NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

AVERY RANCH ROAD DISTRICT No. 1 PEARSON PLACE ROAD DISTRICT NORTHWOODS ROAD DISTRICT No. 1 SOMERSET HILLS ROAD DISTRICT No. 3 SOMERSET HILLS ROAD DISTRICT No. 4

April 23, 2024 9:30 A.M.

The Commissioners Court of Williamson County, Texas, under the authority and pursuant to Texas Transportation Code, Chapter 257, will meet in regular session on Tuesday, April 23, at 9:30 a.m. the place being the Commissioners Courtroom, 710 Main Street, in Georgetown, Texas to consider the following items:

- **1.** Review and approval of minutes.
- 2. Receive, review and discuss the Fiscal Year 2023 Avery Ranch No 1, Pearson Place, Northwoods No 1, Somerset Hills No 4, and Somerset Hills No 3 Road Districts Annual Financial Reports. Take any appropriate action as deemed necessary regarding the same.
- 3. Discuss and take appropriate action on the Avery Ranch Road District No. 1, the Pearson Place Road District, the Northwoods Road District No. 1, Somerset Hills Road District No. 4, and the Somerset Hills Road District No. 3 including, but not limited to payment of bills.
- **4.** Discuss, consider, and take appropriate action on approving road district collections for the month of March 2024 for the Williamson County Tax Assessor/Collector.

Bill Gravell, Jr., County Judge

Road District 2.

Meeting Date: 04/23/2024

Fiscal Year 2023 Annual Financial Road District Reports

Submitted For: Ganae Hempe, County Auditor

Department: County Auditor

Information

Agenda Item

Receive, review and discuss the Fiscal Year 2023 Avery Ranch No 1, Pearson Place, Northwoods No 1, Somerset Hills No 4, and Somerset Hills No 3 Road Districts Annual Financial Reports. Take any appropriate action as deemed necessary regarding the same.

Background

This presentation will be made by Julie Kiley, County Auditor.

Fiscal Impact

From/To Acct No. Description Amount			
	From/To	Acct No.	Amount

Attachments

2023 Avery Ranch Road District No 1 Financial Report

2023 Pearson Place Road District Financial Report

2023 Northwoods Road District No 1 Financial Report

2023 Somerset Hills Road District No 4 Financial Report

2023 Somerset Hills Road District No 3 Financial Report

Form Review

Inbox Reviewed By Date

County Judge Exec Asst. Becky Pruitt 04/03/2024 11:21 AM

Form Started By: Ganae Hempe Started On: 04/02/2024 01:45 PM Final Approval Date: 04/03/2024

Financial Report For the Fiscal Year End September 30, 2023



Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 Financial Report For the Fiscal Year End September 30, 2023 Table of Contents

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Avery Ranch Road District No. 1

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 (the District), a component unit of Williamson County, Texas (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the District and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County, as of September 30, 2023, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Board of Directors of Avery Ranch Road District No. 1

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

The Board of Directors of Avery Ranch Road District No. 1

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 6 and budgetary comparison on page 15 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Supplementary Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information.

Weaver and Siduell, L.S.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Austin, Texas March 29, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

As management of the Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Overview of the District

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners Court on February 27, 2001, and confirmed at an election held within the District on May 5, 2001, and operated pursuant to Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code and Section 1471 of the Texas Government Code. The District was created for the main purpose of constructing or reimbursing the developers, Continental Homes of Texas, L.P., a Texas limited partnership, Avery Ranch, Ltd., a Texas limited partnership, and Rathgeber Investment Company, Ltd., a Texas limited partnership, for the costs of constructing, acquiring by purchase, maintaining and operating a four-lane divided road within the District, known as Avery Ranch Boulevard. The District is located in the City of Austin and in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Austin, all within Williamson County, Texas.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities of Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 exceeded its assets as of September 30, 2023, by \$1,317,156 (i.e., net deficit).
- The District's total net position increased by \$896,365 during the year.
- Cash and investments equaled \$182,643.
- Annual expenses consist of debt service payments and related debt service fees such as paying agent/registrar fees.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section); (2) government-wide financial statements, which include the fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements include the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet and statement of activities and governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance that present information for the District as a whole and provide an indication of the District's financial health.

The statement of net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Management's Discussion And Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

In fiscal year 2023, the District's taxable assessed value totaled \$2,219,892,538 compared to \$1,833,530,199 in fiscal year 2022. The tax rate is set after reviewing operating and debt service requirements. The District's primary revenue source is property taxes.

The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The District's funds are governmental funds and, as such, the financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The financial statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 9 of this report.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. As of September 30, 2023, the District's liabilities exceeded assets by \$1,317,156.

Avery Ranch Road District Net Position

	 2023	2022		
Assets and deferred outflows	\$ 188,259	\$	239,440	
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	1,498,265 7,150		2,442,398 10,563	
Total liabilities	1,505,415		2,452,961	
Net position Restricted Unassigned	 181,109 (1,498,265)		228,877 (2,442,398)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (1,317,156)	\$	(2,213,521)	

Overall, the District had an increase in net position of \$896,365. This increase is primarily related to the District paying down the principal balance of bonded debt.

Management's Discussion And Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Avery Ranch Road District's Change in Net Position

	2023	2022		
Revenues				
General revenues				
Assessments	\$ 920,153	\$	1,221,633	
Interest	36,760		7,159	
Total general revenues	956,913		1,228,792	
Expenses				
General government	13,194		15,872	
Interest and fiscal charges	 47,354		65,628	
Total expenses	 60,548		81,500	
Change in net position	896,365		1,147,292	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), beginning	(2,213,521)		(3,360,813)	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), ending	\$ (1,317,156)	\$	(2,213,521)	

The Debt Service Fund remitted bond principal payments of \$910,000 and interest and fiscal charges of \$84,900 for fiscal year 2023.

The District owes \$1,430,000 to bond holders as of September 30, 2023. More detailed information about the District's long-term debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Discussion of Currently Known Facts, Decision or Condition in Fiscal Year 2024

The property tax base for fiscal year 2024 is \$2,241,783,460. The tax rate is \$0.0320 on each \$100 of taxable value. Approximately 100% of the property tax will be set aside for debt service.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens with a general overview of the District's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, please contact the Williamson County Auditor's Office at (512) 943-1500; 710 Main Street, Suite 301, Georgetown, Texas 78626.

Avery Ranch Road District No. 1Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2023

	 Debt Service	 Totals	A	djustments_	itement of et Position
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 182,643	\$ 182,643	\$	-	\$ 182,643
Property tax receivable	 5,616	5,616		-	 5,616
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 188,259	\$ 188,259	\$		\$ 188,259
LIABILITIES					
Interest payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$	7,150	\$ 7,150
Non-current liabilities					
Due within one year	-	-		754,132	754,132
Due in more than one year	 _	-		744,133	744,133
Total liabilities	-	-		1,505,415	1,505,415
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred property taxes	 5,480	5,480		(5,480)	
Total deferred inflows					
of resources	5,480	5,480		(5,480)	-
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION					
Fund balance					
Restricted for debt service	 182,779	 182,779		(182,779)	
Total fund balance	 182,779	 182,779		(182,779)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources and fund balance	\$ 188,259	\$ 188,259			
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
Restricted for debt service				181,109	181,109
Unassigned				(1,498,265)	(1,498,265)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			\$	(1,317,156)	\$ (1,317,156)

Avery Ranch Road District No. 1Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	:	Debt Service	Totals	A	djustments	atement of Activities
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES						
Current						
General government	\$	13,194	\$ 13,194	\$	-	\$ 13,194
Debt service						
Principal		910,000	910,000		(910,000)	-
Interest and fiscal charges		84,900	84,900		(37,546)	 47,354
Total expenditures/expenses		1,008,094	1,008,094		(947,546)	60,548
GENERAL REVENUES						
Property taxes		919,687	919,687		466	920,153
Interest		36,760	36,760		-	 36,760
Total general revenues		956,447	956,447		466	956,913
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(51,647)	(51,647)		948,012	896,365
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION (DEFICIT)						
Beginning		234,426	234,426		(2,447,947)	 (2,213,521)
Ending	\$	182,779	\$ 182,779	\$	(1,499,935)	\$ (1,317,156)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code and Chapter 1471, Texas Government Code allow a commissioners court of a county to establish one or more road districts in the county. A road district created pursuant to the Act is a political subdivision and a body corporate of the State of Texas. The Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 (the District) was created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners Court on February 27, 2001, in accordance with the Texas Government Code and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution.

The District is governed by the Williamson County Commissioners Court and is a component unit of Williamson County.

On May 11, 2001, the District's voters authorized the issuance of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of reimbursing the developer for the construction costs of developing roads within the District. The District issues unlimited tax bonds to reimburse developers after each construction project is completed. The bonds are payable from property taxes.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are supported by property taxes and investment revenue.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

The government-wide and fund financial statements are provided for the governmental funds of the District with a column for adjustments between the two statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. There was no activity in this fund in fiscal year 2023.

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Investments

Investments for the District are reported at amortized cost. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables

Property taxes are levied on October 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Statements are mailed on October 1, or as soon thereafter as possible, and are due upon receipt. All unpaid taxes become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year. Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as changes on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Changes on refundings are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). The objective of the statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing government fund type definitions. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54 are nonspendable, restricted for, committed to, assigned and unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of constraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements

In accordance with GASB 54, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

<u>Restricted</u>

Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes, which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amount restricted due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unassigned</u>

Includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

When both restricted and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Stewardship and Accountability

Deficit Net Position

A net position deficit of \$1,317,156 exists in governmental activities as of September 30, 2023. This deficit is the result of the District issuing bonds to finance the construction of roads contributed to the City of Austin. As of September 30, 2023, the amount of bonds outstanding that were used to finance construction of assets transferred to the City of Austin was \$1,430,000.

