
WILLIAMSON COUNTY SERVICE AGREEMENT

Important Notice: County Purchase Orders and Contracts constitute expenditures of public funds, and all vendors are hereby placed on notice that any quotes, invoices or any other forms that seek to unilaterally impose contractual or quasicontractual terms are subject to the extent authorized by Texas law, including but not limited to the Texas Constitution, the Texas Government Code, the Texas Local Government Code, the Texas Transportation Code, the Texas Health & Safety Code, and Opinions of the Texas Attorney General relevant to local governmental entities.

THIS SERVICE AGREEMENT is made and entered into by and between **Williamson County, Texas** (“County”), a political subdivision of the State of Texas, acting herein by and through its governing body, and **Kofile Technologies, Inc.** (hereinafter “Service Provider”), both of which are referred to herein as the parties. The County agrees to engage Service Provider as an independent contractor, to provide certain services pursuant to the following, terms, conditions, and restrictions:

I.

Services: Service Provider shall provide services *as an independent contractor* pursuant to terms and policies of the Williamson County Commissioners Court. Service Provider expressly acknowledges that he, she, or it is not an employee of the County. The services include the work described in the attached Proposal being marked as **Exhibit “A,”** which is incorporated herein.

II.

Effective Date and Term: This Service Agreement shall be in full force and effect as of the date of the last party’s execution below and shall continue for one (1) year, or when terminated pursuant to this Service Agreement.

III.

Consideration and Compensation: Service Provider will be compensated as set forth in Exhibit A. Service Provider will not exceed the Estimated Total set forth in Exhibit A for the specific project herein. Payment for goods and services shall be governed by Chapter 2251 of the Texas Government Code. An invoice shall be deemed overdue the 31st day after the later of (1) the date the County receives the goods under the contract; (2) the date the performance of the service under the contract is completed; or (3) the date the Williamson County Auditor receives an invoice for the goods or services. Interest charges for any overdue payments shall be paid by the County in accordance with Texas Government Code Section 2251.025. More specifically, the rate of interest that shall accrue on a late payment is the rate in effect on September 1 of the County’s fiscal year in which the payment becomes due. The said rate in effect on September 1 shall be equal to the sum of one percent (1%); and (2) the prime rate published in the Wall Street Journal on the first day of July of the preceding fiscal year that does not fall on a Saturday or Sunday.

IV.

Tax Exemption: The County is a political subdivision under the laws of the State of Texas and claims exemption from sales and use taxes under Tex. Tax Code Ann. §151.309, as amended. The County agrees to provide exemption certificates to Service Provider upon request. Likewise, the County is neither liable for any taxes, charges, or fees assessed against Service Provider for the supplies or products provided or any services rendered.

V.

No Waiver of Sovereign Immunity or Powers: Nothing in this Service Agreement will be deemed to constitute a waiver of sovereign immunity or powers of the County, the Williamson County Commissioners Court, or the Williamson County Judge. Additionally, the parties agree that under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, the County cannot enter into an agreement whereby the County agrees to indemnify or hold harmless another party; therefore, all references of any kind to County defending, indemnifying, holding, or saving harmless Service Provider for any reason are hereby deleted.

VI.

Compliance With All Laws: Service Provider agrees and will comply with all local, state, or federal requirements with respect to the services rendered. Any alterations, additions, or deletions to the terms of the Service Agreement that are required by changes in federal, state, or local law or regulations are automatically incorporated into the Service Agreement without written amendment hereto and shall become effective on the date designed by such law or by regulation.

VII.

Termination: This Service Agreement may be terminated at any time at the option of either party, without future or prospective liability for performance, upon giving thirty (30) days written notice thereof.

VIII.

Venue and Applicable Law: Venue of this Service Agreement shall be Williamson County, Texas, and the laws of the State of Texas shall govern all terms and conditions.

IX.

Severability: In case any one or more of the provisions contained in this Service Agreement shall for any reason be held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any respect, such invalidity, illegality, or unenforceability shall not affect any other provision in this Service Agreement and this Service Agreement shall be construed as if such invalid, illegal, or unenforceable provision had never been contained in it.

