

WIOA SUBGRANT AGREEMENT

County of Yolo

SUBGRANT NO: AA511045
 MODIFICATION NO: New
 SUBRECIPIENT CODE: YOL
 UNIQUE ENTITY NO:
 INDIRECT COST RATE:

PASS-THROUGH ENTITY:
 State of California
 Employment Development Dept.
 Central Office Workforce
 Services Division
 P.O.Box 826880, MIC 69
 Sacramento, CA 94280-0001

SUBRECIPIENT: County of Yolo
 25 NORTH COTTONWOOD
 STREET
 WOODLAND, CA 95695
 GOVERNMENTAL
 ENTITY: Yes

This Subgrant Agreement is entered into by and between the State of California, Employment Development Department, hereinafter the Pass-through Entity, and the **County of Yolo**, hereinafter the Subrecipient. The Subrecipient agrees to operate a program in accordance with the provisions of this Subgrant and to have an approved Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Local Plan for the above named Pass-through Entity filed with the Pass-through Entity pursuant to the WIOA. This modification consists of this sheet and those of the following exhibits, which are attached hereto and by this reference made a part hereof:

- Funding Detail Chart
- General Provisions
- Youth Formula Rd 1

ALLOCATION(s) The Pass-through Entity agrees to reimburse the Subrecipient not to exceed the amount listed hereinafter 'TOTAL'	PRIOR AMOUNT INCREASE/DECREASE: TOTAL:	\$0.00 \$681,754.00 \$681,754.00
TERM OF AGREEMENT From:4/1/2024 To: 6/30/2026	Terms of Exhibits are as designated on each exhibit	
PURPOSE: The purpose of this action is to initiate Program Year (PY) 2024-25 WIOA Subgrant and incorporate WIOA Youth Formula funding under Grant Code 301. The term of these funds is from April 1, 2024, to June 30, 2026.		
APPROVED FOR PASS-THROUGH ENTITY(EDD) (By Signature)	APPROVED FOR SUBRECIPIENT (By Signature)	
Name and Title KIMBERLEE MEYER CHIEF CENTRAL OFFICE WORKFORCE SERVICES DIVISION	Name and Title Lucas Frerichs, Chair County of Yolo, Board of Supervisors	
I hereby certify that to my knowledge, the budgeted funds are available for the period and purpose of expenditures as stated herein	This agreement does not fall within the meaning of Section 10295 of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code of the State of California and pursuant to 58 OPS Cal. Atty. Gen 586, is exempt from review or approval of the Dept. of General Services and the Dept. of Finance	
Signature of EDD Accounting Officer	Approved as to Form: Philip J. Pogledich, County Counsel By: <u>Hope P. Welton</u> Hope P. Welton, Senior Deputy	

Budget item: 7100 Fund: 0869 Budgetary Attachment: No
 Chapter: Statute: 2024 FY: 24/25

SUBGRANT AGREEMENT
FUNDING DETAIL SHEET

SUBGRANT NO:AA511045
MODIFICATION NO:New

County of Yolo

I. Allocation

Funding Source	Prior Amount	Increase	Decrease	Adjusted Allocation
WIA/WIOA Formula				
96105 301 Youth Formula Rd 1 04/01/2024 to 06/30/2026 Prog/Element 61/90 Ref 101 Fed Catlg 17.259	\$0.00	\$681,754.00	\$0.00	\$681,754.00
Total WIA/WIOA Formula	\$0.00	\$681,754.00	\$0.00	\$681,754.00
Grand Total:	\$0.00	\$681,754.00	\$0.00	\$681,754.00

NARRATIVE

SUBGRANT NO:AA511045
MODIFICATION NO: 0

SUBRECIPIENT:County of Yolo
FAIN NO: 24A55AY000066
FEDERAL AWARD DATE: 6/21/2024
FUNDING SOURCE: Youth Formula Rd 1 - 301

TERM OF THESE FUNDS: 04/01/2024 - 06/30/2026

Use of funds added by this modification is limited to this period and additionally limited by the recapture provisions applicable to this funding source. The state may at its discretion recapture funds obligated under this exhibit, if expenditure plans are not being met.

PROGRAM NARRATIVE

The purpose of this action is to initiate this Local Area's new Program Year (PY) 2024-25 Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Title I subgrant agreement and to incorporate WIOA Youth formula funding into Grant Code (GC) 301. The amount in GC 301 represents this Local Area's entire Youth formula allocation for PY 2024-25. The term date for these funds is April 1, 2024 through June 30, 2026. FAIN 24A55AY000066. The Local Area will operate the WIOA program in accordance with the approved Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Plan on file in the Central Office Workforce Services Division of the Employment Development Department, P.O. Box 826880, MIC 50, Sacramento, CA 94280-0001. Note: By signing this subgrant you agree to all of the Terms and Conditions issued by the Department of Labor for all WIOA funding for Program Year (PY) 2024. The Term and Conditions are included in the transmission of this Master Subgrant.

This exhibit adds to and does not replace the terms and conditions of any other exhibit included in this agreement which terms and conditions remain in full force and effect.

WIOA (2015)

WIOA SUBGRANT AGREEMENT

1. Compliance In performance of this subgrant agreement, Subrecipient will fully comply with: a. The provisions of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA), (29 U.S.C. §§ 3101- 3361 (2014), WIOA Final Regulations, and all legislation, regulations, directives, policies, procedures and amendments issued pursuant thereto. b. All State legislation and regulations to the extent permitted by federal law and all policies, directives and/or procedures, which implement WIOA. c. Title 2, Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) part 200 (Office of Management and Budget Guidance) [OMB Guidance]. d. Title 2, C.F.R. Part 2900 (Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards) [Uniform Requirements]. e. The provisions of the Jobs for Veterans Act (Pub. L. No. 107-288) as the law applies to Department of Labor (DOL) job training programs. f. Subrecipient will ensure diligence in managing programs under this subgrant agreement, including performing appropriate monitoring activities and taking prompt corrective action against known violations of WIOA.

2. Certifications, Assurances, Standards Except as otherwise indicated, the Subrecipient agrees to comply with the certifications, assurances and standards set out in Exhibit A: Certifications and Assurances, Exhibit B: Intellectual Property Provisions and Exhibit C: Confidentiality Requirements. Failure to comply with all requirements of the certifications, assurances and standards may result in suspension of payment under this subgrant agreement or termination of this subgrant agreement or both, and the Subrecipient may be ineligible for award of future state subgrant agreements/contracts if the Pass-through Entity determines that any of the following has occurred: a. false information on the certifications, assurances and standards, or b. violation of the terms of the certifications, assurances and standards by failing to comply with the requirements noted in Exhibits A, B and C.

3. Funding It is mutually understood between the parties that this subgrant agreement may have been written before ascertaining the availability of congressional and legislative appropriation of funds, for the mutual benefit of both parties, in order to avoid program and fiscal delays which would occur if the subgrant agreement was executed after that determination was made. a. This subgrant agreement is valid and enforceable only if i. sufficient funds are made available by the State Budget Act of the appropriate state fiscal years covered by this subgrant agreement for the purposes of this program, and ii. sufficient funds are made available to the state by the United States Government for the fiscal years covered by this subgrant agreement for the purposes of this program. In addition, this subgrant agreement is subject to any additional restrictions, limitations, or conditions enacted by the Congress and Legislature or any statute enacted by the Congress and Legislature which may affect the provisions, terms, or funding of this subgrant agreement in any manner. b. At the expiration of the terms of this subgrant agreement or upon termination prior to the expiration of this subgrant agreement, funds not obligated for the purpose of this subgrant agreement will be immediately remitted to the Pass-through Entity, and no longer available to the Subrecipient. c. The Pass-through Entity retains the right to suspend financial assistance, in whole or in part, to protect the integrity of the funds or to ensure proper operation of the program, providing the Subrecipient is given prompt notice and the opportunity for an informal review of the Pass-through Entity's decision. The EDD Chief Deputy Director or his/her designee will perform this informal review and will issue the final administrative decision within 60 days of receiving the written request for review. Failure on the part of the Subrecipient or a Subcontractor of the Subrecipient to comply with the provisions of this subgrant agreement, or with WIOA or other applicable regulations, when such failure involves fraud or misappropriation of funds, may result in immediate withholding of funds. d. If applicable, the chief elected official (CEO) of a unit of general local government designated as a Local Workforce Development Area shall be liable to the Pass-through Entity for all funds not expended in accordance with WIOA, and shall return to the Pass-through Entity all of those funds. If there is more than one unit of general local government in a local area, the CEO(s) will be the individual(s) designated under an agreement executed by the CEO(s) of the local units of government. The CEO(s) designated under the agreement shall be liable to the Pass-through Entity for all funds not expended in accordance with WIOA, and shall return to the Pass-through Entity all of those funds.

4. Requirement to Provide Certain Information in Public Communications (Steven's Amendment) Pursuant to Public Law 116-260, Division H, Title V, Section 505, when issuing statements, press releases, requests for proposals, bid solicitations and other documents describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with Federal money, all non-Federal entities receiving Federal funds shall clearly state: a. The percentage of the total costs of the program or project which will be financed with Federal money; b. The dollar amount of Federal funds for the project or program; and c. The percentage and dollar amount of the total costs of the project or program that will be financed by non-governmental sources.

5. Insurance a. Except for city and county governmental entities, Subrecipients must provide the Pass-through Entity evidence of the coverage specified in paragraphs (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) below. The evidence of coverage shall include the registration number of the subgrant agreement for identification purposes. i. Subrecipient will obtain a fidelity bond in an amount of not less than _____, prior to the receipt of funds under this subgrant agreement. If the bond is canceled or reduced, Subrecipient will immediately notify the Pass-through Entity. In the event the bond is canceled or revised, the Pass-through Entity will make no further disbursements until it is assured that adequate coverage has been obtained. ii. Subrecipient will provide general liability insurance with a combined limit of \$1,000,000, or public liability and property damage coverage with a combined limit of not less than \$1,000,000. iii. Subrecipient will provide

broad form automobile liability coverage with limits as set forth in (ii) above, which applies to both owned/leased and non-owned automobiles used by the Subrecipient or its agents in performance of this subgrant agreement. Or, in the event that the Subrecipient will not utilize owned/leased automobiles but intends to require employees, trainees or other agents to utilize their own automobiles in performance of this subgrant agreement, Subrecipient will secure and maintain on file from all such employees, trainees or agents a self-certification of automobile insurance coverage. iv. Subrecipient will provide workers' compensation insurance, which complies with provisions of the California Labor Code, covering all employees of the Subrecipient and all participants enrolled in work experience programs. Medical and Accident Insurance will be carried for those participants not qualifying as "employee" (§ 3350, et seq. of the California Labor Code) for workers' compensation. v. The Pass-through Entity will be named as "Certificate Holder" of policies secured in compliance with paragraphs (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) above and will be provided certificates of insurance or insurance company "binders" prior to any disbursement of funds under this subgrant agreement, verifying the insurance requirements have been complied with. The coverage noted in paragraphs (iii) and (iv) above must contain the following clauses: 1. Insurance coverage will not be canceled or changed unless 30 days prior to the effective date of cancellation or change written notice is sent by the Subrecipient to: Employment Development Department, Central Office Workforce Services Division Financial Management Unit, P.O. Box 826880, MIC 69, Sacramento, CA 94280-0001. 2. State of California, its officers, agents, employees, and servants are included as additional insured, but only insofar as the operations under this subgrant agreement are concerned. 3. State of California is not responsible for payment of premiums or assessments on this policy. vi. Subrecipient agrees that the liability insurance herein provided for shall be in effect at all times during the term of this subgrant agreement. In the event said insurance coverage expires at any time or times during the time of this contract, the Subrecipient agrees to provide, at least 30 days before said expiration date, a new certificate of insurance evidencing insurance coverage as provided for herein for not less than the remainder of the term of the subgrant agreement or for a period of not less than one year. New certificates of insurance are subject to the approval of the Pass-through Entity, and the Subrecipient agrees that no work or services shall be performed prior to such approval. The Pass-through Entity may, in addition to any other remedies it may have, terminate this subgrant agreement should Subrecipient fail to comply with these provisions. 6. Resolution A county, city, district or other local public body must provide the state with a copy of a resolution, order, motion, or ordinance of the local governing body which by law has authority to enter into an agreement, authorizing execution of this subgrant agreement. Preferably resolutions should authorize a designated position rather than a named individual. 7. Procurement Standards The Subrecipient must use the methods of procurement in accordance with 2 C.F.R. § 200.320. 8. Grievances and Complaint System Subrecipient will establish and maintain a grievance and complaint procedure in compliance with the WIOA section 181, OMB Guidance, Uniform Requirements, federal regulations and state statutes, regulations and policy. 9. Remedies for Non-Compliance If the Subrecipient fails to comply with Federal statutes, regulations or the terms and conditions of a Federal award, the Pass-through Entity may impose additional conditions, as described in 2 C.F.R. § 200.207, Specific conditions. If the Pass-through Entity determines that noncompliance cannot be remedied by imposing additional conditions, the Pass-through Entity may take one or more of the following actions listed in 2 C.F.R. § 200.338. 10. Disallowed Costs Except to the extent that the state determines it will assume liability, the Subrecipient will be liable for and will repay to the Pass-through Entity, any amounts expended under this subgrant agreement found not to be in accordance with WIOA including, but not limited to, disallowed costs. Such repayment will be from funds (Non- Federal), other than those received under the WIOA. 11. Termination This subgrant agreement may be terminated in whole or in part for either of the two following circumstances: a. Termination for Convenience - Either the Pass-through Entity or the Subrecipient may request a termination, in whole or in part, for convenience. The Subrecipient will give a ninety (90) calendar-day advance notice in writing to the Pass-through Entity. The Pass-through Entity will give a ninety (90) calendar-day advance notice in writing to the Subrecipient. b. Termination for Cause - The Pass-through Entity may terminate this subgrant agreement in whole or in part when it has determined that the Subrecipient has substantially violated a specific provision of the WIOA, regulations, the Uniform Guidance or implementing state legislation and corrective action has not been taken. All notices of termination must be in writing and be delivered personally or by deposit in the U. S. Mail, postage prepaid, "Certified Mail-Return Receipt Requested", and will be deemed to have been given at the time of personal delivery or of the date of postmark by the U. S. Postal Service. Notices to the Subrecipient will be addressed to:

Erica Johnson
Director / Administrator
County of Yolo
25 NORTH COTTONWOOD STREET
WOODLAND, CA 95695

Notices to the Pass-through Entity will be addressed to: Employment Development Department Central Office Workforce Services Division Financial Management Unit P.O. Box 826880, MIC 69 Sacramento, CA 94280-0001 12. Audit Requirements a. The Subrecipient will maintain and make available to auditors, at all levels, accounting and program records including supporting source documentation and cooperate with all auditors. All governmental and non-profit organizations must follow the audit requirements (single audit or program-specific audit requirement) of OMB Guidance, and Uniform Requirements. b. The Subrecipient and/or auditors performing monitoring or audits of the Subrecipient or its sub-contracting service providers will immediately report to the Pass-through Entity any

incidents of fraud, abuse or other criminal activity in relation to this subgrant agreement, the WIOA, or its regulations.

13. Entire Agreement This subgrant agreement contains the entire agreement of the parties and supersedes all negotiations, verbal or otherwise and any other agreement between the parties hereto. This subgrant agreement is not intended to and will not be construed to create the relationship of agent, servant, employee, partnership, joint venture or association between the Pass-through Entity and the Subrecipient. Subrecipient represents and warrants it is free to enter into and fully perform this subgrant agreement.

14. Unenforceable Position In the event that any provision of this subgrant agreement is unenforceable or held to be unenforceable, then the parties agree that all other provisions of this subgrant agreement have force and effect and shall not be affected hereby.

15. Accounting and Cash Management

a. Subrecipient will comply with controls, record keeping and fund accounting procedure requirements of WIOA, federal and state regulations, and directives to ensure the proper disbursement of, and accounting for, program funds paid to the Subrecipient and disbursed by the Subrecipient, under this subgrant agreement.

b. Subrecipient will submit requests for cash to coincide with immediate cash needs and assure that no excess cash is on deposit in their accounts or the accounts of any sub-contracting service provider in accordance with procedures established by the Pass-through Entity. Failure to adhere to these provisions may result in suspending cash draw down privileges and providing funds through a reimbursement process.

c. The Pass-through Entity retains the authority to adjust specific amounts of cash requested if the Pass-through Entity's records and subsequent verification with the Subrecipient indicate that the Subrecipient has an excessive amount of cash in its account.

d. Income (including interest income) generated as a result of the receipt of WIOA activities, will be utilized in accordance with policy and procedures established by the Pass-through Entity. Subrecipient will account for any such generated income separately.

e. Subrecipient shall not be required to maintain a separate bank account but shall separately account for WIOA funds on deposit. All funding under this subgrant agreement, will be made by check or wire transfer payable to the Subrecipient for deposit in Subrecipient's bank account or city and county governmental bank accounts. To provide for the necessary and proper internal controls, funds should be withdrawn and disbursed by no less than two representatives of the Subrecipient. The Pass-through Entity will have a lien upon any balance of WIOA funds in these accounts, which will take priority over all other liens or claims.

16. Amendments This subgrant agreement may be unilaterally modified by the Pass-through Entity under the following circumstances:

a. There is an increase or decrease in federal or state funding levels.

b. A modification to the Subgrant is required in order to implement an adjustment to a Subrecipient's plan.

c. Funds awarded to the Subrecipient have not been expended in accordance with the schedule included in the approved Subrecipient's plan. After consultation with the Subrecipient, the Pass-through Entity has determined that funds will not be spent in a timely manner, and such funds are for that reason to the extent permitted by and in a manner consistent with state and federal law, regulations and policies, reverting to the Pass-through Entity.

d. There is a change in state and federal law or regulation requiring a change in the provisions of this subgrant agreement.

e. An amendment is required to change the Subrecipient's name as listed on this subgrant agreement. Upon receipt of legal documentation of the name change, the state will process the amendment. Payment of invoices presented with a new name cannot be paid prior to approval of said amendment. Except as provided above, this subgrant agreement may be amended only in writing by the mutual agreement of both parties.

17. Reporting Subrecipient will compile and submit reports of activities, expenditures, status of cash, and closeout information by the specified dates as prescribed by the Pass-through Entity. All expenditure reports must be submitted upon the accrual basis of accounting. Failure to adhere to the reporting requirements of this agreement will result in funds not being released.

18. Records

a. If participants are served under this subgrant agreement, the Subrecipient will establish a participant data system as prescribed by the Pass-through Entity.

b. Subrecipient will retain all records pertinent to this subgrant agreement for a period of three years from the date of final payment of this subgrant agreement. If, at the end of three years, there is litigation or an audit involving those records, the Subrecipient will retain the records until the resolution of such litigation or audit. Refer to OMB Guidance, Subpart D, Part 200.333-200.337.

c. The Pass-through Entity and/or the DOL, or their designee (refer to OMB Guidance, section 200.336) will have access to and right to examine, monitor and audit all records, documents, conditions and activities related to programs funded by this subgrant agreement. For purposes of this section, "access to" means that the Subrecipient shall at all times maintain within the State of California a complete set of records and documents related to programs funded by this agreement. The Subrecipient shall comply with this requirement regardless of whether it ceases to operate or maintain a presence within the State of California before the expiration of the subgrant. Subrecipient's performance under the terms and conditions herein specified will be subject to an evaluation by the Pass-through Entity of the adequacy of the services performed, timeliness of response and a general impression of the competency of the firm and its staff.

19. Subcontracting

a. Any of the work or services specified in this subgrant agreement which will be performed by other than by the Subrecipient will be evidenced by a written agreement specifying the terms and conditions of such performance.

b. The Subrecipient will maintain and adhere to an appropriate system, consistent with federal, state and local law, for the award and monitoring of contracts which contain acceptable standards for ensuring accountability.

c. The system for awarding contracts will contain safeguards to ensure that the Subrecipient does not contract with any entity whose officers have been convicted of fraud or misappropriation of funds within the last two years.

20. Consultants Fees paid to a consultant, who provides services under a program, shall be limited to \$815 per day (representing an 8 hour work day). Any fees paid in excess of this amount cannot be paid without prior approval from the Grant Officer.

21. Conflicts

a. Subrecipient will cooperate in the resolution of any conflict with the DOL that may occur from the activities funded under this agreement.

b. In the event of a dispute between the Pass-

through Entity and the Subrecipient over any part of this subgrant agreement, the dispute may be submitted to non-binding arbitration upon the consent of both the Pass-through Entity and the Subrecipient. An election for arbitration pursuant to this provision will not preclude either party from pursuing any remedy for relief otherwise available. 22. Indemnification a. The following provision applies only if the Subrecipient is a governmental entity: Pursuant to California Government Code § 895.4, each party agrees to indemnify and hold the other party harmless from all liability for damage to persons or property arising out of or resulting from acts or omissions of the indemnifying party. b. The following provision applies only if the Subrecipient is a non-governmental entity: The Subrecipient agrees to the extent permitted by law, to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Pass-through Entity, its officers, agents and employees from any and all claims and losses accruing or resulting to any and all contractors, subcontractors, materials persons, laborers and any other persons, firms or corporations, furnishing or supplying work, services, materials, or supplies in connection with the performance of this agreement, and from any and all claims and losses accruing or resulting to any persons, firms or corporations which may be injured or damaged by the Subrecipient in the performance of this subgrant agreement. 23. Signatures This subgrant agreement is of no force and effect until signed by both of the parties hereto. Subrecipient will not commence performance prior to the beginning of this subgrant agreement. Contact information for the awarding official of the Pass-through Entity: Name: Kimberlee Meyer Title: Chief Address: P.O. Box 826880, MIC 50 Sacramento, CA 94280-0001

Exhibit A

Certifications and Assurances

- a. Corporate Registration: The Subrecipient, if it is a corporation, certifies it is registered with the Secretary of the State of California.
- b. Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA): Subrecipient assures that it complies with the ADA of 1990, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability, as well as all applicable regulations and guidelines issued pursuant to the ADA. (42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq.)
- c. Sectarian Activities: The Subrecipient certifies that this subgrant agreement does not provide for the advancement or aid to any religious sect, church or creed, or sectarian purpose nor does it help to support or sustain any school, college, university, hospital or other institution controlled by any religious creed, church, or sectarian denomination whatsoever, as specified by Article XVI, Section 5, of the Constitution, regarding separation of church and state.
- d. National Labor Relations Board certification Subrecipient certifies that no more than one (1) final unappealable finding of contempt of court by a Federal court has been issued against Subrecipient within the immediately preceding two-year period because of Subrecipient's failure to comply with an order of a Federal court, which orders Subrecipient to comply with an order of the National Labor Relations Board. (Pub. Contract Code § 10296) (Not applicable to public entities.)
- e. Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA): By signing this subgrant agreement, Subrecipient hereby assures and certifies to comply with the provisions of FFATA, which includes requirements on executive compensation, and requirements implementing FFATA at 2 C.F.R. part 25 and 2. C.F.R. part 170.
- f. Prior Findings: Subrecipient, by signing this subgrant agreement, certifies that it has not failed to satisfy any major condition in a current or previous subgrant agreement with the DOL or the State of California and has not failed to satisfy conditions relating to the resolution of a final finding and determination, including repayment of debts.
- g. Drug Free Workplace requirement: Subrecipient will comply with the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1990 and will provide a drug-free workplace by taking the following actions:
 1. Publish a statement notifying employees that unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession or use of a controlled substance is prohibited and specifying actions to be taken against employees for violations.
 2. Establish a Drug-Free Awareness Program to inform employees about:
 - i. the dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;
 - ii. the person's or organization's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;
 - iii. any available counseling, rehabilitation and employee assistance programs; and,
 - iv. penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations.

3. Every employee who works on the proposed subgrant agreement will:
 - i. receive a copy of the company's drug-free workplace policy statement; and,
 - ii. agree to abide by the terms of the company's statement as a condition of employment on the subgrant agreement.

4. Failure to comply with these requirements may result in suspension of payments under this subgrant agreement or termination of the subgrant agreement or both and Subrecipient may be ineligible for award of any future subgrant agreements if the Pass-through Entity determines that any of the following has occurred: the Subrecipient has made false certification; or violated the certification by failing to carry out the requirements as noted above. (Gov. Code § 8350 et seq.)

