Way from 183 to Lakeline Boulevard made possible through an Interlocal Agreement with Williamson County who has committed to contribute fifty percent of construction not to exceed \$9,150,000. In FY15, Williamson County reimbursed \$1.9M to City of Leander on Hero Way.

In May 2015, Williamson County issued \$59,645,000 of Certificates of Obligation to construct several buildings which include facilities for Sheriff Office Training Facility, Animal Shelter Expansion, Tower Upgrades, Georgetown Annex and North Campus Improvements.

Relevant Financial Polices.

Financial Policy. The Williamson County Commissioner's Court ensures financial stability within the County government by adopting proactive, responsible policies that allow the County to respond to growth and infrastructure needs while maintaining a high standard of County-provided services. The Financial Policy is intended as a guide for the members of Commissioner's Court in evaluating the impact of policies and funding

decisions on future County services. The court will continue to act with speed in identifying early opportunities to reprioritize projects and investments and adjust strategies where necessary.

Debt Management Policy. This policy has been adopted to provide a conceptual framework for the issuance and management of debt. This policy recognizes the capital improvement needs of a growing County and the need to balance the taxpayer's ability to pay. The county will consider various factors before the issuance of debt and take a prudent approach.

Fund Balance Policy. The County has adopted a policy to maintain an appropriate level of fund balance. The level of the Unassigned Fund Balance for the General fund shall not be less than 35% of total General Fund budgeted expenditures.

County Investment Policy. The objectives of the County's investment policy are to match the suitability of investments to financial requirements; achieve safety of principal; maintain liquidity; diversify the portfolio by investment type, issuer, and maturity sector; and to seek the highest possible yield within policy and cash flow constraints. The policy adheres to the statutory requirements of the Local Government Code 116.112(a) and /or Title X, Chapter 2256, Section 2556.005 (f) and (g) of the Texas Government Code.

The conservative fiscal stewardship and county policies contributed to the affirmation of the county's bond rating of AAA by Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings throughout 2015. This rating enables the county to have lower interest rates when issuing bonds resulting in substantial savings to the taxpayers.

Special Recognition and Appreciation. Traditionally, the Auditor's Office recognizes an individual in this report who has significantly contributed to our efforts to improve and better the business of Williamson County. This year, we would like to recognize Minnie Beteille for her hard work and dedication to the County. As a Project Manager and member of the Information Technology Service team for 11 years, Minnie has led or supported numerous projects to help promote efficiencies and improve processes within the County. Her support to the County Auditor's office and various other departments around the County, along with her willingness to help day or night, make her an invaluable asset to Williamson County.

Awards and Acknowledgements.

CAFR: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Williamson County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. This was the 23rd consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility of another certificate. A copy of this report can be found on the County website at www.wilco.org.

PAFR: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has given an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting to Williamson County for its Popular Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. The Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports. In order to receive an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting, a government unit must publish a Popular Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability, and reader appeal. An Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Popular Annual Financial Reporting requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA. A copy of this report can be found on the County website at www.wilco.org.

This report is possible because of the efficient and dedicated service of the audit team of Weaver and Tidwell, L.L.P. In addition, allow me to express my appreciation to the Commissioner's Court, the Audit Committee and to the District Judges for their interest and continued support and for the responsive and progressive manner in which they support the financial position and operations of the County. Also, I am grateful to all elected officials and employees concerning all matters related to the operation of this office during the past year and for their efforts toward improving County business.

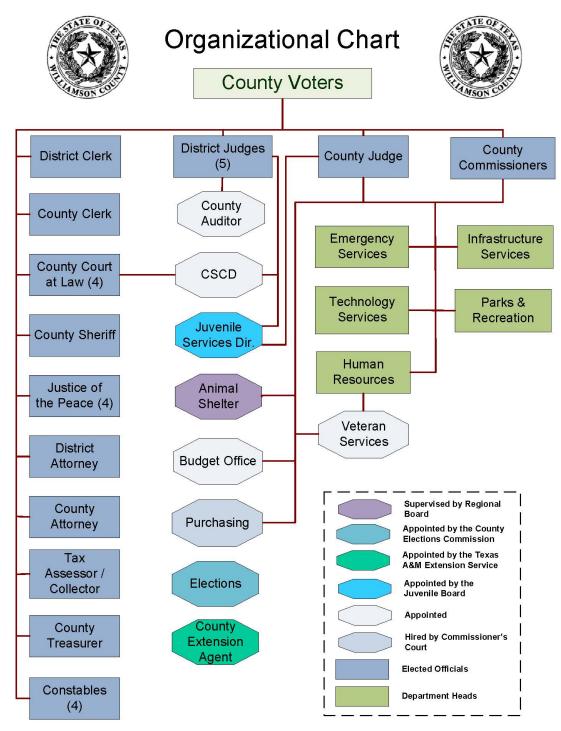
Respectfully submitted,

David U. Flores County Auditor

Williamson County, Texas Officials

Title	Name
Judge, 395th Judicial District Court	Michael Jergins
Judge, 26th Judicial District Court	Donna King
Judge, 277th Judicial District Court	Stacey Mathews
Judge, 368th Judicial District Court	Rick J. Kennon
Judge, 425th Judicial District Court	Betsy Lambeth
County Auditor	David U. Flores
County Judge	Dan A. Gattis
Commissioner, Precinct 1	Lisa Birkman
Commissioner, Precinct 2	Cynthia Long
Commissioner, Precinct 3	Valerie Covey
Commissioner, Precinct 4	Ron Morrison
Constable, Precinct 1	Robert Chody
Constable, Precinct 2	Rick Coffman
Constable, Precinct 3	Kevin Stofle
Constable, Precinct 4	Marty Ruble
County Clerk	Nancy Rister
Judge, County Court at Law #1	Suzanne Brooks
Judge, County Court at Law #2	Vacant
Judge, County Court at Law #3	Doug Arnold
Judge, County Court at Law #4	John B. McMaster
District Attorney	Jana Duty
District Clerk	Lisa David
Justice of the Peace, Precinct 1	Dain Johnson
Justice of the Peace, Precinct 2	Edna Staudt
Justice of the Peace, Precinct 3	Bill Gravell, Jr.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct 4	Judy S. Hobbs
County Attorney	Doyle Hobbs
Sheriff	James Wilson
Tax Assessor/Collector	Deborah M. Hunt
County Treasurer	Jerri L. Jones
Budget Officer	Ashlie Koenig
Senior Director of Emergency Services	John Sneed
Elections Administrator	Christopher J. Davis
Senior Director of Human Resources	Tara Raymore
Senior Director of Technology Services	Jay Schade
Senior Director of Infrastructure	Robert Daigh
Senior Director of Parks and Recreation	Randy Bell
Purchasing Agent	Max Bricka
Director of Veterans Services	Donna Harrell
CSCD Director	Steve Morrison
County Extension Service Agent	Chelsea Stevens
Juvenile Services Director	Scott Matthew
Animal Services Director	Cheryl Schneider

^{*} As of September 30, 2015



As of December 01, 2009



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Williamson County Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge. and County Commissioners Williamson County, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williamson County, Texas (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2015 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Special Road and Bridge Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the County has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. Beginning net position has been restated to reflect the change in accounting principle from this statement. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Texas County District Retirement System Schedule of Changes in the Employers Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and the Texas County District Retirement System Schedule of Employer Contributions on pages 4 – 17, 73, and 74. respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes

Williamson County, Texas

Page 3

of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 18, 2016, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Weaver and Siduell, L. S. P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Austin, Texas March 18, 2016



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Williamson County, we offer readers of the Williamson County financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Williamson County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i – ix of this report.

This is the tenth year Williamson County is presenting financial information in the new reporting format required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Williamson County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$138,988,069.
- Restricted net position of \$42.6 million are funds set aside for specific purposes such as: road and bridge, capital projects, debt service and tobacco funds.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Williamson County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$545.6 million.
- The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$77.1 million, or 57% of total General Fund expenditures, up from 54% last year. The major factors for the variances in revenues and expenditures are explained later in the analysis.
- The county issued several bonds this year. In October 2014, \$77.3 million Limited Tax Refunding Bonds was issued. \$29.3 million Limited Tax Refunding Bonds and \$74.3 million Limited Taxable Refunding Bonds was issued in April 2015. May 2015 the County issued \$90.2 million Unlimited Tax Road Bonds. These bonds were approved by the voters in November 2013. \$59.6 million Certificates of Obligation was issued in May 2015.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Williamson County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1) government-wide financial statements 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Williamson County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Williamson County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, debt payments, and earned but unused vacation leave).

In the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities, the County presents information of the primary government (governmental activities):

<u>Governmental Activities</u> – Most of the County's basic services are reported here such as public safety, parks, and community services. Property taxes finance most of these activities

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18-19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of available resources, as well as on balances of unencumbered resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Williamson County maintains 47 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Road and Bridge Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Project Fund, and Pass-through Funding Program, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 42 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Williamson County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General Fund and Special Road and Bridge Fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 25 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The only type of proprietary fund that Williamson County maintains is Internal Service Funds which are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. Williamson County uses two Internal Service Funds to account for the Fleet Maintenance Fund and the Benefits Fund. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Fleet Maintenance Fund and the Benefits Fund. Both Internal Service Funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the Internal Service Funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 - 28 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support Williamson County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29 - 30 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31 - 72 of this report.

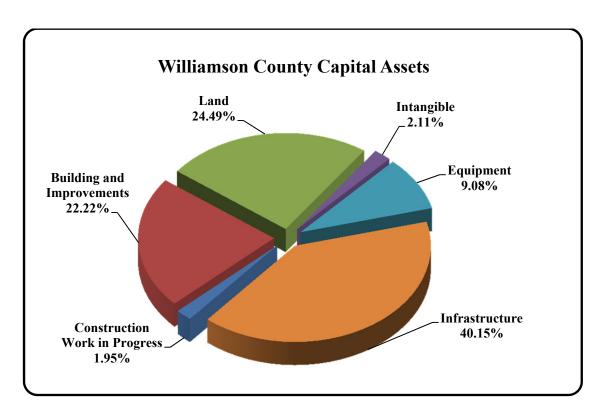
The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and Internal Service Funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 75 - 123 of this report.

Financial Analysis of Government-Wide Statements

Summary of Statement of Net Position

	Primary Government	
	Governmental	
	Activities	
	<u>2015</u>	2014
Current Assets and Other Assets	\$614,470,838	\$501,488,458
Capital Assets	628,185,486	571,479,907
Total Assets	1,242,656,324	1,072,968,365
Deferred Outflows of Resources	53,490,401	32,176,511
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	53,490,401	32,176,511
Current Liabilities	95 009 492	77 224 722
Noncurrent Liabilities	85,008,483	77,224,722
	1,072,150,173	912,788,295
Total Liabilities	1,157,158,656	990,013,017
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$445,160,755	\$253,798,426
Restricted	42,611,846	35,850,736
Unrestricted	(348,784,532)	(174,517,303)
Total Net Position	\$138,988,069	\$115,131,859

Total net position increased by \$23.9 million compared to 2014. This change is due to several factors. Current assets increased \$113 million this year. One of the primary increases is the proceeds received from the issuance of bonds for road and building improvements. The debt associated with the sale of bonds caused an increase in liabilities. Deferred Outflows increased by \$21.3 million. GASB 68 was implemented this fiscal year. Subsequent contributions after the pension measurement date of December 31, 2014 are deferred and recognized in the following year. Also the deferred outflows increased due to the county refunding bonds for interest savings. When bonds are refunded, the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The county added several major capital assets. Improvements to AW Grimes Boulevard, a purchase of a county building in Round Rock, the expansion to the landfill, and construction of the Cedar Park Radio Tower are added as capital assets.



A portion of the County's net position (\$628.2 million) reflects investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment). Williamson County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. It should be noted that the resources needed to repay the debt associated with these capital assets must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

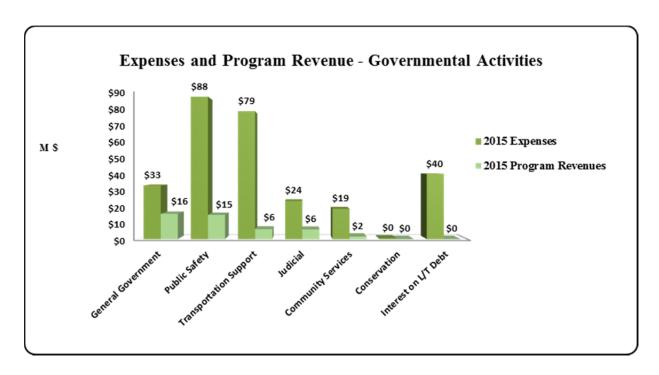
However, the investment in capital assets does not necessarily correlate directly with changes in capital assets as a whole. Many road projects, once completed, are contributed to the local entity involved thus removing the asset from the County's books. In 1999, County Commissioners recognized the need to address transportation needs in the County. Discussions with local and state governments and community leaders led to the development of a Multi-Corridor Plan. Since 2000, in order to facilitate economic growth and to increase the quality of life, the County started responsibly issuing road bonds to address road improvements countywide. As road projects are completed, ownership of many of the new roads is transferred to the appropriate local entity. This plan has benefited the county over the years making travel faster and safer throughout the county.

Williamson County's Changes in Net Position

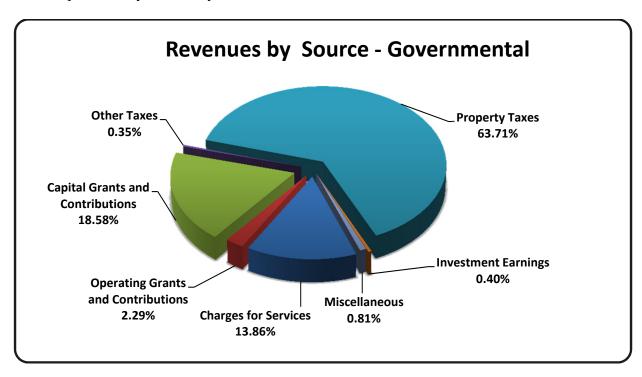
	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities 2015	Governmental Activities 2014	
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$44,423,946	\$43,061,826	
Operating grants and contributions	7,327,581	11,059,515	
Capital grants and contributions	59,565,089	49,107,663	
General revenues:			
Property taxes	204,275,713	182,918,477	
Other taxes	1,118,611	987,258	
Investment earnings	1,291,116	564,343	
Miscellaneous	2,602,864	3,464,348	
Total Revenues	320,604,920	291,163,430	
Expenses			
General government	33,113,079	32,522,582	
Public safety	87,932,683	88,098,767	
Transportation support	78,977,229	87,436,401	
Judicial	23,581,105	22,685,570	
Community services	18,727,680	16,796,646	
Interest on long-term debt	40,308,534	35,634,706	
Conservation	407,345	347,751	
Total Expenses	283,047,655	283,522,423	
Change in Net Position	37,557,265	7,641,007	
Net Position, Beginning	115,131,859	114,126,086	
Prior Period Adjustment	(13,701,055)	(6,635,234)	
Net Position, Ending	\$138,988,069	\$115,131,859	

Property taxes are collected to support government activities for the primary government. Property tax revenues increased \$21.4 million from the last fiscal year. The total property taxes collected was \$204.3 million for the year. For 2015, tax rates slightly decreased; however, property values increased by 10% and along with new improvements this resulted in an increase in revenues. The continued growth in the county has added several subdivisions throughout the county. Many of these subdivisions will be maintained by the county. The increase in capital grants and contributions is due to the county's acceptance of these new subdivisions. Expenses decreased slightly in this fiscal year. The two major changes were the decrease in transportation expenses and increase in long term debt. The decrease in transportation is primarily due to road projects in the planning and development stages. In anticipation of the construction of road projects, the county issued \$90.2 million of road bonds. Also, the county issued \$59.6 million in certificate of obligations. These bonds will be used to renovate, construct, and purchase new county buildings. The costs associated with issuing the debt have contributed to the increase in interest on long-term debt. In addition, the county issued the three refunding bonds. The costs related to the refundings added to the increase in interest on long-term debt.

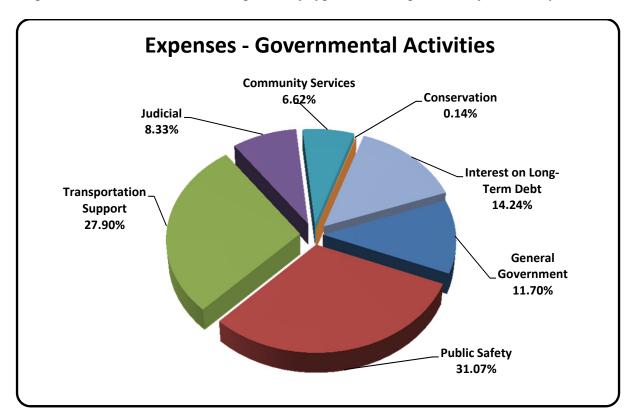
The statement of activities also includes the restatement of beginning net position related to the County's implementation of GASB 68. The impact of this adjustment was to reduce the previously presented net position at September 30, 2014 by \$13.7 million.



The chart above compares expenses and direct revenues associated with like county services. The pie chart below includes other revenues, i.e. tax collections that are not tied to individual services provided by the county.







Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, Williamson County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

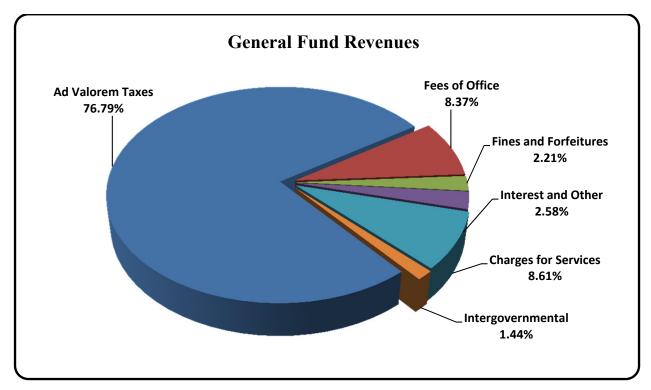
Governmental Funds. The focus of this section is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Williamson County's financing requirements. In particular, the unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

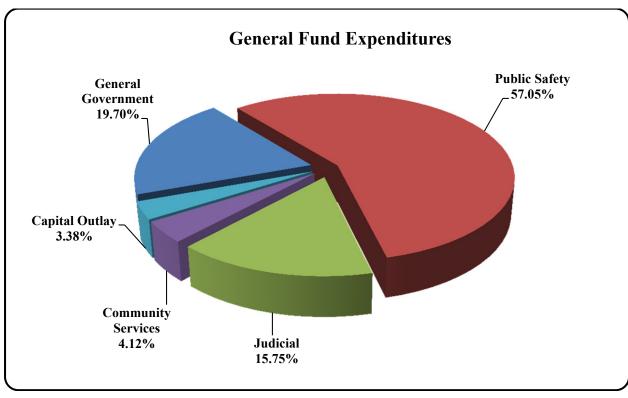
As of the current fiscal year end, Williamson County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$545.6 million, an increase of \$134 million compared to the prior year. This increase is primarily driven by the issuance of the road and certificate of obligation bonds. \$117.7 million of the fund balance is nonspendable. The majority of the nonspendable amount is due to a receivable due from the Texas Department of Transportation for the Pass Through Financing Program. \$350.7 million of the fund balance is restricted and committed. This means that these funds are earmarked for specific purposes that have been either imposed by state legislation or by formal action taken by commissioner's court. The remaining balance is unassigned and can be used for any purpose.

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the General Fund was \$83.5 million with an \$885 thousand nonspendable fund balance for investment in capital leases and prepaid expenses. In 2013, the county established a plan to reduce excess reserves to fund various county capital projects. \$5.4 million of the General Fund balance is committed to fund the remaining 2013, 2014 and 2015 capital projects not completed at year end. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance for 2015 represents 57% of total General Fund expenditures. This significant fund balance to total expenditure ratio indicates a healthy financial position. The County has adopted a policy to maintain an appropriate level of unreserved General Fund balance to protect against a reduction of services due to temporary revenue shortfalls or unexpected one-time expenditures. A Fund Balance Policy adopted by the Commissioner's Court in 2009 states that the level shall not be less than 35% of total General Fund budgeted expenditures.

The fund balance of Williamson County's General Fund has increased by 1% during the current fiscal year. Although the tax revenue increased by \$11 million and the county received \$2.8 million from the lawsuit settlement for the county garage damages; the growth of the county has created an increase in the demand for services. The county had an increase in capital expenditures as compared to last year. The purchase of new vehicles and computer equipment was a factor in the increase. The County has certain equipment that it replaces annually, and these replacement costs have increased. The major increase in public safety and judicial was attributable to personnel. Twenty-six new positions were approved in these areas. Many of these positions were due to the passage of the Michael Morton Act. Other new positions were approved to respond to demand in services. 911 Communications had four new positions to address call volume. While being fiscally conservative, the county growth has caused increases to the overall expenditures. Conservative spending resulted in lower than budgeted operational costs. The total decrease of expenditures from budgeted amounts allowed for an almost \$7.4 million increase to the fund balance in the general fund beyond the budgeted amount.

General Fund revenues and expenditures are graphically depicted below.





The continuation of the County's cost containing policies helped to facilitate budget surpluses in many other departments, as well. For example, the budget order does not allow transfers of dollars designated for salaries and fringe benefits to other expenditure accounts.

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$1.1 billion. Williamson County's debt has increased by \$135.7 million during the current fiscal year. In April 2015, a portion of the 2013 voter approved road bonds were issued for a total amount of \$90.2 million. Also, \$59.6 million Certificates of Obligations was issued. The debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the County. To take advantage of the low interest rates, the county refinanced existing debt. In October 2014, Williamson County issued a refunding bond in the amount of \$77.3 million with a significant cost savings of \$6.4 million over the next 11 years. In April 2015, Williamson County issued a refunding in the amount of \$74.3 million with a cost savings of approximately \$5.5 million net present value savings over a 20 year period. Also in April 2015, Williamson County issued a taxable refunding in the amount of \$29.3 million with a net present value cost savings of approximately \$1.6 million over an 8 year period.

Additional information on Williamson County's long-term debt can be found in NOTE 10 on pages 55 – 63 of this report.

Debt Service Fund. The total fund balance at year end is \$5.8 million, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. This balance reflects a current year net increase of \$145 thousand. The fund balance remains relatively unchanged. Property tax collections are slightly higher than projected. The Commissioners Court approved a \$2 million cash defeasance to pay off existing debt. \$1.463 million of debt service fund balance and \$537 thousand of general fund balance was used to pay the debt. In addition, \$1.6 million of fund balance was a payment for the 2008 TAN reflecting a commitment by Commissioner's Court to pay for that particular \$10 million bond issuance out of fund balance of the Debt Service Fund. These differences caused the fund balance to remain unchanged.

The County's continued investment in infrastructure has resulted in substantial growth of the tax base. In 2006, County management pledged to the citizens a stabilization of the portion of the tax rate supporting debt service. The current fund balance is sufficient to maintain this goal while continuing to address the needs of the County.

Additional information on Williamson County's long-term debt can be found in NOTE 10 on pages 55 - 63 of this report.

Capital Projects Fund. The Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$284.8 million which is an increase from FY 2014 of \$128.5 million. The majority of the increase to fund balance is the 2015 Road Bond and Certificate of Obligations proceeds received this fiscal year. The bond funds will be spent on road and building improvements. Interest earnings increased this year due to the investing of the bond proceeds. Expenditures decreased \$7.6 million. Most of the projects are in the planning and engineer design phase prior to construction. The expenditures are projected to increase due to construction projects beginning in FY 2016. Total expenditures from the Capital Projects Fund were \$48.1 million with capital outlay expenditures accounting for \$19.8 million. The major construction expenditures during the year include \$2.7 million on Pearson Ranch Road Interchange, \$2.3 million on RM 620, \$2.0 million on Hero Way West, \$1.8 on Lakeline Boulevard Extension Phase II, \$1.7 million on US 183/RM 1869, \$1.4 million on Twin Lakes Overnight Camp, and \$1.3 million on CR 110 (US 79 to Limmer Loop). In FY2015, the pass through agreement executed in FY 12 involving IH-35 Frontage Road and Ramps from Westinghouse Road and SH 29 has expended a total of \$6.9 million.

Capital Assets. Williamson County's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2015 amounts to \$628.2 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, buildings, system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges.

Major capital asset additions during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Siena Subdivision Section 25
- Paloma Lake Subdivision Section 15
- Siena Subdivision Section 23A
- Siena Subdivision Phase 1 Section 1
- Clearwater Ranch Subdivision Phase 1
- Rancho Sienna Subdivision Section 3
- Siena Subdivision Section 27
- Highland Horizon Subdivision Phase 3 Section 1
- Star Ranch Subdivision Section 7 Phase 2
- Summerlyn South Subdivision Section 1
- AW Grimes/CR 170 Improvement
- Parkside at Mayfield Ranch Subdivision Section 7
- Siena Subdivision Section 26
- Landfill Expansion
- Parkside at Mayfield Ranch Subdivision Section 14

Additional information on Williamson County's capital assets can be found in NOTE 7 on pages 51 - 52 of this report.

Special Road and Bridge Fund. The Special Road and Bridge Fund has a total fund balance of \$17.2 million, with a net increase of \$2 million. County Commissioners adopted a tax rate of \$.04/100 for Road & Bridge activities for the third year in a row. The increase in property taxes allows the county to implement an increase in county road maintenance and improvement projects. This additional funding is part of a long-range plan for maintaining and improving county roads.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds are made up of two Internal Service Funds which include the Fleet Service Fund and the Benefits Fund.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Economic Conditions. Williamson County's population growth has been driven in part by its location in Central Texas. The population boom has attributed to housing demands and job growth. Low tax rates, affordable housing and business incentives are major factors that have contributed to the County's growth. The regional economy continues to expand. The economy continues to diversify, with unemployment rates below state and national averages. New residents to the county, new houses and new businesses are projected to continue for many years. The growth has caused a demand for services in the areas of law enforcement, emergency services, indigent health care and legal defense. In May 2015, the county sold general obligation bonds in the amount of \$90.2 million for road construction and improvements and \$59.5 million in certificate of obligation bonds for new county buildings and renovations of older buildings. The bonds will allow the county to continue to address the infrastructure needs of the growing county.

The taxable assessed valuation (TAV) growth has been solid, spurred by affordable home prices and ample developable land which fuels property tax revenue growth. An increase of 6% TAV was recorded in fiscal 2014. In 2015 TAV grew 13%. Property tax collections remain consistent with historic levels. The average collection rate is 99.87%.

The economic base has grown significantly; commercial developments have resulted in the expansion of retail, higher education, and the healthcare sector. Several areas of the county are becoming key economic corridors. These areas are promoting new businesses to the county. The availability of jobs benefits Williamson County.

Unemployment. September 2015 unemployment rate for Williamson County was 3.4%, which is a decrease from the rate of 4.3% a year ago. This compares favorably to the state's unemployment rate of 4.5% and the national rate of 5.1%.