X.

Right to Audit: Service Provider agrees that the County or its duly authorized representatives shall, until the expiration of three (3) years after final payment under this Service Agreement, have access to and the right to examine and photocopy any and all books, documents,

papers and records of Service Provider which are directly pertinent to the services to be performed under this Service Agreement for the purposes of making audits, examinations, excerpts, and transcriptions. Service Provider agrees that the County shall have access during normal working hours to all necessary Service Provider facilities and shall be provided adequate and appropriate workspace in order to conduct audits in compliance with the provisions of this section. The County shall give Service Provider reasonable advance notice of intended audits.

XI.

Good Faith Clause: Service Provider agrees to act in good faith in the performance of this Contract.

XII.

No Assignment: Service Provider may not assign this Contract.

XIII.

Confidentiality: Service Provider expressly agrees that he or she will not use any incidental confidential information that may be obtained while working in a governmental setting for his or her own benefit, and agrees that he or she will not enter any unauthorized areas or access confidential information and he or she will not disclose any information to unauthorized third parties, and will take care to guard the security of the information at all times.

XIV.

Foreign Terrorist Organizations: Service Provider represents and warrants that it is not engaged in business with Iran, Sudan, or a foreign terrorist organization, as prohibited by Section 2252.152 of the Texas Government Code.

XV.

Public Information: Service Provider understands that County will comply with the Texas Public Information Act as interpreted by judicial ruling and opinions of the Attorney General of the State of Texas. Information, documentation, and other material in connection with this Purchase Order or any resulting contract may be subject to public disclosure pursuant to the Texas Public Information Act.

XVI.

Authorized Expenses: In the event County authorizes, in advance and in writing, reimbursement of non-labor expenses related to the services subject of this Contract, County will pay such actual non-labor expenses in strict accordance with the Williamson County Vendor Reimbursement Policy (as amended), which is incorporated into and made a part of this Contract by reference. The Williamson County Vendor Reimbursement Policy can be found at [WilliamsonCountyVendorReimbursementPolicyMarch2023.pdf \(wilco.org\)](#). Invoices requesting reimbursement for authorized non-labor expenses must be accompanied by copies of the Service Provider's invoice and clearly set forth the actual cost of the expenses, without markup.

XVII.

Entire Contract & Incorporated Documents; Conflicting Terms: This Service Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties and may not be modified or amended other than by a written instrument executed by both parties. Documents expressly incorporated into this Service Agreement include the following:

- A. Service Provider's Proposal, marked **Exhibit "A;"** and
- B. The cooperative purchasing contract or agreement applicable to this Contract (TXMAS Contract No. TXMAS-23-92001).

The County reserves the right and sole discretion to determine the controlling provisions where there is any conflict between the terms of this Contract and the terms of any other purchase order(s), contract(s) or any document attached hereto as exhibits relating to the services and goods subject of this Contract.

XVIII.

County Judge or Presiding Officer Authorized to Sign Contract: The presiding officer of the County's governing body who is authorized to execute this instrument by order duly recorded may execute this Contract on behalf of the County.

WITNESS that this Contract shall be effective as of the date of the last party's execution below.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY:

Authorized Signature

County Judge/Presiding Officer

Date: _____, 20____

SERVICE PROVIDER:

Kofile Technologies, Inc.

Name of Service Provider

Dick Surdykowski Jr.

Authorized Signature

Dick Surdykowski

Printed Name

Date: _____ October 22, 2024

Approved as to Legal Form
JACQUELINE LENTZ
General Counsel, Commissioners Court
Date: Oct 24 2024 Time: 10:28 am

Reviewed by Contract Audit
SARA GREER, CGAP
Contract Auditor
Williamson County Auditor's Office
Date: Oct 24 2024 Time: 6:50 am

**Exhibit “A”
Quote/Proposal**

October 9, 2024

**Honorable Nancy Rister
Williamson County Clerk**

Critical Records Management

Preservation of Probate Records 3005-3926

SUBMITTED BY:

Billy Gerwick
Account Executive
billy.gerwick@kofile.com
(832) 373-9124



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Dear Honorable Nancy Rister,

This proposal addresses Williamson County Clerk's historical records and is presented by Kofile Technologies, Inc. (Kofile). Quoted services include conservation treatments, and rehousing. Archival rehousing includes encapsulation and loose-leaf binding into Archival Recorder Binders. Note that prices for the inventory herein are good for 90 days from the date of this assessment.