- h. Expatriate Corporations: Subrecipient hereby declares that it is not an expatriate corporation or subsidiary of an expatriate corporation within the meaning of Public Contract Code §§ 10286 and 10286.1, and is eligible to contract with the State of California.
- i. Priority Hiring considerations: If this subgrant agreement includes services in excess of \$200,000, the Subrecipient shall give priority consideration in filling vacancies in positions funded by the subgrant agreement to qualified recipients of aid under Welfare and Institutions Code § 11200 in accordance with Pub. Contract Code § 10353.
- j. Sweatfree Code of Conduct:
 1. All Subrecipients contracting for the procurement or laundering of apparel, garments or corresponding accessories, or the procurement of equipment, materials, or supplies, other than procurement related to a public works contract, declare under penalty of perjury that no apparel, garments or corresponding accessories, equipment, materials, or supplies furnished to the state pursuant to this subgrant agreement have been laundered or produced in whole or in part by sweatshop labor, forced labor, convict labor, indentured labor under penal sanction, abusive forms of child labor or exploitation of children in sweatshop labor, or with the benefit of sweatshop labor, forced labor, convict labor, indentured labor under penal sanction, abusive forms of child labor or exploitation of children in sweatshop labor. The Subrecipient further declares under penalty of perjury that they adhere to the Sweatfree Code of Conduct as set forth on the California Department of Industrial Relations website located at www.dir.ca.gov, and Public Contract Code § 6108.
 2. The Subrecipient agrees to cooperate fully in providing reasonable access to the Subrecipient's records, documents, agents or employees, or premises if reasonably required by authorized officials of the contracting agency, the Department of Industrial Relations, or the Department of Justice to determine the contractor's compliance with the requirements under paragraph (1).

- k. Child Support Compliance: For any Agreement in excess of \$100,000, the Subrecipient acknowledges in accordance with Public Contract Code § 7110, that:
 1. The Subrecipient recognizes the importance of child and family support obligations and shall fully comply with all applicable state and federal laws relating to child and family support enforcement, including, but not limited to, disclosure of information and compliance with earnings assignment orders, as provided in Chapter 8 (commencing with § 5200) of Part 5 of Division 9 of the Family Code; and
 2. The Subrecipient, to the best of its knowledge is fully complying with the earnings assignment orders of all employees and is providing the names of all new employees to the New Hire Registry maintained by the Pass-through Entity.

- l. Air/Water Pollution violation certification: Under the State laws, the Subrecipient shall not be:
 1. in violation of any order or resolution not subject to review promulgated by the State Air Resources Board or an air pollution control district;

2. subject to cease and desist order not subject to review issued pursuant to § 13301 of the Water Code for violation of waste discharge requirements or discharge prohibitions; or
 3. finally determined to be in violation of provisions of federal law relating to air or water pollution.
- m. Clean Air Act: Subrecipient agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. §§ 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 U.S.C. §§ 1251-1387).
- n. Domestic Partners: For contracts over \$100,000 executed or amended after January 1, 2007, the Subrecipient certifies that it is in compliance with Public Contract Code § 10295.3.
- o. Debarment and Suspension Certification: By signing this subgrant agreement, the Subrecipient hereby certifies under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the Subrecipient will comply with regulations implementing Executive Orders 12549 and 12689, Debarment and Suspension and OMB Guidance 2 CFR Part 180, that the prospective participant (i.e., Subrecipient), to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
1. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any federal department or agency.
 2. Have not within a three-year period preceding this subgrant agreement been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (federal, state or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction, violation of federal or state antitrust statutes, or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification, or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property.
 3. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a government entity (federal, state or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in Section 2 of this certification.
 4. Have not within a three-year period preceding this subgrant agreement had one or more public transactions (federal, state or local) terminated for cause of default.

Where the Subrecipient is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this agreement.

- p. Lobbying Restrictions: By signing this subgrant agreement, the Subrecipient hereby assures and certifies to the lobbying restrictions in 2 C.F.R. §200.450, 29 CFR Part 93 and in the Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment (31 U.S.C. §1352).
1. No federal appropriated funds have been paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress, in connection with this federal contract, grant loan, or cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
 2. If any funds other than federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, and officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress, in connection with this subgrant agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying" in accordance with its instructions.
 3. The undersigned shall require that the language of the lobbying restrictions be included in the award documents for subgrant agreement transactions over \$100,000 (per OMB) at all tiers (including subgrant agreements, contracts and subcontracts, under grants, loan, or cooperative agreements), and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.
 4. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance is

placed when this transaction is executed. Submission of the Lobbying Certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each failure.

q. Nondiscrimination Clause:

1. As a condition to the award of financial assistance from the Department of Labor under Title I of WIOA, the Subrecipient assures that it has the ability to comply with the nondiscrimination and equal opportunity provisions of the following laws and will remain in compliance for the duration of the award of federal financial assistance:
 - i. Section 188 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA), which prohibits discrimination against all individuals in the United States on the basis of race, color, religion, sex (including pregnancy, childbirth, and related medical conditions, transgender status and gender identity), national origin (limited English proficiency), age, disability, political affiliation or belief, and against beneficiaries on the basis of either citizenship status or participation in any WIOA Title I-financially assisted program or activity;
 - ii. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, which prohibits discrimination on the bases of race, color and national origin;
 - iii. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, which prohibits discrimination against qualified individuals with disabilities;
 - iv. The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age; and
 - v. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in educational programs.

The Subrecipient also assures that, as a recipient of WIOA Title I financial assistance, it will comply with 29 CFR part 38 and all other regulations implementing the laws listed above. This assurance applies to the Subrecipient's operation of the WIOA Title I-financially assisted program or activity, and to all agreements the Subrecipient makes to carry out the WIOA Title I-financially assisted program or activity. The Subrecipient understands that the United States has the right to seek judicial enforcement of this assurance.

- r. Avoidance of Conflict of Economic Interest: An executive or employee of the Subrecipient, an elected official in the area or a member of the Local Board, will not solicit or accept money or any other consideration from a third person, for the performance of an act reimbursed in whole or part by the Subrecipient or Pass-through Entity. Supplies, materials, equipment or services purchased with subgrant agreement funds will be used solely for purposes allowed under this subgrant agreement. No member of the Local Board will cast a vote on the provision of services by that member (or any organization, which that member represents) or vote on any matter which would provide direct financial benefit to that member (or immediate family of the member) or any business or organization which the member directly represents.

Exhibit B

Intellectual Property Provisions

Federal Funding

Pursuant to 2 CFR 200.315, in any subgrant funded in whole or in part by the federal government, Pass-through Entity acquires the title to intangible property, as defined in 2 CFR 200.59 as including Intellectual Property, which results directly or indirectly from the subgrant. The federal government shall have a royalty-free, non-exclusive and irrevocable right to reproduce, publish, or otherwise use the Intellectual Property for Federal purposes, and to authorize others to do so. Additionally, pursuant to 2 CFR 2900.13, Intellectual Property developed under this subgrant will be licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution license, which allows subsequent users to copy, distribute, transmit and adapt the copyrighted work and requires such users to attribute the work in the manner specified by the Pass-through Entity.

Exhibit C

Confidentiality Requirements

The State of California and the Subrecipient will exchange various kinds of information pursuant to this subgrant agreement. That information will include data, applications, program files, and databases. These data and information are confidential when they define an individual or an employing unit or when the disclosure is restricted or prohibited by any provision of law. Confidential information requires special precautions to protect it from unauthorized use, access, disclosure, modification, and destruction. The sources of information may include, but are not limited to, the EDD, the California Department of Social Services, the California Department of Education, the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, the County Welfare Department(s), the County IV-D Directors Office of Child Support, the Office of the District Attorney, the California Department of Mental Health, the California Office of Community Colleges and the Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs.

The Pass-through Entity and Subrecipient agree that:

- a. Each party shall keep all information that is exchanged between them in the strictest confidence and make such information available to their own employees only on a "need-to-know" basis.
- b. Each party shall provide security sufficient to ensure protection of confidential information from improper use and disclosures, including sufficient administrative, physical, and technical safeguards to protect this information from reasonable unanticipated threats to the security or confidentiality of the information.
- c. The Subrecipient agrees that information obtained under this subgrant agreement will not be reproduced, published, sold or released in original or in any other form for any purpose other than those specifically identified in this agreement.
 1. Aggregate Summaries: All reports and/or publications developed by the Subrecipient based on data obtained under this agreement shall contain confidential data in aggregated or statistical summary form only. "Aggregated" refers to a data output that does not allow identification of an individual or employer unit.
 2. Publication: Prior to publication, Subrecipient shall carefully analyze aggregated data outputs to ensure the identity of individuals and/or employer units cannot be inferred pursuant to California Unemployment Insurance Code Section 1094(c). Personal identifiers must be removed. Geographic identifiers should be specified only in large areas and as needed, and variables should be recorded in order to protect confidentiality.
 3. Minimum Data Cell Size: The minimum data cell size or derivation thereof shall be three participants for any data table released to outside parties or to the public.

- d. Each party agrees that no disaggregate data, identifying individuals or employers, shall be released to outside parties or the public.
- e. The Subrecipient shall notify Pass-through Entity's Information Security Office of any actual or attempted information security incidents, within 24 hours of initial detection, by telephone at (916) 654-6231. Information security incidents include, but are not limited to, any event (intentional or unintentional), that causes the loss, damage, or destruction, or unauthorized access, use, modification, or disclosure of information assets.

The Subrecipient shall cooperate with the Pass-through Entity in any investigation of security incidents. The system or device affected by an information security incident and containing confidential data obtained in the administration of this program shall be immediately removed from operation upon confidential data exposure or a known security breach. It shall remain removed from operation until correction and mitigation measures are applied. If the Subrecipient learns of a breach in the security of the system which contains confidential data obtained under this Subgrant, then the Subrecipient must provide notification to individuals pursuant to California Civil Code Section 1798.82.

The Subrecipient shall be responsible for all costs incurred by the Pass-through Entity due to a security incident resulting from the Subrecipient's failure to perform or negligent acts of its personnel, and resulting in an unauthorized disclosure, release, access, review, or destruction; or loss, theft or misuse of an information asset. If the Subrecipient experiences a loss or breach of data, the Subrecipient shall immediately report the loss or breach to the Pass-through Entity. If the Pass-through Entity determines that notice to the individuals whose data has been lost or breached is appropriate, the Subrecipient will bear any and all costs associated with the notice or any mitigation selected by the Pass-through Entity. These costs include, but are not limited to, staff time, material costs, postage, media announcements, and other identifiable costs associated with the breach or loss of data.

- f. The Subrecipient shall provide for the management and control of physical access to information assets (including personal computer systems, computer terminals, mobile computing devices, and various electronic storage media) used in performance of this Subgrant. This shall include, but is not limited to, security measures to physically protect data, systems, and workstations from unauthorized access and malicious activity; the prevention, detection, and suppression of fires; and the prevention, detection, and minimization of water damage.
- g. At no time will confidential data obtained pursuant to this agreement be placed on a mobile computing device, or on any form of removable electronic storage media of any kind unless the data are fully encrypted.
- h. Each party shall provide its employees with access to confidential information with written instructions fully disclosing and explaining the penalties for unauthorized use or disclosure of confidential information found in Section 1798.55 of the California Civil Code, Section 502 of the California Penal Code, Section 2111 of the California Unemployment Insurance Code, Section 10850 of the California Welfare and Institutions Code and other applicable local, state and federal laws.
- i. Each party shall (where it is appropriate) store and process information in electronic format, in such a way that unauthorized persons cannot reasonably retrieve the information by means of a computer.
- j. All Subrecipient staff and subcontractors that are provided access to any data systems of the Pass-through Entity, excluding CalJOBS, are required to complete and sign an Employee Confidentiality Statement (DE 7410).
- k. Each party shall promptly return to the other party confidential information when its use ends, or destroy the confidential information utilizing an approved method of destroying confidential information: shredding, burning, or certified or witnessed destruction. Magnetic media are to be degaussed or returned to the other party.
- l. If the Pass-through Entity or Subrecipient enters into an agreement with a third party to provide WIOA services, the Pass-through Entity or Subrecipient agrees to include these data and security and confidentiality requirements in the agreement with that third party. In no event shall said information be disclosed to any

individual outside of that third party's authorized staff, subcontractor(s), service providers, or employees.

m. The Subrecipient may, in its operation of the America's Job Center of California (AJCC), permit an AJCC Operator to enter into a subcontract to manage confidential information. This subcontract may allow an individual to register for resume distribution services at the same time the individual enrolls in CalJOBS. Subrecipient shall ensure that all such subcontracts comply with the intellectual property requirements of this subgrant agreement, the confidentiality requirements of this subgrant agreement and any other terms of this subgrant agreement that may be applicable. In addition, the following requirements must be included in the subcontracts:

1. All client information submitted over the internet to the subcontractor's databases must be protected, at a minimum, by 128-bit Secure Socket Layer (SSL) encryption. Clients' social security numbers must be stored in a separate database within the subcontractor's network of servers, and protected by a firewall and a secondary database server firewall or AES data encryption. If a subcontractor receives client social security numbers or other confidential information in the course of business, for example a resume-distribution service that provides enrollment in CalJOBS, social security numbers must be destroyed within two days after the client registers for CalJOBS. If a subcontractor obtains confidential information as an agent of the Subrecipient, the subcontract must specifically state the purpose for the data collection and the term of records retention must be stated, and directly related, to the purpose and use of the information. Social security numbers and other client specific information shall not be retained for more than three years after a client completes services.
2. Client information (personal information that identifies a client such as name and social security number) and/or demographic information of a client (such as wage history, address, and previous employment) shall not be used as a basis for commercial solicitation during the time the client or agency is using the subcontractor's services. Client information and/or demographic information shall not be used for any purposes other than those specific program purposes set forth in the subcontract.
3. An AJCC client must still be given the option to use the AJCC's services, including CalJOBS, even if he or she chooses not to use any services of the subcontractor. This option shall be prominently, clearly and immediately communicated to the client upon registration within the AJCC or for CalJOBS, the subcontractor's resume-distribution services, or any other services subcontractor offers to the client or the AJCC Operator.
4. The subcontractor must clearly disclose all of its potential and intended uses of the client's personal and/or demographic information for the services the client seeks and for any other services the subcontractor offers. The subcontractor shall not use a client's personal and/or demographic information without the client's prior permission. A link to the subcontractor's Privacy Policy shall appear prominently on the registration screens that list the potential and intended uses of the client's personal and/or demographic information.
5. When the Pass-through Entity modifies State automated systems such as the State CalJOBS System, it shall provide reasonable notice of such changes to the Subrecipient. The Subrecipient shall be responsible to communicate such changes to the AJCC Operator(s) in the local area.

n. Each party shall designate an employee who shall be responsible for overall security and confidentiality of its data and information systems and each party shall notify the other of any changes in that designation. As of this date, the following are those individuals:

FOR THE PASS-THROUGH ENTITY:

Name: Nicole Laktash
Title: Section Manager
Address: P.O. Box 826880, MIC 50
Sacramento, CA 94280-0001
Telephone: (916) 654-6804
Fax: (916) 654-9586

FOR THE SUBRECIPIENT:

Name:
Title:
Telephone:
Fax:

PY 2024 Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Youth Program Activities - Annual Funding Agreement

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PART A: GENERAL AWARD, SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT AND UNIFORM GUIDANCE

A(1.) Compliance and the Order of Precedence

The recipient of this Federal award must assure to fully comply with the rules and requirements specified in the award document. Program requirements may be located in the Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA), statutes, Executive Orders, government-wide regulations, agency regulations, agency policy guidance such as Training Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL), and the terms outlined in the award document. The list below identifies the hierarchy of authority.

The following order of precedence applies to your activities under this Federal award. DOL-ETA-OGM recommends that the award recipient contact ETA when questions arise about what requirements or precedence applies. In the event of any inconsistency between the terms and conditions of this Notice of Award (NOA) and other requirements, consult the below order:

1. Workforce Innovation Opportunity Act (WIOA).
2. Other applicable Federal statutes.
3. Further Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024, dated March 23, 2024.
4. Implementing Regulations.
5. Executive Orders and Presidential Memoranda.
6. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Guidance, including the Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR (Code of Federal Regulations) parts 200 and 2900.
7. The U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) or Employment and Training Administration (ETA) directives.
8. Terms and conditions of this award.

The funds that are provided under this NOA must be expended according to all applicable Federal statutes, regulations and policies, including those of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA), the applicable approved WIOA State Plan (including approved modifications and amendments to the plan), and any waiver plan approved under WIOA Section 189(i)(3) or Workforce Flexibility (Workflex) plan approved under WIOA Section 190, the negotiated performance levels and policies established pursuant to the Secretary's authority under WIOA Section 116, and the applicable provisions in the appropriations act(s).

A(2.) Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL)

The Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) No. 12-23 and any amendments found at <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/eta/advisories/tegl-12-23> are hereby incorporated into this NOA. Award recipients are bound by the authorizations, restrictions, and requirements contained in the funding opportunity announcement . Therefore, the

expenditure of funds by the award recipient certifies that your organization has read and will comply with all the parts that are contained in the NOA.

Notice of Award The funds provided under this Notice of Award (NOA) must be expended according to all applicable Federal statutes, regulations and policies, and the applicable provisions in the appropriations act(s). The funds shall be obligated and expended via a NOA. These obligations and expenditures may not exceed the amount awarded by the NOA unless otherwise amended by the ETA.

A(3.) SF-424, Application for Federal Assistance, and SF-424B, Assurances and Certifications

The signed SF-424, Application for Federal Assistance, has been included as an attachment to this award. The individual that signed the SF-424 on behalf of the applicant is considered the Authorized Representative of the applicant. As stated in block 21 of the SF-424 form, the signature of the Authorized Representative on the SF-424 certifies that the award recipient is in compliance with the Assurances and Certifications form SF-424B available at [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov). *The award recipient does not need to submit the SF-424B separately.*

A(4.) Federal Project Officer

The name and contact information of the DOL/ETA Federal Project Officer (FPO) for this award is found on the first page of this Notice of Award (NOA) in field #10.

This individual is your main point of contact with DOL. The individual is not authorized to change any of the terms or conditions of the award or approve prior approval requests. Any changes to the terms or conditions or prior approvals must be approved by the Grant Officer through the use of a formally executed award amendment process.

A(5.) System for Award Management

System for Award Management (SAM) is the official Federal system that collects, validates, stores, and disseminates business information about the Federal government's trading partners in support of contract awards, grants, and electronic payment processes.

A SAM registration is required for an entity to be able to apply for Federal awards, to request amendments to existing awards, and to enable them to closeout expiring awards. See [Training and Employment Notice \(TEN\) 18-17](#) for additional guidance.

Unless the award recipient is exempt from this requirement under 2 CFR 25.110, the grant award or cooperative agreement recipient must maintain current information in the SAM. This includes information on the recipient's immediate and highest-level owner and subsidiaries, as well as on all of the recipient's predecessors that have been awarded a Federal contract or Federal financial assistance within the last three years, if applicable, until the award recipient submits the final financial report required under this Federal award or receive the final payment, whichever is later.

DOL advises award recipients and other awardees of Federal awards such as cooperative agreements registered in SAM to review their registration information, particularly their financial information and points of contact. Assistance is available by contacting the Federal Service Desk at [FSD.gov](https://www.fsd.gov).

DOL routinely checks the validity of a grant award or cooperative agreement recipient's SAM registration and verifies that the recipient is not included on the excluded parties list before making an award or approving a modification to an existing award. Failure to have an active SAM registration can delay award recipients from receiving their initial award or requested modifications to their existing awards.

DOL further encourages award recipients to review the expiration date of their SAM registration and begin the renewal process well in advance, to ensure that their registration remains valid. If the award recipient has not logged in and updated its entity registration record within at least the past 365 days, its record will expire and go into inactive status. Timely renewal will ensure that the award recipient can continue to request and receive modifications to their existing grants, as well as apply for new funding opportunities. Further, the EIN number must remain active until the award closeout process is fully completed.

A(6.) Unique Entity Identifier Requirements

Effective on April 4, 2022, the DUNS Number was replaced by a new, non-proprietary identifier requested in and assigned by [SAM.gov](https://sam.gov). This new identifier is called the Unique Entity Identifier (UEI), or the Entity ID. To learn more about how to access your UEI, please visit the U.S. General Service Administration (GSA), [Unique Entity Identifier Update webpage](#).

If the grant award or cooperative agreement recipient is authorized to make subawards (see definition below in Section A (10.)) under this award, then the recipient:

1. Must notify potential subrecipients that no entity may receive a subaward from the award recipient until the entity has provided its UEI to the recipient.
2. May not make a subaward to an entity unless the entity has provided its UEI to the grant award or cooperative agreement recipient. Subrecipients are not required to obtain an active SAM registration but must obtain a UEI.

A(7.) Uniform Guidance and Adoption by DOL

Award recipients are required to follow the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, And Audit Requirements For Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance Title 2 Parts 25, 170, 183, and 200). The Uniform Guidance consolidates and supersedes requirements previously included in eight separate Circulars: Uniform Administrative Requirements: Circular A-102, Circular A-110, and Circular A-89; Uniform Cost Principles: Circular A-21, Circular A-87, and Circular A-122; Uniform Audit Requirements: Circular A-133; Circular A-50. The Department of Labor's (Department

or DOL) adoption of the Uniform Guidance may be found at [2 CFR Part 2900](#). OMB also approved twenty-two (22) exceptions for DOL. Revisions published on April 22, 2024 will require implementation by October 1, 2024 and additional guidance will be issued at that time.

A(8.) Subawards

A *subaward* means an award provided by a *Pass-Through Entity* (PTE) to a subrecipient for the subrecipient to carry out part of a Federal award received by the PTE. It does not include payments to a contractor or payments to an individual that is a beneficiary of a Federal program. A subaward may be provided through any form of legal agreement, including an agreement that the PTE considers a contract.

The provisions of the Terms and Conditions of this award will be applied to any subrecipient under this award. The recipient is responsible for monitoring the subrecipient, ensuring that the Terms and Conditions are in all subaward packages and that the subrecipient complies with all applicable regulations and the Terms and Conditions of this award (2 CFR 200.101(b)).

A(9.) Vendor/Contractor Defined

The term “contractor,” sometimes referred to as a vendor, is a dealer, distributor, merchant or other seller providing goods or services that are required to implement a Federal program (see 2 CFR 200.1). These goods or services may be for an organization's own use or for the use of the beneficiaries of the Federal program. Additional guidance on distinguishing between a subrecipient and a contractor (vendor) is provided in 2 CFR 200.331. When procuring contractors for goods and services, DOL/ETA recipients and subrecipients must follow the procurement requirements found at 2 CFR 200.320 (except states, pursuant to 2 CFR 200.317), which calls for free and open competition.

A(10.) Technical Assistance, Resources, and Information

Additional resources, 508-compliant powerpoints, training, and resources to assist the award recipient are located on the [ETA Resources webpage](#) and on the Grants Application and Management collection page on [WorkforceGPS.org](#). [SMART training](#) is a technical assistance initiative sponsored by DOL/ETA to assist its award recipients and subrecipients in improving its program/project operations through effective grants management. Please take some time to review the training modules which are focused on:

Strategies for sound grant management that include:

Monitoring,

Accountability,

Risk mitigation and

Transparency.

Questions regarding the content may be directed to compliance.policy@dol.gov.

A(11.) Monitoring, Technical Assistance, and Additional Specific Conditions of Award

All award recipients, including states and territories managing the Unemployment Insurance programs, are subject to 2 CFR 200.208, *Specific conditions*, which indicates that the Federal awarding agency may adjust specific award conditions as needed. A specific condition is based on an analysis of the following factors:

1. Based on the criteria in 2 CFR 200.206, *Federal awarding agency review of risk posed by applicants*;
2. The applicant or recipient's history of compliance with the general or specific terms and conditions of a Federal award;
3. The applicant or recipient's ability to meet expected performance goals as described in 2 CFR 200.211; or
4. A responsibility determination of an applicant or recipient.

Additional Federal award conditions may include items such as the following:

1. Requiring payments as reimbursements rather than advance payments;
2. Withholding authority to proceed to the next phase until receipt of evidence of acceptable performance within a given performance period;
3. Requiring additional, more detailed financial reports;
4. Requiring additional project monitoring;
5. Requiring the non-Federal entity to obtain technical or management assistance; or
6. Establishing additional prior approvals.

Award recipients may be required to obtain technical or compliance assistance through an established provider/contractor that has been selected or hired by DOL/ETA that may include in-person or remote assistance.

A(12.) Evaluation, Data, and Implementation

Award recipients must cooperate during the implementation of a third-party evaluation. This means providing DOL/ETA or its authorized contractor with the appropriate data and access to program operating personnel and participants in a timely manner.

A(13.) Program Requirements

TEGL No. 12-23 contains the program requirements for this award.

A(14.) Conflict of Interest

Recipients and subrecipients of federal assistance must have a written policy in place on conflicts of interest, including organizational conflicts of interest. The policy must include the process the recipient or subrecipient will take to identify, avoid, remove, and remedy conflicts of interest.