Note 3. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 182,779
Property tax revenues earned but not available within 60 days of the year ended are not recognized as revenue in the governmental funds	5,480
Accrued interest on bonds payable is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds	(7,150)
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(1,498,265)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities	\$ (1,317,156)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities and change in fund balance of governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance are different because:

Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 896,365
Principal payments on long-term obligations are expensed in the funds but reduce the balance of these obligations payable in the statement of net position	910,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources	37,546
Property tax revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds	466
Change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ (51,647)

Note 4. Investments

As of September 30, 2023, the District had the following investments:

	Α	mortized	Weighted Average
Investment type		Cost	Maturity (Days)
TexPool Prime	\$	182,863	39
Total investments	\$	182,863	

The District's investment in TexPool Prime, which is a 2a7-like pool, is recorded at amortized cost, which is believed to approximate fair value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

TexPool Prime is duly chartered and overseen by the State Comptroller's Office, administered and managed by Federated Investors, Inc. State Street Bank serves as the custodial bank. The portfolio consists of U.S. Government securities; collateralized repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; AAA rated money market mutual funds; commercial paper and certificates of deposit.

TexPool Prime transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and weighted average life of 120 days or less, investments held are highly rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, have no more than 5% of portfolio with one issuer (excluding US government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. The investment pool has a redemption notice period of one day and no maximum transaction amounts. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar weighted maturity of its investment portfolios to a maximum of 180 days.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Credit Risk

It is the District's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. TexPool Prime was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

Note 5. Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of the long-term liability transactions of the District for the year ended September 30, 2023:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions Deletions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Refunding bonds	\$ 2,340,000	\$	-	\$	(910,000)	\$	1,430,000	\$	720,000						
Premium on issuance of bonds	 102,398				(34,133)		68,265		34,132						
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 2,442,398	\$		\$	(944,133)	\$	1,498,265	\$	754,132						

Long-term debt of the District consists of various issues of General Obligation Bonds. General Obligation Bonds require voter approval at a public election before issuance. The bonds constitute direct obligations of the District payable from ad valorem taxes levied upon all taxable property located within the District.

Issue Date	Description	Maturity	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Coupon Date	Outstanding Balance
5/23/2019	Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2019	8/15/2025	\$ 3,550,000	3.0 - 4.0%	2/15, 8/15	\$ 1,430,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Years Ending	 G	nental Activiti	tivities				
September 30,	Principal		nterest		Total		
2024	720,000		57,200		777,200		
2025	 710,000		28,400		738,400		
Total	\$ 1,430,000	\$	85,600	\$	1,515,600		

Required Supplementary Information

Avery Ranch Road District No. 1Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Original and Final	_			Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES				•			
Taxes	\$ 903,203	\$	919,687	\$	16,484		
Interest	 11,400		36,760		25,360		
Total revenues	914,603		956,447		41,844		
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	18,000		13,194		4,806		
Debt service							
Principal	910,000		910,000		-		
Interest and other charges	 84,900		84,900		-		
Total expenditures	1,012,900		1,008,094		4,806		
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES							
UNDER EXPENDITURES	 (98,297)		(51,647)		46,650		
FUND BALANCE, beginning	 234,426		234,426				
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 136,129	\$	182,779	\$	46,650		

Supplementary Information

(Unaudited)

Avery Ranch Road District No. 1Debt Service Requirements and Tax Rate Calculations September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Debt Service Requirements

Years Ending	 Outstanding Debt						
September 30,	 Principal	I	nterest		Total		
2024 2025	\$ 720,000 710,000	\$	57,200 28,400	\$	777,200 738,400		
Total	\$ 1,430,000	\$	85,600	\$	1,515,600		

Tax Rate Calculations

Average annual Tax Supported Principal and Interest Requirements, 2024-2025	\$ 757,800
\$0.0341 Tax Rate at 99% Collection Produces	\$ 756,804
Maximum Tax Supported Principal and Interest Requirements, 2024	\$ 777,200
\$0.0350 Tax Rate at 99% Collection Produces	\$ 776,778

Principal Property Taxpayers September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

The following table represents the principal taxpayers within the District, the estimated taxable assessed value of such property, and such property's assessed value as a percentage of the District's 2023/2024 Certified Taxable Valuation of \$2,241,783,460.

	;	% of Total Taxable	
	Taxo	Assessed	
Name of Taxpayer		Valuation	Valuation
WSP Development #6 Ltd.	\$	27,000,300	1.20%
AR Plaza LP		16,000,000	0.71%
Mcminn Partners LLC		4,792,518	0.21%
Altamira LLC		4,502,600	0.20%
Abacus School of Austin LLC		4,400,000	0.20%
Waterstone/HTK Dev. Co. LLC		4,052,557	0.18%
Magnolia Hospitality Mgt. Co. LLC		3,900,768	0.17%
Salomon Development Co. LP		3,368,370	0.15%
Comerica Bank Texas		3,168,735	0.14%
RBH CNC Ltd.		2,900,000	0.13%
Total	\$	74,085,848	3.29%

Future Debt

The District does not anticipate the issuance of any additional new money debt. Any such additional new money debt would require separate voter approval. The District, however, may from time to time issue refunding bonds.

Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt and Taxes September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Taxing Jurisdiction			Estimated % Applicable	Overlapping Tax Debt 9/30/2023
Avery Ranch Road District No. 1	\$	1,498,265	100.00%	\$ 1,498,265
Austin Community College District		562,445,000	0.66%	3,712,137
City of Austin		1,516,190,000	1.02%	15,465,138
Leander ISD		1,376,628,738	3.18%	43,776,794
Round Rock ISD		741,145,000	1.58%	11,710,091
Upper Brushy Creek WCID		51,320,000	3.02%	1,549,864
Williamson County		1,219,837,405	2.23%	 27,202,374
Total direct and overlapping funded debt				\$ 93,204,572

Ratio of direct and overlapping debt to taxable assessed valuation

4.16% ¹

Set forth below is an estimation of taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by such jurisdictions. No recognition is given to local assessments for civil association dues, emergency medical service contributions, fire department contributions or any other charges made by entities other than political subdivisions. All the land located with the District lies within the County. The following chart includes the 2023/2024 taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by all such taxing jurisdictions.

Taxing Jurisdiction	2023/2024 Tax Rates			
Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 Austin Community College District	\$	0.0320 0.0986		
City of Austin Leander ISD		0.4458 1.1087		
Williamson County	,	0.3331		
Total estimated tax bill	\$	2.0182		

¹Excludes Round Rock ISD overlappting debt in order to avoid double-counting of debt.

Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023



Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023 Table of Contents

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Pearson Place Road District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Pearson Place Road District (the District), a component unit of Williamson County, Texas (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the District and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County, as of September 30, 2023, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

1

The Board of Directors of Pearson Place Road District

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

The Board of Directors of Pearson Place Road District

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 6 and budgetary comparison on page 15 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Supplementary Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Weaver and Tiduell L.L.P.

Austin, Texas

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

As management of the Pearson Place Road District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Overview of the District

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners Court on July 20, 2010, after holding a public hearing pursuant to Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code. The District was created for the main purpose of constructing or reimbursing the developers, Century Land Holdings II, LLC, for the costs of constructing, acquiring by purchase, maintaining and operating a four-lane divided road within the District, known as Neenah Avenue. The District is located within the corporate limits of the City of Austin, all within Williamson County, Texas.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities of Pearson Place Road District exceeded its assets as of September 30, 2023, by \$3,675,337 (i.e., net deficit).
- The District's total net position increased by \$200,209 during the year.
- Cash and investments equaled \$984,912.
- Annual expenses consist of debt service payments, and related debt service fees such as paying agent/registrar fees.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section); (2) government-wide financial statements, which include the fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements include the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet and statement of activities and governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance that present information for the District as a whole and provide an indication of the District's financial health.

The statement of net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

In fiscal year 2023, the District's taxable assessed value totaled \$416,690,071 compared to \$361,186,140 in fiscal year 2022. The tax rate is set after reviewing operating and debt service requirements. The District's primary revenue source will be property taxes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The District's funds are governmental funds and, as such, the financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The financial statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 9 of this report.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. As of September 30, 2023, the District's liabilities exceeded assets by \$3,675,337.

Pearson Place Road District Net Position

	 2023	2022		
Assets	\$ 984,988		973,324	
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	 4,641,969 18,356		4,829,857 19,013	
Total liabilities	4,660,325		4,848,870	
Net position Restricted Unassigned	966,632 (4,641,969)		954,311 (4,829,857)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (3,675,337)	\$	(3,875,546)	

Overall, the District had an increase in net position of \$200,209. This increase is primarily related to the District paying down the principal balance of bonded debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Pearson Place Road District's Change in Net Position

	2023	 2022
Revenues	_	_
General revenues		
Assessments	\$ 292,959	\$ 325,518
Interest	53,824	8,621
Total general revenues	346,783	334,139
Expenses		
General government	7,619	7,826
Interest and fiscal charges	138,955	142,587
Total expenses	146,574	 150,413
Change in net position	200,209	183,726
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), beginning	(3,875,546)	(4,059,272)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), ending	\$ (3,675,337)	\$ (3,875,546)

The District owes \$4,410,000 to bond holders as of September 30, 2023. More detailed information about the District's long-term debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Discussion of Currently Known Facts, Decision or Condition in Fiscal Year 2024

The property tax base for fiscal year 2024 is \$432,942,290. The tax rate is \$0.0610 on each \$100 of taxable value. Approximately 100% of the property tax will be set aside for debt service.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens with a general overview of the District's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, please contact the Williamson County Auditor's Office at (512) 943-1500; 710 Main Street, Suite 301, Georgetown, Texas 78626.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2023