Kofile Technologies, Inc. (Kofile) is uniquely qualified to complete Williamson County Clerk's modernization goals by taking an innovative approach to this project to ensure a successful outcome. Kofile's basis for success is decades of experience, realistic solutions, and professional analysis. Each project is unique and deserves special attention. Our team provides realistic solutions, professional analysis, and innovative archival products to equip records stewards with the information and resources needed to preserve collections.

Kofile performs all services in accordance with the Code of Ethics & Guidelines for Practice of the American Institute for Conservation (AIC).

Preservation minimizes the chemical and physical deterioration of the page which prolongs the existence and useful life of the original format. Preservation can include removal of the original from public access, creating a security copy, treatment, stabilization, preventative care, digitization - or any maintenance or repair of the existing resource.

AREAS OF CONCERN

Sound preservation ensures accessibility to these irreplaceable and permanent documents forever.

Acidic Paper

Past papermaking utilized bleach to obtain white sheets. As a result, this paper becomes increasingly acidic as evidenced by embrittlement and yellowish-brown discoloring. Paper also embrittles when relative humidity drops or fluctuates.

Acidic Ink

Acidic inks can "eat" or "burn" through a sheet. Unmonitored temperature and relative humidity (RH) accelerate this process. Inks can also fade with exposure to UV light. Historically, iron gall inks were the standard. These inks contain sulfuric acid - which fades with time. With proper treatments, chemical breakdowns (such as acid hydrolysis) are remedied.

Mechanical Damage (Use & Abuse)

Everyday use greatly affects collections. Sheets bear signs of grime and the natural oils of hands. Exposed sheets are susceptible to damage and loss. Dirt and other pollutants can serve as ignition sources and weaken exposed paper. Exposed fragments become abused even with careful use.

Binding Margin

The binding margins of many volumes are compromised due to guillotining. In order to rebind and protect these sheets, encapsulation is the only solution. If a volume were rebound as is, without encapsulation, vital information would be lost in the binding margin.

Always question vendors if they recommend power cutters (guillotining) to dismantle sewn books. Kofile never attempts any procedure that could result in a loss of text or weaken the integrity of the paper. A sheet's binding margin should never be compromised.

Broken Book Block

Once a binding fails, damage escalates. Sheets are free to drift from the protection of the book block. With exposure, fragments become abused and susceptible to loss.

Failing Index Stacks

Index Books sustain the most use. Thus, they suffer greater risks of text loss and sheet deterioration. Paper strength is completely depleted from continuous use. Eventually, tabs and sheet fragments are lost. Immediate attention is required.

Tape & Non-Archival Adhesives

The Library of Congress warns about the culprits of “pressure sensitive tapes—such as scotch, masking, ‘invisible,’ quick-release, cellophane, and even so-called ‘archival’ tapes”—all are unstable. These tapes and adhesives “will stain the paper and may cause inks and colors to ‘bleed.’ Many lose their adhesive properties and fall off with age, leaving behind a residue that is unsightly, damaging to the item and difficult to remove.”

Adhesive stains lead to issues during imaging. Awarding a low-bid imaging and microfilm project may result in illegible images. To enhance image quality, conservation is essential. A conservator can remove water-based, synthetic, and pressure sensitive adhesives.

Page extenders are an inappropriate “quick fix” to a prevailing problem. To save this collection, the underlying issues causing the deterioration of the sheets’ margins need correcting. The acid content of the sheet extenders only adds to the chemical breakdown of the paper’s fibers.