All of these factors were considered in preparing Williamson County's budget for FY 2016.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Williamson County's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the following:

Office of the County Auditor 710 S. Main Street, Suite 301 Georgetown, Texas 78626 jkiley@wilco.org



WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Primary Government Governmental
ASSETS	Activities
Cash and investments	\$ 453,486,071
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	8,658,175
Due from other governments	121,656,557
Inventories	1,136,930
Prepaid items	16,141
Deferred contributions	28,644,069
Investment in lease	872.895
Capital assets	372,000
Land	208,396,978
Intangible	17,934,037
Buildings and improvements	189,028,782
Infrastructure	341,551,199
Equipment	77,288,652
Construction in progress	16,579,246
Less: accumulated depreciation	(222,593,408)
Total capital assets	628,185,486
Total assets	1,242,656,324
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred losses on refunding	40,970,374
Deferred outflows related to pension	12,520,027
Total deferred outflows of resources	53,490,401
Total deletted outflows of resources	33,430,401
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	16,702,859
Accrued liabilities	6,595,939
Due to other governments	2,585,832
Unearned revenues	2,116,277
Accrued interest	5,388,464
Noncurrent liabilities	5 4 040 440
Due within one year	51,619,112
Due in more than one year	1,072,150,173
Total liabilities	1,157,158,656
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	445,160,755
Debt service	1,825,778
Road and bridge	17,367,433
Tobacco fund	3,926,535
Records management	4,341,730
Public safety	3,246,995
State and federal programs	11,903,375
Unrestricted	(348,784,532)
Total net position	\$ 138,988,069
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WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		-	Program Revenue		Primary Government
			Operating	Capital	Government
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Primary government Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 33,113,079	\$ 15,659,297	\$ 43,315	\$ -	\$ (17,410,467)
Public safety	87,932,683	14,976,278	382,556	-	(72,573,849)
Transportation support	78,977,229	6,155,099	5,772,697	59,565,089	(7,484,344)
Judicial	23,581,105	6,019,784	304,367	-	(17,256,954)
Community services	18,727,680	1,613,488	646,854	-	(16,467,338)
Conservation Interest on long-term debt	407,345 40,308,534	-	177,792	-	(229,553) (40,308,534)
•			· 		
Total primary government	\$ 283,047,655	\$ 44,423,946	\$ 7,327,581	\$ 59,565,089	(171,731,039)
	General revenues Taxes:				
	Property taxes, levied				116,814,321
	Property taxes, levied		et		16,521,025
	Property taxes, levied Other taxes	a lor debt service			70,940,367 1,118,611
	Investment earnings				1,291,116
	Miscellaneous				2,602,864
	Total general revenue	es			209,288,304
	Change in net po	sition			37,557,265
	NET POSITION, begin	ning of year			115,131,859
	Prior period adjustme	ent			(13,701,055)
	NET POSITION, end o	of year			\$ 138,988,069

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

ASSETS	General	Special Road and Bridge	 Debt Service	Capital Projects	Pass-through Funding Program	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and investments	\$ 92,377,694	\$ 19,355,249	\$ 5,770,664	\$292,818,170	\$ 17,905,950	\$ 21,668,500	\$449,896,227
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	6,855,731	368,421	987,632	30,216	_	226,577	8,468,577
Due from other funds	-	258,890	-	-	_	220,832	479,722
Due from other governments	191,364	-	-	3,809,848	115,875,712	1,779,633	121,656,557
Inventories	-	971,225	-	-	_	-	971,225
Prepaid items	12,805	-	-	-	-	3,336	16,141
Investment in capital lease	872,895		 -	_			872,895
Total assets	\$100,310,489	\$ 20,953,785	\$ 6,758,296	\$296,658,234	\$133,781,662	\$ 23,898,878	\$582,361,344
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 3,028,299	\$ 3,190,560	\$ 24,297	\$ 9,335,282	\$ -	\$ 834,574	\$ 16,413,012
Accrued liabilities	5,285,208	379,188	-	-	_	341,789	6,006,185
Due to other funds	517,549	-	-	-	-	-	517,549
Due to other governments	2,521,154	-	-	-	-	64,678	2,585,832
Unearned revenue	170,679	16,604	 _			1,929,172	2,116,455
Total liabilities	11,522,889	3,586,352	24,297	9,335,282	-	3,170,213	27,639,033
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred revenues	5,283,606	205,755	 915,725	2,564,512		173,681	9,143,279
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,283,606	205,755	 915,725	2,564,512		173,681	9,143,279
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	885,700	971,225	-	-	115,875,712	-	117,732,637
Restricted	-	16,190,453	5,818,274	284,758,440	17,905,950	20,554,984	345,228,101
Committed	5,475,348	-	-	-	-	-	5,475,348
Unassigned	77,142,946		 -				77,142,946
Total fund balances	83,503,994	17,161,678	5,818,274	284,758,440	133,781,662	20,554,984	545,579,032
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$100,310,489	\$ 20,953,785	\$ 6,758,296	\$296,658,234	\$133,781,662	\$ 23,898,878	\$582,361,344

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	545,579,032
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
The County uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities such as fleet and self-insurance to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statements of net position.		3,199,413
Capital assets, including accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		628,089,446
Deferred contributions are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		28,644,069
Losses on bond refundings are deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial statements.		40,970,374
Net pension liability, the related deferred outflows of resources, and net OPEB obligation are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, have not been included in the fund financial statements.		(48,958,787)
Revenues earned but not available within sixty days of the year end are not recognized as revenue on the fund financial statements.		9,143,457
Interest payable on long term debt does not require current financial resources; therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in governmental funds balance sheet.		(5,388,464)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	((1,062,290,471)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	138,988,069

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	General	Special Road	De bt Se rvice	Capital Projects	Pass-through Funding Program	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				-			
Taxes	\$117,875,752	\$ 16,497,851	\$ 69,647,672	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,215,988	\$ 205,237,263
Fees of office	12,845,615	-	-	-	-	3,798,705	16,644,320
Fines and forfeitures	3,393,875	-	-	-	-	277,978	3,671,853
Intergovernmental	2,213,795	638,274	120,439	3,815,922	46,011	7,435,362	14,269,803
Charges for services	13,218,199	994,938	-	-	-	1,831,672	16,044,809
Motor vehicle registration	-	4,521,887	-	-	-	-	4,521,887
Investment earnings	602,856	42,663	14,649	546,385	26,787	15,010	1,248,350
Miscellaneous	3,359,877	8,156	-	1,177,582	-	1,276,372	5,821,987
Total revenues	153,509,969	22,703,769	69,782,760	5,539,889	72,798	15,851,087	267,460,272
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	26,512,916	_	_	830,312	_	3,222,621	30,565,849
Public safety	76,799,400	_	_	139,851	_	4,059,442	80,998,693
Transportation support	-	18,787,267	-	23,852,875	2,509	-	42,642,651
Judicial	21,209,145	-	_	81,377	-	1,192,404	22,482,926
Community services	5,547,454	_	_	1,964,247	-	9,570,137	17,081,838
Conservation	-	_	-	-	-	407,345	407,345
Debt service						, , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Principal	-	-	40,250,000	-	-	900,000	41,150,000
Interest and other charges	-	-	34,772,540	-	-	389,695	35,162,235
Bond issuance fees	-	-	1,303,265	1,365,908	-	-	2,669,173
Capital outlay	4,556,929	2,066,969	-	19,775,010	-	685,884	27,084,792
Total expenditures	134,625,844	20,854,236	76,325,805	48,009,580	2,509	20,427,528	300,245,502
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over expenditures	18,884,125	1,849,533	(6,543,045)	(42,469,691)	70,289	(4,576,441)	(32,785,230)
Totaliado otal experianareo	10,001,120	1,010,000	(0,010,010)	(12,100,001)	70,200	(1,070,111)	(02,700,200)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Issuance of long-term debt Premium on issuance of	-	-	180,930,000	149,850,000	-	-	330,780,000
long-term debt	-	-	8,199,142	16,651,932	-	-	24,851,074
Proceeds from sale of	100.007	220 222					353 040
capital assets	122,987	230,232	-	- 4 E 4 2 E 0 E	-	6 265 007	353,219
Transfers in	-	-	6,830,334	4,543,595	-	6,365,097	17,739,026
Discount on issuance of							
long-term debt	-	-	(122,566)	(104,814)	-	-	(227,380)
Payment to bond escrow agent	-	-	(189,149,021)	-	-	-	(189,149,021)
Transfers out	(11,155,189)	(32,393)			(6,293,091)	(258,353)	(17,739,026)
Total other financing							
sources (uses)	(11,032,202)	197,839	6,687,889	170,940,713	(6,293,091)	6,106,744	166,607,892
, ,					<u></u>	·	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	7,851,923	2,047,372	144,844	128,471,022	(6,222,802)	1,530,303	133,822,662
FUND BALANCES,	75 650 074	15 114 200	E 670 400	156 207 440	140 004 464	10.004.694	411 756 270
beginning of year	75,652,071	15,114,306	5,673,430	156,287,418	140,004,464	19,024,681	411,756,370
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 83,503,994	\$ 17,161,678	\$ 5,818,274	\$284,758,440	\$ 133,781,662	\$ 20,554,984	\$ 545,579,032

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 133,822,662
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
The County uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities such as fleet and self-insurance to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of the internal service funds are reported with the governmental activities.	1,864,914
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(77,412)
Governmental capital assets donated to the County are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. Capital assets donated to the County in the current fiscal year increased net position.	59,519,078
Governmental funds report expenditures for costs of assets under construction that will be contributed on completion to another entity. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets will be expensed when the completed asset is transferred.	(21,116,187)
Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the statement of activities reports only the gain or loss on the sale of the assets. In addition, the cost basis of assets donated to other entities is reported as expenses on the statement of activities in the period donated. The sum of these items totals:	(2,731,194)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(4,039,221)
Expenditures related to the County's participation in the Texas County and District Retirement System are recorded as they are paid in the governmental funds, but are recognized based on the change in net pension liability in the	
Statement of Activities.	(833,556)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net	(125,104,675)
effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use	(120, 104,073)
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(3,747,144)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 37,557,265
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WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget –
			Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 117,040,115	\$ 117,040,115	\$ 117,875,752	\$ 835,637
Fees of office	10,926,000	10,926,000	12,845,615	1,919,615
Fines and forfeitures	3,746,626	3,746,626	3,393,875	(352,751)
Intergovernmental	1,779,539	1,875,390	2,213,795	338,405
Charges for services	12,943,250	12,998,990	13,218,199	219,209
Investment earnings	365,000	365,000	602,856	237,856
Miscellaneous	246,000	332,311	3,359,877	3,027,566
Total revenues	147,046,530	147,284,432	153,509,969	6,225,537
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	29,027,352	28,722,659	26,512,916	2,209,743
Public safety	78,766,412	79,851,881	76,799,400	3,052,481
Judicial	20,755,166	21,846,760	21,209,145	637,615
Community services	5,665,588	5,713,600	5,547,454	166,146
Capital outlay	5,703,798	4,987,089	4,556,929	430,160
Total expenditures	139,918,316	141,121,989	134,625,844	6,496,145
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	7,128,214	6,162,443	18,884,125	12,721,682
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	175,000	175,000	122,987	(52,013)
Transfers out	(11,765,972)	(11,929,422)	(11,155,189)	774,233
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	(11,590,972)	(11,754,422)	(11,032,202)	722,220
Net change in fund balances	(4,462,758)	(5,591,979)	7,851,923	13,443,902
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	75,652,071	75,652,071	75,652,071	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 71,189,313	\$ 70,060,092	\$ 83,503,994	\$ 13,443,902

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with	
			Actual	Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$16,407,815	\$16,407,815	\$16,497,851	\$ 90,036	
Intergovernmental	187,000	481,940	638,274	156,334	
Charges for services	500,000	500,000	994,938	494,938	
Motor vehicle registration	4,855,000	4,855,000	4,521,887	(333,113)	
Investment earnings	50,000	50,000	42,663	(7,337)	
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	8,156	(1,844)	
Total revenues	22,009,815	22,304,755	22,703,769	399,014	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Transportation support	17,483,217	25,324,681	18,787,267	6,537,414	
Capital outlay	4,221,112	2,726,812	2,066,969	659,843	
Total expenditures	21,704,329	28,051,493	20,854,236	7,197,257	
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures	305,486	(5,746,738)	1,849,533	7,596,271	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	65,000	65,000	230,232	165,232	
Transfers out	(620,000)	(97,000)	(32,393)	64,607	
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(555,000)	(32,000)	197,839	229,839	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(249,514)	(5,778,738)	2,047,372	7,826,110	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	15,114,306	15,114,306	15,114,306		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$14,864,792	\$ 9,335,568	\$17,161,678	\$ 7,826,110	

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
	Internal Service
ASSETS Current assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds Inventory	\$ 3,589,844 189,598 37,827 165,705
Total current assets	3,982,974
Noncurrent assets Capital assets Machinery and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	451,396 (355,356)
Total noncurrent assets	96,040
Total assets	4,079,014
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	289,847 589,754
Total liabilities	879,601
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	96,040 3,103,373
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,199,413

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Governmental	
	Activities	
	Internal Service	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Employer contributions	\$ 14,497,700	
Employee contributions	4,473,384	
Charges for services	2,987,789	
Total operating revenues	21,958,873	
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Claims	14,699,741	
Insurance	949,471	
Administration	1,588,666	
Supplies and parts	2,879,620	
Depreciation	19,227	
Total operating expenses	20,136,725	
Operating income	1,822,148	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest and investment revenues	42,766	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	42,766	
Change in net position	1,864,914	
NET POSITION, beginning of year	1,334,499	
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 3,199,413	

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		vernmental
		Activities rnal Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1110	Thai Oct vice
Receipts from customers and users	\$	22,513,147
Payments to suppliers		(20,549,706)
Payments to employees		(1,596,738)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		366,703
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment earnings		42,766
Net cash flows provided by investing activities		42,766
Change in cash and cash equivalents		395,135
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year		3,194,709
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$	3,589,844
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET		
CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	
Operating income	\$	1,822,148
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation		19,227
Change in assets and liabilities		,
Accounts receivable		554,274
Due from other funds		(37,827)
Prepaids and other assets		12,686
Inventory		5,776
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		(562,926)
	_	(1,446,655)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	366,703

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Pri			
	Purpos			
	Availab	le School	Agency Fund	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	39	\$	13,146,527
Accounts receivable				1,519,931
Total assets		39		14,666,458
LIABILITIES				
Due to others				14,666,458
Total liabilities			\$	14,666,458
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for benefits and				
other purposes		39		
Total net position	\$	39		

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Purpos	Private Purpose Trust – Available School		
ADDITIONS				
Investment earnings	\$	-		
DEDUCTIONS Apportionment to schools		<u>-</u>		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), beginning		39		
NET POSITION, ending	\$	39		

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Williamson County, Texas (the County) uses a commission form of government under the laws and statutes of the constitution of the State of Texas. The County provides various services to advance the welfare, health, morals, comfort, safety, and convenience of the County and its inhabitants. A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows:

Financial Reporting Entity

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* and Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, which established standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The discussion that follows includes not only the minimum guidelines for an entity's inclusion in the County's financial statements, but also the reasons that certain entities were excluded from the statements.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. The elected officials governing Williamson County are accountable to their constituents for their public policy decisions, regardless of whether those decisions are carried out directly through the operations of the County or by their appointees through the operations of a separate entity. Therefore, the County is not only financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity, it is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the County.

Depending upon the significance of the County's financial and operational relationships with various separate entities, the organizations are classified as blended or discretely presented component units, related organizations, joint ventures, or jointly governed organizations, and the financial disclosure is treated accordingly.

Related Organizations – Where the Williamson County Commissioners' Court (Commissioners' Court) is responsible for appointing a majority of the Members of a board of another organization, but the County's accountability does not extend beyond making such appointments, disclosure is made in the form of the relation between the County and such organization.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Financial Reporting Entity - Continued

Blended Component Units

Avery Ranch Road District (the District) was formed by the Commissioners' Court in accordance with the Texas Government Code in February of 2001. The District issues unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of developing roads within the District. The bonds constitute direct obligations of the Avery Ranch Road District payable from ad valorem taxes levied upon all taxable property located within the District. Avery Ranch District is considered to be a blended component unit due to the component unit's governing body being made up of Commissioner Court members and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit.

Williamson County Conservation Foundation is a nonprofit corporation formed under the laws of the Texas Nonprofit Corporation Act. It was formed by the Commissioners' Court in December of 2002, as a pro-active approach to providing for conservation and the recovery of endangered species in the Williamson County area. The Foundation is governed by a Board appointed by the Commissioners' Court, of which, two members are County Commissioners, and there is a financial burden relationship between the primary government and the component unit. The appointed Board may also be removed by the Commissioners' Court and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained at the Williamson County Auditor's office.

Based upon the foregoing criteria, the following entities are not included in the accompanying financial statements: the Williamson County and Cities Health District and the Williamson County Crisis Center.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - Continued

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenues.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation – Continued

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Special Road and Bridge Fund** is a special revenue fund used to account for revenue derived from ad valorem taxes, vehicle registration fees, and rebates from the State of Texas. Expenditures are legally restricted for maintenance and construction of County roads and bridges.

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

The **Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects.

The **Pass-Through Funding Program** is a Special Revenue Fund used to account for reimbursements from the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) related to the Pass-Through Road Financing Program. The pass-through program allows the County to manage the improvements of state highways. Reimbursements from TxDOT are based on a per vehicle usage after completion of these projects. The monies will be used for the payment of the debt related to these projects. Any funds remaining after all debt has been retired will be used for road projects.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for the Benefits Program and Fleet Maintenance services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

The **Private-Purpose Trust Fund** is used to account for investments, interest, rents, and royalties for the benefit of various school districts in the County. The revenues are distributed to the various school districts.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County on behalf of individuals and other governments. Examples include taxes, fines, bonds, and restitution. Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not include measurements of results of operations.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation – Continued

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements with the exception of interfund services provided and used.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's internal service funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the internal service funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

NOTE 2. DETAILED RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes the reconciliation between total fund balances – governmental funds and net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains, "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this (\$1,062,290,471) difference are as follows:

Bonds Payable Bond issuance discount Bond issuance premium Accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds Compensated absences	\$	(976,209,942) 984,499 (73,432,105) (8,104,012) (5,528,911)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - governmental funds to arrive at net position of governmental activities	\$ ((1,062,290,471)

NOTE 2. DETAILED RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net change in fund balances — total governmental funds and change in Net Position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$77,412 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$	25,333,583
Depreciation expense		(25,410,995)
Net editation and the improved on the form of the language		
Net adjustment to increase net change in fund balances -		
total governmental funds to arrive at change in net	_	
position of governmental activities	\$	(77,412)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds." The details of this (\$4,039,221) difference are as follows:

Property taxes Adjudicated fines Emergency medical services Investment in capital lease Animal shelter fees Intergovernmental reimbursements	\$ 238,561 (10,733) 187,450 (55,878) 37,222 (4,435,843)
Net adjustment to increase net change in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (4,039,221)

NOTE 2. DETAILED RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Government-wide Statement of Activities – Continued

Another element of the reconciliation states, "The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this (\$125,104,675) difference are as follows:

Issuance of bonds	\$ (330,780,000)
Discount on bond issuance	227,380
Premium on bond issuance	(24,851,076)
Deferred loss on refunding	15,664,021
Principal payments on tax notes and bonds	214,635,000
Net adjustment to decrease net change in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	
position of governmental activities	\$ (125,104,675)

Another element of the reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this (\$3,747,144) difference are as follows:

Amortization of bond issuance discount Amortization of bond issuance premium Amortization of loss on refunding bonds Accretion of capital appreciation bonds Increase in compensated absences Increase in accrued interest payable Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ (152,626) 7,057,336 (6,870,157) (355,285) 41,327 (405,184) (3,062,555)
Net adjustment to decrease net change in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (3,747,144)

NOTE 3. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

Cash and Investments

The County pools cash resources of some funds and invests these funds jointly. Each fund owns a prorata share of the cash and investments. The County is entitled to invest in obligations of the United States, the State of Texas, and certificates of deposit of state or national banks or savings and loan associations within the State. All investments are stated at fair value.

Investment earnings are allocated to the respective funds based on the cash balances outstanding at the end of each month.

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 60 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Ad valorem property taxes attach as enforceable liens as of January 1. Taxes are levied prior to September 30, payable on October 1, and are delinquent on February 1. The majority of the County's property tax collections occur during December and early January each year. To the extent that County property tax revenue result in current receivables as defined by the GASB they are recognized when levied.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE 3. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE - CONTINUED

Deferred Contributions

Deferred contributions include the construction costs primarily of roads within the County that will be contributed upon completion to another governmental entity. Upon completion of the project, these assets will be transferred to another governmental entity and expensed in the statement of activities.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) and intangible assets (i.e., mitigation credits) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Intangible assets were modified to comply with GASB Statement No. 51. Intangible assets are not physical in nature, do not have monetary form, and are identifiable. Intangible assets include mitigation credits, unregistered trademarks, easements, and software (acquired or internally developed). Like capital assets, the County defines intangible assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Intangible assets with definite estimated useful lives from 2 to 60 years are amortized using the straight-line method.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	25 - 40
Vehicles	3 - 14
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15
Infrastructure	5 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 40

NOTE 3. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE - CONTINUED

Federal and State Grants

Revenue from federal and state grants is recognized on the basis of actual expenditures incurred, limited to the amount of the total grant award. Shared revenue is recognized based on the fiscal period to which the entitlements received apply.

Compensated Absences

The Williamson County Personnel Policy provides employees with vacation leave and nonvesting accumulating rights to sick pay benefits. The policy allows all employees to accumulate a range of 80 to 160 hours of vacation per year. Employees are allowed to carry their vacation balance forward to the next fiscal year in an amount not to exceed 80 to 160 hours, respectively. Employees may also accrue up to 240 hours of compensatory time. Additionally, holiday time is accrued up to a maximum of 200 hours. Unused compensatory time and vacation leave time is paid upon termination. Governmental fund liability and expenditures are not recognized until they come due for payment in accordance with the provisions of GASB Interpretation 6.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 3. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE - CONTINUED

Fund Balances and Net Position

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Net Position on the Statement of Net Position includes the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets – the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, net of premiums and discounts, excluding unspent proceeds, that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these capital assets.

Restricted – net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – the difference between the assets and liabilities that is not reported in any of the classifications above.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

The County has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). The objective of the statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing government fund type definitions. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54 are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of constraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

NOTE 3. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE - CONTINUED

Fund Balances and Net Position

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Continued:

In accordance with GASB 54, the County classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact.

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes, which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amount restricted due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the County through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to resolution passed by the County Commissioners Court.

Unassigned – includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts where expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

The County has established a minimum fund balance policy whereby the County's unassigned general fund balance will be maintained at levels sufficient to protect the County's creditworthiness as well as its financial position from unforeseeable emergencies. The County will strive to maintain the unassigned general fund balance at a minimum level of 35% of total general fund budgeted expenditures.

NOTE 3. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE – CONTINUED Fund Balances and Net Position – Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Continued:

A summary of the nature and purpose of fund balances at September 30, 2015, is as follows:

	General	Special Road and Bridge	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Pass-through Funding Program	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	\$ -	\$ 971,225	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 971,225
Prepaid items	12,805	-				-	12,805
Long-term receivables	-	-	-		115,875,712	-	115,875,712
Investment in capital lease	872,895	_	_	_	· · · · ·	_	872,895
Total nonspendable	885,700	971,225	-		115,875,712		117,732,637
Restricted for:							
Construction and maintenance							
of roads and bridges		16,190,453			17,905,950		34,096,403
Payment of general long-term		10,100,400			17,000,000		04,000,400
debt principal, interest and							
related costs			5,818,274			480,243	6,298,517
	-	-	3,010,274	284,758,440	-	400,243	284,758,440
Acquisition of capital assets Court mediations	-	-	-	204,730,440	-	277,307	277,307
	-	-	-	-	-		
Third Court of Appeals	-	-	-	-	-	190	190
Child safety, health or nutrition	-	-	-	-	-	626,365	626,365
The conservation of endangered							
species	-	-	-	-	-	1,278,765	1,278,765
Technological enhancements	-	-	-	-	-	556,228	556,228
The County Attorney's office	-	-	-	-	-	14,433	14,433
The County jail	-	-	-	-	-	1,581,829	1,581,829
Drug cases, drug education or							
equipment for law enforcement	-	-	-	-	-	1,202,557	1,202,557
Maintenance, digitalization and							
preservation of County and							
court records	-	-	-	-	-	4,747,091	4,747,091
Court reporter	-	-	-	-	-	1,134,958	1,134,958
Teen Court Program	_	_	_	_	_	474	474
Courthouse and Justice of the							
Peace security	_	_	_	_	_	318,544	318,544
Welfare fraud	_	_	_	_	_	1,339	1,339
The drug court program	_	_	_	_	_	113,972	113,972
Voting and election services						741,385	741,385
Juvenile and guardianship						7 - 1,000	7 + 1,000
programs						621,681	621,681
Law library	-	-	-	-	-	356,066	356,066
Medical services	-	-	-	-	-	3,926,535	3,926,535
Training	-	-	-	-	-	44,555	44,555
_	-	-	-	-	-		
Regional Animal Shelter	-	-	-	-	-	168,573	168,573
The City of Hutto and Hutto ISD	-	-	-	-	-	592,034	592,034
Recreational facilities	-	-	-	-	-	376,707	376,707
Historical commission	-	-	-	-	-	10,546	10,546
Williamson Countylandfill	-					1,382,607	1,382,607
Total Restricted:	-	16,190,453	5,818,274	284,758,440	17,905,950	20,554,984	345,228,101
Committed to:							
Cash reduction plan	5,416,118	-	-	-	-	-	5,416,118
Employee recognition							
programs	59,230	-	-	-	-	-	59,230
Total committed:	5,475,348	-	-	-	-	-	5,475,348
Unassigned:	77,142,946						77,142,946
Total fund balances:	\$ 83,503,994	\$17,161,678	\$ 5,818,274	\$284,758,440	\$133,781,662	\$ 20,554,984	\$ 545,579,032

NOTE 3. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE - CONTINUED

Pensions

During the year ended September 30, 2015, the County adopted accounting policy in response to GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and financial Reporting for Pensions, An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (GASB 68). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense, the County specific information about its Fiduciary Net Position in the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from the County's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Information regarding the County's Total Pension Liability is obtained from TCDRS through a report prepared for the County by TCDRS consulting actuary, Milliman, in compliance with GASB 68.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Deferred charges on refundings A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Pension contributions after measurement date These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.
- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five year period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has only one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The difference in expected and actual pension experience is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.

NOTE 3. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE - CONTINUED

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 4. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

In accordance with the Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act, the County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial report:

- 1) The Budget Officer submits to the County Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October. The operational budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3) The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance by September 30 each year.

The County Commissioners may amend the budget ordinance at any time after its adoption so long as the amended ordinance continues to meet the requirements of "Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act." During the year, several supplementary appropriations to the original budget were necessary. The County's legally adopted budget is at the function level. For internal management purposes, the budgets are detailed by line item and entered into the accounting records. Comparisons of actual expenditures or expenses to budget are made on an ongoing basis. Budgets of the General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service are prepared on an annual basis. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for Capital Projects Funds because budgetary control is achieved through legally binding construction contracts.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue (except as noted in the following paragraph), and Debt Service Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

NOTE 4. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - CONTINUED

Budgetary Information – Continued

Annually appropriated budgets are not adopted for all Special Revenue Funds. The Appellate Judicial System, Child Abuse Prevention, Child Safety, County and District Court Technology, County Sheriff, Court Records Preservation, Grants, Juvenile Delinquency Prevention, Pass-through Funding Program, Record Technology, WM-City of and Hutto ISD, WM-Community Recreation Facility, WM-Future Environmental Liability, and WM-Master Site Development do not have legally adopted budgets. Accordingly, budget and actual comparisons do not include these funds.

Deficit Unrestricted Net Position

A deficit unrestricted net position of approximately \$349 million exists in governmental activities as of September 30, 2015. This deficit is primarily the result of the County issuing bonds to finance the construction of infrastructure contributed to other governmental entities. As of September 30, 2015, the amount of bonds outstanding that were used to finance construction of assets transferred to another governmental entity was approximately \$540 million. These bonds will be paid with future property tax revenues restricted for debt service.

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of September 30, 2015, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
Primary government:		
TexPool	\$ 12,384,341	79
TexPool Prime	65,247,746	56
TexStar	10,895,053	76
LOGIC	189,093,804	45
U.S. Agency Securities	55,000,000	2,947
GE Capital Commercial Paper	5,000,000	69
Toyota Mtr Commercial Paper	3,000,000	125
JP Morgan Commercial Paper	30,000,000	89
CD Investments	1,907,150	691
Repurchase agreements	71,030,247	366
Total fair value	\$ 443,558,341	

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The County's investment pools are 2a7-like pools. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The County's investments in these pools is the same as the value of the pool shares, which are valued based on quoted market rates.

The County invests in Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool), which was created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code Ann. Chapter 791, and the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. The Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (the Trust) is trustee of TexPool and is a limited purpose trust company authorized pursuant to Texas Government Code Ann. Section 404.103 for which the Texas State Comptroller is sole officer, director, and shareholder. The advisory board of TexPool is composed of members appointed pursuant to the requirements of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

The County also invests in Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program (TexSTAR) which has been organized in conformity with the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act. J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. (JPMIM) or the (investment manager) and First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. (FSAM) serve as co-administrators for TEXSTAR. JPMIM provides investment management services, and FSAM provides participant services and marketing. Custodial, transfer agency, fund accounting, and depository services are provided by JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., and/or its subsidiary J.P. Morgan Investor Services Co. The 12-member board of directors for TexSTAR is comprised of individuals from participating government entities in the pool. Additionally, in September 2005, TexSTAR and LOGIC merged. A separate board for each pool holds legal title to all money, investments, and assets and has the authority to employ personnel, contract for services, and engage in other administrative activities necessary or convenient to accomplish the objectives of TexSTAR and LOGIC. The business and affairs of TexSTAR and LOGIC are managed by their Boards in accordance with their bylaws. The Bylaws set forth procedures governing the selection of, and action taken by, the Board. Board oversight of TexSTAR and LOGIC is maintained through daily, weekly, and monthly reporting requirements.

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar-weighted maturity of its portfolio to a maximum of 365 days.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U. S. Government Obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. As of September 30, 2015, the County's balances on deposit with financial institutions were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the County's name or FDIC insurance. At September 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the County's demand deposits was \$22,998,831 and the bank balance was \$25,399,851.

Credit Risk. It is the County's policy, as defined in the Texas Public Funds Investment Act, to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The money market, repurchase agreements, and CD investments are not rated.