	Debt Service Totals		Adjustments		Statement of Net Position		
ASSETS				•			
Cash and investments	\$	984,912	\$ 984,912	\$	-	\$	984,912
Property tax receivable		76	 76		_		76
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	984,988	\$ 984,988	\$	-	\$	984,988
LIABILITIES							
Interest payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	18,356	\$	18,356
Non-current liabilities							
Due within one year		-	-		192,888		192,888
Due in more than one year		-			4,449,081		4,449,081
Total liabilities		-	-		4,660,325		4,660,325
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred property taxes		76	 76		(76)		
Total deferred inflows of resources		76	76		(76)		-
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION Fund balance							
Restricted for debt service		984,912	984,912		(984,912)		
Total fund balance		984,912	984,912		(984,912)		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	984,988	\$ 984,988				
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)							
Restricted for debt service					966,632		966,632
Unassigned					(4,641,969)		(4,641,969)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				\$	(3,675,337)	\$	(3,675,337)

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	S	Debt Service	Totals		Adjustments		Statement of Activities	
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES								
General government	\$	7,619	\$	7,619	\$	-	\$	7,619
Debt service								
Principal		175,000		175,000		(175,000)		-
Interest and fiscal charges		152,500		152,500		(13,545)		138,955
Total expenditures / expenses		335,119		335,119		(188,545)		146,574
GENERAL REVENUES								
Property taxes		292,959		292,959		-		292,959
Interest		53,824		53,824		-		53,824
Total general revenues		346,783		346,783		-		346,783
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		11,664		11,664		188,545		200,209
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION		11,664		11,664		188,545		200,209
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION, (DEFICIT), beginning of year		973,248		973,248		(4,848,794)		(3,875,546)
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION (DEFICIT), end of year	\$	984,912	\$	984,912	\$	(4,660,249)	\$	(3,675,337)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code and Chapter 1471, Texas Government Code allow a commissioners court of a county to establish one or more road districts in the county. A road district created pursuant to the Act is a political subdivision and a body corporate of the State of Texas. The Pearson Place Road District (the District) was created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners Court on July 20, 2010, in accordance with the Texas Government Code and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution.

The District is governed by the Williamson County Commissioners Court and is a component unit of Williamson County.

On November 2, 2010, the District's voters authorized the issuance of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of reimbursing the developer for the construction costs of developing roads within the District. The District issues unlimited tax bonds to reimburse the developer after each construction project is completed. The bonds are payable from property taxes.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are supported by property taxes and investment revenue.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

The government-wide and fund financial statements are provided for the governmental funds of the District with a column for adjustments between the two statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. There was no activity in this fund in fiscal year 2023.

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Investments

Investments for the District are reported at fair market value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables

Property taxes are levied on October 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Statements are mailed on October 1, or as soon thereafter as possible, and are due upon receipt. All unpaid taxes become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year. Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). The objective of the statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing government fund type definitions. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54 are nonspendable, restricted for, committed to, assigned and unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of constraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements

In accordance with GASB 54, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

<u>Restricted</u>

Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes, which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amount restricted due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unassianed

Includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

When both restricted and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Stewardship and Accountability

Deficit Net Position

A net position deficit of \$3,675,337 exists in governmental activities as of September 30, 2023. This deficit is the result of the District issuing bonds to finance the construction of roads that will be contributed to City of Austin. As of September 30, 2023, the amount of bonds outstanding that were used to finance construction of assets and pay debt service was \$4,410,000.

Note 3. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 984,912
Property tax revenues earned but not available within 60 days of the year end are not recognized as revenue in the governmental funds	76
Accrued interest on bonds payable is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds	(18,356)
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(4,641,969)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities	\$ (3,675,337)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities and change in fund balance of governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance are different because:

Change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 11,664
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources	13,545
Principal payments on long-term obligations are expensed in the funds but reduce the balance of these obligations payable in the statement of net position	175,000
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 200,209

Note 4. Investments

As of September 30, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	Α	mortized Cost	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
LOGIC	\$	985,111	42
Total investments	\$	985,111	

The District's investment in LOGIC (the Pool), which is a 2a7-like pool recorded at amortized cost. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

LOGIC is duly chartered by the State of Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act, is administered by Hilltop Securities, Inc. and J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. (JPMIM), and managed by JPMIM, who provides custody and investment management.

LOGIC's investment objectives are to seek preservation of principal, liquidity, and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. The portfolio will maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity that does not exceed 60 days and seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. LOGIC may invest in securities including: obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including the Federal Home Loan Banks; other obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the U.S.; fully collateralized repurchase agreements with a defined termination date and unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the U.S. or its agencies and instrumentalities; SEC-registered money-market fund rated in the highest rating category by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO); and commercial paper as authorized under the Public Funds Investment Act. The investment pool has a redemption notice period of one day and no maximum transaction amounts. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar weighted maturity of its investment portfolios to a maximum of 180 days.

Credit Risk

It is the District's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. LOGIC was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

Note 5. Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of the long-term liability transactions of the District for the year ended September 30, 2023:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Unlimited tax bonds	\$ 4,585,000	\$	-	\$	(175,000)	\$	4,410,000	\$	180,000
Premium on issuance of bonds Discount on issuance	253,353		-		(13,335)		240,018		13,335
of bonds	(8,496)	,			447		(8,049)		(447)
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 4,829,857	\$		\$	(187,888)	\$	4,641,969	\$	192,888

Issue Date	Description	Maturity	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Coupon Date	Outstanding Balance
8/15/2016	Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016	8/15/2041	\$ 5,315,000	2.0 - 4.0%	2/15, 8/15	\$ 4,410,000

Long-term debt of the District consists of an issued General Obligation Bond. General Obligation Bonds require voter approval at a public election before issuance. The bond constitutes a direct obligation of the District payable from ad valorem taxes levied upon all taxable property located within the District.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Years Ending	Governmental Activities						
September 30,		Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	180,000	\$	146,850	\$	326,850	
2025		185,000		141,450		326,450	
2026		190,000		134,050		324,050	
2027		200,000		126,450		326,450	
2028		205,000		118,450		323,450	
2029-2033		1,165,000		463,850		1,628,850	
2034-2038		1,365,000		263,400		1,628,400	
2039-2041		920,000		55,650		975,650	
Total	\$	4,410,000	\$	1,450,150	\$	5,860,150	

Required Supplementary Information

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Original nd Final	 Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 287,076	\$ 292,959	\$	5,883
Interest	 13,200	 53,824		40,624
Total revenues	300,276	346,783		46,507
EXPENDITURES				
General government	8,925	7,619		1,306
Debt service				
Principal	175,000	175,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 152,500	152,500		
Total expenditures	336,425	 335,119		1,306
Net change in fund balance	(36,149)	11,664		47,813
FUND BALANCE, beginning	 973,248	973,248		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 937,099	\$ 984,912	\$	47,813

Supplementary Information

(Unaudited)

Debt Service Requirements and Tax Rate Calculations September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Debt Service Requirements

Years Ending	Outstanding Debt							
September 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2024	\$	180,000	\$	146,850	\$	326,850		
2025		185,000		141,450		326,450		
2026		190,000		134,050		324,050		
2027		200,000		126,450		326,450		
2028		205,000		118,450		323,450		
2029-2033		1,165,000		463,850		1,628,850		
2034-2038		1,365,000		263,400		1,628,400		
2039-2041		920,000		55,650		975,650		
Total	\$	4,410,000	\$	1,450,150	\$	5,860,150		

Tax Rate Calculations

Average annual Tax Supported Principal and Interest Requirements, 2024-2041 \$0.0752 Tax Rate at 100% Collection Produces	\$ \$	325,564 325,573
Maximum Tax Supported Principal and Interest Requirements, 2036	\$	327,950
\$0.0757 Tax Rate at 100% Collection Produces	\$	327,737

Principal Property Taxpayers September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

The following table represents the principal taxpayers within the District, the estimated taxable assessed value of such property, and such property's assessed value as a percentage of the District's 2023/2024 Certified Taxable Valuation of \$432,942,290.

			% of
	2	Total Taxable	
	Taxo	able Assessed	Assessed
Name of Taxpayer		Valuation	Valuation
Kristin Kay & David Scott Lee Swenson	\$	1,742,639	0.40%
Srimathi Govindan & Balaji Navalpakkam Kannan		1,448,990	0.33%
Ravi & Reema Kashyap		1,395,255	0.32%
Kyoungkoo & Namkyoung Lee		1,189,020	0.27%
Arathi Palahalli Kumar		1,181,908	0.27%
Jeff R. Huang & Nancy C. Wang		1,151,730	0.27%
Zulfiqar Maknojia		989,761	0.23%
John K. & Janet L. Kampfer		948,818	0.22%
Robert T. & Zuleida E. Koenig		948,036	0.22%
Mitesh & Hetal Modi Doshi		943,791	0.22%
Total	\$	11,939,948	2.75%

Future Debt

The District does not anticipate the issuance of any additional new money debt. Any such additional new money debt would require separate voter approval. The District, however, may from time to time issue refunding bonds.

Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt and Taxes September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Taxing Jurisdiction	Total Funded Tax Debt Estimated % 9/30/2023 Applicable		Tax Debt			Overlapping Tax Debt 9/30/2023
Pearson Place Road District	\$	4,641,969	100%	\$ 4,641,969		
Austin Community College District		562,445,000	0.13%	731,179		
City of Austin		1,516,190,000	0.19%	2,880,761		
Round Rock ISD		741,145,000	0.84%	6,225,618		
Upper Brushy Creek WCID		51,320,000	0.59%	302,788		
Williamson County		1,219,837,405	0.42%	5,123,317		
Total direct and overlapping funded debt				\$ 19,905,632		

Ratio of direct and overlapping debt to taxable assessed valuation

4.60%

Set forth below is an estimation of taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by such jurisdictions. No recognition is given to local assessments for civil association dues, emergency medical service contributions, fire department contributions or any other charges made by entities other than political subdivisions. All the land located with the District lies within the County. The following chart includes the 2023/2024 taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by all such taxing jurisdictions.