Lamination Removal

Kofile conservators address the “Laminate” process to the fullest extent possible. Conservators reverse the process and remove the laminate using a proprietary solvent solution. The possibility of removing the “Laminate” depends on careful testing at our conservation lab. In a small percentage of cases, the adhesive is resistant to the solvent solution and cannot be removed safely. Conservators will not attempt removal if the removal process will damage either the document’s paper or ink. If conservators cannot remove the laminate safely, Kofile will contact Williamson County Clerk directly to discuss alternatives.

Non-Archival Quality Materials

The off gasses of deteriorating metals contribute to the chemical breakdown of paper. Major culprits include the metal content of book spines, the surrounding physical environment, and non-archival fasteners (such as binder clips, paper clips, and staples). These off gasses eventually destroy the fabric of the volume. Another symptom of metal oxidation is foxing, or foxlike (reddish and brown color) stains or blotches on paper.

TEMPERATURE & HUMIDITY MONITORING

While temperature and limited air circulation are crucial to a document’s longevity, humidity and water are the most destructive threats.

Relative Humidity (RH) refers to the amount of water vapor present in the air. Maintaining a set point of 40-45% RH is optimal, but costly. The maximum acceptable total RH variation, or operating range, is 5% on either side of this set point. RH should never exceed 55% or drop below 30%.

Temperatures above 75° F and RH higher than 60% encourage mold and other bacteria growth within 48—72 hours.

Even slight changes in temperature can double the natural aging rate of paper. In reality, temperature and RH are not consistent in a local courthouse (especially on weekends).

Red inks
smear first,
then blue
inks, and
lastly,
black inks.

After exposure to water, pages adhere to one another when in a compressed environment. Separation without loss of text and water soluble inks (such as signatures) is vital. These records are extremely fragile.

The mitigation of mold or micro-organics (which can result with the introduction of water or humidity fluctuations), should only be attempted by a trained professional. Water damage can also lead to other issues such as binding failure. The necessary treatments are time consuming and require a highly skilled conservator.

Visit the Image Permanence Institute (IPI) at www.dpcalc.org to explore the correlation of temperature and RH on natural aging, mechanical damage, mold risk, and metal corrosion (as exemplified above). The image above is property of IPI.

TREATMENT SPECIFICATIONS

Kofile regularly addresses historical and permanent documents, including manuscripts, typescripts, negative Photostats, tri-folds, blueprints, re-creations, plats, and maps. No treatment, repair, or maintenance is used that is not 100% reversible.

Dismantle

Original binding materials, such as threads and adhesive residues, are carefully removed. Old manuscripts often have protein-based binding adhesives such as fish, bone, or rabbit skin glues. The application of steam with specialized equipment can soften the materials that are otherwise difficult to remove. Guillotine cutters are never employed. If trimming is necessary, it is accomplished with handheld scissors or specialized shears designed for trimming fragile sheets carefully and accurately. One document is cut at a time to ensure no text is lost.

Surface Cleaning

Surface cleaning sheets removes materials and deposits including dust, soot, airborne particulate, sediment from water damage, mold/mildew residue, active micro-organic growth, insect detritus, or biological or mineral contaminants. Tools include a microspatula, soft dusting brush, latex sponge, powdered vinyl eraser, or soft block eraser.

Removal of Fasteners

Kofile removes fasteners, page markers, and any metal mechanisms. Fasteners, such as binder clips, staples, paper clips, string ties, rubber bands, brads, straight pins, etc., cause damage in short periods. This includes physical damage (decreased paper strength due to punctures or distortion) and chemical damage (rust).

Removal of Tape, Adhesives, Varnish, or Old Repairs

Varnish, tape, and adhesive residue are reduced as much as possible without further degrading the original. When possible, peelers and tape are removed with two primary mechanical techniques: Heat Removal or Peeling. Heat removal is used when adhesive is loose, old, or brittle. Peeling is used when removal by heat is unnecessary. Solvents are a last resort, and local application occurs only after testing.

A microspatula (sometimes heated) coaxes threads, tape, and glue from the paper. A Hot Tools remover can soften adhesive for removal. Dial-Temp controls the transfer of heat and guards against scorching. Remaining adhesive is treated with a gum compound eraser.