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

The remainder of the County's investments are rated as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency
TexPool	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
TexPool Prime	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
TexStar	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
LOGIC	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
U.S. Agency Securities	AA+	Standard & Poor's
GE Capital	AA+	Standard & Poor's
Toyota Mtr Commercial Paper	AA+	Standard & Poor's
JP Morgan Commercial Paper	AA+	Standard & Poor's

NOTE 6. RECEIVABLES AND UNEARNED REVENUE

Receivables as of year-end for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

			Govern	mental Funds			
		Special			Pass-through	Other	
		Road	Debt	Capital	Funding	Governmental	
	General	and Bridge	Service	Projects	Program	Funds	Total
Receivables:							
Property taxes	\$1,667,898	\$ 220,434	\$987,632	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,297	\$ 2,881,261
Adjudicated fines	3,090,929	-	-	-	-	-	3,090,929
Emergency							
medical services	5,487,727	-	-	-	-	-	5,487,727
Intergovernmental	191,364	-	-	3,809,848	115,875,712	1,779,633	121,656,557
Interest	34,546	3,125	-	30,216	-	-	67,887
Other	925,857	144,862				221,280	1,291,999
Gross receivables	11,398,321	368,421	987,632	3,840,064	115,875,712	2,006,210	134,476,360
Less: allowance							
for uncollectibles	4,351,226						4,351,226
National managements	¢ 7 0 4 7 0 0 5	¢ 200 404	# 007 000	£2.040.0C4	¢ 445 075 740	f 2.000.240	£ 420 405 424
Net total receivables	\$7,047,095	\$ 368,421	\$987,632	\$3,840,064	\$ 115,875,712	\$ 2,006,210	\$ 130,125,134

NOTE 6. RECEIVABLES AND UNEARNED REVENUE - CONTINUED

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period, which will be reported as the deferred inflow of resources in the government funds. Governmental funds also record unearned revenues in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable	Unearned
General fund Delinquent property taxes receivable Adjudicated fines Emergency medical services Investment in capital lease Other	\$ 1,564,443 944,631 1,901,637 872,895	\$ - - - - 170,679
Total general fund	5,283,606	170,679
Special road and bridge Delinquent property taxes receivable Other	205,755 	- 16,604
Total special road and bridge	205,755	16,604
Debt service fund Delinquent property taxes receivable	915,725	<u>-</u>
Total debt service fund	915,725	-
Capital projects fund Intergovernmental	2,564,512	
Total capital projects fund	2,564,512	-
Other governmental funds Delinquent property taxes receivable Animal shelter fees Other	5,041 168,640 	- - 1,928,994
Total other governmental funds	173,681	1,928,994
Total governmental funds	\$ 9,143,279	\$ 2,116,277

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Transfers to	Disposals/ Transfers from	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated Land	\$ 176,153,424	\$ 32,462,521	\$ (218,967)	\$ 208,396,978
Intangibles	8,678,022	-	(2,375,010)	6,303,012
Construction in progress	13,476,671	10,682,908	(7,580,333)	16,579,246
Total assets not being				
depreciated	198,308,117	43,145,429	(10,174,310)	231,279,236
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	185,870,093	3,158,689	-	189,028,782
Infrastructure	304,225,447	37,355,433	(29,681)	341,551,199
Intangible	10,948,179	697,746	(14,900)	11,631,025
Machinery and equipment	72,619,193	8,246,031	(3,576,572)	77,288,652
Total capital assets being depreciated	573,662,912	49,457,899	(3,621,153)	619,499,658
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	53,569,251	5,180,392		58,749,643
Infrastructure	103,643,709	13,643,291	(19,064)	117,267,936
Intangible	5,323,110	1,023,752	(8,790)	6,338,072
Machinery and equipment	37,955,052	5,582,787	(3,300,082)	40,237,757
Total accumulated depreciation	200,491,122	25,430,222	(3,327,936)	222,593,408
·			(5,5=1,500)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	373,171,790	24,027,677	(293,217)	396,906,250
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 571,479,907	\$ 67,173,106	\$ (10,467,527)	\$ 628,185,486

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 2,164,389
Public safety	5,960,460
Transportation support	14,950,788
Judicial	834,383
Community services	1,500,975
Capital assets held by the County's	
internal service funds are charged to	
the various functions based on their	
usage of the assets	19,227
Total depreciation expense -	
governmental activities	\$ 25,430,222

Construction Commitments

The County has active construction projects as of September 30, 2015. The projects include road construction, parks and park improvements, as well as facilities construction. As of September 30, 2015, the County's commitments with contractors were as follows:

	Remaining
Spent-to-date	Commitment
\$ 1,151,844,128	\$ 15,466,090
	<u>'</u>

NOTE 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

There composition of interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Receivable Balance		Payable Balance	
General Fund: Internal Service Fund Other Governmental Fund Special Road and Bridge	\$ - -	\$	37,827 220,832 258,890	
Internal Service Fund: General Fund	37,827		-	
Other Governmental Fund: General Fund	220,832		-	
Special Road and Bridge: General Fund	 258,890		-	
Total	\$ 517,549	\$	517,549	

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2015 is as follows:

		_		
			Other	_
	Debt	Capital	Governmental	
	Service	Projects	Funds	Total
Transfers out:				
General fund	\$ 537,243	\$ 4,461,749	\$ 6,156,197	\$ 11,155,189
Special road and bridge	-	32,393	-	32,393
Pass-through toll fund	6,293,091	-	-	6,293,091
Other governmental funds		49,453	208,900	258,353
Total transfers out	\$ 6,830,334	\$ 4,543,595	\$ 6,365,097	\$ 17,739,026

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund required by statute or budget to collect them to the fund required by statute or budget to expend them; and (2) fund the County's match portion for grants.

NOTE 9. INVESTMENT IN LEASES

The County has a 30-year agreement to lease a building to the Children's Advocacy Center. For accounting purposes, the County has classified the lease as a direct financing lease. At September 30, 2015, the future minimum lease payments to be received under the lease are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	F	Payment
2016	\$	24,000
2017		24,000
2018		24,000
2019		24,000
2020		24,000
2021-2025		120,000
2026-2030		120,000
2031-2035		120,000
2036-2038		68,000
Total minimum lease payments receivable		548,000
Less: unearned income		(400,080)
Estimated unguaranteed residual value		691,180
Net investment in capital lease	\$	839,100

The County has agreements to lease radio equipment to other governments. For accounting purposes, the County has classified the lease as a direct financing lease. At September 30, 2015, the future minimum lease payments to be received under the lease are as follows:

Year Ending	D	
September 30,	<u>P</u>	ayment
2016	\$	11,430
2017		11,430
2018		10,382
2019		4,242
Total minimum lease payments receivable		37,484
Less: unearned income		(3,689)
Net investment in capital lease	\$	33,795

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of the long-term liability transactions of the County, including blended component units, for the year ended September 30, 2015:

	S	Balance eptember 30, 2014		Additions		Retirements	Balance September 30, 2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities		2014		Additions		Retirements	2013	One real
Bonds payable	\$	858,489,942	\$	330,780,000	\$	213,060,000	\$ 976,209,942	\$41,365,000
Bolius payable	φ	030,409,942	φ	330,760,000	φ	213,000,000	\$ 970,209,942	\$41,303,000
Accumulated accretion Deferred amounts:		7,748,728		355,285		-	8,104,012	-
For issuance premium		55,638,365		24,851,076		7,057,336	73,432,105	4,801,944
For issuance discount		(909,745)		(227,380)		(152,626)	(984,499)	(76,743)
Total bonds payable		920,967,290		355,758,981		219,964,710	1,056,761,560	46,090,201
Tax anticipation notes		1,575,000				1,575,000	-	-
Net pension liability		20,196,460		6,037,658		-	26,234,118	-
Net OPEB obligation		32,182,141		4,258,355		1,195,800	35,244,696	-
Compensated absences		5,570,238		4,423,833		4,465,160	5,528,911	5,528,911
Total governmental								
activities	\$	980,491,129	\$	370,478,827	\$	227,200,670	\$1,123,769,285	\$51,619,112

The compensated absences liability will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund and the Special Road and Bridge Fund. The OPEB obligation will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund. The net pension liability will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

Per Williamson County policy, sick leave is not paid out upon termination and is not included in the compensated absences calculation. Compensated absences includes accrued vacation, holiday and comp time that will be paid within the following year. It is expected that the entire amount will be expended during the following year.

Approximately \$437 million of the County's bonds outstanding as of September 30, 2015 were issued to construct or acquire capital assets for the County. The remainder of the outstanding bonds are used for construction of County infrastructure that is not a County owned asset, and therefore is not capital related, but benefits County citizens.

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Bonds

Long-term debt of the County consists of various issues of General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation. General Obligation Bonds require voter approval at a public election before issuance, while Certificates of Obligation are issued upon the vote of the Commissioner's Court. Both types are backed by the full faith and credit of the County. Debt service is primarily paid from ad valorem taxes with the exception of the Pass Through Toll Revenue and Limited Tax Certificates of Obligation which are payable from pass-through toll revenue from TXDOT.

Issue Date	Description	Maturity	Original Amount	Interest Rate / Coupon Date
10000 2000	Limited Tax Refunding Bonds	in a contract	7	3.0 - 5.25%
4/13/2004	Series 2004A	2/15/2019	62,110,000	2/15, 8/15
	Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds			5.0 - 5.25%
4/5/2005	Series 2005	2/15/2018	83,590,000	2/15, 8/15
	Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds			4.0 - 5.0%
11/16/2006	Series 2006	2/15/2027	91,346,942	2/15, 8/15
	Limited Tax Refunding Bonds			4.0 - 4.5%
11/16/2006	Series 2006A	2/15/2016	16,946,000	2/15, 8/15
				3.0 - 5.0%
3/3/2009	Limited Tax Bonds Series 2009	2/15/2023	8,000,000	2/15, 8/15
	Pass Through Toll & Limited Tax			3.0 - 5.125%
3/3/2009	Series 2009	2/15/2021	89,235,000	2/15,8/15
	Pass Through Toll & Limited Tax			3.0 - 5.0%
7/14/2010	Series 2010	2/15/2035	33,995,000	2/15, 8/15
	Limited Tax Refunding Bonds			2.0 - 4.0%
11/18/2010	Series 2010	2/15/2026	12,930,000	2/15, 8/15
	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds Series			2.0 - 5.0%
4/12/2011	2011	2/15/2036	76,860,000	2/15, 8/15
	Limited Tax Refunding Bonds			3.0 - 5.0%
11/30/2011	Series 2011	2/15/2025	36,565,000	2/15, 8/15
	Pass Through Toll & Limited Tax			2.0 - 4.0%
11/30/2011	Series 2011	2/15/2031	10,000,000	2/15, 8/15
	Limited Tax Refunding Bonds			4.5 - 5.0%
3/21/2012	Series 2012	2/15/2030	140,640,000	2/15, 8/15

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Bonds - Continued

			Original	Interest Rate /
Issue Date	Description	Maturity	Amount	Coupon Date
	Limited Taxable Refunding Bonds			0.55 - 3.0%
12/1/2012	Series 2012	2/15/2029	32,895,000	2/15, 8/15
	Limited Tax Refunding Bonds			1.0 - 4.0%
4/15/2013	Series 2013	2/15/2032	71,750,000	2/15,8/15
	Pass Through Revenue & LTD			1.0 - 4.0%
4/15/2013	Tax Bonds Series 2013	2/15/2033	14,985,000	2/15, 8/15
	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds Series			2.0 - 5.0%
4/10/2014	2014	2/15/2039	91,750,000	2/15, 8/15
	Limited Tax Park Bods Series			3.0 - 4.0%
4/10/2014	2014	8/15/2034	19,530,000	2/15, 8/15
	Limited Tax Refunding Bonds			3.06%
10/28/2014	Series 2014	2/15/2025	77,345,000	2/15, 8/15
	Limited Tax Refunding Bonds			2.0 - 5.0%
4/23/2015	Series 2015	2/15/2034	74,295,000	2/15, 8/15
	Limited Tax Refunding Bonds,			.550 - 2.323%
4/23/2015	Taxable Series 2015	2/15/2022	29,290,000	2/15, 8/15
	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds Series			4.0 -5.0%
5/28/2015	2015	2/15/2040	90,205,000	2/15, 8/15
	Combination Tax & Revenue Cos			2.0 -5.0%
5/28/2015	Series 2015	2/15/2040	59,645,000	2/15, 8/15

Refunding Bonds (from table)

In April 2004, Unlimited Tax Road and Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 in the amount of \$82,535,000 were issued. \$11,875,000 of these bonds was used to provide resources to purchase U. S. Government Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$12,500,000 of Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 1997. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Also in April 2004, Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2004A in the amount of \$62,110,000 were issued. These bonds were used to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$60,600,000 of certificates of obligation. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Refunding Bonds (from table) – Continued

Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 in the amount of \$83,590,000 were issued in April of 2005. These bonds were used to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$90,928,483 of unlimited bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$6,568,483. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 23 years by \$4,337,171 and resulted in an economic gain of \$3,442,608.

In November of 2006, Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2006 in the amount of \$91,364,941 were issued. These bonds were used to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$95,232,230 of unlimited tax road bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$3,867,231. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 21 years by \$5,097,526 and resulted in an economic gain of \$3,603,395.

Also in November of 2006, Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2006 in the amount of \$16,946,000 were issued. These bonds were used to purchase U. S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$16,594,545 of general obligation bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$759,544. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$687,988, and resulted in an economic gain of \$752,225.

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Refunding Bonds (from table) – Continued

In November of 2010, Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 in the amount of \$12,930,000 were issued. These bonds were used to purchase U. S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$12,235,000 of certain Series 2001 tax road bonds, Series 2002A general obligation bonds, and Series 2006 Pass-through toll and limited tax bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,170,896. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$685,563, and resulted in an economic gain of \$634,140.

In November of 2011, Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 in the amount of \$36,565,000 were issued. These bonds were used to purchase U. S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$38,215,000 of certain Series 2004A limited tax bonds, Series 2006 pass-through revenue bonds and Series 2004 unlimited tax road bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$3,906,230. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 10 years by \$2,670,494, and resulted in an economic gain of \$2,417,237.

In March 2012, Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 in the amount of \$140,640,000 were issued. These bonds were used to purchase U. S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$145,425,000 of certain Series 2004 unlimited tax road bonds, Series 2006 unlimited tax road bonds, Series 2006 combination tax revenue bonds, Series 2006 pass through toll revenue and limited tax bonds and Series 2007 unlimited tax road bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$19,426,215. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 18 years by \$13,852,773, and resulted in an economic gain of \$10,699,260.

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Refunding Bonds (from table) – Continued

In December 2012, Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 in the amount of \$32,895,000 were issued. These bonds were used to purchase U. S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$30,580,000 of certain Series 2004A limited tax refunding bonds and Series 2004 unlimited tax road and refunding bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$2,131,142. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 16 years by \$4,720,783, and resulted in an economic gain of \$4,126,307.

In April 2013, Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 in the amount of \$71,750,000 were issued. These bonds were used to purchase U. S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$71,465,000 of certain Series 2006 unlimited tax road bonds, Series 2007 unlimited tax road bonds, Series 2006 combination tax revenue bonds, and Series 2007 limited tax bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$6,486,160. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 19 years by \$7,600,832, and resulted in an economic gain of \$6,076,181.

In October 2014, Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 in the amount of \$77,345,000 were issued. These bonds were used to purchase U. S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$72,420,000 of certain Series 2006 unlimited tax refunding bonds, Series 2006 limited tax refunding bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$4,663,245. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$3,706,792, and resulted in an economic gain of \$2,989,566.

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Refunding Bonds (from table) – Continued

In April 2015, Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 in the amount of \$74,295,000 were issued. These bonds were used to purchase U. S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$74,095,000 of certain Series 2006 combination tax revenue bonds, Series 2006 unlimited tax road bonds, Series 2007 unlimited tax road bonds, Series 2007 limited tax bonds, Series 2009 pass through toll revenue and limited tax combination bonds, and Series 2009 limited tab bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$8,485,616. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 19 years by \$7,433,688, and resulted in an economic gain of \$5,525,497.

In April 2015, Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 in the amount of \$29,290,000 were issued. These bonds were used to purchase U. S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$26,970,000 of certain Series 2005 unlimited tax refunding bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$2,515,159. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 19 years by \$1,797,900, and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,634,609.

In the current and prior years, the County defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. On September 30, 2015, \$153,320,000 of bonds considered defeased are still outstanding.

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Blended Component Unit

Issue			Original	Interest Rate /
Date	Description	Maturity	Amount	Coupon Date
	Unlimited Tax Refunding			3.9 - 5.5%
7/3/2007	Bonds Series 2007	8/15/2022	3,535,000	2/15, 8/15
	Unlimited Tax Refunding			2.0 - 4.0%
3/21/2012	Bonds Series 2012	9/30/2025	7,475,000	2/15, 8/15

The bonds listed above were issued by Avery Ranch Road District, a blended component unit of Williamson County. The bonds constitute direct obligations of the Avery Ranch Road District payable from ad valorem taxes levied upon all taxable property located within the Road District.

Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2007 in the amount of \$3,535,000 were issued by the Avery Ranch Road District. These bonds were used to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$3,534,378 of general obligation bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of Net Position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$352,490. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued.

Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 in the amount of \$7,475,000 were issued by the Avery Ranch Road District. These bonds were used to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$7,535,000 certain series 2002 unlimited tax road bonds, series 2003 unlimited tax road bonds and series 2005 unlimited tax road bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of Net Position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$295,594. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease the total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$966,820, and resulted in an economic gain of \$791,445. The bonds constitute direct obligations of the Avery Ranch Road District payable from ad valorem taxes levied upon all taxable property located within the Road District.

Refunding Bonds (Blended Component Unit)

On September 30, 2015, there were no bonds considered defeased that were still outstanding.

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Debt Service Requirement – All Bonds and Tax Anticipation Notes

The debt service requirements to maturity on all bonds and tax anticipation notes are:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
осрыньег оо,	- Tillolpai	IIICICOL	Total
2016	\$ 41,365,000	\$ 40,911,964	\$ 82,276,964
2017	46,730,000	37,833,681	84,563,681
2018	48,635,000	35,939,024	84,574,024
2019	50,585,000	33,982,905	84,567,905
2020	45,144,986	39,429,418	84,574,404
2021-2025	270,529,956	133,660,867	404,190,823
2026-2030	231,055,000	74,421,782	305,476,782
2031-2035	165,780,000	34,693,491	200,473,491
2036-2040	76,385,000	8,082,575	84,467,575
Total	\$ 976,209,942	\$ 438,955,707	\$ 1,415,165,649

Included in the above principal amounts are accreted interest amounts that have not yet been recognized at September 30, 2015 totaling approximately \$10 million.

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT PLAN

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its fulltime employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 586 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS, in the aggregate, issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more.

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated deposits in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal deposits in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Contributions: The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (variable-rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 12.78% for the months of the accounting year in 2014, and 12.81% for the months of the accounting year in 2015.

The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2014 and 2015 is the rate of 7.0% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	
Smoothing period	5 Years
Recognition method	Non-asymptotic
Corridor	None
Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increase	3.50%
Investment Rate of Return	8.10%
Payroll Growth	3.50%

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.10%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.10%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of December 31, 2015 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Geometric Real
US Equities	16.5%	5.35%
Private Equity	12.0%	8.35%
Global Equities	1.5%	5.65%
International Equities-Developed	11.0%	5.35%
International Equities-Emerging	9.0%	6.35%
Investment-Grade Bonds	3.0%	0.55%
High-Yield Bonds	3.0%	3.75%
Opportunistic Credit	5.0%	5.54%
Direct Lending	2.0%	5.80%
Distressed Debt	3.0%	6.75%
REIT Equities	2.0%	4.00%
Commodities	2.0%	-0.20%
Master Limited Partnerships	2.0%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	3.0%	7.20%
Hedge Funds	25.0%	5.15%
Total	100.0%	

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8.10%) in measuring the 2014 Net Pension Liability:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate Discount Rate (7.10%) (8.10%)		1% Increase in Discount Rate (9.10%)		
Total pension liability Fiduciary net pension	\$385,430,268 310,732,618	\$336,966,736 310,732,618	\$	297,184,459 310,732,618	
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$ 74,697,650	\$ 26,234,118	\$	(13,548,159)	

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2015, the County reported \$26,234,118 for the net pension liability and pension expense of \$12,594,422 related to the December 31, 2014 valuation. The breakdown of the components of pension expense follows:

	to ecember 31, 2014
Service cost	\$ 13,778,283
Interest on total pension liability (1)	24,866,979
Effect of plan changes	2,458,015
Administrative expenses	229,176
Member contributions	(6,237,665)
Expected investment return net of investments expenses	(23,511,745)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources Recognition of economic/demographic	
gains or losses	239,733
Recognition of investment gains or losses	908,190
Other (2)	 (136,544)
Pension expense / (income)	\$ 12,594,422

Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money.
 TCDRS does not change fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – Continued

The County reported deferred outflows of resources related to the pension from the following sources:

	С	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	1,198,666 - 3,632,759 7,688,602
Total	\$	12,520,027

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$7,688,602 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the measurement year ending December 31, 2015 (i.e. recognized in the County's financial statements September 30, 2016). Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Pension
Year ended December 31:	Exp	ense Amount
2015	\$	1,147,923
2016		1,147,923
2017		1,147,923
2018		1,147,923
2019		239,733
Total		4,831,425

NOTE 12. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE

Plan Description and Funding Policy. In addition to the pension benefits described in the previous note, the Commissioners' Court established a medical insurance benefit plan for retirees. The County administers this single-employer defined benefit medical plan (the Retiree Medical Plan). The Retiree Medical Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. Eligible retirees will be provided medical insurance benefits at a set premium rate based on County service at the time of retirement. Dental insurance benefits for retirees have a set premium rate that closely approximates the County employees' rate. Eligible retirees may also cover their eligible dependents. Retirees are responsible for paying the premiums. A retiree is defined as someone who is receiving lifetime monthly Texas County and District retirement pension benefit payments and who retired directly from active employment with Williamson County. The County will stop insurance coverage on the retiree and dependent on the last day of the month when one of the following occurs:

- 1. The retiree reaches age 65; or
- 2. The retiree fails to submit the required set premium rate.

Effective May 24, 2005, the County grandfathered current retirees with dependents over age 65 so that their dependents are covered until the retiree reaches age 65. Other current retirees and any future retirees with dependents under age 65 will lose dependent coverage when the dependent reaches age 65. Retirees will continue to have individual coverage until they reach the age of 65.

NOTE 12. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE - CONTINUED

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a closed period not to exceed 24 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's OPEB obligation to the postemployment medical plan.

Fi	scal Ye	ar		2013	2014		2015	
Annual Require	ed Conti	ribution (ARC)	\$	6,144,492	\$	6,365,694	\$	5,081,874
Interest on Net	OPEB	Obligation		945,870		1,126,453		1,287,286
Adjustment to	the ARC	;		(1,479,515)		(1,802,662)		(2,110,725)
Annual OPEB	Cost			5,610,847		5,689,485		4,258,435
Contributions N	Made			(1,096,263)		(1,668,668)		(1,195,880)
Increase in Ne	t OPEB	Obligation		4,514,584		4,020,817		3,062,555
Net OPEB Oblinbeginning of	•			23,646,740		28,161,324		32,182,141
Net OPEB Obl	igation,	end of year	\$	28,161,324	\$	32,182,141	\$	35,244,696
Fiscal Year Ended		Annual PEB Cost	C	Actual Contribution Made	Ar	ercentage of nnual OPEB et Contributed		Net OPEB Obligation
9/30/2013 9/30/2014 9/30/2015	\$	5,610,847 5,689,485 4,258,435	\$	1,096,263 1,668,668 1,195,880		19.5% 29.3% 28.1%	\$	28,161,324 32,182,141 35,244,696

NOTE 12. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE - CONTINUED

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The funding status of the post-employment medical plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date is as follows:

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
10/1/2010	\$ -	\$47,659,778	\$47,659,778	0.00%	\$69,109,762	69.0%
10/1/2012	-	41,418,618	41,418,618	0.00%	72,032,763	57.5%
10/1/2014	-	35,011,547	35,011,547	0.00%	82,264,296	42.6%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. A schedule of funding progress presents multi-trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. The County's schedule of funding progress appears on the previous page.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the October 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.0% investment rate of return compounded annually (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, an annual health care cost trend rate of 6.2% in the first year, 5.8% in the second year, 6.8% in the third year, 5.9% in the fourth year, and ultimately grade down to 4.5% per year after the 81st year. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar over a closed 24-year period.

NOTE 13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS PLAN

The County provides group medical benefits to its employees on a self-funded basis. Stop-loss coverage is provided by an insurance company and an independent company serves as Claim Administrator.

All full-time County employees (regularly scheduled to work at least 30 hours per week) are eligible for coverage under the Plan. Employees can enroll for personal coverage and dependent coverage.

A reconciliation of claims liabilities is shown below.

	2015	2014
Claims liabilities at October 1 Incurred claims	\$ 1,977,846 14,699,740	\$ 1,555,803 18,707,146
Payments on claims	(16,143,838)	(18,285,103)
Claims liabilities at September 30	\$ 533,748	\$ 1,977,846

All claim liabilities are due within one year.

NOTE 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County provides for the management of risks through a combination of self-insurance and traditional insurance. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The County is the defendant in a number of lawsuits arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of management, the outcome of these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying combined financial statements, and accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded.

NOTE 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - CONTINUED

The County participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the County has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at September 30, 2015, may be impaired. In the opinion of the County, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 16. RESTATEMENT

As a result of the implementation of GASB 68, a restatement of beginning net position has been made to record the County's net pension liability as of September 30, 2015.

The effect of this prior year restatement is as follows:

September 30, 2014 net position (as previously stated)	\$ 115,131,859
Implementation of GASB 68	(13,701,055)
September 30, 2014 net position (as restated)	\$ 101,430,804

NOTE 17. FUTURE FINANCIAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

GASB has issued the following statements which will become effective in future years.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions – This statement changes the focus of accounting of postemployment benefits other than pensions from whether they are responsibility funding the benefits over time to a point-in-time liability that is reflected on the employer's financial statements for any actuarially unfunded portion of benefits earned to date. This statement will become effective for the County in fiscal year 2018.

Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* – This statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to provide certain disclosures regarding these commitments. This statement will become effective for the County in fiscal year 2017.



WILLIAMSON COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND THE RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED)

	2014
Total Pension Liability	
Service cost	\$ 13,778,283
Interest (on the total pension liability)	24,866,979
Effect of plan changes	2,458,015
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	-
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	1,438,400
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	 (9,052,920)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	33,488,757
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 303,477,979
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 336,966,736
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - Employer	\$ 11,388,189
Contributions - Employee	6,237,665
Investment income net of investment expenses	18,970,796
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(9,052,920)
Administrative expense	(229,176)
Other	 136,544
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	27,451,098
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 283,281,520
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 310,732,618
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 26,234,118
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of	
Total Pension Liability	92.21%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 89,109,498
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered	
Employee Payroll	29.44%

Notes to Schedule:

As of December 31 - Measurement date

Benefit changes. There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions. There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Only one year of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

WILLIAMSON COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2012		2013		2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	9,545,367	\$	10,079,882	\$	11,388,190
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		9,545,367		10,079,882		11,388,190
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$	79,810,886	\$	82,217,691	\$	89,109,498
Contributions as a percentage of covered-						
employee payroll		11.96%		12.26%		12.78%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amoritization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 15 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases The annual salary increase rates assumed for

individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.5% (made up of 3.0% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions)

Investment rate of return 8.10%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to

the County's plan of benefits.

Mortality Based on the RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality

Table for depositing members; RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for the service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members; and RP-2000 Disabled

Mortality Table for disabled retirees.