Federal assistance recipients must disclose in writing any real or potential conflict of interest to DOL. The disclosure must notify the Grant Officer through written letter or email and contain the appropriate grant number.

A conflict of interest occurs when an entity or individual's objectivity becomes impaired because there is a conflict between personal or self-serving interests and professional duties or responsibilities. Such a conflict occurs when an organization or individual has a vested interest, such as financial, status, knowledge, relationships, or reputation, which puts into question whether their actions, judgment, or decision-making can be unbiased. A conflict of interest can also arise when actions are taken or may appear to be taken by any entity involved in more than one role, such that the performance of that entity in one role affects its interest in its other role, thereby making it difficult for the entity to perform a grant process objectively and impartially.

A potential conflict of interest occurs when it is reasonably foreseeable that an entity or individual's objectivity could become impaired in the future due to a conflict between personal or self-serving interests and professional duties or responsibilities.

An organizational conflict of interest occurs when, because of relationships with a parent company, affiliate, or subsidiary organization, the non-Federal entity is unable or appears to be unable to be impartial in conducting a grant action involving a related organization. Such conflicts may be actual or potential.

DOL requires that recipients of Federal funds use them in the best interest of the award program and therefore grant decisions must be free of undisclosed conflicts of interest including those that are real or potential conflicts, whether individual or organizational. When there are disclosed conflicts of interest in grant decisions, the recipient must notify DOL and take remedial action to resolve or mitigate the conflict.

The signatory authority or authorized official identified on the SF-424 application further certifies through their signature on the SF-424 application that any potential conflict of interest has been identified to the appropriate Grant Officer.

PART B: INDIRECT COSTS, BUDGET, AND COST SHARE (MATCH)

B(1.) Indirect Cost Rate and Cost Allocation Plan

An award recipient that is claiming indirect costs to a Federal award must have a Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (NICRA), Cost Allocation Plan (CAP), or elect to utilize the de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs (MTDC). Indirect (facilities & administrative (F&A)) costs are costs incurred for a common or joint purpose that benefit more than one cost objective and are not readily assignable to one cost objective without specifically benefitting effort disproportionate to the results achieved. Direct costs, by contrast, can be identified specifically with a particular cost objective, such as a Federal award, or other internally or externally funded activity that can be directly assigned to such activities relatively easily with a high degree of accuracy.

Identification with the Federal award rather than the nature of the goods and services involved is the determining factor in distinguishing direct from indirect (F&A) costs.

If the DOL serves as the Federal Cognizant Agency (FCA) for the award recipient, then the award recipient must work with DOL's Cost & Price Determination Division (CPDD), which has delegated authority to negotiate and issue a NICRA or CAP on behalf of the Federal Government. More information about the DOL's CPDD is available at [DOL's Cost & Price Determination Division \(CPDD\) website](#) and provides guidelines to help develop indirect cost rates, links to the applicable cost principles, and contact information. The CPDD also has Frequently Asked Questions to provide general information about the indirect cost rate approval process and due dates for provisional and final indirect cost rate proposals.

If a new NICRA is issued during the award's period of performance, it must be provided to DOL within 30 days of issuance. Funds may be re-budgeted as necessary between direct cost categories as long as they are consistent with the Budget Flexibility term within this agreement, grant requirements, and DOL regulations on prior approval. However, the total amount of the award will not be increased.

B(2.) Indirect Cost Rate – Financial Reporting for NICRA and De Minimis

All award recipients with an approved NICRA or de minimis rate must report indirect costs on their **FINAL** ETA-9130 Financial Report. If an award recipient has a NICRA and a CAP, only the indirect costs tied to the NICRA are reported on the FINAL ETA-9130 Financial Report. The grant recipient may refer to the [ETA-9130 Report](#) for additional guidance.

B(3.) Budget - Approved

The award recipient's budget documents are attached in this NOA. The documents are: 1) the SF-424, included as Attachment A. The award recipient must confirm that all costs are allowable, reasonable, necessary, and allocable before charging any expense. Pursuant to 2 CFR 2900.1, the approval of the budget as awarded does not constitute prior approval of those items specified in 2 CFR part 200 and 2 CFR part 2900 or as a part of the grant award as requiring prior approval. The Grant Officer is the only official with the authority to provide such approval.

Any changes to the budget that impact the Statement of Work (SOW) and agreed upon outcomes or deliverables will require a request for modification and prior approval from the Grant Officer.

If the period of performance will include multiple budget periods, subsequent budget periods are subject to the availability of funds, program authority, satisfactory performance, and compliance terms and conditions of the Federal award.

Unless otherwise authorized in a grant award or cooperative agreement or subsequent modification, recipients must expend funds with the shortest period of availability first.

B(4.) Budget Flexibility

Award recipients are not permitted to make transfers that would cause any funds to be used for purposes other than those consistent with this Federal program. Any budget changes that impact the SOW and agreed upon outcomes or deliverables require a request for modification and approval from the Grant Officer.

Any request for a budget modification or non-competing extension of the final budget should be submitted to the Grant Officer, in writing, at least 30 days before the Period of Performance is scheduled to expire. Such requests usually are for a period of up to 12 months.

As directed in 2 CFR 200.308(f), for programs where the Federal share is over the Simplified Acquisition Threshold (SAT) (currently \$250,000), the transfer of funds among direct cost categories or programs, functions, and activities is restricted such that if the cumulative amount of such transfers exceeds or is expected to exceed 10% of the total budget as last approved by the Federal awarding agency, the award recipient must receive prior approval from the Grant Officer. Any changes within a specific cost category on the SF-424A do not require a grant modification unless the change results in a cumulative transfer among direct cost categories exceeding 10% of total budget. It is recommended that the assigned Federal Project Officer or point of contact review any within-line changes to the award recipient's budget prior to implementation to ensure they do not require a modification.

For programs where the Federal share of the project is below the SAT of \$250,000, recipients are not required to obtain the Grant Officer's approval when transferring funds among direct cost categories.

B(5.) Non-Federal Cost Sharing or Matching

This award does not include a cost sharing or matching requirement.

PART C: FUNDS MANAGEMENT

C(1.) Funds – Payment Management System (PMS)

Upon receipt of a NOA, to draw funds from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) [Payment Management System \(PMS\)](#), an active account must be established. To establish an account, award recipients must complete an SF-1199A and PMS Access form (shown as the PMS New User Access Request on the [PMS website](#))

(User Access). Federal award recipients do not need to complete these forms if they already have an account with PMS.

C(2.) Funds - Return & Refunds

DOL does not accept paper checks for any type of returned funds. For active grants, all return of funds are to be submitted electronically through the PMS operated by the HHS via the same method as a drawdown. For grants that have been cancelled or are expired (typically older than five years), incoming payments, including returns and recoveries to DOL, must be made via the [Pay.gov](https://www.pay.gov) website.

If there are questions regarding the return of funds, or your organization no longer has access to PMS, contact the DOL/ETA, Office of Financial Administration via email at: ETA-ARteamdol.gov for further assistance.

PART D: COSTS - LIMITATIONS, ITEMS, AND RESTRICTIONS

D(1.) Administrative Costs

Administrative costs are defined in the WIOA at 20 CFR 683.215. Limitations on administrative costs are described at 20 CFR 683.205. Under no circumstances may the administrative costs exceed these limits. The award recipient will be monitored for compliance with the administrative cost limits throughout the grant's period of performance. Any amounts that exceed these limitations will be disallowed and subject to debt collection.

D(2.) Consultants

For the purposes of this grant award, the Grant Officer has determined that fees paid to a consultant who provides services under a program shall be limited to \$815.00 a day (representing an eight-hour workday). Such costs must be reasonable, allocable, and allowable to the program. Any fees paid in excess of this amount cannot be paid without prior approval from the Grant Officer.

D(3.) Equipment

The requirement that award recipients obtain prior approval from the Grant Officer for all purchases of equipment (as described in 2 CFR 200.439) is waived in accordance with 2 CFR 200.308(c)(4) and 20 CFR 683.200, and approval authority is delegated to the Governor for programs funded under Section 127 (Youth) or Section 132 (Adult & Dislocated Worker) of WIOA or under the Wagner-Peyser Act. Notwithstanding this waiver, the Grant Officer reserves the right to reimpose the requirement of prior approval, after providing advance notice to the recipient.

D(4.) Pre-Award Costs

All costs incurred by the award recipient prior to the start date specified in the grant award issued by the Department are *incurred at the recipient's own expense*.

D(5.) Program Income

The "Addition" method as described in 2 CFR 200.307 must be used in allocating any program income generated for this awards award. The award recipient must expend all program income prior to drawing down any additional funds as required at 2 CFR 200.305(b)(5) and 2 CFR 200.307(e). The DOL will require any program income remaining at the end of period of performance to be returned to DOL. In addition, award recipient(s) must report program income on the quarterly financial report using the applicable ETA-9130 or SF-425 reports.

D(6.) Supportive Services & Participant Support Costs

When supportive services are expressly authorized by a program statute, regulation, or FOA, this award waives the prior approval requirement for participant support costs as described in 2 CFR 200.456. Costs must still meet the basic considerations at 2 CFR 200.402 – 200.411.

D(7.) Travel

This award waives the prior approval requirement for domestic travel as contained in 2 CFR 200.475. For domestic travel to be an allowable cost, it must be necessary, allowable, reasonable, allocable and conform to the non-Federal entity's written policies and procedures. All travel must also comply with Fly America Act (49 USC 40118), which states in part that any air transportation, regardless of price, must be performed by, or under a code-sharing arrangement with, a U.S. Flag air carrier if service provided by such carrier is available.

D(8.) Travel – Mileage Reimbursement Rates

Pursuant to 2 CFR 200.475(a), all award recipients must have policies and procedures in place related to travel costs; however, for reimbursement on a mileage basis, this Federal grant award cannot be charged more than the maximum allowable mileage reimbursement rates for Federal employees. Mileage rates must be checked annually at GSA's [Privately Owned Vehicle \(POV\) Mileage Reimbursement Rates webpage](#) to ensure compliance.

D(9.) Travel – Foreign

Funds that are awarded and authorized to carry out an activity under WIOA, Subtitle B cannot be used for foreign travel.

D(10.) Conferences and Conference Space

Conferences sponsored in whole or in part by the award recipient are allowable if the conference is necessary and reasonable for the successful performance of the Federal award. Award recipients are urged to use discretion and good judgment to ensure that all conference costs charged to the grant are appropriate and allowable. For more information on the requirements and the allowability of costs associated with conferences, refer to 2 CFR 200.432. Recipients will be held accountable to the requirements in 2 CFR 200.432. Therefore, costs that do not comply with 2 CFR 200.432 will be questioned and may be disallowed.

D(11.) Hotel-Motel Fire Safety

Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 2225a, the recipient must ensure that all space for conferences and conventions or training seminars funded in whole or in part with Federal funds complies with the protection and control guidelines of the Hotel and Motel Fire Safety Act (P.L. 101-391, as amended). Recipients may search the [Hotel-Motel National Master List](#) to see if a property is in compliance, or to find other information about the Act.

D(12.) WIOA Infrastructure

WIOA, Section 121(b)(1)(B) and 20 CFR 678.400 require the following programs to be One-Stop partners:

1. WIOA, Title I programs: Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Youth formula programs, Job Corps, YouthBuild, Native American programs, National Dislocated Worker Grants (DWG), and NFJP;
2. Wagner-Peyser Act Employment Service (ES) program authorized under the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 49 et seq.), as amended by WIOA, Title III;
3. SCSEP authorized under Title V of the Older Americans Act of 1965;
4. Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) activities authorized under Chapter 2 of Title II of the Trade Act of 1974;
5. Unemployment Compensation (UC) programs; and
6. Jobs for Veterans State Grants (JVSG) programs authorized under Chapter 41 of Title 38, U.S.C.

With the exception of Native American programs established under WIOA, Section 166 all One-Stop partner programs, including all programs that are funded under Title I of WIOA, are required to contribute to the infrastructure costs and certain additional costs of the One-Stop delivery system in proportion to their use and relative benefits received, per 20 CFR 678.700 and 678.760. While Native American programs are not required to contribute to infrastructure costs per WIOA Section 121(h)(2)(D)(iv), they are strongly encouraged to contribute as stated in [TEGL No. 17-16](#). The sharing and allocation of infrastructure costs between One-Stop partners is governed by WIOA Section 121(h), WIOA's implementing regulations, and the Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR parts 200 and 2900.