Adhesive reduction begins with the most benign process. If mechanical tape removal is unsuccessful, the next alternative is chemical. This is either a local or spot treatment or immersion in a solvent bath. Kofile ensures that its laboratories are equipped to process chemical treatments correctly and safely. Previous repairs that cannot be removed safely will remain.

If possible, water-soluble repairs are removed with water or steam. Only fully-trained, experienced, and supervised staff attempt removal of water-soluble repairs. While iron gall ink is safe for aqueous treatment, many inks may fade and compromise legibility. Extensive testing is required.



Flattening and Humidification

Improperly stored paper becomes inflexible and retains a memory of the storage position. Kofile's technicians are experienced with all methods and tools to "flatten" paper including the use of tacking irons, heat presses, and an Ultrasonic Humidification Chamber.

After careful testing, the Ultrasonic Humidification Chamber is used to correct the most fragile documents folds and bends. This significant investment, with which other private labs are rarely equipped, represents Kofile's foresight and commitment to offering the best available technology.



Mending torn paper is an art form and requires a variety of materials depending on the paper's color, tone, condition, and weight. The length of the tear(s) and the degree of embrittlement or fragmentation are also concerns. Kofile generally mends tears greater than 1/2" if the document is going to be encapsulated.

A specialized paper and paste is commonly used and all mending materials are acid free and reversible. Mending strips are cut so the edge of the paper visually integrates with the page without clashing aesthetically or historically. Fragmented edges, folds, tears, cracks, voids, and losses are all mended in this fashion. The mending paper used is strong and is transparent after application and while visible to the trained eye, it does not distract from the document.



A low-temperature, acrylic adhesive that bonds to the paper may also be used for reinforcement of damaged sheets. Kofile also constructs its own version with acid-free tissue paper and liquid acrylic adhesive. An 1848 Probate Record before and after treatment. The image to the right shows the page after deacidification, tape removal, and mending with archival tissue.



Deacidification

Deacidification is only performed after careful pH and compatibility testing. Kofile is equipped with multiple custom-built spray exhaust booths. All are routed through a HVAC system for optimum performance.

A commercially-prepared buffer solution is applied to both sides of the sheet with compressed air sprayer equipment (see right picture). The solution is non-flammable and non-toxic. The active ingredient, magnesium oxide, neutralizes acid and provides an alkaline reserve. This chemical is inert, safe, and does not degrade the sheet.

Once the buffer is applied, the paper's pH alters slowly. After deacidification, random testing ensures an 8 pH with a deviation of no more than 2-4%.



Encapsulation

In archival encapsulation, the document floats freely and is not taped or glued to the pocket. Kofile uses SKC SH725 polyester (Polyethylene Terephthalate - PET) which is the most inert, rigid, dimensionally stable (dimstab), and strongest plastic film. Otherwise known as Mylar® Type D or Melinex® 516, it is crystal clear, smooth, odorless, and is resistant to distorting or melting in case of fire.

Each sheet is encapsulated in a 2 mil patented polyester pocket: Lay Flat Archival Polyester Pocket™, US Patent #7,943,220 B1, 5/17/2011. This pocket is welded closed on three sides, and a Reemay® strip, or spunbond polyester, statically seals out atmospheric pollutants while allowing off-gassing on the fourth side. This provides easy access to the original document without cutting the pocket (some companies weld all four sides).

This construction allows for a flat book block and reinforces the binding edge for added strength and years of service. Available in custom sizes, the Pocket dimensions will match the 'book block' dimensions with a 1½" or 1¼" binding margin.



ARCHIVAL RECORDER BINDERS

Volumes are hand-cased at 250 pages or less and pockets are punched (on the binding edge). Books with large capacities may be split to account for the weight of the Mylar. Kofile punches pockets to any hole specifications and can repair/replace index tabs.