Only three years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Variance Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Taxes					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 115,135,115	\$ 115,135,115	\$ 115,880,573	\$ 745,458	
Penalty and interest	930,000	930,000	795,068	(134,932)	
Other taxes	975,000	975,000	1,200,111	225,111	
Total taxes	117,040,115	117,040,115	117,875,752	835,637	
Fees of office					
County sheriff	292,000	292,000	291,032	(968)	
County clerk	2,867,500	2,867,500	3,461,626	594,126	
Tax assessor/collector	5,350,000	5,350,000	6,560,009	1,210,009	
District clerk	505,500	505,500	568,933	63,433	
Justice of the Peace #1	71,000	71,000	63,308	(7,692)	
Justice of the Peace #2	82,500	82,500	64,833	(17,667)	
Justice of the Peace #3					
	116,500	116,500	105,694	(10,806)	
Justice of the Peace #4	132,500	132,500	103,657	(28,843)	
Constables #1	135,000	135,000	186,479	51,479	
Constables #2	185,000	185,000	190,180	5,180	
Constables #3	267,500	267,500	251,462	(16,038)	
Constables #4	217,500	217,500	251,438	33,938	
Personal bond office	113,000	113,000	117,406	4,406	
County attorney	57,000	57,000	61,105	4,105	
Other	533,500	533,500	568,453	34,953	
Total fees of office	10,926,000	10,926,000	12,845,615	1,919,615	
Fines and forfeitures					
County clerk	861,401	861,401	886,989	25,588	
District clerk	617,425	617,425	567,331	(50,094)	
Justice of the Peace	1,800	1,800	5,077	3,277	
Justice of the Peace #1	269,500	269,500	188,929	(80,571)	
Justice of the Peace #2	179,500	179,500	140,234	(39,266)	
Justice of the Peace #3	1,155,000	1,155,000	1,014,683	(140,317)	
Justice of the Peace #4	662,000	662,000	590,632	(71,368)	
Total fines and forfeitures	3,746,626	3,746,626	3,393,875	(352,751)	
Charges for services					
Emergency medical service	10,211,000	10,211,000	10,036,353	(174,647)	
County sheriff	0	29,291	133,004	103,713	
Constables	0	25,874	30,428	4,554	
Parks	255,800	255,800	231,213	(24,587)	
Other	2,476,450	2,477,025	2,787,201	310,176	
Total charges for services	12,943,250	12,998,990	13,218,199	219,209	
Intergovernmental					
Federal payments in lieu of taxes	60,000	60,000	65,155	5,155	
Prisoner payments	45,000	45,000	181,481	136,481	
State shared	1,674,539	1,770,390	1,967,159	196,769	
Total intergovernmental	1,779,539	1,875,390	2,213,795	338,405	
Investment income and other	005.000	005.000	202.252	007.050	
Investment income	365,000	365,000	602,856	237,856	
Other	246,000	332,311	3,359,877	3,027,566	
Total investment income					
and other	611,000	697,311	3,962,733	3,265,422	
Total revenues	\$ 147,046,530	\$ 147,284,432	\$ 153,509,969	\$ 6,225,537	

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Duduatad		Antoni	Variance	
		l Amounts	Actual	Positive	
Expenditures	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
General government					
County judge	\$ 847,846	\$ 811,803	\$ 756,867	\$ 54,936	
Commissioners, Pct #1	272,704	272,775	268,649	4,126	
Commissioners, Pct #2	278,578	278,595	260,515	18,080	
Commissioners, Pct #3	294,552	294,596	277,063	17,533	
Commissioners, Pct #4	269,725	269,778	266,126	3,652	
County clerk	768,648	738,419	669,525	68,894	
Non-departmental	4,638,413	3,785,091	3,785,091	-	
County auditor	2,404,259	2,404,558	2,202,876	201,682	
County treasurer	537,181	537,174	497,621	39,553	
Budget office	219,383	227,959	224,441	3,518	
Tax assessor/collector	3,439,646	3,482,333	3,186,870	295,463	
	334,749	286,041	274,417	11,624	
Infrastructure department Office buildings	5,847,380	6,273,497	5,879,990	393,507	
		5,825,840	5,421,153	404,687	
Information technology services	5,638,914				
Human resources	888,357	898,474	834,092 1,164,665	64,382	
General elections	1,715,980	1,718,034	, ,	553,369	
Purchasing	631,035	617,692	542,955	74,737	
Total general government	29,027,352	28,722,659	26,512,916	2,209,743	
Public safety					
Constable, precinct 1	1,117,650	1,137,534	1,075,594	61,940	
Constable, precinct 2	1,218,146	1,223,605	1,140,279	83,326	
Constable, precinct 3	1,321,710	1,340,983	1,257,293	83,690	
Constable, precinct 4	1,275,731	1,276,353	1,219,122	57,231	
County sheriff	20,438,237	21,005,099	20,172,849	832,250	
Department of public safety	133,639	136,149	123,017	13,132	
Jail and law enforcement	20,877,997	21,394,823	21,209,664	185,159	
Juvenile services	10,422,290	10,375,127	9,448,016	927,111	
Adult probation	207,840	201,110	175,477	25,633.00	
Emergency services	797,409	394,300	264,191	130,109	
Emergency medical services	14,111,713	14,379,909	14,291,275	88,634	
Emergency management	384,309	413,588	409,008	4,580	
Emergency haz-mat	377,714	372,075	360,740	11,335	
Emergency 911 communications	5,161,503	5,217,148	4,724,804	492,344	
Mobile outreach team	690,661	747,137	711,021	36,116	
Wireless Communication	229,863	236,941	217,050	19,891	
Total public safety	78,766,412	79,851,881	76,799,400	3,052,481	
Judicial					
County courts-at-law	956,600	1,228,149	1,228,149	-	
County courts-at-law #1	487,227	487,433	474,575	12,858	
County courts-at-law #2	483,021	527,373	458,636	68,737	
County courts-at-law #3	467,679	467,869	458,287	9,582	
County courts-at-law #4	527,266	561,934	543,881	18,053	
District courts	2,274,446	2,629,770	2,578,062	51,708	
26th Judicial court	253,004	261,835	258,333	3,502	
277th Judicial court	254,032	253,291	248,562	4,729	
368th Judicial court	253,898	253,931	246,888	7,043	
395th Judicial court	249,950	249,999	247,964	2,035	
425th Judicial court	244,754	244,783	241,517	3,266	
District attorney	3,094,997	3,098,074	3,067,034	31,040	
District clerk	1,743,935	1,743,471	1,677,358	66,113	
Justice court, precinct 1	854,496	932,326	901,036	31,290	
Justice court, precinct 2	928,550	943,110	878,448	64,662	
·	323,330	5 . 5, 6	3. 0, 0	5 .,55 2	

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CONTINUED GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Dudgatad	Amounto	Actual	Variance Positive	
	Budgeted	Final	Actual		
Expenditures (Continued)	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Judicial (Continued)					
Justice court, precinct 3	\$ 1,189,607	\$ 1,264,431	\$ 1,232,322	\$ 32,109	
Justice court, precinct 3 Justice court, precinct 4	1.014.515	1.085.188	1,085,188	φ 32,109	
• •	,- ,	, ,	, ,	140 402	
County attorney	4,276,131	4,379,696	4,239,203	140,493	
County clerk	1,096,015	1,125,816	1,040,225	85,591	
Personal bond office	105,042	108,281	103,477	4,804	
Total judicial	20,755,166	21,846,760	21,209,145	637,615	
Community services					
Veterans service	317,706	328,663	311,699	16,964	
Health department	2,343,503	2,328,430	2,328,430	-	
Museum	225,834	225,834	225,834	-	
Agricultural extension service	286,779	291,672	274,310	17,362	
Parks department	1,472,022	1,573,133	1,441,313	131,820	
Recycling center	64,682	36,446	36,446	-	
Public welfare	846,561	837,146	837,146	-	
Child welfare	107,500	91,276	91,276	-	
WC historical commission	1,000	1,000	1,000		
Total community services	5,665,588	5,713,600	5,547,454	166,146	
Capital outlay	5,703,797	4,987,089	4,556,929	430,160	
Total expenditures	\$ 139,918,314	\$ 141,121,989	\$ 134,625,844	\$ 6,496,145	

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	A 00 005 450	# 00 047 070	Φ 050.500
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 69,295,152 120,400	\$ 69,647,672 120,439	\$ 352,520 39
Investment earnings	20,000	14,649	(5,351)
investment carrings	20,000	17,070	(0,001)
Total revenues	69,435,552	69,782,760	347,208
EXPENDITURES			
Debt service			
Principal	40,250,000	40,250,000	<u>-</u>
Interest and other charges	34,817,394	34,772,540	44,854
Bond issuance fees	1,303,268	1,303,265	3
Total expenditures	76,370,662	76,325,805	44,857
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(6,935,110)	(6,543,045)	392,065
Other financing sources (uses)			
Issuance of long-term debt Premium on issuance of	180,930,000	180,930,000	-
long-term debt	8,199,142	8,199,142	_
Transfers in	8,142,243	6,830,334	(1,311,909)
Discount on issuance of			-
long-term debt	(122,566)	(122,566)	-
Payment to bond escrow agent	(189,149,021)	(189,149,021)	
Total other financing			
sources and uses	7,999,798	6,687,889	(1,311,909)
	1,000,100	0,007,000	(1,011,000)
Net change in fund balance	1,064,688	144,844	(919,844)
FUND BALANCE, beginning	5,673,429	5,673,430	1
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 6,738,117	\$ 5,818,274	\$ (919,843)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specified revenue sources or to finance specified activities as required by law or administrative regulation.

The following comprise the County's nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Alternate Dispute Resolution</u> – This fund was set up to aid in a week long mass mediation session held annually to clear open cases and finalize documentation in question. The monies are spent on advertisement and preparation necessary to acquire attention and attendance.

<u>Appellate Judicial Fund</u> – Each county in the Third Court of Appeals is required to establish an Appellate Judicial Fund to assist the court of appeals in the processing of appeals and to defray costs incurred by the County. Fees are assessed for court cases filed in a County court, County court at law, probate court and district courts.

<u>Avery Ranch Road District</u> – This fund is used to account for the issuance of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of reimbursing the developer for the construction costs of developing roads within the District. Also, receipts of assessed taxes are accounted for in this fund to pay bonds issued by the District.

<u>Child Abuse Prevention Fund</u> – the fund is used to account for the \$100 fee assessed in certain child sexual assault and related convictions. These funds are to be used for child abuse prevention programs.

<u>Child Safety</u> – This fund is used to account for \$1.50 tax collected during the vehicle registration process. These funds are also collected by justice, county, or district courts for violations that occur within a school-crossing zone up to \$25 per violation. This fund is used to provide a school crossing guard program and/or programs designed to enhance child safety, health, or nutrition.

<u>Conservation Foundation</u> – This fund is used to account for the financial resources and uses of a blended component unit. The component unit was established to provide for the conservation of endangered species in the Williamson County area.

<u>County and District Court Technology</u> – This fund accounts for money charged to a defendant convicted of a criminal offense in a County or District Court. It is designated for the purpose of financing the purchase of technological enhancements for a county court, statutory court, or district court.

<u>County Attorney Hot Check</u> – This fund is used to account for monies received from fees collected on the payment of hot checks. Expenditures are made for the improvement of the operation of the County Attorney's office and Hot Check collections.

<u>County Sheriff</u> – This fund is used to account for jail inmates' purchase of food and toiletry items or other supplies. Expenditures are for the purchase of these items. Any revenue generated may be used for the benefit of the inmate.

<u>County Sheriff Asset Forfeitures</u> – This fund is used to account for monies received from Federal and State court cases dealing with illegal drug violations. Money is distributed to entities involved in the resolution of the drug case and use for education or equipment needed to enhance law enforcement activities.

<u>County Radio Communications Systems (RCS)</u> – This fund is used to account for money collected from governmental entities utilizing the countywide radio communications system. The funds are used for operations and maintenance of the system.

<u>Court Records Preservation</u> – This fund is used to account for monies collected from fees charged by the County and District Clerks. They are used only to digitize court records and preserve the records from natural disasters.

<u>Court Reporter</u> – The clerk of each court that has an official court reporter shall collect a court reporter service fee of \$15 as a court cost in each civil case filed with the clerk to maintain a court reporter who is available for assignment in the court.

<u>Courthouse Security</u> – This fund is used to collect court costs of defendants convicted of felony and misdemeanor offenses. The clerks collect the costs and pay them to the County treasurer where it is designated for security purposes such as, metal detectors, identification cards, and surveillance cameras.

<u>District Attorney Asset Forfeitures</u> – This fund is used to account for monies received from Federal and State court cases dealing with illegal drug violations. Money is distributed to entities involved in the resolution of the drug case and used for education or equipment needed to enhance law enforcement activities.

<u>District Attorney Welfare Fraud</u> – This fund is used to account for monies received from fees collected from the Health and Human Services Commission for prosecuting welfare fraud cases. Expenditures are made for the prosecution of welfare fraud cases.

<u>Election Chapter 19</u> – The state allocates funding based on the number of new, canceled and updated voter registrations processed in the preceding calendar year. These funds are only to be used for any activities designed to enhance the voter registration process.

<u>Election HAVA</u> – The fund was created to account for the rental fees collected from the use of voter equipment purchased with funds from the HAVA grant. The use of these fee revenues includes but is not limited to the maintenance, license fees and upgrades for the voting equipment as well as new equipment, training, storage and other costs associated with the operation and maintenance of the voting systems.

<u>Election Services Contract</u> – This fund is used to support and contain costs generated from an election. Contracts between political parties and other entities are handled through the court and paid by the contracting party for administering election services.

 $\underline{\textit{Grants}}$ – This fund is used to account for federal and state monies provided for the enhancement of programs not fully funded by the County.

<u>Guardianship</u> – This fund is used to account for the collection of a \$20.00 "supplemental court-initiated guardianship fee" required by the State of Texas for support of judiciary guardianship initiated under Section 683 of the Texas Probate Code. The fees are to be used to supplement, not supplant, the compensation of a court-appointed guardian ad litem or attorney ad litem and to fund local guardianship programs for indigent, incapacitated persons who do not have a family member suitable and willing to serve in that capacity.

<u>Justice Court Technology</u> – This fund accounts for money charged to a defendant convicted of a misdemeanor in a justice court. It is designated for the purpose of financing the purchase of technological enhancements for a justice court.

<u>Justice of the Peace Security</u> – This fund is used to collect court costs of defendants convicted of misdemeanor offenses. The clerks collect the costs and deposit them with the County Treasurer where it is designated for security purposes, such as metal detectors, identification cards, and surveillance cameras for justice courts not housed in the County courthouse.

<u>Juvenile Delinquency Prevention</u> – This fund is used to repair damage and reward the public for identifying and aiding in the apprehension of offenders who vandalize public and personal property. Funds are also used for recognition and recreation programs for teens; local teen court programs; local juvenile probation department and educational and intervention programs to prevent juveniles from engaging in delinquent conduct.

<u>Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program (JJAEP) Tier II</u> – The Texas Probation Commission provides funding for costs that are reasonable, necessary and directly related to the creation and ongoing operation of a JJAEP to include the purchase of equipment, renovations, or construction. This program is designed to provide an educational setting for students that have been expelled from the public schools. The goal of the program is to reduce delinquency, increase offender accountability, and rehabilitate offenders through a comprehensive, coordinated community-based juvenile probation system.

<u>Law Library</u> – Monies collected through civil cases filed in the County or district court are accounted for through this fund. Monies collected are used to support the management and expenditures necessary to maintain law libraries throughout the County.

<u>Medicaid Supplemental Payments</u> — This fund was established as a result of the Williamson County indigent Care Affiliation Agreement entered into between Williamson County, Round Rock Medical Center, and Seton Medical Center Williamson in August 2010. As part of the collaboration established between the hospitals and the County, the County has chosen to use a portion of its annual ad valorem tax revenues to fund Medicaid services provided to Williamson County residents by these hospitals.

Revenues to this fund will be spent to pay for Medicaid services provided by Round Rock Medical Center and Seton Medical Center Williamson by funding Medicaid supplemental payments to the hospitals through intergovernmental transfers of funding to the state.

<u>Probate Court</u> – This fund accounts for fees from all probate court cases filed and used for training for County Courts at Law personnel in the area of probate court cases.

<u>Records Archive</u> – This fund was established specifically to support the preservation and restoration services performed by the County Clerk in connection with maintaining archived records. These monies support and will be dedicated to assisting County Clerks with maintaining public documents filed before January 1, 1990.

<u>Records Management</u> – This fund is used to account for monies collected from fees charged by the County and District Clerk. These funds are used Countywide for records management, records management training and for the disposal of large quantities of outdated documents.

<u>Records Management and Preservation</u> – This fund is compiled of the fees for records management and preservation services performed by the County Clerk and District Clerk. All records are documented, filed and must be paid for at the time the document is filed. This fee may be used for specific records preservation and automation projects.

Records Technology – This fund accounts for money charged when filing suit in a district court. It is designated for the purpose of preservation and restoration services performed in connection with maintaining a district court records archive.

<u>Regional Animal Shelter (WCRAS)</u> – This fund accounts for the County's percentage share of revenues collected as adoption fees, surrender fees, etc. at the WCRAS. Expenditures are made for the day-to-day operations of the facility. The other regional participants in the shelter share proportionately in the operations cost.

<u>Specialty Court</u> – Section121.00 of the Texas Government Code allows the creation of Specialty Court programs. Williamson County has two active programs, The DWI/Drug court and Veteran court. The programs are funded by collection of the court costs of a conviction for certain intoxication and drug related offenses. The fund retains 50% of the total fee to be used exclusively to develop and maintain drug court programs. A service fee of 10% is revenue deposited into the General Fund. The remaining 40% of the total fee is sent to the state.

<u>Teen Court Program</u> – The purpose of this fund was to account for the receipt of fee for juveniles who are participating in the Teen Court Program.

<u>Tobacco</u> – Monies received by the County from the state as pro rata distributions from the lump sum payment made by tobacco companies are accounted for through this fund. The money collected from the state is to be spent on health-related issues.

<u>Truancy Program</u> – This fund is used to account for the collection of a \$5.00 court cost fee allowed by the State of Texas and ordered by the Williamson County Commissioners' Court to finance the salary and benefits of a juvenile case manager helping to administer the Truancy Program for the justice courts. The program has been established through cooperation with local governments, school districts and agencies to assist with local truancy cases.

- <u>WC Historical Commission</u> The fund is used to account for the monies received from memorial brick sales and donations to the Williamson County Historical Commission. The funds can be used for county historic preservation.
- <u>WM City of Hutto and Hutto ISD</u> Monies received from the Contractor of the Williamson County Landfill to be expended for the benefit of the City of Hutto and Hutto ISD. Contractor pays 2% of the total Tip Fees collected.
- <u>WM Community Recreational Facility</u> Monies received from the Contractor of the Williamson County Landfill to pay for recreational facility use within Williamson County. Contractor pays 1% of the total Tip Fees collected.
- <u>WM Future Environmental Liability</u> Monies received from the Contractor of the Williamson County Landfill to pay for any environmental liability related to the Landfill beyond those costs covered by closure and post-closure trust funds. Contractor pays 2% of the total Tip Fees collected.
- <u>WM Master Site Development</u> Monies received from the Contractor of the Williamson County Landfill to pay for site development of the facility. Contractor pays 1% of the total Tip Fees collected.



WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Alternate Dispute Resolution				Avery Ranch Road District		Child Abuse Prevention		Child Safety	Conservation Foundation
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	277,449	\$	3,015	\$ 479,987	\$	45	\$	626,309	\$ 1,289,825
Accounts receivable (net of										
allowance)		165		290	5,297		11		-	71
Due from other funds		301		-	-		-		-	3,506
Due from other governments Prepaids		-		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	277,915	\$	3,305	\$ 485,284	\$	56	\$	626,309	\$ 1,293,402
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	3,115	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 8,650
Accrued liabilities		608		-	-		-		-	5,987
Due to other governments		-		-	-		-		-	-
Unearned revenue					 -			_	-	
Total liabilities		608		3,115	-		-		-	14,637
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES										
Deferred property taxes					 5,041				-	
Total deferred inflows										
of resources		-		-	5,041		-		-	-
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted	_	277,307		190	 480,243		56		626,309	1,278,765
Total fund balances		277,307		190	 480,243		56		626,309	1,278,765
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,										
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	277,915	\$	3,305	\$ 485,284	\$	56	\$	626,309	\$ 1,293,402

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – CONTINUED NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

I	District County Court Attorney echnology Hot Check		County Sheriff		County Sheriff Asset Forfeitures		County Radio Communications System (RCS)		Court Records Preservation		Court Reporter		Courthouse Security		District Attorney Asset Forfeitures		
\$	67,472	\$	15,658	\$ 1,	581,829	\$	1,038,801	\$	22,045	\$	404,771	\$	1,139,802	\$	202,849	\$	249,716
	268		- 1,615		-		-		2,228 5,533		590 -		825 -		1,884 9,947		- 800
	-		- -		- -		-		1,666		-		- 140		- -		- -
\$	67,740	\$	17,273	\$ 1,	581,829	\$	1,038,801	\$	31,472	\$	405,361	\$	1,140,767	\$	214,680	\$	250,516
\$	-	\$	- 2,840	\$	-	\$	86,115 -	\$	23,180 8,292	\$	- -	\$	5,809 -	\$	- 12,285	\$	645 -
	-		-		- -		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		2,840		-		86,115		31,472		-		5,809		12,285		645
	-		<u>-</u>				-		<u>-</u>		-				-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	67,740		14,433	1,	581,829		952,686				405,361		1,134,958		202,395		249,871
	67,740		14,433	1,	581,829		952,686				405,361		1,134,958		202,395		249,871
\$	67,740	\$	17,273	\$ 1,	581,829	\$	1,038,801	\$	31,472	\$	405,361	\$	1,140,767	\$	214,680	\$	250,516

	A	District ttorney are Fraud		Election papter 19		Election HAVA	,	Election Services Contract		Grants	Gu	ardianship
ASSETS	•	4 000	_		_	100 505	•	201.001	•	==0.040	_	100 500
Cash and investments	\$	1,339	\$	-	\$	469,585	\$	281,204	\$	779,818	\$	108,500
Accounts receivable (net of				00.050				000				040
allowance)		-		22,059		-		680		120 120		240
Due from other funds				-		-		-		138,128 1,779,633		-
Due from other governments Prepaids		-		-		-		-		1,779,033		-
Prepaids												
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,339	\$	22,059	\$	469,585	\$	281,884	\$	2,697,579	\$	108,740
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	9,973	\$	151	\$	9,953	\$	502,348	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		219,140		-
Due to other governments		-		12,066		-		-		46,919		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-	_			1,929,172		-
Total liabilities		-		22,039		151		9,953		2,697,579		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF												
RESOURCES												
Deferred property taxes				-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources												
or resources		-		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted		1,339		20		469,434	_	271,931	_	-	_	108,740
Total fund balances		1,339		20		469,434		271,931				108,740
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED												
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,339	\$	22,059	\$	469,585	\$	281,884	\$	2,697,579	\$	108,740
,	Ψ	1,500	<u> </u>	,000	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	201,007	Ψ	_,001,010	Ψ	100,770

Justice Court echnology	th	ustice of ne Peace Security	Deli	ivenile nquency evention	La	w Library	Medic	aid UPL	Probate Court		Records Archive	Ma	Records anagement and reservation
499,627		116,503	\$	8,153		375,050	\$	-	\$ 44,495	\$	1,801,454	\$	1,930,892
1,341 - - -		96 - -				1,740 - - -		- - -	60 - -		5,215 7,581 - -		10,958 16,733 - -
\$ 500,968	\$	116,599	\$	8,153	\$	376,790	\$	-	\$ 44,555	\$	1,814,250	\$	1,958,583
\$ 12,480 - - -	\$	450 - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	20,724 - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ - - -	\$	850 11,770 - -	\$	43,219 26,318 - -
12,480		450		-		20,724		-	-		12,620		69,537
 -						-		-	<u>-</u>		-		_
-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
488,488		116,149		8,153		356,066			44,555		1,801,630		1,889,046
488,488		116,149		8,153		356,066			 44,555	_	1,801,630		1,889,046
\$ 500,968	\$	116,599	\$	8,153	\$	376,790	\$	-	\$ 44,555	\$	1,814,250	\$	1,958,583

		Records nagement		Records		Regional Animal Shelter WCRAS)	S	Specialty Court		JJAEP Tier II	Tobacco
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	451,643	\$	206,644	\$	235,429	\$	133,078	\$	278,683	\$ 3,926,535
Accounts receivable (net of											
allowance)		1,950		306		169,711		114		-	-
Due from other funds		3,400		-		31,556		-		-	-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-	-
Prepaids		-		-		1,530		-		-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	456,993	\$	206,950	\$	438,226	\$	133,192	\$	278,683	\$ 3,926,535
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES											
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	7,572	\$	_	\$	36,340		19,220	\$	9,068	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	•	5,317	Ψ.	_	•	46,914		-	Ψ	-	-
Due to other governments		-		_		17,759		_		_	_
Unearned revenue		_		_		-		_		_	_
	_		_				_				
Total liabilities		12,889		-		101,013		19,220		9,068	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF											
RESOURCES											
Deferred property taxes		-		-		168,640		-		-	
Total deferred inflows											
of resources		-		-		168,640		-		-	-
FUND BALANCES											
Restricted		444,104		206,950		168,573		113,972		269,615	3,926,535
Committed							_				
Unassigned				-		-		-			
Total fund balances		444,104		206,950		168,573		113,972		269,615	3,926,535
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED											
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,											
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	456,993	\$	206,950	\$	438,226	\$	133,192	\$	278,683	\$ 3,926,535

C	een Court ogram	Truancy Program	WC istorical mmission	M - City of Hutto I Hutto ISD	Re	WM- ommunity ecreation Facility	Env	M - Future rironmental Liability	WM - aster Site velopment	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	598	\$ 235,341	\$ 10,621	\$ 592,034	\$	399,094	\$	965,772	\$ 416,835	\$	21,008,874
	20	458 1,732 -	- -	-		-		- - -			224,321 217,432 1,779,633
	-	 -	 			-		-	 -		3,336
\$	618	\$ 237,531	\$ 10,621	\$ 592,034	\$	399,094	\$	965,772	\$ 416,835	\$	23,233,596
\$	144 - -	\$ 40 2,318 -	\$ 75 - -	\$ - - -	\$	22,387	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	814,936 336,472 76,744
	-	 -	 	 -		-		-	 -	_	1,929,172
	144	2,358	75	-		22,387		-	-		3,157,324
	-	-	 -	 		-		_	-		173,681
	-	-	-	-		-		-	-		173,681
	474	235,173	10,546	592,034		376,707		965,772	416,835		19,902,591
	-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
	474	 235,173	 10,546	592,034		376,707		965,772	416,835		19,902,591
\$	618	\$ 237,531	\$ 10,621	\$ 592,034	\$	399,094	\$	965,772	\$ 416,835	\$	23,233,596

	[Iternate Dispute esolution	Appellate Judicial System	very Ranch	Al	hild buse rention	Child Safety	Conservation Foundation
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,215,988	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Fees of office		19,668	33,295	-		56	626,309	-
Fines and forfeitures		-	-	-		-	-	-
Charges for services		-	-	-		-	-	-
Intergovernmental		-	-	-		-	-	-
Investment earnings		114	-	620		-	37	657
Miscellaneous		-		 -		-		254,902
Total revenues		19,782	33,295	1,216,608		56	626,346	255,559
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-	-	17,379		-	-	-
Public safety		-	-	-		-	-	-
Judicial		5,654	38,729	-		-	-	-
Community services		-	-	-		-	616,771	-
Conservation		-	-	-		-	-	407,345
Transportation		-	-	-		-	-	-
Debt service:								
Principal		-	-	900,000		-	-	-
Interest and other charges		-	-	389,695		-	-	-
Capital outlay		-		 -				20,486
Total expenditures		5,654	38,729	 1,307,074		-	616,771	427,831
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		14,128	(5,434)	(90,466)		56	9,575	(172,272)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		-	<u>-</u>	- -		- -		
Total other financing sources and uses				-				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		14,128	(5,434)	(90,466)		56	9,575	(172,272)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		263,179	5,624	570,709			616,734	1,451,037
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	277,307	\$ 190	\$ 480,243	\$	56	\$ 626,309	\$ 1,278,765

County and District Court Technology	County Attorney Hot Check	County Sheriff	County Sheriff Asset Forfeitures	County Radio Communications System (RCS)	Court Records Preservation	Court Reporter	Courthouse Security	District Attorney Asset Forfeitures
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
11,449	31,576	-	-	-	71,891	98,340	213,108	-
-	-	- 281,181	235,704	- 996,146	-	-	-	42,274
_	-	201,101	-	990, 140	-	_	-	-
_	_	_	183	_	_	358	40	64
-	-	-	-	6,525	_	-	-	7,204
11,449	31,576	281,181	235,887	1,002,671	71,891	98,698	213,148	49,542
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	166,177	134,598	1,214,002	-	-	-	-
-	42,266	-	-	-	-	40,333	251,578	23,194
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			195,380					
	42,266	166,177	329,978	1,214,002		40,333	251,578	23,194
11,449	(10,690)	115,004	(94,091)	(211,331)	71,891	58,365	(38,430)	26,348
-	-	-	-	211,331	-	-	-	-
		-	-					-
				211,331				
11,449	(10,690)	115,004	(94,091)	-	71,891	58,365	(38,430)	26,348
56,291	25,123	1,466,825	1,046,777		333,470	1,076,593	240,825	223,523
\$ 67,740	\$ 14,433	\$1,581,829	\$ 952,686	\$ -	\$ 405,361	\$1,134,958	\$ 202,395	\$ 249,871

REV ENUES	District Attorney Welfare Fraud		Election Chapter 19		Election HAVA		Election Services Contract	Grants	Guardianship	
Taxes	\$		\$		\$		\$ -	\$ -	e.	
Fees of office	Ф	-	Ф	-	Þ	-	ъ - 700,389	\$ -	\$ - 21,500	
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-	100,369	-	21,500	
Charges for services		-		-		-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental		_	30	- ,107		_	-	6,392,618	_	
Investment earnings		_	39,	, 107			_	657		
Miscellaneous		_		_		_	_	64,264	_	
Wiscellarieous								04,204		
Total revenues		-	39	,107		-	700,389	6,457,539	21,500	
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		-	30	,618		3,091	423,040	1,504,402	-	
Public safety		-		-		-	-	2,509,953	-	
Judicial		-		-		-	-	290,419	18,000	
Community services		-		-		-	-	1,800,368	-	
Conservation		-		-		-	-	-	-	
Transportation		-		-		-	-	-	-	
Debt service:										
Principal		-		-		-	-	-	-	
Interest and other charges		-		-		-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay			8	,489_		<u> </u>		352,397		
Total expenditures			39	,107		3,091	423,040	6,457,539	18,000	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		-		(3,091)	277,349	-	3,500	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		-		208,901	-	-	-	
Transfers out				-		-	(208,901)			
Total other financing sources and uses				_		208,901	(208,901)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		205,810	68,448	-	3,500	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,339		20		263,624	203,483		105,240	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	1,339	\$	20	\$	469,434	\$271,931	\$ -	\$ 108,740	

Justice Court Technology	Justice of the Peace Security	Juvenile Delinquency Prevention	Law Library	Medicaid UPL	Probate Court	Records Archive	Records Management and Reservation
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
69,813	17,215	5	199,684	-	5,250	-	1,186,351
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	554,345	-
272	_	_	219	- -	-	729	314
			900				
70,085	17,215	5	200,803	-	5,250	555,074	1,186,665
-	-	-	-	-	-	260,671	672,698
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145,674	14,110	-	288,304	-	3,221	-	-
-	-	-	-	5,391,096	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
							10,000
145,674	14,110		288,304	5,391,096	3,221	260,671	682,698
(75,589)	3,105	5	(87,501)	(5,391,096)	2,029	294,403	503,967
- -	-	- -	- -	5,390,000	- -	- -	-
				5,390,000			
(75,589)	3,105	5	(87,501)	(1,096)	2,029	294,403	503,967
564,077	113,044	8,148	443,567	1,096	42,526	1,507,227	1,385,079
\$ 488,488	\$ 116,149	\$ 8,153	\$ 356,066	\$ -	\$ 44,555	\$ 1,801,630	\$ 1,889,046

	Records Management	Records Technology	Regional Animal Shelter (WCRAS)	Specialty Court	JJAEP Tier II	Tobacco
REVENUES	•		•	•	•	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fees of office	108,353	50,244	199,015	37,862	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	551,132	-	102,276	350,229
Investment earnings	263	-	-	-	-	9,745
Miscellaneous			293,758			
Total revenues	108,616	50,244	1,043,905	37,862	102,276	359,974
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	233,815	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	34,712	-
Judicial	-	-	-	30,766	-	-
Community services	-	-	1,453,144	-	-	308,031
Conservation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and other charges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	22,121				5,124	
Total expenditures	255,936		1,453,144	30,766	39,836	308,031
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(147,320)	50,244	(409,239)	7,096	62,440	51,943
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	-	554,865	-	-	-
Transfers out			(49,452)			-
Total other financing						
sources and uses			505,413			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(147,320)	50,244	96,174	7,096	62,440	51,943
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	591,424	156,706	72,399	106,876	207,175	3,874,592
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 444,104	\$ 206,950	\$ 168,573	\$113,972	\$ 269,615	\$ 3,926,535