Taxing Jurisdiction		23/2024 ax Rates
Pearson Place Road District Austin Community College District City of Austin Round Rock ISD Williamson County	\$	0.0610 0.0986 0.4458 0.9190 0.3331
Total estimated tax bill	\$	1.8575

Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023



Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023 Table of Contents

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Northwoods Road District No. 1

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Northwoods Road District No. 1 (the District), a component unit of Williamson County, Texas (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the District and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County, as of September 30, 2023, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Board of Directors of Northwoods Road District No. 1

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

The Board of Directors of Northwoods Road District No. 1

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 6 and budgetary comparison on page 16 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Supplementary Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information.

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Weaver and Siduell L.L.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Austin, Texas March 29, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

As management of the Northwoods Road District No. 1 (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Overview of the District

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners Court in August 2011, after holding a public hearing pursuant to Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code. The District issues unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of developing roads in the district. The District fund is used to reimburse the developer for construction of the four-lane divided portion of Staked Plains Boulevard from Avery Ranch Subdivision to Lakeline Boulevard and the widening and extension of Lakeline Boulevard to a four lane arterial from Lake Creek east to the Capital Metro right-of-way. The District fund is also used to pay for the long-term debt expenditures for the district. The District is governed by a Board comprised of the Williamson County Commissioner's Court.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities of Northwoods Road District No. 1 exceeded its assets as of September 30, 2023, by \$9,240,361 (i.e., net deficit).
- The District's total net position increased by \$359,972 during the year.
- Cash and investments equaled \$303,606.
- Annual expenses consist of debt service payments and related debt service fees such as paying agent/registrar fees.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section); (2) government-wide financial statements, which include the fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements include the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet and statement of activities and governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance that present information for the District as a whole and provide an indication of the District's financial health.

The statement of net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

For fiscal year 2023, the District's taxable assessed value totaled \$330,869,531 compared to \$281,547,175 in fiscal year 2022. The tax rate will be set after reviewing operating and debt service requirements. The District's primary revenue source is property taxes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The District's funds are governmental funds and, as such, the financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The financial statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 9 of this report.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. As of September 30, 2023, the District's liabilities exceeded assets by \$9,240,361.

Northwoods Road District No. 1's Net Position

	2023			2022		
Assets	\$	308,145	\$	285,359		
Long-term liabilities		9,503,431		9,839,067		
Other liabilities		45,075		46,625		
Total liabilities		9,548,506		9,885,692		
Net position						
Restricted		263,070		238,734		
Unassigned		(9,503,431)		(9,839,067)		
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$	(9,240,361)	\$	(9,600,333)		

Overall, the District had an increase in net position of \$359,972. This increase is primarily related to the District paying down the principal balance of bonded debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Northwoods Road District No. 1's Change in Net Position

		2023	2022		
Revenues General revenues					
Property taxes Interest	\$	687,109 29,128	\$	691,791 4,303	
Total general revenues		716,237		696,094	
Expenses					
General government		9,651		9,763	
Interest and fiscal charges		346,614		358,489	
Total expenses		356,265		368,252	
Change in net position		359,972		327,842	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), beginning	,	(9,600,333)		(9,928,175)	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), ending	\$	(9,240,361)	\$	(9,600,333)	

The District owes \$9,015,000 to bond holders as of September 30, 2023. Outstanding bonds make up the majority of the net position deficit.

Discussion of Currently Known Facts, Decision or Condition in Fiscal Year 2024

The property tax base for fiscal year 2024 is \$342,941,729. The tax rate is \$0.1975 on each \$100 of taxable value. Approximately 100% of the property tax will be set aside for debt service.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens with a general overview of the District's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, please contact the Williamson County Auditor's Office at (512) 943-1500; 710 Main Street, Suite 301, Georgetown, Texas 78626.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2023

	 Debt Service	Totals		A	djustments	Statement of Net Position		
ASSETS	_		_					
Cash and investments	\$ 303,606	\$	303,606	\$	-	\$	303,606	
Property tax receivable	 4,539		4,539				4,539	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 308,145	\$	308,145	\$	-	\$	308,145	
LIABILITIES								
Interest payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	45,075	\$	45,075	
Non-current liabilities								
Due within one year	-		-		345,636		345,636	
Due in more than one year	 -		-		9,157,795		9,157,795	
Total liabilities					9,548,506		9,548,506	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred property taxes	 4,538		4,538		(4,538)			
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,538		4,538		(4,538)		-	
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION								
Fund balance								
Restricted for debt service	 303,607		303,607		(303,607)			
Total fund balance	 303,607		303,607		(303,607)			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 308,145	\$	308,145					
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)								
Restricted for debt service					263,070		263,070	
Unassigned					(9,503,431)		(9,503,431)	
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				\$	(9,240,361)	\$	(9,240,361)	

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Debt Service	Totals		Adjustments		Statement of Activities	
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES							
General government	\$ 9,651	\$	9,651	\$	-	\$	9,651
Debt service							
Principal	310,000		310,000		(310,000)		-
Interest and other charges	 373,800		373,800		(27,186)		346,614
Total expenditures / expenses	693,451		693,451		(337,186)		356,265
GENERAL REVENUES							
Property taxes	686,261		686,261		848		687,109
Interest	29,128		29,128		-		29,128
Total general revenues	715,389		715,389		848		716,237
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	21,938		21,938		338,034		359,972
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION	21,938		21,938		338,034		359,972
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION, (DEFICIT), beginning of year	281,669		281,669		(9,882,002)		(9,600,333)
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION (DEFICIT), end of year	\$ 303,607	\$	303,607	\$	(9,543,968)	\$	(9,240,361)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code and Chapter 1471, Texas Government Code allow a commissioners court of a county to establish one or more road districts in the county. A road district created pursuant to the Act is a political subdivision and a body corporate of the State of Texas. The Northwoods Road District No. 1 (the District) was created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners Court in August 2011, in accordance with the Texas Government Code and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution.

The District is governed by the Williamson County Commissioners Court and is a component unit of Williamson County.

On November 8, 2011, the District's voters authorized the issuance of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of reimbursing the developer for the construction costs of developing roads within the District. The District issues unlimited tax bonds to reimburse the developer after each construction project is completed. The bonds are payable from property taxes.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are supported by property taxes and investment revenue.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenue* includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*.

The government-wide and fund financial statements are provided for the governmental funds of the District with a column for adjustments between the two statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. There was no activity in this fund in fiscal year 2023.

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Investments

Investments for the District are reported at fair market value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables

Property taxes are levied on October 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Statements are mailed on October 1, or as soon thereafter as possible, and are due upon receipt. All unpaid taxes become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year. Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). The objective of the statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing government fund type definitions. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54 are nonspendable, restricted for, committed to, assigned and unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of constraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements

In accordance with GASB 54, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

<u>Restricted</u>

Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes, which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amount restricted due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unassigned</u>

Includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

When both restricted and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Stewardship and Accountability

Deficit Net Position

- .. .

A net position deficit of \$9,240,361 exists in governmental activities as of September 30, 2023. This deficit is the result of the District issuing bonds to finance the construction of roads that will be contributed to City of Austin. As of September 30, 2023, the amount of bonds outstanding will be used to finance construction of assets and pay debt service.

Note 3. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

. . . .

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

000 107

Net position (deficit) of governmental activities	\$ (9,240,361)
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	 (9,503,431)
Accrued interest on bonds payable is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds	(45,075)
Property tax revenues earned but not available within 60 days of the year end are not recognized as revenue in the governmental funds	4,538
Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 303,607

Notes to the Financial Statements

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities and change in fund balance of governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance are different because:

Change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 21,938
Property tax revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds	848
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources	27,186
Principal payments on long-term obligations are expensed in the funds but reduce the balance of these obligations payable in the statement of net	
position	310,000
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 359,972

Note 4. Investments

As of September 30, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	,A	nmortized Cost	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
LOGIC	\$	304,411	42
Total investments	\$	304,411	

The District's investment in LOGIC (the Pool), which is a 2a7-like pool recorded at amortized cost. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

LOGIC is duly chartered by the State of Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act, is administered by Hilltop Securities, Inc. and J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. (JPMIM), and managed by JPMIM, who provides custody and investment management.

LOGIC's investment objectives are to seek preservation of principal, liquidity, and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. The portfolio will maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity that does not exceed 60 days and seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. LOGIC may invest in securities including: obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including the Federal Home Loan Banks; other obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the U.S.; fully collateralized repurchase agreements with a defined termination date and unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the U.S. or its agencies and instrumentalities; SEC-registered money-market fund rated in the highest rating category by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO); and commercial paper as authorized under the Public Funds Investment Act. The investment pool has a redemption notice period of one day and no maximum transaction amounts. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar weighted maturity of its investment portfolios to a maximum of 180 days.