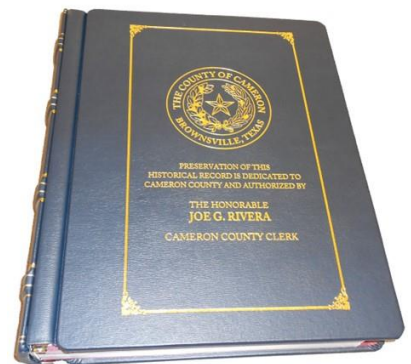
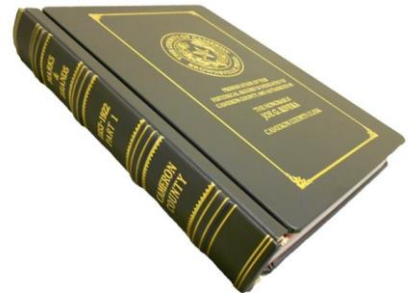
Kofile manufactures binder components at 1/4" incremental capacities on a per-book basis. Kofile punches sheets to any hole specifications and repair/replace index tabs as necessary. Kofile can manufacture custom binder sizes, shapes, spines, colors, and lettering. Each binder features durable cover boards and a spine to support the pages' weight. All materials, including the cover boards and adhesives, are acid free.

Stamping

Title stamping can follow the same format/style of the originals. A stamping sheet is sent for approval. If any titling, dates, or other information from an original volume is noted in error, Williamson County Clerk is notified. Any changes are approved by Williamson County Clerk. Tooling is performed with 23-karat gold foil.

Heritage Recorder Binder

The Heritage Recorder Binder (pictured right) is a post binder, but the binding can also be sewn. This binder is available in various colors in genuine or imitation leather, or canvas. Cover printing is foil on the leathers and hot stamp printing on the canvas.



SCOPE OF SERVICES

General treatments and services are outlined in the following. Services are tailored to the needs of the specific item.

Preservation—Conservation Treatments, Deacidify, Encapsulate, & Bind (PRV)

- Kofile creates a permanent log (noting condition, page order, characteristics, and treatments) for each item upon receipt. Items are inspected and control numbered as necessary. A final quality check references this log.
- Dismantle volumes by hand (if applicable).
- Surface clean sheets. Tools include a microspatula, soft dusting brush, latex sponge, powdered vinyl eraser, or soft block eraser. Surface cleaning removes materials and deposits—e.g., dust, soot, airborne particulate, sediment from water damage, mold/mildew residue, active micro-organic growth, insect detritus, or biological or mineral contaminants.
- Remove any non-archival repairs, adhesives, residual glues, or fasteners to the extent possible without causing damage to paper and inks.
- Mend tears and guard burns on back side of sheets with acid free and reversible mending materials.
- Deacidify sheets (each side of each sheet) after careful testing with Bookkeepers®. This commercial solution of magnesium oxide, which neutralizes acidic inks and paper by providing an alkaline reserve (after pH and compatibility testing). Random testing ensures an 8.5 pH with a deviation of no more than $\pm .5$.
- Encapsulate each sheet in a Lay Flat Archival Polyester Pocket™. Each custom envelope is composed of Skyroll SH72S® Mylar and includes a patented lay flat design. Dimensions match the "book block" dimensions, with a 1¼" binding margin.
- Re-bind in custom-fitted and stamped archival quality binder. Each binder is manufactured on a per-book basis and sized to 1/4" incremental capacities. This binder is available with four hubs, a gold-tooled spine, and is roller shelf-compatible. A volume may return split due to the added weight of the Mylar, depending on page count.
- A dedication/treatment report is included in each binder.

PROJECT PRICING

This project is presented via TXMAS Contract No. TXMAS-23-92001. Please reference this number on the P.O. Without a signed agreement, prices are good for 90 days. All pricing is based on estimated page counts and condition. Final billing occurs on actual page counts and condition per mutually agreed upon pricing; not to exceed the P.O. without written authorization.

Williamson County Clerk		
Preservation Project Overview		
Record Series	Page Count	Estimated Total
Probate Cases - Phase 3 Case Files 3005-3926	62,655	\$499,986.90

This proposal shall be governed by the Williamson County Service Agreement and terms found at <https://kofile.com/termsandconditions>. Service Agreement terms will govern in the event of a conflict.

