Financial Report For the Fiscal Year End September 30, 2017

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Avery Ranch Road District #1

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Avery Ranch Road District #1 (the District), a component unit of Williamson County, Texas (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Avery Ranch Road District #1, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

<u>Required Supplementary Information</u>

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 to 5 and budgetary comparison on page 15 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the District and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County, as of September 30, 2017, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Weaver and Siduell, L.S.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Austin, Texas March 12, 2018

Management's Discussion And Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

As management of the Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Overview of the District

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners' Court on February 27, 2001, and confirmed at an election held within the District on May 5, 2001, and operated pursuant to Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code and Section 1471 of the Texas Government Code. The District was created for the main purpose of constructing or reimbursing the developers, Continental Homes of Texas, L.P., a Texas limited partnership, Avery Ranch, Ltd., a Texas limited partnership, and Rathgeber Investment Company, Ltd., a Texas limited partnership, for the costs of constructing, acquiring by purchase, maintaining and operating a four-lane divided road within the District, known as Avery Ranch Boulevard. The District is located in the City of Austin and in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Austin, all within Williamson County, Texas.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities of Avery Ranch Road District #1 exceeded its assets as of September 30, 2017, by \$7,691,554 (i.e. net deficit).
- The District's total net position increased by \$954,416 during the year.
- Cash and investments equaled \$395,929.
- Annual expenses consist of debt service payments and related debt service fees such as paying agent/registrar fees.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section); (2) government-wide financial statements, which include the fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements.

The financial statements include the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet and statement of activities and governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance that present information for the District as a whole and provide an indication of the District's financial health.

The statement of net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes).

Management's Discussion And Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

In fiscal year 2017, the District's taxable assessed value totaled approximately \$1,377,323,625 compared to \$1,276,303,240 in fiscal year 2016. The tax rate is set after reviewing operating and debt service requirements. The District's primary revenue source is property taxes.

The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The District's funds are governmental funds and, as such, the financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The financial statements can be found on pages 6 and 7 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 8 of this report.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. As of September 30, 2017, the District's liabilities exceeded assets by \$7,691,554.

Avery Ranch Road District Net Position

	2017	2016
Assets and deferred outflows	\$ 526,081	\$ 617,705
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	8,187,085 30,550	9,230,000 33,675
Total liabilities	8,217,635	9,263,675
Net position Restricted Unrestricted	368,417 (8,059,971)	 409,782 (9,055,752)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (7,691,554)	\$ (8,645,970)

Overall, the District had an increase in net position of \$954,416. This increase is primarily related to the District paying down the principal balance of bonded debt.

Management's Discussion And Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

Avery Ranch Road District's Change in Net Position

	2017		2016
Revenues			
General revenues			
Assessments	\$ 1,213,864	\$	1,247,169
Interest	11,052		3,505
Miscellaneous	 728		-
Total general revenues	1,225,644		1,250,674
Expenses			
General government	15,134		15,436
Interest and fiscal charges	 256,094		388,125
Total expenses	271,228		403,561
Change in net position	954,416		847,113
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), beginning	 (8,645,970)		(9,493,083)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), ending	\$ (7,691,554)	\$	(8,645,970)

The Debt Service Fund remitted bond principal payments of \$985,000 and interest and fiscal charges of \$270,000.

The District owes \$7,755,000 to bond holders. During the year, the principal balance was reduced by \$985,000. More detailed information about the District's long-term debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Discussion of Currently Known Facts, Decision or Condition in Fiscal Year 2017

The property tax base for fiscal year 2017 is \$1,377,323,625. The tax rate is \$0.088010 on each \$100 of taxable value. Approximately 100% of the property tax will be set aside for debt service.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens with a general overview of the District's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, please contact the Williamson County Auditor's Office at (512) 943-1500; 710 Main Street, Suite 301, Georgetown, Texas 78626.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2017

	Debt General Service Totals		Α	djustments	Statement of Net Position			
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$ 395,929	\$ 395,929	\$	-	\$	395,929
Property tax receivable		-	 3,038	 3,038		-		3,038
Total assets		-	398,967	398,967		-		398,967
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred losses on refunding		-	 			127,114		127,114
Total assets and deferred								
outflows of resources	\$	-	\$ 398,967	\$ 398,967	\$	127,114	\$	526,081
LIABILITIES								
Interest payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	30,550	\$	30,550
Non-current liabilities								
Due within one year		-	-	-		1,072,915		1,072,915
Due in more than one year		-	 -	-		7,114,170		7,114,170
Total liabilities		-	-	-		8,217,635		8,217,635
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred property taxes		-	 3,038	 3,038		(3,038)		-
Total deferred inflows								
of resources		-	3,038	3,038		(3,038)		-
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION Fund balance								
Restricted for debt service		-	 395,929	 395,929		(395,929)		
Total fund balance		-	 395,929	395,929		(395,929)		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	-	\$ 398,967	\$ 398,967				
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Restricted for debt service Unrestricted						368,417 (8,059,971)		368,417 (8,059,971)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					\$	(7,691,554)	\$	(7,691,554)

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Debt						Statement of			
	Ge	neral		Service		Totals		djustments	Activities		
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES											
Current											
General government	\$	-	\$	15,134	\$	15,134	\$	-	\$	15,134	
Debt service											
Principal		-		985,000		985,000		(985,000)		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		-		270,000		270,000		(13,906)		256,094	
Total expenditures/expenses		-		1,270,134		1,270,134 (998,906)		(998,906)		271,228	
GENERAL REVENUES											
Property taxes		-		1,213,653		1,213,653		211		1,213,864	
Interest		-		11,052		11,052		-		11,052	
Miscellaneous		-		728		728				728	
Total general revenues		-		1,225,433		1,225,433		211		1,225,644	
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION		-		(44,701)		(44,701)		(998,695)		954,416	
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION (DEFICIT)											
Beginning		-		440,630		440,630		(9,086,600)		(8,645,970)	
Ending	\$	-	\$	395,929	\$	395,929	\$	(10,085,295)	\$	(7,691,554)	

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code and Chapter 1471, Texas Government Code allow a commissioners' court of a county to establish one or more road districts in the county. A road district created pursuant to the Act is a political subdivision and a body corporate of the State of Texas. The Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 (the District) was created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners' Court on February 27, 2001, in accordance with the Texas Government Code and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution.