Credit Risk

It is the District's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. LOGIC was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

Note 5. Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of the long-term liability transactions of the District for the year ended September 30, 2023:

Governmental Activities	eginning Balance	Additions Deletions		eletions	Ending etions Balance		Due Within One Year		
Unlimited tax bonds	\$ 9,325,000	\$	-	\$	(310,000)	\$	9,015,000	\$	320,000
Premium on issuance of bonds Discount on issuance	524,645		-		(26,140)		498,505		26,140
of bonds	 (10,578)				504		(10,074)		(504)
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 9,839,067	\$	-	\$	(335,636)	\$	9,503,431	\$	345,636

						Outstanding
Issue Date	Description	Maturity	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Coupon Date	Balance
	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds,					
9/12/2017	Series 2017	8/15/2042	\$ 8,520,000	4.00%	2/15, 8/15	\$ 6,925,000
	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds,					
12/19/2018	Series 2018	8/15/2043	2,345,000	4.00%	2/15, 8/15	2,090,000

Long-term debt of the District consists of various issues of General Obligation Bonds. General Obligation Bonds require voter approval at a public election before issuance. The bonds constitute direct obligations of the District payable from ad valorem taxes levied upon all taxable property located within the District.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Years Ending	Governmental Activities							
September 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$	320,000 335,000 345,000 360,000	\$	360,600 347,800 334,400 320,600	\$	680,600 682,800 679,400 680,600		
2028 2029-2033 2034-2038 2039-2043		380,000 2,115,000 2,565,000 2,595,000		306,200 1,292,400 834,600 279,200		686,200 3,407,400 3,399,600 2,874,200		
Total	\$	9,015,000	\$	4,075,800	\$	13,090,800		

Required Supplementary Information

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Original and Final Actual				Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		_					
Property taxes	\$ 676,133	\$	686,261	\$	10,128		
Interest	 8,800	-	29,128		20,328		
Total revenues	684,933		715,389		30,456		
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	11,050		9,651		1,399		
Debt service							
Principal	310,000		310,000		-		
Interest and other charges	 373,800		373,800		-		
Total expenditures	 694,850		693,451		1,399		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	(9,917)		21,938		31,855		
FUND BALANCE, beginning	 281,669		281,669				
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 271,752	\$	303,607	\$	31,855		

Supplementary Information

(Unaudited)

Debt Service Requirements and Tax Rate Calculations September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Debt Service Requirements

Years Ending	Outstanding Debt						
September 30,		Principal	Interest			Total	
2024 2025	\$	320,000 335,000	\$	360,600 347,800	\$	680,600 682,800	
2026 2027 2028		345,000 360,000 380,000		334,400 320,600 306,200		679,400 680,600 686,200	
2029-2033 2034-2038 2039-2043		2,115,000 2,565,000 2,595,000		1,292,400 834,600 279,200		3,407,400 3,399,600 2,874,200	
Total	\$	9,015,000	\$	4,075,800	\$	13,090,800	

Tax Rate Calculations

Average annual Tax Supported Principal and Interest Requirements, 2024-2043 \$0.1928 Tax Rate at 99% Collection Produces	\$ \$	654,540 654,580
Maximum Tax Supported Principal and Interest Requirements, 2028	\$	686,200
\$0.2022 Tax Rate at 99% Collection Produces	\$	686,494

Principal Property Taxpayers September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

The following table represents the principal taxpayers within the District, the estimated taxable assessed value of such property, and such property's assessed value as a percentage of the District's 2023/2024 Certified Taxable Valuation of \$342,941,729.

			% of	
	2023/2024 Taxable Assessed me of Taxpayer Valuation		Total Taxable Assessed Valuation	
Name of Taxpayer				
LTV Enterprises LLC	\$	4,400,000	1.28%	
LDJ Interests LLC		1,198,956	0.35%	
William & Susann Cunningham		1,268,882	0.37%	
Maen M Alradaideh		1,162,903	0.34%	
Vinod Ganesan & Venkat Gayathri		1,108,707	0.32%	
Eman Khiri & Elgack Yassir		1,096,454	0.32%	
Dominique & Irvin G Williams		1,213,762	0.35%	
Rachel D Foster & Brian C Wells		1,102,727	0.32%	
Radjendran Govindaswamy		1,167,371	0.34%	
Alvin S Momin		1,089,140	0.32%	
Total	_\$	14,808,902	4.31%	

Future Debt

The District does not anticipate the issuance of any additional new money debt. Any such additional new money debt would require separate voter approval. The District, however, may from time to time issue refunding bonds.

Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt and Taxes September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Taxing Jurisdiction	Total unded Tax ot 9/30/2023	Estimated % Applicable	Overlapping Tax Debt 9/30/2023	
Northwoods Road District #1	\$ 9,503,431	100%	\$	9,503,431
Austin Community College District	562,445,000	0.11%		618,690
City of Austin	1,516,190,000	0.16%		2,425,904
Round Rock ISD	741,145,000	0.71%		5,262,130
Williamson County	1,219,837,405	0.37%		4,513,398
Total direct and overlapping funded debt			\$	22,323,553

Ratio of direct and overlapping debt to taxable assessed valuation

6.51%

Set forth below is an estimation of taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by such jurisdictions. No recognition is given to local assessments for civil association dues, emergency medical service contributions, fire department contributions or any other charges made by entities other than political subdivisions. All the land located with the District lies within the County. The following chart includes the 2023/2024 taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by all such taxing jurisdictions.

	203	2023/2024	
Taxing Jurisdiction	Ta	Tax Rates	
Northwoods Road District #1	\$	0.1975	
Austin Community College District		0.0986	
City of Austin		0.4458	
Round Rock ISD		0.9190	
Williamson County		0.3331	
Total estimated tax bill	\$	1.9940	

Somerset Hills Road District No. 4

Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023



Somerset Hills Road District No. 4

Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023 Table of Contents

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Hills Road District No. 4

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Hills Road District No. 4 (the District), a component unit of Williamson County, Texas (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the District and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County, as of September 30, 2023, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Board of Directors of Somerset Hills Road District No. 4

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

The Board of Directors of Somerset Hills Road District No. 4

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 6 and budgetary comparison on page 16 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Supplementary Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information.

Weaver and Iduell, L.L.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Austin, Texas March 29, 2024

Somerset Hills Road District No. 4

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

As management of the Somerset Hills Road District No. 4 (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Overview of the District

This District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners Court in February 2008, after holding a public hearing pursuant to Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code. The fund is used to reimburse the developer and Williamson County for its share of the costs associated with construction expenses and land dedication for Ronald Reagan Boulevard from Farm to Market Road 2338 to State Highway 195. The District is governed by a Board comprised of the Williamson County Commissioners Court.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities of Somerset Hills Road District No. 4 exceeded its assets as of September 30, 2023, by \$13,780,519 (i.e., net deficit).
- The District's total net position decreased by \$301,342 during the year.
- Cash and investments equaled \$2,715,447.
- Annual expenses consist of debt service payments and related debt service fees such as paying agent/registrar fees and professional services.
- Issuance of \$2,595,000 in Unlimited Tax Road Bonds with interest rates ranging from 5.125 5.50%

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section); (2) government-wide financial statements, which include the fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements include the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet and statement of activities and governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance that present information for the District as a whole and provide an indication of the District's financial health.

The statement of net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

For fiscal year 2023, the District's taxable assessed value totaled \$276,427,238 compared to \$137,719,302 in fiscal year 2022. The tax rate will be set after reviewing operating and debt service requirements. The District's primary revenue source is property taxes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The District's funds are governmental funds and, as such, the financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The financial statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 9 of this report.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. As of September 30, 2023, the District's liabilities exceeded assets by \$13,780,519.

Somerset Hills Road District No. 4 Net Position

	2023	2022	
Assets	\$ 2,724,895	\$ 3,536,390	
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	16,416,783 88,631	14,192,379 2,823,188	
Total liabilities	16,505,414	17,015,567	
Net position Restricted for debt service Unassigned	256,201 (14,036,720)	281,814 (13,760,991)	
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (13,780,519)	\$ (13,479,177)	

Overall, the District had a decrease in net position of \$301,342. This decrease is primarily related to the District issuing long-term bonded debt with no payments made as of year-end.

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Somerset Hills Road District No. 4's Change in Net Position

	2023	2022		
Revenues				
General revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 810,447	\$ 399,858		
Interest	106,813	78,585		
Miscellaneous	 750	 1,396		
Total general revenues	918,010	479,839		
Expenses				
General government	498,036	2,763,842		
Interest and fiscal charges	 721,316	 613,282		
Total expenses	1,219,352	3,377,124		
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers Out	-	 (10,166,737)		
Total other financing uses	 	(10,166,737)		
Change in net position	(301,342)	(13,064,022)		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), beginning	 (13,479,177)	 (415,155)		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), ending	\$ (13,780,519)	\$ (13,479,177)		

The District owes \$16,590,000 to bond holders as of September 30, 2023. Outstanding interest and fiscal charges related to the bond make up the majority of the net position deficit.

Discussion of Currently Known Facts, Decision or Condition in Fiscal Year 2024

The property tax base for fiscal year 2024 is \$405,261,212. The tax rate is \$0.29 on each \$100 of taxable value. Approximately 100% of the property tax will be set aside for debt service.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens with a general overview of the District's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, please contact the Williamson County Auditor's Office at (512) 943-1500; 710 Main Street, Suite 301, Georgetown, Texas 78626.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2023

	 General	 Debt Service	Totals	Ad	justments	itement of et Position
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 2,380,063	335,384	\$ 2,715,447	\$	-	\$ 2,715,447
Property tax receivable	 	9,448	 9,448			 9,448
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,380,063	\$ 344,832	\$ 2,724,895	\$		\$ 2,724,895
LIABILITIES						
Interest payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	88,631	\$ 88,631
Non-current liabilities						
Due within one year	-	-	-		537,955	537,955
Due in more than one year	 -	 -	 -		15,878,828	 15,878,828
Total liabilities	 				16,505,414	16,505,414
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred property taxes	 -	 9,147	 9,147		(9,147)	 -
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	9,147	9,147		(9,147)	-
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION						
Fund balance						
Restricted for debt service	-	335,685	335,685		(335,685)	
Restricted for construction	 2,380,063	 -	 2,380,063		(2,380,063)	
Total fund balance	 2,380,063	 335,685	 2,715,748		(2,715,748)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,380,063	\$ 344,832	\$ 2,724,895			
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)						
Restricted for debt service					256,201	256,201
Unassigned					(14,036,720)	(14,036,720)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				\$	(13,780,519)	\$ (13,780,519)

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Debt General Service Totals		Totals	Ac	djustments	Statement of Activities			
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES									
General government	\$ 493,155	\$	4,881	\$	498,036	\$	-	\$	498,036
Debt service									
Principal	-		270,000		270,000		(270,000)		-
Interest and other charges	 118,755		581,151		699,906		21,410		721,316
Total expenditures / expenses	611,910		856,032		1,467,942		(248,590)		1,219,352
GENERAL REVENUES									
Property taxes	-		803,849		803,849		6,598		810,447
Interest	74,772		32,041		106,813		-		106,813
Miscellaneous	 750		-		750		-		750
Total general revenues	 75,522		835,890		911,412		6,598		918,010
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES									
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(536,388)		(20,142)		(556,530)		255,188		(301,342)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Issuance of long-term debt	2,591,113		3,887		2,595,000		(2,595,000)		-
Discount of issuance of									
long-term debt	 (103,501)		-		(103,501)		103,501		-
Total other financing									
sources (uses)	 2,487,612		3,887		2,491,499		(2,491,499)		-
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE /									
NET POSITION	1,951,224		(16,255)		1,934,969		(2,236,311)		(301,342)
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION,									
(DEFICIT), beginning of year	 428,839		351,940		780,779		(14,259,956)		(13,479,177)
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION									
(DEFICIT), end of year	\$ 2,380,063	\$	335,685	\$	2,715,748	\$	(16,496,267)	\$	(13,780,519)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code and Chapter 1471, Texas Government Code allow a commissioners court of a county to establish one or more road districts in the county. A road district created pursuant to the Act is a political subdivision and a body corporate of the State of Texas. The Somerset Hills Road District No. 4 (the District) was created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners Court in February 2008, in accordance with the Texas Government Code and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution.