Payment Terms: Billing will occur based on work delivered.

CUSTOMER ACCEPTANCE

Signature of Authorized Official

Print Name of Authorized Official

Title of Authorized Official

Date

KOFILE ACCEPTANCE

Dick Surdykowski Jr.

Signature of Authorized Official

Signature of Authorized Official

Dick Surdykowski

Print Name of Authorized Official

Print Name of Authorized Official

Chief Revenue Officer

Title of Authorized Official

Title of Authorized Official

October 22, 2024

Date

Date

PURCHASING VIA TXMAS

Please reference Contract No. **TXMAS-23-92001** directly on the P.O. Kofile has prepared a 'Shopping Cart' in TxSmartBuy so Williamson County Clerk can complete this purchase – after logging in, cut and paste the following link into the browser:

STATE OF TEXAS CO-OP MEMBER LISTING FOR Williamson County Clerk

LINK	https://www.txsmartbuy.com/member_search/726
CO-OP #	C2460
Contact	JOY SIMONTON; Joy.simonton@wilco.org
Expiration	5/31/2025

https://www.txsmartbuy.com/app/siteRedirector.ssp?origin=home&origin_hash=sharedCart?viewFilter=%7B%22savedCartId%22%3A%2225513167%22%2C%22createDate%22%3A%222024-5-6-15-40%22%2C%22isPurchaser%22%3Afalse%2C%22isPurchaseOrder%22%3Afalse%7D

Williamson County Clerk is billed using the following TXMAS line items:

TXMAS BILLING LINE ITEMS						
Part No.	NIGP	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	QUANTITY	LINE TOTAL
PRV703	96272	Case File Preservation by Page	Page	\$7.98	62,655	\$499,986.90
TOTAL						\$499,986.90

ACCESSIBILITY OF RECORDS

Records held at Kofile are maintained as private and confidential material. Williamson County Clerk is guaranteed access to records via email or toll-free fax at our expense. Upon receipt of a records request, Kofile will flag the requested record and verify inventory control, pull supporting paperwork, and email/fax a response to the approved requester or alternate. The turnaround time for a records request will meet or exceed requirements.

Please note that all records (including volumes, documents, digital images, metadata or microfilm) serviced by Kofile shall remain the property of Williamson County Clerk. This policy applies to any agreement, verbal or written, between Williamson County Clerk and Kofile.

The records are not used by Kofile other than in connection with providing the services pursuant to any agreement between Kofile and Williamson County Clerk. The records are not commercially exploited by or on behalf of Kofile, its employees, officers, agents, invitees or assigns, in any respect.

Please let me know if you have any questions. We look forward to serving Williamson County Clerk and to working together for the preservation and access of its public and historical assets.

Sincerely,

Billy Gerwick

Billy Gerwick

c: (832) 373-9124

e: billy.gerwick@kofile.com

lgs

Kofile Agreement (FY25)(Revised 102124) (002)

Final Audit Report

2024-10-22

Created:	2024-10-22
By:	Mike Strachan (michael.strachan@kofile.com)
Status:	Signed
Transaction ID:	CBJCHBCAABAAVsg7q3v53KPjDCO0xtytdv-UmwgmhVZU

"Kofile Agreement (FY25)(Revised 102124) (002)" History

-  Document created by Mike Strachan (michael.strachan@kofile.com)
2024-10-22 - 9:36:10 PM GMT
-  Document emailed to Dick Surdykowski Jr (dick.surdykowski@kofile.com) for signature
2024-10-22 - 9:36:45 PM GMT
-  Email viewed by Dick Surdykowski Jr (dick.surdykowski@kofile.com)
2024-10-22 - 9:37:26 PM GMT
-  Document e-signed by Dick Surdykowski Jr (dick.surdykowski@kofile.com)
Signature Date: 2024-10-22 - 9:37:52 PM GMT - Time Source: server
-  Agreement completed.
2024-10-22 - 9:37:52 PM GMT