If not deemed a required one-stop partner, it is strongly recommended that the award recipient partner with the local WIOA one-stop delivery system in its service area(s). The one-stop system can assist with referrals, labor market information, and many other services that will directly benefit the management and performance of your grant. The one-stop system also provides access to a wide range of publicly- and privately-funded education, employment, training, and supportive services while also providing high-quality customer service to job seekers, workers, and businesses.

D(13.) Pay-For-Performance Contract Strategies

If any subrecipients (Local Workforce Development Boards (LWDBs)) of the award recipient elect to set aside funds for pay-for-performance (PFP) contract strategies under 20 CFR 683.520, a separate grant agreement must be created to administer these funds. The award recipient must provide sufficient notice to the Grant Officer, through its FPO, of any LWDB’s decision to reserve up to 10% of its total local Adult/Dislocated Worker or Youth allotment for PFP contract strategies so that a new grant agreement can be issued to cover those funds. The award recipient should inform its FPO as soon as an amount to be reserved under this provision has been finalized.

D(14.) Procurement

The Uniform Guidance (2 CFR 200.317) require States (as defined in 2 CFR 200.1) to follow the same procurement policies and procedures it uses for non-Federal funds. The state must comply with 2 CFR 200.321, 200.322, and 200.323 and ensure that every purchase order or other contract includes any clauses required by 2 CFR 200.327. The grant award recipient(s) must also follow the requirements regarding the competitive selection of One-Stop Operators at WIOA Sections 121(d) and 123.

PART E: REPORTING, AUDIT, AND CLOSEOUT

E(1.) Reports – Financial Reports

All ETA award recipients are required to submit quarterly financial and narrative progress reports for each award.

- 1) **Financial Reports.** All ETA award recipients are required to report financial data on the ETA-9130 Financial Report. Reporting quarter end dates are March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31. ETA-9130 reports are due no later than 45 calendar days after the end of each specified reporting quarter. Due to the configuration of Payment Management System (PMS), the ETA-9130 financial report for the quarter ending March 31st is due on May 16th.

Quarter End Date	Quarterly ETA-9130 Due Date
March 31 st	May 16 th
June 30 th	August 15 th
September 30 th	November 15 th

December 31st	February 15th
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A final financial report must be submitted no later than 120 calendar days after the quarter encompassing the award end date ends, or 120 calendar days after the completion of the quarter in which all funds have been expended, whichever comes first. For additional guidance on ETA’s financial reporting, reference [ETA-9130 Financial Reporting Resources](#).

The instructions for accessing both the online financial reporting system and cash drawdowns using the HHS PMS can be found in the transmittal memo accompanying this NOA.

E(2.) Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA or Transparency Act)

Applicable to grants and cooperative agreements:

- 1) Reporting of first-tier subawards.
 - a) *Applicability.* Unless the award recipient is exempt as provided in paragraph [4.] of this award term, the award recipient must report each action that equals or exceeds \$30,000 in Federal funds for a subaward to a non-Federal entity or Federal agency (see definitions in paragraph [5.] of this award term).
 - b) *Where and when to report.*
 - I. The Federal entity or Federal agency must report each obligating action described in paragraph [1.a.] of this award term to [FSRS.gov](#).
 - II. For subaward information, the recipient must report no later than the end of the month following the month in which the obligation was made. (For example, if the obligation was made on November 7, 2010, the obligation must be reported by no later than December 31, 2010.)
 - c) *What to report.* The award recipient must report the information about each obligating action that the submission instructions posted at [FSRS.gov](#) specify.

2) Exemptions.

If, in the previous tax year, the award recipient had gross income, from all sources, under \$300,000, the recipient is exempt from the requirements to report:

- a) Subawards; and
- b) The total compensation of the five most highly compensated executives of any subrecipient.

3) Definitions.

For purposes of this award term:

- a) *Federal Agency* means a Federal agency as defined in 5 U.S.C. 551(1) and further clarified by 5 U.S.C. 552(f).
- b) *Non-Federal Entity* means all of the following, as defined in 2 CFR part 25:
 - I. A Governmental organization, which is a State, local government, or Indian tribe;
 - II. A foreign public entity;
 - III. A domestic or foreign nonprofit organization; and

- IV. A domestic or foreign for-profit organization.
- c) *Executive* means officers, managing partners, or any other employees in management positions.
- d) *Subaward*:
 - I. This term is used as a legal instrument to provide support for the performance of any portion of the substantive project or program for which the grant recipient received this award and that the grant recipient as the recipient award to an eligible subrecipient.
 - II. The term does not include the award recipient's payment to a contractor, as defined in 2 CFR 200.331, for property and services needed to carry out the project or program.
 - III. A subaward may be provided through any legal agreement, including an agreement that the grant recipient or a subrecipient considers a contract.
- e) *Subrecipient* means a non-Federal entity or Federal agency that:
 - I. Receives a subaward from the award recipient under this award; and
 - II. Is accountable to the grant recipient for the use of the Federal funds provided by the subaward.
- f) *Total compensation* means the cash and noncash dollar value earned by the executive during the recipient's or subrecipient's preceding fiscal year and includes the following (for more information see 17 CFR 229.402(c)(2)):
 - I. *Salary and bonus.*
 - II. *Awards of stock, stock options, and stock appreciation rights.* Use the dollar amount recognized for financial statement reporting purposes with respect to the fiscal year in accordance with the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (Revised 2004) (FAS 123R), Shared Based Payments.
 - III. *Earnings for services under non-equity incentive plans.* This does not include group life, health, hospitalization or medical reimbursement plans that do not discriminate in favor of executives and are available generally to all salaried employees.
 - IV. *Change in pension value.* This is the change in present value of defined benefit and actuarial pension plans.
 - V. *Above-market earnings on deferred compensation which is not tax-qualified.*
 - VI. Other compensation, if the aggregate value of all such other compensation (e.g., severance, termination payments, value of life insurance paid on behalf of the employee, perquisites, or property) for the executive exceeds \$10,000.

E(3.) Integrity and Performance Matters – FAPIIS [For awards exceeding \$500,000]

- 1) If the total value of the currently active grants, cooperative agreements, and procurement contracts from all Federal awarding agencies exceeds \$10,000,000 for any period of time during the period of performance of this Federal award, then the award recipient during that period of time must maintain the currency of information reported to the System for Award Management (SAM) that is made available in the designated integrity and performance system (currently the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS)) about civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings described in Paragraph 2 of this award term and condition. This is a statutory requirement under Section 872 of Public Law 110-417, as amended (41 U.S.C. 2313). As required by Section 3010 of Public Law 111-212, all information posted in the designated integrity and performance system on or after April 15, 2011, except past performance reviews required for Federal procurement contracts, will be publicly available.
- 2) Proceedings about which the award recipient must report. Submit the information required about each proceeding that:
 - a) Is in connection with the award or performance of a grant, cooperative agreement, or procurement contract from the Federal Government;
 - b) Reached its final disposition during the most recent 5-year period; and
 - c) Is one of the following:
 - I. A criminal proceeding that resulted in a conviction, as defined in Paragraph 5. of this award term;
 - II. A civil proceeding that resulted in a finding of fault and liability and paying a monetary fine, penalty, reimbursement, restitution, or damages of \$5,000 or more;
 - III. An administrative proceeding, as defined in Paragraph 5. of this award term, that resulted in a finding of fault and liability and grant recipient payment of either monetary fine or penalty of \$5,000 or more or a reimbursement, restitution, or damages in excess of \$100,000; or
 - IV. Any other criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding if:
 - a. It could have led to an outcome described in Paragraph 2.c.I, II, or III of this award term;
 - b. It had a different disposition arrived at by consent or compromise with an acknowledgment of fault on the grant recipient's part; and
 - c. The requirement in this award term to disclose information about the proceeding does not conflict with applicable laws and regulations.
- 3) Reporting procedures. Enter in SAM, Entity Management area (formerly CCR), or any successor system, the FAPIIS information that SAM requires about each proceeding described in Paragraph 2 of this award term. The award recipient does not need to submit the information a second time under assistance awards that were received if the recipient already provided the information through SAM

(formerly CCR) because the recipient was required to do so under Federal procurement contracts that the recipient was awarded.

- 4) Reporting frequency. During any period of time when the award recipient is subject to the requirement in Paragraph 1 of this award term, the award recipient must report FAPIIS information through SAM no less frequently than semiannually following the initial report of any proceedings for the most recent 5-year period, either to report new information about any proceeding(s) that the award recipient has not reported previously or to affirm that there is no new information to report.
- 5) Definitions. For purposes of this award term:
 - a. Administrative proceeding means a non-judicial process that is adjudicatory in nature in order to make a determination of fault or liability (e.g., SEC Administrative proceedings, Civilian Board of Contract Appeals proceedings, and Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals proceedings). This includes proceedings at the Federal and State level. It does not include audits, site visits, corrective plans, or inspection of deliverables.
 - b. Conviction, for purposes of this award term, means a judgment or conviction of a criminal offense by any court of competent jurisdiction, whether entered upon a verdict or a plea, and includes a conviction entered upon a plea of nolo contendere.
 - c. Total value of currently active grants, cooperative agreements, and procurement contracts includes —
 - I. Only the Federal share of the funding under any award with a recipient cost share or match; and
 - II. The value of all options, even if not yet exercised.

E(4.) Audits

Organization-wide or program-specific audits must be performed in accordance with Subpart F, the Audit Requirements of the Uniform Guidance. DOL award recipients that expend \$750,000 or more in a year from any Federal awards must have an audit conducted for that year in accordance with the requirements contained in 2 CFR 200.501. OMB's approved DOL exception at 2 CFR 2900.2 expands the definition of 'non-Federal entity' to include for-profit entities and foreign entities. As such, for-profit and foreign entities that are recipients/subrecipients of a DOL award must adhere to the Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR 200, including Subpart F. Audits of direct award recipients that are for-profit and foreign entities must be submitted directly to: USDOL ETA-OGM, Attn: Audit Resolution, 200 Constitution Ave NW, Room N-4716, Washington, DC 20210. All other audit reports are submitted through the Federal Audit Clearinghouse.

The Federal Audit Clearinghouse (FAC) will transition from the U.S. Census Bureau (Census) to the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) on October 1, 2023. At that time, all submissions will need to be made through the [new FAC](#) hosted by GSA. Any

draft not fully submitted to the Census FAC by October 1, 2023 may need to be completely re-started at the new GSA FAC.

E(5.) Closeout/Final Year Requirements

At the end of the grant period, the award recipient will be required to close the grant with the DOL. The grant award and cooperative agreement recipient will be notified approximately 15 days prior to the end of the period of performance that the closeout process will begin when the period of performance ends. See ETA's [Grant Closeout](#) webpage for further information on the closeout process. The recipient's responsibilities at closeout may be found at 2 CFR 200.344. During the closeout process, the award recipient must be able to provide documentation for all direct and indirect costs that are incurred. For instance, if an organization is claiming indirect costs, the required documentation is a NICRA or CAP issued by the award recipient's FCA. For those approved to utilize a de minimis rate for indirect costs, the grant agreement or cooperative agreement is sufficient documentation. Not having documentation for direct or indirect costs will result in costs being disallowed and subject to debt collection.

The only liquidation that can occur during closeout is the liquidation of accrued expenditures (NOT obligations) for goods and/or services received during the period of performance specified in this award (see 2 CFR 2900.15).

PART F: NATIONAL POLICY AND RESTRICTIONS

F(1.) Architectural Barriers

The Architectural Barriers Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. 4151 et seq., as amended, the Federal Property Management Regulations (see 41 CFR 102-76), and the Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards issued by the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) (see 36 CFR 1191, Appendixes C and D) set forth requirements to make facilities accessible to, and usable by, the physically handicapped and include minimum design standards. All new facilities designed or constructed with grant support must comply with these requirements.

F(2.) Domestic Preferences for Procurements

As appropriate and to the extent consistent with law, the non-Federal entity should, to the greatest extent practicable under a Federal award, provide a preference for the purchase, acquisition, or use of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States (including but not limited to iron, aluminum, steel, cement, and other manufactured products). The requirements of 2 CFR 200.322 must be included in all subawards including all contracts and purchase orders for work or products under this award.

F(3.) Drug-Free Workplace

The Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, 41 U.S.C. 702 et seq., and 2 CFR 182 require that all award recipients receiving awards from any Federal agency maintain a drug-free workplace. The award recipient must notify the awarding office if an employee of the recipient is convicted of violating a criminal drug statute. Failure to comply with these requirements may be cause for suspension or debarment.