The District is governed by the Williamson County Commissioners Court and is a component unit of Williamson County.

On May 10, 2008, the District's voters authorized the issuance of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of reimbursing the developer for the construction costs of developing roads within the District issues unlimited tax bonds to reimburse the developer after each construction project is completed. The bonds are payable from property taxes.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are supported by property taxes and investment revenue.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

The government-wide and fund financial statements are provided for the governmental funds of the District with a column for adjustments between the two statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Investments

Investments for the District are reported at fair market value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). The objective of the statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing government fund type definitions. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54 are nonspendable, restricted for, committed to, assigned and unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of constraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

In accordance with GASB 54, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

<u>Restricted</u>

Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes, which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amount restricted due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Unassigned

Includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

When both restricted and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Stewardship and Accountability

Deficit Net Position

A net position deficit of \$13,780,519 exists in governmental activities as of September 30, 2023. This deficit is the result of the District issuing bonds to finance the construction of roads that will be contributed to City of Georgetown. As of September 30, 2023, the amount of bonds outstanding will be used to finance construction of assets and pay debt service.

Note 3. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 2,715,748
Property taxes are not recognized until collected in the governmental funds	9,147
Accrued interest on bonds payable is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds	(88,631)
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(16,416,783)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities	\$ (13,780,519)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities and change in fund balance of governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance are different because:

Change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 1,934,969
Property taxes are not recognized until collected in the governmental funds	6,598
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources	(21,410)
Principal payments on long-term obligations are expensed in the funds but reduce the balance of these obligations payable in the statement of net position	270,000
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, the governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt related items.	(2,491,499)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (301,342)

Note 4. Investments

As of September 30, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	Α	mortized Cost	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
LOGIC	\$	347,079	42
Total investments	\$	347,079	

The District's investment in LOGIC (the Pool), which is a 2a7-like pool recorded at amortized cost. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

LOGIC is duly chartered by the State of Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act, is administered by Hilltop Securities, Inc. and J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. (JPMIM), and managed by JPMIM, who provides custody and investment management.

Notes to the Financial Statements

LOGIC's investment objectives are to seek preservation of principal, liquidity, and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. The portfolio will maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity that does not exceed 60 days and seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. LOGIC may invest in securities including: obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including the Federal Home Loan Banks; other obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the U.S.; fully collateralized repurchase agreements with a defined termination date and unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the U.S. or its agencies and instrumentalities; SEC-registered money-market fund rated in the highest rating category by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO); and commercial paper as authorized under the Public Funds Investment Act. The investment pool has a redemption notice period of one day and no maximum transaction amounts. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar weighted maturity of its investment portfolios to a maximum of 180 days.

Credit Risk

It is the District's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. LOGIC was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

Note 5. Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of the long-term liability transactions of the District for the year ended September 30, 2023:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Deletions Balance	
Unlimited tax bonds Discount on issuance	\$ 14,265,000	\$ 2,595,000	\$ (270,000)	\$ 16,590,000	\$ 545,000
of bonds	(72,621)	(103,501)	2,905	(173,217)	(7,045)
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 14,192,379	\$ 2,491,499	\$ (267,095)	\$ 16,416,783	\$ 537,955

Notes to the Financial Statements

Issue Date	Description	Maturity	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Coupon Date	Outstanding Balance
9/29/2020	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2020	8/15/2045	\$ 1,335,000	1.5 - 3.1%	2/15, 8/15	\$ 1,210,000
9/29/2020	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds Taxable, Series 2020	8/15/2045	2,555,000	2.45 - 5.15%	2/15, 8/15	2,350,000
9/14/2021	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2021	8/15/2046	2,045,000	1.45 - 3.0%	2/15, 8/15	1,980,000
9/14/2021	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds Taxable, Series 2021	8/15/2046	3,805,000	2.45 - 4.9%	2/15, 8/15	3,705,000
9/13/2022	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds Taxable, Series 2022	8/15/2047	4,750,000	3.9 - 5.5%	2/15, 8/15	4,750,000
9/12/2023	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds Taxable, Series 2023	8/15/2048	2,595,000	5.125-5.5%	2/15, 8/15	2,595,000

Long-term debt of the District consists of various issues of General Obligation Bonds. General Obligation Bonds require voter approval at a public election before issuance. The bonds constitute direct obligations of the District payable from ad valorem taxes levied upon all taxable property located within the District.

In September 2023, the District issued \$2,595,000 in Unlimited Taxable Road Bonds. The bonds constitute direct obligations of the District, payable from ad valorem taxes levied upon all taxable property located within the Road District. Interest at rates ranging from 5.125% to 5.50% are payable on February 15 and August 15 of each year.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Years Ending	Governmental Activities							
September 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2024 2025	\$	545,000 575.000	\$	719,391 710,784	\$	1,264,391 1,285,784		
2026		475,000		690,198		1,165,198		
2027 2028		480,000 495,000		674,522 658,188		1,154,522 1,153,188		
2029-2033 2034-2038		2,800,000 3,425,000		3,001,958 2,369,900		5,801,958 5,794,900		
2039-2043 2044-2048		4,295,000 3,500,000		1,506,147 424,605		5,801,147 3,924,605		
Total	\$	16,590,000	\$	10,755,693	\$	27,345,693		

Required Supplementary Information

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	(Original	Final	Actual	ı	ariance Positive legative)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	781,055	\$ 781,055	\$ 803,849	\$	22,794
Interest		4,800	 4,800	 32,041		27,241
Total revenues		785,855	785,855	 835,890		50,035
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government		9,800	9,231	4,881		4,350
Debt service						
Principal		270,000	270,000	270,000		-
Interest and other charges		680,346	 680,915	581,151		99,764
Total expenditures		960,146	 960,146	 856,032		104,114
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES						
UNDER EXPENDITURES		(174,291)	(174,291)	(20,142)		154,149
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Issuance of long-term debt		-	-	3,887		3,887
Net change in fund balance		(174,291)	(174,291)	(16,255)		158,036
FUND BALANCE, beginning		351,940	351,940	351,940		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	177,649	\$ 177,649	\$ 335,685	\$	158,036

Supplementary Information

(Unaudited)

Debt Service Requirements and Tax Rate Calculations September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Debt Service Requirements

Years Ending	Outstanding Debt						
September 30,		Principal	Interest		Interest		Total
2024	\$	545,000	\$	719,391	\$	1,264,391	
2025		575,000		710,784		1,285,784	
2026		475,000		690,198		1,165,198	
2027		480,000		674,522		1,154,522	
2028		495,000		658,189		1,153,189	
2029-2033		2,800,000		3,001,958		5,801,958	
2034-2038		3,425,000		2,369,900		5,794,900	
2039-2043		4,295,000		1,506,147		5,801,147	
2044-2048		3,500,000		424,605		3,924,605	
Total	\$	16,590,000	\$	10,755,693	\$	27,345,693	

Tax Rate Calculations

Average annual Tax Supported Principal and Interest Requirements, 2024-2048 \$0.2726 Tax Rate at 99% Collection Produces	\$ \$	1,093,828 1,093,695
Maximum Tax Supported Principal and Interest Requirements, 2025	\$	1,285,784
\$0.3205 Tax Rate at 99% Collection Produces	\$	1,285,874

Principal Property Taxpayers September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

The following table represents the principal taxpayers within the District, the estimated taxable assessed value of such property, and such property's assessed value as a percentage of the District's 2023/2024 Certified Taxable Valuation of \$405,261,212.

Name of Taxpayer	Tax	2023/2024 able Assessed Valuation	% of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation
Pulte Homes of Texas LP	\$	31,728,216	7.83%
Plazo Tierra LLC		4,446,171	1.10%
Jeffrey A. & Kathryn J. Richter Trust		786,981	0.19%
Paul C & Barbara L Bergin Nader Trust		784,075	0.19%
David Ray Hargis & Lisa Moratti of Hargis& Moratti Revocable Trust		784,075	0.19%
Thomas James Shell & Linda Bowie		778,609	0.19%
Total	\$	39,308,127	9.69%

Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt and Taxes September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Total				Overlapping			
	Funded Tax		Estimated %		Tax Debt		
Taxing Jurisdiction	Debt 9/30/2023		Debt 9/30/2023 Applic		Applicable		9/30/2023
Somerset Hills Road District #4	\$	16,520,284	100%	\$	16,520,284		
Georgetown ISD		660,575,000	1.99%		13,145,443		
City of Georgetown		385,790,000	2.44%		9,413,276		
Jarrell ISD		291,849,988	0.02%		58,370		
Williamson County		1,219,837,405	0.34%		4,147,447		
Total direct and overlapping funded debt				\$	43,226,450		

Ratio of direct and overlapping debt to taxable assessed valuation

10.67% ¹

Set forth below is an estimation of taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by such jurisdictions. No recognition is given to local assessments for civil association dues, emergency medical service contributions, fire department contributions or any other charges made by entities other than political subdivisions. All the land located with the District lies within the County. The following chart includes the 2023/2024 taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by all such taxing jurisdictions.