The District is governed by the Williamson County Commissioners' Court and is a component unit of Williamson County.

On May 11, 2001, the District's voters authorized the issuance of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of reimbursing the developer for the construction costs of developing roads within the District issues unlimited tax bonds to reimburse developers after each construction project is completed. The bonds are payable from property taxes.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are supported by property taxes and investment revenue.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenue* includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*.

The government-wide and fund financial statements are provided for the governmental funds of the District with a column for adjustments between the two statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Investments

Investments for the District are reported at amortized cost. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables

Property taxes are levied on October 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Statements are mailed on October 1, or as soon thereafter as possible, and are due upon receipt. All unpaid taxes become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year. Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements

<u>Fund Equity</u>

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). The objective of the statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing government fund type definitions. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54 are nonspendable, restricted for, committed to, assigned and unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of constraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

In accordance with GASB 54, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes, which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amount restricted due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unassigned – includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Stewardship and Accountability

Deficit Net Position

A net position deficit of \$7,691,554 exists in governmental activities as of September 30, 2017. This deficit is the result of the District issuing bonds to finance the construction of roads contributed to the City of Austin. As of September 30, 2017, the amount of bonds outstanding that were used to finance construction of assets transferred to the City of Austin was \$7,755,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 3. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 395,929
Property taxes are not recognized until collected in the governmental funds	3,038
Accrued interest on bonds payable is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds	(30,550)
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(8,187,085)
Deferred losses on bond refundings do not provide current financial resources and are not reported in the funds	127,114
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities	\$ (7,691,554)

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities and change in fund balance of governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance are different because:

Change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ (44,701)
Property taxes are not recognized until collected in the governmental funds	211
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources	13,906
Principal payments on long-term obligations are expensed in the funds but reduce the balance of these obligations payable in the statement of net position	 985,000
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 954,416

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 4. Investments

As of September 30, 2017, the District had the following investments:

			Weighted
	Aı	mortized	Average
Investment type		Cost	Maturity (Days)
TexPool Prime	\$	395,929	51
Total investments	\$	395,929	

The District's investment in TexPool, which is a 2a7-like pool, is recorded at amortized cost, which is believed to approximate fair value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

TexPool was created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code Ann. Chapter 791, and the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. The Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (the Trust) is trustee of TexPool and is a limited purpose trust company authorized pursuant to Texas Government Code Ann. Section 404.103 for which the Texas State Comptroller is sole officer, director, and shareholder. The advisory board of TexPool is composed of members appointed pursuant to the requirements of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar weighted maturity of its investment portfolios to a maximum of 180 days.

Credit Risk

It is the District's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. TexPool was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

Note 5. Long-term Obligations

Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds

In March 2012, the District issued \$7,475,000 in Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012. These bonds were used to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$7,535,000 for certain Series 2002 unlimited tax road bonds, Series 2003 unlimited tax road bonds and Series 2005 unlimited tax road bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$295,594. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease the total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$966,820, and resulted in an economic gain of \$791,445. The bonds constitute direct obligations of the Avery Ranch Road District payable from ad valorem taxes levied upon all taxable property located within the Road District. Interest at rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% is payable at February 15 and August 15 of each year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

In May 2016, the District issued \$2,895,000 in Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2016. These bonds were used to currently refund \$2,845,000 for certain Series 2007 unlimited tax road bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$57,163. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is the same life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease the total debt service payments over the next six years by \$164,660, and resulted in an economic gain of \$152,844. The bonds constitute direct obligations of the Avery Ranch Road District payable from ad valorem taxes levied upon all taxable property located within the Road District. Interest at a rate of 2.0% is payable at February 15 and August 15 of each year.

On September 30, 2017, there are no bonds considered defeased that are still outstanding.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions		D	eletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Refunding bonds	\$ 8,740,000	\$	-	\$	985,000	\$ 7,755,000	\$ 1,015,000
Premium on issuance of bonds	490,000		-		57,915	432,085	57,915
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 9,230,000	\$	-	\$	1,042,915	\$ 8,187,085	\$ 1,072,915

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities						
September 30,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2018	\$ 1,015,000	\$	244,400	\$	1,259,400		
2019	1,040,000		218,600		1,258,600		
2020	1,070,000		192,200		1,262,200		
2021	1,095,000		162,100		1,257,100		
2022	1,130,000		131,200		1,261,200		
2023-2025	2,405,000		184,800		2,589,800		
Total	\$ 7,755,000	\$	1,133,300	\$	8,888,300		

Supplementary Information

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Original and Fina		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES					/= /= /\	
Taxes	\$ 1,219	•	1,213,653	\$	(5,426)	
Interest	3	3,000	11,052		8,052	
Miscellaneous			728		728	
Total revenues	1,222	2,079	1,225,433		3,354	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	17	,400	15,134		2,266	
Debt service						
Principal	985	000,	985,000		-	
Interest and other charges	270),200	270,000		200	
Total expenditures	1,272	2,600	1,270,134		2,466	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES						
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(50),521)	(44,701)		5,820	
Net change in fund balance	(50	,521)	(44,701)		5,820	
FUND BALANCE, beginning	440),630	440,630			
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 390	,109 \$	395,929	\$	5,820	