F(4.) Flood Insurance

The Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*, provides that no Federal financial assistance to acquire, modernize, or construct property may be provided in communities in the United States identified as flood-prone, unless the community participates in the National Flood Insurance Program and flood insurance is purchased within 1 year of the identification. The flood insurance purchase requirement applies to both public and private applicants for the DOL support. Lists of flood-prone areas that are eligible for flood insurance are published in the Federal Register by Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

F(5.) Intellectual Property Rights, Open Licensing Rights, and the Bayh-Dole Act

The Federal Government reserves a paid-up, nonexclusive and irrevocable license to reproduce, publish or otherwise use, and to authorize others to use for Federal purposes: the copyright in all products developed under the grant, including a subgrant or contract under the grant or subgrant; and any rights of copyright to which the award recipient, subrecipient or a contractor purchases ownership under an award (including but not limited to curricula, training models, technical assistance products, and any related materials). Such uses include, but are not limited to, the right to modify and distribute such products worldwide by any means, electronically or otherwise.

Federal funds may not be used to pay any royalty or license fee for use of a copyrighted work, or the cost of acquiring by purchase a copyright in a work, where the DOL has a license or rights of free use in such work, although they may be used to pay costs for obtaining a copy which is limited to the developer/seller costs of copying and shipping.

If revenues are generated by selling products developed with grant funds, including intellectual property, these revenues are considered as program income. Program income must be used in accordance with the provisions of this grant award and 2 CFR 200.307.

The following language must be on all workforce products developed in whole or in part with grant funds:

“This workforce product was funded by a grant awarded by the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) ’s Employment and Training Administration. The product was created by the recipient and does not necessarily reflect the official position of DOL. DOL makes no guarantees, warranties, or assurances of any kind, express or implied, with respect to such information, including any information on linked

sites and including, but not limited to, accuracy of the information or its completeness, timeliness, usefulness, adequacy, continued availability, or ownership. This product is copyrighted by the institution that created it.”

As required at 2 CFR 2900.13, any intellectual property developed under a discretionary Federal award process must be licensed under an open license, which allows subsequent users to copy, distribute, transmit and adapt the copyrighted work and attribute the work in the manner specified by the recipient. All small business firms, and non-profit organizations (as defined in the link below, and including Institutions of Higher Education) must adhere to the Bayh-Dole Act, which requirements are provided at 37 CFR 401.3(a) and at [Bayh-Dole Act Required ETA Grant Term](#). To summarize, these requirements describe the ownership of intellectual property rights and the government’s nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrevocable, paid-up license to use any invention conceived or first actually reduced to practice in the performance of work under this grant award. These requirements are in addition to those found in the Intellectual Property Rights term above.

F(6.) Public Communications – Certain Information Requirement

Pursuant to Public Law (Pub.L.) 118-47, Division H, Title V, Section 505, when issuing statements, press releases, requests for proposals, bid solicitations and other documents describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with Federal money, all non-Federal entities receiving Federal funds shall clearly state:

- 1) The percentage of the total costs of the program or project which will be financed with Federal money;
- 2) The dollar amount of Federal funds for the project or program; and
- 3) The percentage and dollar amount of the total costs of the project or program that will be financed by non-governmental sources.

The requirements of this term are separate from those in 2 CFR Part 200 and, when applicable, both must be complied with.

F(7.) Promoting Equitable Delivery of Government Benefits and Equal Opportunity

The Department of Labor (Labor) seeks to affirmatively advance equity, civil rights and equal opportunity in the policies, programs, and services it provides. Therefore, consistent with Executive Order 13985, *Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government*, grant award and cooperative agreement recipients must execute the terms and conditions of their award in a manner that advances equity for all, including people of color and others who have been historically underserved, marginalized, and adversely affected by persistent poverty and inequality. This extends to all award activities including, but not limited to, service delivery, selection of subrecipients and contractors, and procurement of goods and services. Government programs are designed to serve all eligible individuals. As an

expectation, Labor’s award recipients should make the goods and services they provide widely available with the goal of effectively serving a diverse population of eligible individuals; fairly, justly, and impartially in administering the grant award. Award recipients are encouraged to engage in contracting and subcontracting for goods and services related to performing the terms and conditions of their grants in such a way to achieve equity.

The term “equity” means the consistent and systematic fair, just, and impartial treatment of all individuals, including individuals who belong to underserved communities that have been denied such treatment, such as Black, Latino, and Indigenous and Native American persons, Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders and other persons of color; members of religious minorities; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer (LGBTQ+) persons; persons with disabilities; persons who live in rural areas; and persons otherwise adversely affected by persistent poverty or inequality.

The term “underserved communities” refers to populations sharing a particular characteristic, as well as geographic communities, that have been systematically denied a full opportunity to participate in aspects of economic, social, and civic life, as exemplified by the list in the preceding definition of “equity.”

F(8.) Personally Identifiable Information

The award recipient(s) must recognize and safeguard Personally Identifiable Information (PII) except where disclosure is allowed by prior written approval of the Grant Officer or by court order. Award recipients must meet the requirements in [TEGL No. 39-11, Guidance on the Handling and Protection of PII](#).

In accordance with [TEN 21-23](#), if it is the practice of the grant recipient to publish NOAs on a website accessible to the public, the Department recommends that the grant recipient redact or mask the Payment System ID to prevent unauthorized use of your accounts by fraudsters. Grant award or cooperative agreement recipients should email regenia.mitchell@psc.hhs.gov if they find that payments have been paid to a bank account other than their registered bank account. The subject line should read: Urgent! Payment Request Deposited to Incorrect Bank Account.

F(9.) Publicity and Lobbying/Advocacy

Publicity - Pursuant to Pub.L. 118-47, Division H, Title V, Section 503, the award recipient is not authorized to use any funds provided under this award—other than for normal and recognized executive–legislative relationships—for publicity or propaganda purposes, for the preparation, distribution or use of any kit, pamphlet, booklet, publication, electronic communication, radio, television, or video presentation, designed to support or defeat legislation pending before the Congress or any state or local legislature or legislative body, except in presentation to the Congress or any state or local legislature itself, or designed to support or defeat any proposed or pending regulation, administrative action, or order issued by the executive branch of any state or local

government, except in presentation to the executive branch of any state or local government itself.

Lobbying/Advocacy - Pub.L. 118-47, Division H, Title V, Section 503, no federal funds may be used to pay the salary or expenses of any grant recipient, or agent acting for such recipient, related to any activity designed to influence the enactment of legislation, appropriations, regulation, administrative action, or executive order proposed or pending before the Congress or any state government, state legislature or local legislature or legislative body, other than for normal and recognized executive–legislative relationships or participation by an agency or officer of a state, local or tribal government in policymaking and administrative processes within the executive branch of that government.

F(10.) Telecommunications Prohibition

Award recipients must adhere to 2 CFR 200.216 - Prohibition on certain telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment (effective August 13, 2020).

Grant award and cooperative agreement recipients, and subrecipients are prohibited from obligating or expending loan or grant funds to:

Procure or obtain;

Extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain; or

Enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) to procure or obtain equipment, services, or systems that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. As described in Public Law 115-232, section 889, covered telecommunications equipment is telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).

For the purpose of public safety, security of government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities). Including telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment and telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of the National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.

In implementing the prohibition under Public Law 115-232, section 889, subsection (f), paragraph (1), heads of executive agencies administering loan, grant, or subsidy programs shall prioritize available funding and technical support to assist affected businesses, institutions and organizations as is reasonably necessary for those affected entities to transition from covered communications equipment and services, to procure replacement equipment and services, and to ensure that communications service to users and

customers is sustained. See Public Law 115-232 (section 889) and 2 CFR 200.471 for additional information.

F(11.) Veterans' Priority Provisions

The Jobs for Veterans Act (Public Law 107-288) requires award recipients to provide priority service to veterans and spouses of certain veterans for the receipt of employment, training, and placement services in any job training program directly funded, in whole or in part, by the DOL. The regulations implementing this priority of service can be found at 20 CFR Part 1010. In circumstances where an award recipient must choose between two qualified candidates for a service, one of whom is a veteran or eligible spouse, the veterans' priority of service provisions require that the award recipient give the veteran or eligible spouse priority of service by first providing him or her that service. To obtain priority of service, a veteran or spouse must meet the program's eligibility requirements. Award recipients must comply with the DOL guidance on veterans' priority. ETA's [TEGL No. 10-09](#) (issued November 10, 2009) provides guidance on implementing priority of service for veterans and eligible spouses in all qualified job training programs funded in whole or in part by DOL.

F(12.) Waste, Fraud and Abuse

No entity receiving Federal funds may require employees or contractors of such entity seeking to report fraud, waste, or abuse to sign internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or contractors from lawfully reporting such waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information.

F(13.) Whistleblower Protection

All employees working for contractors, grant recipients, subcontractors, subgrantees/subrecipients, and recipients of cooperative agreements working on this Federal award are subject to the whistleblower rights and remedies established at 41 U.S.C. 4712. The award recipient shall inform its employees and applicable contractors and subrecipients, in writing, in the predominant language of the workforce, of employee whistleblower rights and protections under 41 U.S.C. 4712, as described in section 3.908 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation. The award recipient shall insert the substance of this clause in all subawards and contracts over the Simplified Acquisition Threshold.

F(14.) Executive Order 12928 – Historically Black Colleges and Universities and other Minority Institutions such as Hispanic-Serving Institutions and Tribal Colleges and Universities

Pursuant to Executive Order (EO) 12928, the award recipient is strongly encouraged to provide subcontracting/subgranting opportunities to Historically Black Colleges and Universities and other Minority Institutions such as Hispanic-Serving Institutions and

Tribal Colleges and Universities; and to Small Businesses Owned and Controlled by Socially and Economically Disadvantaged Individuals.

F(15.) Executive Order 13043 - Increasing Seat Belt Use

Pursuant to EO 13043, Increasing Seat Belt Use in the United States, dated April 16, 1997, the award recipients are encouraged to adopt and enforce on-the-job seat belt policies and programs for their employees when operating company-owned, rented, or personally owned vehicles.

F(16.) Executive Order 13166 - Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency

As clarified by EO 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, dated August 11, 2000, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination on the basis of limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, award recipients must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to programs in accordance with [DOL's Policy Guidance on the Prohibition of National Origin Discrimination as it Affects Persons with Limited English Proficiency](#), 68 FR 32289 (May 29, 2003). Meaningful access may entail providing language assistance services, including oral and written translation, where necessary. Award recipients are encouraged to consider the need for language services for LEP persons served or encountered both in developing budgets and in conducting programs and activities. For assistance and information regarding your LEP obligations, go to LEP.gov.

F(17.) Executive Order 13513 - Federal Leadership On Reducing Text Messaging While Driving

Pursuant to EO 13513, Federal Leadership On Reducing Text Messaging While Driving, dated October 1, 2009, award recipients and subrecipients are encouraged to adopt and enforce policies that ban text messaging while driving company-owned or -rented vehicles or government-owned vehicles (GOV), or while driving privately-owned vehicles (POV) when on official Government business or when performing any work for or on behalf of the Government. Award recipients and subrecipients are also encouraged to conduct initiatives of the type described in section 3(a) of this order.

F(18.) Public Law: The Build America, Buy America Act (BABAA)

The Build America, Buy America Act (“BABAA”) was enacted on November 12, 2021 as part of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA), Public Law 117-58. With the passage of the IIJA, federal financial assistance projects for infrastructure must comply with domestic content procurement preference requirements established in BABAA Section 70914. These requirements went into effect May 14, 2022. The Buy America preference requires all iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials used for infrastructure projects in the United States under an award to be domestically manufactured. Covered activities include the construction, alteration,

maintenance, or repair of public infrastructure, including buildings and real property (See OMB Memorandum M-22-11).

F(19.) Salary and Bonus Limitations

Pursuant to Pub.L. 118-47, Division H, Title I, Section 105, award recipients and subrecipients shall not use funds to pay the salary and bonuses of an individual, either as direct costs or as indirect costs, at a rate in excess of Executive Level II. The Executive Level II salary may change yearly and is located on the [OPM.gov](https://www.opm.gov) website. The salary and bonus limitation does not apply to contractors (vendors) providing goods and services as defined in 2 CFR 200.331. Where States are recipients of such funds, States may establish a lower limit for salaries and bonuses of those receiving salaries and bonuses from subrecipients, taking into account factors including the relative cost-of-living in the State, the compensation levels for comparable State or local government employees, and the size of the organizations that administer Federal programs involved including DOL programs. See [TEGL 5-06](#) for additional information.