Taxing Jurisdiction	23/2024 ax Rates
Somerset Hills Road District #4 Georgetown ISD City of Georgetown Williamson County	\$ 0.2900 1.0467 0.3740 0.3331
Total estimated tax bill	\$ 2.0438

¹ Excludes Jarrell ISD overlapping debt in order to avoid double-counting of debt

Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023



Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023 Table of Contents

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Hills Road District No. 3

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Hills Road District No. 3 (the District), a component unit of Williamson County, Texas (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the District and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County, as of September 30, 2023, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Board of Directors of Somerset Hills Road District No. 3

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

The Board of Directors of Somerset Hills Road District No. 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Supplementary Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information.

Weaver and Siduell, L.I.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Austin, Texas March 29, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

As management of the Somerset Hills Road District No. 3 (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Overview of the District

This District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners Court in February 2008, after holding a public hearing pursuant to Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code. The fund is used to reimburse the developer and Williamson County for its share of the costs associated with construction expenses and land dedication for Ronald Reagan Boulevard from Farm to Market Road 2338 to State Highway 195. The District is governed by a Board comprised of the Williamson County Commissioners Court.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities of Somerset Hills Road District No. 3 exceeded its assets as of September 30, 2023, by \$936,003 (i.e., net deficit).
- Cash and investments equaled \$2,602,544.
- Annual expenses consist of debt service payments and related debt service fees such as paying agent/registrar fees and professional services.
- Issuance of \$2,665,000 in Unlimited Tax Road Bonds with interest rates ranging from 5.85 7.2%
- Issuance of \$850,000 in Unlimited Tax Road Bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.0-4.9%

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section); (2) government-wide financial statements, which include the fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements include the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet and statement of activities and governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance that present information for the District as a whole and provide an indication of the District's financial health.

The statement of net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The District's funds are governmental funds and, as such, the financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The financial statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 9 of this report.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. As of September 30, 2023, the District's liabilities exceeded assets by \$936,003.

Somerset Hills Road District No. 3 Net Position

	2023
Assets	2,602,544
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	3,515,000 23,547
Total liabilities	3,538,547
Net position Restricted for debt service Unassigned	185,033 (1,121,036)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	(936,003)

Overall, the District had a decrease in net position of \$936,003. This decrease is primarily related to the District issuing long-term bonded debt with no payments made as of year-end.

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Somerset Hills Road District No. 3's Change in Net Position

	2023
Revenues General revenues	
Interest	\$ 4,268
Total general revenues	4,268
Expenses	
General government	722,607
Interest and fiscal charges	217,664
Total expenses	940,271
Change in net position	(936,003)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), beginning	-
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), ending	\$ (936,003)

The District owes \$3,515,000 to bond holders as of September 30, 2023. Outstanding interest and fiscal charges related to the bond make up the majority of the net position deficit.

Discussion of Currently Known Facts, Decision or Condition in Fiscal Year 2024

The property tax base for fiscal year 2024 is \$103,220,256. The tax rate is \$0.29 on each \$100 of taxable value. Approximately 100% of the property tax will be set aside for debt service.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens with a general overview of the District's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, please contact the Williamson County Auditor's Office at (512) 943-1500; 710 Main Street, Suite 301, Georgetown, Texas 78626.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2023

	General		:	Debt Service		Totals		djustments	itement of et Position
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	2,393,964	\$	208,580	\$	2,602,544	\$		\$ 2,602,544
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,393,964	\$	208,580	\$	2,602,544	\$	-	\$ 2,602,544
LIABILITIES									
Interest payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,547	\$ 23,547
Non-current liabilities									
Due in more than one year				-		-		3,515,000	 3,515,000
Total liabilities		<u>-</u> _						3,538,547	3,538,547
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION									
Fund balance									
Restricted for debt service		-		208,580		208,580		(208,580)	
Restricted for construction		2,393,964		-		2,393,964		(2,393,964)	
Total fund balance		2,393,964		208,580		2,602,544		(2,602,544)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS									
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	2,393,964	\$	208,580	\$	2,602,544			
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)									
Restricted for debt service								185,033	185,033
Unassigned								(1,121,036)	 (1,121,036)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)							\$	(936,003)	\$ (936,003)

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	(General	S	Debt service	Totals	Adj	ustments	ement of ctivities
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES								,
General government	\$	722,607	\$	-	\$ 722,607	\$	-	\$ 722,607
Debt service								
Interest and other charges		194,117			 194,117		23,547	217,664
Total expenditures / expenses		916,724		-	916,724		23,547	940,271
GENERAL REVENUES								
Interest	-	3,669		599	 4,268		-	 4,268
Total general revenues		3,669		599	4,268			4,268
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(913,055)		599	(912,456)		(23,547)	(936,003)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance of long-term debt		3,307,019		207,981	 3,515,000		(3,515,000)	 -
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,307,019		207,981	 3,515,000		(3,515,000)	
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION		2,393,964		208,580	2,602,544		(3,538,547)	(936,003)
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION, (DEFICIT), beginning of year		-			 			
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION (DEFICIT), end of year	\$	2,393,964	\$	208,580	\$ 2,602,544	\$	(3,538,547)	\$ (936,003)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code and Chapter 1471, Texas Government Code allow a commissioners court of a county to establish one or more road districts in the county. A road district created pursuant to the Act is a political subdivision and a body corporate of the State of Texas. The Somerset Hills Road District No. 3 (the District) was created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners Court in February 2008, in accordance with the Texas Government Code and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution.

The District is governed by the Williamson County Commissioners Court and is a component unit of Williamson County.

On May 10, 2008, the District's voters authorized the issuance of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of reimbursing the developer for the construction costs of developing roads within the District. The District issues unlimited tax bonds to reimburse the developer after each construction project is completed. The bonds are payable from property taxes.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are supported by property taxes and investment revenue.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

The government-wide and fund financial statements are provided for the governmental funds of the District with a column for adjustments between the two statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Investments

Investments for the District are reported at fair market value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). The objective of the statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing government fund type definitions. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54 are nonspendable, restricted for, committed to, assigned and unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of constraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

In accordance with GASB 54, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Restricted

Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes, which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amount restricted due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Unassianed

Includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

When both restricted and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Stewardship and Accountability

Deficit Net Position

A net position deficit of \$936,003 exists in governmental activities as of September 30, 2023. This deficit is the result of the District issuing bonds to finance the construction of roads that will be contributed to City of Georgetown. As of September 30, 2023, the amount of bonds outstanding will be used to finance construction of assets and pay debt service.

Note 3. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Net position (deficit) of governmental activities	\$ (936,003)
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(3,515,000)
Accrued interest on bonds payable is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds	(23,547)
Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 2,602,544

Notes to the Financial Statements

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities and change in fund balance of governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance are different because:

Change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 2,602,544
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources	(23,547)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, the governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of	
these differences in the treatment of long-term debt related items.	(3,515,000)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (936,003)

Note 4. Investments

As of September 30, 2023, the District had the following investments:

	Α	mortized	Weighted Average
Investment Type		Cost	Maturity (Days)
LOGIC	\$	222,009	42
Total investments	\$	222,009	

The District's investment in LOGIC (the Pool), which is a 2a7-like pool recorded at amortized cost. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

LOGIC is duly chartered by the State of Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act, is administered by Hilltop Securities, Inc. and J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. (JPMIM), and managed by JPMIM, who provides custody and investment management.

Notes to the Financial Statements

LOGIC's investment objectives are to seek preservation of principal, liquidity, and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. The portfolio will maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity that does not exceed 60 days and seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. LOGIC may invest in securities including: obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including the Federal Home Loan Banks; other obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the U.S.; fully collateralized repurchase agreements with a defined termination date and unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the U.S. or its agencies and instrumentalities; SEC-registered money-market fund rated in the highest rating category by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO); and commercial paper as authorized under the Public Funds Investment Act. The investment pool has a redemption notice period of one day and no maximum transaction amounts. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar weighted maturity of its investment portfolios to a maximum of 180 days.

Credit Risk

It is the District's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. LOGIC was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

Note 5. Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of the long-term liability transactions of the District for the year ended September 30, 2023:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Unlimited tax bonds	\$		\$	3,515,000	\$		\$ 3,515,000	\$	
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	-	\$	3,515,000	\$	-	\$ 3,515,000	\$	-

Issue Date	Description	Maturity	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Coupon Date	Outstanding Balance
9/12/2023	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2023	8/15/2048	850,000	4.0-4.9%	2/15, 8/15	850,000
9/12/2023	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds Taxable, Series 2023	8/15/2048	2,665,000	5.85%-7.2%	2/15, 8/15	2,665,000

Long-term debt of the District consists of various issues of General Obligation Bonds. General Obligation Bonds require voter approval at a public election before issuance. The bonds constitute direct obligations of the District payable from ad valorem taxes levied upon all taxable property located within the District.

