Let's Talk About Compensation!





Background

What we want:

- Competitive pay & benefits
- Pay equity
- Avoid pay compression
- Limit or eliminate liability

What we don't want:

- Inconsistent processes
- Missing or ineffective policies







Budget by Position

- We budget by position, therefore:
 - Position control each position has a number, title, grade & salary approved during budget process
 - An increase in salary requires a public hearing & budget amendment
 - 1. Movement of excess salary funds
 - 2. Vacant & filled positions





Excess Salary Funds

- Occurs when a position is filled at a lower salary than actual budget
- Can be allocated to other positions to*:
 - Fill a vacancy at a higher salary than current budget
 - Reclassify a position
 - Retention request
 - Career ladder advancement

*A public hearing is required unless approved during the budget process and Can only be moved to other positions between Oct-Feb



Hiring Range

Past	Present	
Up to budget & set steps for L& C	25% above bottom of grade, set steps for L & C	

Options	Pros	Cons
a. 25% above bottom of grade/set steps based on market norm (L & C)	Flexible	Grade maximum quickly achieved
b. 11.25% or X% above bottom of grade (1/4 of total grade, 45% min to max)	Flexible	Less flexible than a & b
c. Midpoint (22.5% above bottom of grade)	Flexible	Grade maximum quickly achieved



New Position Funding

Past	Present	
Minimum of grade with inconsistency	Minimum of grade (exception for L & C)	

Options	Pros	Cons
a. Minimum of grade	Standard practice, common in County Government	Less flexibility for some departments/ offices
b. X% above bottom of grade	Flexible	 More expensive New minimum may be X% above or \$ used for other actions
c. Create recruitment fund with policies ensure fairness	 Flexible Justified by verification Transparent 	 More expensive Time intensive More policies to maintain

L & C Chart Options	Pros	Cons
a. Minimum hiring step based on minimum years of experience on job description	Funding above minimum step	Less flexibility for some departments/ offices
b. 2 or more steps above minimum hiring step	Flexible	More expensive
c. Create recruitment fund with policies to ensure fairness	 Flexible Justified by TCOLE record Transparent 	 More expensive Time intensive More policies to maintain



Reclassification/Position Changes

Change in position title, grade, chart

Past	Present	
Inconsistent - Not allowed outside budget, allowed anytime	During budget & October 1st - February 15th	

Options	Pros	Cons
a. During budget & October 1st - February 15th	Flexible	 Less accurate Capacity Budget process impact
b. Due to new mandate, new elected official/department head organizational structure change	 Flexible Less impact on resources & budget processes 	 Less flexible than a Accuracy concerns
c. Only as part of salary study or mandated/required	More accurate No impact on resources & budget processes	Less flexible than a and b, only available in limited cases



Retention

Past	Present
Awarded to employee upon request from office/department	Awarded following a public hearing and Commissioners Court approval if justified by a job offer letter or documented recruitment of higher paying local position

Options	Pros	Cons
a. Award with justification (job offer or recruitment documentation), public hearing, Court approval & budget amendment required	Flexible Increases are justified	 Pay compression Grade maximum quickly achieved Employee morale concerns
b. No longer allow retention	Consistent increases	Less opportunity for salary increase



Merit

- Pay increase awarded based on performance
 - Eligible after 90 days of employment
 - Requires a performance evaluation
 - Maximum of 5%
 - May be approved & funded as determined in budget process
 - Future considerations: standardized evaluation forms, funding based on performance outcomes, etc.





Career Ladders

- What positions should have career ladders?
 - Technical positions where advanced skills are needed
 - High-turnover positions requiring significant training
- How many steps should each job family have?
 - Unique to the position type and organizational desire
- How do employees move up the steps on the ladder?
 - Time in position plus achievement of certifications or abilities to perform higher level tasks
 - Only when a vacancy occurs in a higher level step or on a scheduled movement plan (once per year, etc.)



Career Ladders, cont.

- Who pays for advancement?
 - Requested in budget annually
 OR
 - Through department/office budget with no budget increase

*Career ladder movement must be requested during the budget process unless movement is due to filling of a vacancy



Supplemental Pay

- Current types of supplemental pay:
 - Field training officer
 - Certification
 - On-call
 - Crisis Intervention Team
- What positions should receive supplemental pay?
- What types are appropriate?
- How much should it pay?
- How is it decided?



Further Discussion Needed

Merit process

- Evaluation form/system?
- Policy maximum merit, metrics,
- Funding current vs. calculated on results

Career ladders

- What positions?
- How many levels?
- When can movement happen?
- How funded?

Supplemental Pay

Industry standards or what concept?



Questions or Comments?