When preparing indirect cost proposals, recipients and subrecipients must disclose salary breakdowns to their Federal cognizant agency (FCA) or pass-through entity so that they can properly assess compliance of TEGL 5-06. An example of proposed salary breakdowns is provided in Exhibit B at ([XLS](#)), as part of “[A Guide for Indirect Cost Rate Determination](#)”, Section III, Examples of Exhibits to Support Indirect Cost Proposals in CPDD’s website.

To determine unallowable compensation in excess of TEGL 5-06, refer to this [link](#) in CPDD’s website. Grant recipients may contact [CPDD](#) for any guidance or questions.

After evaluating and disallowing costs (when applicable) in excess of TEGL 5-06, the FCA or pass-through entity should issue applicable rates compliant with this requirement. Note that the same Excel file could also be used to determine unallowable direct compensation in excess of TEGL 5-06. Unallowable direct costs must remain as part of the indirect cost allocation base.

F(20.) Harassment Prohibited

The grant recipient and any subrecipients are prohibited from engaging in harassment of an individual based on race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, or political affiliation or belief, or, for beneficiaries, applicants, and participants only, based on citizenship status or participation in any WIOA Title I-financially assisted program or activity. Harassing conduct of this type is a violation of the nondiscrimination provisions of WIOA and of 29 CFR Part 38.

- i. Unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or offensive remarks about a person's race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, political affiliation or belief, or citizenship or participation, and other unwelcome verbal or

physical conduct based on one or more of these protected categories constitutes unlawful harassment on that basis(es) when:

- ii. Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of accessing the aid, benefit, service, or training of, or employment in the administration of or in connection with, any WIOA title I-financially assisted program or activity; or
- iii. Submission to, or rejection of, such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for limiting that individual's access to any aid, benefit, service, training, or employment from, or employment in the administration of or in connection with, any WIOA Title I-financially assisted program or activity; or
- iv. Such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's participation in a WIOA Title I-financially assisted program or activity creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive program environment.
- v. Harassment because of sex includes harassment based on gender identity or sexual orientation; harassment based on failure to comport with sex stereotypes; and harassment based on pregnancy, childbirth, and related medical conditions. Sex-based harassment may include harassment that is not sexual in nature but that is because of sex or where one sex is targeted for the harassment.

PART G: NATIONAL PROHIBITIONS AND OTHER RESTRICTIONS

G(1.) Contracting with Corporations with Felony Criminal Convictions Prohibited

The award recipient may not knowingly enter into a contract, memorandum of understanding, or cooperative agreement with, make a grant to, or provide a loan or loan guarantee to, any corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months.

G(2.) Contracting with Corporations with Unpaid Tax Liabilities Prohibited

The award recipient may not knowingly enter into a contract, memorandum of understanding, or cooperative agreement with, make a grant to, or provide a loan or loan guarantee to, any corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability.

G(3.) Trafficking in Persons Prohibited

1) 2 CFR 175.15 establishes a government-wide award term for grants and cooperative agreements to implement the requirement in regard to Trafficking in persons.

a) *Provisions applicable to a recipient that is a private entity.*

I. The award recipient, the award recipient's employees, subrecipients under this award, and subrecipients' employees may not—

(A). Engage in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of time that the grant award is in effect; or

(B). Procure a commercial sex act during the period of time that the award is in effect; or

(C). Use forced labor in the performance of the award or subawards under the award.

II.DOL as the Federal awarding agency may unilaterally terminate this award, without penalty, if the award recipient or a subrecipient that is a private entity —

(A). Is determined to have violated a prohibition in paragraph a) I. of this award term; or

(B). Has an employee who is determined by the agency official authorized to terminate the award to have violated a prohibition in paragraph a) I. of this award term through conduct that is either—

i. Associated with performance under this award; or

ii. Imputed to you or the subrecipient using the standards and due process for imputing the conduct of an individual to an organization that are provided in 2 CFR Part 180, “OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement),” as implemented by our agency at 2 CFR Part 2998.

b. *Provision applicable to a recipient other than a private entity.* DOL as the Federal awarding agency may unilaterally terminate this award, without penalty, if a subrecipient that is a private entity—

I.Is determined to have violated an applicable prohibition in paragraph a(I) of this grant award term; or

II.Has an employee who is determined by the agency official authorized to terminate the award to have violated an applicable prohibition in paragraph a(I) of this grant award term through conduct that is either—

(A). Associated with performance under this award; or

(B). Imputed to the subrecipient using the standards and due process for imputing the conduct of an individual to an organization that are provided in 2 CFR part 180, “OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement),” as implemented by our agency at 29 CFR Part 98.

c. *Provisions applicable to any recipient.*

I.The award recipient must inform DOL immediately of any information the award recipient receives from any source alleging a violation of a prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this grant award term.

II.DOL’s right to terminate unilaterally that is described in paragraph a.II or b of this section:

(A). Implements section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (TVPA), as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104(g)), and

(B). Is in addition to all other remedies for noncompliance that are available to DOL under this grant award.

III. The award recipient must include the requirements of paragraph a) I. of this award term in any subaward the award recipient make to a private entity.

d. *Definitions.* For purposes of this award term:

I. "Employee" means either:

(A). An individual employed by the grant award recipient or a subrecipient who is engaged in the performance of the project or program under this award; or

(B). Another person engaged in the performance of the project or program under this grant award and not compensated by the grant recipient including, but not limited to, a volunteer or individual whose services are contributed by a third party as an in-kind contribution toward cost sharing or matching requirements.

II. "Forced labor" means labor obtained by any of the following methods: the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.

III. "Private entity":

(A). Means any entity other than a State, local government, Indian tribe, or foreign public entity, as those terms are defined in 2 CFR 175.25.

(B). Includes:

i. A nonprofit organization, including any nonprofit institution of higher education, hospital, or tribal organization other than one included in the definition of Indian tribe at 2 CFR 175.25(b).

ii. A for-profit organization.

IV. "Severe forms of trafficking in persons," "commercial sex act," and "coercion" have the meanings given at section 103 of the TVPA, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7102).

G(4.) Health Benefits Coverage for Contraceptives

Federal funds may not be used to enter in to or renew a contract which includes a provision for prescription drug coverage unless the contract also includes a provision for contraceptive coverage. This requirement does not apply to contracts with 1) the religious plans Personal Care's HMO and OSF Health Plans, Inc. and 2) any existing or future plan if the carrier for the plan objects to such coverage on the basis of religious beliefs.

In implementing this section, any plan that enters into or renews a contract may not subject any individual to discrimination on the basis that the individual refuses to prescribe or otherwise provide for contraceptives because such activities would be contrary to the individuals' religious beliefs or moral convictions. Nothing in this term shall be construed to require coverage of abortion or abortion related services.

G(5.) Health Benefits Coverage for Abortions Restricted

Pursuant to Pub.L. 118-47, Division H, Title V, Section 506 and 507, Federal funds may not be expended for health benefits coverage that includes coverage of abortions, except when the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest, or in the case where a woman suffers from a physical disorder, physical injury, or physical illness, including a life-endangering physical condition caused by or arising from the pregnancy itself that would, as certified by a physician, place the women in danger of death unless an abortion is performed. This restriction does not prohibit any non-Federal entity from providing health benefits coverage for abortions when all funds for that specific benefit do not come from a Federal source. Additionally, no funds made available through this grant award may be provided to a State or local government if such government subjects any institutional or individual health care entity to discrimination on the basis that the health care entity does not provide, pay for, provide coverage of, or refer for abortions.

G(6.) Fair Labor Standards Act Amendment for Major Disasters

Pursuant to Pub.L. 118-47, Division H, Title I, Section 108, the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (FLSA) will apply as if the following language was added to Section 7 (the Maximum Hours Worked Section). This language specifically relates to occurrences of a major disaster (as declared or designated by the state or federal government) and are applied for a period of two years afterwards. The language is as follows:

“(s)(1) The provisions of this section [maximum hours worked] shall not apply for a period of 2 years after the occurrence of a major disaster to any employee—

(B) employed to adjust or evaluate claims resulting from or relating to such major disaster, by an employer not engaged, directly or through an affiliate, in underwriting, selling, or marketing property, casualty, or liability insurance policies or contracts;

(C) who receives from such employer on average weekly compensation of not less than \$591.00 per week or any minimum weekly amount established by the Secretary, whichever is greater, for the number of weeks such employee is engaged in any of the activities described in subparagraph (C); and (C) whose duties include any of the following:

- (i) interviewing insured individuals, individuals who suffered injuries or other damages or losses arising from or relating to a disaster, witnesses, or physicians;
- (ii) inspecting property damage or reviewing factual information to prepare damage estimates;
- (iii) evaluating and making recommendations regarding coverage or compensability of claims or determining liability or value aspects of claims;
- (iv) negotiating settlements; or
- (v) making recommendations regarding litigation.

(2) The exemption in this subsection shall not affect the exemption provided by section 13(a)(1) [of the FLSA].

(3) For purposes of this subsection—

- (A) the term ‘major disaster’ means any disaster or catastrophe declared or designated by any State or Federal agency or department;
- (B) the term ‘employee employed to adjust or evaluate claims resulting from or relating to such major disaster’ means an individual who timely secured or secures a license required by applicable law to engage in and perform the activities described in clauses (i) through (v) of paragraph (1)(C) relating to a major disaster, and is employed by an employer that maintains worker compensation insurance coverage or protection for its employees, if required by applicable law, and withholds applicable Federal, State, and local income and payroll taxes from the wages, salaries and any benefits of such employees; and
- (C) the term ‘affiliate’ means a company that, by reason of ownership or control of 25% or more of the outstanding shares of any class of voting securities of one or more companies, directly or indirectly, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, another company.”

G(7.) Blocking Pornography Required

Pursuant to Pub.L. 118-47, Division H, Title V, Section 520, no Federal funds may be used to maintain or establish a computer network unless such network blocks the viewing, downloading, and exchanging of pornography.

G(8.) Privacy Act

No funds can be used in contravention of 5 U.S.C. 552a (the Privacy Act) or regulations implementing the Privacy Act.

G(9.) Procuring Goods Obtained Through Child Labor Prohibited

Pursuant to Pub.L. 118-47, Division H, Title I, Section 103, no Federal funds may be obligated or expended for the procurement of goods mined, produced, manufactured, or harvested or services rendered, in whole or in part, by forced or indentured child labor in industries and host countries identified by the DOL prior to December 29, 2022. DOL has identified these goods and services at ILAB’s [List of Products Produced by Forced or Indentured Child Labor](#) webpage.

G(10.) Promotion of Drug Legalization Restricted

Pursuant to Pub.L. 118-47, Division H, Title V, Section 509, no Federal funds shall be used for any activity that promotes the legalization of any drug or other substance included in Schedule I of the schedules of controlled substances established under Section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act except for normal and recognized executive-congressional communications or where there is significant medical evidence of a therapeutic advantage to the use of such drug or other substance or that federally sponsored clinical trials are being conducted to determine therapeutic advantage.

G(11.) Purchase of Sterile Needles or Syringes Restricted

Pursuant to Pub.L. 118-47, Division H, Title V, Section 526, no Federal funds shall be used to purchase sterile needles or syringes for the hypodermic injection of any illegal drug. This limitation does not apply to the use of funds for elements of a program other than making such purchases if the relevant State or local health department, in consultation with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, determines that the State or local jurisdiction, as applicable, is experiencing, or is at risk for, a significant increase in hepatitis infections or an HIV outbreak due to injection drug use, and such program is operating in accordance with State and local law.

G(12.) Restrictions Against the Creation or Research of Embryos

Pursuant to Pub.L. 118-47, Division H, Title V, Section 508, no Federal funds shall be used for (1) the creation of a human embryo or embryos for research purposes; or (2) research in which a human embryo or embryos are destroyed, discarded, or knowingly subjected to risk of injury or death greater than that allowed for research on fetuses in utero under 45 CFR 46.204(b) and section 498(b) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 289g(b)). For purposes of this section, the term “human embryo or embryos” includes any organism, not protected as a human subjected under 45 CFR 46 as of December 29, 2022, that is derived by fertilization, parthenogenesis, cloning, or any other means from one or more human gametes or human diploid cells.