Notes to the Financial Statements

In September 2023, the District issued \$2,665,000 & \$850,000 in Unlimited Taxable Road Bonds. The bonds constitute direct obligations of the District, payable from ad valorem taxes levied upon all taxable property located within the Road District. Interest at rates ranging from 5.85-7.2% & 4.0-4.9% are payable on February 15 and August 15 of each year.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Years Ending	Governmental Activities							
September 30,	_	Principal		Interest	Total			
2024	\$	-	\$	204,994	\$	204,994		
2025		70,000		221,615		291,615		
2026		75,000		217,890		292,890		
2027		80,000		213,873		293,873		
2028		85,000		209,655		294,655		
2029-2033		475,000		976,645		1,451,645		
2034-2038		645,000		819,892		1,464,892		
2039-2043		880,000		587,007		1,467,007		
2044-2048		1,205,000		253,630		1,458,630		
Total	\$	3,515,000	\$	3,705,201	\$	7,220,201		

Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Debt Service Requirements and Tax Rate Calculations September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Debt Service Requirements

Years Ending		Outstanding Debt							
September 30,		Principal		Interest	Total				
2024	\$	-	\$	204,994	\$	204,994			
2025		70,000		221,615		291,615			
2026		75,000		217,890		292,890			
2027		80,000		213,873		293,873			
2028		85,000		209,655		294,655			
2029-2033		475,000		976,645		1,451,645			
2034-2038		645,000		819,892		1,464,892			
2039-2043		880,000		587,007		1,467,007			
2044-2048		1,205,000		253,630		1,458,630			
Total	\$	3,515,000	\$	3,705,201	\$	7,220,201			

Tax Rate Calculations

Average annual Tax Supported Principal and Interest Requirements, 2024-2048 \$0.2885 Tax Rate at 97% Collection Produces	\$ 288,857
Maximum Tax Supported Principal and Interest Requirements, 2028 \$0.2943 Tax Rate at 97% Collection Produces	\$ 294,655 294,664

Principal Property Taxpayers September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

The following table represents the principal taxpayers within the District, the estimated taxable assessed value of such property, and such property's assessed value as a percentage of the District's 2023/2024 Certified Taxable Valuation of \$103,220,256.

Name of Taxpayer	Taxo	2023/2024 able Assessed Valuation	% of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation
GTB Development Inc.	\$	6,346,870	6.15%
Continental Homes of Texas LP		5,980,991	5.79%
Sitterle Homes Austin LLC		4,768,938	4.62%
Pulte Homes of Texas LP		4,733,315	4.59%
Monticello Custom Homes of Central Texas LLC		3,752,265	3.64%
Georgetown JV Owner LP		3,073,962	2.98%
Highland Village Georgetown LP		3,058,224	2.96%
Georgetown Patio Homes LLC		1,799,000	1.74%
Thomas P. & Kimberley D. Wooden		923,987	0.90%
Joseph & Terri Core		914,030	0.89%
Total	_\$\$	35,351,582	34.25%

Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt and Taxes September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Taxing Jurisdiction	Total Unded Tax ot 9/30/2023	Estimated % Applicable	Overlapping Tax Debt 9/30/2023	
Somerset Hills Road District #3 Georgetown ISD Williamson County	\$ 3,411,499 660,575,000 1,219,837,405	100% 0.27% 0.08%	\$	3,411,499 1,783,553 975,870
Total direct and overlapping funded debt	.,,,,		\$	6,170,922

Ratio of direct and overlapping debt to taxable assessed valuation

5.98%

Set forth below is an estimation of taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by such jurisdictions. No recognition is given to local assessments for civil association dues, emergency medical service contributions, fire department contributions or any other charges made by entities other than political subdivisions. All the land located with the District lies within the County. The following chart includes the 2023/2024 taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by all such taxing jurisdictions.

Taxing Jurisdiction	23/2024 ux Rates
Somerset Hills Road District #3 Georgetown ISD Williamson County	\$ 0.2900 1.0467 0.3331
Total estimated tax bill	\$ 1.6698

Road District 3.

Meeting Date: 04/23/2024

Road District Invoices

Submitted For: Ganae Hempe Submitted By: Ganae Hempe, County Auditor

Department: County Auditor

Information

Agenda Item

Discuss and take appropriate action on the Avery Ranch Road District No. 1, the Pearson Place Road District, the Northwoods Road District No. 1, Somerset Hills Road District No. 4, and the Somerset Hills Road District No. 3 including, but not limited to payment of bills.

Background

The attached invoices are to pay for the annual audit services from Weaver. The amount due Weaver by the Road Districts is \$7,000 for Avery Ranch Road District No. 1, \$5,700 for Pearson Place Road District, \$5,700 for Northwoods Road District No. 1, \$5,700 for Somerset Hills No 4, and \$5,700 for Somerset Hills No 3.

Fiscal Impact

From/To	Acct No.	Description	Amount

Attachments

Road District Invoices

Form Review

Inbox Reviewed By Date

County Judge Exec Asst. Becky Pruitt 04/10/2024 08:52 AM

Form Started By: Ganae Hempe Started On: 04/04/2024 04:16 PM Final Approval Date: 04/10/2024



Client Number: 1001057 Invoice Date: 3/29/2024 Invoice Number: 10790159 Invoice Amount: \$34,800.00

Amount Paid: ___

Williamson County Ms. Julie Kiley 710 South Main St., Suite 301 Georgetown, TX 78626 Make Check Payable / Remit To: Weaver and Tidwell, LLP 2821 West 7th Street, Suite 700 Fort Worth, TX 76107

Pay Online:

https://weaver.com/payment

Keep lower portion for your records - Please return upper portion with payment

Ser	vice	Amount
Invoice Date: 3/29/2024 Invoice Number: 10790159 Client Number: 1001057		
Final bill for the financial statement audit and single audit for Williamson County, as of and for the year ending September 30, 2023		5,000.00
Avery Ranch Road Dist No 1 FY 2023 audit		7,000.00
Pearson Place Road Dist FY 2023 audit		5,700.00
Northwoods Road Dist No 1 FY 2023 audit		5,700.00
Somerset Hills Road Dist No 3 FY 2023 audit		5,700.00
Somerset Hills Road Dist No 4 FY 2023 audit		5,700.00
	Current invoice amount due	\$ 34,800.00

Road District 4.

Meeting Date: 04/23/2024

Road District Collections - March 2024

Submitted For: Larry Gaddes Submitted By: Renee Clark, County Tax Assessor

Collector

Department: County Tax Assessor Collector

Information

Agenda Item

Discuss, consider, and take appropriate action on approving road district collections for the month of March 2024 for the Williamson County Tax Assessor/Collector.

Background

Fiscal Impact

From/To	Acct No.	Description	Amount

Attachments

030124-033124 Road Dist

Form Review

Inbox Reviewed By Date

County Judge Exec Asst. Becky Pruitt 04/11/2024 11:43 AM

Form Started By: Renee Clark Started On: 04/11/2024 09:39 AM Final Approval Date: 04/11/2024

YEAR TO DATE - COLLECTION REPORT Williamson County Road Districts March 31, 2024

Avery Ranch Road District	Annual Assessment Liens	Adjustments	Adjusted Assessment Liens	Current Tax Collected	Penalty & Interest Collected	Variance	Uncollected Balance	YTD Collected	YTD Percent Collected	YTD Percent Collected w/P&I	YTD Percent Collected w/P&I & Prior Years
2023 2022 & Prior	\$719,989.02 \$5,997.86	(\$358.05) (\$1,448.95)	\$719,630.97 \$4,548.91	\$4,492.99 (\$184.17)	\$223.07 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$7,290.68 \$5,722.25	\$712,340.29 (\$1,173.34)	98.99% -25.79%	99.06% -24.61%	98.90%
Total All	\$725,986.88	(\$1,807.00)	\$724,179.88	\$4,308.82	\$223.07	\$0.00	\$13,012.93	\$711,166.95	98.20%	98.28%	
Sommerset Hills Road District #3	Annual Assessment Liens	Adjustments	Adjusted Assessment Liens	Current Tax Collected	Penalty & Interest Collected	Variance	Uncollected Balance	YTD Collected	YTD Percent Collected	YTD Percent Collected w/P&I	YTD Percent Collected w/P&I & Prior Years
2023 2022 & Prior	\$294,123.64 \$0.00	(\$7,657.95) \$0.00	\$286,465.69 \$0.00	\$1,806.11 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$8,412.85 \$0.00	\$278,052.84 \$0.00	97.06% 0.00%	97.37% 0.00%	97.37%
Total All	\$294,123.64	(\$7,657.95)	\$286,465.69	\$1,806.11	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$8,412.85	\$278,052.84	97.06%	97.37%	
Sommerset Hills Road District #4	Annual Assessment Liens	Adjustments	Adjusted Assessment Liens	Current Tax Collected	Penalty & Interest Collected	Variance	Uncollected Balance	YTD Collected	YTD Percent Collected	YTD Percent Collected w/P&I	YTD Percent Collected w/P&I & Prior Years
2023 2022 & Prior	\$1,187,168.42 \$9,448.32	(\$4,194.18) (\$3,889.02)	\$1,182,974.24 \$5,559.30	\$23,179.95 \$0.00	\$194.11 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$53,159.73 \$6,279.67	\$1,129,814.51 (\$720.37)	95.51% -12.96%	95.57% 0.00%	95.54%
Total All	\$1,196,616.74	(\$8,083.20)	\$1,188,533.54	\$23,179.95	\$194.11	\$0.00	\$59,439.40	\$1,129,094.14	95.00%	95.09%	
Pearson Place Road District	Liens \$264,712.13	Adjustments	Adjusted Assessment Liens \$264,760.34	Current Tax Collected \$392.70	Penalty & Interest Collected	Variance	Uncollected Balance \$777.55	YTD Collected \$263,982.79	YTD Percent Collected	YTD Percent Collected w/P&I	YTD Percent Collected w/P&I & Prior Years
2022 & Prior	\$82.99	\$0.00	\$82.99	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$82.99	\$0.00	0.00%	0.00%	
Total All	\$264,795.12	\$48.21	\$264,843.33	\$392.70	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$860.54	\$263,982.79	99.68%	99.71%	
Northwoods Road District #1	Annual Assessment Liens	Adjustments	Adjusted Assessment Liens	Current Tax Collected	Penalty & Interest Collected	Variance	Uncollected Balance	YTD Collected	YTD Percent Collected	YTD Percent Collected w/P&I	YTD Percent Collected w/P&I & Prior Years
2023 2022 & Prior	\$681,233.03 \$4,538.91	\$52.88 \$0.00	\$681,285.91 \$4,538.91	\$6,927.94 \$0.00	\$328.86 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$10,200.49 \$4,538.91	\$671,085.42 \$0.00	98.50% 0.00%	98.63% 0.00%	98.63%
Total All	\$685,771.94	\$52.88	\$685,824.82	\$6,927.94	\$328.86	\$0.00	\$14,739.40	\$671,085.42	97.85%	97.97%	