С	een ourt ogram	Truancy Program		WC storical mmission	Community WM - City of and Hutto ISD		Re	M - Future ecreation Facility	WM - Environmental Liability		WM - Master Site Development		Total Governmental Funds	
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,215,988
	370	96,962		-		-		-		-		-		3,798,705
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		277,978
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,831,672
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		7,435,362
	-	-		-		-		-		738		-		15,010
				11,273		212,045		106,728		212,045		106,728		1,276,372
	370	96,962		11,273		212,045		106,728		212,783		106,728		15,851,087
	_	76,907		-		_		_		_		-		3,222,621
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		4,059,442
	156			-		-		-		-		-		1,192,404
	-	-		727		-		-		-		-		9,570,137
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		407,345
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		900,000
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		389,695
	-							71,887		-				685,884
	156	76,907		727		-		71,887		-				20,427,528
	214	20,055		10,546		212,045		34,841		212,783		106,728		(4,576,441)
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		6,365,097
	-	-		-		-						-		(258,353)
														0.400 =44
			_			-								6,106,744
	214	20,055		10,546		212,045		34,841		212,783		106,728		1,530,303
	260	215,118		-		379,989		341,866		752,989	;	310,107		19,024,681
\$	474	\$ 235,173	\$	10,546	\$	592,034	\$	376,707	\$	965,772	•	416,835	\$	20,554,984
Ф	4/4	φ 230, 173	Φ	10,540	Ф	J8Z,UJ4	Φ	3/0,/0/	Φ	900,112	\$ 4	+10,033	Ф	20,004,904

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALTERNATE DISPUTE RESOLUTION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

			Variance Positive
	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Fees of office Investment earnings	\$ 19,000 100	\$ 19,668 114	\$ 668 14
Total revenues	19,100	19,782	682
EXPENDITURES Current			
Judicial	7,419	5,654	1,765
Total expenditures	7,419	5,654	1,765
Net change in fund balance	11,681	14,128	2,447
FUND BALANCE, beginning	263,179	263,179	
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 274,860	\$ 277,307	\$ 2,447

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL AVERY RANCH ROAD DISTRICT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 1,216,227	\$ 1,215,988	\$ (239)
Investment earnings	400	620	220
Total revenues	1,216,627	1,216,608	(19)
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	19,950	17,379	2,571
Debt service			
Principal	900,000	900,000	-
Interest and other charges	390,295	389,695	600
Total expenditures	1,310,245	1,307,074	3,171
Net change in fund balance	(93,618)	(90,466)	3,152
FUND BALANCE, beginning	570,709	570,709	
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 477,091	\$ 480,243	\$ 3,152

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL CONSERVATION FOUNDATION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	F	- inal	Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
REVENUES					
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$ 657	\$	657
Miscellaneous			254,902		254,902
Total revenues		-	255,559		255,559
EXPENDITURES Current					
Conservation		444,586	407,345		37,241
Capital outlay		14,713	20,486		(5,773)
Total expenditures		459,299	427,831		31,468
Net change in fund balance	(459,299)	(172,272)		287,027
FUND BALANCE, beginning	1,	451,037	1,451,037		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	991,738	\$ 1,278,765	\$	287,027

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY ATTORNEY HOT CHECK YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

						ariance
		-				Positive
DEVENUE O		Final		Actual	(I\	legative)
REVENUES	_		_		_	(40.40.4)
Fees of office	\$	51,000	\$	31,576	\$	(19,424)
Total revenues		51,000		31,576		(19,424)
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Judicial		76,993		42,266		34,727
Total expenditures		76,993		42,266		34,727
Net change in fund balance		(25,993)		(10,690)		15,303
FUND BALANCE, beginning		25,123		25,123		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	(870)	\$	14,433	\$	15,303

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY SHERIFF DRUG ENFORCEMENT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Final		Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
REVENUES						,
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	235,704	\$	235,704
Investment earnings		-		183		183
Total revenues		-		235,887		235,887
EXPENDITURES Current						
Public safety		439,465		134,598		304,867
Capital outlay		565,996		195,380		370,616
Total expenditures		1,005,461		329,978		675,483
Net change in fund balance	(1,005,461)		(94,091)		911,370
FUND BALANCE, beginning		1,046,777		1,046,777		-
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	41,316	\$	952,686	\$	911,370

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY RADIO COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM (RCS) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	A 005 440	A 000 440	A 40 700
Charges for services	\$ 985,446	\$ 996,146	\$ 10,700
Miscellaneous	6,180	6,525	345
Total revenues	991,626	1,002,671	11,045
EXPENDITURES Current			
Public safety	1,354,032	1,214,002	140,030
Capital outlay	19,741	-	19,741
Total expenditures	1,373,773	1,214,002	159,771
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(382,147)	(211,331)	170,816
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	402,405	211,331	(191,074)
Total other financing sources and uses	402,405	211,331	(191,074)
Net change in fund balance	20,258	-	(20,258)
FUND BALANCE, beginning			
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 20,258	\$ -	\$ (20,258)

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL COURT REPORTER YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final		octual	Р	ariance ositive egative)
Φ.	04.000	Φ.	00.040	Φ	4.040
\$	•	\$	•	Þ	4,340
	250		358		108
	94,250		98,698		4,448
	46,390		40,333		6,057
	46,390		40,333		6,057
	47,860		58,365		10,505
1	,076,593	1,	076,593		
\$ 1	.124.453	\$ 1.	134.958	\$	10,505
	\$	250 94,250 46,390 46,390	\$ 94,000 \$ 250 94,250 46,390 47,860 1,076,593 1,	\$ 94,000 \$ 98,340 250 358 94,250 98,698 46,390 40,333 46,390 40,333 47,860 58,365 1,076,593 1,076,593	Final Actual (No. 100) \$ 94,000 \$ 98,340 \$ 250 358 94,250 98,698 46,390 40,333 47,860 58,365 1,076,593 1,076,593

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL COURTHOUSE SECURITY YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final		Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	 1 III CII		Actual		vogative)
Fees of office Investment earnings	\$ 225,000	\$	213,108 40	\$	(11,892) 40
Total revenues	225,000		213,148		(11,852)
EXPENDITURES Current					
Judicial	252,039		251,578		461
Total expenditures	252,039		251,578		461
Net change in fund balance	(27,039)		(38,430)		(11,391)
FUND BALANCE, beginning	240,825		240,825		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 213,786	\$	202,395	\$	(11,391)

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY DRUG ENFORCEMENT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Final Actual				/ariance Positive legative)
REVENUES	φ	•		40.074	φ	40.074
Fines and forfeitures Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	42,274 64	\$	42,274 64
investment carrings						<u> </u>
Total revenues		-		49,542		49,542
EXPENDITURES Current Judicial Capital outlay		101,271 859		23,194 -		78,077 859
Total expenditures		102,130		23,194		78,936
Net change in fund balance		(102,130)		26,348		128,478
FUND BALANCE, beginning		223,523		223,523		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	121,393	\$	249,871	\$	128,478

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL ELECTION CHAPTER 19 YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final	,	Actual	F	ariance Positive egative)
REVENUES					<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$ _	\$	39,107	\$	39,107
Total revenues	-		39,107		39,107
EXPENDITURES Current					
General government	57,500		30,618		26,882
Capital outlay	26,000		8,489		17,511
Total expenditures	83,500		39,107		44,393
Net change in fund balance	(83,500)		-		83,500
FUND BALANCE, beginning	20		20		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ (83,480)	\$	20	\$	83,500

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL ELECTION HAVA YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final	 Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
EXPENDITURES Current General government	203,000	3,091		199,909
Total expenditures	203,000	3,091		199,909
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(203,000)	(3,091)		199,909
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		208,901		208,901
Total other financing sources and uses		208,901		208,901
Net change in fund balance	(203,000)	205,810		408,810
FUND BALANCE, beginning	 263,624	263,624		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 60,624	\$ 469,434	\$	408,810

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL ELECTION SERVICES CONTRACT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Fees of office	\$ -	\$ 700,389	\$ 700,389
Total revenues	-	700,389	700,389
EXPENDITURES			
Concret government	420 207	422.040	16 257
General government	439,297	423,040	16,257
Capital outlay	22,500		22,500
Total expenditures	461,797	423,040	38,757
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(461,797)	277,349	739,146
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(208,901)	(208,901)	
Total other financing sources and uses	(208,901)	(208,901)	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	(670,698)	68,448	739,146
FUND BALANCE, beginning	203,483	203,483	
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ (467,215)	\$ 271,931	\$ 739,146

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GUARDIANSHIP YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Final	Р	ariance ositive egative)		
	1 IIIdi			Actual	(140	galive)
REVENUES Fees of office	\$	18,000	\$	21,500	\$	3,500
Total revenues		18,000		21,500		3,500
EXPENDITURES Current						
Judicial		18,000		18,000		
Total expenditures		18,000		18,000		
Net change in fund balance		-		3,500		3,500
FUND BALANCE, beginning		105,240		105,240		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	105,240	\$	108,740	\$	-

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Final		Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
REVENUES	Φ	02 500	æ	60.013	c	(22 607)
Fees of office Investment earnings	\$	92,500 200.00	\$	69,813 272	\$	(22,687) 72
Total revenues	9	92,700.00		70,085		(22,615)
EXPENDITURES Current						
Judicial		237,775		145,674		92,101
Capital outlay		30,000				30,000
Total expenditures		267,775		145,674		122,101
Net change in fund balance		(175,075)		(75,589)		99,486
FUND BALANCE, beginning		564,077		564,077		_
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	389,002	\$	488,488	\$	99,486

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL JUSTICE OF THE PEACE SECURITY YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Final	Actual	Р	ariance ositive egative)
REVENUES Fees of office	\$	23,800	\$ 17,215	\$	(6,585)
Total revenues	2	23,800.00	17,215		(6,585)
EXPENDITURES Current					
Judicial		29,084	14,110		14,974
Total expenditures		29,084	14,110		14,974
Net change in fund balance		(5,284)	3,105		8,389
FUND BALANCE, beginning		113,044	113,044		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	107,760	\$ 116,149	\$	8,389

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAW LIBRARY YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final	Actual	Р	ariance ositive egative)
REVENUES Fees of office Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 190,000 250 -	\$ 199,684 219 900	\$	9,684 (31) 900
Total revenues	190,250	200,803		10,553
EXPENDITURES Current				
Judicial	315,800	288,304		27,496
Total expenditures	315,800	288,304		27,496
Net change in fund balance	(125,550)	(87,501)		38,049
FUND BALANCE, beginning	443,567	443,567		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 318,017	\$ 356,066	\$	38,049

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEDICAID UPL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final	Final Actual					
REVENUES							
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Total revenues	-	-	-				
EXPENDITURES Current							
Community services	5,391,096	5,391,096					
Total expenditures	5,391,096	5,391,096	<u>-</u>				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(5,391,096)	(5,391,096)	-				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	5,390,000	5,390,000					
Total other financing sources and uses	5,390,000	5,390,000					
Net change in fund balance	(1,096)	(1,096)	-				
FUND BALANCE, beginning	1,096	1,096					
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROBATE COURT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final	 Actual	Po	riance ositive gative)
REVENUES				
Fees of office	\$ 4,500	\$ 5,250	\$	750
Total revenues	4,500	5,250		750
EXPENDITURES Current				
Judicial	 3,800	3,221		579
Total expenditures	3,800	3,221		579
Net change in fund balance	700	2,029		1,329
FUND BALANCE, beginning	42,526	42,526		_
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 43,226	\$ 44,555	\$	1,329

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL RECORDS ARCHIVE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Final	Actual	P	ariance Positive egative)
REVENUES Charges for services Investment earnings	\$	510,000 400	\$ 554,345 729	\$	44,345 329
Total revenues		510,400	555,074		44,674
EXPENDITURES Current General government		302,217	260,671		41,546
Total expenditures		302,217	 260,671		41,546
Net change in fund balance		208,183	294,403		86,220
FUND BALANCE, beginning		1,507,227	1,507,227		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ ^	1,715,410	\$ 1,801,630	\$	86,220

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL RECORDS MANAGEMENT AND PRESERVATION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Final	Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
REVENUES	_				
Fees of office	\$	112,000	\$ 108,353	\$	(3,647)
Investment earnings		200	 263		63
Total revenues		112,200	108,616		(3,584)
EXPENDITURES Current					
General government		349,950	233,815		116,135
Capital outlay		-	22,121		(22,121)
Total expenditures		349,950	255,936		94,014
Net change in fund balance		(237,750)	(147,320)		90,430
FUND BALANCE, beginning		591,424	 591,424		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	353,674	\$ 444,104	\$	90,430

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL RECORDS MANAGEMENT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final	Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
REVENUES				<u> </u>
Fees of office	\$ 1,085,750	\$ 1,186,351	\$	100,601
Investment earnings	225	314		89
Total revenues	1,085,975	1,186,665		100,690
EXPENDITURES Current				
General government	769,743	672,698		97,045
Capital outlay	10,000	10,000		_
Total expenditures	779,743	682,698		97,045
Net change in fund balance	306,232	503,967		197,735
FUND BALANCE, beginning	1,385,079	1,385,079		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 1,691,311	\$ 1,889,046	\$	197,735

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL REGIONAL ANIMAL SHELTER (WCRAS) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Final		Actual	I	/ariance Positive legative)
REVENUES	•	000 000	•	100.015	•	(005)
Fees of office	\$	200,000	\$	199,015	\$	(985)
Intergovernmental		624,020		551,132		(72,888)
Miscellaneous		65,764		293,758		227,994
Total revenues		889,784		1,043,905		154,121
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Community services		1,523,843		1,453,144		70,699
Community Convictor	-	1,020,010		1, 100, 111	-	70,000
Total expenditures		1,523,843		1,453,144		70,699
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(634,059)		(409,239)		224,820
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		588,586		554,865		(33,721)
Transfers out		(49,452)		(49,452)		-
Total other financing sources		,				
and uses		539,134		505,413		(33,721)
Net change in fund balance		(94,925)		96,174		191,099
FUND BALANCE, beginning		72,399		72,399		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	(22,526)	\$	168,573	\$	191,099

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIALTY COURT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final	Actual	Р	ariance ositive egative)
REVENUES Fees of office	\$ 44,300	\$ 37,862	\$	(6,438)
Total revenues	44,300	37,862		(6,438)
EXPENDITURES Current				
Judicial	 35,000	 30,766		4,234
Total expenditures	 35,000	 30,766		4,234
Net change in fund balance	9,300	7,096		(2,204)
FUND BALANCE, beginning	106,876	 106,876		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 116,176	\$ 113,972	\$	(2,204)

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL JJAEP TIER II YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final	Actual	F	/ariance Positive	
REVENUES	 I IIIai	 Actual	(Negative)		
Intergovernmental	\$ 	\$ 102,276	\$	102,276	
Total revenues	-	102,276		102,276	
EXPENDITURES Current					
Public safety	97,979	34,712		63,267	
Capital outlay	 5,500	5,124		376	
Total expenditures	103,479	39,836		63,643	
Net change in fund balance	(103,479)	62,440		165,919	
FUND BALANCE, beginning	207,175	207,175			
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 103,696	\$ 269,615	\$	165,919	

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL TOBACCO YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Final		Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$	325,000	\$	350,229	\$	25,229
Investment income		20,000		9,745		(10,255)
Total revenues		345,000		359,974		14,974
EXPENDITURES Current						
Community services		525,161		308,031		217,130
Total expenditures		525,161		308,031		217,130
Net change in fund balance		(180,161)		51,943		232,104
FUND BALANCE, beginning		3,874,592	;	3,874,592		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 3	3,694,431	\$:	3,926,535	\$	232,104

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL TEEN COURT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

			Variance Positive
	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES			
Fees of office	\$ -	\$ 370	\$ 370
Total revenues	-	370	370
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Judicial	500	156	344
Total expenditures	500	156	344
Net change in fund balance	(500)	214	714
FUND BALANCE, beginning	260	260	
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ (240)	\$ 474	\$ 714

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRUANCY PROGRAM YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final	Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
REVENUES	·			
Fees of office	\$ 98,500	\$ 96,962	\$	(1,538)
Total revenues	98,500	96,962		(1,538)
EXPENDITURES Current				
Judicial	143,579	76,907		66,672
Total expenditures	143,579	76,907		66,672
Net change in fund balance	(45,079)	20,055		65,134
FUND BALANCE, beginning	 6,920	 215,118		208,198
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ (38,159)	\$ 235,173	\$	273,332

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL WC HISTORICAL COMMISSION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$11,273	\$ 11,273
Total revenues	-	11,273	11,273
EXPENDITURES Current			
Community service	727	727	
Total expenditures	727	727	
Net change in fund balance	(727)	10,546	11,273
FUND BALANCE, beginning			
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ (727)	\$10,546	\$ 11,273

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Benefits Program</u> – This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with medical and dental benefits.

<u>Fleet Maintenance</u> – This fund is used to account for the maintenance and repair of motor vehicle and related costs.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Benefits Program		Fleet nagement	Total		
ASSETS							
Current assets Cash and investments	\$	2.050.640	\$	624 226	\$	2 500 044	
Accounts receivables	Ф	2,958,618 176,210	Ф	631,226 13,388	Ф	3,589,844 189,598	
Due from other funds		8,072		29,755		37,827	
Inventory		-		165,705		165,705	
Prepaid expenses						-	
Total current assets		3,142,900		840,074		3,982,974	
Non-current assets							
Capital assets:				4E4 206		4E4 206	
Machinery and equipment Less accumulated depreciation		-		451,396 (355,356)		451,396 (355,356)	
Lead accumulated depreciation				(000,000)		(000,000)	
Total non-current assets				96,040		96,040	
Total assets		3,142,900		936,114		4,079,014	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities		100.050		100 100		000 047	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		169,358 544,993		120,489 44,761		289,847 589,754	
Accided liabilities		344,993		44,701		309,734	
Total current liabilities		714,351		165,250		879,601	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		-		96,040		96,040	
Unrestricted		2,428,549		674,824		3,103,373	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	2,428,549	\$	770,864	\$	3,199,413	

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Benefits Program	Fleet Management	Total
OPERATING REVENUES		Management	
Employer contributions	\$ 14,497,700	\$ -	\$ 14,497,700
Employee contributions	4,473,384	-	4,473,384
Charge for services		2,987,789	2,987,789
Total operating revenues	18,971,084	2,987,789	21,958,873
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Claims	14,699,741	_	14,699,741
Insurance	949,471	_	949,471
Administration	1,588,666	_	1,588,666
Supplies and parts	-	2,879,620	2,879,620
Depreciation	-	19,227	19,227
Total operating expenses	17,237,878	2,898,847	20,136,725
OPERATING INCOME	1,733,206	88,942	1,822,148
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest and investment revenue	42,766		42,766
+			
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	42,766		42,766
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,775,972	88,942	1,864,914
TOTAL NET POSITION, beginning	652,577	681,922	1,334,499
TOTAL NET POSITION, ending	\$ 2,428,549	\$ 770,864	\$ 3,199,413

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Benefits Program	M	Fleet anagement	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 19,531,812 (17,574,287) (1,596,738)	\$	2,981,335 (2,975,419)	\$ 22,513,147 (20,549,706) (1,596,738)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	360,787		5,916	366,703
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment earnings	42,766			 42,766
Net cash flows provided by investing activities	42,766			42,766
Change in cash and cash equivalents	403,553		(8,418)	395,135
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning	2,555,065		639,644	3,194,709
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ending	\$ 2,958,618	\$	631,226	\$ 3,589,844
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,733,206	\$	88,942	\$ 1,822,148
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:	-		19,227	19,227
Accounts receivable Due from other funds Inventory Prepaid expenses Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	560,728 (8,072) - 12,686 (493,716) (1,444,045)		(6,454) (29,755) 5,776 - (69,210) (2,610)	554,274 (37,827) 5,776 12,686 (562,926) (1,446,655)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 360,787	\$	5,916	\$ 366,703

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds

Agency Funds serve primarily as clearing mechanisms for cash resources, which are collected by a governmental unit, held as such for a brief period, and then distributed to authorized recipients.

The following comprise the County's Agency Funds:

- CCA-ICE Billing
- Child Fatality Review Team
- County Attorney Hot Check Restitution
- County Clerk Trust
- District Attorney
- District Clerk Trust
- Historical Commission
- Inmate Trust
- Justice of the Peace Bond
- Juvenile Probation
- Outreach Program
- Sheriff Special Cash Bond
- Tax Assessor Collector

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	 Deductions	Balance End of Year		
FLEX BENEFITS - AETNA Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 	\$ 237,705	\$ 59,360	\$	178,345	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ -	\$ 237,705	\$ 59,360	\$	178,345	
CCA/ICE BILLING Assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 1,565,989 1,525,952	\$ 18,188,544 1,519,931	\$ 19,754,533 1,525,952	\$	- 1,519,931	
Total assets	\$ 3,091,941	\$ 19,708,475	\$ 21,280,485	\$	1,519,931	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 3,091,941	\$ 19,708,475	\$ 21,280,485	\$	1,519,931	
CHILD FATALITY REVIEW TEAM Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 2,980	\$ 	\$ 2,980	\$	<u>-</u>	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 2,980	\$ 	\$ 2,980	\$		
COUNTY ATTORNEY HOT CHECK RESTITUTION Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 104,240_	\$ 380,572	\$ 400,896	\$	83,916	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 104,240	\$ 380,572	\$ 400,896	\$	83,916	
COUNTY CLERK TRUST Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 1,717,170	\$ 4,100,621	\$ 3,600,419	\$	2,217,372	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 1,717,170	\$ 4,100,621	\$ 3,600,419	\$	2,217,372	
DISTRICT ATTORNEY Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 203,124	\$ 933,270	\$ 800,211	\$	336,183	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 203,124	\$ 933,270	\$ 800,211	\$	336,183	
DISTRICT CLERK TRUST Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 1,994,723	\$ 2,774,546	\$ 2,873,595	\$	1,895,674	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 1,994,723	\$ 2,774,546	\$ 2,873,595	\$	1,895,674	

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – ALL AGENCY FUNDS – CONTINUED YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	В	Balance eginning of Year	 Additions	 eductions	Balance End of Year		
HISTORICAL COMMISSION Assets: Cash and investments	\$	11,203	\$ 760	\$ 11,963	\$		
Liabilities: Due to others	\$	11,203	\$ 760	\$ 11,963	\$		
INMATE TRUST Assets: Cash and investments	\$	55,595	\$ 1,926,118	\$ 1,879,335	\$	102,378	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$	55,595	\$ 1,926,118	\$ 1,879,335	\$	102,378	
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE BOND Assets: Cash and investments	\$	18,407	\$ 42,426	\$ 56,461	\$	4,372	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$	18,407	\$ 42,426	\$ 56,461	\$	4,372	
JUVENILE PROBATION Assets: Cash and investments	\$	375,495	\$ 595,440	\$ 553,920	\$	417,015	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$	375,495	\$ 595,440	\$ 553,920	\$	417,015	
OUTREACH PROGRAM Assets: Cash and investments	\$	4,524	\$ 30,193	\$ 32,291	\$	2,426	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$	4,524	\$ 30,193	\$ 32,291	\$	2,426	

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – ALL AGENCY FUNDS – CONTINUED YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Balance Beginning of Year			Additions	Deductions	Balance End of Year		
SHERIFF SPECIAL CASH BOND Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	49,950	\$	1,685,807	\$ 1,684,042	\$	51,715	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$	49,950	\$	1,685,807	\$ 1,684,042	\$	51,715	
TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	6,667,787	\$	1,736,652,561	\$ 1,735,463,217	\$	7,857,131	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$	6,667,787	\$	1,736,652,561	\$ 1,735,463,217	\$	7,857,131	
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS Assets:								
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	12,771,187 1,525,952	\$	1,767,548,563 1,519,931	\$ 1,767,173,223 (1,525,952)	\$	13,146,527 1,519,931	
		14,297,139		1,769,068,494	1,765,647,271		14,666,458	
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	14,297,139	\$	1,769,068,494	\$ 1,768,699,175	\$	14,666,458	

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This portion of Williamson County's comprehensive annual financial report presents multiple years of data to provide a historical perspective for understanding the information available in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information and for assessing the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	133
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue resource.	137
Debt Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	142
Economic and Demographic Indicators These schedules contain economic and demographic information to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	146
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services and activities performed by the County.	149
Miscellaneous Information These pages contain additional data about the area, communities, colleges, medical facilities, and County government offices.	152

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Full accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	
Government activities											
Invested in capital assets											
net of related debt	\$445,160,755	\$253,798,426	\$ 264,889,158	\$ 206,599,134	\$210,678,161	\$ 176,951,689	\$ 199,531,984	\$ 140,117,628	\$ 184,660,300	\$128,908,310	
Restricted	42,611,846	35,850,736	32,752,322	38,938,961	45,121,020	154,293,857	49,826,237	37,344,812	31,411,957	22,765,431	
Unrestricted	(348,784,532)	(174,517,303)	(183,515,394)	(38,966,492)	(49,146,501)	(144,080,084)	(164,631,030)	(160,037,655)	(183,152,945)	(168,996,351)	
Total government activities net position	\$ 138,988,069	\$ 115,131,859	\$ 114,126,086	\$206,571,603	\$206,652,680	\$ 187,165,462	\$ 84,727,191	\$ 17,424,785	\$ 32,919,312	\$ (17,322,610)	
Primary Government											
Invested in capital assets,											
net of related debt	\$445,160,755	\$253,798,426	\$ 264,889,158	\$206,599,134	\$210,678,161	\$ 176,951,689	\$ 199,531,984	\$140,117,628	\$ 184,660,300	\$128,908,310	
Restricted	42,611,846	35,850,736	32,752,322	38,938,961	45,121,020	154,293,857	49,826,237	37,344,812	31,411,957	22,765,431	
Unrestricted	(348,784,532)	(174,517,303)	(183,515,394)	(38,966,492)	(49,146,501)	(144,080,084)	(164,631,030)	(160,037,655)	(183,152,945)	(168,996,351)	
Total primary government net position	\$ 138,988,069	\$115,131,859	\$114,126,086	\$ 206,571,603	\$206,652,680	\$ 187,165,462	\$ 84,727,191	\$ 17,424,785	\$ 32,919,312	\$ (17,322,610)	

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Notes:

Financial data includes Avery Ranch Road District (blended component unit).

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Full accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Expenses										
Government activities: General government	\$ 33.113.079	\$ 32,522,582	\$ 30,908,617	\$ 30,302,088	\$ 28,267,782	\$ 26,637,924	\$ 27,928,481	\$ 24,893,815	\$ 23,497,198	\$ 22,050,767
Public safety	87,932,683	88,098,767	80,001,178	79,174,507	78.208.556	75,872,505	72.323.851	61.670.538	90,897,137	65.719.879
Transportation support	78,977,229	87,436,401	185,691,679	58,930,917	65,354,413	67,938,312	31,965,828	70,415,173	20,028,127	39,753,817
Judicial	23,581,105	22,685,570	20,693,148	20,150,173	19,997,874	20,022,346	18,790,314	17,135,891	15,557,642	14,694,150
Community services	18,727,680	16,796,646	16,431,859	12,808,543	11,714,612	17,361,323	15,523,563	11,981,593	9,646,823	9,082,766
Conservation	407,345	347,751	773,438	676,913	247,844	219,592	187,912	-	-	-
Interest on long term debt	40,308,534	35,634,706	33,244,626	36,995,878	37,591,938	38,843,957	34,418,384	34,786,909	25,108,101	23,506,255
Total government activities expenses	283,047,655	283,522,423	367,744,545	239,039,019	241,383,019	246,895,959	201,138,333	220,883,919	184,735,028	174,807,634
Total primary government expenses	283,047,655	283,522,423	367,744,545	239,039,019	241,383,019	246,895,959	201,138,333	220,883,919	184,735,028	174,807,634
Program revenues										
Government activities										
Fees, fines and charges for services:										
General government	15,659,297	13,561,355	12,991,449	10,862,040	9,840,478	8,672,102	8,527,672	8,159,720	8,016,465	8,270,015
Public safety	14,976,278	15,081,873	15,954,635	14,108,707	12,971,784	14,282,342	10,521,690	10,889,257	43,221,647	22,902,790
Transportation support	6,155,099	5,944,938	5,311,044	5,111,192	5,552,097	5,055,053	5,517,109	6,058,560	6,014,536	6,033,748
Judicial Community services	6,019,784 1,613,488	6,862,678 1,610,982	7,036,985 1,579,830	6,924,358 1,460,491	7,361,257 1,361,504	7,213,109 1,308,480	7,319,186 1,259,111	7,666,021 1,379,501	7,809,982 723,092	6,984,849 635,594
Operating grants and contributions	7,327,581	11,059,515	16,559,081	17,329,641	20,693,428	24,456,855	7,218,056	7,373,406	11,570,786	10,809,892
Capital grants and contributions	59,565,089	49,107,663	40,505,315	14,209,320	35,698,166	65,803,237	62,746,368	1,807,836	1,998,962	-
Total governmental activities program revenues	111.316.616	103,229,004	99,938,339	70.005.749	93,478,714	126,791,178	103,109,192	43,334,301	79,355,470	55.636.888
, ,										
Total primary government program revenues	111,316,616	103,229,004	99,938,339	70,005,749	93,478,714	126,791,178	103,109,192	43,334,301	79,355,470	55,636,888
Net revenue (expense)										
Government activities	(171,731,039)	(180,293,419)	(267,806,206)	(169,033,270)	(147,904,305)	(120,104,781)	(98,029,141)	(177,549,618)	(105,379,558)	(119,170,746)
Total primary government net expense	(171,731,039)	(180,293,419)	(267,806,206)	(169,033,270)	(147,904,305)	(120,104,781)	(98,029,141)	(177,549,618)	(105,379,558)	(119,170,746)
General revenues										
and other changes in net position										
Government activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	116,814,321	104,957,462	99,126,344	97,647,471	96,497,886	97,632,658	89,753,407	81,973,085	72,536,843	68,689,297
Property taxes, levied for farm to market Property taxes, levied for debt service	16,521,025 70,940,367	14,681,846 63,279,169	13,815,558 59,780,481	10,261,395 58,518,962	10,063,148 57,347,077	10,135,443 57,980,103	10,894,429 55,094,237	10,376,729 54,244,437	9,688,093 46,495,030	8,889,879 37,359,004
Other taxes	1,118,611	987,258	712,987	561,950	594,840	57,980,103	542,286	558,929	493,372	417,525
Investment earnings	1,291,116	564,343	739,574	1,048,743	2,149,871	5,704,603	9,017,001	14,777,336	12,767,274	10,696,910
Miscellaneous	2,602,864	3,464,348	1,185,745	913,672	738,701	946,945	30,187	124,575	91,256	21,248
Total governmental activities	209,288,304	187,934,426	175,360,689	168,952,193	167,391,523	172,977,024	165,331,547	162,055,091	142,071,868	126,073,863
Total primary government	209,288,304	187,934,426	175,360,689	168,952,193	167,391,523	172,977,024	165,331,547	162,055,091	142,071,868	126,073,863
Change in net position										
Governmental activities	37,557,265	7,641,007	(92,445,517)	(81,077)	19,487,218	52,872,243	67,302,406	(15,494,527)	36,692,310	6,903,117
Total primary government	\$ 37,557,265	\$ 7,641,007	\$ (92,445,517)	\$ (81,077)	\$ 19,487,218	\$ 52,872,243	\$ 67,302,406	\$ (15,494,527)	\$ 36,692,310	\$ 6,903,117
Prior period adjustment	\$(13,701,055)	\$ (6,635,234)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,566,028	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,549,612	\$ 37,596,959

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Notes

Financial data includes Avery Ranch Road District (blended component unit).

