



115 East Main Street

COMMISSIONING • FIELD INVESTIGATIONS

Round Rock, Texas 78664

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August 20, 2020

Dale Butler
3101 SE Inner Loop
Georgetown, Texas 78626

RE: 179D Tax Deduction Form

Dear Mr. Butler,

Federal tax law, specifically §179D of the Internal Revenue Code, permits a tax-exempt property owner to allocate certain tax deductions to the designers who are instrumental in implementing energy-saving building improvements pursuant to the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPAct 2005). This deduction is of no benefit to the building owner because the governmental entity does not pay taxes from which the deduction can be made. IRS definitions contained in Notice 2008-40 provide that this tax deduction incentive can be allocated primarily to the persons responsible for the design of the project.

For that reason, **Hendrix Consulting Engineers (HCE), P.C.** is requesting that this incentive be allocated to us and that you identify us as the persons responsible for the MEP design by signing the attached letter. If the enclosed form is accurate, we request that you sign and date it, then return it to us either by fax or by scanning your signed copy and emailing it to my attention.

We congratulate you and your organization for the role you have undertaken in implementing Green Building initiatives. We have enjoyed the opportunity to work with you and are proud to be a part of the effort.

If you have any questions or concerns or require further information regarding the energy-saving features of the buildings, I encourage you to contact me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'B Hendrix', is written over a horizontal line.

Byron Hendrix
P.E., C.E.A., LEED AP

Dale Butler
3101 SE Inner Loop
Georgetown, Texas 78626

TRANSFER OF 179D TAX DEDUCTION

Under the provisions set forth by the Internal Revenue Service, Notice 2008-40, Section 3 - Special rule for Government Owned or Non Profit Buildings, the undersigned do hereby acknowledge this document as execution for transfer of allowable 179D tax deduction for the Public Building from Owner to the Designer.

Cost of the property	In excess of \$14,900,000
Property Placed In Service Date	2019
179D deduction allocated to Designer – Hendrix Consulting Engineers, P.C.	100%

Owner:

"Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this allocation, including accompanying documents, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, the facts presented in support of this allocation are true, correct, and complete."

Name: Williamson County

Address: 3101 SE Inner Loop

City: Georgetown State: Texas Zip 78626

Phone Number: 512-414-8940

Authorized Representative

Signature

Date

Designer:

I declare that I have examined this allocation, including accompanying documents and to the best of my knowledge and belief, the facts presented in support of this allocation are true, correct and complete.

Name: Hendrix Consulting Engineers, P.C.

Address: 115 East Main Street

City: Round Rock State: Texas Zip 78664

Phone Number: 512-218-0060

Authorized Representative



Signature

8/21/2020

Date

Public Building

Name: Williamson County Annex

Address: 151 Wilco Way

City: Georgetown State: Texas Zip: 78626

NOTICE 2008-40, SECTION 3 SPECIAL RULE FOR GOVERNMENT OWNED OR NON PROFIT BUILDINGS

SECTION 3. SPECIAL RULE FOR GOVERNMENT-OWNED BUILDINGS

.01 In General. In the case of energy efficient commercial building property (or partially qualifying commercial building property for which a deduction is allowed under § 179D) that is installed on or in property owned by a Federal, State, or local government or a political subdivision thereof, the owner of the property may allocate the § 179D deduction to the person primarily responsible for designing the property (the designer). If the allocation of a § 179D deduction to a designer satisfies the requirements of this section, the deduction will be allowed only to that designer. The deduction will be allowed to the designer for the taxable year that includes the date on which the property is placed in service.

.02 Designer of Government-Owned Buildings. A designer is a person that creates the technical specifications for installation of energy efficient commercial building property (or partially qualifying commercial building property for which a deduction is allowed under § 179D). A designer may include, for example, an architect, engineer, contractor, environmental consultant or energy services provider who creates the technical specifications for a new building or an addition to an existing building that incorporates energy efficient commercial building property (or partially qualifying commercial building property for which a deduction is allowed under § 179D). A person that merely installs, repairs, or maintains the property is not a designer.

.03 Allocation of the Deduction. If more than one designer is responsible for creating the technical specifications for installation of energy efficient commercial building property (or partially qualifying commercial building property for which a deduction is allowed under § 179D) on or in a government-owned building, the owner of the building shall—

- (1) determine which designer is primarily responsible and allocate the full deduction to that designer, or
- (2) at the owner's discretion, allocate the deduction among several designers.

.04 Form of Allocation. An allocation of the § 179D deduction to the designer of a government-owned building must be in writing and will be treated as satisfying the requirements of this section with respect to energy efficient commercial building property (or partially qualifying commercial building property for which a deduction is allowed under § 179D) if the allocation contains all of the following:

- (1) The name, address, and telephone number of an authorized representative of the owner of the government-owned building;
- (2) The name, address, and telephone number of an authorized representative of the designer receiving the allocation of the § 179D deduction;
- (3) The address of the government-owned building on or in which the property is installed;
- (4) The cost of the property;
- (5) The date the property is placed in service;
- (6) The amount of the § 179D deduction allocated to the designer;
- (7) The signatures of the authorized representatives of both the owner of the government-owned building and the designer or the designer's authorized representative; and
- (8) A declaration, applicable to the allocation and any accompanying documents, signed by the authorized representative of the owner of the government-owned building, in the following form:

"Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this allocation, including accompanying documents, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, the facts presented in support of this allocation are true, correct, and complete."

.05 Obligations of Designer. Before a designer may claim the § 179D deduction with respect to property installed on or in a government-owned building, the designer must obtain the written allocation described in section 3.04. A designer is not required to attach the allocation to the return on which the deduction is taken. However, § 1.6001-1(a) of the Income Tax Regulations requires that taxpayers maintain such books and records as are sufficient to establish the entitlement to, and amount of, any deduction claimed by the taxpayer. Accordingly, a designer claiming a deduction under § 179D should retain the allocation as part of the taxpayer's records for purposes of § 1.6001-1(a) of the Income Tax Regulations.

.06 Tax Consequences to Designer of Government-Owned Buildings. The maximum amount of the § 179D deduction to be allocated to the designer is the amount of the costs incurred by the owner of the government-owned building to place the energy efficient commercial building property in service. A partial deduction may be allocated and computed in accordance with the procedures set forth in sections 2 and 3 of Notice 2006-52. The designer does not include any amount in income on account of the § 179D deduction allocated to the designer. In addition, the designer is not required to reduce future deductions by an amount equal to the § 179D deduction allocated to the designer. Although reducing future deductions in this manner would provide equivalent treatment for designers that are allocated a § 179D deduction and building owners that are required to reduce the basis of their energy efficient commercial building property by the amount of the § 179D deduction they claim, § 179D does not provide for any reductions other than reductions to the basis of the energy efficient commercial building property.

.07 Tax Consequences to Owner of Public Building. The owner of the public building is not required to include any amount in income on account of the § 179D deduction allocated to the designer. The owner of the public building is, however, required to reduce the basis of the energy efficient commercial building property (or partially qualifying commercial building property) by the amount of the § 179D deduction allocated.