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	l Year			Fiscal Year						
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006		
General fund												
Nonspendable	\$ 885,700	\$ 940,866	\$ 1,361,210	\$ 1,100,387	\$ 1,222,914	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Commited to	5,475,348	4,926,787	2,753,462	36,198	22,050		-	-	-	-		
Unassigned	77,142,946	69,784,418	72,282,339	73,795,666	68,557,094		-			-		
Reserved*	-	-	-	-	-	1,408,086	\$ 1,455,016	\$ 1,580,512				
Unreserved	-	-	-	-	-	58,909,804	51,050,420	47,756,679	40,663,714	33,979,722		
Total general fund	\$ 83,503,994	\$ 75,652,071	\$ 76,397,011	\$ 74,932,251	\$ 69,802,058	\$ 60,317,890	\$ 52,505,436	\$ 49,337,191	\$ 40,663,714	\$ 33,979,722		
All other governmental funds												
Nonspendable	\$ 116,846,937	\$ 127,582,740	\$ 131,595,069	\$ 445,019	\$ 601,831	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Restricted for	345,228,101	208,524,559	122,870,856	288,414,746	348,991,227	-	-	-	-	-		
Committed to	-	-	760,215	1,366,480	1,360,754	-	-	-	-	-		
Reserved for:												
Capital projects fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Designated for:												
Capital projects fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113,753	50,000	-		
Unreserved, reported in:												
Special Revenue Fund	-	-	(3,201)	-	-	136,252,756	29,396,121	28,023,654	24,283,185	21,637,161		
Debt Service Fund	-	-	-	-	-	21,876,358	24,244,442	12,143,357	8,652,890	6,166,044		
Capital projects fund		-				174,188,055	249,168,865	216,052,596	288,560,531	174,019,834		
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 462,075,038	\$ 336,107,299	\$ 255,222,939	\$ 290,226,245	\$ 350,953,812	\$ 332,317,169	\$ 302,809,428	\$ 256,333,360	\$ 321,546,606	\$ 201,823,039		

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Notes

Financial data includes Avery Ranch Road District (blended component unit).

In fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB 54 which changed the fund balance classifications presented above. Refer to the Note 3 on basic financial statements for further information.

^{* -} Incudes encumbrances and prepaid items.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
REVENUES:										
Taxes:	0.005.007.000	0.404.400.400	0.470.000.044	0.407.000.005	0 404 507 700	0.400.000.054	0.450.500.000	0.447.070.007	0.400.000.440	0.445.400.000
Ad valorem	\$ 205,237,263	\$ 184,102,492	\$ 173,039,011	\$ 167,093,325	\$ 164,597,739	\$ 166,639,051	\$ 156,522,999	\$ 147,070,997	\$ 129,088,118	\$ 115,139,980
Penalty and interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Occupancytax					-	-	-	-	-	
Fees of office	16,644,320	15,051,769	14,833,479	12,954,173	11,842,128	10,998,340	10,919,809	11,008,180	10,841,922	9,893,132
Fines and forfeitures	3,671,853	4,551,770	4,320,898	3,975,297	4,472,356	4,904,224	4,687,053	4,991,691	4,922,538	4,477,813
Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	362	86	1,331	176,320
Charges for services	16,044,809	16,485,490	15,630,864	13,979,270	14,125,179	11,761,607	9,863,213	9,645,113	8,374,733	6,675,991
Intergovernmental	14,269,803	20,137,133	31,786,143	23,109,980	49,216,594	70,813,527	16,767,352	10,380,199	46,530,656	27,604,602
Motor vehicle registration	4,521,887	4,851,806	4,905,182	4,931,746	4,882,799	4,865,667	5,307,091	5,613,275	5,489,139	5,537,941
Investment Income	1,248,350	560,000	734,809	1,043,465	2,133,026	5,436,289	8,374,817	14,182,060	13,957,255	10,529,092
Miscellaneous	5,821,987	4,070,263	1,739,117	2,696,797	1,576,308	2,238,636	645,845	518,257	1,088,487	222,839
Total Revenues	267,460,272	249,810,723	246,989,503	229,784,053	252,846,129	277,657,341	213,088,541	203,409,858	220,294,179	180,257,710
EXPENDITURES										
General government	30,565,849	29,166,461	28,338,383	27,475,074	25,763,464	24,446,725	25,356,840	22.609.264	23,462,700	18,386,365
Public safety	80,998,693	79,103,035	73,476,288	71,801,965	68,631,677	66,875,588	62,290,400	58,029,442	87,225,958	62,607,741
Transportation support	42,642,651	49,468,705	47,230,638	63,987,750	85,170,274	104,789,246	57,018,386	48,905,035	27,874,393	23,647,607
Judicial	22,482,926	21,054,436	19,504,540	18,767,804	18,169,857	18,341,712	17,102,998	16,200,005	14,730,003	12,954,769
Community services	17,081,838	14,891,428	14,755,545	10,995,460	11,100,789	15,369,591	13,764,903	10,770,909	9,934,119	8,429,775
Conservation	407.345	347.751	773.438	676.913	247.844	219.592	187.912	-	-	0,120,770
Capital outlay	27,084,792	26,185,167	43,503,998	34,621,156	29,687,307	34,155,679	30,447,017	61,599,221	49,215,141	44,767,764
Debt Service	21,004,102	20,100,101	40,000,000	04,021,100	20,007,007	04,100,070	00,447,017	01,000,221	40,210,141	44,707,704
Principal	41,150,000	35.955.107	34.316.148	28,442,621	25,786,563	22,750,713	21,900,061	20.457.972	18.650.000	15.750.000
Interest	35,162,235	33,779,930	34,151,447	37,850,525	36,286,550	38,172,372	33,779,802	32,567,790	31,201,896	22,253,754
							33,779,602		31,201,090	22,233,734
Bond issuance costs	2,669,173	1,021,908	1,213,658	2,103,426	1,328,636	388,061				
Total expenditures	300,245,502	290,973,928	297,264,083	296,722,694	302,172,961	325,509,279	261,848,319	271,139,638	262,294,210	208,797,775
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(32,785,230)	(41,163,205)	(50,274,580)	(66,938,641)	(49,326,832)	(47,851,938)	(48,759,778)	(67,729,780)	(42,000,031)	(28,540,065)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in	17,739,026	17,385,872	18,138,712	7,918,291	9,265,224	2,932,336	3,474,026	2,043,298	1,873,113	2,130,316
Transfers out	(17,739,026)	(17,385,872)	(18,132,463)	(7,918,291)	(10,123,951)	(3,061,532)	(3,474,026)	(2,043,298)	(1,873,113)	(2,130,316)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	353,219	354,481	366,489	229,783	234,887	330,100	284,834	345,933	231,995	650,536
Proceeds from capital lease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	844,078	-	-
Payment to bond escrow agent	(189,149,021)	-	(110,662,302)	(214,803,039)	(13,405,896)	-	-	-	(115,236,116)	-
Bond discount	(227,380)	-	-	(386,008)	(294,217)	(263,649)	(43,127)	-	(614,069)	-
Bond premium	24,851,074	9,764,144	7,395,598	31,620,531	1,981,596	1,673,850	927,384	-	10,645,837	4,740,769
Bond issued	330,780,000	111,280,000	119,630,000	194,680,000	89,790,000	33,995,000	97,235,000	10,000,000	273,379,942	126,645,000
Total other Financing Sources (Uses):	166,607,892	121,398,625	16,736,034	11,341,267	77,447,643	35,606,105	98,404,091	11,190,011	168,407,589	132,036,305
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 133,822,662	\$ 80,235,420	\$ (33,538,546)	\$ (55,597,374)	\$ 28,120,811	\$ (12,245,833)	\$ 49,644,313	\$ (56,539,769)	\$ 126,407,558	\$ 103,496,240
Prior period adjustment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,566,028	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Debt services (principal & interest) as percentage of noncapital expenditures	27.9%	26.3%	27.0%	25.3%	22.8%	20.9%	24.1%	26.0%	23.5%	23.5%

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Financial data includes blended component unit (Avery Ranch Road District).

TABLE 5

Total

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Other Property	Personal Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate
2015	\$ 29,587,478,395	\$ 15,422,168,902	\$ 4,336,197,330	\$ 3,165,493,480	\$ 10,568,711,913	\$ 41,942,626,194	0.446529
2014	25,488,470,689	13,990,566,361	3,979,136,557	2,943,383,260	9,257,107,767	37,144,449,100	0.449029
2013	23,904,564,642	13,332,025,999	4,017,799,750	2,715,642,405	8,913,356,944	35,056,675,852	0.449029
2012	23,316,653,461	12,579,062,940	4,089,036,731	2,516,944,446	8,586,848,425	33,914,849,153	0.457687
2011	22,731,190,836	12,170,331,765	4,180,854,644	2,406,882,877	8,301,996,159	33,187,263,963	0.459999
2010	22,536,370,182	12,350,492,269	4,283,090,122	2,534,252,977	8,053,782,353	33,650,423,197	0.459999
2009	22,334,769,118	11,657,221,227	4,077,250,113	2,650,620,127	7,673,782,813	33,046,077,772	0.439425
2008	19,836,021,861	10,095,823,007	3,652,223,403	2,391,442,420	6,643,909,687	29,331,601,004	0.459100
2007	16,949,243,233	8,648,223,231	3,062,299,235	2,124,454,124	5,575,552,434	25,208,667,389	0.467492
2006	15,165,389,592	7,556,900,275	2,499,228,282	2,019,162,484	4,845,816,791	22,394,863,842	0.466157
Road and Bri	<u>dge</u>						Total
					Less:	Total Taxable	Direct
Fiscal	Residential	Commercial	Other	Personal	Tax-Exempt	Assessed	Tax
Year	Property	Property	Property	Property	Property	Value	Rate
2015	\$ 29,587,485,425	\$ 15,422,206,819	\$ 4,336,197,330	\$ 3,165,493,480	\$ 10,197,587,059	\$ 42,313,795,995	0.040000
2014	25,488,480,238	13,990,566,361	3,979,136,557	2,943,383,260	8,919,988,694	37,481,577,722	0.040000
2013	23,904,574,191	13,332,025,999	4,017,799,750	2,715,642,405	8,612,776,947	35,357,265,398	0.040000
2012	23,316,653,461	12,579,062,940	4,089,036,731	2,516,944,446	8,329,968,260	34,171,729,318	0.030000
2011	22,731,190,836	12,170,331,765	4,180,854,644	2,406,882,877	7,997,293,754	33,491,966,368	0.030000
2010	22,536,370,182	12,350,492,269	4,283,090,122	2,534,252,977	7,934,857,334	33,769,348,216	0.030000
2009	22,334,769,118	11,657,221,227	4,077,250,113	2,650,620,127	7,647,893,604	33,071,966,981	0.028899
2008	19,836,021,861	10,095,823,007	3,652,223,403	2,391,442,420	6,473,716,698	29,501,793,993	0.030000
2007	16,949,243,233	8,648,223,231	3,062,299,235	2,124,454,124	5,429,196,627	25,355,023,196	0.032165
2006	15,165,389,592	7,556,900,275	2,499,228,282	2,019,162,484	4,723,701,403	22,516,979,230	0.033500

Source:

Williamson County Appraisal District

Notes

Property is required to be reappraised at least once every three years according to Texas Tax Code Section 26.18(b).

Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value.

Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

The assessed values represent the Appraisal Review Board's approved totals from the last supplement as the respective fiscal year end.

TABLE 6

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATE (PER \$100 ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

					Fisca	l Year				
O. of Fredrike	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
County direct rates General	\$ 0.279029	\$ 0.281529	\$ 0.281529	\$ 0.287687	\$ 0.289999	\$ 0.289999	\$ 0.271291	\$ 0.275000	\$ 0.283355	\$ 0.300500
Debt Service	0.167500	0.167500	0.167500	0.170000	0.170000	0.289999	0.168134	0.184100	0.184137	0.165657
Road & Bridge	0.040000	0.040000	0.040000	0.030000	0.030000	0.030000	0.028899	0.030000	0.032165	0.033500
Total direct rate	0.486529	0.489029	0.489029	0.487687	0.489999	0.489999	0.468324	0.489100	0.499657	0.499657
City and Town rates										
Austin	0.480900	0.502700	0.502900	0.481100	0.457100	0.420900	0.401200	0.403400	0.412600	0.443000
Bartlett	0.579100	0.580000	0.590200	0.588300	0.558400	0.524400	0.585500	0.631400	0.602700	0.602700
Cedar Park	0.485000	0.492500	0.493501	0.493501	0.493501	0.489001	0.489001	0.508070	0.518070	0.518070
Coupland	0.250000	0.250000	N/A							
Florence	0.712892 0.434000	0.773998 0.439500	0.784714 0.410000	0.741697 0.387500	0.636019 0.356220	0.527860 0.356220	0.500000 0.356220	0.500000 0.356590	0.500000 0.367280	0.500000 0.346260
Georgetown Granger	0.869470	0.884745	0.877164	0.888817	0.888817	0.887461	0.864290	0.829595	0.829595	0.500000
Hutto	0.528691	0.528691	0.528691	0.516545	0.507580	0.499154	0.499154	0.493520	0.493521	0.493521
Jarrell	0.431233	0.447980	0.469854	0.469854	0.377100	0.287171	0.290000	0.137495	0.137495	0.045000
Leander	0.652920	0.667920	0.670420	0.670420	0.650420	0.600420	0.602590	0.607591	0.598291	0.548291
Liberty Hill	0.536426	0.536426	0.536426	0.442573	0.353888	0.291600	0.291600	0.271600	0.221600	0.200000
Pflugerville	0.533600	0.573600	0.594000	0.599000	0.604000	0.609000	0.614000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Round Rock	0.414650	0.419490	0.420350	0.423210	0.417280	0.396610	0.365220	0.365220	0.371050	0.371050
Taylor	0.813893	0.813893	0.813893	0.813893	0.813893	0.790000	0.790000	0.790000	0.795000	0.786500
Thorndale Thrall	0.810000 0.490000	0.833300 0.499648	0.823600 0.489556	0.840000 0.504140	0.850000 0.500000	0.850000 0.500000	0.850000 0.455170	0.850000 0.435906	0.850000 0.435906	N/A 0.410000
Weir	0.246484	0.272230	0.269884	0.265234	0.265339	0.258417	0.255271	0.260187	0.257702	0.166608
	0.210101	0.272200	0.200001	0.200201	0.200000	0.200111	0.20027	0.200101	0.207702	0.100000
School District rates Bartlett	1.154680	1.154680	1.154680	1.154680	1.154680	1.154680	1.154680	1.173360	1.459400	1.633700
Burnet Consolidated	1.262500	1.262500	1.262500	1.270000	1.265000	1.250000	1.250000	1.275000	1.597800	1.740000
Coupland	1.040050	1.040050	1.040050	1.040050	1.040050	1.040050	1.040050	1.040050	1.370000	1.500000
Florence	1.330000	1.300000	1.300000	1.300000	1.280000	1.230000	1.230000	1.230000	1.560000	1.730000
Georgetown	1.398000	1.398000	1.398000	1.358000	1.290000	1.290000	1.290000	1.290000	1.625000	1.755000
Granger	1.105000	1.105000	1.105000	1.105000	1.105000	1.105000	1.105000	1.085000	1.417300	1.547500
Hutto	1.670000	1.670000	1.670000	1.540050	1.535000	1.485000	1.435000	1.410000	1.705000	1.833300
Jarrell	1.390000	1.390000	1.390000	1.390000	1.390000	1.370000	1.290000	1.270000	1.620000	1.690000
Leander Lexington	1.511870 1.119000	1.511870 1.119000	1.511870 1.040000	1.499760 1.119000	1.454800 1.119000	1.422340 1.119000	1.379240 1.113900	1.333400 1.104000	1.643800 1.419260	1.750000 1.531700
Liberty Hill	1.540000	1.540000	1.450000	1.335000	1.260000	1.260000	1.250000	1.250000	1.640000	1.665000
Pflugerville	1.540000	1.540000	1.540000	1.480000	1.460000	1.460000	1.460000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Round Rock	1.337500	1.367400	1.380000	1.335000	1.380000	1.380000	1.332426	1.323805	1.640646	1.833411
Taylor	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.470000	1.490000	1.200000	1.200000	1.540000	1.670000
Thorndale	1.310000	1.310000	1.330000	1.330000	1.315000	1.315000	1.315000	1.315000	1.472000	1.580000
Thrall	1.199000	1.210000	1.210000	1.210000	1.194000	1.194000	1.194000	1.180000	1.490000	1.620000
Municipal Utility Districts rates										
Anderson Mill	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.400000	0.464000	0.464000	0.447312
Anderson Mill Limited District	0.130000	0.136686	0.130000	0.130000	0.130000	0.130000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Blockhouse	0.842300 0.480000	0.866000 0.500000	0.866000 0.500000	0.866000 0.500000	0.846000 0.500000	0.846000 0.500000	0.846000 0.500000	0.859900 0.500000	0.862400 0.520000	0.820000 0.580000
Brushy Creek (BC) BC - Cornerstone Defined Area	0.480000 N/A	0.500000 N/A	N/A	N/A	0.500000 N/A	0.500000 N/A	0.360000	0.360000	0.360000	0.360000
BC - Sendero Springs Defined Area	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.360000	0.360000	0.360000	0.360000
BC-Defined Areas	0.350000	0.360000	0.360000	0.360000	0.360000	0.360000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fern Bluff	0.509500	0.509500	0.509500	0.509500	0.509500	0.509500	0.509500	0.509500	0.509500	0.515000
Highlands at Mayfield Ranch	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	N/A						
Lakeside #3	0.877500	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Meadows of Chandler Creek North Austin #1	0.440000 0.339900	0.450000 0.345000	0.450000 0.371900	0.420000 0.381900	0.420000 0.381900	0.420000 0.380100	0.420000 0.405000	0.540000 0.418000	0.584000 0.450000	0.622400 0.450000
Paloma Lakes #1	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	N/A	N/A
Paloma Lakes #2	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	N/A	N/A
Parkside at Mayfield Ranch	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ranch at Cypress Creek #1	0.433000	0.512800	0.633300	0.706500	0.706500	0.630400	0.610200	0.628200	0.692700	0.692700
Sienna MUD #1	0.950000	0.950000	N/A							
Sienna MUD #2	0.950000	0.950000	N/A							
Sonterra	0.950000 N/A	0.850000 N/A	0.850000 N/A	0.850000 N/A	0.773300 0.445000	0.773300 0.455000	0.773300 0.499900	0.650000 0.509000	N/A 0.511900	N/A 0.516300
Springwoods Stonewall Ranch	0.918200	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	1.000000	1.000000	0.511900 N/A	N/A
Walsh Ranch	0.750000	0.800000	0.690000	0.670000	0.650000	0.650000	0.650000	0.560000	0.490000	N/A
Watch Hill	0.650000	N/A								
Wells Branch	0.430000	0.460000	0.470000	0.470000	0.470000	0.470000	0.470000	N/A	N/A	N/A
West Williamson County MUD#1	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Williamson County#9/Vista Oaks	0.665900	0.730000	0.740000	0.740000	0.740000	0.740000	0.740000	0.750800	0.812600	0.812600
Williamson County#10	0.780000	0.850000	0.850000	0.850000	0.850000	0.880000	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000
Williamson County#11 Williamson County#12	0.860000 0.850000	0.900000 0.850000	N/A N/A							
Williamson County#12 Williamson County#13	0.850000	0.850000	0.850000	0.850000	0.850000	0.850000	0.850000	0.850000	0.850000	N/A N/A
Williamson County#15	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000	0.900000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Williamson County#19	0.850000	0.850000	N/A							
Williamson County#19A	0.850000	N/A								
Williamson County#22	0.950000	0.950000	0.950000	N/A						
Williamson County#25	0.920000	0.920000	N/A							
Williamson County#26 Williamson-Liberty Hill MUD	0.900000 0.950000	N/A 0.950000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Williamson-Liberty Hill MUD Williamson/Travis County#1	0.950000	0.950000	N/A 0.657000	N/A 0.662000	N/A 0.664000	N/A 0.714000	N/A 0.722500	N/A 0.717000	N/A 0.734200	N/A 0.784200
······aniooni inavio odunity # 1	0.040000	3.310000	5.557 550	5.502000	0.004000	5 14000	J., 22000	5 17000	5 5-250	5 54255

TABLE 6

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATE (PER \$100 ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year									
-	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Emergency Service Districts										
ESD #1	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000
ESD #2	0.100000	0.100000	0.099749	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.098707
ESD #3	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000
ESD #4	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.099400	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000
ESD #5	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.075000
ESD #6	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.097213
ESD #7	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000
ESD #8	0.095000	0.955530	0.955530	0.095000	0.091795	0.090798	0.090491	0.098511	0.100000	N/A
ESD #9	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	N/A
ESD #10	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	N/A
ESD #11	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	N/A						
ESD #12	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	N/A						
Other Taxing District rates										
Austin Community College	0.094200	0.094900	0.095100	0.094800	0.095100	0.094600	0.095400	0.095800	0.096500	0.099100
Avery Ranch Road District	0.103705	0.116240	0.122200	0.133500	0.144480	0.144480	0.144670	0.171500	0.233490	0.275000
Donahoe Creek Watershed	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000
EWC Higher Education Center	0.049784	0.050000	0.050000	0.500000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Georgetown Village										
Public Improvement District	0.200000	0.200000	0.200000	0.200000	0.200000	0.200000	0.200000	0.200000	0.200000	0.200000
Lakeside WCID #2A	0.970000	0.970000	0.970000	0.970000	0.970000	0.970000	0.970000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Upper Brushy Creek Water										
Control and Improvement District	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000
Williamson County Water, Sewer,										
Irrigation and Drainage District #3	0.808200	0.815000	0.815000	0.815000	0.815000	0.799900	0.773000	0.773000	0.850000	0.850000
Wmsn -Trav WCID #1D	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.421000	0.421000	0.421000	0.541200	N/A	N/A	N/A

Source

Williamson County Tax Assessor/Collector

Notes:

N/A - Not applicable
Texas Tax Code Section 26.07(a)

If the governing body of a taxing unit other than a school district adopts a tax rate that exceeds the rollback tax rate calculated, the qualified voters of the taxing unit by petition may require that an election be held to determine whether or not to reduce the tax rate adopted for the current year to the rollback tax rate calculated.

TABLE 7

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2015				2006	
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Taxable Assessed Value ^a	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
Dell Computer Holdings LP	\$ 297,994,581	1	0.80 %	\$	_		- %
Parmer Lane Austin LP	159,000,000	2	0.43		-		-
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	156,686,900	3	0.42		106,673,800	1	0.48
CPG Round Rock LP & SPG Roud Rock NS LP	138,431,301	4	0.37		-		-
Lakeline Developers	100,547,179	5	0.27		85,805,914	2	0.38
Inland Western Cedar Park 1890 Ranch LP	92,900,096	6	0.25		-		-
Dell Computer Corporation	91,256,835	7	0.25		60,067,700	6	0.27
HEB Grocery Company LP	84,056,275	8	0.23		40,855,197		0.18
Baltgem Development Corp ETAL	77,884,064	9	0.21		81,367,674	3	0.36
Cedar Park Health System LP	76,854,617	10	0.21		-		-
Atlantic Financial Group LTD					76,194,600	4	0.34
Southwestern Bell Telephone					73,936,635	5	0.33
Dupont Photomasks Inc.					57,664,969	7	0.26
Wal-Mart Stores East, Inc.					39,125,258	9	0.17
Lakeline Plaza Developers					38,518,749	10	0.17
			3.43 %	\$	660,210,496		2.95 %
Total	\$ 1,275,611,848		100.00 %	\$ 2	22,394,863,842		100.00 %
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 37,144,449,100						

Source

Williamson County Tax Assessor/Collector Williamson County Appraisal District

Note:

a - The assessed values represent the Appraisal Review Board's approved totals from the last supplement as the respective fiscal year end.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

General and Debt Service

Collected within the

	TaxLevy			Fiscal Yea	ar of the Levy		Total Colle	ctions to Date
Fiscal	for Fiscal Year		Adjusted		Percentage of	Subsequent	•	Percentage of
Year	(Original)	Adjustments	TaxLevy	Amount	Original Levy	Collections ^a	Amount	Adjusted Levy
2015	\$ 184,437,586	\$ -	\$ 184,437,586	\$ 183,586,256	99.54 %	\$ -	\$ 183,586,256	99.54 %
2014	165,388,338	(10,172)	165,378,166	164,725,252	99.60	305,948.43	165,031,200	99.79
2013	156,400,025	(165,300)	156,234,725	155,672,873	99.54	369,901	156,042,774	99.88
2012	154,047,508	(250,127)	153,797,381	153,242,932	99.48	394,283	153,637,215	99.90
2011	151,481,692	(207,380)	151,274,312	150,453,907	99.32	684,149	151,138,056	99.91
2010	153,441,556	(363,441)	153,078,115	152,265,274	99.23	691,919	152,957,193	99.92
2009	144,256,830	(185,596)	144,071,234	142,833,932	99.01	1,149,468	143,983,399	99.94
2008	133,810,940	(347,693)	133,463,247	132,745,977	99.20	648,058	133,394,035	99.95
2007	117,413,150	(314,555)	117,098,595	116,456,546	99.19	579,184	117,035,730	99.95
2006	104,326,750	(218,696)	104,108,054	103,213,742	98.93	830,225	104,043,967	99.94

Road and Bridge

Col	lected	within	the
COL	ıccıcu	willill	นเธ

	Tax Levy			Fiscal Yea	ar of the Levy		Total Colle	ctions to Date
Fiscal Year	for Fiscal Year (Original)	Adjustments	Adjusted Tax Levy	Amount	Percentage of Original Levy	Subsequent Collections ^a	Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Levy
2015	\$ 16,345,948	\$ -	\$ 16,345,948	\$ 16,270,897	99.54 %	\$ -	\$ 16,270,897	99.54 %
2014	14,548,619	(213)	14,548,406	14,490,783	99.60	28,048	14,518,831	99.80
2013	13,710,641	(13,886)	13,696,756	13,647,328	99.54	33,210	13,680,538	99.88
2012	10,198,960	(15,729)	10,183,232	10,143,789	99.46	27,563	10,171,352	99.88
2011	9,999,202	(13,315)	9,985,887	9,929,979	99.31	45,799	9,975,778	99.90
2010	10,078,858	(23,726)	10,055,133	9,999,959	99.22	46,239	10,046,198	99.91
2009	9,529,573	(12,305)	9,517,268	9,434,159	99.00	76,604	9,510,763	99.93
2008	8,829,899	(22,816)	8,807,083	8,758,487	99.19	43,486	8,801,973	99.94
2007	8,133,742	(21,833)	8,111,909	8,066,568	99.17	40,613	8,107,181	99.94
2006	7,530,230	(15,278)	7,514,952	7,449,261	98.92	60,759	7,510,020	99.93

Source:

Williamson County Tax Assessor/Collector

Notes

Tax levies consider supplemental value changes during the initial fiscal year. Data for fiscal year does not include Agriculture Rollbacks.

a - Data represents subsequent collections of the respective fiscal year's tax in later fiscal years.

TABLE 9

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Accumulated Accretion of Interest ^b	Certificate of Obligations	Tax Anticipation Notes ^c	Revenue Bonds	Other Obligations	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ^a	Per Capita ^a
2015	\$ 683,872,137	\$8,104,014	\$ 364,785,409	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,056,761,560	N/A	\$2,159.96
2014	668,185,330	7,748,728	245,033,236	1,575,000	-	-	922,542,295	4.84%	1,885.63
2013	573,000,664	7,409,063	257,873,307	3,095,000	-	-	841,378,033	5.67%	1,786.31
2012	592,491,796	7,059,391	253,553,228	4,565,000	-	-	857,669,416	6.50%	1,879.90
2011	598,220,987	6,724,007	249,119,892	5,985,000	-	-	860,049,886	6.39%	1,942.38
2010	537,396,192	6,427,211	256,748,019	7,355,000	-	-	807,926,422	6.64%	1,911.44
2009	552,416,601	6,143,472	229,124,377	8,680,000	-	-	796,364,450	6.91%	1,939.11
2008	552,457,293	5,872,194	145,016,457	17,875,000	-	-	721,220,944	6.54%	1,829.61
2007	563,874,858	5,612,871	151,235,921	12,125,000	-	-	732,848,650	7.18%	1,962.83
2006	406,702,783	-	156,657,080	16.170.000	_	-	579.529.863	4.90%	1.651.65

Notes:

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

This schedule includes Avery Ranch Road District (blended component unit).

N/A - Not available

- a See Table 13 for personal income and population data.
- b Accumulated accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds. The face amount of the capital appreciation bonds are included with the general obligation bonds.
- c- General governmental resources will be used to repay debt.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Accumulated Accretion of Interest ^c	Certificate of Obligations	Tax Anticipation Notes ^d	Total	Less: Amounts Available for Debt Service	Total	Percentage of Actual Taxable Property Value ^a	Per Capita ^b
2015	\$ 683,872,137	\$ 8,104,014	\$ 364,785,409	\$ -	\$ 1,056,761,560	\$1,825,778	\$ 1,054,935,782	2.52%	\$ 2,156.23
2014	668,185,330	7,748,728	245,033,236	1,575,000	922,542,295	2,099,876	920,442,419	2.48%	1,881.33
2013	573,000,664	7,409,063	257,873,307	3,095,000	841,378,033	3,102,238	838,275,795	2.39%	1,779.73
2012	592,491,796	7,059,391	253,553,228	4,565,000	857,669,416	6,253,224	851,416,192	2.51%	1,866.19
2011	598,220,987	6,724,007	249,119,892	5,985,000	860,049,886	14,329,756	845,720,130	2.55%	1,910.01
2010	537,396,192	6,427,211	256,748,019	7,355,000	807,926,422	18,762,284	789,164,138	2.35%	1,867.05
2009	552,416,601	6,143,472	229,124,377	8,680,000	796,364,450	21,175,995	775,188,455	2.35%	1,887.55
2008	552,457,293	5,872,194	145,016,457	17,875,000	721,220,944	9,914,275	711,306,669	2.43%	1,804.46
2007	563,874,858	5,612,871	151,235,921	12,125,000	732,848,650	6,863,874	725,984,776	2.88%	1,944.45
2006	406,702,783	-	156,657,080	16,170,000	579,529,863	895,355	578,634,508	2.58%	1,649.10

Notes:

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

This schedule includes Avery Ranch Road District (blended component unit).

N/A - Not available

- a Used General & Debt Service's taxable assessed property value in calculation. See Table 5 for property value data.
- b See table 13 for population data.
- c Accumulated accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds. The face amount of the capital appreciation bonds are included with the general obligation bonds.
- d- General governmental resources will be used to repay debt.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

Coormanial Unit	Debt Outstanding ¹	Estimated Percentage Applicable ^{1, a}	Estimated Share of Overlapping
Governmental Unit	Odistanding	Applicable	Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes			
City and Town			
Austin	\$ 1,311,179,994	4.77%	\$ 62,543,286
Bartlett On the Park	1,115,000	58.58%	653,167
Cedar Park Florence	187,990,000	89.05% 100.00%	167,405,095
	660,000	100.00%	660,000
Georgetown Granger	139,380,000 1,285,000	100.00%	139,380,000 1,285,000
Hutto	76,560,000	100.00%	76,560,000
Jarrell	9,155,000	100.00%	9,155,000
Leander	117,306,000	83.08%	97,457,825
Liberty Hill	5,570,000	100.00%	5,570,000
Pflugerville	183,610,000	0.24%	440,664
Round Rock	184,600,000	96.79%	178,674,340
Taylor	47,320,000	100.00%	47,320,000
City and Town Subtotal	2,265,730,994		787,104,377
School Districts			
Bartlett Purpost Connectidated	1,275,000	46.11%	587,903
Burnet Consolidated	47,735,000	0.94%	448,709
Florence	8,574,998	84.46%	7,242,444
Georgetown	204,585,000	100.00%	204,585,000
Granger	700,000	100.00%	700,000
Hutto	190,840,927	100.00%	190,840,927
Jarrell	52,664,701	100.00%	52,664,701
Leander	1,072,980,342	59.29%	636,170,045
Lexington	8,840,000	0.53% 100.00%	46,852
Liberty Hill Pflugerville	113,857,412		113,857,412 413,696
Round Rock	517,120,000 716,040,000	0.08% 76.24%	545,908,896
Taylor	54,374,943	100.00%	54,374,943
Thorndale	536,000	12.30%	65,928
Thrail	9,540,000	100.00%	9,540,000
School Districts Subtotal	2,999,664,323		1,817,447,456
Municipal Utility Districts			
Avery Ranch Road District #1	9,610,000	100.00%	9,610,000
Block House	14,425,000	100.00%	14,425,000
Brushy Creek (BC)	33,355,000	100.00%	33,355,000
Brushy Creek (BC) Defined Areas	13,090,000	100.00%	13,090,000
Fern Bluff	5,615,000	100.00%	5,615,000
Highlands at Mayfield Ranch	3,700,000	100.00%	3,700,000
Lakeside #3	8,630,000	0.51%	44,013
Meadows at Chandler Creek	4,585,000	100.00%	4,585,000
North Austin #1	6,980,000	91.11%	6,359,478
Paloma Lake #1	17,120,000	100.00%	17,120,000
Paloma Lake #2	12,430,000	100.00%	12,430,000
Parkside at Mayfield Ranch Ranch at Cypress Creek #1	24,195,000 3,630,000	100.00% 65.87%	24,195,000 2,391,081
Siena	4,750,000	100.00%	4,750,000
Sonterra		100.00%	
Stonewall Ranch	19,849,989 2,845,000	100.00%	19,849,989 2,845,000
Vista Oaks	3,790,000	100.00%	3,790,000
Walsh Ranch	6,390,000	100.00%	6,390,000
Wells Branch	380,000	1.42%	5,396
Williamson County #10	18,825,000	100.00%	18,825,000
Williamson County#11	26,315,000	100.00%	26,315,000
Williamson County#12	4,000,000	100.00%	4,000,000
Williamson County#13	13,405,000	100.00%	13,405,000
Williamson County#15	11,625,000	100.00%	11,625,000
Williamson County#22	2,000,000	100.00%	2,000,000
Williamson/Travis County#1	4,350,000	78.55%	3,416,925
Municipal Utility Districts Subtotal	275,889,989		264,136,882
Other			
Austin Community College	245,488,659	19.45%	47,747,544
Williamson County Water, Sewer, Irrigation, Drainage District #3	32,970,000	85.17%	28,080,549
Other Subtotal	278,458,659		75,828,093
Total Overlapping Debt	5,819,743,965	-	2,944,516,808
County Debt ²		-	
Williamson County	1,046,664,418	100.00%	1,046,664,418
Avery Ranch (blended component unit)	10,097,142	100.00%	10,097,142
Total County Wide Direct Debt	1,056,761,560	-	1,056,761,560
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 6,876,505,525		\$ 4,001,278,368
Source:		-	, , ,

Source: 1 - Municipal Advisory Council of Texas 2 - Williamson County Auditor's Office

Note:
a - The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the county's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Total taxable value	\$ 41,942,626,194	\$ 37,144,449,100	\$ 35,056,675,852	\$ 33,914,849,153	\$ 33,187,263,963	\$ 33,650,423,197	\$ 33,046,077,772	\$ 29,331,601,004	\$ 25,208,667,389	\$ 22,394,863,842
Assessed value of real property Debt limit rate	\$ 38,777,132,714 25%	\$ 34,201,065,840 25%	\$ 32,341,033,447 25%	\$ 31,397,904,707 25%	\$ 30,780,381,086 25%	\$ 31,116,170,220 25%	\$ 30,395,457,645 25%	\$ 26,940,158,584 25%	\$ 23,084,213,265 25%	\$ 20,375,701,358 25%
Debt limit	9,694,283,179	8,550,266,460	8,085,258,362	7,849,476,177	7,695,095,272	7,779,042,555	7,598,864,411	6,735,039,646	5,771,053,316	5,093,925,340
Debt applicable to limit: General bonded debt Less: amount set aside for repayment	1,056,761,560	922,542,295	841,378,033	857,669,416	860,049,886	807,926,422	796,364,450	721,220,944	732,848,650	579,529,863
of general bonded debt	1,825,778	2,099,876	3,102,238	6,253,224	14,329,756	18,762,284	21,175,995	9,914,275	6,863,874	895,355
Total net debt applicable to limit	1,054,935,782	920,442,419	838,275,795	851,416,192	845,720,130	789,164,138	775,188,455	711,306,669	725,984,776	578,634,508
Legal debt margin	\$ 8,639,347,397	\$ 7,629,824,041	\$ 7,246,982,567	\$ 6,998,059,985	\$ 6,849,375,142	\$ 6,989,878,417	\$ 6,823,675,956	\$ 6,023,732,977	\$ 5,045,068,540	\$ 4,515,290,832
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	10.88%	10.77%	10.37%	10.85%	10.99%	10.14%	10.20%	10.56%	12.58%	11.36%

Notes:

This schedule includes Avery Ranch Road District (blended component unit).

Texas Constitution Art. 3 Section 52(B)

Under Legislative provision, any county, any political subdivision of a county, any number of adjoining counties, or any political subdivision of the state, or any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within the State of Texas, and which may or may not include towns, villages, or municipal corporations, upon a vote of two-thirds majority of the resident property taxpayers voting thereon who are qualified electors of such district or territory to be affected thereby, in addition to all other debts, any issue bonds or otherwise lend its credit in any amount not to exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property of such district or territory, except that the total bonded indebtedness of any city or town shall never exceed the limits imposed by other provisions of this Constitution, and levy and collect taxes to pay the interest thereon and provide a sinking fund for the redemption thereof.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

							5	State of	l	Jnited
			(County				Texas	,	States
		Personal		Per				Per		Per
		Income	(Capita			(Capita	(Capita
Fiscal	Estimated	(thousands	P	ersonal	School	Unemployment	P	ersonal	Pe	ersonal
Year	Population ^a	of dollars) ^a	In	icome ^a	Enrollment b	Rate ^c	In	come ^a	ln	come ^a
				,						
2015	489,250	N/A		N/A	89,365	3.4%		N/A		N/A
2014	489,250	\$19,050,320	\$	31,709	87,215	4.3%	\$	26,513	\$	28,555
2013	471,014	14,827,843		31,481	86,709	5.4%		26,327		28,184
2012	456,232	13,187,194		28,905	84,279	5.5%		25,359		27,319
2011	442,782	13,462,310		30,404	84,459	7.7%		24,682		26,708
2010	422,679	12,161,743		28,773	81,219	6.9%		23,863		26,059
2009	410,686	11,518,921		28,048	79,627	7.8%		24,077		26,409
2008	394,193	11,024,001		27,966	76,816	4.9%		25,096		27,589
2007	373,363	10,208,118		27,341	72,667	3.9%		23,938		26,688
2006	350,879	11,821,315		33,691	68,301	4.2%		35,166		36,714

Notes:

N/A - Not available

Sources

- a 2004 to 2005--U.S. Department of Commerce (Bureau of Economic Analysis) 2006 to 2015 --U.S. Census Bureau
- b School enrollment provided by the Independent School Districts within the County. Several school districts cross the county line.
- c Annual rate for 2002 to 2006--U.S. Department of Labor September rate for 2007 to 2010--Texas Workforce Commission September rate for 2011 to 2015 --Tracer Texas Labor Market Information website

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND EIGHT YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

		2015			2007	
			Percentage of Total County			Percentage of Total County
Employer	Employees ^b		Employment	Employees ^b		Employment
Dell Computer	13000	1	5.88%	11,599	1	10.94%
Round Rock ISD	5800	2	2.62%	5,175	2	4.88%
Leander ISD	4137	3	1.87%	3,297	3	3.11%
Georgetown ISD	1550	5	0.70%	1,576	5	1.49%
Williamson County	1582	4	0.72%	1,313	6	1.24%
Sears (Teleserve)	1500	6	0.68%	1,192	8	1.12%
HEB Grocery	945	7	0.43%	2,491	4	2.35%
Scott & White	930	8	0.42%	-		0.00%
City of Round Rock	830	9	0.38%	743	10	0.70%
Emerson Process Management	N/A		N/A	-		0.00%
State Farm Mutual Auto Insurance Co.	N/A		N/A	1,123	9	1.06%
Wal-mart and Sam's Club	N/A		N/A	1,308	7	1.23%
Hutto ISD	813	10	0.37%			
Total	31087		14.07%	29,817		28.12%
Total Avg. Employees for the 2nd Qtr per TWC's website (www.tracer2.com)	248,511			106,000		

Source:

Note: Information for principal employers is not available for the previous nine years.

a - Individual employers provided employee count.

b - Individual cities provided employee count.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year										
Function	2015 ^a	2014 ^a	2013ª	2012ª	2011 ^a	2010 ^a	2009 a	2008 ^a	2007 ^a	2006 ^a	
General Government	246	235	229	227	225	217	207	209	197	185	
Judicial	226	215	209	208	209	210	218	207	197	191	
Public Safety	973	961	932	922	908	909	895	871	849	794	
Transportation	124	123	123	123	123	125	130	130	128	123	
Community Services	42	36	36	35	37	39	40	36	31	20	
Total:	1,611	1,571	1,530	1,516	1,502	1,500	1,490	1,453	1,402	1,313	

Source: Williamson County Human Resource or Payroll Department

Note: a - Budgeted positions

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program or Department	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General Government										
Commissioners Court	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	22	22	21
Building Maintenance	28	26	25	25	25	25	25	25	24	22
Budget Office	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-
County Auditor	28	26	26	26	26	26	25	24	24	22
County Clerk	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	26
County Judge	6	6	6	6	6	4	-	-	-	-
County Treasurer	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4
County Wide Records Mgmt	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Elections	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	8	7	7
Fleet Services	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	15	15	15
HUD CDBG	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Air Check Grant	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
MHMR Grant	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-
Human Resources	13	13	12	11	9	10	10	10	9	9
Information Techonology Services	35	31	27	26	26	24	22	19	16	15
Infrastructure	2	2	2	2	2	1				
Purchasing	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	5	3
Tax Assessor/Collector	50 246	49 235	49 229	49 227	49 225	46 217	46 207	45 209	41 197	39 185
	246	235	229	227	225	217	207	209	197	185
Judicial		40	45	45	40	47	47	4-	45	
County Attorney	51	48 29	45 27	45 27	46	47 28	47	47 26	45 26	43 24
District Attorney	31				28		27			
County Clerk District Clerk	20 27	19 27	19 27	19 27	19 27	19 27	19 25	18 25	18 25	18 25
		16		16		17	25 25	25 17		16
County Courts at Law District Courts	16 25	23	16 22	21	16 20	17	20	20	16 19	19
Justice of the Peace	25 51	48	48	48	48	48	47	47	42	41
Courthouse Security	3	3	3	3	3	3	6	5	5	5
Personal Bond Office	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	5 1	- 5
Personal Bond Office	226	215	209	208	209	210	218	207	197	191
Public Safety										
911 Communications/EOC	72	70	71	68	58	55	55	53	48	39
911 Addressing	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Constables	52	51	51	51	51	51	48	47	45	42
DPS	2	2	2	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
EMS	145	145	127	124	124	127	127	115	115	108
Jail	311	307	307	307	307	307	307	305	299	290
Juvenile Services	162	162	155	155	152	151	142	143	141	127
Mobile Outreach	15	15	13	9	7		5	4	4	
Sheriff	211	207	204	204	204	204	204	197	190	181
Texas Youth Commission		-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
	973	961	932	922	908	909	895	871	849	794
Transportation										
Road and Bridge	124	123	123	123	123	125	130	130	128	123
Community Services										
Agricultural Extension Service	4	4	4	4	5	8	8	8	7	8
Animal Shelter	17	16	16	15	15	15	15	14	11	1
Conservation	2	1	1	1	1	1	1			- '
Parks and Recreation	14	11	11	11	12	11	11	10	10	9
Recycling Center	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	- '
Veterans Services	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	2	2
	42	36	36	35	37	39	40	36	31	20
	1,611	1,571	1,530	1,516	1,502	1,500	1,490	1,453	1,402	1,313
Employment status	-	·				·		·		
Full-time										
Part-time										
i dicuile	-									
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: Williamson County Human Resource or Payroll Department

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General Government										
Number of A/P checks issued	16063	17,487	15,869	17,014	20,355	19,471	20,038	18,943	18,497	20,247
Number of outgoing A/P wires	170	119	152	104	216	174	130	155	132	2
Number of invoices processed	41663	40,655	40,038	43,822	42,081	41,136	42,320	40,819	42,410	43,223
Number of Pcard charges	8484	7,580	8,146	6,688	7,248	6,827	6,046	5,280	4,217	3,186
Number of electronic payments	2094	682	3,422	2,019	-	-	-	-	-	-
Judicial										
Hot Check Cases										
Number of checks processed	1159	1,853	3,316	4,323	4,478	6,169	6,651	7,784	7,559	10,581
Number of theft by check cases filed	100	403	430	611	700	686	876	1,097	1,323	1,667
Public Safety										
Number of 911 calls received	94,829	65,371	84,997	93,280	173,981	115,848	110,946	108.004	102,009	88.849
EMS 911 runs	24,781	25,725	23,895	24,132	23,828	24,334	23,458	22,145	20,995	18,327
EMS transfer runs	884	909	411	542	1,108	1,578	2,070	1,587	2,442	2.766
Number of total EMS runs	25,665	26,634	24,306	24,674	24,936	25,912	25,528	23,732	23,437	21,093
Average EMS response time in minutes	8:14	7:52	7:26	6:54	6:38	6:25	5:50	6:33	6:45	6:17
Average Jail daily population	578	620	566	569	586	608	568	559	573	636
Jail bookings	13,583	15,052	16,003	16,564	16,439	16,839	16,028	15,381	15,903	15,513
Jail releases	13,591	15,041	16,004	16,567	16,486	16,890	15,942	15,433	15,937	15,978
Jail inmates at 9/30/XXXX	572	606	582	568	553	637	635	567	618	649
Violations reported by Sheriff Office	21,809	20,097	22,898	47,181	55,043	53,670	53,902	62,831	54,836	45,084
Transportation*										
Roadway resurfacing (CL miles)	90	118	130	83	186	127	148	90	100	144
Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay (CL miles)	-	-	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Crack Seal Applied (CL miles)	168	174	118	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asphalt Patches Applied (Tons)	26,000	27,000	24,600	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bridge / Bridge Class Culvert Replacement (each)	1	30	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Culvert Replacement and Maintenance (each)	220	197	153	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Major Roadway Rehabilitation (CL miles)	18	16	14	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mowing / Vegetation control along roadways (miles) **	13,350	40,820	42,138	5,707	6,328	7,321	7,338	9,730	8,536	9,180
Ditch and culvert cleaning (CL miles)	14.3	0	9	4	8	21	20	39	54	24
Striping and Delineation Applied (CL miles)	32	55	44	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Signage Replaced (each)	2573	2,560	1,727	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Grade and Shape Gravel Roads (CL miles)	198	105	105	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Community Services										
Participants using sport fields	66,809	87,966	141,275	130,284	156,858	157,704	111,956	105,937	103,244	97,472
Parks Dept. reservations	4733	1,174	1,159	4,585	577	713	519	437	311	172
Riders of the miniature train	29,713	20,016	18845	16,742	13,202	14,653	14,691	17,606	13,818	16,531

Source:

Various County departments

^{*}Beginning with FY2013, Transportation is reported in greater detail. "CL miles" refer to Center Line Miles **Mowing is now reported in Total Miles instead of Center Line Miles.

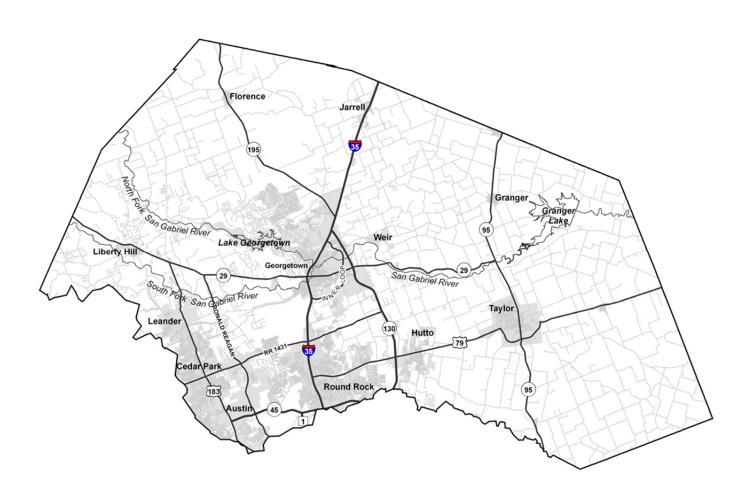
WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General Government										
Buildings/Facilities - all function	65	61	59	58	57	49	47	48	45	45
Vehicles	47	43	40	41	35	31	32	31	28	25
vernoies	77	73	40	71	33	31	32	31	20	23
Judicial										
Vehicles	11	10	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	8
Public Safety										
Vehicles	461	384	463	472	403	381	382	350	331	311
Transportation										
Miles of roadway maintained	1,463	1440	1422	1,416	1,418	1,413	1,406	1,430	1,401	1,390
Bridges	212	212	209	208	206	201	202	171	171	171
Vehicles	346	306	345	345	202	131	127	129	126	125
Community Services										
Parks acreage										
Developed	363.5	363.5	363.5	363.5	363.5	363.5	335.5	358.0	358.0	346.0
Total	3386.7	3296	3252	3,178.0	3,021.6	3,021.6	2,991.6	2,841.0	1,337.0	1,243.0
Hike & bike trails (miles)	20.25	18.05	18.05	15.27	15.27	15.27	13.27	10.52	10.52	10.02
Fields										
Cricket	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Soccer	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Softball	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Courts										
Basketball	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Tennis	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Splash pads	2	2	2	1	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Miniature train ride	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Disc golf holes	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Picnic pavilions	10	10	10	10	10	6	6	6	5	3
Campsites	28	28	28	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Vehicles	63	66	48	49	16	6	6	7	7	6

Source:

Various County departments and Texas Department of Transportation

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS



WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

Organized in 1848

Form of Government: A political subdivision of the State of Texas

Area¹: 1,136 square miles (1,124 sq. miles/land; 12 sq. miles/water)

Population: 2014 U.S. Census data: 489,250

Quality of Life:

Health Ranking: The County Health Rankings, released in February 2015 by the University of Wisconsin's Population Health Institute and the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, ranked Williamson County third among Texas Counties in the health outcomes category (how healthy people are and how long they live) and second overall in health factors (how healthy they can be) with regards to key factors that affect health such as smoking, obesity, binge drinking, access to primary care providers, rates of high school graduation, rates of violent crime, air pollution levels, access to healthy foods, unemployment rates and number of children living in poverty.

Recreation:

Athletics: Round Rock Express (AAA Minor League Baseball team), Texas Stars AHL

hockey team, Austin Spurs NBA D-League basketball team, community athletic leagues including softball, tennis, kickball, baseball, basketball, and aquatics; recreational/fitness centers; golf courses; and numerous running and cycling activities, both competitive and recreational, hosted by

Williamson County cities.

Parks

& Outdoors: Fishing, camping, water sports and wading on Lake Georgetown and Lake

Granger; five county parks and numerous city parks (including 15.27 miles of hiking, biking, and running trails; sport fields, disc golf course, playgrounds, splash park); hunting on lands near Lake Granger; Cedar Rock Railroad

miniature train in the Southwest Regional Park.

Family &

Educational: Williamson County Historic Courthouse tours conducted by the Williamson

Museum in Georgetown. Other museums include the Dan Moody Museum in Taylor and Palm House Museum in Round Rock. Family fun is available on the Hill Country Flyer steam train in Cedar Park and Inner Space Caverns in

Georgetown.

Community

Events: Music and entertainment events at the Cedar Park Center, Williamson

> County Sheriff Posse Rodeo, Chisholm Trail Days, Georgetown Red Poppy Festival, Round Rock Daffodil Days, Cedar Park's 4th of July Celebration at Milburn Park, Hutto Old Tyme Days, Taylor International Barbecue Cook-off,

and other annual community festivals.

Economic Resources²:

Business:

High-tech industries, agricultural and agribusiness, manufacturing and assembly, construction, real estate, government and educational sectors are significant economic contributors. Williamson County is a member of the Austin MSA, one of the fastest growing areas in the country. The booming population paired with abundant available resources allows a range of business endeavors to flourish.

Minerals:

Building stone, sand, gravel and oil

Agriculture³: The area consists primarily of rolling prairie, however mixed hardwood timber and brush is prevalent in many areas. The major field crops of the area are corn, cotton, and grain sorghum.

> The 2015 Williamson County annual agriculture increment report shows that in 2015 the County had 87.153 acres of feed corn which averaged 105 bu./ac. for a total crop value of \$36,604,260; 13,590 acres of grain sorghum which averaged 75 bu./ac. for a total crop value of \$6,115,580; 11,653 acres of cotton which averaged 1,000 pounds of lint and 1,400 pounds of seed lbs./ac. for a total crop value of \$8,371,795; 22,000 acres of wheat for grain which averaged 45 bu./ac. for a total crop value of \$4.831,200; 700 acres of oats for grain which averaged 55 bu./ac. for a total crop value of \$163,625; 675 acres of pecans which averaged 80 lbs./ac for a total crop value of \$48,600; nursery and horticulture production revenues totaled \$6,500,000 and the county had approximately 250,000 acres of native grasslands.

> Livestock revenues included: 2,000 hens with \$10,000 of total production revenue; 12,000 stockers for a total production revenue of \$15,600,000; 45,000 beef cows and calves for a total production revenue of \$75,768,800; 3,000 goats for a total revenue of \$150,000 and 700 honey bee hives producing 50,000 lbs of honey for a total revenue of \$45,000.

> There are an estimated 30,000 to 40,000 acres in hunting and recreation leases totaling \$1,750,000 in revenue.

> With the continued rains cattle markets were helped while some crop yields were damaged. In cases where crops received too much moisture the plants were actually damaged. Wheat suffered due to inclement weather conditions. Cattle numbers continued to grow in 2015 in Williamson county. With no reliable horse market liquidation of horses was unmonitored. Corn and cotton production decreased due to price fluctuations.

Sources:

- U. S. Census Bureau 1.
- 2. Economic Development and Parks and Recreation Departments for the Cities of: Georgetown, Round Rock, Cedar Park, Leander, Taylor & Hutto
- 3. Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service

Students Enrolled in Colleges and Universities Located Near or Within the County a:

University	Fall 2015 Enrollment
Austin Community College	41,500
Concordia University Texas	2,570
Huston-Tillotson University	1,023
St. Edward's University	4,620
Southwestern University	1,515
Temple College	5,261
Texas A&M Health Science Center	2,602
Texas State University	1,794
University of Texas	50,950

Health Care Facilities Located Near or Within the County b:

Hospitals:

Cedar Park Regional Medical Center Baylor Scott & White University Medical Campus Reliant Rehabilitation Hospital Central Texas

St. David's Georgetown Hospital

St. David's Round Rock Medical Center

Baylor Scott & White Hospital, Taylor Georgetown Behavioral Institute Rock Springs, Georgetown Seton Medical Center Williamson, Round Rock

Clinic facilities:

Austin Diagnostic Clinic - Cedar Park, Round Rock Austin Regional Clinic - Cedar Park, Hutto, Round Rock Brushy Creek Family Medical Associates Cedar Park Family Practice

Central Texas Diagnostic

Dell Children's Circle of Care Pediatrics

Round Rock Health Clinic

Lake Aire Medical Center, Georgetown

Texas A&M HSC Whitestone, Cedar Park

Pediatrics at Hutto

Express Urgent Care, Round Rock

EasyCare Round Rock, Austin Diagnostic Clinic

Family Medical Center of Cedar Park

Family Medical Center of Georgetown

Family Medicine Associates of Round Rock

Family Medicine Clinic of Georgetown

Georgetown Medical Clinic

Health Center at Scott and White Hospital, Taylor

Hill Country Family Health Specialists

Leander Healthcare Center

Lone Star Circle of Care Federally Qualified Health Ctr

Dell Children's-Circle of Care Adolescent Health at Texas A&M HSC, Round Rock

A.W. Grimes Medical Offices, Round Rock

Family Medicine at Lake Aire Medical Center, Georgetown

Senior Health Care Lake Aire Medical Center, Georgetown

Seton-Circle of Care Family Medicine at Texas A&M HSC, Round Rock

LSCC OB/GYN, Round Rock

Seton-Circle of Care Women's Services at Texas A&M HSC, Round Rock

Psychiatry & Behavioral Health at Lake Aire Medical Center, Georgetown

Seton-Circle of Care Behavioral Health at Texas A&M HSC, Round Rock

Psychiatry & Behavioral Health at Round Rock Health Clinic, Round Rock

Minute Clinic - Cedar Park, Georgetown, Round Rock

NextCare Urgent Care-Austin North, Georgetown, Round Rock

Northwest Diagnostic Clinic Cedar Park

Physician Associates of Georgetown

Physician's Center, P.A., Georgetown

Pro-Med Minor Emergency Center, N. Hwy 183

Rapid Care Clinic - Leander

Redi Clinic – Cedar Park, Round Rock

Baylor Scott & White Clinic - Cedar Park, Cedar Park West, Georgetown, Hutto, Johns (Taylor),

University (Round Rock), Round Rock West

Seton Cedar Park

St. David's Urgent Care, Round Rock

St. David's Emergency Center, Round Rock

Texas MedClinic - Round Rock

Town Center Family Medicine of Cedar Park

T&K Physician Associates, Georgetown

Town Center Family Medicine of Cedar Park

Urgent and Family Care, Parmer Lane

Public Health Centers:

Williamson County and Cities Health District- Cedar Park, Georgetown, Round Rock, Taylor

Volunteer Clinic Facilities:

Samaritan Health Ministries

Sacred Heart Community Clinic – Round Rock

People's Community Clinic - Austin

Volunteer Healthcare Clinic - Austin

Pflugerville Community Health Center North (Low Cost Clinic)

Source: a – Respective college or university

b - Williamson County and Cities Health District

Note: This is not an exhaustive list. Not included are individual practitioners, specialty care

practices, or pediatric practices. New facilities are opening on an ongoing basis.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

GOVERNMENT OFFICE INFORMATION

The government of Williamson County, Texas is subdivided into several different offices; each with its own legally constituted duties as prescribed by the constitution and/or legislative act. The head of some offices are elected officials while others are appointed by the Commissioners' Court or the District Judges of Williamson County as provided by law.

Constitutional Offices

Williamson County is a political body. The general governing body of the County is the Commissioners' Court, which has none of the functions of a traditional court, but has powers and duties clearly set forth and defined in the constitution and statutes. The Commissioners' Court is comprised of four commissioners, each of whom is elected by the qualified voters of one of four precincts in the County, and a County Judge, who is elected Countywide as presiding officer. Commissioners' Court, as a political subdivision of the state, was created to carry out policy common to the state. Therefore, it was not mainly created to advance the interest of the particular locality in which it is located. The election of the various County officials ensures, in most instances, the application of state laws and regulations, in light of local needs and statutes, and to establish a courthouse and jail, appoint numerous officials, fill vacancies in certain County offices, let contracts in the name of the County, build roads and bridges, administer the County's public welfare services, perform numerous duties in regard to elections, set the County tax rate, issue bonds, and adopt the County budget.

District Courts

There are five District Courts in Williamson County, each of which is a court of general jurisdiction and may try both civil and criminal cases. The judge of each of the respective courts is elected Countywide. The District Courts have original jurisdiction in all criminal cases of the grade of felony, and all suits on behalf of the state to recover penalties, forfeitures and escheat. The District Courts preside over all cases of divorce, misdemeanors involving official misconduct, suits to recover damages, slander or defamation of character, suits for title of land and for enforcement of liens thereon, suits for the right of property levied upon by virtue of any writ of execution, sequestration, or attachment when the property levied on is valued at an amount of \$500 (exclusive of interest) and all suits concerning contested elections.

These courts and the judges thereof have power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, certiorari and all writs necessary to enforce their jurisdictions. The District Courts also have appellate jurisdiction and general supervisory control over the County Commissioners' Court. They have general original jurisdiction over all causes of action which a remedy or jurisdiction is not provided by law or the Constitution. The District Court, concurrently with County Court, has the general jurisdiction of a probate court and may do all things associated with the duties of a probate court enumerated under County Court. In addition, the District Courts share concurrent jurisdiction with the County Courts at Law when the matter in controversy exceeds \$500, but is less than \$10,000. Along with these constitutional and statutory responsibilities, the District Judges have the statutory responsibility of appointing the County Auditor and Court Reporters for each of the respective District Courts. The District Judges, along with the County Court-at-Law Judges, appoint the Community Supervision and

Corrections Department Director. The District Judges, along with the County Judge serve on the County Juvenile Board which oversees the operations of the Juvenile Probation Department and appoints the Chief Juvenile Probation Officer.

Constables

In general, the duties of the Constable are to perform a service or act, execute and return, as provided by law, all civil and criminal processes, writs, citations, subpoenas, summons, warrants, and precepts, directed and delivered by a lawful official, anywhere in the constable's County, or in a County contiguous to the constable's County, and in other locations as provided by law. The Constable may seize and sell real estate and personal property upon order of the court, take eviction action and attend justice court proceedings. The Constable may enforce all state laws and arrest offenders with or without warrant for felonies or misdemeanor offenses committed against the peace and dignity of the state.

County Attorney

The Countywide electorate elects the County Attorney. Duties include representation of the State of Texas in all criminal proceedings under investigation or pending before the County Courts at Law and Justice Courts of the County, examination and prosecution of all cases pending before the Juvenile Courts, and representation of the State in all cases appealed to or from any of these courts. The County Attorney also processes felony and misdemeanor hot checks, obtains protective orders for victims of domestic violence, represents the Department of Protective and Regulatory Services in cases involving abuse or neglect of children or helpless adults, and obtains commitment orders for mental illness and substance abuse. The County Attorney attends Commissioners' Court as the civil lawyer for the County and provides a full range of legal services in that capacity. Also provided by the County Attorney is legal advice to all County officials and employees. Where applicable, the County Attorney oversees the representation of officials and employees who are involved in litigation.

County Clerk

The Countywide electorate elects the County Clerk and the duties and fees collected by the office are prescribed by the legislature. The County Clerk is the clerk of the County and of Commissioners' Court and is the official recorder of County business. By legislation in Williamson County, the County Clerk functions as the clerk of the court for each of the County Courts at Law. In addition, the County Clerk acts as recorder of deeds and other instruments, records and issues death and birth certificates, issues marriage licenses, registers cattle brands, records and retains all plats, and maintains records of mental health commitments. The County Clerk serves as clerk of the Probate and Civil Court and keeps all records, books, paper, and proceedings of the probate court as well as the County Courts at Law criminal dockets. Additional responsibilities include keeping all records properly indexed, arranged and preserved.

District Attorney

The legislature may create the Office of the District Attorney in any judicial district in the state and prescribe the duties of the office. Such an office in Williamson County has been created and the District Attorney is a constitutional officer. The Countywide electorate elects the District Attorney. The duties of the office in general are to represent the State of Texas on all criminal

matters before the District Courts of Williamson County. These matters include grand jury proceedings along with bond and asset forfeitures. The District Attorney also handles all appeals from any such matters that are taken to the Court of Appeals, Texas Court of Criminal Appeals, the Texas Supreme Court and the United States Supreme Court.

District Clerk

The Countywide electorate elects the District Clerk. In general, the functions of this office are to serve in an administrative capacity for the District Courts (state courts), to perform judicial or quasi-judicial duties in connection therewith, to act as custodian of the court records, to receive money in the clerk's official capacity, and to perform general assessed duties as are enjoined by statute or imposed by the lawful authority of the court. The District Clerk of Williamson County also maintains the files for all criminal, civil, family, and tax cases handled by these courts.

Justice of the Peace Courts

There are four Justice of the Peace Courts in Williamson County. Each Justice of the Peace is elected by the voters living within their respective precinct. Justices of the Peace have jurisdiction in all Class C misdemeanor criminal matters where such fines are established by statute. Also, the Justices of the Peace have jurisdiction in civil matters either in Small Claims Court or Justice Court where the amount in controversy is \$10,000 or less (exclusive of interest) of which exclusive original jurisdiction is not given to the County or District Courts. Appeals to the County Court shall be allowed in all cases decided in Justice Court, however, in civil cases, only when the judgment is for more than \$20 (exclusive of costs). The Small Claims Court exercises concurrent jurisdiction with the Justice Courts in all actions for recovery of money by any person, association of persons, corporations or by any attorney for such parties or other legal entity where the amount involved. exclusive of cost, does not exceed the sum of \$10,000. Small Claims courts may only recover money. All decisions of Small Claims Court and Justice Courts, provided that the amount in controversy, exclusive of costs, exceeds the sum of \$20 may, upon rendition of final judgment by the Judge of the Court, be appealed to the County Court or County Courts at Law. Other duties of the Justices of the Peace in Williamson County include death inquests, mental probable cause hearings, criminal prisoner admonishments, peace bond hearings, school truancy cases, juvenile magistrate statements, animal cruelty hearings, and other administrative duties per code.

Sheriff

The qualified voters of the County elect the Sheriff to office. The duties of the Sheriff are prescribed by the legislature. The Sheriff may employ guards for the safekeeping of prisoners in the jail and, subject to regulations of Commissioners' Court, has charge and control of the courthouse. In addition, the Sheriff shall execute all processes and precepts directed by legal authority and make return thereof to the proper court. The Sheriff is the Chief Law Enforcement Officer for the County and custodian of the County jail. In addition to apprehending criminals and serving writs and other legal papers for the Civil, County, and District Courts, the Sheriff is also charged with keeping order in the courtrooms. The Sheriff also administers proactive programs aimed at crime prevention and substance abuse control such as the Drug Abuse Resistance Education (DARE) program.

Tax Assessor-Collector

The Tax Assessor-Collector is elected by the Countywide electorate and performs all of the duties with respect to assessing property for the purpose of taxation and collection of taxes as may be prescribed by the legislature. The duties of the office consist of assessing and collecting County property taxes. The officer may serve in a similar capacity for any incorporated city, town, village, school districts--independent or otherwise, drainage district, and water control in the County. The Assessor-Collector of Williamson County, in addition to assessing and collecting for taxable real and personal property within the County, collects the taxes for many independent cities and districts. Other duties include collecting state and county license fees, occupation fees, and state automobile transaction taxes.

County Treasurer

The Countywide electorate elects the County Treasurer. The duties of the County Treasurer are to receive County funds and disburse them, subject to the County Auditor's countersignature. The function of this office is an essential part of internal control in financial matters in that all monies due to the County must be placed in the treasurer's custody. Monies are forwarded to the County Treasury and can be withdrawn upon the signature of the County Treasurer and countersignature of the County Auditor. Additional responsibilities of the County Treasurer include signatory authority for all payroll related payments with the countersignature of the County Auditor. Also, the County Treasurer is responsible for the reconciliation of all bank accounts upon which the Treasurer acts as signatory. The County Treasurer prepares and submits all required reports and payments to the State of Texas and serves as Treasurer to the Bail Bond Board. In addition, the County Treasurer serves as the Certified Investment Officer for the County relative to all requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act.

OFFICES CREATED BY LEGISLATIVE LAW

County Court-at-Law

There are four County Courts-at-Law in Williamson County, each created by the legislature. The Countywide electorate elects each of the County Court-at-Law judges. These courts have jurisdiction in all misdemeanor cases, probate, and mental illness and chemical dependency matters. The County Courts-at-Law have concurrent jurisdiction with the District Courts in family law cases, including divorces, child custody cases and in civil matters where the amount in controversy does not exceed \$100,000 (exclusive of punitive or exemplary damages, costs, and interest). The County Courts-at-Law have appellate jurisdiction in all appeals in criminal and civil cases from Justice Courts and Municipal Courts. Along with these duties, the County Court-at-Law Judges and the District Judges appoint the Community Supervision and Corrections Department Director.

County Auditor

The County Auditor is appointed by the District Judges and serves as the Chief Accounting Officer of the County. The County Auditor has general oversight of all County records and is responsible per statute, for projecting revenue during the budget process. The County Auditor must sign all checks written for the County. It is the responsibility of the County Auditor's office

to audit each department of the County at least once each quarter. Financial reporting is also performed by the County Auditor's office. The creation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) and the Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR), that is submitted each year to the Government Finance Officers Association for review, is the responsibility of the County Auditor. In addition, the County Auditor oversees the payroll and accounts payable function for the entire County. Other responsibilities include managing fixed assets and administering and reporting all grant funds received from the state and federal government and other entities. The County Auditor also serves as the fiscal officer for the Community Services and Corrections Department and Chief Fiscal Officer for Juvenile Services.

Budget Officer

In a county with a population of more than 125,000 the Commissioners Court may appoint a Budget Officer. The Budget officer is responsible for preparing a county budget for the fiscal year. In preparing or monitoring the budget, the budget officer may require the county auditor or any other district, county, or precinct officer of the county to provide any information necessary for the budget officer to properly prepare or monitor the budget. The county budget is approved by Commissioners Court.

Regional Animal Shelter Director

The mission of the Regional Shelter Director is to ensure humane care is provided to all animals in the shelter, to assist the participating entities in enforcing state law and local ordinances, and to otherwise serve the citizens in a cost-effective manner. The Regional Shelter Director takes responsibility for animal shelter operations and staff by developing and enforcing policies and procedures that are compliant with local, state and federal law. Priorities include development and maintenance of budgetary and financial goals, communication and relationships with regulatory agencies, Commissioners' Court, Shelter Board and officials from all city/county entities. The director also monitors and reports trends which may be used to facilitate planning of programs consistent with the success of overall shelter goals. The Shelter Director is hired by County officials utilizing input from the Regional Animal Shelter's Board of Directors.

Chief Juvenile Probation Officer

The County Juvenile Board, comprised of five District Judges and the County Judge, appoints the Chief Juvenile Probation Officer. The general duties of this office are to properly investigate, process, and handle all cases referred to them by the courts, law enforcement agencies, parents, and other agencies. The Juvenile Probation Department compiles and prepares a detailed social history on all referred offenders and recommends corrective action to the Juvenile Court. The department provides professional casework services and supervision to delinquent children who are placed on probation by the Juvenile Court. Juvenile detention and intensive residential care is also provided by and through the Juvenile Services Department. Each of these units provides care 365 days a year. Several specialized programs are operated through Juvenile Services to include Community Services and Restitution, Gang Intervention, and Juvenile Drug and Delinquency Prevention. One specialized sex offender caseload officer is also provided through Juvenile Services.

County Emergency Services Senior Director

The County Judge, with the advice and consent of Commissioners' Court, appoints the Senior Director of Emergency Services of Williamson County. It is the Senior Director's duty to control and direct the areas of Emergency Management, HazMat (Hazardous Materials), MOT (Mobile Outreach Team), Dispatch, Wireless Communications, and EMS (Emergency Medical Services). It is the responsibility of the senior director to serve as liaison between municipal districts, county, regional, state and federal emergency management functions as well as other emergency management organizations. Emergency Management will respond to local disasters by coordinating recovery activities with local, regional and state entities. The area of HazMat is responsible for responding to hazardous material spills within the county and the region. MOT responds to mental health crisis calls in the county in coordination with the various law enforcement agencies within the county. Dispatch handles all 911 communications between the general public and County, City and Special District Agencies tasked with rapid response. Wireless Communications manages the radio system between the various Public Safety Agencies within the County. EMS responds to all emergency medical calls and handles transport of patients within the county.

County Extension Service Agent

The Williamson County Office of the Texas Agricultural Extension Service is a unique partnership between the County Commissioners' Court and the Texas A & M University System. County Extension Agents provide outreach education to the citizens of Williamson County in the areas of Agriculture, Family and Consumer Sciences, 4-H, Youth Development, and Horticulture. Agents utilize research-based information to conduct workshops, clinics, tours, meetings and programs, as well as preparing news releases and web-based education. The Extension Service values and promotes citizen and community involvement, research-based education, lifelong learning, and volunteerism.

CSCD Director

The Community Supervision and Corrections Department (also known as Adult Probation Department) Director is appointed by the District and County Court-at-Law Judges with criminal jurisdiction. The department is responsible for supervising adult misdemeanor offenders placed on community supervision (adult probation), offenders placed under pre-trial supervision, and offenders placed in the department's 90-bed intensive inpatient substance abuse program referred to as the Central Texas Treatment Center. The department's mission is to protect the community and rehabilitate offenders. The department operates a number of rehabilitation programs for the supervision of offenders and specialized caseloads for sex offenders, special needs offenders, offenders required to be monitored on electronic monitoring or surveillance, and offenders required to have ignition interlock devices that monitor alcohol use in their vehicles. The department receives most of its funding from state funds and offender fees. The Texas Department of Criminal Justice-Community Justice Assistance Division provides grant and operational funds, and oversight to the department.

Elections Administrator

The Elections Administrator is the County Elections Official and is appointed by the Williamson County Elections Commission. The duties of the Elections Administrator include all voter registration activities for over 264,014 registered voters in 88 precincts and the conduct of election

activities for more than 44 county, city and school governments, as well as 54 municipal and special utility districts. Duties also include the preparation and maintenance of appropriate political jurisdiction maps. The Administrator prepares elections contracts and conducts elections for federal and state elections, and for local elections when requested. Duties include the selection and coordination of poll sites, selection and training of poll workers, and preparation of ballot materials. The Elections Administrator coordinates the use of grant funds from the Help America Vote Act (HAVA) with the County Judge and the Auditor and maintains all electronic voting equipment and peripherals. The Administrator serves as the repository for local officials' campaign and expenditure reports. The Elections Administrator provides information to the public regarding voter registration and elections and serves as a liaison to the Secretary of State regarding elections issues.

Human Resource Senior Director

The Human Resource (HR) Senior Director for Williamson County is appointed by the County Benefits Committee and the Commissioners' Court. The Senior Director must ensure the County is in compliance with state and federal hiring laws, that applicants meet the qualifications of a particular job opening and that the public is notified when a job opening becomes available within the County. The HR Senior Director is responsible for the management of the Self-Funded Benefits Plan and various other medical and dental benefit plans offered by the County as well as life and long-term disability insurance, workers' compensation insurance, the wellness program and the employee assistance program. The HR Senior Director also monitors the claims disbursement made under the Self-Funded Benefits Plan and must ensure the various benefits plans are administered in compliance with federal laws and regulation. The HR Senior Director must ensure the County complies with the Drug-Free Workplace Policy, the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) and the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).

<u>Infrastructure Services Senior Director</u>

The County Judge, with the advice and consent of the Commissioners' Court, appoints the Senior Director of Infrastructure Services of Williamson County. It is the Senior Director's duty to control and direct the areas of Facilities Maintenance, Fleet Services, the County Engineer's Office and the Road and Bridge Division. It is the responsibility of the senior director to serve as a liaison with local, state, county, and federal organizations. The area of Facilities maintenance oversees all County real estate transactions and facilities construction activities. Facilities Maintenance personnel additionally ensure the quality and completion of maintenance and repair for all Countyowned buildings and grounds. Fleet Services personnel maintain Williamson County's fleet of vehicles and equipment; make recommendations, during the Budget process, for equipment replacement needs of county departments as well as assisting in defining what types of equipment should be purchased. The Road and Bridge Division of Williamson County has the responsibility for the maintenance and repair of all County roads, bridges, drainage structures and ditches pertaining to the road system in Williamson County. The County Engineer's Office is responsible for planning, design and inspection of roadway and drainage facilities required to provide for the safe, economical and productive operation of the County's transportation system. The County Engineer's Office is additionally responsible for land development coordination activities such as plat review for the unincorporated areas within the County.

Parks Department Senior Director

The County Judge appoints the Parks Department Senior Director with the advice and consent of the Commissioners' Court. The Senior Director is responsible for the development, operation, and maintenance of County parks, trails and preserves. The senior director also provides for safe and secure facilities and coordinates park related development and activities with cities in the County.

Purchasing Agent

The Purchasing Agent is appointed by the Commissioners' Court. The Purchasing Agent is responsible for carrying out the purchasing function as prescribed by law and for administering the procedures prescribed by law for notice and public bidding for county purchases and contracts. The County Purchasing Agent purchases all supplies, materials and equipment required or used by the county and contracts for all repairs to purchased equipment, as needed.

Technology Services Senior Director

The County Judge, with the advice and consent of the Commissioners' Court, appoints the Technology Services Senior Director of Williamson County. It is the Senior Director's duty to oversee the functions of Technology Services (TS), Geographic Information Systems (GIS), 911 Addressing and Records Management (RM) for the County. TS includes installing new systems, protecting computer-stored records, maintaining control of daily Data Lifecycle functions, troubleshooting within County offices as computer-related issues arise as well as supporting County-wide telecommunications. GIS includes management of the central GIS database and interfaces as well as providing GIS, GPS, and related services to County departments and the public. 911 Addressing includes maintaining the 911 telephone database for the entire County and providing addressing services for the unincorporated areas and small cities. RM functions include warehousing and protecting records from the various County departments, monitoring and coordinating destruction schedules, and warehousing and coordinating the disposal of assets as the assets exceed their useful life. In addition, the director oversees County mail courier functions.

Veterans Services

In a county with a population of 200,000 or more the Commissioners Court shall maintain a veterans county service office. The Commissioner's Court appoints the veterans county service officer and the number of assistant veterans county service officers that it considers necessary. Veterans Services staff assists veterans and their families with information on programs and services that are available for individuals that have served in the armed forces. They also help them file for and receive their entitled benefits from the Department of Veterans Affairs. Programs and services available include educational benefits, vocational benefits, disability retirement, obtaining lost military records and more.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable County Judge and Commissioner's Court Williamson County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepting in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williamson County, Texas (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 18, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weaver and Siduell, L.L.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Austin, Texas March 18, 2016



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND STATE OF TEXAS UNIFORM GRANT MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

To the Honorable County Judge and Commissioner's Court Williamson County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited Williamson County, Texas' (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement and the State of Texas Uniform Grant Management Standards (UGMS) that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal and state programs for the year ended September 30, 2015. The County's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal and state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal and state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and UGMS. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and UGMS require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance which is required to be reported in accordance with UGMS and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-001. Our opinion on each major federal and state program is not modified with respect to this matter.

The County's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal and state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and UGMS, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-001 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

The County's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133 and UGMS. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weaver and Siduell, L.S.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Austin, Texas March 18, 2016

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements	
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	YesXNone reported
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Federal and State Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	YesXNo
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	XYesNone reported
An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance for major programs.	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reporte in accordance with section 510(a), Circular A-133, or State of Texas Uniform Grant Management Standards?	ed
Identification of major federal programs:	
14.218	Community Development Block Grant
Identification of major state programs:	Indigent Defense Formula AirCheck Texas
Dollar threshold use to distinguish between type A and type B programs?	<u>\$300,000</u> – Federal
	\$300,000 – State
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

NONE

SECTION III - FEDERAL AND STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FINDING 2015-001 – Continuing Legal Education Requirement

MAJOR PROGRAM: Indigent Defense Formula Grant

TYPE OF FINDING: Compliance; Significant deficiency

QUESTIONED COST: None

CRITERIA OR SPECIFIC REQUIREMENT: Chapter 174 of the Indigent Defense Policies and Standards state that an attorney shall complete a minimum of 10 hours of continuing legal education (CLE) in the area of criminal law and procedure each year, including one hour of ethics relating to the practice of criminal law. All attorneys on the appointment list must file a certificate with the court administration office each year attesting to completion of the required CLE or submit documentation showing that the attorney is certified as a specialist in criminal law.

CONDITIONS: CLE documentation and requirement for one attorney was not kept by the County.

CAUSE: County relied on the CLE requirement by the State for all attorneys, which exceeds the minimum required by the Indigent Defense Formula Grant. The State, however, exempts attorneys from this CLE requirement once they reach a certain age. The County was unaware of such exemption and no CLE documentation was requested or obtained.

EFFECT: Lack of proper CLE documentation could result in attorneys not being in compliance with grant requirements.

RECOMMENDATION: The County should implement a process that will require for CLE to be requested and obtained from all attorneys under the Indigent grant.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS: Management will request an annual CLE certification from each attorney approved as a Court Approved Attorney. These certifications will be reviewed by the Internal Audit Division of the County Auditor's office to ensure compliance with the requirements of the Indigent Defense Program. Any concerns will be referred back to the appropriate court to contact the attorney and resolve. The First Assistant County Auditor will maintain responsibility for this corrective action plan, and management anticipates having this procedure implemented during fiscal year 2016.

SECTION IV - SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

NONE

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Ex	φenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS				·
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Passed Through Texas Department of Family and Protective Services				
Title IV-E Contract (Legal)	93.658	23939896	\$	54,473
Total Passed Through Texas Department of Family and Protective Services				54,473
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$	54,473
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture				
2015 National School Lunch Program	10.555	75M1002/TX-246-2005	\$	83,660
2016 National School Lunch Program	10.555	75M1002/TX-246-2005		8,667
Total Passed Through Department of Agriculture				92,327
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			\$	92,327
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Passed Through Texas Office of the Governor - Division of Emergency Management				
2013 State Homeland Security	97.067	13-SR48491-01	\$	9,553
2014 State Homeland Security	97.067	14-SR48491-01		82,244
Total Passed Through Texas Office of the Governor - Division of Emergency Managemer	nt			91,797
Passed Through Texas Department of Public Safety - Division of Emergency Management				
WIL001F - Communication Towers/Facilities	97.036	PA-06-TX-4223-PW-00851(0)		8,713
WIL008E - Medic #442 & Taylor Towers #9 Drive	97.036	PA-06-TX-4223-PW-00694(0)		1,125
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	15TX-EMPG-1418		40,064
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	14TX-EMPG-1418		52,017
Total Passed Through Texas Department of Public Safety-				
Division of Emergency Management				101,919
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			\$	193,716
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
Direct Programs				
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	BC-11-UC-48-0502	\$	83,585
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	BC-12-UC-48-0502		368,900
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	BC-13-UC-48-0502		858,567
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	BC-14-UC-48-0502		71,662
Total Direct Programs				1,382,714
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$	1,382,714
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Direct Programs				
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	N/A	\$	268,187
Total Direct Programs				268,187
Passed Through Texas Office of the Governor - Criminal Justice Division	16 700	D I 2702204		24.445
2015 Digital Discovery Highway	16.738	DJ-2782301		31,115
2013 JAG Equipment Total Passed Through Texas Office of the Governor - Criminal Justice Division	16.738	DJ-11-A10-27120-01		977 32,092
·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Passed Through Office of Justice Programs	40.000	0045 AD 51/0/00		05.000
State Alien Assistance Program	16.606	2015-AP-BX-0100		95,870
Total Passed Through Texas Office of Justic Programs				95,870
Total U.S. Department of Justice			\$	396,149

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Ex	penditures
FEDERAL AWARDS				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Passed Through Texas Department of Transportation - National Highway Traffic Safety Texas Traffic Safety Program	20.616	585EGF5371	\$	4,710
Passed Through Texas Department of Transportation - National Highway Traffic Safety 2014 TXDOT ITS Project	20.205	0914-00-167		147,700
Passed Through Texas Department of Transportation IH-35 @ RM 2243 Preventive Maintenance Project IH-35 from RM 1431 to SH 45 Operational Study	20.205 20.205	0015-09-170 0015-09-167		594,093 176,331
Passed Through Texas Department of Transportation - Pass Through Toll Financing US 79 East Hutto to CR 402 US 79 Thrall to Milam County Line US 183 San Gabriel to SH 29 FM 1660 CR 134 to CR 101 FM 2338 FM 3405 to Reagan Blvd Total Passed Through Texas Department of Transportation	20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205	PT2005-001-01-PTT0204-02-027 PT2005-001-01-PTT0204-04-042 PT2005-001-01-PTT0273-04-026 PT2005-001-01-PTT1566-01-009 PT2005-001-01-PTT0211-01-023		18,958 642 11,174 4,064 11,174 968,846
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$	968,846
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	3,088,225
STATE AWARDS				
COMMISSION ON STATE EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS Passed Through Capital Area Council of Governments 911 Addressing Maintenance -2014 911 Addressing Maintenance -2015 Total Passed Through Capital Area Council of Governments Total Commission on State Emergency Communications		N/A N/A	\$	303,776 303,776 303,776
OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL Direct Programs 2013 Texas Vine Program Total Direct Programs		1013085	\$	27,715 27,715
Total Office of the Attorney General			\$	27,715
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR Passed Through Criminal Justice Division 2015 DWI/Drug Court 2016 DWI/Drug Court 2015 Vocational Training Program 2015 Williamson County Veterans 2016 Williamson County Veterans 2015 Williamson County Prevention		SF-15-A10-18695-09 SF-16-A10-18695-09 SF-15-J20-25997-03 DC-15 27581-01 DC-15 27581-02 SF-15-J20-26008-02	\$	102,729 685 48,000 73,061 306 51,881
Total Passed Through Criminal Justice Division Total Office of the Governor			\$	276,662

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

State Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures	
STATE AWARDS				
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF STATE HEALTH SERVICES Passed Through Blubonnet MHMR 2014 Bluebonnet MHMR 2016 Bluebonnet MHMR Total Passed Through Blubonnet MHMR		N/A N/A	\$	11,762 133,717 145,479
Total Texas Department of State Health Services			\$	145,479
TEXAS PARKS AND WILDLIFE DEPARTMENT Direct Programs 2014 Go! Total Direct Programs		52-000583	\$	15,114 15,114
Passed Through Texas Commission on Environmental Quality 2015 Air Check 2016 Air Check Total Passed Through Texas Commission on Environmental Quality		582-12-20269 582-12-20269		182,677 10,673 193,350
Total Texas Parks and Wildlife Department			\$	208,464
TEXAS INDIGENT DEFENSE COMMISSION Direct Programs Indigent Defense Formula Grant 2015 TIDC Techinical Support Total Direct Programs		212-15-246 212-TS-246		304,367 36,389 340,756
Total Texas Task Indigent Defense Commission			\$	340,756
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS			\$	1,302,852
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS			\$	4,391,077

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards presents the activity of all applicable federal and state awards of Williamson County, Texas (the County). The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the County's financial statements. Federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies as well as federal and state awards passed through other government agencies are included in the respective schedule. Negative amounts shown in the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures.

NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the County's financial statements. The schedule includes \$1,274,755 of federal awards provided to subrecipients from the Community Development Grant cluster.

NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL FINANCIAL REPORTS

Grant expenditure reports as of September 30, 2015, which have been submitted to grantor agencies will, in some cases, differ slightly from amounts disclosed herein. The reports prepared for grantor agencies are typically prepared at a later date and often reflect refined estimates of year-end accruals. The reports will agree at termination of the grant as the discrepancies noted are timing differences.

NOTE 4. SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

The schedule of findings and questioned costs, including the summary of auditor's results for federal and state awards, is included beginning on page 169.